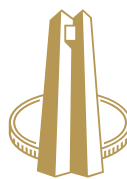


QUARTERLY BULLETIN

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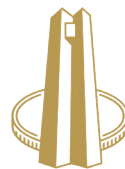


SOUTH AFRICAN RESERVE BANK



QUARTERLY BULLETIN

DECEMBER 2025



SOUTH AFRICAN RESERVE BANK





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Contents

Quarterly economic review

Introduction.....	1
Domestic economic developments.....	6
Domestic output	6
Real gross domestic expenditure.....	12
Gross nominal saving.....	19
Employment.....	20
Labour cost and productivity	31
Prices.....	32
External economic accounts.....	43
Current account	43
Financial account	51
Foreign-owned assets in South Africa	52
South African-owned assets abroad.....	52
Foreign debt.....	53
International investment position.....	54
International reserves and liquidity	56
Exchange rates	56
Turnover in the South African foreign exchange market.....	59
Monetary developments, interest rates and financial markets	63
Money supply.....	63
Credit extension.....	65
Interest rates and yields	69
Money market	73
Bond market	78
Share market	81
Market for exchange-traded derivatives.....	82
Real estate market	85
Non-bank financial institutions	87
Flow of funds.....	88
Public finance	91
Non-financial public sector borrowing requirement.....	91
Budget comparable analysis of national government finances	97
Total public sector debt.....	108
Integrated economic accounts	109
Current and capital account.....	109
Non-financial balance sheet and accumulation account.....	109
Financial balance sheet and accumulation account.....	110
Boxes	
Box 1 Changes to the <i>Quarterly Labour Force Survey</i> in adherence to international best practice.....	24
Box 2 Understanding the South African Reserve Bank's balance sheet.....	76
Box 3 The <i>2025 Medium Term Budget Policy Statement</i>	93
Abbreviations.....	113
Notes to tables.....	115
Statistical tables	
Contents	S-0
Statistical tables	S-2
Key information	S-155
Experimental tables	
Contents	E-1
Experimental tables	E-2





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Quarterly economic review

Introduction

Several positive developments have lifted investor sentiment in the domestic economy in recent months. These include South Africa's removal from the Financial Action Task Force's (FATF) grey list, an improved fiscal outlook presented in the *2025 Medium Term Budget Policy Statement (MTBPS)*, the announcement of a new 3% inflation target and an upgrade of South Africa's foreign currency sovereign credit rating by S&P Global Ratings – the first upgrade in two decades. In addition, easing global trade tensions and higher commodity prices, especially for gold and platinum group metals (PGMs), have supported the exchange value of the rand, while the continued rally in domestic share and bond prices has contributed to positive wealth effects.

Economic activity in South Africa continued to expand in the third quarter of 2025, although the growth rate in real gross domestic product (GDP) slowed to 0.5% from a revised 0.9% in the second quarter. The moderation reflected slower growth across the primary and tertiary sectors, while the secondary sector experienced a slight contraction.

Growth in real gross value added (GVA) by the primary sector was driven by sustained increases in both agriculture and mining, albeit at a slower pace. Agricultural output was supported by higher yields in field crops and horticultural and animal products, despite ongoing challenges such as animal disease outbreaks and rising input costs. Favourable rainfall and better crop yields boosted the projected commercial maize crop to 16.44 million tons for the 2024/25 season – nearly 28% higher than the previous season, well above domestic demand and supporting export potential. The increase in mining output was led by PGMs, manganese ore, coal and chromium ore, while iron ore and diamond production declined. Mining production benefitted from stronger external demand for certain commodities, improved logistics and higher commodity prices, particularly for PGMs.

The secondary sector's real GVA was virtually unchanged in the third quarter of 2025, as the decline in electricity, gas and water supply offset marginal growth in manufacturing and construction output. The slight increase in manufacturing output was largely driven by increased production of food and beverages, furniture and other manufacturing products, and motor vehicles, parts and accessories. Activity was constrained by weak demand, persistent logistical challenges and uncertainty surrounding the United States (US) trade policy, as reflected in lower capacity utilisation. The contraction in real output of the sector supplying electricity, gas and water was largely due to reduced electricity production and consumption in the third quarter, reflecting reduced electricity generation from Eskom, likely due to subdued demand from other industries.

Tertiary sector output expanded by 0.5% in the third quarter of 2025, with all four subsectors making positive contributions. The commerce sector's real GVA rose further, supported by increased wholesale, retail and motor trade as well as tourist accommodation activity. The expansion in transport, storage and communication services was aided by the continued recovery in passenger rail journeys and increased activity in air transport and communication services. Increased real estate and other business services activity bolstered the real GVA of the finance, insurance, real estate and business services sector, with real estate benefitting from successive cuts in the prime lending rate since the third quarter of 2024.

Growth in real gross domestic expenditure moderated from 1.3% in the second quarter of 2025 to 0.9% in the third quarter, reflecting slower growth in both household and government consumption expenditure. However, real gross fixed capital formation returned to growth in the third quarter, alongside further accumulation of real inventory holdings. Real final



consumption expenditure by households made the largest contribution to real GDP growth in the third quarter of 2025, while real net exports detracted from overall economic growth as import volumes increased more quickly than export volumes.

Growth in real final consumption expenditure by households slowed slightly to 0.7% in the third quarter of 2025, in line with the slower growth in their real disposable income. Spending on durable goods rose sharply, supported by the stable exchange value of the rand, subdued consumer price inflation for durable goods and lower interest rates.

The ratio of household debt to disposable income edged lower to 61.6% in the third quarter of 2025 from 62.1% in the previous quarter, as household debt increased at a slightly slower pace than nominal disposable income. Households' cost of servicing debt relative to disposable income fell to 8.5% from 8.7% over this period.

Households' net worth continued to improve in the third quarter of 2025, as the market value of their total assets increased more rapidly than their total liabilities. The rise in assets was largely due to a notable increase in share prices, as both domestic and global equity prices rallied, with the FTSE/JSE All-Share Index reaching new all-time highs after surging by 11.9% in the third quarter. The value of housing stock also rose further as residential property prices continued to increase.

Although real gross fixed capital formation rebounded in the third quarter of 2025, its average level in the first three quarters of the year was still 2.7% lower than in the same period of 2024. The recovery in the third quarter largely reflected higher capital investment from the public sector, while capital outlays by private business enterprises increased only slightly. By asset type, transport equipment and computer software made the largest contributions to growth in fixed investment over this period.

Total household-surveyed employment increased further by 248 000 from the second to the third quarter of 2025, with job gains recorded across all three main sectors. Informal sector employment increased significantly, partly due to improved coverage after Statistics South Africa implemented methodological changes to its *Quarterly Labour Force Survey* to align with international best practice. Nevertheless, the year-on-year growth in total employment moderated from 0.9% in the second quarter to 0.6% in the third quarter of 2025.

South Africa's total labour force declined to 25.1 million people in the third quarter of 2025, as the decrease in the number of the officially unemployed outweighed the increase in employed people. This lowered the official unemployment rate from 33.2% in the second quarter to 31.9% in the third, with the youth unemployment rate also coming down.

After three consecutive quarters of moderation, growth in formal non-agricultural nominal remuneration per worker accelerated to 5.1% in the second quarter of 2025. This was mainly due to a notable quickening in the public sector, while growth in private sector remuneration per worker slowed further. Similarly, real wage growth per worker rose to 3.1% in the second quarter, as faster nominal remuneration growth coincided with a moderation in consumer price inflation.

Growth in labour productivity in the formal non-agricultural sector accelerated to 3.0% in the second quarter of 2025, as year-on-year growth in non-agricultural output quickened and employment growth slowed. Conversely, growth in nominal unit labour cost in the formal non-agricultural sector eased further to 2.0%, as year-on-year growth in total remuneration slowed while output growth accelerated. In addition, growth in economy-wide nominal unit labour cost slowed for a third successive quarter to 1.6% in the third quarter of 2025, as growth



in employee compensation moderated further while growth in total output accelerated. The downward trend in both measures of nominal unit labour cost over the past two years suggests limited inflationary pressure from the labour market.

Domestic inflationary pressures have increased somewhat in recent months, reflecting a gradual reversal of the earlier disinflationary trend, primarily due to a slower pace of decline in fuel prices and higher food prices. Headline consumer price inflation rose gradually from a low of 2.7% in March 2025 to 3.6% in October, as both goods and services price inflation edged up. After 13 months of deflation, consumer fuel prices increased year on year in September and October 2025, mostly due to base effects. Consumer food price inflation trended higher through most of 2025, peaking at 5.5% in July before easing to 3.9% in October, mainly due to a sharp slowdown in vegetable price inflation. In contrast, meat price inflation remained elevated at 11.4% in October, largely driven by high beef prices as supply shortages related to foot-and-mouth disease persisted.

Most measures of underlying inflation have also increased slightly in recent months, largely due to a modest rise in services price inflation. Core inflation edged up from 2.9% in June 2025 – the lowest rate since March 2021 – to 3.1% in October. Encouragingly, surveyed inflation expectations came down further in the fourth quarter of 2025, likely in response to the lowering of South Africa's inflation target to 3.0%. On average, the inflation expectations of all surveyed groups fell below 4.0% across the entire forecast horizon.

South Africa's trade surplus narrowed further in the third quarter of 2025 as the value of merchandise imports grew faster than that of total goods exports. Exports were suppressed by a notable decline in the value of gold exports due to a lower physical quantity of gold exported. Despite a further significant rise in the US dollar price of gold in the third quarter, the average realised rand price of gold increased only marginally due to the rand appreciating against the US dollar over this period.

