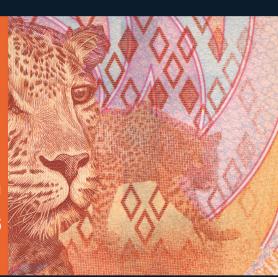
Tax Chronology of South
Africa: 1979–2016

Supplement to the South African
Reserve Bank Quarterly Bulletin
March 2016





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Acknowledgements

Many people need to be thanked for their invaluable input, suggestions and comments. Although it is not possible to mention all contributors by name, of note, are Johan van den Heever, Vukani Mamba and various other senior members of the Economic Research and Statistics Department of the South African Reserve Bank (the Bank). We also thank the Publishing Section, especially Ronel Thomas of the Corporate Services Department as well as Tracy Muller of the Strategy Department of the Bank and, Kym Naidoo of the Economic Research and Statistics Department. We would also like to thank staff members from National Treasury, and here we need to mention a member by name: Cecil Mordem, and staff from the South African Revenue Service for their invaluable contributions to this publication.

The compilation of the *Tax Chronology of South Africa:* 1979–2016 would not have been possible if it were not for the efforts of the following members of the Bank's Public Finance Division:

Michael Adams, Mandy Barends, Eldoret Gerber, Christelle Groenewald, Theresa Gumbi, Selwyn Jacobs, Tshegofatso Mashele, Thabo Mboweni, Emmanuel Ramathuba, Victor Ramphele, and Abonga Sodawe.

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Tax chronology

1. Basis of the South African tax system

1.1 Introduction

This publication covers the period 1979 to 2016. This supplement provides an overview of the current and historical rates for various taxes, duties and levies collected by SARS. For the most important types of taxes, the coverage goes back to 1979, but for the less important ones, only a more recent subset is covered. While care has been taken in the preparation of this document to ensure that the rates published at the date of publication are correct, minor errors may have occurred. The contents are intended for general purpose and research only and are not intended to serve as financial or other advice.

The next publication in hardcopy format will be published in 2020. Updates for the years in between will only be added on the Bank's website.

1.2 Source-based income tax before 2001

This is a tax system where income is taxed in the country where it originates. Its point of departure is that irrespective of residence, any person who derives income in a country should contribute to the cost of rendering government services in that country.

1.3 Residence-based income tax from 2001 onwards

Residents of a country are taxed on their income, irrespective of where in the world that income is earned, and non-residents are only subject to tax on domestic source income. This dispensation commenced on 1 January 2001.

2 Taxes on income, profits and capital gains

2.1 Persons and individuals*

Table 2.1.1 Marginal tax rates applicable to top income group

| | Top income gro | | Marginal rat | e (Per cent) |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|----------|--------------|--------------|
| Period | annual income of: – (Rand) | | Married | Single |
| 1961/62–1968/69 | | | 50 | 50 |
| 1969/70–1970/71 | | | 45 | 45 |
| 1971/72–1978/79 | | | 60 | 60 |
| 1979/80 | | | 55 | 55 |
| 1980/81–1981/82 | | | 50 | 50 |
| 1982/83 | | | 50 | 50 |
| 1983/84–1986/87 | | | 50 | 50 |
| 1987/88–1989/90 | | | 45 | 45 |
| 1990/91 | | | 44 | 44 |
| 1991/92–1994/95 | | | 43 | 43 |
| 1995/96–1999/2000 | | | 45 | 45 |
| 2000/01–2001/02 | | | 42 | 42 |
| 2002/03–2014/15 | | | 40 | 40 |
| 2015/16 | 701 301* | 701 301* | 41 | 41 |

^{*} Annexure AL: Taxable income level in 2015/16 price terms in which the maximum marginal rate kicks in (R per annum)

Table 2.1.2 Personal income tax rate and bracket adjustments

| | 2015/16 | 20 | 016/17 |
|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax |
| R1-R181 900 | 18 per cent of each R1 | R1-R188 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 |
| R181 901-R284 100 | R32 742 + 26 per cent of the amount above R181 900 | R188 001-R293 600 | R33 840 + 26 per cent of the amount above R188 000 |
| R284 101-R393 200 | R59 314 + 31 per cent of the amount above R284 100 | R293 601-R406 400 | R61 296 + 31 per cent of the amount above R293 600 |
| R393 201-R550 100 | R93 135 + 36 per cent of the amount above R393 200 | R406 401-R550 100 | R96 264 + 36 per cent of the amount above R406 400 |
| R550 101-R701 300 | R149 619 + 39 per cent of the amount above R550 100 | R550 101-R701 300 | R147 996 + 39 per cent of the amount above R550 100 |
| R701 301 and above | R208 587 + 41 per cent of the amount above R701 300 | R701 301 and above | R206 964 + 41 per cent of the amount above R701 300 |
| Rebates | 2015/16 | Rebates | 2016/17 |
| Primary | R13 257 | Primary | R13 500 |
| Secondary | R 7 407 | Secondary | R 7 407 |
| Tertiary | R 2 466 | Tertiary | R 2 466 |
| Tax threshold | | Tax threshold | |
| Below age 65 | R73 650 | Below age 65 | R75 000 |
| Age 65 and over | R114 800 | Age 65 and over | R116 150 |
| Age 75 and over | R128 500 | Age 75 and over | R129 850 |

To ensure that the direct personal income tax burden on individuals remains reasonable, personal income tax brackets and rebates are adjusted to take account of inflation or 'bracket creep', and occasionally also to provide limited real tax relief. In addition to the primary and secondary rebates, a third rebate was introduced for taxpayers of 75 years and older from 1 March 2011.

From 1 March 2015, a natural person of any age is exempt from provisional tax if:

- he/she does not carry on any business; and
- his/her taxable income is below the tax threshold; or
- his/her taxable income derived from interest, foreign dividends and rental from fixed property does not exceed R30 000.

2.1.1 Interest and dividend income exemption

Table 2.1.1.1 Interest and dividend income exemption

| Fiscal year | Under 65 years | 65 years and over |
|---------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| Pre-2000 | R2 000 | R2 000 |
| Budget Review 2000* | R3 000 | R4 000 |
| Budget Review 2001* | R4 000 | R5 000 |
| Budget Review 2002* | R6 000 | R10 000 |
| Budget Review 2003* | R10 000 | R15 000 |
| Budget Review 2004* | R11 000 | R16 000 |
| Budget Review 2005* | R15 000 | R22 000 |
| Budget Review 2006* | R16 500 | R24 500 |
| Budget Review 2007* | R18 000 | R26 000 |
| Budget Review 2008* | R19 000 | R27 500 |
| Budget Review 2009* | R21 000 | R30 000 |
| Budget Review 2010* | R22 300 | R32 000 |
| Budget Review 2011* | R22 800 | R33 000 |

^{*} Effective from 1 March following the budget announcement



The exemption applicable to foreign interest and foreign dividend income was increased from R3 500 per annum to R3 700 per annum, as from 1 March 2010. From 1 March 2012, this exemption was repealed.

Withholding tax on dividends took effect on 1 April 2012, replacing secondary tax on companies. The introduction of the tax corrected the impression that a tax on dividends is another tax on businesses. Legally and economically, dividend tax is a tax on individuals and non-resident shareholders. Refer to company tax page 8 and 9.

Table 2.1.1.2 Withholding tax on dividends

| Withholding tax on dividends | Rate (Per cent) |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Budget Review 2012 | 15 |
| Budget Reviews 2013–2015* | 15 |

^{*} Effective from 1 April 2012 following the budget announcement

Effective from 1 March 2015, the following applied:

- Taxpayers who were 65 years and older were required to pay provisional tax.
- Individuals who were 65 years and older were exempt from provisional tax if they were not company directors and only received employment income, interest, rental income or dividends amounting to a taxable income of up to R80 000. The threshold was increased to R120 000.

2.1.2 Discontinuation of the standard income tax on employees (SITE) system

The standard income tax on employees (SITE) system was introduced in March 1988 for the tax year 1988/89 to limit the number of personal income tax returns filed annually, freeing resources to deal with more complicated returns. Government repealed SITE with effect from 1 March 2011. It has systematically been phased out as from the 2012–2014 tax years. It was totally abolished with effect from 1 March 2013.

2.1.3 Exchange controls

- From 15 February 2006, the offshore capital investment allowance for individuals was increased from R750 000 to R2 million per person. From 27 October 2009, the R2 million was increased to R4 million. From 5 November 2010, the one-off limit was replaced with an annual limit. From 1 April 2015, the R4 million was increased to R10 million per annum.
- From 15 February 2006, the requirement by South African corporates and mandated parastatals to obtain a majority interest of 50 per cent plus 1 share of foreign direct investments was replaced with a lower significant interest of at least 25 per cent.

Modernising capital flow management

The exchange control manual is in the process of being modernised and split into two manuals which deal with Authorised Dealers and Authorised Dealers with Limited Authority. Guidance documents will be issued covering transactions for business entities and individuals.

The following threshold changes took effect from 1 April 2015:

- Authorised Dealers may process corporate investment up to R1 billion per year, from R500 million previously, as well as carrying forward any unused allowances.
- South African residents' foreign capital allowance increased from R4 million to R10 million per calendar year or upon emigration, and from R8 million to R20 million per family unit.
- The subcategories under the individual single discretionary allowance was removed and the annual R1 million allowance may be used for any legal purpose abroad.
- The dispensation for credit card usage, currently limited to individuals, was extended to corporates.

Exchange control amnesty

In 2003 an exchange control amnesty with accompanying tax measures was enacted to provide an opportunity for South Africans to regularise illegal offshore income and assets.

The objectives of the amnesty process were to:

- broaden the tax base and increase future revenue collections through the disclosure of assets;
- enable SARS to regularise taxpayers' affairs without them being prosecuted;
- provide SARS and the Bank with details of foreign assets; and
- facilitate the repatriation of foreign assets to South Africa without fear of recrimination.

Amnesty applicants could disclose or repatriate offshore amounts, subject to prescribed levy payments of 10 per cent or 5 per cent respectively, with an additional 2 per cent for accompanying domestic tax violations.

The amnesty window period was initially from 1 June 2003 to 30 November 2003, but it was extended to 29 February 2004 in view of various changes to the regulations and the strong growth in applications received in October and November 2003.

Over 43 000 applications were submitted in total. At finalisation, 42 672 were adjudicated of which 456 were duplicates.

The total foreign assets disclosed in amnesty applications amounted to R68,6 billion.

2.1.4 Encouragement to take out medical scheme membership

From 1 March 2006, the following arrangements applied:

- A monthly monetary cap that takes into account the number of beneficiaries covered by medical scheme membership replaced the two-thirds tax-free provision.
- The threshold for individual tax-deductible medical expenses increased from 5,0 to 7,5 per cent of income.
- Taxpayers who were 65 years and older continued to enjoy full deduction for all medical expenses.

Table 2.1.4.1 Medical deductions

| Effective date | For each of the first two beneficiaries | For each additional beneficiary |
|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| 01/03/2007 | R500 to R530 | R300 to R320 |
| 01/03/2008 | R530 to R570 | R320 to R345 |
| 01/03/2009 | R570 to R625 | R345 to R380 |
| 01/03/2010 | R625 to R670 | R380 to R410 |
| 01/03/2011 | R670 to R720 | R410 to R440 |
| 01/03/2012 (medical tax credit) | R216 to R230 | R144 to R154 |
| 01/03/2013 | R230 to R242 | R154 to R162 |
| 01/03/2014 | R242 to R257 | R162 to R172 |
| 01/03/2015 | R257 to R270 | R172 to R181 |
| 01/03/2016 | R270 to R286 | R181 to R192 |

Effective from 1 March 2012, the following applied:

- Medical deductions were converted to medical tax credits.
- Income tax deductions for medical scheme contributions for taxpayers who were below the age of 65 years were converted into tax credits.

Effective from 1 March 2015, the following applied:

 All medical expenses for all taxpayers (below the age of 65 years and 65 years or older) were converted into tax credits.



2.1.5 Motor vehicle allowance

From 1 March 2005, the deemed method for calculating fixed business travel cost was adjusted by introducing a residual value element and by capping the maximum car value at R360 000. The revised tables assumed that five-year old vehicles commonly had a 30 per cent residual value.

The deemed private kilometres were increased from 14 000 to 16 000 on 1 March 2005, and to 18 000 on 1 March 2006.

From 1 March 2006, the percentage of the monthly motor vehicle allowances subject to tax was increased from 50 per cent to 60 per cent. From 1 March 2009, the percentage of the monthly motor vehicle allowances subject to tax was increased from 60 per cent to 80 per cent.

From 1 March 2010, the deemed business kilometre procedure was scrapped. A logbook has to be kept for actual business kilometres travelled to record beginning and end readings of the trip. From 1 March 2014 the maximum car value was fixed at R560 000.

Company cars

In order to pre-empt a switch from travel allowance arrangements to company cars over the short to medium term, the deemed value of a company car was increased from 1,8 per cent per month of the car's value to 2,5 per cent from 1 March 2006. The deemed value of a second or additional company car remained at 4 per cent per month.

The deemed maintenance and fuel costs were adjusted to reflect the latest applicable average running cost rates for motor vehicles, and would be reviewed annually in future.

For value-added tax (VAT) purposes, the value for the deemed supply of the right of use of a motor vehicle is determined by applying a percentage to the determined value of the vehicle.

The company car fringe benefit rules were tightened by increasing the deemed monthly taxable values. This amendment would limit the potential abuse of company car fringe benefits. With effect from 1 March 2011, the vehicle fringe benefit changed to 3,5 per cent for a company car without a maintenance plan and 3,25 per cent for a company car with a maintenance plan.

Use of a company car by an employee is a taxable fringe benefit based on the market value of the vehicle. To align the treatment of company car fringe benefits for all employees, government introduced a requirement that actual retail market value be used in all cases.

2.1.6 Employee-related fringe benefits

Employer contributions would be deemed to be a fringe benefit in the hands of the employee. Both employee and employer contributions would then be deductible, up to a limit, for incometax purposes by the employee.

The employee accommodation threshold was increased from R59 750 to R63 556 per annum with effect from 1 March 2012. The accommodation threshold was further increased as follows:

- R63 556 to R67 111 on 1 March 2013; and
- R67 111 to R70 700 on 1 March 2015.

2.1.7 Retrenchment package merger

The R30 000 income tax exemption for retrenchment packages has not been adjusted for years. From 1 March 2011, the R30 000 exemption was repealed.

The above repealed exemption was merged into the retirement lump sum tax exemption. In future, all retirement and retrenchment lump sum payments would be treated equally.

2.1.8 Pre-retirement lump-sump taxation

Pre-retirement lump-sump taxation came into effect on 1 March 2009 and remained the same up until 2014/15, whereafter it changed in 2015/16.



Table 2.1.8.1 Pre-retirement lump-sum taxation

| 2 | 015/16 | 2016/17 | | |
|------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rate of tax | Taxable income (R per annum) | Taxable income Rate of tax | |
| R0-R25 000 | 0 per cent of taxable income | R0-R25 000 | 0 per cent of taxable income | |
| R25 001-R660 000 | 18 per cent of taxable income above R25 000 | R25 001-R660 000 | 18 per cent of taxable income above R25 000 | |
| R660 001-R990 000 | R114 300 plus 27 per cent of taxable income above R660 000 | R660 001-R990 000 | R114 300 plus 27 per cent of taxable income above R660 000 | |
| R900 001 and above | R203 400 plus 36 per cent of taxable income above R990 000 | R900 001 and above | R203 400 plus 36 per cent of taxable income above R990 000 | |

2.1.9 Tax on income of retirement funds

Retirement fund tax on interest and rental income of such funds was introduced in 1996 and was abolished from 1 March 2007.

Withholding taxes on lump sum retirement payments to persons with taxable income of less than R43 000 was abolished from March 2007.

From March 2008, the taxation of other withdrawals from retirement funds was also simplified. From 1 March 2015, retirement fund members may defer the drawing of their retirement income until after retirement date.

Table 2.1.9.1 Retirement funds

| Year of assessment that ended during the period | Rate of normal tax on taxable income (Per cent) |
|---|---|
| 01/03/1996–28/02/1997 | 17 |
| 01/03/1997–28/02/1998 | 17 |
| 01/03/1998–28/02/1999 | 25 |
| 01/03/1999–28/02/2000 | 25 |
| 01/03/2000–28/02/2001 | 25 |
| 01/03/2001–28/02/2002 | 25 |
| 01/03/2002–28/02/2003 | 25 |
| 01/03/2003–28/02/2004 | 18 |
| 01/03/2004–28/02/2005 | 18 |
| 01/03/2005–28/02/2006 | 18 |
| 01/03/2006–28/02/2007 | 9 |

Note:

Tax on retirement funds was abolished with effect from 1 March 2007.

2.1.10 Taxation of lump sums upon retirement

From March 2011 government increased the tax-free lump sum benefit upon retirement from R300 000 to R315 000.

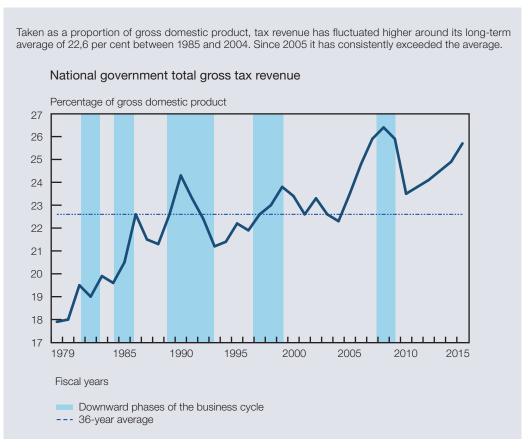
Table 2.1.10.1 Taxation of lump sums upon retirement

| Taxable lump sum | Rate of tax (2011/12) |
|-------------------------------|--|
| R0-R315 000 | 0 per cent of amount |
| R315 001-R630 000 | R0 plus 18 per cent of amount exceeding R315 000 |
| R630 001-R945 000 | R56 700 plus 27 per cent of amount exceeding R630 000 |
| R945 001 and above | R141 750 plus 36 per cent of amount exceeding R945 000 |
| · | |
| | |
| Taxable lump sum | Rate of tax (2014/15) |
| Taxable lump sum R0-R500 000 | Rate of tax (2014/15) 0 per cent of amount |
| · | |
| R0-R500 000 | 0 per cent of amount |

Lump sum withdrawals upon retirement from pension and retirement annuity funds are restricted to a maximum of one third of accumulated savings. A uniform approach to retirement fund withdrawals was legislated in 2013, to be effective on 1 March 2016. This date has now been deferred.

Divorce settlement payments made by retirement funds are now taxable in the hands of the non-member spouse.

From 1 March 2012, the clean-break principle applied fully to the overall tax treatment of all divorce order retirement benefits paid out as a result of a divorce order.



2.2 Corporations and other enterprises

Companies including close corporation (Note 1) but excluding companies referred to in 2.2.1 to 2.2.10 for those particular years of assessment.

Table 2.2.1 South African company tax rates

| Year of assessment ending during the period: | Rate of normal tax on taxable income | Surcharge | Transitional levy (Note 2) | UPT (Note 3) (Per cent) |
|--|--------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 01/04/1980–31/03/1981 | 40 | 5 | _ | 331/3 |
| 01/04/1981–31/03/1982 | 40 | 5 | _ | 331/3 |
| 01/04/1982–31/03/1983 | 42 | 10 | _ | 331/3 |
| 01/04/1983-31/03/1984 | 42 | 10 | _ | 331/3 |
| 01/04/1984-31/03/1985 | 50 | _ | _ | 331/3 |
| 01/04/1985–31/03/1986 | 50 | _ | _ | 331/3 |
| 01/04/1986–31/03/1987 | 50 | _ | _ | 331/3 |
| 01/04/1987–31/03/1988 | 50 | _ | _ | 331/3 |
| 01/04/1988–31/03/1989 | 50 | _ | _ | 331/3 |
| 01/04/1989–31/03/1990 | 50 | _ | - | 331/3 |
| 01/04/1990-31/03/1991 | 50 | _ | _ | _ |
| 01/04/1991–31/03/1992 | 48 | _ | - | _ |
| 01/04/1992–31/03/1993 | 48 | _ | _ | _ |
| 01/04/1993-31/03/1994 | 40 | _ | _ | _ |
| 01/04/1994–31/03/1995 | 35 | _ | 5 | _ |
| 01/04/1995–31/03/1996 | 35 | _ | - | _ |
| 01/04/1996–31/03/1997 | 35 | _ | - | _ |
| 01/04/1997–31/03/1998 | 35 | _ | _ | _ |
| 01/04/1998–31/03/1999 | 35 | _ | - | _ |
| 01/04/1999–31/03/2000 | 30 | _ | - | _ |
| 01/04/2000-31/03/2001 | 30 | _ | _ | _ |
| 01/04/2001-31/03/2002 | 30 | _ | _ | _ |
| 01/04/2002–31/03/2003 | 30 | _ | _ | _ |
| 01/04/2003–31/03/2004 | 30 | _ | _ | _ |
| 01/04/2004–31/03/2005 | 30 | _ | _ | _ |
| 01/04/2005–31/03/2006 | 29 | _ | _ | _ |
| 01/04/2006–31/03/2007 | 29 | _ | _ | _ |
| 01/04/2007-31/03/2008 | 29 | _ | _ | _ |
| 01/04/2008–31/03/2009 | 28 | _ | _ | _ |
| 01/04/2009-31/03/2010 | 28 | _ | _ | _ |
| 01/04/2010-31/03/2011 | 28 | _ | _ | _ |
| 01/04-2011–31/03/2012 | 28 | _ | _ | - |
| 01/04/2012-31/03/2013 | 28 | _ | _ | _ |
| 01/04/2013–31/03/2014 | 28 | _ | _ | _ |
| 01/04/2014-31/03/2015 | 28 | - | - | - |

Notes

Secondary tax on companies (STC):

STC was payable by a company onnet dividends declared during the company's dividend cycle, the last cycle of which ended on 31 March 2012. The STC credits of such a company can be used until 31 March 2015 to ensure that the after-tax profits of a company that were distributed to shareholders, and that were subject to STC, are not also subjected to dividends tax when distributed to shareholders.



⁽¹⁾ Close corporations (CCs): CCs became liable to tax with effect from the 1985 year of assessment.

⁽²⁾ Transitional levy: To finance transitional costs incurred during the 1993 and 1994 transitional process to democracy, a one-off transitional levy was charged during the 1995 year of assessment. This levy was calculated as a certain percentage of taxable income in excess of R50 000 before set-off of any balance of assessed loss brought forward.

⁽³⁾ Undistributed profits tax (UPT): UPT was payable by companies at the rate of 33½ per cent on the amount by which the distributable profit of a company exceeded the dividends distributed during the specified period relating to the year of assessment. In light of the exemption of income in the form of dividends in the hands of natural persons and CCs, this tax was no longer warranted as from 1 April 1990

Rates at which STC was levied

| Period | Rate of STC | Period | Rate of STC |
|-----------------------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 17/03/1993-21/06/1994 | 15 per cent | 14/03/1996-30/09/2007 | 12,5 per cent |
| 22/06/1994-13/03/1996 | 25 per cent | 01/10/2007-31/03/2012 | 10 per cent |

Dividends tax replaced STC as from 1 April 2012.

2.2.1 Mining companies

2.2.1.1 Companies mining for gold

These companies are taxed according to one of the following 'gold mining tax formulas':

Table 2.2.1.1 Rate of normal tax on taxable income derived from mining for gold

| Year of assessment ending during the period | Mining company not exempt from STC | Mining company elected to be exempt from STC |
|---|------------------------------------|--|
| 01/04/1994–31/03/1995 | Y = 43 - (215/x) | Y = 58 - (290/x) |
| 01/04/1995–31/03/1996 | Y = 43 - (215/x) | Y = 58 - (290/x) |
| 01/04/1996–31/03/1997 | Y = 43 - (215/x) | Y = 51 - (255/x) |
| 01/04/1997–31/03/1998 | Y = 43 - (215/x) | Y = 51 - (255/x) |
| 01/04/1998–31/03/1999 | Y = 43 - (215/x) | Y = 51 - (255/x) |
| 01/04/1999–31/03/2000 | Y = 37 - (185/x) | Y = 46 - (230/x) |
| 01/04/2000–31/03/2001 | Y = 37 - (185/x) | Y = 46 - (230/x) |
| 01/04/2001–31/03/2002 | Y = 37 - (185/x) | Y = 46 - (230/x) |
| 01/04/2002–31/03/2003 | Y = 37 - (185/x) | Y = 46 - (230/x) |
| 01/04/2003–31/03/2004 | Y = 37 - (185/x) | Y = 46 - (230/x) |
| 01/04/2004–31/03/2005 | Y = 37 - (185/x) | Y = 46 - (230/x) |
| 01/04/2005–31/03/2006 | Y = 35 - (175/x) | Y = 45 - (225/x) |
| 01/04/2006–31/03/2007 | Y = 35 - (175/x) | Y = 45 - (225/x) |
| 01/04/2007-31/03/2008 | Y = 35 - (175/x) | Y = 45 - (225/x) |
| 01/04/2008–31/03/2009 | Y = 34 - (175/x) | Y = 43 - (225/x) |
| 01/04/2009–31/03/2010 | Y = 34 - (170/x) | Y = 43 - (215/x) |
| 01/04/2010–31/03/2011 | Y = 34 - (170/x) | Y = 43 - (215/x) |
| 01/04/2011–31/03/2012 | Y = 34 - (170/x) | Y = 43 - (215/x) |

In the formula:

x = the ratio, expressed as a percentage, calculated as follows:

Taxable income from gold mining

Total revenue (turnover) from gold mining

and

y = calculated percentage which represents the rate of tax to be levied

Only one formula (see below) applies as from 1 April 2012 as STC was replaced following the introduction of dividend tax on that date.

