QPM forecast summary table November 2020 MPC Press report

Summary tables of quarterly projection model projections

Summary of selected forecast results

* Figures below the forecast in	parentheses represents the	previous MPC forecast
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	1. Selected forecast results (quarterly)																			
	Actual							Forecast												
Percentage change (year-on-year)	1	2	3	4	2019	1	2	3	4	2020	1	2	3	4	2021	1	2	3	4	2022
1. Headline CPI	4.2	4.4	4.1	3.7	4.1	4.4	2.4	3.1	2.9	3.2	3.2	4.3	3.8	4.2	3.9	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.5	4.4
	(4.2)	(4.4)	(4.1)	(3.7)	(4.1)	(4.4)	(2.4)	(3.2)	(3.3)	(3.3)	(3.4)	(4.6)	(4.0)	(4.2)	(4.0)	(4.3)	(4.4)	(4.4)	(4.5)	(4.4)
2. Core CPI	4.4	4.2	4.1	3.9	4.1	3.7	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.5	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.0
	(4.4)	(4.2)	(4.1)	(3.9)	(4.1)	(3.7)	(3.1)	(3.3)	(3.4)	(3.4)	(3.5)	(3.8)	(3.7)	(3.8)	(3.7)	(3.9)	(3.9)	(4.0)	(4.2)	(4.0)

2. Selected forecast results (annual)

			2. Selected forecas	t results (annual)					
Descentes	h		Actual		Forecast				
Percentage changes (unless otherwise indicated)		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
1.	GDP growth	1.4%	0.8%	0.2%	-8.0%	3.5%	2.4%		
		(1.4%)	(0.8%)	(0.2%)	(-8.2%)	(3.9%)	(2.6%)		
2.	Output gap	-0.9	-0.9	-1.0	-6.3	-4.2	-2.7		
		(-0.9)	(-0.9)	(-1.0)	(-6.5)	(-4.0)	(-2.3)		
3.	Nominal effective exchange rate	9.9%	-1.0%	-7.0%	-13.5%	-0.2%	0.2%		
		(9.9%)	(-1.0%)	(-7.0%)	(-14.0%)	(-0.1%)	(0.7%)		
4.	Real effective exchange rate	13.7%	1.4%	-4.5%	-11.4%	2.3%	3.0%		
		(13.7%)	(1.4%)	(-4.5%)	(-11.9%)	(2.5%)	(3.5%)		
5.	Real exchange rate gap	1.2	2.0	-1.3	-12.1	-9.4	-6.4		
		(1.2)	(2.0)	(-1.3)	(-12.7)	(-9.8)	(-6.3)		
6.	Repurchase rate (end of period)	6.75	6.60	6.50	3.42	3.97	4.88		
		(6.75)	(6.60)	(6.50)	(3.44)	(4.03)	(5.03)		
7.	Current account balance	-2.5	-3.5	-3.0	0.5	-1.7	-2.1		
	(ratio to GDP) **	(-2.5)	(-3.5)	(-3.0)	(-1.0)	(-1.9)	(-2.2)		

Notes

1. Nominal effective exchange rate: is based on the bilateral exchange rates of our three largest trading partners (euro area, United States and Japan). The bilateral exchange rates are weighted by export trade weights.

2. Real effective exchange rate: is the nominal effective exchange rate deflated by the consumer price differential (between South Africa and the trade weighted CPI of euro area, United States and Japan).

3. Real exchange rate gap: The gap signifies the extent to which the real exchange rate deviates from its estimated equilibrium level. A positive gap shows an overvaluation of the currency, and vice versa.

4. ** Current account balance as a percentage of GDP: forecast obtained from the SARB's Core macroeconometric model.