The higher value of merchandise exports in the third quarter of 2025 was largely due to increased exports of mining and agricultural products, while manufacturing exports declined. Mining exports were supported by higher export values of mineral products and PGMs, driven by a sharp increase in PGM prices. The notable rise in citrus exports lifted the value of agricultural exports. Manufacturing exports were weighed down by reduced exports of vehicles and transport equipment, textiles and related articles as well as machinery and electrical equipment.

Merchandise imports rose because of higher mining and manufacturing imports in the third quarter of 2025. Manufacturing imports picked up mainly due to increased imports of chemical products, textiles and related articles as well as machinery and electrical equipment. Mining imports increased largely because of higher imports of mineral products, boosted by increased importation of refined petroleum products – particularly distillate fuel and petrol – and crude oil.

The deficit on the services, income and current transfer account decreased in the third quarter of 2025 due to a significantly smaller deficit on the income account, as higher dividend receipts and lower dividend payments resulted in net dividend receipts for the first time in two years. In contrast, the deficits on the services and current transfer accounts widened somewhat over this period. Overall, the deficit on the current account of the balance of payments narrowed from 1.0% of GDP in the second quarter of 2025 to 0.7% of GDP in the third quarter.

The financial account of the balance of payments switched to a significant net inflow of capital of R67.4 billion in the third quarter of 2025, as direct investment, portfolio investment and reserve assets recorded net inflows. Portfolio investment liabilities registered a notable inflow in the third quarter of 2025 as non-residents continued to purchase domestic debt securities.



South Africa's total external debt rose from US\$176.5 billion at the end of March 2025 to US\$180.2 billion at the end of June, mainly due to a rise in rand-denominated debt. This was driven by non-resident net purchases of bonds in the domestic capital market and the appreciation of the rand against the US dollar during this period.

South Africa's positive net international investment position grew further to R2 475 billion at the end of June 2025, as the market value of foreign assets increased more than that of foreign liabilities. The rise in foreign assets was mainly attributed to higher direct and portfolio investment assets resulting from valuation effects due to a notable increase in global share prices.

The nominal effective exchange rate (NEER) of the rand increased by 3.2% in the third quarter of 2025, mainly due to a weaker US dollar and higher commodity prices, especially gold and PGMs. The weaker US dollar reflected growing expectations that the US Federal Reserve would lower interest rates amid concerns about slowing US economic growth. While global investor sentiment was dampened by ongoing trade policy uncertainty, it had little impact on the exchange value of the rand. The NEER continued to rise through November 2025, supported by the continued surge in the gold price. Several positive domestic developments also supported the rand since mid-2025, including faster real GDP growth in the second quarter, South Africa's exit from the FATF grey list in October and the improved fiscal outlook presented in the *2025 MTBPS*, which also formally announced the new inflation target of 3.0%.

These developments, together with stable local consumer price inflation and reductions in the repurchase rate, contributed to lower domestic bond yields. The yield on 10-year South African rand-denominated government bonds fell considerably from a high of 10.99% on 7 April 2025 to 8.65% on 28 November. This decline also led to a sharp drop in break-even inflation rates, likely in response to the South African Reserve Bank (SARB) Monetary Policy Committee's (MPC) July 2025 announcement expressing a preference for anchoring inflation at 3.0% and the subsequent introduction of the new inflation target in the *2025 MTBPS*.

Growth in the broadly defined money supply (M3) accelerated gradually to 7.5% in October 2025, reflecting faster growth in corporate sector deposits, particularly among financial companies, while household deposit growth slowed slightly. Year-on-year growth in credit extension accelerated from 3.9% in February 2025 to 7.2% in October, driven by strong corporate sector demand, while household credit growth remained subdued.

The preliminary non-financial public sector borrowing requirement decreased by R53.7 billion year on year to R157.9 billion in the first six months (April–September 2025) of fiscal 2025/26. This reflected a significantly lower cash deficit for national government and a switch from a cash *deficit* to a cash *surplus* by non-financial public enterprises and corporations. Higher revenue collections across most tax categories boosted national government's cash receipts from operating activities.

National government's cash book deficit narrowed by R25.0 billion to R231.0 billion in the first half of fiscal 2025/26 compared to the same period a year earlier, as revenue increased faster than expenditure. The primary deficit also narrowed over this period. However, the net borrowing requirement increased notably over the same period, largely because the Gold and Foreign Exchange Contingency Reserve Account (GFECRA) settlement of R100 billion

reduced the borrowing requirement in the previous fiscal year. As a share of GDP, national government's total gross loan debt increased to 78.9% as at 30 September 2025 from 74.9% a year earlier.

The *2025 MTBPS* reaffirmed government's commitment to achieving its fiscal targets. Economic growth is expected to improve over the medium term as investment increases, driven by government plans to boost infrastructure spending and advance key structural reforms. The consolidated government budget deficit as a percentage of GDP is projected to decrease from 4.7% in fiscal 2025/26 to 2.9% in fiscal 2028/29. This largely reflects a sustained increase in the projected primary surplus, which is also expected to stabilise national government's debt-to-GDP ratio at 77.9% in fiscal 2025/26.

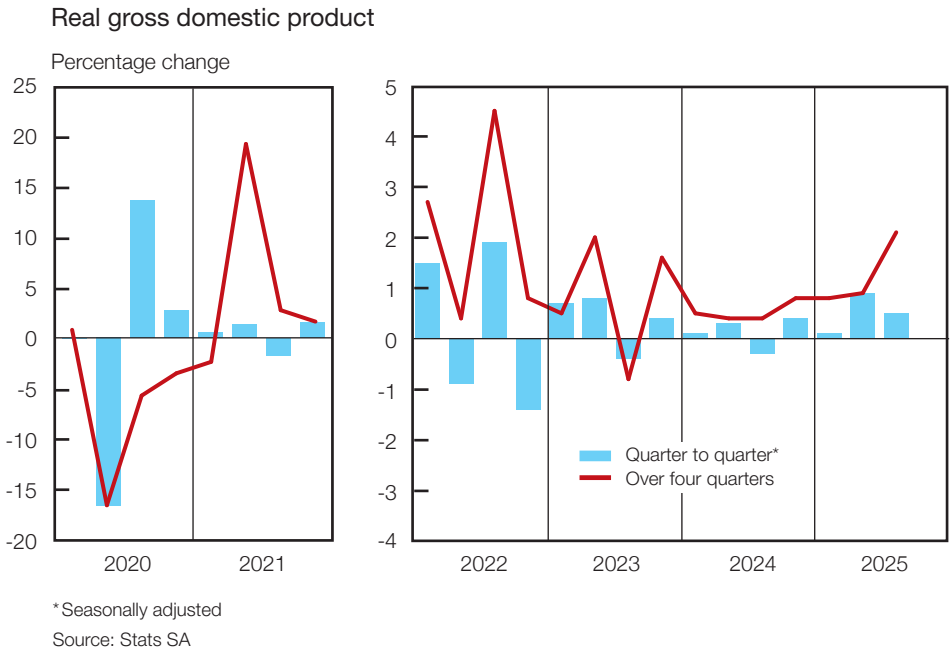


Domestic economic developments

1 The quarter-to-quarter growth rates referred to in this section are based on seasonally adjusted data but not annualised, to conform to the official publication by Statistics South Africa (Stats SA).

Domestic output¹

Economic activity in South Africa continued to expand in the third quarter of 2025, though growth in real *gross domestic product* (GDP) slowed to 0.5% from a revised 0.9% in the second quarter. The real gross value added (GVA) by the primary and tertiary sectors increased at a slower pace, while real output in the secondary sector decreased over the period. Real GDP in the third quarter of 2025 was 2.1% higher than a year earlier and, on average, 1.2% higher in the first three quarters of the year compared to the same period of 2024.



Ongoing uncertainty in both the domestic and global economies led several institutions to revise South Africa’s economic growth outlook for 2025. In its October 2025 *World Economic Outlook (WEO)*, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) raised its real GDP growth projection for South Africa slightly from 1.0% to 1.1%. Similarly, the South African Reserve Bank (SARB) adjusted its estimate to 1.3% in the November 2025 Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) statement, marginally up from its previous forecast of 1.2%. Meanwhile, National Treasury lowered its forecast from 1.4% in the 2025 *Budget Overview* to 1.2% in the 2025 *Medium Term Budget Policy Statement (MTBPS)*.

Real gross domestic product

Quarter-to-quarter percentage change at seasonally adjusted but not annualised rates

Sector	2024					2025		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Year*	Q1	Q2	Q3
Primary sector	4.1	-1.9	-7.2	5.6	-3.0	4.0	3.1	1.8
Agriculture	14.0	-3.9	-20.5	17.7	-8.7	18.6	2.5	1.1
Mining.....	-1.2	-0.7	0.7	-0.1	0.4	-4.1	3.5	2.3
Secondary sector	-1.2	0.6	0.4	-1.0	-0.6	-2.4	1.0	-0.1
Manufacturing.....	-1.2	0.5	0.1	-1.1	-0.4	-2.0	1.5	0.3
Construction.....	-2.9	0.3	0.8	-0.5	-5.4	-3.7	-0.3	0.1
Tertiary sector.....	0.0	0.4	0.3	0.2	1.1	0.3	0.7	0.5
Wholesale and retail trade, catering and accommodation	1.0	0.9	-0.8	1.3	-1.2	0.3	1.4	1.0
Finance, real estate and business services	0.0	1.7	1.1	0.9	3.2	0.1	0.7	0.3
Non-primary sector**	-0.2	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.8	-0.2	0.7	0.4
Non-agricultural sector***	-0.3	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.8	-0.4	0.9	0.5
Total	0.1	0.3	-0.3	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.9	0.5