Year of assessment that ended/ending during the period Formula

| 01/04/2012–31/03/2013 | Y = 34 - (170/x) |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| 01/04/2013-31/03/2014 | Y = 34 - (170/x) |
| 01/04/2014-31/03/2015 | Y = 34 - (170/x) |

Table 2.2.1.2 Rate of normal tax on taxable income other than that derived from mining for gold

| Year of assessment ending during the period | Mining company not exempt from STC (Per cent) | Mining company that elected to be exempt from STC (Per cent) |
|---|---|--|
| 01/04/1994–31/03/1995 | 35 | 48 |
| 01/04/1995–31/03/1996 | 35 | 48 |
| 01/04/1996-31/03/1997 | 35 | 42 |
| 01/04/1997-31/03/1998 | 35 | 42 |
| 01/04/1998–31/03/1999 | 35 | 42 |
| 01/04/1999–31/03/2000 | 30 | 38 |
| 01/04/2000-31/03/2001 | 30 | 38 |
| 01/04/2001-31/03/2002 | 30 | 38 |
| 01/04/2002-31/03/2003 | 30 | 38 |
| 01/04/2003-31/03/2004 | 30 | 38 |
| 01/04/2004-31/03/2005 | 30 | 38 |
| 01/04/2005–31/03/2006 | 29 | 37 |
| 01/04/2006-31/03/2007 | 29 | 37 |
| 01/04/2007-31/03/2008 | 29 | 37 |
| 01/04/2008-31/03/2009 | 28 | 35 |
| 01/04/2009-31/03/2010 | 28 | 35 |
| 01/04/2010–31/03/2011 | 28 | 35 |
| 01/04/2011-31/03/2012 | 28 | 35 |

Only one rate (see below) applies as from 1 April 2012 as STC was replaced by the introduction of dividend tax on that date:

Year of assessment that ended/ending during the period Rate

| 01/04/2012–31/03/2013 | 28 per cent |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| 01/04/2013-31/03/2014 | 28 per cent |
| 01/04/2014-31/03/2015 | 28 per cent |

Table 2.2.1.3 Companies mining for diamonds

| Year of assessment ending during the period | Rate of normal tax on taxable income (Per cent) | Surcharge (Per cent) |
|---|---|-------------------------|
| 01/04/1983–31/03/1984 | 45 | 15 |
| 01/04/1984–31/03/1985 | 45 | 20 |
| 01/04/1985–31/03/1986 | 45 | 25 |
| 01/04/1986–31/03/1987 | 45 | 25 |
| 01/04/1987–31/03/1988 | 45 | 25 |
| 01/04/1988–31/03/1989 | 45 | 25 |

Note:

For years of assessment that ended on or after 1 April 1989, see 2.2.1.5 for tax rate.

Table 2.2.1.4 Mining companies (other than companies mining for gold or diamonds)

| Year of assessment ending during the period | Rate of normal tax on taxable income (Per cent) | Surcharge (Per cent) |
|---|---|-------------------------|
| 01/04/1983–31/03/1984 | 42 | 10 |
| 01/04/1984–31/03/1985 | 50 | |
| 01/04/1985–31/03/1986 | 50 | 15 |
| 01/04/1986–31/03/1987 | 50 | 15 |
| 01/04/1987–31/03/1988 | 50 | 15 |
| 01/04/1988–31/03/1989 | 50 | 15 |

Note:

As from years of assessment that ended on or after 1 April 1989, see 2.2.1 on page 8 for tax rate.

Table 2.2.1.5 Mining companies (including companies mining for diamonds, but excluding companies mining for gold)

| Year of assessment ending during the period | Rate of normal tax on taxable income (Per cent) | Surcharge (Per cent) |
|---|---|-------------------------|
| 01/04/1989–31/03/1990 | 50 | 12 |
| 01/04/1990-01/03/1991 | 50 | 9 |
| 01/04/1991–31/03/1992 | 48 | 6 |
| 01/04/1992–31/03/1993 | 48 | 3 |

Note:

For years of assessment ending on or after 1 April 1993, see 2.2.1 on page 8 for tax rate.

2.2.2 Oil and gas companies

2.2.2.1 Rate of normal tax on taxable income derived by an oil and gas company

2.2.2.1.1 Commencing with years of assessment that ended on or after 1 January 1992

The same rate of normal tax applicable to companies (see 2.2.1) on page 8 is applicable to an oil and gas company on taxable income derived from oil and gas, plus an additional normal tax equal to 40 per cent of the amount remaining after the deduction of the normal tax from such taxable income. The normal tax and the additional normal tax may, however, be reduced in terms of section 5(2A)(b) of the Taxation Law Amendment Act.

2.2.2.1.2 Any year of assessment that commenced on or after 2 November 2006

(see paragraph 2 of the Tenth Schedule to the Act 43 of 2014)

The rate of tax on taxable income derived from oil and gas by an oil and gas company that:

- is a resident (or an oil and gas company which is not a resident that carries on a trade within the Republic of South Africa and which solely derives its income from oil and gas solely by virtue of an OP26 right [as defined in the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act 28 of 2002] previously held by such company), will not exceed 29 per cent; and
- is not a resident, and carries on a trade within the Republic of South Africa, will not exceed 32 per cent if it solely derives its income from oil and gas by virtue of an OP26 right.

2.2.2.1.3 For the years of assessment that ended on or after 1 April 2008

The rate of tax on taxable income derived from oil and gas by an oil and gas company that:

- is a resident (or for an oil and gas company which is not a resident that carries on a trade within the Republic of South Africa and which derives its income from oil and gas solely by virtue of an OP26 right [as defined in the Mineral and Petroleum Resources Development Act 28 of 2002] previously held by such company), will not exceed 28 per cent; and

- is not a resident, and carries on a trade within the Republic of South Africa, will not exceed 31 per cent.

2.2.2.1.4 For years of assessment that ended on or after 1 January 2010

The definition of an 'oil and gas company' has been narrowed in order to limit the benefits available under the Tenth Schedule to the Act to 'oil and gas production' as defined in the said Schedule.

2.2.2.1.5 For the years of assessment that ended during the 12-month period up to 31 March 2013 and subsequent years of assessment

The rate of tax on taxable income derived from oil and gas by any oil and gas company must not exceed 28 per cent.

2.2.2.2 Rate of STC on the net amount of any dividend declared by an oil and gas company

The rate of STC on the net amount of any dividend declared by any oil and gas company will not exceed 5 per cent. STC is not applicable where a company is engaged in refining.

The rate of STC on the net amount of any dividend declared by any oil and gas company derived from the profits of its oil and gas income, if all its oil and gas rights are solely derived (directly or indirectly) from an OP26 right previously held by that company, may not exceed 0 per cent. STC is not applicable where the company is engaged in refining.

Dividends tax replaced STC as from 1 April 2012.

2.2.2.3 Rate of dividends tax in respect of dividends paid by an oil and gas company

The rate of dividends tax payable by an oil and gas company will not exceed 5 per cent of the amount of a dividend paid out of amounts attributable to its income from oil and gas.

The rate of dividends tax payable may not exceed 0 per cent of the amount of any dividend paid by an oil and gas company out of amounts attributable to its income from oil and gas if all of its oil and gas rights are solely derived (directly or indirectly) by virtue of an OP26 right previously held by that company.

2.2.2.4 For year of assessment commencing on or after 1 January 2014

The rate of dividends tax that will be payable by an oil and gas company on the amount of any dividend arising from oil and gas income must not exceed 0 per cent of the amount of that dividend.

2.2.3 Insurance companies

2.2.3.1 Long-term insurance companies

For taxation purposes the business of long-term insurance companies is disaggregated and the various 'funds' taxed separately. There are four funds: (a) corporate fund (CF); (b) individual policyholder fund (IPF); (c) company policyholder fund (CPF); and (d) untaxed policyholder fund (UPF).

Table 2.2.3.1.1 Rate of normal tax on taxable income derived by the four funds

| | | | | UPF | |
|---|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Year of assessment ending during the period | CP (Per cent) | IPF (Per cent) | CPF (Per cent) | Administered retirement funds | Other (Per Cent) |
| 01/04/1998–31/03/1999 | 35 | 30 | 35 | See table 2.1.9.1 | 0 |
| 01/04/1999–31/03/2000 | 30 | 30 | 30 | See table 2.1.9.1 | 0 |
| 01/04/2000-31/03/2001 | 30 | 30 | 30 | See table 2.1.9.1 | 0 |
| 01/04/2001-31/03/2002 | 30 | 30 | 30 | See table 2.1.9.1 | 0 |
| 01/04/2002-31/03/2003 | 30 | 30 | 30 | See table 2.1.9.1 | 0 |
| 01/04/2003-31/03/2004 | 30 | 30 | 30 | See table 2.1.9.1 | 0 |
| 01/04/2004-31/03/2005 | 30 | 30 | 30 | See table 2.1.9.1 | 0 |
| 01/04/2005-31/03/2006 | 29 | 30 | 29 | See table 2.1.9.1 | 0 |
| 01/04/2006-31/03/2007 | 29 | 30 | 29 | See table 2.1.9.1 | 0 |
| 01/04/2007-31/03/2008 | 29 | 30 | 29 | See table 2.1.9.1 | 0 |
| 01/04/2008-31/03/2009 | 28 | 30 | 28 | See table 2.1.9.1 | 0 |
| 01/04/2009-31/03/2010 | 28 | 30 | 28 | See table 2.1.9.1 | 0 |
| 01/04/2010-31/03/2011 | 28 | 30 | 28 | See table 2.1.9.1 | 0 |
| 01/04/2011-31/03/2012 | 28 | 30 | 28 | See table 2.1.9.1 | 0 |
| 01/04/2012-31/03/2013 | 28 | 30 | 28 | See table 2.1.9.1 | 0 |
| 01/04/2013-31/03/2014 | 28 | 30 | 28 | See table 2.1.9.1 | 0 |
| 01/04/2014–31/03/2015 | 28 | 30 | 28 | See table 2.1.9.1 | 0 |

2.2.3.2 Short-term insurance companies

The rate of normal tax on the taxable income of a company carrying on a short-term insurance business is the same rate as is applicable to companies; see 1.2. Source-based income tax before 2001.

2.2.4 Employment companies

A personal service company is a limited company that typically has a sole director – the contractor – who owns most or all of the shares. The contractor's personal service company generally supplies professional services to end user clients, either directly or via an agency.

A labour broker is any natural person who conducts or carriers on any business whereby such person, for reward, provides a client of such business with other persons to render a service or perform work for such client, or procures such other persons for the client, for which services or work such other persons are remunerated by such a person. The labour broker can apply for an exemption certificate annually (certificate only valid for one tax year). A fully completed IRP30A application, together with the supporting documents, must be submitted to the SARS branch office at least two months before the expiry of the current exemption certificate.

Table 2.2.4.1 Employment companies

| Year of assessment ending during the period | Rate of normal tax on taxable income (Per cent) |
|---|---|
| 01/04/2000–31/03/2001 | 35 |
| 01/04/2001–31/03/2002 | 35 |
| 01/04/2002–31/03/2003 | 35 |
| 01/04/2003–31/03/2004 | 35 |
| 01/04/2004–31/03/2005 | 35 |
| 01/04/2005–31/03/2006 | 34 |
| 01/04/2006–31/03/2007 | 34 |
| 01/04/2007–31/03/2008 | 34 |
| 01/04/2008–31/03/2009 | 33 |

Note:

For years of assessment that commenced on or after 1 March 2009, see 2.2.1 on page 8 for tax rate.



2.2.5 Personal service providers that are companies

| Year of assessment ending during the period | Rate of normal tax on taxable income (Per cent) |
|---|---|
| 01/03/2009–31/03/2010 | 33 |
| 01/04/2010–31/03/2011 | 33 |
| 01/04/2011–31/03/2012 | 33 |

For years of assessment that commenced on or after 1 March 2013, see 2.1.1 on page 8 for tax rate. For personal service providers that are trusts, see 3.3 for the tax rate.

2.2.6 Companies that are not residents and derive taxable income

Companies that are not residents and derive taxable income Table 2.2.6.1

| Year of assessment ending during the period | Rate of normal tax on taxable income (Per cent) |
|---|---|
| 01/04/1996–31/03/1997 | 40 |
| 01/04/1997–31/03/1998 | 40 |
| 01/04/1998–31/03/1999 | 40 |
| 01/04/1999–31/03/2000 | 35 |
| 01/04/2000–31/03/2001 | 35 |
| 01/04/2001–31/03/2002 | 35 |
| 01/04/2002–31/03/2003 | 35 |
| 01/04/2003–31/03/2004 | 35 |
| 01/04/2004–31/03/2005 | 35 |
| 01/04/2005–31/03/2006 | 34 |
| 01/04/2006–31/03/2007 | 34 |
| 01/04/2007–31/03/2008 | 34 |
| 01/04/2008–31/03/2009 | 33 |
| 01/04/2009–31/03/2010 | 33 |
| 01/04/2010–31/03/2011 | 33 |
| 01/04/2011–31/03/2012 | 33 |

Companies that are not residents are not subject to STC. For years of assessment that ended after 31 March 2012, see 2.2.1 on page 8 for tax rate.

2.2.7 Tax holiday companies

These are qualifying companies that enjoy 'tax holiday status' in terms of section 37H of the Act. Companies could only qualify under this section in terms of approved qualifying projects applied for up until 30 September 1999.

Table 2.2.7.1 Tax holiday companies

| Year of assessment that ended during the period | Rate of normal tax on taxable income (Per cent) |
|---|---|
| During the tax holiday status | 0 |

Tax holiday companies are exempt from STC.

This concession has been repealed from the commencement of years of assessment commencing on or after 1 January 2013



2.2.8 Public benefit organisations or recreational clubs

A public benefit organisation (PBO) that is approved in terms of section 30(3) of the Act is taxable on its taxable income as from its first year of assessment when it commenced on or after 1 April 2006.

A recreational club that is approved in terms of section 30A(2) of the Act is taxable on its taxable income as from its first year of assessment when it commenced on or after 1 April 2007.

Table 2.2.8.1 Public benefit organisation

| Year of assessment that ended during the period | Rate of normal tax on taxable income (Per cent) |
|---|---|
| 01/04/2006–31/03/2007 | 29 |

Table 2.2.8.2 Public benefit organisation or recreational club that is a person other than a company

| Year of assessment that ended during the period | Rate of normal tax on taxable income (Per cent) |
|---|---|
| 01/03/2007–29/02/2008 | 29 |
| 01/03/2008-29/02/2009 | 28 |

Table 2.2.8.3 Public benefit organisation or recreational club that is a company

| Year of assessment that ended during the period | Rate of normal tax on taxable income (Per cent) |
|---|---|
| 01/04/2007–31/03/2008 | 29 |
| 01/04/2008–31/03/2009 | 28 |
| 01/04/2009–31/03/2010 | 28 |
| 01/04/2010–31/03/2011 | 28 |
| 01/04/2011–31/03/2012 | 28 |
| 01/04/2012–31/03/2013 | 28 |
| 01/04/2013–31/03/2014 | 28 |

Table 2.2.8.4 Public benefit organisation that is a trust

| Year of assessment that ended during the period | Rate of normal tax on taxable income (Per cent) |
|---|---|
| 28/02/2010 | 28 |
| 28/02/2011 | 28 |
| 29/02/2012 | 28 |
| that commenced on 01/03/2012 or ended on 28/02/2013 | 28 |
| that commenced on 01/03/2013 or ended on 28/02/2014 | 28 |
| that commenced on 01/03/2014 or ended on 28/02/2015 | 28 |

2.2.9 Graduated tax on small business corporations

Small business companies that are eligible for tax relief came into operation in 2001. The amendments to section 12 E on small business corporations, whereby they were given an accelerated depreciation regime and where personal service providers can get the benefit (if they employ 4 or more people) came into effect in 2005. They would benefit from a simplified and enhanced depreciation regime to encourage fixed-capital formation.

Depreciation write-off at a 50:30:20 per cent rate over a three-year period for all depreciable assets, while manufacturing assets will retain their immediate 100 per cent write-off.

The R20 000 double deduction for start-ups was removed from 1 April 2005.

An immediate 100 per cent depreciation exists for individual small items purchased for business purposes. This threshold was increased from R2 000 to R5 000 for assets purchased on or after 1 March 2006. This threshold of R5 000 was further increased to R7 000 for assets purchased on or after 1 March 2009.

Table 2.2.9.1 Graduated tax on small business corporations

| Table 2.2.9.1 | Graduated tax or | i smaii business corpo | rations |
|----------------------------------|--|------------------------|--|
| Effective date | Turnover of small business corporation | Taxable income (Rand) | Company tax rate applicable (Per cent |
| 1 April 2000 and 1 April 2001 | Less than R1 million | R1-R100 000 | 15 per cent of the amount not exceeding R100 000 |
| | | R100 001 and above | 15 per cent of the amount not exceeding R100 000 plus 30 per cent o the amount as does exceed R100 000 |
| 1 April 2002 | Less than R3 million | R1-R150 000 | 15 per cent of the amount not exceeding R150 000 |
| | | R150 001 and above | 15 per cent of the amount not exceeding R150 000 plus 30 per cent o the amount as does exceed R150 000 |
| 1 April 2003 and 1 April 2004 | Less than R5 million | R1-R150 000 | 15 per cent of the amount not exceeding R150 000 |
| | | R150 001 and above | 15 per cent of the amount not exceeding R150 000 plus 30 per cent o the amount as does exceed R150 000 |
| 1 April 2005 | Less than R6 million | R1-R35 000 | 0 per cent |
| | | R35 001-R250 000 | 10 per cent of the amount above R35 000 |
| | | R250 001 and above | R21 500 plus 29 per cent of the amoun above R250 000 |
| 1 April 2006 | Less than R14 million | R1-R40 000 | 0 per cent |
| | | R40 001-R300 000 | 10 per cent of the amount above R40 000 |
| | | R300 001 and above | R26 000 plus 29 per cent of the amoun above R300 000 |
| 1 April 2007 | Less than R14 million | R1-R43 000 | 0 per cent |
| | | R43 001-R300 000 | 10 per cent of the amount above R43 000 |
| | | R300 001 and above | R27 500 plus 29 per cent of the amoun above R300 000 |
| 1 April 2008 | Less than R14 million | R1-R46 000 | 0 per cent |
| | | R46 001-R300 000 | 10 per cent of the amount above R46 000 |
| | | R300 001 and above | R25 400 plus 28 per cent of the amoun above R300 000 |
| 1 April 2009 | Less than R14 million | R1-R54 200 | 0 per cent |
| | | R54 201-R300 000 | 10 per cent of the amount above R54 200 |
| | | R300 001 and above | R24 580 plus 28 per cent of the amount above R300 000 |

Table 2.2.9.1 Graduated tax on small business corporations

| Effective date | Turnover of small business corporation | Taxable income (Rand) | Company tax rate applicable (Per cent) |
|----------------|--|-----------------------|---|
| 1 April 2010 | Less than R14 million | R1-R57 000 | 0 per cent |
| | | R57 001-R300 000 | 10 per cent of the amount above R57 000 |
| | | R300 001 and above | R24 300 plus 28 per cent of the amount above R300 000 |
| 1 April 2011 | Less than R14 million | R1-R59 750 | 0 per cent |
| | | R59 751-R300 000 | 10 per cent of the amount above R59 750 |
| | | R300 001 and above | R24 025 plus 28 per cent of the amount above R300 000 |
| 1 April 2012 | Less than R14 million | R1-R63 556 | 0 per cent |
| | | R63 557-R350 000 | 7 per cent of the amount above R63 556 |
| | | R350 001 and above | R20 051 plus 28 per cent of the amount above R350 000 |
| 1 April 2013 | Less than R20 million | R1-R67 111 | 0 per cent |
| | | R67 112-R365 000 | 7 per cent of the amount above R67 111 |
| | | R365 001-R550 000 | R20 852 plus 21 per cent of the amount above R365 000 |
| | | R550 001 and above | R59 702 plus 28 per cent of the amount above R550 000 |
| 1 April 2014 | Less than R20 million | R1-R70 700 | 0 per cent |
| | | R70 701-R365 000 | 7 per cent plus of the amount above R70 700 |
| | | R365 001-R550 000 | R20 601 plus 21 per cent of the amount above R365 000 |
| | | R550 001 and above | R59 451 plus 28 per cent of the amount above R550 000 |

From 1 March 2012, micro businesses (i.e. those businesses with an annual turnover below R1 million) were given the option of making payments for turnover tax, VAT and employee tax at twice-yearly intervals.

2.2.10 Micro businesses

A person qualifies as a micro business (as defined in the Sixth Schedule to the Act) if that person is a:

- natural person (or the deceased or insolvent estate of a natural person that was a registered micro business at the time of death or insolvency); or
- company, and
- the qualifying turnover of that person for the year of assessment does not exceed an amount of R1 million.

Table 2.2.10.1 Micro business corporations

| Year of assessment that ended during the period | Taxable turnover (Rand) | Rate of tax |
|---|-------------------------|--|
| 01/04/2009–31/03/2010 | R1-R100 000 | 0 per cent |
| | R100 001-R300 000 | 1 per cent of the amount above R100 000 |
| | R300 001-R500 000 | R2 000 plus 3 per cent of the amount above R300 000 |
| | R500 001-R750 000 | R8 000 plus 5 per cent of the amount above R500 000 |
| | R750 001 and above | R20 500 plus 7 per cent of the amount above R750 000 |
| 01/04/2010-31/03/2011 | R1-R100 000 | 0 per cent |
| | R100 001-R300 000 | 1 per cent of the amount above R100 000 |
| | R300 001-R500 000 | R2 000 plus 3 per cent of the amount above R300 000 |
| | R500 001-R750 000 | R8 000 plus 5 per cent of the amount above R500 000 |
| | R750 001 and above | R20 500 plus 7 per cent of the amount above R750 000 |
| 01/04/2011–31/03/2012 | R1-R150 000 | 0 per cent |
| | R150 001-R300 000 | 1 per cent of the amount above R150 000 |
| | R300 001-R500 000 | R1 000 plus 2 per cent of the amount above R300 000 |
| | R500 001-R750 000 | R5 500 plus 4 per cent of the amount above R500 000 |
| | R750 001 and above | R15 500 plus 6 per cent of the amount above R750 000 |
| 01/04/2012–31/03/2013 | R1-R150 000 | 0 per cent |
| | R150 001-R300 000 | 1 per cent of the amount above R150 000 |
| | R300 001-R500 000 | R1 500 plus 2 per cent of the amount above R300 000 |
| | R500 001-R750 000 | R5 500 plus 4 per cent of the amount above R500 000 |
| | R750 001 and above | R15 500 plus 6 per cent of the amount above R750 000 |
| 01/04/2013–31/03/2014 | R1-R150 000 | 0 per cent |
| | R150 001-R300 000 | 1 per cent of the amount above R150 000 |
| | R300 001-R500 000 | R1 500 plus 2 per cent of the amount above R300 000 |
| | R500 001-R750 000 | R5 500 plus 4 per cent of the amount above R500 000 |
| | R750 000 and above | R15 500 plus 6 per cent of the amount above R750 000 |
| 01/04/2014–31/03/2015 | R1-R150 000 | 0 per cent |
| | R150 001-R300 000 | 1 per cent of the amount above R150 000 |
| | R300 001-R500 000 | R1 500 plus 2 per cent of the amount above R300 000 |
| | R500 001-R750 000 | R5 500 plus 4 per cent of the amount above R500 000 |
| | R750 000 and above | R15 500 plus 6 per cent of the amount above R750 000 |

2.2.11 Regional Services Council (RSC) levy reform

RSC levies were abolished on 30 June 2006 and replaced with alternative funding arrangements to ensure the continued independence and financial viability of municipalities.

This provided significant direct tax relief to businesses. The administrative burden was significantly lowered as RSC levies required monthly submissions. Since one of the levies was imposed on payroll, its removal effectively lowered the costs of job creation.

2.2.12 Treatment of collective investment scheme distributions

A collective investment scheme (CIS) in shares was treated as a company whose distributions were treated as a special form of dividend until 2009.

The *Budget Review 2009* proposed that distributions by these schemes should generally follow a flow-through principle from 2010.

If a CIS distributes dividends received, this should be viewed as dividends in the hands of holders of participatory interests. If it distributes interest received, it should be viewed as interest in the hands of holders of participatory interests.

2.2.13 Energy-efficency savings tax credit incentive

The energy-efficiency savings tax credit incentive complements the proposed future carbon tax and would be extended to cogeneration projects. It encourages firms to support a greener economy. Businesses can claim deductions based on energy saved.

Table 2.2.13.1 Energy-efficency savings tax incentive

| Effective date* | Rate per kWh |
|---|--------------|
| 1 November 2013 | 0,45c |
| To be determined in the Taxation Laws Amendment Act of 2015 | 0,95c |

^{*} Effective from 1 April following the budget announcement

2.2.14 Environmental fiscal reform

Incentives for cleaner production: energy efficiency

Current legislation provides for a three-year 50:30:20 per cent accelerated depreciation allowance for investments in renewable energy and biofuels production.

It was proposed that investments by companies in energy-efficient equipment should qualify for an additional allowance of up to 15 per cent on condition that there is documentary proof of the resulting energy efficiencies (after a two- or three-year period), certified by the Energy Efficiency Agency.

2.2.15 Emission reduction credits from clean development projects

From 1 March 2009, income derived from the disposal of primary certified emission reductions (CERs) is tax-exempt or subject to capital gains tax (CGT) instead of normal income tax. From 1 March 2009, secondary CERs are to be classified as trading stock and taxed accordingly.

2.2.16 Tax incentives to support industrial policy

An amount of R5 billion was set aside for tax incentives to be used over the three financial years (2012/13–2014/15) in support of sectors identified as key to the emerging industrial strategy. This was addressed in the *Budget Review 2012* under 'Business taxes: special economic zones'.

2.2.17 Bursaries for relatives of employees

To facilitate employer-sponsored education and training of the dependants of low- and middle-income workers, this tax-free fringe benefit was increased from 1 March 2008 to R10 000 per year for employees earning up to R100 000 per year.

With effect from 1 March 2013, this threshold was increased from R10 000 to R30 000 for students attending tertiary education and remains at R10 000 for certain students at schools, for employees earning up to R200 000 per year.

With effect from 1 March 2016, the income eligibility threshold for employees to access the relief will be increased from R250 000 to R400 000. The value of qualifying bursaries will be increased from R10 000 to R15 000 for National Qualifications Framework levels 1 to 4, and from R30 000 to R40 000 for levels 5 to 10.

2.3 Capital gains tax (CGT)

CGT was introduced on 1 October 2001, whereby income tax is levied on a portion of the gains realised from the disposal of certain assets by corporate and individual taxpayers. A capital gain arises when the proceeds of the disposal of an asset exceeds the base cost of the asset.

The effective rate applicable to the four funds (individual policyholders, company policyholders, corporate and untaxed policyholder funds) is calculated by multiplying the inclusion rate applicable to each fund by the tax rate of that particular fund.

From 1 March 2008, the annual capital gain or loss exclusion was increased from R15 000 to R16 000.

From 1 March 2009 the following applied:

- The annual exclusion ceiling for capital gains and losses for individuals was increased from R16 000 to R17 500.
- The CGT regime contains several exclusions, one such exclusion is for an individual's primary residence, where a capital gain or loss of up to R1,5 million upon the disposal of such residence is excluded from taxable capital gains. The exclusion was extended so that an alternative would be available based on the gross sale proceeds of the residence.
- The CGT exclusions fully apply to the primary residence with a gross value of R2 million.
 Thus, people selling their primary residence with a gross value below R2 million are not liable for CGT. For primary residences valued above this threshold, the normal rules apply.

From 1 March 2012 the following applied:

- The annual exclusion increased from R20 000 to R30 000.
- The exclusion amount on death increased from R200 000 to R300 000.
- The exclusion amount on the disposal of a small business when a person is over the age of 55 years increased from R900 000 to R1,8 million.
- The maximum market value of assets allowed for a small business disposal for business owners over 55 years increased from R5 million to R10 million.

Table 2.3.1 Capital gains tax (CGT)

| | Inclusion rate (Per cent) | Effective rate of tax (Per cent) |
|--|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Budget Review 2001 | | |
| Individuals, special trusts and testamentary trusts set up for the benefit of minor children | 25 | 0–10 |
| All other trusts | 50 | 20 |
| Companies and close corporations | 50 | 14,5 |
| Individual policyholder fund | 25 | 7,5 |
| Company policyholder fund | 50 | 14,5 |
| Corporate fund | 50 | 14,5 |
| Untaxed policyholder fund | 0 | 0 |
| Budget Review 2012 | | |
| Individuals, special trusts and testamentary trusts set up for the benefit of minor children | 33,3 | 13,3 |
| All other trusts | 66,6 | 27,3 |
| Companies and close corporations | 66,6 | 18,6 |
| Budget Review 2016 | | |
| Individuals, special trusts and testamentary trusts set up for the benefit of minor children | 40,0 | 16,4 |
| All other trusts | 80,0 | 32,8 |
| Companies and close corporations | 80,0 | 22,4 |

3. Taxes on payroll and workforce

3.1 Skills development levy

The levy was meant to provide funding for the training and upgrading of skills levels of the workforce.

Table 3.1.1 Taxes on payroll and workforce: skills development levy

| Effective date | Rate: percentage of payroll | Payroll bill |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
| 01/04/2000–31/03/2001 | 0,5 | More than R250 000 |
| 01/04/2001–31/07/2005 | 1,0 | More than R250 000 |
| 01/08/2005 to date | 1,0 | More than R500 000 |

4. Taxes on property

Table 4.1 Taxes on property

| Donations tax | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Effective date | Rebate per year (natural persons)* | | |
| 16/03/1988–29/02/1996 | R20 000 | | |
| 01/03/1996–28/02/2002 | R25 000 | | |
| 01/03/2002–28/02/2006 | R30 000 | | |
| 01/03/2006–28/02/2007 | R50 000 | | |
| 01/03/2007–28/02/2015 | R100 000 | | |

^{*} Natural persons defined as individuals

Uncertified securities tax

Before 2007, this was a tax payable in respect of the issue of, and change in, beneficial ownership in any listed securities. From 2007, there was a proposed migration of the tax on unlisted shares to the Uncertified Securities Tax Act, which was renamed the Securities Tax Act.

Table 4.2 Uncertified securities tax

| Effective date | Rate (Per cent) |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 01/06/1999 | 0,25 |

4.1 Estate, inheritance and gift taxes

4.1.1 Estate duty

An estate consists of all property, including deemed property (e.g. life insurance policies, payments from pension funds) of a deceased, wherever situated. The dutiable amount of the estate is calculated after the deduction of certain admissible amounts (such as the value of the property that accrues to the surviving spouse) and an exemption amounting to R3,5 million (R2,5 million up to 28 February 2007).

With effect from 1 January 2010, the following applies to the estate of a person who dies on or after the date:

- If a person was a spouse at the time of death of one or more previously deceased persons, the dutiable amount of the estate of that person will be determined by deducting from the net value of that estate an amount equal to:
 - the specified amount multiplied by two (that equals R7 million) less so much of the specified amount already allowed as a deduction from the net value of the estate of any one of the previously deceased persons.
- If a person was one of the spouses at the time of death of a previously deceased person, the dutiable amount of the estate of that person will be determined by deducting from the net value of that estate, an amount equal to the sum of:
 - the current specified amount, which is R3,5 million; and
 - an amount calculated as follows: current specified amount, which is R3,5 million, reduced by so much of the specified amount already allowed as a deduction from the net value of the estate of the previously deceased person, divided by the number of spouses of that previously deceased person.

Estate duty

| Effective date | Rate (Per cent) |
|-----------------------|-----------------|
| 16/03/1988–13/03/1996 | 15 |
| 14/03/1996–30/09/2001 | 25 |
| 01/10/2001 to date | 20 |

4.1.2 Transfer duties

Transfer duties for property acquired by natural persons¹

| D-R30 000 30 001 and above D-R50 000 30 001 and above D-R60 000 30 001-R250 000 250 001 and above D-R70 000 30 001-R250 000 | 0 per cent R300 plus 3 per cent on the value above R30 001 1 per cent R300 plus 5 per cent on the value above R50 000 1 per cent R600 plus 5 per cent on the value above R60 000 R10 100 plus 8 per cent on the value above R250 000 1 per cent R700 plus 5 per cent on the value above R70 000 |
|---|---|
| 0-R50 000 50 001 and above 0-R60 000 50 001-R250 000 250 001 and above 0-R70 000 70 001-R250 000 | 1 per cent R300 plus 5 per cent on the value above R50 000 1 per cent R600 plus 5 per cent on the value above R60 000 R10 100 plus 8 per cent on the value above R250 000 1 per cent |
| 60 001 and above 0-R60 000 60 001-R250 000 050 001 and above 0-R70 000 | R300 plus 5 per cent on the value above R50 000 1 per cent R600 plus 5 per cent on the value above R60 000 R10 100 plus 8 per cent on the value above R250 000 1 per cent |
| 0–R60 000 50 001–R250 000 250 001 and above 0–R70 000 70 001–R250 000 | 1 per cent R600 plus 5 per cent on the value above R60 000 R10 100 plus 8 per cent on the value above R250 000 1 per cent |
| 00 001–R250 000 250 001 and above 0–R70 000 0 001–R250 000 | R600 plus 5 per cent on the value above R60 000 R10 100 plus 8 per cent on the value above R250 000 1 per cent |
| 250 001 and above 0-R70 000 0 001-R250 000 | R10 100 plus 8 per cent on the value above R250 000 1 per cent |
| 0–R70 000 '0 001–R250 000 | 1 per cent |
| '0 001–R250 000 | • |
| | R700 plus 5 per cent on the value above R70 000 |
| 50,004 | |
| 250 001 and above | R9 700 plus 8 per cent on the value above R250 000 |
|)–R100 000 | 0 per cent |
| 00 001-R300 000 | 5 per cent on the value above R100 000 |
| 300 001 and above | R10 000 plus 8 per cent on the value above R300 000 |
|)–R140 000 | 0 per cent |
| 40 001-R320 000 | 5 per cent on the value above R140 000 |
| 20 001 and above | R9 000 plus 8 per cent on the value above R320 000 |
|)–R150 000 | 0 per cent |
| 50 001-R320 000 | 5 per cent on the value above R150 000 |
| 320 001 and above | R8 500 plus 8 per cent on the value above R320 000 |
|)–R190 000 | 0 per cent |
| 90 001-R330 000 | 5 per cent on the value above R190 000 |
| 30 001 and above | R7 000 plus 8 per cent on the value above R330 000 |
| 6 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 | 00 001–R300 000 00 001 and above -R140 000 00 001–R320 000 00 001 and above -R150 000 00 001–R320 000 00 001 and above -R190 000 |

Transfer duties for property acquired by natural persons¹

| Effective date | Property value | Rate |
|----------------|------------------------|--|
| 01/03/2006 | R0-R500 000 | 0 per cent |
| | R500 001-R1 000 000 | 5 per cent on the value above R500 000 |
| | R1 000 001 and above | R25 000 plus 8 per cent on the value above R1 000 000 |
| 23/02/2011 | R0-R600 000 | 0 per cent |
| | R600 001-R1 000 000 | 3 per cent on the value above R600 000 |
| | R1 000 001-R1 500 000 | R12 000 plus 5 per cent on the value up to R1 500 000 |
| | R1 500 001 and above | R37 000 plus 8 per cent on the value above R1 500 000 |
| 01/03/2015 | R0-R750 000 | 0 per cent |
| | R750 001-R1 250 000 | 3 per cent on the value above R750 000 |
| | R1 250 001-R1 750 000 | R15 000 plus 6 per cent on the value above R1 250 000 |
| | R 1 750 001–R2 250 000 | R45 000 plus 8 per cent on the value above R1 750 000 |
| | R2 250 001 and above | R85 000 plus 11 per cent on the value above R2 250 000 |
| 01/03/2016 | R0-R750 000 | 0 per cent of property value |
| | R750 001-R1 250 000 | 3 per cent on the value above R750 000 |
| | R1 250 001-R1 750 000 | R15 000 plus 6 per cent on the value above R1 250 000 |
| | R 1 750 001–R2 250 000 | R45 000 plus 8 per cent on the value above R1 750 000 |
| | R2 250 001 and above | R85 000 plus 11 per cent on the value above R2 250 000 |
| | R10 000 001 and above | R937 500 plus 13 per cent on the value above R10 000 000 |

^{*} Natural persons defined as individuals.

4.1.3 Donations tax

From 2007, donations made by individuals to qualifying public benefit organisations up to a maximum of 10 per cent (previously 5 per cent) of these individuals' taxable income during the tax year are deductible. From 2008, donations made by taxpayers to qualifying public benefit organisations up to a maximum of 10 per cent (previously 5 per cent) of their taxable income during the tax year would be deductible. The same rates that are applicable to estate duty is applicable to donations, except it is not triggered at death.

4.2 Taxes on financial and capital transactions

4.2.1 Marketable securities tax

Tax payable by stockbrokers on behalf of clients is in respect of purchases of marketable securities at a rate of 0,25 per cent of the consideration. Some securities such as bonds were exempted, but marketable securities tax applied to share transactions. From 1 July 2008, the name was changed to Securities Transfer Tax.

Marketable securities tax (MST)

| Effective date | Rate (Per cent) |
|------------------------|-----------------|
| Prior to 1 April 1996 | 1,00 |
| 01/04/1996–31/08/1997 | 0,50 |
| 01/04/1997-21/12/2003* | 0,25 |

^{*} The Marketable Securities Tax Act 32 of 1948 was repealed and promulgated on 22 December 2003. This was replaced by the Uncertificated Securities Tax Act, 31 of 1998.

4.2.2 Uncertified securities tax (UST)

Before 2007, this was a tax payable in respect of the issue of, and change in, beneficial ownership in any listed securities. From 2007, there was a proposed migration of the tax on unlisted shares to the Uncertified Securities Tax Act, which would be renamed the Securities Tax Act. The Security Transfer Tax Act replaces the UST and MST Acts.

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5. Taxes on goods and services

5.1 Trends in general sales tax (GST) and value-added tax (VAT)

Table 5.1.1 Trends in GST and VAT

| | Effective date | Rate (Per cent) |
|-----|----------------|-----------------|
| GST | 03/07/1978 | 4 |
| GST | 01/03/1982 | 5 |
| GST | 01/09/1982 | 6 |
| GST | 01/02/1984 | 7 |
| GST | 01/07/1984 | 10 |
| GST | 25/03/1985 | 12 |
| GST | 08/05/1989 | 13 |
| VAT | 30/09/1991 | 10 |
| VAT | 07/04/1993 | 14 |

Zero-rated and exempt supplies

Table 5.1.2 Zero-rated and exempt supplies

The following goods and services are zero-rated:

Exports

19 basic food items (Table 5.1.3)

Illuminating paraffin

Goods which are subject to fuel levy (petrol and diesel)

International transport services

Farming inputs

Sales of going concerns

Certain grants by government

Goods and services exempted from VAT are:

Non-fee-related financial services

Educational services provided by an approved educational institution

Residential rental accommodation

Public road and rail transport

Basic food zero-rated in South Africa

Table 5.1.3 Basic food zero-rated in South Africa

| Brown bread | Rice |
|------------------------------|--|
| Maize meal | Vegetables |
| Samp | Fruit |
| Mealie rice | Vegetable oil |
| Dried mealies | Milk |
| Dried beans | Cultured milk |
| Lentils | Brown wheaten meal |
| Pilchards/Sardinella in tins | Eggs |
| Milk powder | Edible legumes and pulses of leguminous plants |
| Dairy powder blend | |

Table 5.1.4 Calculation of VAT and duties (domestic) – only an example

| | Tariff | Cost (Rand) |
|---|--------------|-------------|
| Cost of goods | | 100,00 |
| Ad valorem (dependent on the tariff book) for example | 3 per cent | 3,00 |
| | | 103,00 |
| VAT (cost of goods + all duties) | 14 per cent_ | 14,42 |
| Total | | 117,42 |

5.2 VAT voluntary registration threshold

From 1 March 2010, the threshold was increased from R20 000 to R50 000.

To encourage taxpayers to come forward and avoid the future imposition of interest, a voluntary disclosure programme was instituted from 1 November 2010 to 31 October 2011. During this period, taxpayers could disclose their defaults and regularise their tax affairs.

A defaulting taxpayer would be granted relief under the programme, provided:

- the disclosure was complete; and
- SARS was not aware of the default.

A penalty or additional tax would have been imposed had SARS discovered the default in the normal course of business. Government proposed to do away with the discretion of SARS to waive interest charged on unpaid provisional tax.

5.3 False statements on VAT reforms

Any false statement on any VAT form submitted to SARS, not only on returns, is considered an offence.

5.4 VAT and residential property developers

The sale of residential property by developers is subject to VAT at the standard rate, while the leasing is VAT exempt. The temporary leasing of residential units would require a full claw-back of the VAT input credits for leased units. Options would be investigated to determine equitable value and rate of claw-back for developers.

Specific excise duties 5.5

Table 5.5.1 Specific excise duties

| | | | | Fiscal years | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|--------------|---------|---------|
| | | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | 2011/12 |
| Product | Unit | | Ra | nd | | |
| Malt beer | | | | | | |
| Average alcohol | Ł | 39,6100 | 42,3800 | 46,4100 | 50,2000 | 53,9700 |
| Average can | 340 ml | 0,6734 | 0,7200 | 0,7890 | 0,8534 | |
| Traditional beer | ł | 0,0782 | 0,0782 | 0,0782 | 0,0782 | 0,0782 |
| Traditional beer powder | kg | 0,3470 | 0,3470 | 0,3470 | 0,3470 | 0,3470 |
| Unfortified wine | Ł | 1,7153 | 1,8400 | 1,9800 | 2,1400 | 2,3200 |
| Fortified wine | Ł | 3,1667 | 3,4000 | 3,7200 | 4,0300 | 4,3300 |
| Sparkling wine | l | 5,1214 | 5,6300 | 6,1600 | 6,6700 | 6,9700 |
| Ciders and alcoholic fruit beverages | ł | 1,9805 | 2,1200 | 2,3300 | 2,5200 | 2,7100 |
| Spirits | | | | | | |
| Absolute alcohol | ł | 61,0100 | 67,7200 | 77,6700 | 84,5700 | 93,0300 |
| Average bottle | 750 ml | 19,6700 | 21,8400 | 25,0500 | 27,2700 | |
| Cigarettes | 20 pkt | 6,1565 | 6,8200 | 7,7000 | 8,9400 | 9,7400 |
| Cigarette tobacco | 50 g | 8,2418 | 8,6700 | 9,1500 | 9,7300 | 10,5300 |
| Pipe tobacco | 25 g | 2,1847 | 2,3000 | 2,5000 | 2,7000 | 2,9800 |
| Cigars | 23 g | 37,7300 | 39,7200 | 44,8800 | 47,6600 | 50,5200 |

Table 5.5.1 Specific excise duties

| | | | | Fiscal years | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------|----------|----------|--------------|----------|----------|
| | - | 2012/13 | 2013/14 | 2014/15 | 2015/16 | 2016/17 |
| Product | Unit | | Ra | ind | | |
| Malt beer | | | | | | |
| Average alcohol | l | 59,3600 | 63,8100 | 68,9200 | 73,0500 | 79,2600 |
| Average can | 340 ml | | 0,1085 | 0,1170 | 0,1240 | 0,1350 |
| Traditional beer | l | 0,0782 | 0,0782 | 0,0782 | 0,7820 | 0,7820 |
| Traditional beer powder | kg | 0,3470 | 0,3470 | 0,3470 | 0,3470 | 0,3470 |
| Unfortified wine | l | 2,5000 | 2,7000 | 2,8700 | 3,0700 | 3,3100 |
| Fortified wine | l | 4,5900 | 4,8500 | 5,2100 | 5,4600 | 5,8200 |
| Sparkling wine | l | 7,5300 | 8,2800 | 9,1100 | 9,7500 | 10,5300 |
| Ciders and alcoholic fruit beverages | l | 2,9700 | 3,190 | 3,4500 | 3,6500 | 3,9600* |
| Spirits | | | | | | |
| Absolute alcohol | ł | 111,6400 | 122,8000 | 137,5400 | 149,2300 | 161,4700 |
| Average bottle | 750 ml | | 39,6000 | 44,3600 | 48,1300 | 52,0700 |
| Cigarettes | 20 pkt | 10,3200 | 10,9200 | 11,6000 | 12,4200 | 13,2400 |
| Cigarette tobacco | 50 g | 11,0500 | 12,1600 | 13,0300 | 13,9400 | 14,8800 |
| Pipe tobacco | 25 g | 3,2200 | 3,5400 | 3,6300 | 3,8900 | 4,1600 |
| Cigars | 23 g | 53,0500 | 56,7600 | 61,8700 | 64,9600 | 69,2800 |

^{...} denotes not available

^{*} Cider and alcoholic fruit beverages were previously taxed at a volumetric rate, assuming 5 per cent alcohol levels. The tax rate is based on the excise rate applicable to beer. Going forward it will be taxed at the absolute alcohol rate.



^{...} denotes not available
Cider and alcoholic fruit beverages were previously taxed at a volumetric rate, assuming 5 per cent alcohol levels.
The tax rate is based on the excise rate applicable to beer. Going forward it will be taxed at the absolute alcohol rate.

5.6 Ad valorem excise duties

The list of products subject to *ad valorem* excise duties is revisited on an ongoing basis. For example, *ad valorem* excise duties on the following items were abolished in 2004 and 2005:

- computer monitors from 2004 based on the assumption that they were used as computer screens; and
- cosmetic sun protection products with a sun protection factor of 15 and more, from 1 April 2005.

Digital video cameras with a value in excess of R15 000 were not subjected to *ad valorem* excise duty from 1 April 2005 as such cameras are used almost exclusively for commercial purposes.

The following ad valorem excise duties were abolished from 1 April 2006:

- aqueous distillates and aqueous solutions of essential oils;
- automatic goods vending machines;
- facsimile machines;
- parts of facsimile transmission apparatus; and
- road tractors.

The following ad valorem excise duties were abolished from 1 April 2007:

- air conditioning machines installed in motor vehicles;
- domestic dish washing machines;
- camera lenses;
- sunglasses;
- binoculars;
- telescopes;
- instant print cameras;
- other photographic cameras;
- flashlights and flashbulbs;
- cinematographic cameras;
- cinematographic projectors;
- slide projectors; and
- image projectors.

The following ad valorem excise duties were abolished from 1 April 2008:

- sound-recording or reproducing apparatus operated by coins, banknotes, bank cards, tokens or by other means of payment;
- turntables (record decks);
- sound-recording or reproducing apparatus using magnetic media;
- magnetic tape-type; and
- video games with self-contained screen and games of skill or chance with an electronic display, including parts thereof.

Passenger cars and light commercial vehicles are subject to a 'luxury' excise tax that increases with the price of the vehicle. The *Budget Review 2011* proposed that the maximum nominal *ad valorem* excise tax rate on these vehicles be increased from 20 per cent to 25 per cent.

General fuel levy 5.7

The equalisation fund levy was abolished from 1 March 2000.