* Percentage change over one year

** The non-primary sector represents total GVA excluding agriculture and mining.

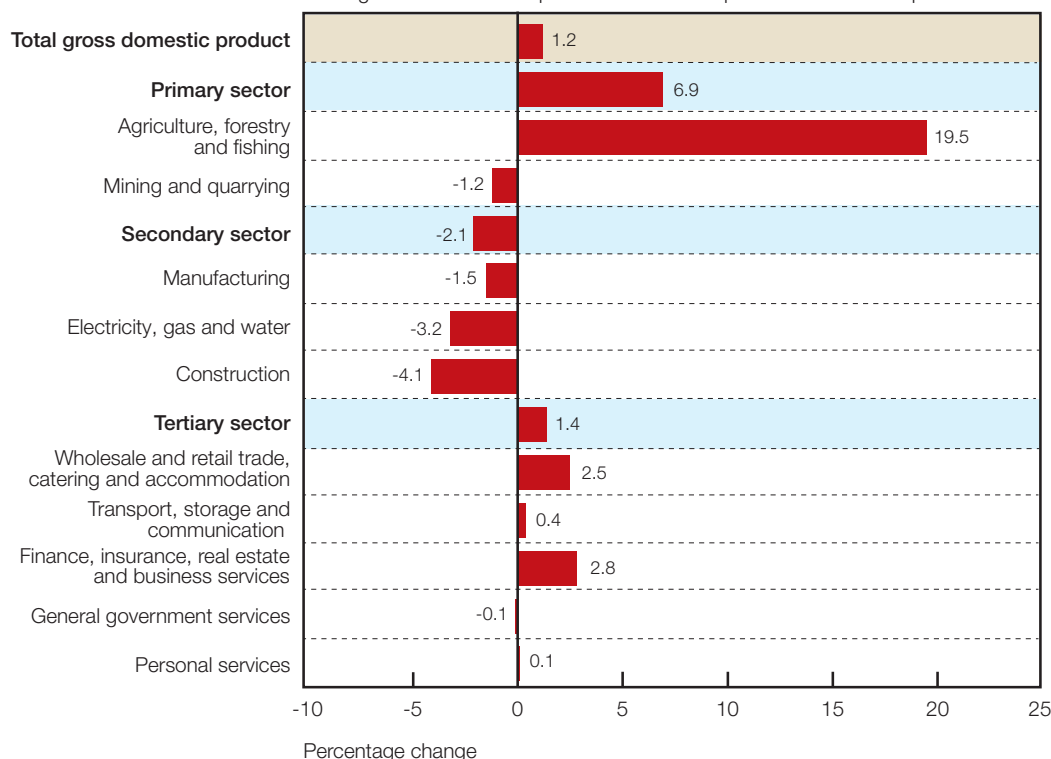
*** The non-agricultural sector represents total GVA excluding agriculture.

Source: Stats SA

The real GVA by the *non-agricultural sector* rose further by 0.5% in the third quarter of 2025, following a revised expansion of 0.9% in the second quarter.

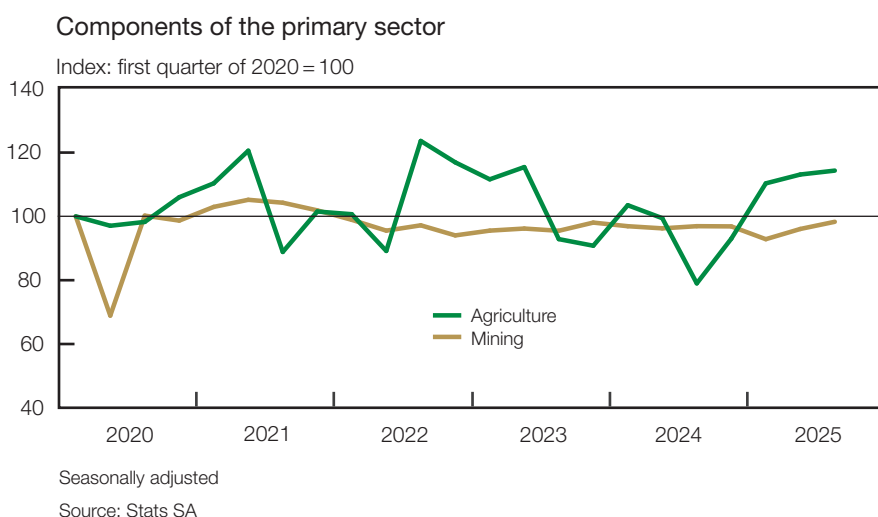
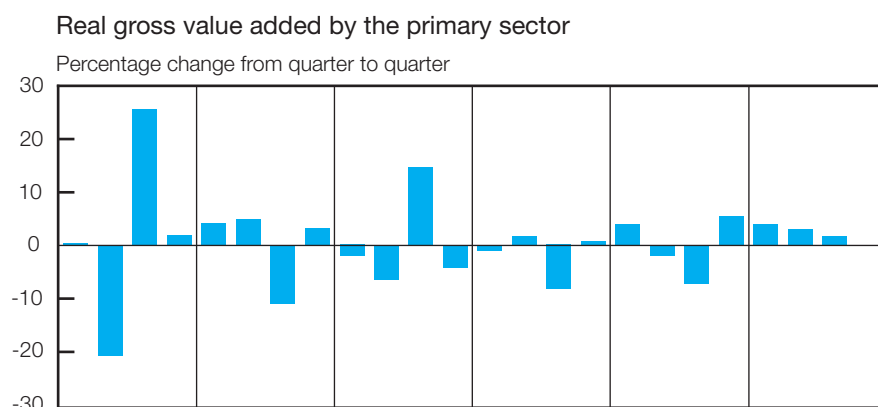
Real gross domestic product

Average of the first three quarters of 2025 compared with the same period of 2024



Source: Stats SA

The real GVA by the *primary sector* grew by 1.8% in the third quarter of 2025, contributing 0.1 percentage points to overall real GDP growth, following an increase of 3.1% in the previous quarter. This growth was driven by a sustained increase in both the agricultural and mining sectors.



The real output of the *agricultural sector* expanded further by 1.1% in the third quarter of 2025, following an increase of 2.5% in the second quarter. This growth mainly resulted from higher yields in field crops as well as horticultural and animal products, supported by favourable weather conditions and delayed harvesting. Despite this, animal disease outbreaks, uncertainties in global trade and rising input costs continued to weigh on overall agricultural output.

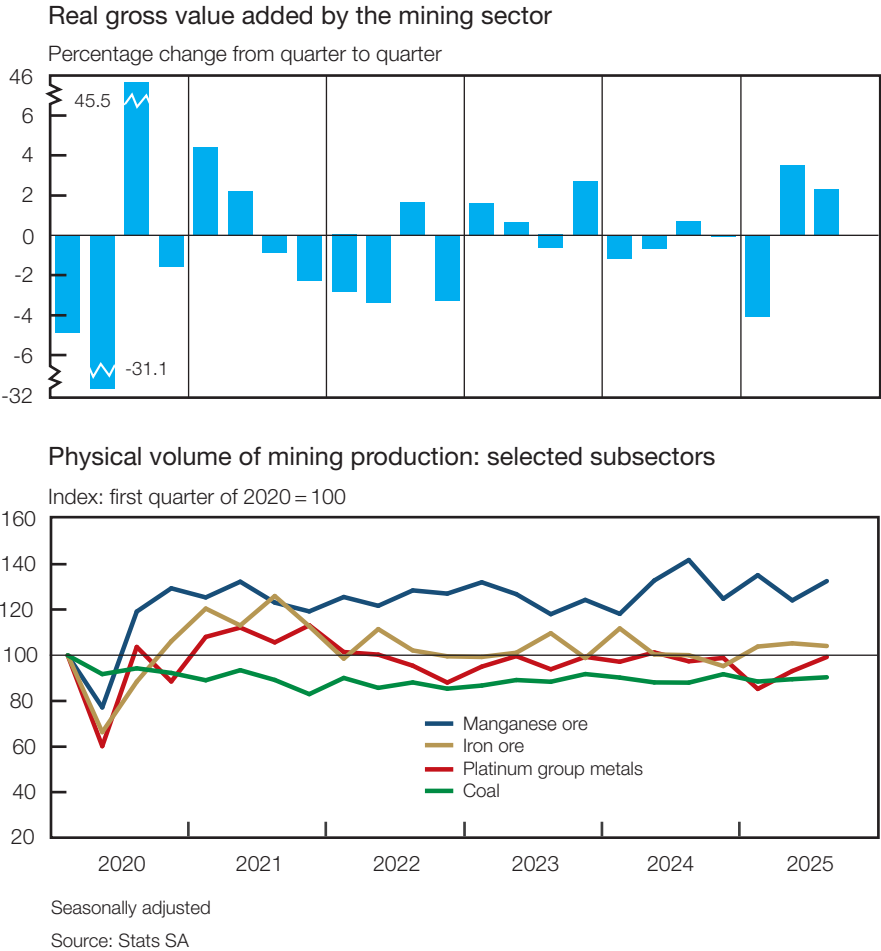
The commercial maize crop for the 2024/25 season is projected at 16.44 million tons, 27.9% higher than the 2023/24 crop. This increase is attributed to favourable rainfall and better crop yields and is expected to lift production well above the domestic demand of about 12 million tons, leaving a surplus available for export.