Total combined fuel levy on leaded petrol and diesel Table 5.7.1

| | 2003 | 2003/04 | 2004/05 | /05 | 2005/06 | 90/ | 2006/07 | /0/ | 2007/08 | 80/ | 2008/09 | 60/ |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|
| Cents/litre | 93 octane petrol | Diesel | 93 octane petrol | Diesel | 93 octane petrol | Diesel | 93 octane petrol | Diesel | 93 octane petrol | Diesel | 93 octane petrol | Diesel |
| General fuel levy | 101,0 | 85,0 | 111,0 | 85,0 | 116,0 | 100,0 | 116,0 | 100,0 | 121,0 | 105,0 | 127,0 | 111,0 |
| Road Accident Fund (RAF) levy | 21,5 | 21,5 | 26,5 | 26,5 | 31,5 | 31,5 | 36,5 | 31,5 | 41,5 | 41,5 | 46,5 | 46,5 |
| Customs and excise levy | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 |
| Illuminating paraffin marker | ı | 0,2 | • | 0,2 | • | 0,01 | 1 | 0,01 | I | 0,01 | 1 | 0,01 |
| Total | 126,5 | 110,7 | 141,5 | 125,7 | 151,5 | 135,5 | 156,5 | 135,5 | 166,5 | 150,5 | 177,5 | 161,5 |
| Pump price: Gauteng (as in Feb)* | 392,0 | 355,1 | 408,0 | 347,5 | 420,0 | 384,5 | 550,0 | 384,5 | 561,0 | 561,0 | 750,0 | 732,1 |
| Taxes as per cent of pump price | 32,3 | 31,2 | 34,7 | 36,2 | 36,1 | 35,2 | 28,5 | 35,2 | 29,7 | 27,8 | 23,7 | 22,1 |

* Diesel (0,05 per cent sulphur) wholesale price (retail price not regulated)

| | 2009/10 | 1/10 | 2010/11 | /11 | 2011/2012 | 2012 | 2012/ | 2012/2013 | 2013/14 | /14 | 2014/15 | /15 | 2015/16 | /16 |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|-----------|---------------------|----------|---------------------|----------|---------------------|--------|
| Cents/litre | 93 octane petrol | Diesel | 93 octane petrol | Diesel | 93 octane petrol | Diesel | 93 octane petrol | Diesel |
| General fuel levy | 150,0 | 135,0 | 167,5 | 152,5 | 177,5 | 162,5 | 197,5 | 182,5 | 212,5 | 197,5 | 224,5 | 209,5 | 255,0 | 240,0 |
| Road Accident Fund (RAF) levy | 64,0 | 64,0 | 72,0 | 72,0 | 0'08 | 80,0 | 0,88 | 0,88 | 0,96 | 0,96 | 104,0 | 104,0 | 154,0 | 154,0 |
| Customs and excise levy | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 | 4,0 |
| Illuminating paraffin marker | • | 0,01 | 1 | 0,01 | • | 0,01 | • | 0,01 | 0,0 | 0,01 | 0,0 | 0,01 | 0,0 | 0,01 |
| Total | 218,0 | 203,01 | 243,5 | 228,51 | 261,5 | 246,51 | 289,5 | 274,51 | 312,5 | 297,51 | 332,50 | 317,51 | 413,00 | 398,01 |
| Pump price: Gauteng (as in Feb)* | 643,0 | 649,35 | 785,0 | 701,85 | 884,0 | 814,05 | 1 077,0 | 1 026,69 | 1 206.0 | 1 129,17 | 1 375, 00 | 1 311,35 | 1 009,00 | 926,09 |
| Taxes as per cent of pump price | 33,9 | 31,3 | 31,0 | 32,6 | 29,6 | 30,3 | 26,9 | 26,7 | 29,0 | 29,0 | 27,6 | 28,1 | 40,9 | 43,0 |

* Diesel (0,05 per cent sulphur) wholesale price (retail price not regulated)

Total combined fuel levy on leaded petrol and diesel Table 5.7.1

| | 2016/17 | /17 | 2017/18 | /18 | 2018/19 | /19 | 20119/20 | 9/20 | 2020/21 | /21 | 2022/23 | 23 |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|
| Cents/litre | 93 octane petrol | Diesel |
| General fuel levy | 285,0 | 270,0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Road Accident Fund (RAF) levy | 154,0 | 154,0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Customs and excise levy | 4,0 | 4,0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Illuminating paraffin marker | I | 0,01 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 443,0 | 428,1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Pump price: Gauteng (as in Feb)* | 1 215,0 | 943,17 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes as per cent of pump price | 36,5 | 45,4 | | | | | | | | | | |

^{*} Diesel (0,05 per cent sulphur) wholesale price (retail price not regulated)

| | 2023/24 | 4 | 2024/25 | /25 | 2025/26 | /26 | 2026/27 | /27 | 2027/28 | 28 | 2028/29 | /29 | 2029/30 | /30 |
|-------------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|
| Sents/litre | 93 octane petrol | Diesel |

Road Accident Fund (RAF) levy Illuminating paraffin marker General fuel levy Total..... Pump price: Gauteng (as in Feb)* Customs and excise levy.....

Taxes as per cent of pump price

^{*} Diesel (0,05 per cent sulphur) wholesale price (retail price not regulated)

Table 5.7.2 General fuel levy

| Date | Petrol: unleaded | Petrol: leaded | Distillate fuels (Diesel) |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| _ | | | |
| 01/07/1987–31/03/1988 | - | 23,5 | 24,7 |
| 01/04/1988–31/08/1988 | - | 22,5 | 18,0 |
| 01/09/1988–15/01/1989 | - | 22,9 | 19,9 |
| 16/01/1989–14/04/1989 | - | 31,9 | 28,9 |
| 15/04/1989–24/03/1991 | - | 31,9 | 31,4 |
| 25/03/1991–22/08/1991 | - | 36,9 | 33,4 |
| 23/08/1991–20/03/1992 | - | 46,9 | 41,4 |
| 21/03/1992–01/04/1993 | - | 54,9 | 47,4 |
| 02/04/1993–04/04/1995 | - | 60,9 | 53,4 |
| 05/04/1995–02/05/1995 | - | 61,9 | 54,4 |
| 03/05/1995–31/03/1996 | - | 62,9 | 55,4 |
| 01/02/1996–31/03/1996 | 56,7 | 62,9 | 55,4 |
| 01/04/1996–02/04/1996 | 59,9 | 66,1 | 58,6 |
| 03/04/1996–02/07/1996 | 62,9 | 69,1 | 61,6 |
| 03/07/1996–06/08/1996 | 63,9 | 70,1 | 62,6 |
| 07/08/1996–04/02/1997 | 65,4 | 71,6 | 62,6 |
| 05/02/1997–01/04/1997 | 66,4 | 72,6 | 63,6 |
| 02/04/1997–31/03/1998 | 70,4 | 76,6 | 66,1 |
| 01/04/1998–31/03/1999 | 80,4 | 86,6 | 76,1 |
| 01/04/1999–04/04/2000 | 84,4 | 90,6 | 76,1 |
| 05/04/2000-03/04/2001 | 89,4 | 95,6 | 79,1 |
| 04/04/2001–01/04/2003 | 91,8 | 98,0 | 81,0 |
| 02/04/2003-06/04/2004 | 101,0 | 101,0 | 85,0 |
| 07/04/2004–05/04/2005 | 111,0 | 111,0 | 85,0 |
| 07/04/2005–03/04/2006 | 116,0 | 116,0 | 100,0 |
| 06/04/2006–03/04/2007 | 116,0 | 116,0 | 100,0 |
| 04/04/2007–01/04/2008 | 121,0 | 121,0 | 105,0 |
| 02/04/2008–31/03/2009 | 127,0 | 127,0 | 111,0 |
| 01/04/2009–31/03/2010 | 150,0 | 150,0 | 135,0 |
| 01/04/2010–31/03/2011 | 167,5 | 167,5 | 152,5 |
| 01/04/2011–31/03/2012 | 177,5 | 177,5 | 162,5 |
| 01/04/2012–31/03/2013 | 197,5 | 197,5 | 182,5 |
| 01/04/2013–31/03/2014 | 212,5 | 212,5 | 197,5 |
| 01/04/2014–31/03/2015 | 224,5 | 224,5 | 209,5 |
| 01/04/2015–31/03/2016 | 255,0 | 255,0 | 240,0 |
| 01/04/2016–31/03/2017 | 285.0 | 285,0 | 270,0 |

Diesel fuel rebate

This rebate started on 1 June 2000 and was afterwards extended to other industries. It applies to all coastal industries along with fishing, agricultural, mining, forestry, farming and rail freight industries.

The general fuel levy and Road Accident Fund levy are partially refunded. Refunds are administered through the VAT system. The biodiesel fuel concession refund percentage to producers in agriculture, mining and forestry increased from 38,8 per cent of the general fuel levy to 40 per cent, from 6 April 2005. The actual concession increased from 36,86 cent to 40,00 cent per litre. From 2008, the biodiesel fuel tax concession increased from 40 per cent to 50 per cent.

From 7 April 2010, an additional 7,5 cents per litre increase on both petrol and diesel was implemented to help fund the new multi-product petroleum pipeline between Durban and Gauteng.



Table 5.7.3 Road Accident Fund levy

| Date | 93 octane petrol | Diesel | |
|-----------------------|------------------|--------|--|
| | Rate (cents) | | |
| 05/04/2000-03/04/2001 | - | - | |
| 04/04/2001-01/04/2003 | 21,5 | 21,5 | |
| 02/04/2003-06/04/2004 | 26,5 | 26,5 | |
| 07/04/2004-05/04/2005 | 31,5 | 31,5 | |
| 06/04/2005-03/04/2007 | 36,5 | 31,5 | |
| 04/04/2007-01/04/2008 | 41,5 | 41,5 | |
| 02/04/2008–31/03/2009 | 46,5 | 46,5 | |
| 01/04/2009–31/03/2010 | 64,0 | 64,0 | |
| 01/04/2010–31/03/2011 | 72,0 | 72,0 | |
| 01/04/2011–31/03/2012 | 80,0 | 80,0 | |
| 01/04/2012–31/03/2013 | 88,0 | 88,0 | |
| 01/04/2013–31/03/2014 | 96,0 | 96,0 | |
| 01/04/2014–31/03/2015 | 104,0 | 104,0 | |
| 01/04/2015–31/03/2016 | 154,0 | 154,0 | |
| 01/04/2016–31/03/2017 | 154,0 | 154,0 | |

Customs and excise levy

The customs and excise levy will remain at 4,0 cents per litre for 2012/13.

Diesel power plants with a capacity of more than 200 megawatts will receive a full refund of the general fuel and RAF levies.

5.8 Mineral and petroleum royalties

The Mineral and Petroleum Resources Royalty Act 28 of 2008 was scheduled to be implemented from 1 May 2009. Mineral royalties are classified as a resource rent and therefore fall into the non-tax revenue category. The introduction of mining royalties was postponed for a year due to the recession and would be levied on minerals disposed of or exported from 1 March 2010.

5.9 Base oils for lubricating

Excise duty on base oils for lubrication was abolished from 1 April 2005. The duty was 20 cents per litre for many years.

5.10 Plastic bag levy (environmental levy)

The levy was first introduced in 2003 at 3 cents per bag. The plastic bag levy was increased from 3 cents per bag to 4 cents per bag from 1 April 2009.

The levy on plastic shopping bags, which had been at 4 cents per bag since 2009 was increased to 6 cents per bag from 1 April 2013. From 1 April 2016 this levy would increase to 8 cents per bag.

5.11 Electricity tax/levy

Government introduced a 2c/kWh tax on the sale of electricity generated from non-renewable sources, to be collected at source by the producers or generators of electricity from 2009.

From 1 April 2011, the levy applied to electricity generated from renewable and nuclear energy sources was increased by 0,5c/kWh to 2,5c/kWh. The increase would have no impact on electricity tariffs because it had already been taken into account in the National Energy Regulator tariff structure.

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From 1 April 2012 the electricity levy was increased by 1c/kWh to 3,5c/kWh. This would be used to fund energy-efficiency initiatives such as the solar water heater programme.

Table 5.11.1 Electricity tax/levy

| Effective date* | Rate per kWh |
|--------------------|--------------|
| Budget Review 2009 | 2,0c |
| Budget Review 2011 | 2,5c |
| Budget Review 2012 | 3,5c |

^{*} Effective from 1 April following the budget announcement

5.12 Taxation of incandescent (filament) light bulbs

An environmental levy on incandescent light bulbs to promote energy efficiency and reduce electricity demand was proposed in the *Budget Review 2009*. An environmental levy of about R3 per bulb (between 1 cent and 3 cents per watt) was levied on incandescent light bulbs at the manufacturing level and on imports from 1 November 2009. The levy on incandescent light bulbs increased to R4 per bulb. From 1 April 2016 this levy would increase to R6 per bulb.

5.13 Carbon dioxide vehicle emission tax

The carbon dioxide (CO₂) vehicle emissions tax was implemented from 1 September 2010 as a specific tax, instead of the previously proposed *ad valorem* tax. New passenger vehicles cars would be taxed based on their certificide CO² emmissions at R75 per gram per kilometre (g/km) for each gram per kilometre above 120g/km. This emissions tax would be in addition to the current *ad valorem* luxury tax on new vehicles. With effect from 1 April 2016, passenger vehicles tax will increase from R75 to R100 for every gram of emissions/km above 120gCO₂/km and, for double cabs, from R125 to R140 for every gram of emissions/km in excess of 175gCO₂/km.

Table 5.13.1 CO₂ vehicle emissions tax, example of tax per vehicle and tax incidence: passenger cars

| CO ₂ emissions g/km | Average CO ₂ emissions g/km | Number of vehicles: 12 months | Percentage of vehicles: 12 months | CO ₂ emissions above threshold: g/km > 120 g/km | Tax @ R100 per g/km (Rand) | Average price (Rand) | Average tax rate (Per cent) |
|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Below 120 | 110 | 342 | 0,2 | - | - | 177 000 | 0,0 |
| | 120 | 493 | 0,2 | - | - | 170 000 | 0,0 |
| | 130 | 10 904 | 4,9 | 10 | 1 000 | 121 000 | 0,8 |
| | 140 | 15 856 | 7,2 | 20 | 2 000 | 164 000 | 1,2 |
| | 150 | 20 794 | 9,4 | 30 | 3 000 | 169 000 | 1,7 |
| | 160 | 21 694 | 9,8 | 40 | 4 000 | 181 000 | 2,2 |
| | 170 | 33 552 | 15,2 | 50 | 5 000 | 166 000 | 3,0 |
| | 180 | 46 664 | 21,1 | 60 | 6 000 | 164 000 | 3,6 |
| | 190 | 24 224 | 11,0 | 70 | 7 000 | 244 000 | 2,8 |
| | 200 | 10 183 | 4,6 | 80 | 8 000 | 293 000 | 3,0 |
| | 220 | 22 928 | 10,4 | 100 | 10 000 | 391 000 | 2,5 |
| | 280 | 8 083 | 3,7 | 160 | 16 000 | 552 000 | 2,8 |
| | 320 | 4 161 | 1,9 | 200 | 20 000 | 551 000 | 3,6 |
| | 370 | 778 | 0,4 | 250 | 25 000 | 947 000 | 2,6 |
| Above 400 | 410 | 25 | 0,01 | 290 | 29 000 | 606 000 | 4,7 |
| Average/Total | 178 | 220 681 | 100,0 | 58 | 10 462 | 227 000 | 2,7 |

5.14 Environmental levy on tyres

This levy would be implemented at a rate of R2,30/kg of tyre, effective 1 October 2016.

5.15 Taxes on use of goods and permission to use goods or to perform activities

Table 5.14.1 Air departure tax

| Effective date | Rate |
|----------------|--|
| 01/11/2000 | R50 per fee-paying passenger travelling to SACU countries R100 per fee-paying passenger travelling to all other international destinations |
| 01/07/2003 | R55 per fee-paying passenger travelling to SACU countries R110 per fee-paying passenger travelling to all other international destinations |
| 01/08/2005 | R60 per fee-paying passenger travelling to SACU countries R120 per fee-paying passenger travelling to all other international destinations |
| 01/10/2009 | R80 per fee-paying passenger travelling to SACU countries R150 per fee-paying passenger travelling to all other international destinations |
| 01/10/2011 | R100 per fee-paying passenger travelling to SACU countries R190 per fee-paying passenger travelling to all other international destinations |

SACU countries: Botswana, Lesotho, Namibia, South Africa and Swaziland

5.16 Mining leases and ownership

Mining leases and ownership are calculated at differentiated rates pending the nature of the activities of the mines.

6. Taxes on international trade and transactions

Table 6.1 Calculation of taxes on international trade and transactions – only an example

| Calculation of VAT and duties (imports) | Tariff | Cost (Rand) |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Goods are imported free on board (fob) for R100 | | |
| Import value (fob) | | 100,00 |
| Adjustment | 10 per cent | 10,00 |
| The reason for the 10 per cent adjustment relates to the import value (R100 above) based on the fob cost | | |
| Adjusted value for VAT purposes | _ | 110,00 |
| Customs duty (dependent on the tariff book), for example | 2 per cent | |
| Ad valorem (dependent on the tariff book), for example | 3 per cent | |
| Total cost for importer | | |
| Purchase price | | 100,00 |
| Customs duty on R100 (based on import value) | 2 per cent | 2,00 |
| Ad valorem on R100 (based on import value) | 3 per cent | 3,00 |
| Adjustment | | 10,00 |
| | _ | 115,00 |
| VAT (based on adjusted value plus all duties) | 14 per cent | 16,10 |
| Total | | 131,10 |

6.1 Surcharge on imports

Table 6.1.1 Surcharge

| Fiscal year | Announcement | Implemen- tation date | Rate | Important provisions | Amount collected: fiscal year ending 31 March (R millions) |
|-------------|--|--------------------------|-----------|--|---|
| 1978/79 | Budget speech o 1978/03/29 | n 1978/03/30 | 12,5 | Provisions remain unchanged. | 359,4 |
| 1979/80 | Budget speech o 1979/03/28 | n 1979/03/29 | 7,5 | Provisions remain unchanged. | 250,6 |
| 1980/81 | Budget speech o 1980/03/26 | n 1980/03/27 | Abolished | Surcharge on all goods is abolished. This abolishment is also applicable to all goods at customs and excise offices, which have not yet been cleared for domestic consumption. | -2,9 |
| 1981/82 | Partial appropriation dra act on 1982/02/1 | | 10 | Surcharge is reinstated on all imported goods with the exception of goods for government stock. | 100,3 |
| 1982/83 | Special government notic 1982/11/26 | 1982/11/26 ee | 7,5 | The 2,5 per cent reduction applies in order to comply with the IMF's agreement to phase out the surcharge completely by the end of 1983. | 598,2 |
| | Special government notic on 1983/11/25 | 1983/11/25 e | 5 | | |
| 1983/84 | Special government notic on 1983/11/29 | 1983/11/29 e | Abolished | | 226,0 |
| 1985/86 | Special government notic on 1985/09/23 | 1985/09/23 ee | 10 | Surcharge is reinstated on all imported goods with the exception of goods for government stock. Goods are subject to GATT. | 498,6 |
| 1986/87 | Budget speech o 1986/03/17 | n1986/03/18 | 10 | Surcharge on all books is abolished. | 837,8 |
| | Special notice | 1986/06 | 10 | Surcharge on certain imported natural resources and goods used in the production processes (as specified in the annexures to the Customs and Excise Act) are abolished. | |
| 1987/88 | Budget speech of 1987/06/03 | n 1987/06/04 | 10 | All natural resources and intermediate products that are subject to the customs duties and which are used in the production process are exempted from surcharge. | 742,6 |
| 1988/89 | Special notice of 1988/08/12 | on 1988/08/15 | 0-60 | As above and essential food imports are exempted from the surcharge. Certain discounts on natural resources and intermediate products. | 1875,6 |
| 1989/90 | Special notice of 1989/05/05 | on 1989/05/05 | 0-60 | Discounts in respect of intermediate goods are abolished, but taxed at a lower rate (15 per cent, previously 30 per cent). | 2625,4 |

Table 6.1.1 Surcharge

| Fiscal year | Announcement | Implemen- tation date | Rate | Important provisions | Amount collected: fiscal year ending 31 March (R millions) |
|-------------|--|--------------------------|------|--|---|
| 1990/91 | Budget speech of 1990/03/14 | on 1990/03/14 | 0-40 | Reduction of differentiated rates: 60 per cent to 40 per cent on luxury goods 20 per cent to 15 per cent on white goods 15 per cent to 10 per cent on capital goods 10 per cent to 7,5 per cent or intermediate goods. | |
| 1991/92 | Budget speech of 1991/03/20 | on | 0-40 | Change in differentiated rates: Luxury goods 40 per cent White goods 15 per cent Capital goods 5 per cent Intermediate goods 5 per cent | |
| 1992/93 | | Unchanged | | | 1520,8 |
| 1993/94 | | Unchanged | | | 1756,1 |
| 1994/95 | Budget Review 1994 | 1994/06/23 | 0–40 | Surcharge on capital and intermediate goods is abolished. | 1 170,8 |
| | Government Gazette on 1994/09/02 | 1994/09/02 | | Surcharge on vehicles is abolished. | |
| 1995/96 | Budget Review 1995 | 1995/10/01 | | Remaining surcharge on luxur and white goods is abolished. | у |

7. Other taxes

7.1 Stamp duty

A duty was imposed on debit entries by banks, instalment credit agreements, lease agreements of fixed property, unlisted marketable securities and previously on the issue of official documents such as passports, contracts, deeds for the transfer of ownership and cheques.

Stamp duties on:

- share transactions were reduced from 1 per cent to 0,5 per cent from 1 April 1996;
- share transactions were reduced from 0,5 per cent to 0,25 per cent from 1 April 1997;
- antenuptial and postnuptial contracts, duplicate originals, partnership agreements and power of attorney were abolished from 1 April 1999;
- bills of exchange, bills of entry and securities and suretyships were abolished from 1 April 2001;
- the cession of mortgages and the cession of insurance policies were abolished from 1 April 2002;
- insurance policies against accident, bodily injury, incapacity or sickness were abolished from 1 April 2002;
- insurance policies and fixed deposits were abolished from 1 April 2003;
- mortgages were abolished from 1 March 2004;
- negotiable certificates of deposits (NCDs) were abolished from 1 April 2004;
- all debit entries were eliminated from 1 March 2005; and
- the issue of shares was eliminated from 1 January 2006.

The threshold exemption for stamp duties on leases was increased from R200 to R500 per agreement from 1 March 2006.

From March 2007, stamp duties on short-term leases (less than five years) were abolished.

Stamp duties were abolished with effect from 1 April 2009 when the Stamp Duties Act 77 of 1968 (the Stamp Duties Act) was repealed. The scrapping of the Stamp Duties Act allowed the reduction in the scope of stamp duties over the preceding few years so that prior to the abolition, only property leases concluded for a period of more than five years required such duties to be paid. However, a stamp duty is still applicable on lease agreements, or other dutiable instruments, if they were executed before 1 April 2009 and were not duly stamped at the time.

7.2 Implementing the Municipal Property Rate Act

The Local Government Municipal Property Rates Act 6 of 2004 regulates municipalities' powers to impose rates on properties. The Act took effect on 2 July 2005. The Act provides for:

- the exclusion of certain properties from rates in the national interest;
- a transparent and fair system of granting relief measures;
- fair and equitable valuation methods; and
- objectives and appeals processes.

Municipalities that historically have not rated on the market value of the land and buildings combined are expected to reduce the rate charged (percentage or cents per rand) to ensure that there is a broad continuity in revenue collected from the expanded tax base.

7.3 Closure of sophisticated tax loopholes

Certain schemes for closure were identified, and details were provided in the *Budget Review* 2010, Annexure C, for:

- cross-border mismatches;
- interest cost allocation for finance operations;
- 'protected cell' companies;
- cross-border insurance payments;
- participation preference and guaranteed shares;
- cross-border interest exemption; and
- transfer pricing.

7.4 Tax expenditure statements

The *Budget Review 2011* included, for the first time, a tax expenditure statement. The statement is a summary of tax revenues that were foregone as a result of various tax incentives to help achieve government's social and economic objectives. Government is committed to transparency in the budget process, and publication of the tax expenditure statement promotes that objective.

Table 7.1 Details of the statement

| Budget Reviews | Page number |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| February 2011 Annexure C | 179 |
| February 2012 Annexure C | 175 |
| February 2013 Annexure C | 177 |
| February 2014 Annexure C | 159 |
| February 2015 Annexure C | 133 |
| February 2016 Annexure C | 141 |

National government tax revenue 8.