Commercial maize crop and area planted

	Crop (million tons)	Area planted (million hectares)
2023/24: final	12.85	2.64
2024/25: estimate.....	16.44	2.60

Source: Crop Estimates Committee of the Department of Agriculture

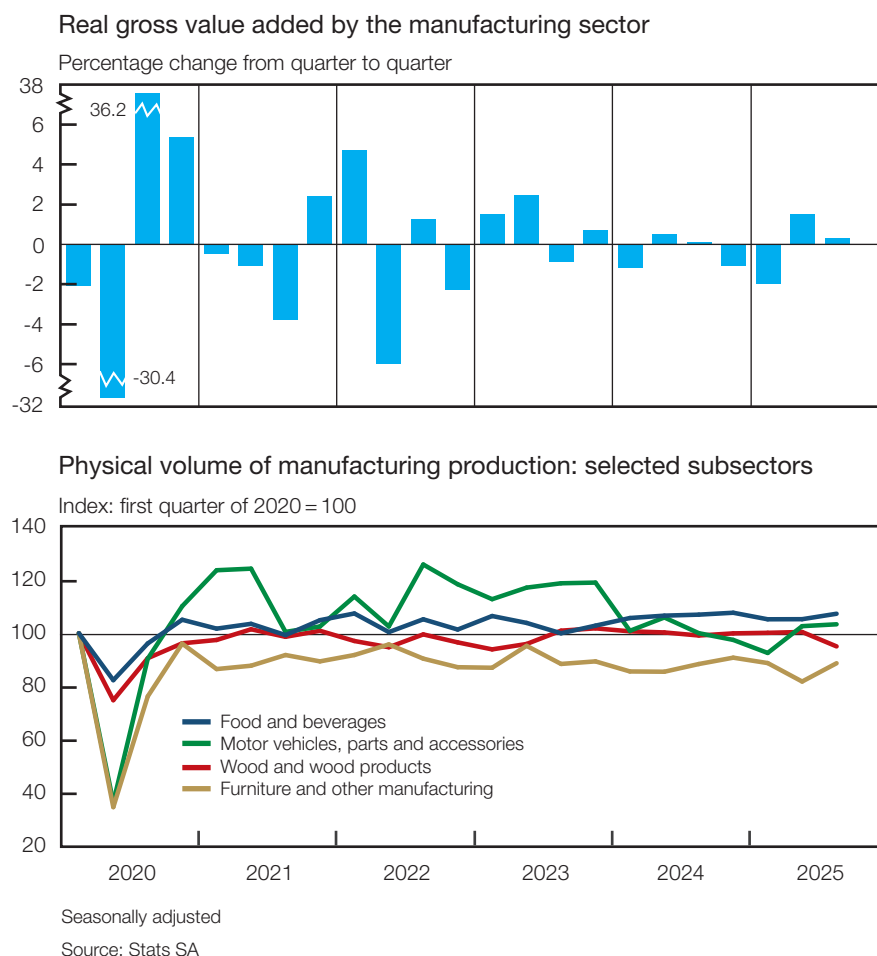
The real GVA by the *mining sector* grew by 2.3% in the third quarter of 2025, contributing 0.1 percentage points to overall real GDP growth, following a revised expansion of 3.5% in the second quarter. Production volumes increased in 7 of the 12 subsectors, with platinum group metals (PGMs), manganese ore, coal and chromium ore making the largest contributions, while iron ore and diamond production declined.



PGM production benefitted from stronger demand in the automotive and jewellery sectors, particularly from China, which also lifted PGM prices in recent months. Similarly, manganese ore production increased due to stronger external demand, improved domestic rail transport and a recovery in production after operational constraints at some major mines. In contrast, iron ore production remained subdued amid ongoing logistical bottlenecks and weak global demand. Despite two consecutive quarters of expansion, average real mining output in the first three quarters of 2025 was 1.2% lower than in the same period of 2024.

The GVA by the *secondary sector* decreased slightly by 0.1% in the third quarter of 2025, after growing by 1.0% in the second quarter. The decline was driven by lower activity in the electricity, gas and water supply sector, along with nearly stagnant real output in manufacturing and construction.

The real output of the *manufacturing sector* increased marginally by 0.3% in the third quarter of 2025, following a revised expansion of 1.5% in the second quarter. Production volumes increased in 4 of the 10 manufacturing subsectors, especially those supplying food and beverages; furniture and other manufacturing products; and motor vehicles, parts and accessories, and other transport equipment. Conversely, the production of wood and wood products, paper, publishing and printing declined over this period.



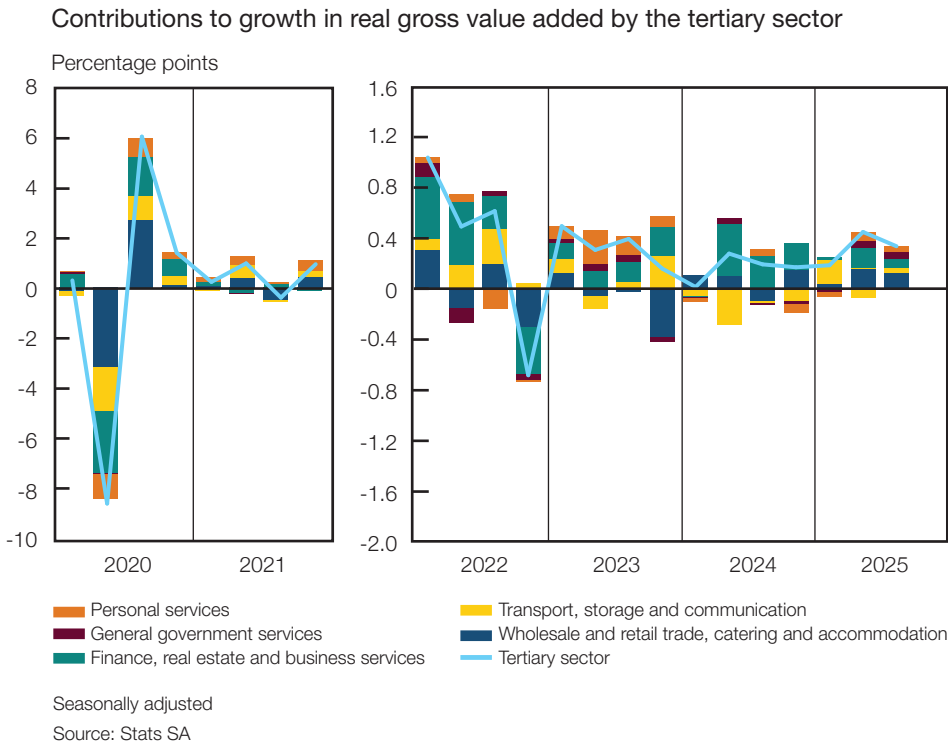
The nearly stagnant manufacturing output in the third quarter of 2025 was accompanied by a decline in seasonally adjusted capacity utilisation, which dropped from 78.3% in May to 77.8% in August, reflecting weak demand and subdued business confidence among manufacturers. On average, real manufacturing output in the first three quarters of 2025 was 1.5% lower than in the same period of 2024. Output continued to be weighed down by weak domestic and global demand, high input costs, persistent logistical inefficiencies, US trade policy uncertainty and global competitiveness.

Real output in the sector supplying *electricity, gas and water* declined by 2.5% in the third quarter of 2025, following a slight increase of 0.2% in the previous quarter. Both electricity produced and consumed fell, reflecting reduced electricity generation from Eskom, likely due to subdued demand from other industries. Consequently, average real GVA in this sector was 3.2% lower in the first three quarters of 2025 compared with the same period of 2024.

The *construction sector's* real GVA expanded marginally by 0.1% in the third quarter of 2025, following three consecutive quarters of contraction. The modest improvement was driven by increased activity in non-residential buildings and civil construction. However, average real output in the first three quarters of 2025 was 4.1% lower than in the same period of 2024, as the sector remained constrained by insufficient demand for new construction activity amid muted private sector investment.

Real output in the *tertiary sector* expanded further by 0.5% in the third quarter of 2025, contributing 0.3 percentage points to overall real GDP growth, following a 0.7% increase in the previous quarter. Activity increased across all four tertiary subsectors, with commerce,

general government and finance, insurance, real estate and business services each adding 0.1 percentage points to overall real GDP growth.



Real GVA by the *commerce sector* increased by 1.0% in the third quarter of 2025, following a revised expansion of 1.4% in the second quarter. Real economic activity rose in the wholesale, retail, motor trade and tourist accommodation subsectors. Wholesale activity rebounded after two consecutive quarters of contraction, supported by higher sales of agricultural raw materials and livestock; food and beverages; and in the ‘all other wholesalers’ category.

The increase in retail trade activity was underpinned by stronger sales from general dealers; retailers in textiles, clothing, footwear and leather goods; retailers in hardware, paint and glass; and ‘all other retailers’. Motor trade activity grew due to higher sales of new and used vehicles and increased income from accessory and workshop sales, with vehicle sales boosted by increased demand for affordable imported vehicles and lower interest rates. On average, real output in the commerce sector was 2.5% higher in the first three quarters of 2025 than in the corresponding period of 2024.

The *transport, storage and communication services sector*’s real GVA increased by 0.5% in the third quarter of 2025, following a revised 0.1% increase in the second quarter. Growth was supported by increased activity in air transport, transport support and communication services. Passenger rail journeys also continued to recover as commuter services were gradually restored. However, the sector still faces infrastructure inefficiencies, adverse weather conditions, road construction along key routes and criminal activities such as cable theft. Real output of this sector was 0.4% higher in the first three quarters of 2025 compared to the same period of 2024.

Real GVA by the *finance, insurance, real estate and business services sector* increased further by 0.3% in the third quarter of 2025. Activity rose in real estate and other business services, with real estate benefitting from successive cuts in the prime lending rate since the third quarter of 2024. Average real output in this sector was 2.8% higher in the first three quarters of 2025 than in the same period of 2024.