Table 8.1 National government tax revenue, in Rand millions

| 1979 4 645 1160 1 994 772 95 7 622 1980 5 662 173 2 671 757 124 9 387 1981 8 107 2297 5499 251 3802 805 139 13 104 1983 10 273 4821 5185 317 5 233 1 590 150 17 63 1984 11 531 6063 5186 448 6 192 1 419 213 19 803 1986 13 904 7861 5759 421 8 215 1 419 244 24 233 1986 17 404 9097 7920 467 10 654 1 832 273 30 630 1987 19 638 10453 8738 581 11719 2 647 439 39 396 1988 26 665 14868 11308 | Fiscal year* | Taxes on income, profits and capital gains | Of which: personal income tax (including interest) | Of which: corporate income tax (including interest) | Taxes on payroll and work- force | Taxes on property | Taxes on goods and services | Taxes on international trade and transactions | Other taxes | Total gross tax revenue |
|---|-----------------|--|---|---|--|-------------------|-----------------------------|---|-------------|-------------------------------|
| 1981 8 107 2297 6499 261 3 802 805 139 13 104 1982 8 669 3506 4822 264 4 293 1 258 146 14 630 1983 10 273 4821 5185 317 5 233 1 590 150 17 63 1984 11 531 6083 5186 448 6 192 1 419 213 19 603 1985 13 904 77861 5759 421 8 215 1 449 244 24 233 1986 17 404 9097 7920 467 10 654 1 632 273 30 630 1987 19 638 10453 8738 581 11 719 2 364 321 34 623 1987 26 665 14958 11308 823 18 698 4 518 469 51 173 1990 34 419 20210 13782 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1982 8 669 3506 4822 264 4 293 1 258 146 14 630 1983 10 273 4821 5185 317 5 233 1 590 150 17 663 1984 11 531 6063 5186 448 6 192 1 419 213 19 803 1985 13 904 7861 5759 421 8 215 1 449 244 24 233 1986 17 404 9097 7920 467 10 654 1 832 273 30 630 1987 19 638 10453 8738 581 11 719 2 364 321 34 623 1988 22 092 12586 9059 824 13 924 2 657 439 39 3936 1989 26 665 1488 11308 823 848 4 518 469 51173 1991 39 245 24249 14577 | 1980 | 5 662 | ••• | ••• | | 173 | 2 671 | 757 | 124 | 9 387 |
| 1983 10 273 4821 5185 317 5 233 1 590 150 17 563 1984 11 531 6063 5186 448 6 192 1 419 213 19 803 1985 13 904 7861 5759 421 8 215 1 449 244 24 233 1986 17 404 9097 7920 467 10 654 1 832 273 30 630 1987 19 638 10453 8738 581 11 719 2 364 321 3 4 623 1988 22 092 12586 9059 823 18 698 4 518 469 51173 1990 34 419 20210 13782 1034 24 044 518 469 51173 1991 39 245 24494 1457 1 038 25 984 4 882 657 71 866 1991 39 245 2443 1451 | 1981 | 8 107 | 2297 | 5499 | | 251 | 3 802 | 805 | 139 | 13 104 |
| 1984 11 531 6063 5186 448 6 192 1 419 213 19 803 1986 13 904 7861 5759 421 8 215 1 449 244 24 233 1986 17 404 9097 7920 467 10 654 1 832 273 30 630 1987 19 638 10453 8738 581 11 719 2 364 321 34 623 1988 22 092 12586 9059 824 13 924 2 667 439 39 936 1989 26 665 14958 11308 823 18 698 4 518 469 51 173 1991 39 245 24249 14577 1 098 25 984 4 882 657 71 866 1992 44 618 33035 13306 1 187 29 552 4 640 760 83 653 1994 50 911 38320 | 1982 | 8 669 | 3506 | 4822 | | 264 | 4 293 | 1 258 | 146 | 14 630 |
| 1985 13 904 7861 5759 421 8 215 1 449 244 24 233 1986 17 404 9097 7920 467 10 654 1 832 273 30 630 1987 19 638 10453 8738 581 11 719 2 364 321 34 623 1988 22 092 12586 9059 824 13 924 2 657 439 39 936 1989 26 665 14958 11308 823 18 698 4 518 469 51 173 1990 34 419 20210 13782 1 034 24 044 5 104 685 65 286 1991 39 245 24249 14577 1 098 25 984 4 882 657 71 966 1992 44 618 30070 14213 1 128 28 428 4 347 712 79 233 1994 50 11 38320 | 1983 | 10 273 | 4821 | 5185 | | 317 | 5 233 | 1 590 | 150 | 17 563 |
| 1986 17 404 9097 7920 | 1984 | 11 531 | 6063 | 5186 | | 448 | 6 192 | 1 419 | 213 | 19 803 |
| 1987 19 638 10453 8738 581 11 719 2 364 321 34 623 1988 22 092 12586 9059 824 13 924 2 657 439 39 936 1989 26 665 14958 11308 823 18 698 4 518 469 51 173 1990 34 419 20210 13782 1 034 24 044 5 104 685 65 286 1991 39 245 24249 14577 1 098 25 984 4 882 657 71 866 1992 44 618 30070 14213 1 187 29 552 4 640 760 83 653 1994 50 911 38320 11714 1 501 38 957 5 242 847 97 458 1995 60 834 45559 13972 2074 44 074 5 629 944 113 555 1996 68 885 5 | 1985 | 13 904 | 7861 | 5759 | | 421 | 8 215 | 1 449 | 244 | 24 233 |
| 1988 22 092 12586 9059 824 13 924 2 657 439 39 936 1989 26 665 14958 11308 823 18 698 4 518 469 51 173 1990 34 419 20210 13782 1 034 24 044 5 104 685 65 286 1991 39 245 24249 14577 1 098 25 984 4 882 657 71 866 1992 44 618 30070 14213 1 187 29 552 4 640 760 83 653 1993 47 514 33935 13306 1 187 29 552 4 640 760 83 653 1994 50 911 38320 11714 1 501 38 957 5 242 847 97 458 1995 60 834 45559 13972 2074 44 074 5 629 944 113 555 1996 68 885 51323< | 1986 | 17 404 | 9097 | 7920 | | 467 | 10 654 | 1 832 | 273 | 30 630 |
| 1989 26 665 14958 11308 823 18 698 4 518 469 51 173 1990 34 419 20210 13782 1 034 24 044 5 104 685 65 286 1991 39 245 24249 14577 1 098 25 984 4 882 657 71 866 1992 44 618 30070 14213 1 128 28 428 4 347 712 79 233 1993 47 514 33935 13306 1 187 29 552 4 640 760 83 653 1994 50 911 38320 11714 1 501 38 957 5 242 847 97 458 1995 60 834 45559 13972 2074 44 074 5 629 944 113 555 1996 68 885 51323 16300 2 234 48 867 6 170 1 025 127 181 1997 82 876 | 1987 | 19 638 | 10453 | 8738 | | 581 | 11 719 | 2 364 | 321 | 34 623 |
| 1990 34 419 20210 13782 1 034 24 044 5 104 685 65 286 1991 39 245 24249 14577 1 098 25 984 4 862 657 71 866 1992 44 618 30070 14213 1 128 28 428 4 347 712 79 233 1993 47 514 33935 13306 1 187 29 552 4 640 760 83 653 1994 50 911 38320 11714 1 501 38 957 5 242 847 97 458 1995 60 834 45559 13972 2074 44 074 5 629 944 113 555 1996 68 885 51323 16300 2 234 48 867 6 170 1 025 127 181 1997 82 876 59912 19060 2 359 53 621 6993 1 202 147 051 1998 95 004 | 1988 | 22 092 | 12586 | 9059 | | 824 | 13 924 | 2 657 | 439 | 39 936 |
| 1991 39 245 24249 14577 1 098 25 984 4 882 657 71 866 1992 44 618 30070 14213 1 128 28 428 4 347 712 79 233 1993 47 514 33935 13306 1 187 29 552 4 640 760 83 653 1994 50 911 38320 11714 1 501 38 957 5 242 847 97 458 1995 60 834 45559 13972 2074 44 074 5 629 944 113 555 1996 68 885 51323 16300 2 354 48 867 6 170 1 025 127 181 1997 82 876 59912 19060 2 359 53 621 6993 1 202 147 051 1998 96 004 68864 21464 2 618 60 600 5 620 1 484 165 326 1999 108 381 | 1989 | 26 665 | 14958 | 11308 | | 823 | 18 698 | 4 518 | 469 | 51 173 |
| 1992 44 618 30070 14213 1 128 28 428 4 347 712 79 233 1993 47 514 33935 13306 1 187 29 552 4 640 760 83 653 1994 50 911 38320 11714 1 501 38 957 5 242 847 97 458 1995 60 834 45559 13972 2074 44 074 5 629 944 113 555 1996 68 885 51323 16300 2 234 48 867 6 170 1 025 127 181 1997 82 876 59912 19060 2 359 53 621 6993 1 202 147 051 1998 95 004 68864 21464 2 618 60 600 5 620 1 484 165 326 1999 108 381 78032 23308 2 831 65 948 6 052 1 490 184 702 2000 116 149 | 1990 | 34 419 | 20210 | 13782 | | 1 034 | 24 044 | 5 104 | 685 | 65 286 |
| 1993 47 514 33935 13306 1 187 29 552 4 640 760 83 653 1994 50 911 38320 11714 1 501 38 957 5 242 847 97 458 1995 60 834 45559 13972 2074 44 074 5 629 944 113 555 1996 68 885 51323 16300 2 234 48 867 6 170 1 025 127 181 1997 82 876 59912 19060 2 359 53 621 6993 1 202 147 051 1998 95 004 68864 21464 2 618 60 600 5 620 1 484 165 326 1999 108 381 78032 23308 2 831 65 948 6 052 1 490 184 702 2000 116 149 86390 2 1279 3 808 72 258 6 778 1 619 200 612 2001 126 145< | 1991 | 39 245 | 24249 | 14577 | | 1 098 | 25 984 | 4 882 | 657 | 71 866 |
| 1994 50 911 38320 11714 1 501 38 957 5 242 847 97 458 1995 60 834 45559 13972 2074 44 074 5 629 944 113 555 1996 68 885 51323 16300 2 234 48 867 6 170 1 025 127 181 1997 82 876 59912 19060 2 359 53 621 6993 1 202 147 051 1998 95 004 68864 21464 2 618 60 600 5 620 1 484 165 326 1999 108 381 78032 23308 2 831 65 948 6 052 1 490 184 702 2000 116 149 86390 21279 3 808 72 258 6 778 1 619 200 612 2001 126 145 86939 29956 1 257 3979 79 073 8 227 1 562 220 243 2003 147 | 1992 | 44 618 | 30070 | 14213 | | 1 128 | 28 428 | 4 347 | 712 | 79 233 |
| 1995 60 834 45559 13972 2074 44 074 5 629 944 113 555 1996 68 885 51323 16300 2 234 48 867 6 170 1 025 127 181 1997 82 876 59912 19060 2 359 53 621 6993 1 202 147 051 1998 95 004 68864 21464 2 618 60 600 5 620 1 484 165 326 1999 108 381 78032 23308 2 831 65 948 6 052 1 490 184 702 2000 116 149 86390 21279 3 808 72 258 6 778 1 619 200 612 2001 126 145 86939 29956 1 257 3979 79 073 8 227 1 562 220 243 2002 147 310 90977 42980 2 717 4 628 86 853 8 680 1 767 251 955 2003 <t< td=""><td>1993</td><td>47 514</td><td>33935</td><td>13306</td><td></td><td>1 187</td><td>29 552</td><td>4 640</td><td>760</td><td>83 653</td></t<> | 1993 | 47 514 | 33935 | 13306 | | 1 187 | 29 552 | 4 640 | 760 | 83 653 |
| 1996 68 885 51323 16300 2 234 48 867 6 170 1 025 127 181 1997 82 876 59912 19060 2 359 53 621 6993 1 202 147 051 1998 95 004 68864 21464 2 618 60 600 5 620 1 484 165 326 1999 108 381 78032 23308 2 831 65 948 6 052 1 490 184 702 2000 116 149 86390 21279 3 808 72 258 6 778 1 619 200 612 2001 126 145 86939 29956 1 257 3979 79 073 8 227 1 562 220 243 2002 147 310 90977 42980 2 717 4 628 86 853 8 680 1 767 251 955 2003 164 566 94924 56327 3 352 5 085 97 552 9 620 2 005 282 180 2004 171 | 1994 | 50 911 | 38320 | 11714 | | 1 501 | 38 957 | 5 242 | 847 | 97 458 |
| 1997 82 876 59912 19060 2 359 53 621 6993 1 202 147 051 1998 95 004 68864 21464 2 618 60 600 5 620 1 484 165 326 1999 108 381 78032 23308 2 831 65 948 6 052 1 490 184 702 2000 116 149 86390 21279 3 808 72 258 6 778 1 619 200 612 2001 126 145 86939 29956 1 257 3979 79 073 8 227 1 562 220 243 2002 147 310 90977 42980 2 717 4 628 86 853 8 680 1 767 251 955 2003 164 566 94924 56327 3 352 5 085 97 552 9 620 2 005 282 180 2004 171 963 99220 61712 3 896 6 707 110 147 8 414 1 353 302 480 2006 | 1995 | 60 834 | 45559 | 13972 | | 2074 | 44 074 | 5 629 | 944 | 113 555 |
| 1998 95 004 68864 21464 2 618 60 600 5 620 1 484 165 326 1999 108 381 78032 23308 2 831 65 948 6 052 1 490 184 702 2000 116 149 86390 21279 3 808 72 258 6 778 1 619 200 612 2001 126 145 86939 29956 1 257 3979 79 073 8 227 1 562 220 243 2002 147 310 90977 42980 2 717 4 628 86 853 8 680 1 767 251 955 2003 164 566 94924 56327 3 352 5 085 97 552 9 620 2 005 282 180 2004 171 963 99220 61712 3 896 6 707 110 147 8 414 1 353 302 480 2005 195 219 111697 71629 4 443 9 013 131 379 13 287 1 037 354 378 | 1996 | 68 885 | 51323 | 16300 | | 2 234 | 48 867 | 6 170 | 1 025 | 127 181 |
| 1999 108 381 78032 23308 2 831 65 948 6 052 1 490 184 702 2000 116 149 86390 21279 3 808 72 258 6 778 1 619 200 612 2001 126 145 86939 29956 1 257 3979 79 073 8 227 1 562 220 243 2002 147 310 90977 42980 2 717 4 628 86 853 8 680 1 767 251 955 2003 164 566 94924 56327 3 352 5 085 97 552 9 620 2 005 282 180 2004 171 963 99220 61712 3 896 6 707 110 147 8 414 1 353 302 480 2005 195 219 111697 71629 4 443 9 013 131 379 13 287 1 037 354 378 2006 230 804 126416 87326 4 872 11 138 150 636 18 202 957 416 609 2007 279 991 141397 120111 5 597 10 332 174 486 | 1997 | 82 876 | 59912 | 19060 | | 2 359 | 53 621 | 6993 | 1 202 | 147 051 |
| 2000 116 149 86390 21279 3 808 72 258 6 778 1 619 200 612 2001 126 145 86939 29956 1 257 3979 79 073 8 227 1 562 220 243 2002 147 310 90977 42980 2 717 4 628 86 853 8 680 1 767 251 955 2003 164 566 94924 56327 3 352 5 085 97 552 9 620 2 005 282 180 2004 171 963 99220 61712 3 896 6 707 110 147 8 414 1 353 302 480 2005 195 219 111697 71629 4 443 9 013 131 379 13 287 1 037 354 378 2006 230 804 126416 87326 4 872 11 138 150 636 18 202 957 416 609 2007 279 991 141397 120111 5 597 10 332 174 486 24 002 955 495 363 | 1998 | 95 004 | 68864 | 21464 | | 2 618 | 60 600 | 5 620 | 1 484 | 165 326 |
| 2001 126 145 86939 29956 1 257 3979 79 073 8 227 1 562 220 243 2002 147 310 90977 42980 2 717 4 628 86 853 8 680 1 767 251 955 2003 164 566 94924 56327 3 352 5 085 97 552 9 620 2 005 282 180 2004 171 963 99220 61712 3 896 6 707 110 147 8 414 1 353 302 480 2005 195 219 111697 71629 4 443 9 013 131 379 13 287 1 037 354 378 2006 230 804 126416 87326 4 872 11 138 150 636 18 202 957 416 609 2007 279 991 141397 120111 5 597 10 332 174 486 24 002 955 495 363 2008 332 058 169553 141622 6331 11 884 194 565 27 082 769 572 689 2009 383 483 196068 167202 7 327 9 477 201 209 | 1999 | 108 381 | 78032 | 23308 | | 2 831 | 65 948 | 6 052 | 1 490 | 184 702 |
| 2002 147 310 90977 42980 2 717 4 628 86 853 8 680 1 767 251 955 2003 164 566 94924 56327 3 352 5 085 97 552 9 620 2 005 282 180 2004 171 963 99220 61712 3 896 6 707 110 147 8 414 1 353 302 480 2005 195 219 111697 71629 4 443 9 013 131 379 13 287 1 037 354 378 2006 230 804 126416 87326 4 872 11 138 150 636 18 202 957 416 609 2007 279 991 141397 120111 5 597 10 332 174 486 24 002 955 495 363 2008 332 058 169553 141622 6331 11 884 194 565 27 082 769 572 689 2009 383 483 196068 167202 7 327 9 477 201 209 22 852 544 624 892 2010 359 045 206484 136978 7 805 8 826 203 442 </td <td>2000</td> <td>116 149</td> <td>86390</td> <td>21279</td> <td></td> <td>3 808</td> <td>72 258</td> <td>6 778</td> <td>1 619</td> <td>200 612</td> | 2000 | 116 149 | 86390 | 21279 | | 3 808 | 72 258 | 6 778 | 1 619 | 200 612 |
| 2003 164 566 94924 56327 3 352 5 085 97 552 9 620 2 005 282 180 2004 171 963 99220 61712 3 896 6 707 110 147 8 414 1 353 302 480 2005 195 219 111697 71629 4 443 9 013 131 379 13 287 1 037 354 378 2006 230 804 126416 87326 4 872 11 138 150 636 18 202 957 416 609 2007 279 991 141397 120111 5 597 10 332 174 486 24 002 955 495 363 2008 332 058 169553 141622 6331 11 884 194 565 27 082 769 572 689 2009 383 483 196068 167202 7 327 9 477 201 209 22 852 544 624 892 2010 359 045 206484 136978 7 805 8 826 203 442 19 319 44 598 481 2011 379 941 228089 134642 8 652 9 102 249 235< | 2001 | 126 145 | 86939 | 29956 | 1 257 | 3979 | 79 073 | 8 227 | 1 562 | 220 243 |
| 2004 171 963 99220 61712 3 896 6 707 110 147 8 414 1 353 302 480 2005 195 219 111697 71629 4 443 9 013 131 379 13 287 1 037 354 378 2006 230 804 126416 87326 4 872 11 138 150 636 18 202 957 416 609 2007 279 991 141397 120111 5 597 10 332 174 486 24 002 955 495 363 2008 332 058 169553 141622 6331 11 884 194 565 27 082 769 572 689 2009 383 483 196068 167202 7 327 9 477 201 209 22 852 544 624 892 2010 359 045 206484 136978 7 805 8 826 203 442 19 319 44 598 481 2011 379 941 228089 134642 8 652 9 102 249 235 26 977 20 673 927 2012 426584 251339 153272 10 173 7 817 263 875 | 2002 | 147 310 | 90977 | 42980 | 2 717 | 4 628 | 86 853 | 8 680 | 1 767 | 251 955 |
| 2005 195 219 111697 71629 4 443 9 013 131 379 13 287 1 037 354 378 2006 230 804 126416 87326 4 872 11 138 150 636 18 202 957 416 609 2007 279 991 141397 120111 5 597 10 332 174 486 24 002 955 495 363 2008 332 058 169553 141622 6331 11 884 194 565 27 082 769 572 689 2009 383 483 196068 167202 7 327 9 477 201 209 22 852 544 624 892 2010 359 045 206484 136978 7 805 8 826 203 442 19 319 44 598 481 2011 379 941 228089 134642 8 652 9 102 249 235 26 977 20 673 927 2012 426584 251339 153272 10 173 7 817 263 875 34 121 6 742 576 2013 457 314 276679 160896 11 378 8645 296 766< | 2003 | 164 566 | 94924 | 56327 | 3 352 | 5 085 | 97 552 | 9 620 | 2 005 | 282 180 |
| 2006 230 804 126416 87326 4 872 11 138 150 636 18 202 957 416 609 2007 279 991 141397 120111 5 597 10 332 174 486 24 002 955 495 363 2008 332 058 169553 141622 6331 11 884 194 565 27 082 769 572 689 2009 383 483 196068 167202 7 327 9 477 201 209 22 852 544 624 892 2010 359 045 206484 136978 7 805 8 826 203 442 19 319 44 598 481 2011 379 941 228089 134642 8 652 9 102 249 235 26 977 20 673 927 2012 426584 251339 153272 10 173 7 817 263 875 34 121 6 742 576 2013 457 314 276679 160896 11 378 8645 296 766 39 549 18 813 670 2014 507 759 310929 179520 12 476 10 487 324 421< | 2004 | 171 963 | 99220 | 61712 | 3 896 | 6 707 | 110 147 | 8 414 | 1 353 | 302 480 |
| 2007 279 991 141397 120111 5 597 10 332 174 486 24 002 955 495 363 2008 332 058 169553 141622 6331 11 884 194 565 27 082 769 572 689 2009 383 483 196068 167202 7 327 9 477 201 209 22 852 544 624 892 2010 359 045 206484 136978 7 805 8 826 203 442 19 319 44 598 481 2011 379 941 228089 134642 8 652 9 102 249 235 26 977 20 673 927 2012 426584 251339 153272 10 173 7 817 263 875 34 121 6 742 576 2013 457 314 276679 160896 11 378 8645 296 766 39 549 18 813 670 2014 507 759 310929 179520 12 476 10 487 324 421 44 732 13 899 888 | 2005 | 195 219 | 111697 | 71629 | 4 443 | 9 013 | 131 379 | 13 287 | 1 037 | 354 378 |
| 2008 332 058 169553 141622 6331 11 884 194 565 27 082 769 572 689 2009 383 483 196068 167202 7 327 9 477 201 209 22 852 544 624 892 2010 359 045 206484 136978 7 805 8 826 203 442 19 319 44 598 481 2011 379 941 228089 134642 8 652 9 102 249 235 26 977 20 673 927 2012 426584 251339 153272 10 173 7 817 263 875 34 121 6 742 576 2013 457 314 276679 160896 11 378 8645 296 766 39 549 18 813 670 2014 507 759 310929 179520 12 476 10 487 324 421 44 732 13 899 888 | 2006 | 230 804 | 126416 | 87326 | 4 872 | 11 138 | 150 636 | 18 202 | 957 | 416 609 |
| 2009 383 483 196068 167202 7 327 9 477 201 209 22 852 544 624 892 2010 359 045 206484 136978 7 805 8 826 203 442 19 319 44 598 481 2011 379 941 228089 134642 8 652 9 102 249 235 26 977 20 673 927 2012 426584 251339 153272 10 173 7 817 263 875 34 121 6 742 576 2013 457 314 276679 160896 11 378 8645 296 766 39 549 18 813 670 2014 507 759 310929 179520 12 476 10 487 324 421 44 732 13 899 888 | 2007 | 279 991 | 141397 | 120111 | 5 597 | 10 332 | 174 486 | 24 002 | 955 | 495 363 |
| 2010 359 045 206484 136978 7 805 8 826 203 442 19 319 44 598 481 2011 379 941 228089 134642 8 652 9 102 249 235 26 977 20 673 927 2012 426584 251339 153272 10 173 7 817 263 875 34 121 6 742 576 2013 457 314 276679 160896 11 378 8645 296 766 39 549 18 813 670 2014 507 759 310929 179520 12 476 10 487 324 421 44 732 13 899 888 | 2008 | 332 058 | 169553 | 141622 | 6331 | 11 884 | 194 565 | 27 082 | 769 | 572 689 |
| 2011 379 941 228089 134642 8 652 9 102 249 235 26 977 20 673 927 2012 426584 251339 153272 10 173 7 817 263 875 34 121 6 742 576 2013 457 314 276679 160896 11 378 8645 296 766 39 549 18 813 670 2014 507 759 310929 179520 12 476 10 487 324 421 44 732 13 899 888 | 2009 | 383 483 | 196068 | 167202 | 7 327 | 9 477 | 201 209 | 22 852 | 544 | 624 892 |
| 2012 426584 251339 153272 10 173 7 817 263 875 34 121 6 742 576 2013 457 314 276679 160896 11 378 8645 296 766 39 549 18 813 670 2014 507 759 310929 179520 12 476 10 487 324 421 44 732 13 899 888 | 2010 | 359 045 | 206484 | 136978 | 7 805 | 8 826 | 203 442 | 19 319 | 44 | 598 481 |
| 2013 457 314 276679 160896 11 378 8645 296 766 39 549 18 813 670 2014 507 759 310929 179520 12 476 10 487 324 421 44 732 13 899 888 | 2011 | 379 941 | 228089 | 134642 | 8 652 | 9 102 | 249 235 | 26 977 | 20 | 673 927 |
| 2014 507 759 310929 179520 12 476 10 487 324 421 44 732 13 899 888 | 2012 | 426584 | 251339 | 153272 | 10 173 | 7 817 | 263 875 | 34 121 | 6 | 742 576 |
| | 2013 | 457 314 | 276679 | 160896 | 11 378 | 8645 | 296 766 | 39 549 | 18 | 813 670 |
| 2015 561 788 353927 186612 14 032 12 470 356 340 41 492 -16 986 106 | 2014 | 507 759 | 310929 | 179520 | 12 476 | 10 487 | 324 421 | 44 732 | 13 | 899 888 |
| | 2015 | 561 788 | 353927 | 186612 | 14 032 | 12 470 | 356 340 | 41 492 | -16 | 986 106 |

^{*} Ending 31 March of each fiscal year ... Data not available

9. Annexures: Personal income tax rate and bracket adjustments

| Annexure A Budget Review 1 | 1979 | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1979/80 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married | 1–1 000 | 7 | 0 |
| | 1 000–2 000 | 8 | 70 |
| | 2 000–3 000 | 9 | 150 |
| | 3 000–4000 | 10 | 240 |
| | 4 000–5 000 | 11 | 340 |
| | 5 000–6000 | 12 | 450 |
| | 6 000–7 000 | 14 | 570 |
| | 7 000–8 000 | 16 | 710 |
| | 8 000–9 000 | 18 | 870 |
| | 9 000–10 000 | 20 | 1050 |
| | 10 000–11 000 | 22 | 1250 |
| | 11 000–12 000 | 24 | 1470 |
| | 12 000–13 000 | 26 | 1710 |
| | 13 000–4 000 | 28 | 1970 |
| | 14 000–15 000 | 30 | 2250 |
| | 15 000–16 000 | 33 | 2550 |
| | 16 000–18 000 | 36 | 2880 |
| | 18 000–20 000 | 39 | 3600 |
| | 20 000–22 000 | 42 | 4380 |
| | 22 000–24 000 | 45 | 5220 |
| | 24 000–26 000 | 48 | 6120 |
| | 26 000–28 000 | 51 | 7080 |
| | 28 000–30 000 | 54 | 8100 |
| | 30 000– | 55 | 9180 |
| | | | |
| Single | 1–1 000 | 10 | 0 |
| | 1 000–2 000 | 11 | 100 |
| | 2 000–3 000 | 12 | 210 |
| | 3 000–4 000 | 13 | 330 |

| Annexure A Budget Review | 1979 | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| | | 1979/80 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| | 4 000–5 000 | 14 | 460 |
| | 5 000–6 000 | 16 | 600 |
| | 6 000–7 000 | 18 | 760 |
| | 7 000–8 000 | 20 | 940 |
| | 8 000–9 000 | 22 | 1 140 |
| | 9 000–10 000 | 24 | 1 360 |
| | 10 000–11 000 | 27 | 1 600 |
| | 11 000–12 000 | 30 | 1 870 |
| | 12 000–13 000 | 33 | 2 170 |
| | 13 000–14 000 | 36 | 2 500 |
| | 14 000–15 000 | 39 | 2 860 |
| | 15 000–16 000 | 42 | 3 250 |
| | 16 000–18 000 | 45 | 3 670 |
| | 18 000–20 000 | 48 | 4 570 |
| | 20 000–22 000 | 52 | 5 530 |
| | 22 000– | 55 | 6 570 |
| Rebates | | | |
| Married | R1 500 | | |
| Single | R1 000 | | |
| Dependants | R200 if maintenance | e is R200 | R350 if maintenance is R350 |
| Child | R600 first two | 200 thereafter | |
| Age over 65 | R1 000 | | |
| Medical and insurance (Married) | R1 200 | | |
| Medical and insurance (Single) | R 950 | | |

Loan levy

If the normal tax calculated at these rates amounts to R150 or more, a loan levy at the following rate is added thereto:

- If the taxpayer falls in the age group '60 and older' and his taxable income does not exceed R5 000, no levy is added.
 In all other cases, the loan levy amounts to 10 per cent; in calculating the loan levy, fractions of a rand are discarded.

| Annexure B Budget Review | 1980 | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1980/81 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married | 1–6 000 | 8 | 0 |
| | 6 001–7 000 | 10 | 480 |
| | 7 001–8 000 | 12 | 580 |
| | 8 001–9 000 | 14 | 700 |
| | 9 001–10 000 | 16 | 840 |
| | 10 001–11 000 | 18 | 1 000 |
| | 11 001–12 000 | 20 | 1 180 |
| | 12 001–13 000 | 22 | 1 380 |
| | 13 001–14 000 | 24 | 1 600 |
| | 14 001–15 000 | 26 | 1 840 |
| | 15 001–16 000 | 28 | 2 100 |
| | 16 001–18 000 | 30 | 2 380 |
| | 18 001–20 000 | 32 | 2 980 |
| | 20 001–22 000 | 34 | 3 620 |
| | 22 001–24 000 | 36 | 4 300 |
| | 24 001–26 000 | 38 | 5 020 |
| | 26 001–28 000 | 40 | 5 780 |
| | 28 001–30 000 | 42 | 6 580 |
| | 30 001–32 000 | 44 | 7 420 |
| | 32 001–34 000 | 46 | 8 300 |
| | 34 001–36 000 | 47 | 9 220 |
| | 36 001–38 000 | 48 | 10 160 |
| | 38 001–40 000 | 49 | 11 120 |
| | 40 001- | 50 | 12 100 |
| | | | |
| Single | 1–6 000 | 8 | 0 |
| | 6 001–7 000 | 10 | 480 |
| | 7 001–8 000 | 12 | 580 |
| | 8 001–9 000 | 14 | 700 |
| | 9 001–10 000 | 16 | 840 |

| Annexure B Budget Review 1980 | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| | | 1980/81 | | | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) | | |
| | 10 001–11 000 | 18 | 1 000 | | |
| | 11 001–12 000 | 20 | 1 180 | | |
| | 12 001–13 000 | 22 | 1 380 | | |
| | 13 001–14 000 | 24 | 1 600 | | |
| | 14 001–15 000 | 26 | 1 840 | | |
| | 15 001–16 000 | 28 | 2 100 | | |
| | 16 001–18 000 | 30 | 2 380 | | |
| | 18 001–20 000 | 32 | 2 980 | | |
| | 20 001–22 000 | 34 | 3 620 | | |
| | 22 001–24 000 | 36 | 4 300 | | |
| | 24 001–26 000 | 38 | 5 020 | | |
| | 26 001–28 000 | 40 | 5 780 | | |
| | 28 001–30 000 | 42 | 6 580 | | |
| | 30 001–32 000 | 44 | 7 420 | | |
| | 32 001–34 000 | 46 | 8 300 | | |
| | 34 001–36 000 | 47 | 9 220 | | |
| | 36 001–38 000 | 48 | 10 160 | | |
| | 38 001–40 000 | 49 | 11 120 | | |
| | 40 001– | 50 | 12 100 | | |
| Rebates | | | | | |
| Married | R200 | | | | |
| Single | R120 | | | | |
| Dependants | R350 | R30 if maintenance is > R200 | R50 if maintenance is > R350 | | |
| Child | R100 | Extra R50 in excess of five | | | |
| Age over 60 | R120 | | | | |
| Medical and insurance | 10 per cent (max. R75) | | | | |



| Annexure C Budget Review | 1981 | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1981/82 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married | 1–6 000 | 8 | 0 |
| | 6 001–7 000 | 10 | 480 |
| | 7 001–8 000 | 12 | 580 |
| | 8 001–9 000 | 14 | 700 |
| | 9 001–10 000 | 16 | 840 |
| | 10 001–11 000 | 18 | 1 000 |
| | 11 001–12 000 | 20 | 1 180 |
| | 12 001–13 000 | 22 | 1 380 |
| | 13 001–14 000 | 24 | 1 600 |
| | 14 001–15 000 | 26 | 1 840 |
| | 15 001–16 000 | 28 | 2 100 |
| | 16 001–18 000 | 30 | 2 380 |
| | 18 001–20 000 | 32 | 2 980 |
| | 20 001–22 000 | 34 | 3 620 |
| | 22 001–24 000 | 36 | 4 300 |
| | 24 001–26 000 | 38 | 5 020 |
| | 26 001–28 000 | 40 | 5 780 |
| | 28 001–30 000 | 42 | 6 580 |
| | 30 001–32 000 | 44 | 7 420 |
| | 32 001–34 000 | 46 | 8 300 |
| | 34 001–36 000 | 47 | 9 220 |
| | 36 001–38 000 | 48 | 10 160 |
| | 38 001–40 000 | 49 | 11 120 |
| | 40 001- | 50 | 12 100 |
| | | | |
| Single | 1–6 000 | 8 | 0 |
| | 6 001–7 000 | 10 | 480 |
| | 7 001–8 000 | 12 | 580 |
| | 8 001–9 000 | 14 | 700 |
| | 9 001–10 000 | 16 | 840 |

| Annexure C Budget Review 1981 | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | 1981/82 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| | 10 001–11 000 | 18 | 1 000 |
| | 11 001–12 000 | 20 | 1 180 |
| | 12 001–13 000 | 22 | 1 380 |
| | 13 001–14 000 | 24 | 1 600 |
| | 14 001–15 000 | 26 | 1 840 |
| | 15 001–16 000 | 28 | 2 100 |
| | 16 001–18 000 | 30 | 2 380 |
| | 18 001–20 000 | 32 | 2 980 |
| | 20 001–22 000 | 34 | 3 620 |
| | 22 001–24 000 | 36 | 4 300 |
| | 24 001–26 000 | 38 | 5 020 |
| | 26 001–28 000 | 40 | 5 780 |
| | 28 001–30 000 | 42 | 6 580 |
| | 30 001–32 000 | 44 | 7 420 |
| | 32 001–34 000 | 46 | 8 300 |
| | 34 001–36 000 | 47 | 9 220 |
| | 36 001–38 000 | 48 | 10 160 |
| | 38 001–40 000 | 49 | 11 120 |
| | 40 001– | 50 | 12 100 |
| Rebates | | | |
| Married | R200 | | |
| Single | R120 | | |
| Dependants | | R30 if maintenance is > R200 | R50 if maintenance is > R350 |
| Child | R100 | Extra R50 in excess of five | |
| Age 60–70 | R120 | Age over 70 | R80 |
| Medical and insurance | 10 per cent (max. R75) | | |



| Annexure D Budget Review 1982 | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1982/83 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married | 1–7 000 | 10 | 0 |
| | 7 001–8 000 | 12 | 700 |
| | 8 001–9 000 | 14 | 820 |
| | 9 001–10 000 | 16 | 960 |
| | 10 001–11 000 | 18 | 1 120 |
| | 11 001–12 000 | 20 | 1 300 |
| | 12 001–13 000 | 22 | 1 500 |
| | 13 001–14 000 | 24 | 1 720 |
| | 14 001–15 000 | 26 | 1 960 |
| | 15 001–16 000 | 28 | 2 220 |
| | 16 001–18 000 | 30 | 2 500 |
| | 18 001–20 000 | 32 | 3 100 |
| | 20 001–22 000 | 34 | 3 740 |
| | 22 001–24 000 | 36 | 4 420 |
| | 24 001–26 000 | 38 | 5 140 |
| | 26 001–28 000 | 40 | 5 900 |
| | 28 001–30 000 | 42 | 6 700 |
| | 30 001–32 000 | 44 | 7 540 |
| | 32 001–34 000 | 46 | 8 420 |
| | 34 001–36 000 | 47 | 9 340 |
| | 36 001–38 000 | 48 | 10 280 |
| | 38 001–40 000 | 49 | 11 240 |
| | | | |
| Single | 1–7 000 | 10 | 0 |
| | 7 001–8 000 | 12 | 700 |
| | 8 001–9 000 | 14 | 820 |
| | 9 001–10 000 | 16 | 960 |
| | 10 001–11 000 | 18 | 1 120 |
| | 11 001–12 000 | 20 | 1 300 |
| | 12 001–13 000 | 22 | 1 500 |
| | 13 001–14 000 | 24 | 1 720 |

| Annexure D Budget Review 1982 | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | 1982/83 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| | 14 001–15 000 | 26 | 1 960 |
| | 15 001–16 000 | 28 | 2 220 |
| | 16 001–18 000 | 30 | 2 500 |
| | 18 001–20 000 | 32 | 3 100 |
| | 20 001–22 000 | 34 | 3 740 |
| | 22 001–24 000 | 36 | 4 420 |
| | 24 001–26 000 | 38 | 5 140 |
| | 26 001–28 000 | 40 | 5 900 |
| | 28 001–30 000 | 42 | 6 700 |
| | 30 001–32 000 | 44 | 7 540 |
| | 32 001–34 000 | 46 | 8 420 |
| | 34 001–36 000 | 47 | 9 340 |
| | 36 001–38 000 | 48 | 10 280 |
| | 38 001–40 000 | 49 | 11 240 |
| | 40 001- | 50 | 12 220 |
| Rebates | | | |
| Married | R320 | | |
| Single | R240 | | |
| Dependants | | R30 if maintenance is > R200 | R50 if maintenance is > R350 |
| Child | R100 | Extra R50 in excess of five | |
| Age over 60–70 | R120 | Age over 70 | R80 |
| Medical and insurance | 10 per cent (max. R75) | Single (R20 min.) | |

Where the taxable income does not exceed R28 000, a surcharge is added equal to 20 per cent of the tax so calculated, after deducting an amount equal to the rebates. Where the taxable income of such person exceeds R28 000, the tax payable is the amount of tax calculated as aforesaid on the taxable income of R28 000, plus 50 per cent of the amount by which the taxable income exceeds R28 000.

A 5 per cent loan levy must be added to normal tax calculated according to the above-mentioned rates of tax.

A loan levy is not payable:

- 1. where the taxable income does not exceed R7 000;
- 2. where the basic normal tax is less than R150; and
- 3. by a person over the age of 70 whose taxable income does not exceed R15 000.

In calculating the loan levy, fractions of a rand are discarded.

| Annexure E Budget Review | 1983 | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1983/84 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married | 1–7 000 | 10 | 0 |
| | 7 001–8 000 | 12 | 700 |
| | 8 001–9 000 | 14 | 820 |
| | 9 001–10 000 | 16 | 960 |
| | 10 001–11 000 | 18 | 1 120 |
| | 11 001–12 000 | 20 | 1 300 |
| | 12 001–13 000 | 22 | 1 500 |
| | 13 001–14 000 | 24 | 1 720 |
| | 14 001–15 000 | 26 | 1 960 |
| | 15 001–16 000 | 28 | 2 220 |
| | 16 001–18 000 | 30 | 2 500 |
| | 18 001–20 000 | 32 | 3 100 |
| | 20 001–22 000 | 34 | 3 740 |
| | 22 001–24 000 | 36 | 4 420 |
| | 24 001–26 000 | 38 | 5 140 |
| | 26 001–28 000 | 40 | 5 900 |
| | 28 001–30 000 | 42 | 6 700 |
| | 30 001–32 000 | 44 | 7 540 |
| | 32 001–34 000 | 46 | 8 420 |
| | 34 001–36 000 | 47 | 9 340 |
| | 36 001–38 000 | 48 | 10 280 |
| | 38 001–40 000 | 49 | 11 240 |
| | 40 001- | 50 | 12 220 |
| | | | |
| Single | 1–7 000 | 10 | 0 |
| | 7 001–8 000 | 12 | 700 |
| | 8 001–9 000 | 14 | 820 |
| | 9 001–10 000 | 16 | 960 |
| | 10 001–11 000 | 18 | 1 120 |
| | 11 001–12 000 | 20 | 1 300 |
| | 12 001–13 000 | 22 | 1 500 |
| | 13 001–14 000 | 24 | 1 720 |

| Annexure E Budget Review 1983 | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | 1983/84 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| | 14 001–15 000 | 26 | 1 960 |
| | 15 001–16 000 | 28 | 2 220 |
| | 16 001–18 000 | 30 | 2 500 |
| | 18 001–20 000 | 32 | 3 100 |
| | 20 001–22 000 | 34 | 3 740 |
| | 22 001–24 000 | 36 | 4 420 |
| | 24 001–26 000 | 38 | 5 140 |
| | 26 001–28 000 | 40 | 5 900 |
| | 28 001–30 000 | 42 | 6 700 |
| | 30 001–32 000 | 44 | 7 540 |
| | 32 001–34 000 | 46 | 8 420 |
| | 34 001–36 000 | 47 | 9 340 |
| | 36 001–38 000 | 48 | 10 280 |
| | 38 001–40 000 | 49 | 11 240 |
| | 40 001- | 50 | 12 220 |
| Rebates | | | |
| Married | R460 | | |
| Single | R380 | | |
| Dependants | | R30 if maintenance is > R200 | R50 if maintenance is > R350 |
| Child | R100 | Extra R50 in excess of five | |
| Age 60–70 | R120 | Age over 70 | R300 |
| Medical and insurance | 10 per cent (max. R75) (min. R30) | Single (R20 min.) | |

| Annexure F Budget Review 1984 | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1984/85 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married | 1–8 000 | 12 | 0 |
| | 8 001–9 000 | 14 | 960 |
| | 9 001–10 000 | 16 | 1 100 |
| | 10 001–11 000 | 18 | 1 260 |
| | 11 001–12 000 | 20 | 1 440 |
| | 12 001–13 000 | 22 | 1 640 |
| | 13 001–14 000 | 24 | 1 860 |
| | 14 001–15 000 | 26 | 2 100 |
| | 15 001–16 000 | 28 | 2 360 |
| | 16 001–18 000 | 30 | 2 640 |
| | 18 001–20 000 | 32 | 3 240 |
| | 20 001–22 000 | 34 | 3 880 |
| | 22 001–24 000 | 36 | 4 560 |
| | 24 001–26 000 | 38 | 5 280 |
| | 26 001–28 000 | 40 | 6 040 |
| | 28 001–30 000 | 42 | 6 840 |
| | 30 001–32 000 | 44 | 7 680 |
| | 32 001–34 000 | 46 | 8 560 |
| | 34 001–36 000 | 47 | 9 480 |
| | 36 001–38 000 | 48 | 10 420 |
| | 38 001–40 000 | 49 | 11 380 |
| | 40 001- | 50 | 12 360 |
| | | | |
| Single | 1–8 000 | 12 | 0 |
| | 8 001–9 000 | 14 | 960 |
| | 9 001–10 000 | 16 | 1 100 |
| | 10 001–11 000 | 18 | 1 260 |
| | 11 001–12 000 | 20 | 1 440 |

| Annexure F Budget Review 1984 | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | 1984/85 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| | 12 001–13 000 | 22 | 1 640 |
| | 13 001–14 000 | 24 | 1 860 |
| | 14 001–15 000 | 26 | 2 100 |
| | 15 001–16 000 | 28 | 2 360 |
| | 16 001–18 000 | 30 | 2 640 |
| | 18 001–20 000 | 32 | 3 240 |
| | 20 001–22 000 | 34 | 3 880 |
| | 22 001–24 000 | 36 | 4 560 |
| | 24 001–26 000 | 38 | 5 280 |
| | 26 001–28 000 | 40 | 6 040 |
| | 28 001–30 000 | 42 | 6 840 |
| | 30 001–32 000 | 44 | 7 680 |
| | 32 001–34 000 | 46 | 8 560 |
| | 34 001–36 000 | 47 | 9 480 |
| | 36 001–38 000 | 48 | 10 420 |
| | 38 001–40 000 | 49 | 11 380 |
| | 40 001- | 50 | 12 360 |
| Rebates | | | |
| Married | R460 | | |
| Single | R380 | | |
| Dependants | | R30 if maintenance is > R200 | R50 if maintenance is > R350 |
| Child | R100 | Extra R50 in excess of five | |
| Age 60–70 | R120 | Age over 70 | R300 |
| Medical and insurance | 10 per cent (max. R75) (min. R30) | Single (R20 min.) | |



| Annexure G Budget Review | 1985 | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1985/86 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married | 1–12 000 | 16 | 0 |
| | 12 000–13 000 | 18 | 1 920 |
| | 13 000–14 000 | 20 | 2 100 |
| | 14 000–15 000 | 22 | 2 300 |
| | 15 000–16 000 | 24 | 2 520 |
| | 16 000–18 000 | 26 | 2 760 |
| | 18 000–20 000 | 28 | 3 280 |
| | 20 000–22 000 | 30 | 3 840 |
| | 22 000–24 000 | 32 | 4 440 |
| | 24 000–26 000 | 34 | 5 080 |
| | 26 000–28 000 | 36 | 5 760 |
| | 28 000–30 000 | 38 | 6 480 |
| | 30 000–32 000 | 40 | 7 240 |
| | 32 000–34 000 | 42 | 8 040 |
| | 34 000–36 000 | 43 | 8 880 |
| | 36 000–38 000 | 44 | 9 740 |
| | 38 000–40 000 | 45 | 10 620 |
| | 40 000–50 000 | 46 | 11 520 |
| | 50 000–60 000 | 48 | 16 120 |
| | 60 000– | 50 | 20 920 |
| | | | |
| Single | 1–10 000 | 16 | 0 |
| | 10 000–11 000 | 18 | 1 600 |
| | 11 000–12 000 | 20 | 1 780 |
| | 12 000–13 000 | 22 | 1 980 |
| | 13 000–14 000 | 24 | 2 200 |

| Annexure G Budget Review 1985 | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | 1985/86 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| | 14 000–15 000 | 26 | 2 440 |
| | 15 000–16 000 | 28 | 2 700 |
| | 16 000–18 000 | 30 | 2 980 |
| | 18 000–20 000 | 32 | 3 580 |
| | 20 000–22 000 | 34 | 4 220 |
| | 22 000–24 000 | 36 | 4 900 |
| | 24 000–26 000 | 38 | 5 620 |
| | 26 000–28 000 | 40 | 6 380 |
| | 28 000–30 000 | 42 | 7 180 |
| | 30 000–32 000 | 44 | 8 020 |
| | 32 000–34 000 | 45 | 8 900 |
| | 34 000–36 000 | 46 | 9 800 |
| | 36 000–38 000 | 47 | 10 720 |
| | 38 000–40 000 | 48 | 11 660 |
| | 40 000–42 000 | 49 | 12 620 |
| | 42 000– | 50 | 13 600 |
| Rebates | | | |
| Married | R880 | | |
| Single | R620 | | |
| Dependants | | R30 if maintenance is > R200 | R50 if maintenance is > R350 |
| Child | R100 | Extra R50 in excess of five | |
| Age 60–64 | R120 | Age over 65 | R500 |
| Medical and insurance | 10 per cent (max. R75) (min. R30) | Single (R20 min.) | |

Surcharge on normal tax payable.