The real output of the *general government services sector* increased by 0.7% in the third quarter of 2025, following a 0.6% increase in the previous quarter. The expansion was driven

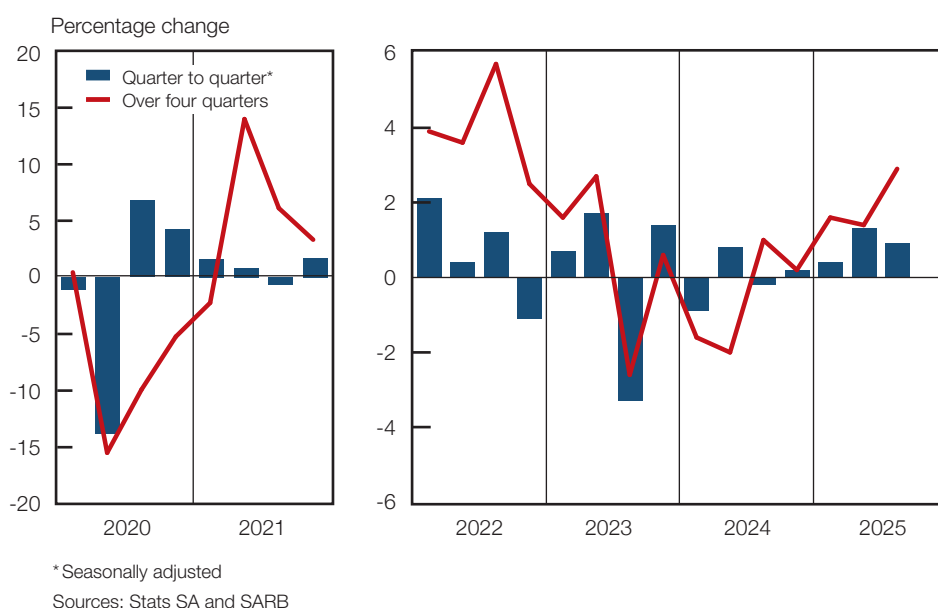
by an increase in the number of government employees, mainly due to temporary employment opportunities under the Presidential Youth Employment Initiative (PYEI).

The *personal services sector's* real GVA increased further by 0.3% in the third quarter of 2025, following a 0.5% expansion in the previous quarter. The expansion was supported by increased activity in community services and by other producers over the period.

Real gross domestic expenditure²

Growth in real *gross domestic expenditure* (GDE) moderated to 0.9% in the third quarter of 2025, after rising by 1.3% in the second quarter. In the third quarter, the growth in real final consumption expenditure by both households and general government eased. However, real gross fixed capital formation reverted to an increase, alongside a further accumulation of real inventory holdings over the period. On average, real GDE for the first three quarters of 2025 was 2.0% higher than in the same period in 2024.

Real gross domestic expenditure



Real gross domestic expenditure

Quarter-to-quarter percentage change at seasonally adjusted but not annualised rates

Component	2024					2025		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Year ¹	Q1	Q2	Q3
Final consumption expenditure								
Households.....	0.0	1.2	0.4	1.1	1.0	0.5	1.0	0.7
General government.....	-0.6	0.7	-1.0	-0.8	-0.1	-0.2	0.9	0.3
Gross fixed capital formation	-1.2	-1.1	0.2	-0.5	-3.9	-1.5	-1.6	1.6
Domestic final demand ²	-0.3	0.8	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.6	0.7
Change in inventories (R billion) ³	-11.3	-3.5	-17.1	-24.4	-14.1	-6.7	18.7	25.7
Residual ⁴	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	-0.1	0.0	0.1
Gross domestic expenditure ⁵	-0.9	0.8	-0.2	0.2	-0.6	0.4	1.3	0.9

1 Percentage change over one year

2 Comprises final consumption expenditure by households and general government as well as gross fixed capital formation

3 At constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted and annualised

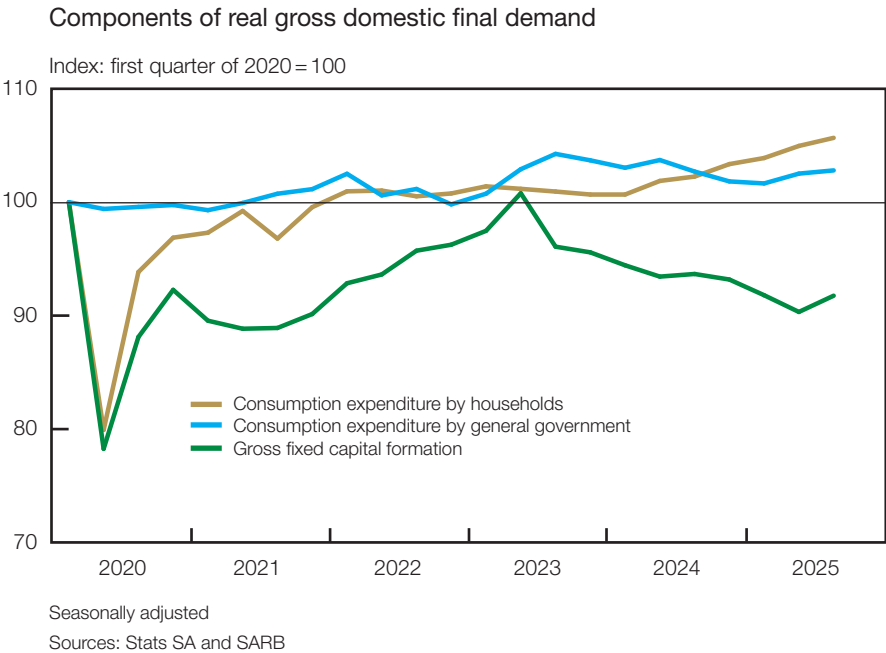
4 The residual as a percentage of GDP

5 Including the residual

Sources: Stats SA and SARB



During the third quarter of 2025, real final consumption expenditure by households and gross fixed capital formation made the largest contributions to real GDP growth, adding 0.5 and 0.2 percentage points respectively. The change in real inventories and real final consumption expenditure by general government each contributed a further 0.1 percentage points. In contrast, real net exports deducted 0.4 percentage points from overall economic growth over this period.



Contributions of expenditure components to growth in seasonally adjusted but not annualised real gross domestic product

Percentage points

Component	2024					2025		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Year	Q1	Q2	Q3
Final consumption expenditure								
Households.....	0.0	0.8	0.3	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.7	0.5
General government.....	-0.1	0.1	-0.2	-0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1
Gross fixed capital formation	-0.2	-0.2	0.0	-0.1	-0.6	-0.2	-0.2	0.2
Change in inventories (R billion)	-0.7	0.2	-0.3	-0.2	-0.8	0.4	0.5	0.1
Residual	0.1	-0.1	0.0	-0.1	0.2	-0.1	0.1	0.0
Gross domestic expenditure	-0.9	0.8	-0.2	0.2	-0.6	0.4	1.3	0.9
Net exports	1.0	-0.6	-0.1	0.2	1.1	-0.3	-0.3	-0.4
Gross domestic product	0.1	0.3	-0.3	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.9	0.5

Components may not add up to totals due to rounding off.

Sources: Stats SA and SARB

The real *exports* of goods and services increased by 0.7% in the third quarter of 2025, following a decrease of 3.3% in the second quarter. The increase was mainly driven by higher agricultural export volumes and services, with agriculture benefitting from growth in vegetable exports. In contrast, real exports of manufactured products decreased, with contractions seen in vehicles and transport equipment; machinery and electrical equipment; and prepared foodstuffs, beverages and tobacco. Mining export volumes also declined slightly, mainly due to decreases in precious metals (including gold, PGMs and stones) as well as base metals and articles thereof in the third quarter of 2025.

Real exports and imports of goods and services

Quarter-to-quarter percentage change*

Component	2025					
	Exports			Imports		
	Percentage of total**	Q2***	Q3***	Percentage of total**	Q2***	Q3***
Total	100.0	-3.3	0.7	100.0	-2.0	2.2
Mining.....	39.0	-4.0	-0.3	19.8	-1.3	0.7
<i>Of which:</i>						
Mineral products.....	14.4	2.1	9.5	14.1	-7.3	2.7
Precious metals, including gold, platinum group metals and stones	12.7	1.6	-6.0	1.1	46.7	-23.4
Base metals and articles thereof.....	11.8	-18.8	-9.6	4.7	7.3	2.9
Manufacturing	36.0	-1.6	-2.8	61.1	-1.8	2.0
<i>Of which:</i>						
Vehicles and transport equipment	11.9	-3.7	-2.6	11.6	6.4	-1.0
Machinery and electrical equipment	6.6	-2.0	-5.7	24.2	-4.3	4.0
Chemical products	5.6	-3.0	1.3	10.5	-10.0	1.6
Prepared foodstuffs, beverages and tobacco.....	5.1	-0.2	-0.1	2.3	3.8	-7.5
Agriculture	10.5	-16.4	14.1	4.5	-16.9	-1.6
<i>Of which:</i>						
Vegetable products	9.0	-17.6	16.3	2.5	-25.6	-16.4
Services.....	14.3	4.9	0.5	14.3	0.4	5.9

* Based on seasonally adjusted and annualised data

** Expressed as a percentage of the total in 2024

*** Not annualised

Components may not add up to totals due to rounding off and the exclusion of unclassified items.

Sources: SARS, Stats SA and SARB

The real *imports* of goods and services rose by 2.2% in the third quarter of 2025. Mining imports reverted to an increase, led by higher imports of mineral products and base metals and articles thereof, which outweighed the contraction in precious metals (including gold, PGMs and stones). Additionally, the volume of manufacturing imports grew, driven by higher imports of machinery, electrical equipment and chemical products. Likewise, real imports of services increased in the third quarter of 2025. In contrast, the volume of agricultural imports contracted, as vegetable imports continued to decline.