A surcharge is added to the tax calculated in accordance with the rates above. The surcharge is calculated at the rate of 7 per cent on the tax (after deduction of the rebates) if it exceeds R750. (The surcharge is payable by all married and unmarried persons, regardless of their ages).

| Annexure H Budget Review 1986 | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1986/87 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married | 1–12 000 | 16 | 0 |
| | 12 000–13 000 | 18 | 1 920 |
| | 13 000–14 000 | 20 | 2 100 |
| | 14 000–15 000 | 22 | 2 300 |
| | 15 000–16 000 | 24 | 2 520 |
| | 16 000–18 000 | 26 | 2 760 |
| | 18 000–20 000 | 28 | 3 280 |
| | 20 000–22 000 | 30 | 3 840 |
| | 22 000–24 000 | 32 | 4 440 |
| | 24 000–26 000 | 34 | 5 080 |
| | 26 000–28 000 | 36 | 5 760 |
| | 28 000–30 000 | 38 | 6 480 |
| | 30 000–32 000 | 40 | 7 240 |
| | 32 000–34 000 | 42 | 8 040 |
| | 34 000–36 000 | 43 | 8 880 |
| | 36 000–38 000 | 44 | 9 740 |
| | 38 000–40 000 | 45 | 10 620 |
| | 40 000–50 000 | 46 | 11 520 |
| | 50 000–60 000 | 48 | 16 120 |
| | 60 000– | 50 | 20 920 |
| | | | |
| Single | 1–10 000 | 16 | 0 |
| | 10 000–11 000 | 18 | 1 600 |
| | 11 000–12 000 | 20 | 1 780 |
| | 12 000–13 000 | 22 | 1 980 |
| | 13 000–14 000 | 24 | 2 200 |
| | 14 000–15 000 | 26 | 2 440 |
| | 15 000–16 000 | 28 | 2 700 |

| Annexure H Budget Review 1986 | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | 1986/87 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| | 16 000–18 000 | 30 | 2 980 |
| | 18 000–20 000 | 32 | 3 580 |
| | 20 000–22 000 | 34 | 4 220 |
| | 22 000–24 000 | 36 | 4 900 |
| | 24 000–26 000 | 38 | 5 620 |
| | 26 000–28 000 | 40 | 6 380 |
| | 28 000–30 000 | 42 | 7 180 |
| | 30 000–32 000 | 44 | 8 020 |
| | 32 000–34 000 | 45 | 8 900 |
| | 34 000–36 000 | 46 | 9 800 |
| | 36 000–38 000 | 47 | 10 720 |
| | 38 000–40 000 | 48 | 11 660 |
| | 40 000–42 000 | 49 | 12 620 |
| | 42 000- | 50 | 13 600 |
| Rebates | | | |
| Married | R880 | | |
| Single | R620 | | |
| Dependants | | R30 if maintenance is > R200 | R50 if maintenance is > R350 |
| Child | R100 | Extra R50 in excess of five | |
| Age 60–64 | R120 | Age over 65 | R500 |
| Medical and insurance | 10 per cent (max. R75) (min. R30) | Single (R20 min.) | |

According to the above tax rates, after rebates, a discount of 5 per cent is given.

| Annexure I Budget Review | 1987 | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1987/88 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married | 1–12 000 | 15 | 0 |
| | 12 000–13 000 | 16 | 1 800 |
| | 13 000–14 000 | 18 | 1 960 |
| | 14 000–15 000 | 20 | 2 140 |
| | 15 000–16 000 | 22 | 2 340 |
| | 16 000–18 000 | 24 | 2 560 |
| | 18 000–20 000 | 26 | 3 040 |
| | 20 000–22 000 | 28 | 3 560 |
| | 22 000– 24 000 | 30 | 4 120 |
| | 24 000–26 000 | 32 | 4 720 |
| | 26 000–28 000 | 34 | 5 360 |
| | 28 000–30 000 | 36 | 6 040 |
| | 30 000–35 000 | 38 | 6 760 |
| | 35 000–40 000 | 40 | 8 660 |
| | 40 000–45 000 | 42 | 10 660 |
| | 45 000–50 000 | 43 | 12 760 |
| | 50 000–60 000 | 44 | 14 910 |
| | 60 000 | 45 | 19 310 |
| | | | |
| Single | 1–10 000 | 15 | 0 |
| | 10 000–11 000 | 16 | 1 500 |
| | 11 000–12 000 | 18 | 1 660 |

| Annexure I Budget Review | 1987 | | |
|--------------------------|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | 1987/88 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| | 12 000–13 000 | 20 | 1 840 |
| | 13 000–14 000 | 22 | 2 040 |
| | 14 000–15 000 | 24 | 2 260 |
| | 15 000–16 000 | 26 | 2 500 |
| | 16 000–18 000 | 28 | 2 760 |
| | 18 000–20 000 | 30 | 3 320 |
| | 20 000–22 000 | 32 | 3 920 |
| | 22 000– 24 000 | 34 | 4 560 |
| | 24 000–26 000 | 36 | 5 240 |
| | 26 000–28 000 | 38 | 5 960 |
| | 28 000–30 000 | 40 | 6 720 |
| | 30 000–34 000 | 42 | 7 520 |
| | 34 000–38 000 | 43 | 9 200 |
| | 38 000–42 000 | 44 | 10 920 |
| | 42 000– | 45 | 12 680 |
| Rebates | | | |
| Married | R920 | | |
| Single | R650 | | |
| Dependants | | R30 if maintenance is > R200 | R50 if maintenance is > R350 |
| Child | R100 | Extra R50 in excess of five | |
| Age 60–70 | R120 | Age over 70 | R500 |
| Medical and insurance | 10 per cent (max. R75) (min. R30) | Single (R20 min.) | |

| Annexure J Budget Review | 1988 | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1988/89 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married | 1–12 000 | 14 | 0 |
| | 12 000–13 000 | 15 | 1 680 |
| | 13 000–14 000 | 17 | 1 830 |
| | 14 000–15 000 | 19 | 2 000 |
| | 15 000–16 000 | 21 | 2 190 |
| | 16 000–18 000 | 23 | 2 400 |
| | 18 000–20 000 | 25 | 2 860 |
| | 20 000–22 000 | 27 | 3 360 |
| | 22 000–24 000 | 29 | 3 900 |
| | 24 000–26 000 | 31 | 4 480 |
| | 26 000–28 000 | 33 | 5 100 |
| | 28 000–30 000 | 35 | 5 760 |
| | 30 000–35 000 | 37 | 6 460 |
| | 35 000–40 000 | 39 | 8 310 |
| | 40 000–50 000 | 41 | 10 260 |
| | 50 000–60 000 | 42 | 14 360 |
| | 60 000–70 000 | 43 | 18 560 |
| | 70 000–80 000 | 44 | 22 860 |
| | 80 000- | 45 | 27 260 |
| Single | 1–10 000 | 14 | 0 |
| | 10 000–11 000 | 15 | 1 400 |

| Annexure J Budget Review | 1988 | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| | | 1988/89 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| | 11 000–12 000 | 17 | 1 550 |
| | 12 000–13 000 | 19 | 1 720 |
| | 13 000–14 000 | 21 | 1 910 |
| | 14 000–15 000 | 23 | 2 120 |
| | 15 000–16 000 | 25 | 2 350 |
| | 16 000–18 000 | 27 | 2 600 |
| | 18 000–20 000 | 29 | 3 140 |
| | 20 000–22 000 | 31 | 3 720 |
| | 22 000–24 000 | 33 | 4 340 |
| | 24 000–26 000 | 35 | 5 000 |
| | 26 000–28 000 | 37 | 5 700 |
| | 28 000–30 000 | 39 | 6 440 |
| | 30 000–36 000 | 41 | 7 220 |
| | 36 000–42 000 | 42 | 9 680 |
| | 42 000–48 000 | 43 | 12 200 |
| | 48 000–54 000 | 44 | 14 780 |
| | 54 000- | 45 | 17 420 |
| Rebates | | | |
| Married | R1 100 | | |
| Single | R750 | | |
| Child | R100 | Extra R50 in excess of five | |
| Age 60–64 | R120 | Age over 65 | R500 |

| Annexure K Budget Review | 1989 | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1989/90 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married | 1–12 000 | 14 | 0 |
| | 12 000–13 000 | 15 | 1 680 |
| | 13 000–14 000 | 17 | 1 830 |
| | 14 000–15 000 | 19 | 2 000 |
| | 15 000–16 000 | 21 | 2 190 |
| | 16 000–18 000 | 23 | 2 400 |
| | 18 000–20 000 | 25 | 2 860 |
| | 20 000–22 000 | 27 | 3 360 |
| | 22 000– 24 000 | 29 | 3 900 |
| | 24 000–26 000 | 31 | 4 480 |
| | 26 000–28 000 | 33 | 5 100 |
| | 28 000–30 000 | 35 | 5 760 |
| | 30 000–35 000 | 37 | 6 460 |
| | 35 000–40 000 | 39 | 8 310 |
| | 40 000–50 000 | 41 | 10 260 |
| | 50 000–60 000 | 42 | 14 360 |
| | 60 000–70 000 | 43 | 18 560 |
| | 70 000–80 000 | 44 | 22 860 |
| | 80 000- | 45 | 27 260 |
| | | | |
| Single | 1–10 000 | 14 | 0 |
| | 10 000–11 000 | 15 | 1 400 |
| | 11 000–12 000 | 17 | 1 550 |
| | 12 000–13 000 | 19 | 1 720 |
| | 13 000–14 000 | 21 | 1 910 |
| | 14 000–15 000 | 23 | 2 120 |

| | | 1989/90 | |
|---------------|--------------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| | 15 000–16 000 | 25 | 2 350 |
| | 16 000–18 000 | 27 | 2 600 |
| | 18 000–20 000 | 29 | 3 140 |
| | 20 000–22 000 | 31 | 3 720 |
| | 22 000–24 000 | 33 | 4 340 |
| | 24 000–26 000 | 35 | 5 000 |
| | 26 000–28 000 | 37 | 5 700 |
| | 28 000–30 000 | 39 | 6 440 |
| | 30 000–36 000 | 41 | 7 220 |
| | 36 000–42 000 | 42 | 9 680 |
| | 42 000–48 000 | 43 | 12 200 |
| | 48 000–54 000 | 44 | 14 780 |
| | 54 000– | 45 | 17 420 |
| | | | |
| Married women | 1–20 000 | 25 | 0 |
| | 20 000–24 000 | 28 | 5 000 |
| | 24 000–28 000 | 30 | 6 120 |
| | 28 000–32 000 | 32 | 7 320 |
| | 32 000–36 000 36 000–40 000 | 34 | 8 600 |
| | 40 000 | 36 | 9 960 |
| Rebates | 40 000 | 30 | 11 400 |
| Married | R1 250 | | |
| Single | R850 | | |
| Married women | R1 075 | | |
| Child | R100 | | |
| Age 1 | R120 | | |
| Age 2 | R1 450 | | |

| Annexure L Budget Review | 1990 | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1990/91 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married | 1–5 000 | 16 | 0 |
| | 5 000–10 000 | 18 | 800 |
| | 10 000–15 000 | 20 | 1 700 |
| | 15 000–20 000 | 22 | 2 700 |
| | 20 000–25 000 | 24 | 3 800 |
| | 25 000–30 000 | 27 | 5 000 |
| | 30 000–35 000 | 30 | 6 350 |
| | 35 000–40 000 | 33 | 7 850 |
| | 40 000–45 000 | 36 | 9 500 |
| | 45 000–50 000 | 39 | 11 300 |
| | 50 000–55 000 | 40 | 13 250 |
| | 55 000–60 000 | 41 | 15 250 |
| | 60 000–70 000 | 42 | 17 300 |
| | 70 000–80 000 | 43 | 21 500 |
| | 80 000– | 44 | 25 800 |
| | | | |
| Single | 1–4 000 | 15 | 0 |
| | 4 000–8 000 | 18 | 600 |
| | 8 000–12 000 | 21 | 1 320 |
| | 12 000–16 000 | 24 | 2 160 |
| | 16 000–20 000 | 27 | 3 120 |
| | 20 000–24 000 | 30 | 4 200 |
| | 24 000–28 000 | 33 | 5 400 |
| | 28 000–32 000 | 36 | 6 720 |
| | 32 000–36 000 | 39 | 8 160 |
| | 36 000–40 000 | 40 | 9 720 |
| | 40 000-44 000 | 41 | 11 320 |
| | 44 000–48 000 | 42 | 12 960 |
| | 48 000–56 000 | 43 | 14 640 |
| | 56 000- | 44 | 18 080 |

| Annexure L Budget Review | 1990 | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1990/91 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married women | 1–4 000 | 15 | 0 |
| | 4 000–8 000 | 18 | 600 |
| | 8 000–12 000 | 21 | 1 320 |
| | 12 000–16 000 | 24 | 2 160 |
| | 16 000–20 000 | 27 | 3 120 |
| | 20 000–24 000 | 30 | 4 200 |
| | 24 000–28 000 | 32 | 5 400 |
| | 28 000–32 000 | 34 | 6 680 |
| | 32 000–36 000 | 36 | 8 040 |
| | 36 000–40 000 | 37 | 9 480 |
| | 40 000 | 38 | 10 960 |
| Rebates | | | |
| Married | R2 100 | | |
| Single | R1 800 | | |
| Married women | R700 | | |
| Child | R100 | | |
| Age 1 | R120 | | |
| Age 2 | B2 100 | | |

| Annexure M Budget Review | 1991 | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1991/92 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married | 1–5 000 | 15 | 0 |
| | 5 000–10 000 | 17 | 750 |
| | 10 000–15 000 | 19 | 1 600 |
| | 15 000–20 000 | 21 | 2 550 |
| | 20 000–25 000 | 23 | 3 600 |
| | 25 000–30 000 | 26 | 4 750 |
| | 30 000–35 000 | 29 | 6 050 |
| | 35 000–40 000 | 32 | 7 500 |
| | 40 000–45 000 | 35 | 9 100 |
| | 45 000–50 000 | 38 | 10 850 |
| | 50 000–55 000 | 39 | 12 750 |
| | 55 000–60 000 | 40 | 14 700 |
| | 60 000–70 000 | 41 | 16 700 |
| | 70 000–80 000 | 42 | 20 800 |
| | 80 000- | 43 | 25 000 |
| | | | |
| Single | 1–5 000 | 14 | 0 |
| | 5 000–10 000 | 17 | 700 |
| | 10 000–15 000 | 21 | 1 550 |
| | 15 000–20 000 | 25 | 2 600 |
| | 20 000–25 000 | 29 | 3 850 |
| | 25 000–30 000 | 33 | 5 300 |
| | 30 000–35 000 | 36 | 6 950 |
| | 35 000–40 000 | 39 | 8 750 |
| | 40 000–45 000 | 40 | 10 700 |
| | 45 000–50 000 | 41 | 12 700 |
| | 50 000–56 000 | 42 | 14 750 |
| | 56 000- | 43 | 17 270 |

| Annexure M Budget Review 1991 | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1991/92 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married women | 1–4 000 | 15 | 0 |
| | 4 000–8 000 | 18 | 600 |
| | 8 000–12 000 | 21 | 1 320 |
| | 12 000–16 000 | 24 | 2 160 |
| | 16 000–20 000 | 27 | 3 120 |
| | 20 000–24 000 | 30 | 4 200 |
| | 24 000–28 000 | 32 | 5 400 |
| | 28 000–32 000 | 34 | 6 680 |
| | 32 000–36 000 | 36 | 8 040 |
| | 36 000–40 000 | 37 | 9 480 |
| | 40 000– | 38 | 10 960 |
| Rebates | | | |
| Married | R2 000 | | |
| Single | R1 625 | | |
| Married women | R800 | | |
| Child | R100 | | |
| Age 1 | R120 | | |
| Age 2 | B2 100 | | |

| Annexure N Budget Review | 1992 | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1992/93 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married | 1–5 000 | 17 | 0 |
| | 5 000–10 000 | 18 | 850 |
| | 10 000–15 000 | 19 | 1 750 |
| | 15 000–20 000 | 20 | 2 700 |
| | 20 000–30 000 | 21 | 3 700 |
| | 30 000–40 000 | 28 | 5 800 |
| | 40 000–50 000 | 36 | 8 600 |
| | 50 000–60 000 | 41 | 12 200 |
| | 60 000–80 000 | 42 | 16 300 |
| | 80 000– | 43 | 24 700 |
| Single | 1–5 000 | 17 | 0 |
| | 5 000–10 000 | 19 | 850 |
| | 10 000–15 000 | 21 | 1 800 |
| | 15 000–20 000 | 24 | 2 850 |
| | 20 000–30 000 | 28 | 4 050 |
| | 30 000–40 000 | 36 | 6 850 |
| | 40 000–50 000 | 41 | 10 450 |
| | 50 000–56 000 | 42 | 14 550 |
| | 56 000- | 43 | 17 070 |
| Married women | 1–5 000 | 17 | 0 |
| | 5 000–10 000 | 19 | 850 |
| | 10 000–15 000 | 21 | 1 800 |
| | 15 000–20 000 | 24 | 2 850 |
| | 20 000–30 000 | 28 | 4 050 |
| | 30 000–40 000 | 36 | 6 850 |
| | 40 000–50 000 | 38 | 10 450 |
| | 50 000- | 40 | 14 250 |
| Rebates | | | |
| Married | R2 225 | | |
| Single | R1 950 | | |
| Married women | R900 | | |
| Child | R100 | | |
| Age 1 | R120 | | |
| Age 2 | R2 500 | | |



| | 1993 | | |
|---------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1993/94 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married | 1–5 000 | 17 | 0 |
| | 5 000–10 000 | 18 | 850 |
| | 10 000–15 000 | 19 | 1 750 |
| | 15 000–20 000 | 20 | 2 700 |
| | 20 000–30 000 | 21 | 3 700 |
| | 30 000–40 000 | 28 | 5 800 |
| | 40 000–50 000 | 36 | 8 600 |
| | 50 000–60 000 | 41 | 12 200 |
| | 60 000–80 000 | 42 | 16 300 |
| | 80 000– | 43 | 24 700 |
| Single | 1–5 000 | 17 | 0 |
| | 5 000–10 000 | 19 | 850 |
| | 10 000–15 000 | 21 | 1 800 |
| | 15 000–20 000 | 24 | 2 850 |
| | 20 000–30 000 | 28 | 4 050 |
| | 30 000–40 000 | 36 | 6 850 |
| | 40 000–50 000 | 41 | 10 450 |
| | 50 000–56 000 | 42 | 14 550 |
| | 56 000- | 43 | 17 070 |
| Married women | 1–5 000 | 17 | 0 |
| | 5 000–10 000 | 19 | 850 |
| | 10 000–15 000 | 21 | 1 800 |
| | 15 000–20 000 | 24 | 2 850 |
| | 20 000–30 000 | 28 | 4 050 |
| | 30 000–40 000 | 36 | 6 850 |
| | 40 000–50 000 | 38 | 10 450 |
| | 50 000– | 40 | 14 250 |
| Rebates | | | |
| Married | R2 225 | | |
| Single | R1 950 | | |
| Married women | R900 | | |
| Child | R100 | | |
| Age 1 | R120 | | |
| Age 2 | R2 500 | | |

| Annexure P Budget Review 1994 | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|---------------|
| | | 1994/95 | |
| | Income (R per annum) | Rate | Tax scale (R) |
| Married | 1–5 000 | 17 | 0 |
| | 5 000–10 000 | 18 | 850 |
| | 10 000–15 000 | 19 | 1 750 |
| | 15 000–20 000 | 20 | 2 700 |
| | 20 000–30 000 | 21 | 3 700 |
| | 30 000–40 000 | 28 | 5 800 |
| | 40 000–50 000 | 36 | 8 600 |
| | 50 000–60 000 | 41 | 12 200 |
| | 60 000–80 000 | 42 | 16 300 |
| | 80 000– | 43 | 24 700 |
| Single | 1–5 000 | 17 | 0 |
| | 5 000–10 000 | 19 | 850 |
| | 10 000–15 000 | 21 | 1 800 |
| | 15 000–20 000 | 24 | 2 850 |
| | 20 000–30 000 | 28 | 4 050 |
| | 30 000–40 000 | 36 | 6 850 |
| | 40 000–50 000 | 41 | 10 450 |
| | 50 000–56 000 | 42 | 14 550 |
| | 56 000- | 43 | 17 070 |
| Married women | 1–5 000 | 17 | 0 |
| | 5 000–10 000 | 19 | 850 |
| | 10 000–15 000 | 21 | 1 800 |
| | 15 000–20 000 | 24 | 2 850 |
| | 20 000–30 000 | 28 | 4 050 |
| | 30 000–40 000 | 36 | 6 850 |
| | 40 000–50 000 | 38 | 10 450 |
| | 50 000- | 40 | 14 250 |
| Rebates | | | |
| Married | R2 225 | | |
| Single | R1 950 | | |
| Married women | R900 | | |
| Child | R100 | | |
| Age 1 | R120 | | |
| | R2 500 | | |
| Age 2 | n2 300 | | |

Note: The transitional levy is applicable and calculated as follows:

- Married and unmarried persons:
 3,33 per cent of taxable income exceeding R50 000 (taxable income excludes certain retirement benefits).
- Married women:
 3,33 per cent of taxable income exceeding R175 000 (taxable income excludes certain retirement benefits).
- 3. Companies (including close corporations): 5 per cent of taxable income exceeding R50 000.
- 4. Trusts and estates (taxable as unmarried persons): 3,33 per cent of taxable income exceeding R50 000.



Personal income tax relief

Personal income tax provides the foundation for an equitable and progressive tax system. Personal income tax brackets and rebates are partially adjusted for 'fiscal drag' to take inflation into account. To compensate the effects of inflation, which pushes some individuals into higher tax brackets and reduces their purchasing power, the personal income brackets and rebates have been adjusted, providing individuals with personal income tax relief as shown in the table below.

Impact on tax proposals

| Proposals after fiscal drag (R billions) | | | |
|--|---------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | Fiscal relief | Rate increase in income tax | |
| 2015/16 | -8 500 | 9 420 | |
| 2014/15 | -9 250 | | |
| 2013/14 | -7 032 | | |
| 2012/13 | -9 500 | | |
| 2011/12 | -8 100 | | |
| 2010/11 | -6 500 | | |
| 2009/10 | -13 000 | | |
| 2008/09 | -7 700 | | |
| 2007/08 | -8 400 | | |
| 2006/07 | -12 125 | | |
| 2005/06 | -6 800 | | |
| 2004/05 | -4 000 | | |
| 1994/95 to 2003/04 | -62 763 | | |
| Total | -100 907 | 9 420 | |

| Annexure Q Budget Review | / 1995 |
|---|---|
| | 1995/96 |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax |
| 1–5 000 | 17 per cent of each R1 |
| 5 001–10 000 | R850 + 18 per cent of the amount above R5 000 |
| 10 001–15 000 | R1 750 + 19 per cent of the amount above R10 000 |
| 15 001–20 000 | R2 700 + 20 per cent of the amount above R15 000 |
| 20 001–30 000 | R3 700 + 21 per cent of the amount above R20 000 |
| 30 001–40 000 | R5 830 + 31 per cent of the amount above R30 000 |
| 40 001–50 000 | R8 900 + 42 per cent of the amount above R40 000 |
| 50 001–70 000 | R13 100 + 43 per cent of the amount above R50 000 |
| 70 001–80 000 | R21 700 + 44 per cent of the amount above R70 000 |
| 80 001-and above | R26 100 + 45 per cent of the amount above R80 000 |
| Rebates | |
| Primary | R2 625 |
| Age 65 and over (additional to primary rebate | R2 500 |
| Tax threshold | |
| Below age 65 | R14 600 |
| Age 65 and over | R26 785 |

Note: In addition, a transitional levy of 1,67 per cent of taxable income exceeding R50 000 is applicable to all persons, including trusts and estates.

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| Annexure R Budget Revi | ew 1996 —— |
| | 1996/97 |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax |
| 1–15 000 | 17 per cent of each R1 |
| 15 001–20 000 | R2 550 + 19 per cent of the amount above R15 000 |
| 20 001–30 000 | R3 500 + 21 per cent of the amount above R20 000 |
| 30 001–40 000 | R5 600 + 30 per cent of the amount above R30 000 |
| 40 001–60 000 | R8 600 + 41 per cent of the amount above R40 000 |
| 60 001–80 000 | R16 800 + 43 per cent of the amount above R60 000 |
| 80 001–100 000 | R25 400 + 44 per cent of the amount above R80 000 |
| 100 001-and above | R34 200 + 45 per cent of the amount above R100 000 |
| Rebates | |
| Primary | R2 660 |
| Age 65 and over (additional to primary rebate) | R2 500 |
| Tax threshold | |
| Below age 65 | R15 800 |
| Age 65 and over | R27 905 |

| Annexure S Budget Review | 1997 |
|---|--|
| | 1997/98 |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax |
| 1–30 000 | 19 per cent of each R1 |
| 30 001–35 000 | R5 700 + 30 per cent of the amount above R30 000 |
| 35 001–45 000 | R7 200 + 32 per cent of the amount above R35 000 |
| 45 001–60 000 | R10 400 + 41 per cent of the amount above R45 000 |
| 60 001–70 000 | R16 550 + 43 per cent of the amount above R60 000 |
| 70 001–100 000 | R20 850 + 44 per cent of the amount above R70 000 |
| 100 001 and above | R34 050 + 45 per cent of the amount above R100 000 |
| Rebates | |
| Primary | R3 215 |
| Age 65 and over (additional to primary rebate | R2 500 |
| Tax threshold | |
| Below age 65 | R16 921 |
| Age 65 and over | R30 050 |

| Annexure T Budget Review | [,] 1998 |
|--|--|
| | 1998/99 |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax |
| 1–31 000 | 19 per cent of each R1 |
| 31 001–46 000 | R5 890 + 30 per cent of the amount above R31 000 |
| 46 001–60 000 | R10 390 + 39 per cent of the amount above R46 000 |
| 60 001–70 000 | R15 850 + 43 per cent of the amount above R60 000 |
| 70 001–120 000 | R20 150 + 44 per cent of the amount above R70 000 |
| 120 001 and above | R42 150 + 45 per cent of the amount above R120 000 |
| Rebates | |
| Primary | R3 515 |
| Age 65 and over (additional to primary rebate) | R2 660 |
| Tax threshold | |
| Below age 65 | R18 500 |
| Age 65 and over | R31 950 |

| Annexure U Budget Review 1999 | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| | 1999/00 | | |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | | |
| 1–33 000 | 19 per cent of each R1 | | |
| 33 001–50 000 | R6 270 + 30 per cent of the amount above R33 000 | | |
| 50 001–60 000 | R11 370 + 35 per cent of the amount above R50 000 | | |
| 60 001–70 000 | R14 870 + 40 per cent of the amount above R60 000 | | |
| 70 001–120 000 | R18 870 + 44 per cent of the amount above R70 000 | | |
| 120 001 and above | R40 870 + 45 per cent of the amount above R120 000 | | |
| Rebates | | | |
| Primary | R3 710 | | |
| Age 65 and over (additional to primary rebate) | R2 775 | | |
| Tax threshold | | | |
| Below age 65 | R19 526 | | |
| Age 65 and over | R33 717 | | |

| Annexure V Budget Review 2000 | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| | 1999/00 | | 2000/01 |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax |
| 1–33 000 | 19 per cent of each R1 | 1–35 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 |
| 33 001–50 000 | R6 270 + 30 per cent of the amount above R33 000 | 35 001–45 000 | R6 300 + 26 per cent of the amount above R35 000 |
| 50 001–60 000 | R11 370 + 35 per cent of the amount above R50 000 | 45 001–60 000 | R8 900 + 32 per cent of the amount above R45 000 |
| 60 001–70 000 | R14 870 + 40 per cent of the amount above R60 000 | 60 001–70 000 | R13 700 + 37 per cent of the amount above R60 000 |
| 70 001–120 000 | R18 870 + 44 per cent of the amount above R70 000 | 70 001–200 000 | R17 400 + 40 per cent of the amount above R70 000 |
| 120 001 and above | R40 870 + 45 per cent of the amount above R120 000 | 200 001 and above | R69 400 + 42 per cent of the amount above R200 000 |
| Rebates | | Rebates | |
| Primary | R3 710 | Primary | R3 800 |
| Age 65 and over (additional to primary rebate) | R2 775 | Age 65 and over (additional to primary rebate) | R2 900 |
| Tax threshold | | Tax threshold | |
| Below age 65 | R19 526 | Below age 65 | R21 111 |
| Age 65 and over | R33 717 | Age 65 and over | R36 538 |