Contributions of real exports and imports, and of net exports of goods and services, to growth in seasonally adjusted but not annualised real gross domestic product

Percentage points

Component	2025					
	Exports		Imports*		Net exports	
	Q2	Q3	Q2	Q3	Q2	Q3
Total	-0.9	0.2	-0.6	0.6	-0.3	-0.4
Mining	-0.4	0.0	-0.1	0.0	-0.3	-0.1
<i>Of which:</i>						
Mineral products.....	0.1	0.4	-0.3	0.1	0.4	0.3
Precious metals, including gold, platinum group metals and stones.....	0.1	-0.2	0.1	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1
Base metals and articles thereof.....	-0.5	-0.2	0.1	0.0	-0.6	-0.3
Manufacturing	-0.2	-0.3	-0.3	0.3	0.2	-0.6
<i>Of which:</i>						
Vehicles and transport equipment	-0.1	-0.1	0.2	0.0	-0.3	0.0
Machinery and electrical equipment	0.0	-0.1	-0.3	0.3	0.3	-0.4
Chemical products	0.0	0.0	-0.3	0.0	0.3	0.0
Prepared foodstuffs, beverages and tobacco.....	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.1	0.0	0.1
Agriculture	-0.6	0.4	-0.2	0.0	-0.3	0.4
<i>Of which:</i>						
Vegetable products	-0.5	0.4	-0.2	-0.1	-0.3	0.5
Services	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	-0.2

* A positive contribution by imports *subtracts from* growth and a negative contribution by imports *adds to* growth. Components may not add up to totals due to rounding off and the exclusion of unclassified items.

Sources: SARS, Stats SA and SARB

Real *net exports* subtracted 0.4 percentage points from real GDP growth in the third quarter of 2025, with mining, manufacturing and services subtracting 0.1, 0.6 and 0.2 percentage points respectively. Real net mining exports reflected lower net exports of precious metals, including gold, PGMs and stones, as well as base metals and articles thereof, while net manufacturing exports declined because of lower net exports of machinery and electrical equipment. In contrast, agricultural products, particularly vegetables, added 0.4 percentage points to overall real net exports.

Growth in real *final consumption expenditure by households* moderated to 0.7% in the third quarter of 2025, following a 1.0% increase in the second quarter. Real consumer outlays on durable and non-durable goods, as well as services, rose during the period, while spending on semi-durable goods declined. The moderation in real household final consumption expenditure corresponded with the slower growth in real disposable income and the decline in the First National Bank (FNB)/Bureau for Economic Research (BER) Consumer Confidence Index over the period. Nevertheless, the level of real final consumption expenditure by households in the first three quarters of 2025 was 3.1% higher than in the corresponding period of 2024.

Real final consumption expenditure by households

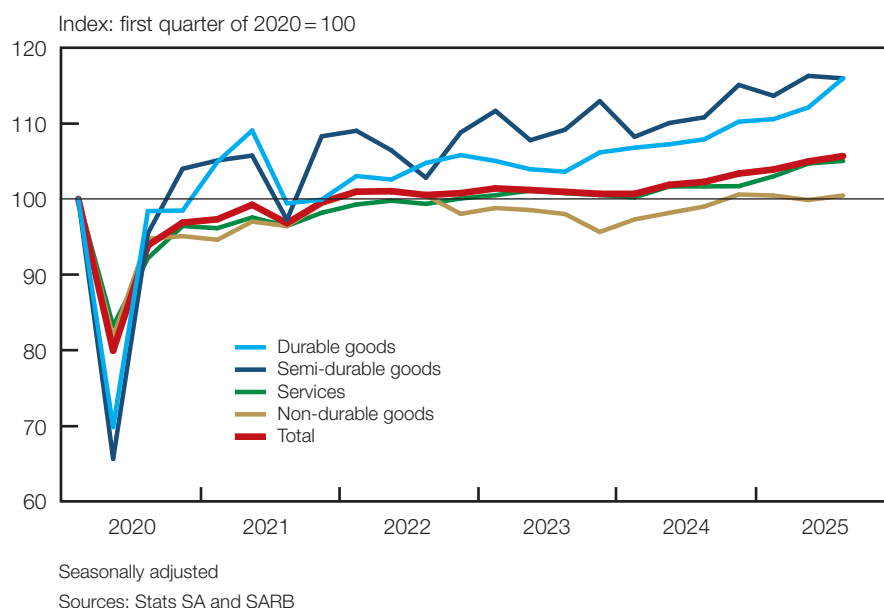
Quarter-to-quarter percentage change at seasonally adjusted but not annualised rates

Category	2024					2025		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Year*	Q1	Q2	Q3
Durable goods.....	0.6	0.4	0.6	2.2	3.2	0.3	1.4	3.4
Semi-durable goods.....	-4.2	1.7	0.7	3.9	0.6	-1.3	2.3	-0.3
Non-durable goods.....	1.7	0.9	0.8	1.6	1.0	-0.1	-0.6	0.6
Services	-0.3	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.6	1.3	1.6	0.3
Total.....	0.0	1.2	0.4	1.1	1.0	0.5	1.0	0.7

* Percentage change over one year

Source: Stats SA

Components of real final consumption expenditure by households



Growth in real household spending on *durable goods* accelerated to 3.4% in the third quarter of 2025, following an expansion of 1.4% in the second quarter. The increase was evident across all subcategories, but most pronounced in furniture and household appliances, recreational and entertainment goods and personal transport equipment.

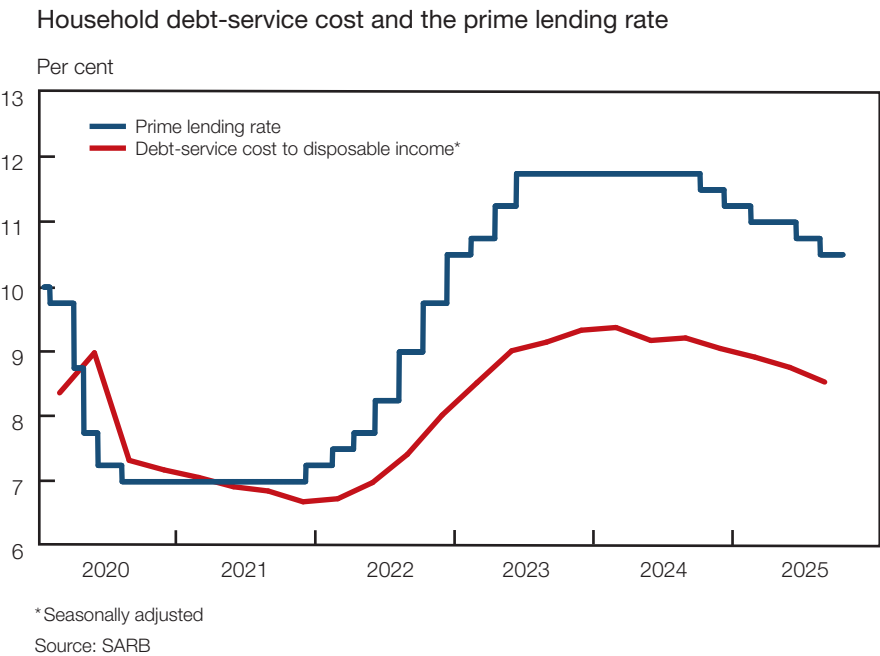
Real spending on *semi-durable goods* contracted by 0.3% in the third quarter of 2025, after increasing by 2.3% in the second quarter. Real purchases of clothing and footwear as well as motorcar tyres, parts and accessories decreased in the third quarter, while spending on household textiles, furnishings and glassware increased.

Following two consecutive quarters of contraction, real household expenditure on *non-durable goods* increased by 0.6% in the third quarter of 2025. Most of the non-durable goods subcategories increased over the period, while growth in real spending on petroleum products decelerated.

Growth in real final consumption expenditure by households on *services* moderated to 0.3% in the third quarter of 2025 after an increase of 1.6% in the second quarter. The moderation resulted from reduced spending on medical services, while spending on transport and communication services, as well as recreational, entertainment and educational services, increased at a slower pace in the third quarter of 2025.



Seasonally adjusted nominal *household debt* increased further in the third quarter of 2025, as growth in the outstanding balances of most categories of credit extended to households increased. However, with nominal disposable income increasing at a faster pace than household debt, the ratio of household debt to disposable income edged lower to 61.6% in the third quarter of 2025 from 62.1% in the second quarter. Furthermore, households’ cost of servicing debt relative to disposable income decreased marginally to 8.5% in the third quarter of 2025 from 8.7% in the previous quarter, reflecting the 25 basis points decrease in the prime lending rate from 1 August 2025.



Households’ net worth improved further in the third quarter of 2025 as the increase in the market value of total assets outweighed the increase in total liabilities. The higher value of assets stemmed largely from a notable increase in share prices, with the value of housing stock also increasing. The ratio of net worth to nominal disposable income increased to 440% in the third quarter of 2025 from 426% in the second quarter, as households’ net worth expanded at a faster pace than their nominal disposable income.

Growth in real *final consumption expenditure by general government* moderated to 0.3% in the third quarter of 2025 from 0.9% in the second quarter, as real spending on the compensation of employees increased at a slower pace, while spending on real non-wage goods and services decreased. On average, real spending by general government in the first three quarters of 2025 was 0.7% lower than in the corresponding period of 2024.

Real *gross fixed capital formation* increased by 1.6% in the third quarter of 2025, following a contraction of the same magnitude in the second quarter. The recovery reflected higher capital investment by both the public sector and private business enterprises. Despite the modest increase in real gross fixed capital formation in the third quarter of 2025, its overall level in the first three quarters of 2025 was 2.7% lower than in the same period of 2024.