| Annexure W | Budget Review 2001 | | |
|------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|
| 2000/01 | | 2001/02 | |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax |
| 1–35 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | 1–38 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 |
| 35 001–45 000 | R6 300 + 26 per cent of the amount above R35 000 | 38 001–55 000 | R6 840 + 26 per cent of the amount above R38 000 |
| 45 001–60 000 | R8 900 + 32 per cent of the amount above R45 000 | 55 001–80 000 | R11 260 + 32 per cent of the amount above R55 000 |
| 60 001–70 000 | R13 700 + 37 per cent of the amount above R60 000 | 80 001–100 000 | R19 260 + 37 per cent of the amount above R80 000 |
| 70 001–200 000 | R17 400 + 40 per cent of the amount above R70 000 | 100 001–215 000 | R26 660 + 40 per cent of the amount above R100 000 |
| 200 001 and above | R69 400 + 42 per cent of the amount above R200 000 | 215 001 and above | R72 660 + 42 per cent of the amount above R215 000 |
| Rebates | | Rebates | |
| Primary | R3 800 | Primary | R4 140 |
| Secondary | R2 900 | Secondary | R3 000 |
| Tax threshold | | Tax threshold | |
| Below age 65 | R21 111 | Below age 65 | R23 000 |
| Age 65 and over | R36 538 | Age 65 and over | R39 154 |

| Annexure X Budget Review 2002 | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|
| 2001/02 | | 2002/03 | |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax |
| 1–38 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | 1–40 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 |
| 38 001–55 000 | R6 840 + 26 per cent of the amount above R38 000 | 40 001–80 000 | R7 200 + 25 per cent of the amount above R40 000 |
| 55 001–80 000 | R11 260 + 32 per cent of the amount above R55 000 | 80 001–110 000 | R17 200 + 30 per cent of the amount above R80 000 |
| 80 001–100 000 | R19 260 + 37 per cent of the amount above R80 000 | 110 001–170 000 | R26 200 + 35 per cent of the amount above R110 000 |
| 100 001–215 000 | R26 660 + 40 per cent of the amount above R100 000 | 170 001–240 000 | R47 200 + 38 per cent of the amount above R170 000 |
| 215 001 and above | R72 660 + 42 per cent of the amount above R215 000 | 240 001 and above | R73 800 + 40 per cent of the amount above R240 000 |
| Rebates | | Rebates | |
| Primary | R4 140 | Primary | R4 860 |
| Secondary | R3 000 | Secondary | R3 000 |
| Tax threshold | | Tax threshold | |
| Below age 65 | R23 000 | Below age 65 | R27 000 |
| Age 65 and over | R39 154 | Age 65 and over | R42 640 |

| Annexure Y | Budget Review 2003 | | |
|------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|
| 2002/03 | | 2003/04 | |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax |
| 1–40 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | 1–70 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 |
| 40 001–80 000 | R7 200 + 25 per cent of the amount above R40 000 | 70 001–110 000 | R12 600 + 25 per cent of the amount above R70 000 |
| 80 001–110 000 | R17 200 + 30 per cent of the amount above R80 000 | 110 001–140 000 | R22 600 + 30 per cent of the amount above R110 000 |
| 110 001–170 000 | R26 200 + 35 per cent of the amount above R110 000 | 140 001–180 000 | R31 600 + 35 per cent of the amount above R140 000 |
| 170 001–240 000 | R47 200 + 38 per cent of the amount above R170 000 | 180 001–255 000 | R45 600 + 38 per cent of the amount above R180 000 |
| 240 001 and above | R73 800 + 40 per cent of the amount above R240 000 | 255 001 and above | R74 100 + 40 per cent of the amount above R255 000 |
| Rebates | | Rebates | |
| Primary | R4 860 | Primary | R5 400 |
| Secondary | R3 000 | Secondary | R3 100 |
| Tax threshold | | Tax threshold | |
| Below age 65 | R27 000 | Below age 65 | R30 000 |
| Age 65 and over | R42 640 | Age 65 and over | R47 222 |

| Annexure Z Budget Review 2004 | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|--|
| 2003/04 | | 2004/05 | | |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | |
| 1–70 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | 1–74 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | |
| 70 001–110 000 | R12 600 + 25 per cent of the amount above R70 000 | 74 001–115 000 | R13 320 + 25 per cent of the amount above R74 000 | |
| 110 001–140 000 | R22 600 + 30 per cent of the amount above R110 000 | 115 001–155 000 | R23 570 + 30 per cent of the amount above R115 000 | |
| 140 001–180 000 | R31 600 + 35 per cent of the amount above R140 000 | 155 001–195 000 | R35 570 + 35 per cent of the amount above R155 000 | |
| 180 001–255 000 | R45 600 + 38 per cent of the amount above R180 000 | 195 001–270 000 | R49 570 + 38 per cent of the amount above R195 000 | |
| 255 001 and above | R74 100 + 40 per cent of the amount above R255 000 | 270 001 and above | R78 070 + 40 per cent of the amount above R270 000 | |
| Rebates | | Rebates | | |
| Primary | R5 400 | Primary | R5 800 | |
| Secondary | R3 100 | Secondary | R3 200 | |
| Tax threshold | | Tax threshold | | |
| Below age 65 | R30 000 | Below age 65 | R32 222 | |
| Age 65 and over | R47 222 | Age 65 and over | R50 000 | |

| Annexure AA Budget Review 2005 | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------|---|
| 2004/05 | | 2005/06 | |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax |
| 1–74 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | 1–80 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 |
| 74 001–115 000 | R13 320 + 25 per cent of the amount above R74 000 | 80 001–130 000 | R14 400 + 25 per cent of the amount above R80 000 |
| 115 001–155 000 | R23 570 + 30 per cent of the amount above R115 000 | 130 001–180 000 | R26 900 + 30 per cent of the amount above R130 000 |
| 155 001–195 000 | R35 570 + 35 per cent of the amount above R155 000 | 180 001–230 000 | R41 900 + 35 per cent of the amount above R180 000 |
| 195 001–270 000 | R49 570 + 38 per cent of the amount above R195 000 | 230 001–300 000 | R59 400 + 38 per cent of the amount above R230 000 |
| 270 001 and above | R78 070 + 40 per cent of the amount above R270 000 | 300 001 and above | R86 000 + 40 per cent of the amount above R300 000 |
| Rebates | | Rebates | |
| Primary | R5 800 | Primary | R6 300 |
| Secondary | R3 200 | Secondary | R4 500 |
| Tax threshold | | Tax threshold | |
| Below age 65 | R32 222 | Below age 65 | R35 000 |
| Age 65 and over | R50 000 | Age 65 and over | R60 000 |

| Annexure AB Budget Review 2006 | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------|---|--|
| | 2005/06 | | 2006/07 | |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | |
| 1–80 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | 1–100 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | |
| 80 001–130 000 | R14 400 + 25 per cent of the amount above R80 000 | 100 001–160 000 | R18 000 + 25 per cent of the amount above R100 000 | |
| 130 001–180 000 | R26 900 + 30 per cent of the amount above R130 000 | 160 001–220 000 | R33 000 + 30 per cent of the amount above R160 000 | |
| 180 001–230 000 | R41 900 + 35 per cent of the amount above R180 000 | 220 001–300 000 | R51 000 + 35 per cent of the amount above R220 000 | |
| 230 001–300 000 | R59 400 + 38 per cent of the amount above R230 000 | 300 001–400 000 | R79 000 + 38 per cent of the amount above R300 000 | |
| 300 001 and above | R86 000 + 40 per cent of the amount above R300 000 | 400 001 and above | R117 000 + 40 per cent of the amount above R400 000 | |
| Rebates | | Rebates | | |
| Primary | R6 300 | Primary | R7 200 | |
| Secondary | R4 500 | Secondary | R4 500 | |
| Tax threshold | | Tax threshold | | |
| Below age 65 | R35 000 | Below age 65 | R40 000 | |
| Age 65 and over | R60 000 | Age 65 and over | R65 000 | |

| Annexure AC Budget Review 2007 | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|-----------------|---|--|--|--|
| | 2006/07 | 2007/08 | | | | |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tay | | Rates of tax | | | |
| 1–100 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | 1–112 500 | 18 per cent of each R1 | | | |
| 100 001–160 000 | R18 000 + 25 per cent of the amount above R100 000 | 112 501–180 000 | R20 250 + 25 per cent of the amount above R112 500 | | | |
| 160 001–220 000 | R33 000 + 30 per cent of the amount above R160 000 | 180 001–250 000 | R37 125 + 30 per cent of the amount above R180 000 | | | |
| 220 001–300 000 | R51 000 + 35 per cent of the amount above R220 000 | 250 001–350 000 | R58 125 + 35 per cent of the amount above R250 000 | | | |
| 300 001–400 000 | R79 000 + 38 per cent of the amount above R300 000 | 350 001–450 000 | R93 125 + 38 per cent of the amount above R350 000 | | | |
| 400 001 and above | 400 001 and above R117 000 + 40 per cent of the amount above R400 000 | | R131 125 + 40 per cent of the amount above R450 000 | | | |
| Rebates | | Rebates | | | | |
| Primary | R7 200 | Primary | R7 740 | | | |
| Secondary | R4 500 | Secondary | R4 680 | | | |
| Tax threshold | | Tax threshold | | | | |
| Below age 65 | R40 000 | Below age 65 | R43 000 | | | |
| Age 65 and over | Age 65 and over R65 000 | | R69 000 | | | |

| Annexure AD Budget Review 2008 | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 2007/08 | 2008/09 | | | | |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | | | |
| 1–112 500 | 18 per cent of each R1 | 1–122 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | | | |
| 112 501–180 000 | R20 250 + 25 per cent of the amount above R112 500 | 122 001–195 000 | R21 960 + 25 per cent of the amount above R122 000 | | | |
| 180 001–250 000 | R37 125 + 30 per cent of the amount above R180 000 | 195 001–270 000 | R40 210 + 30 per cent of the amount above R195 000 | | | |
| 250 001–350 000 | R58 125 + 35 per cent of the amount above R250 000 | 270 001–380 000 | R62 710 + 35 per cent of the amount above R270 000 | | | |
| 350 001–450 000 | R93 125 + 38 per cent of the amount above R350 000 | 380 001–490 000 | R101 210 + 38 per cent of the amount above R380 000 | | | |
| 450 001 and above | 450 001 and above R131 125 + 40 per cent of the amount above R450 000 | | R143 010 + 40 per cent of the amount above R490 000 | | | |
| Rebates | | Rebates | | | | |
| Primary | R7 740 | Primary | R8 280 | | | |
| Secondary | R4 680 | Secondary | R5 040 | | | |
| Tax threshold | | Tax threshold | | | | |
| Below age 65 | R43 000 | Below age 65 | R46 000 | | | |
| Age 65 and over | Age 65 and over R69 000 | | R74 000 | | | |

| Annexure AE Budget Review 2009 | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 2008/09 | 2009/10 | | | | |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | | | |
| 1–122 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | 1–132 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | | | |
| 122 001–195 000 | R21 960 + 25 per cent of the amount above R122 000 | 132 001–210 000 | R23 760 + 25 per cent of the amount above R132 000 | | | |
| 195 001–270 000 | 195 001–270 000 R40 210 + 30 per cent of the amount above R195 000 | | R43 260 + 30 per cent of the amount above R210 000 | | | |
| 270 001–380 000 | R62 710 + 35 per cent of the amount above R270 000 | 290 001–410 000 | R67 260 + 35 per cent of the amount above R290 000 | | | |
| 380 001–490 000 | R101 210 + 38 per cent of the amount above R380 000 | 410 001–525 000 | R109 260 + 38 per cent of the amount above R410 000 | | | |
| 490 001 and above | 490 001 and above R143 010 + 40 per cent of the amount above R490 000 | | R152 960 + 40 per cent of the amount above R525 000 | | | |
| Rebates | | Rebates | | | | |
| Primary | R8 280 | Primary | R9 756 | | | |
| Secondary | R5 040 | Secondary | R5 400 | | | |
| Tax threshold | Tax threshold | | | | | |
| Below age 65 | R46 000 | Below age 65 | R54 200 | | | |
| Age 65 and over | Age 65 and over R74 000 | | R84 200 | | | |

| Annexure AF Budget Review 2010 | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 2009/10 | 2010/11 | | | | |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tay | | Rates of tax | | | |
| 1–132 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | 1–140 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | | | |
| 132 001–210 000 | R23 760 + 25 per cent of the amount above R132 000 | 140 001–221 000 | R25 200 + 25 per cent of the amount above R140 000 | | | |
| 210 001–290 000 | R43 260 + 30 per cent of the amount above R210 000 | 221 001–305 000 | R45 450 + 30 per cent of the amount above R221 000 | | | |
| 290 001–410 000 | R67 260 + 35 per cent of the amount above R290 000 | 305 001–431 000 | R70 650 + 35 per cent of the amount above R305 000 | | | |
| 410 001–525 000 | R109 260 + 38 per cent of the amount above R410 000 | 431 001–552 000 | R114 750 + 38 per cent of the amount above R431 000 | | | |
| 525 001 and above | R152 960 + 40 per cent of the amount above R525 000 | 552 001 and above | R160 730 + 40 per cent of the amount above R552 000 | | | |
| Rebates | | Rebates | | | | |
| Primary | R9 756 | Primary | R10 260 | | | |
| Secondary | R5 400 | Secondary | R 5 675 | | | |
| Tax threshold | | Tax threshold | | | | |
| Below age 65 | R54 200 | Below age 65 | R57 000 | | | |
| Age 65 and over | R84 200 | Age 65 and over R88 528 | | | | |

| Annexure AG Budget Review 2011 | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | 2010/11 | 2011/12 | | | | |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | | | |
| 1–140 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | 1–150 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | | | |
| 140 001–221 000 | R25 200 + 25 per cent of the amount above R140 000 | 150 001–235 000 | R27 000 + 25 per cent of the amount above R150 000 | | | |
| 221 001–305 000 | R45 450 + 30 per cent of the amount above R221 000 | 235 001–325 000 | R48 250 + 30 per cent of the amount above R235 000 | | | |
| 305 001–431 000 | R70 650 + 35 per cent of the amount above R305 000 | 325 001–455 000 | R75 250 + 35 per cent of the amount above R325 000 | | | |
| 431 001–552 000 | R114 750 + 38 per cent of the amount above R431 000 | 455 001–580 000 | R120 750 + 38 per cent of the amount above R455 000 | | | |
| 552 001 and above | R160 730 + 40 per cent of the amount above R552 000 | 580 001 and above | R168 250 + 40 per cent of the amount above R580 000 | | | |
| Rebates | | Rebates | | | | |
| Primary | R10 260 | Primary | R10 755 | | | |
| Secondary | R5 675 | Secondary | R6 012 | | | |
| | | Tertiary | R2 000 | | | |
| Tax threshold | | Tax threshold | | | | |
| Below age 65 | R57 000 | Below age 65 | R59 750 | | | |
| Age 65 and over | R88 528 | Age 65 and over | R93 150 | | | |
| | | Age 75 and over | R104 261 | | | |

| Annexure AH Budget Review 2012 | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | 2011/12 | 2012/13 | | | |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | | |
| 1–150 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | 1–160 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | | |
| 150 001–235 000 | R27 000 + 25 per cent of the amount above R150 000 | 160 001–250 000 | R28 800 + 25 per cent of the amount above R160 000 | | |
| 235 001–325 000 | R48 250 + 30per cent of the amount above R235 000 | 250 001–346 000 | R51 300 + 30 per cent of the amount above R200 000 | | |
| 325 001–455 000 | R75 250 + 35 per cent of the amount above R325 000 | 346 001–484 000 | R80 100 + 35 per cent of the amount above R346 000 | | |
| 455 001–580 000 | R120 750 + 38 per cent of the amount above R455 000 | 484 001–617 000 | R128 400 + 38 per cent of the amount above R484 000 | | |
| 580 001 and above | R168 250 + 40 per cent of the amount above R580 000 | 617 001 and above | R178 940 + 40 per cent of the amount above R617 000 | | |
| Rebates | | Rebates | | | |
| Primary | R10 755 | Primary | R11 440 | | |
| Secondary | R6 012 | Secondary | R6 390 | | |
| Tertiary | R2 000 | Tertiary | R2 130 | | |
| Tax threshold | | Tax threshold | | | |
| Below age 65 | R59 750 | Below age 65 | R63 556 | | |
| Age 65 and over | R93 150 | Age 65 and over | R99 056 | | |
| Age 75 and over | R104 261 | Age 75 and over | R110 889 | | |

| Annexure Al Budget Review 2013 | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | 2012/13 | 2013/14 | | | |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | | |
| 1–160 000 | 18 per cent of each R1 | 1–165 600 | 18 per cent of each R1 | | |
| 160 001–250 000 | R28 800 + 25 per cent of the amount above R160 000 | 165 601–258 750 | R29 808 + 25 per cent of the amount above R165 600 | | |
| 250 001–346 000 | R51 300 + 30 per cent of the amount above R230 000 | 258 751–358 110 | R53 096 + 30 per cent of the amount above R258 750 | | |
| 346 001–484 000 | R80 100 + 35 per cent of the amount above R346 000 | 358 111–500 940 | R82 904 + 35 per cent of the amount above R358 110 | | |
| 484 001–617 000 | R128 400 + 38 per cent of the amount above R484 000 | 500 941–638 600 | R132 894 + 38 per cent of the amount above R500 940 | | |
| 617 001 and above | R178 940 + 40 per cent of the amount above R617 000 | 638 601 and above | R185 205 + 40 per cent of the amount above R638 600 | | |
| Rebates | | Rebates | | | |
| Primary | R11 440 | Primary | R12 080 | | |
| Secondary | R 6 930 | Secondary | R 6 750 | | |
| Tertiary | R 2 130 | Tertiary | R 2 250 | | |
| Tax threshold | | Tax threshold | | | |
| Below age 65 | R63 556 | Below age 65 | R67 111 | | |
| Age 65 and over | R99 056 | Age 65 and over | R104 611 | | |
| Age 75 and over | R110 889 | Age 75 and over | R117 111 | | |

| 20 | 013/14 | | | | |
|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | 713/14 | 2014/15 | | | |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | | |
| 1–165 600 1 | 18 per cent of each R1 | 1–174 550 | 18 per cent of each R1 | | |
| | R29 808 + 25 per cent of the amount above R165 600 | 174 551–272 700 | R31 419 + 25 per cent of the amount above R174 550 | | |
| | R53 096 + 30 per cent of the amount above R258 750 | 272 701–377 450 | R55 957 + 30 per cent of the amount above R272 700 | | |
| | R82 904 + 35 per cent of the amount above R358 110 | 377 451–528 000 | R87 382 + 35 per cent of the amount above R377 450 | | |
| | R132 894 + 38 per cent of the amount above R500 940 | 528 001–673 100 | R140 074 + 38 per cent of the amount above R528 000 | | |
| | R185 204 + 40 per cent of the amount above R638 600 | 673 101 and above | R195 212 + 40 per cent of the amount above R673 100 | | |
| Rebates | | Rebates | | | |
| Primary F | R12 080 | Primary | R12 726 | | |
| Secondary F | R 6 750 | Secondary | R 7 110 | | |
| Tertiary F | R 2 250 | Tertiary | R 2 367 | | |
| Tax threshold | | Tax threshold | | | |
| Below age 65 | R67 111 | Below age 65 | R70 700 | | |
| Age 65 and over F | R104 611 | Age 65 and over | R110 200 | | |
| Age 75 and over F | R117 111 | Age 75 and over | R123 350 | | |

| Annexure AK | Budget Review 2015 | | |
|------------------------------|---|--|---|
| | 2014/15 | | 2015/16 |
| Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax | Taxable income (R per annum) | Rates of tax |
| R1-R174 550 | 18 per cent of each R1 | R1-R181 900 | 18 per cent of each R1 |
| R174 551–R272 700 | R31 419 + 25 per cent of the amount above R174 550 | R181 901–R284 100 | R32 742 + 26 per cent of the amount above R181 900 |
| R272 701-R377 450 | R55 957 + 30 per cent of the amount above R272 700 | R284 101–R393 200 | R59 314 + 31 per cent of the amount above R284 100 |
| R377 451-R528 000 | R87 382 + 35 per cent of the amount above R377 450 | R393 201-R550 100 | R93 135 + 36 per cent of the amount above R393 200 |
| R528 001–R673 100 | R140 074 + 38 per cent of the amount above R528 000 | R550 101–R701 300 | R149 619 + 39 per cent of the amount above R550 100 |
| R673 101 and above | R195 212 + 40 per cent of the amount above R673 100 | e R701 301 and above R208 587 + 41 per cer amount above R701 30 | |
| Rebates | | Rebates | |
| Primary | R12 726 | Primary | R13 257 |
| Secondary | R 7 110 | Secondary | R 7 407 |
| Tertiary | R 2 367 | Tertiary | R 2 466 |
| Tax threshold | | Tax threshold | |
| Below age 65 | R70 700 | Below age 65 | R73 650 |
| Age 65 and over | R110 200 | Age 65 and over | R114 800 |
| Age 75 and over | R123 350 | Age 75 and over | R128 500 |

Annexure AL Taxable income level in 2015/16 price terms in which maximum marginal rate kicks in (R per annum)

| R millions | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|---------|--------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|------------------|
| Fiscal year* | All | Married | Single | Married women | All | Married | Single | Married women |
| | Nominal | | | Real | | | | |
| 1980 | | 22 000 | 22 000 | | | 527 273 | 527 273 | |
| 1981 | | 40 001 | 40 001 | | | 837 566 | 837 566 | |
| 1982 | | 40 001 | 40 001 | | | 729 578 | 729 578 | |
| 1983 | | 40 001 | 40 001 | | | 637 379 | 637 379 | |
| 1984 | | 40 001 | 40 001 | | | 572 147 | 572 147 | |
| 1985 | | 40 001 | 40 001 | | | 507 117 | 507 117 | |
| 1986 | | 60 000 | 42 000 | | | 648 649 | 454 054 | |
| 1987 | | 60 000 | 42 000 | | | 549 763 | 384 834 | |
| 1988 | | 60 000 | 42 000 | | | 476 386 | 333 470 | |
| 1989 | | 80 000 | 54 000 | | | 563 107 | 380 097 | |
| 1990 | | 80 000 | 54 000 | 40 000 | | 489 193 | 330 206 | 244 597 |
| 1991 | | 80 000 | 56 000 | 40 000 | | 428 637 | 300 046 | 214 319 |
| 1992 | | 80 000 | 56 000 | 40 000 | | 370 459 | 259 321 | 185 230 |
| 1993 | | 80 000 | 56 000 | 50 000 | | 330 014 | 231 010 | 206 259 |
| 1994 | | 80 000 | 56 000 | 50 000 | | 300 615 | 210 431 | 187 885 |
| 1995 | | 80 000 | 56 000 | 50 000 | | 275 780 | 193 046 | 172 363 |
| 1996 | 80 000 | | | | 255 788 | | | |
| 1997 | 100 000 | | | | 295 617 | | | |
| 1998 | 100 000 | | | | 274 882 | | | |
| 1999 | 120 000 | | | | 306 540 | | | |
| 2000 | 120 000 | | | | 295 291 | | | |
| 2001 | 200 001 | | | | 462 154 | | | |
| 2002 | 215 001 | | | | 471 904 | | | |
| 2003 | 240 001 | | | | 477 123 | | | |
| 2004 | 255 001 | | | | 490 549 | | | |
| 2005 | 270 001 | | | | 509 270 | | | |
| 2006 | 300 001 | | | | 546 055 | | | |
| 2007 | 400 001 | | | | 692 229 | | | |
| 2008 | 450 001 | | | | 720 498 | | | |
| 2009 | 490 001 | | | | 703 815 | | | |
| 2010 | 525 001 | | | | 710 454 | | | |
| 2011 | 552 001 | | | | 719 543 | | | |
| 2012 | 580 001 | | | | 716 127 | | | |
| 2013 | 617 001 | | | | 721 711 | | | |
| 2014 | 638 601 | | | | 706 040 | | | |
| 2015 | 673 101 | | | | 704 627 | | | |
| 2016 | 701 301 | | | | 701 301 | | | |
| | March of each | | | | | | | |

^{*} Ending 31 March of each fiscal year

... not available