Real gross fixed capital formation

Quarter-to-quarter percentage change at seasonally adjusted but not annualised rates

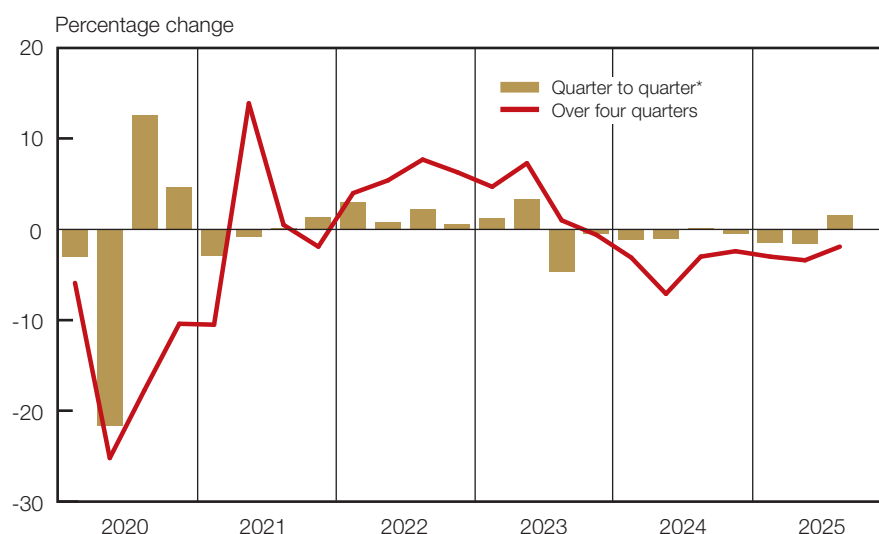
Sector	2024					2025		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Year*	Q1	Q2	Q3
Private business enterprises	-3.1	-0.4	-0.9	1.6	-4.2	-6.3	3.0	0.1
Public corporations.....	3.5	-6.5	-1.3	-4.6	-4.0	27.2	-22.8	3.5
General government	4.1	0.2	6.1	-6.2	-2.4	0.7	-2.7	6.6
Total	-1.2	-1.1	0.2	-0.5	-3.9	-1.5	-1.6	1.6

* Percentage change over one year

Source: Stats SA

Real capital spending by *private business enterprises* increased only slightly by 0.1% in the third quarter of 2025, following a 3.0% increase in the second quarter. This modest growth was mainly due to higher capital outlays on transport equipment and non-residential buildings. The private sector's share of total nominal gross fixed capital formation declined from 72.6% in the second quarter of 2025 to 71.4% in the third quarter.

Real gross fixed capital formation

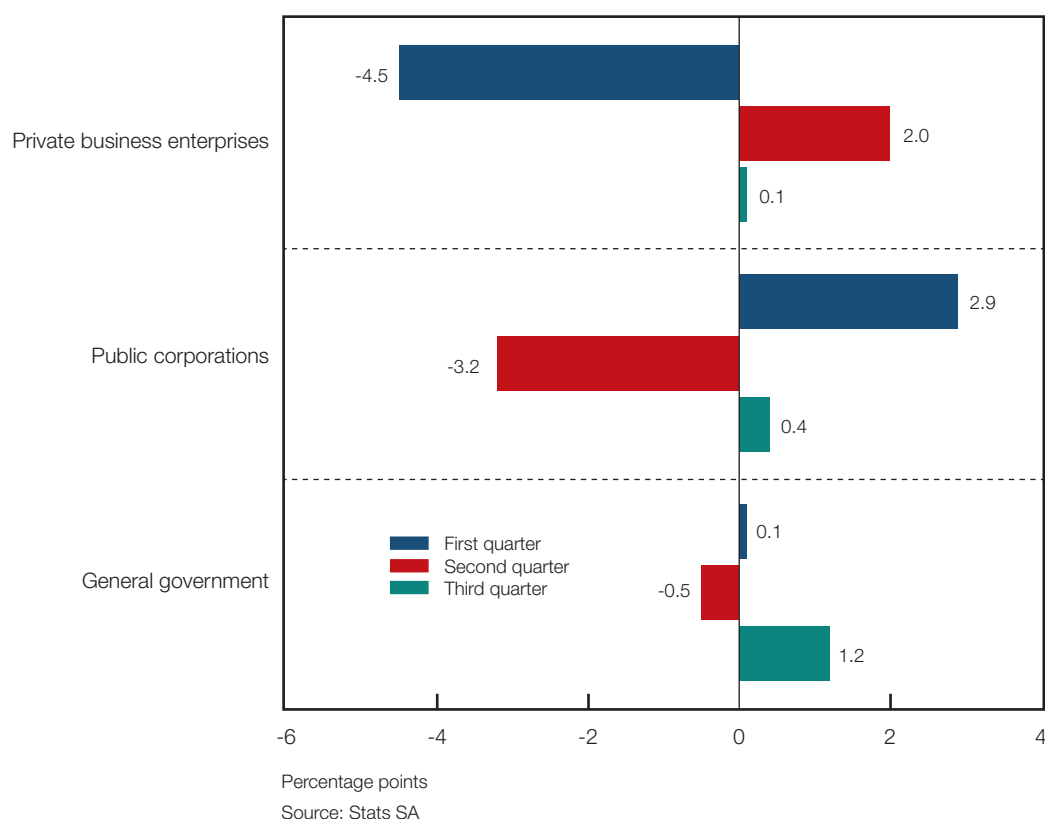


* Seasonally adjusted

Source: Stats SA

Real gross fixed capital formation in the *public sector* expanded by 5.4% in the third quarter of 2025, following a contraction of 11.6% in the previous quarter. This increase was driven by higher infrastructure and capital asset spending by both public corporations and general government. Fixed capital investment by *public corporations* rose by 3.5% in the third quarter of 2025, after contracting sharply by 22.8% in the previous quarter. The recovery was underpinned by increased capital expenditure on transport equipment, construction works and computer equipment. As a result, the share of public corporations in total nominal gross fixed capital formation increased to 10.7% in the third quarter of 2025 from 10.5% in the second quarter.

Contributions to growth in real gross fixed capital formation in 2025



Real gross fixed capital formation by *general government* increased by 6.6% in the third quarter of 2025, contributing 1.2 percentage points to overall growth in real gross fixed capital formation. The rise in capital outlays by general government was mainly due to increased investment in non-residential buildings, transport equipment, computer equipment and computer software. As a result, general government's share of total nominal gross fixed capital formation increased from 16.9% in the second quarter of 2025 to 17.9% in the third quarter.

By asset type, real capital investment increased across all asset classes except for residential buildings. Transport equipment and the 'other assets' category,³ particularly computer software, contributed the most to growth in total gross fixed capital formation in the third quarter of 2025.

Real *inventory holdings* increased by R25.7 billion (at seasonally adjusted and annualised 2015 prices) in the third quarter of 2025, following an increase of R18.7 billion in the second quarter. Inventory accumulation occurred in the trade, manufacturing, electricity, construction and transport sectors, while drawdowns were mainly recorded in the mining sector during the third quarter of 2025. This inventory build-up occurred alongside faster growth in imports compared to exports and contributed 0.1 percentage points to growth in real GDP in the third quarter of 2025.

3 Other assets include research and development, computer software, mineral exploration and cultivated biological resources.

Gross nominal saving

The *national saving rate* (gross saving as a percentage of nominal GDP) increased to 14.0% in the third quarter of 2025 from 13.4% in the second quarter. This increase was primarily due to the higher rate of saving by corporate business enterprises, while that of general government and households decreased. The share of total gross capital formation financed by foreign capital (the foreign financing ratio) decreased from 6.7% in the second quarter of 2025 to 5.0% in the third quarter.

Gross saving as a percentage of gross domestic product

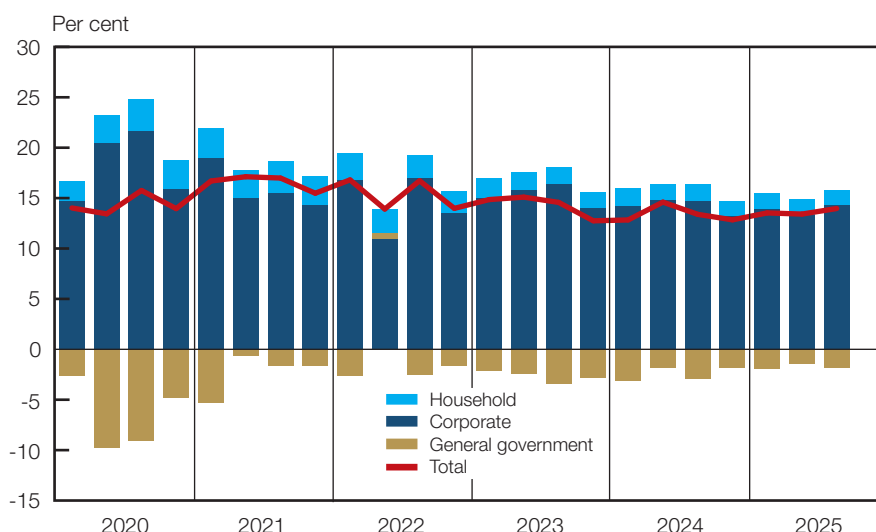
Ratio in per cent based on seasonally adjusted and annualised data

Sector	2024					2025		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Year	Q1	Q2	Q3
Corporate.....	14.3	14.8	14.7	13.2	14.3	13.9	13.3	14.3
General government.....	-3.1	-1.8	-2.9	-1.9	-2.4	-1.9	-1.4	-1.8
Household.....	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.4
Total.....	12.8	14.6	13.4	12.8	13.4	13.5	13.4	14.0

Sources: Stats SA and SARB

Gross saving by the *corporate sector* as a percentage of nominal GDP increased from 13.3% in the second quarter of 2025 to 14.3% in the third quarter, largely due to a larger seasonally adjusted operating surplus. Dissaving by *general government*, as a ratio of nominal GDP, increased from 1.4% to 1.8% over the same period, as the rise in seasonally adjusted nominal government expenditure exceeded that in revenue collection, partly because of the interest payment made during the third quarter. Gross saving by the *household sector* as a percentage of nominal GDP declined marginally from 1.5% in the second quarter of 2025 to 1.4% in the third quarter, as the increase in seasonally adjusted nominal household consumption expenditure exceeded that in nominal household disposable income.

Gross saving as a percentage of gross domestic product



Sources: Stats SA and SARB

4 Stats SA reported that the response rate of the QLFS was 86.1% in the third quarter of 2025, down from 87.5% in the previous quarter (and 88.8% in the third quarter of 2024).

5 This reflects Stats SA's implementation of key resolutions from the International Labour Organization's (ILO) International Conference of Labour Statisticians (ICLS), aligning with international best practice. Further details about these changes are provided in 'Box 1: Changes to the Quarterly Labour Force Survey in adherence to international best practice' on page 24 in this edition of the Quarterly Bulletin (QB).

Employment

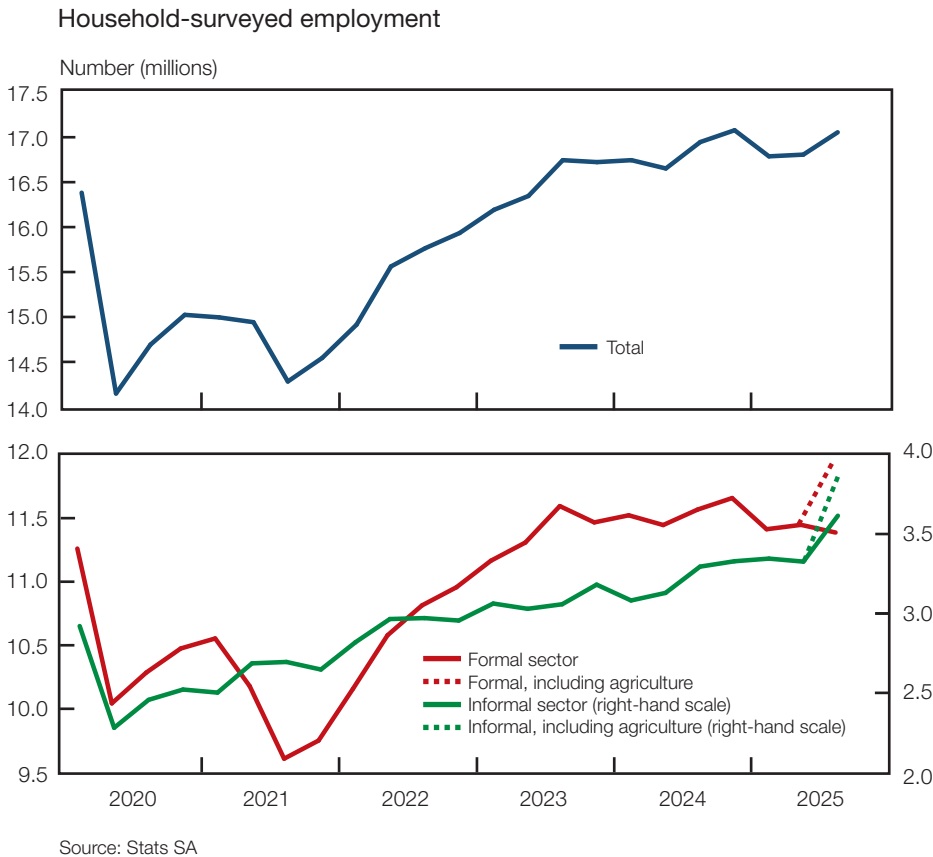
Total *household-surveyed employment* increased by 248 000 (1.5%) from the second to the third quarter of 2025 with job gains recorded in all three main sectors, according to Statistics South Africa's (Stats SA) *Quarterly Labour Force Survey (QLFS)*.⁴ Formal sector employment increased by 515 000 (4.5%), while informal sector employment rose sharply by 635 000 (19.1%), largely due to the inclusion of 920 000 persons employed in the agriculture industry within these sectors as from the third quarter of 2025.⁵ When excluding agricultural employment, formal sector employment declined by 0.5% in the third quarter of 2025, while informal sector employment increased by 8.7%. In addition, household sector employment increased by 5 000 (0.4%) from the second to the third quarter of 2025. The year-on-year increase in total household-surveyed employment moderated from 154 000 (0.9%) in the second quarter of 2025 to 109 000 (0.6%) in the third quarter.



Employment in the construction sector increased by 131 000 in the third quarter of 2025, with a notable rise in informal jobs, likely impacted by improved coverage of informal sector employment. The community, social and personal services sector added 116 000 jobs in the third quarter, possibly linked to phase V of the PYEI, which commenced in June 2025. The wholesale and retail trade sector recorded job gains of 108 000, while the mining sector employed 16 000 more people over this period. However, these job increases were partially offset by job losses in the manufacturing (62 000), finance (54 000) and electricity (30 000) sectors in the third quarter of 2025.

The seasonally adjusted number of new and renewed job postings on the Pnet web platform rose sharply by 6.7% in the third quarter of 2025 and edged up further by 0.3% in October. The *Pnet Job Market Trends Report*⁶ noted a 3.0% year on year increase in hiring activity in October 2025, along with a 1.0% rise in vacancy advertising. Pnet also reported significant year-on-year increases in job postings in the medical and health (25.0%); information technology (18.0%); and sales (18.0%) sectors in October 2025.

6 <https://www.pnet.co.za/wp-content/uploads/2025/12/Pnet-Job-Market-Trends-Report-Nov-2025.pdf>



South Africa’s total labour force declined by 0.4% to 25.1 million in the third quarter of 2025 as a decrease of 360 000 (4.3%) in the number of officially unemployed persons outweighed the increase in the number of employed persons. As a result, the official unemployment rate decreased from 33.2% in the second quarter of 2025 to 31.9% in the third quarter. Likewise, the seasonally adjusted unemployment rate edged lower from 32.8% to 32.2% over the same period.

Household-surveyed labour market statistics[#]

	Number (thousands)			Quarter-to-quarter change	Percentage change over four quarters	
	2024	2025		2025 Q3		
	Q3	Q2	Q3	Number (thousands)	Per cent	Per cent
a. Total employed	16 946	16 807	17 055	248	1.5	0.6
b. Total unemployed (official definition).....	8 011	8 367	8 007	-360	-4.3	0.0
c. Total labour force (a+b).....	24 957	25 174	25 062	-112	-0.4	0.4
d. Outside the labour force	16 474	16 648	16 886	238	1.4	2.5
e. Population 15–64 years (c+d)	41 431	41 822	41 948	126	0.3	1.2
f. Official unemployment rate* (b/c)*100 (LU1)**	32.1%	33.2%	31.9%	–	–	–
f1. Unemployment + Time-related underemployment (LU2)**	35.2%	36.1%	34.9%	–	–	–
f2. Unemployment + Potential labour force (LU3)**	42.0%	43.0%	42.4%	–	–	–
f3. Aggregate measure of labour underutilisation LU4)**	44.7%	45.4%	44.9%	–	–	–
g. Discouraged	3 355	3 445	3 481	36	1.0	3.8
h. Other reasons for not searching for work.....	1 352	1 379	1 427	47	3.4	5.5
i. Expanded unemployment rate*** ...	41.9%	42.9%	–	–	–	–

Some numbers might not add up due to rounding.

* Stats SA follows the ILO definition of calculating the official unemployment rate, which is internationally comparable.

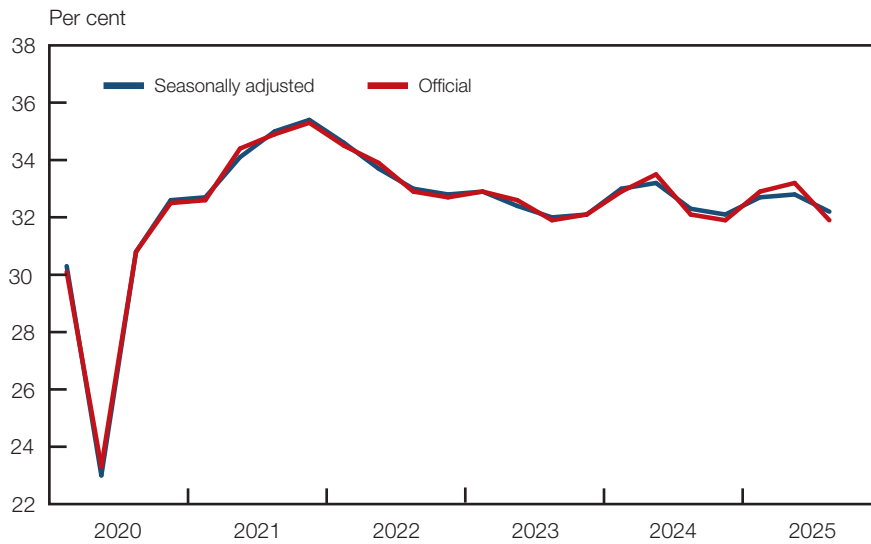
** New labour underutilisation (LU) indicators according to the 19th ICLS resolution.

*** The expanded unemployment rate is calculated using Stats SA's internal formula and is not internationally comparable. Stats SA has indicated that it will provide the expanded unemployment rate only until 2025Q2. From 2025Q3 onwards, it will report the LU3 measure instead, as the two rates are similar.

Source: Stats SA

In the third quarter of 2025, the number of officially unemployed persons were primarily new entrants to the labour market (43.4%), followed by those who last worked five years ago (25.6%) and job losers (24.5%). Re-entrants and job leavers accounted for only 3.5% and 3.1% respectively. The share of long-term unemployment (unemployed for one year or longer) of total unemployment remained elevated, rising from 76.6% in the second quarter of 2025 to 77.0% in the third quarter.

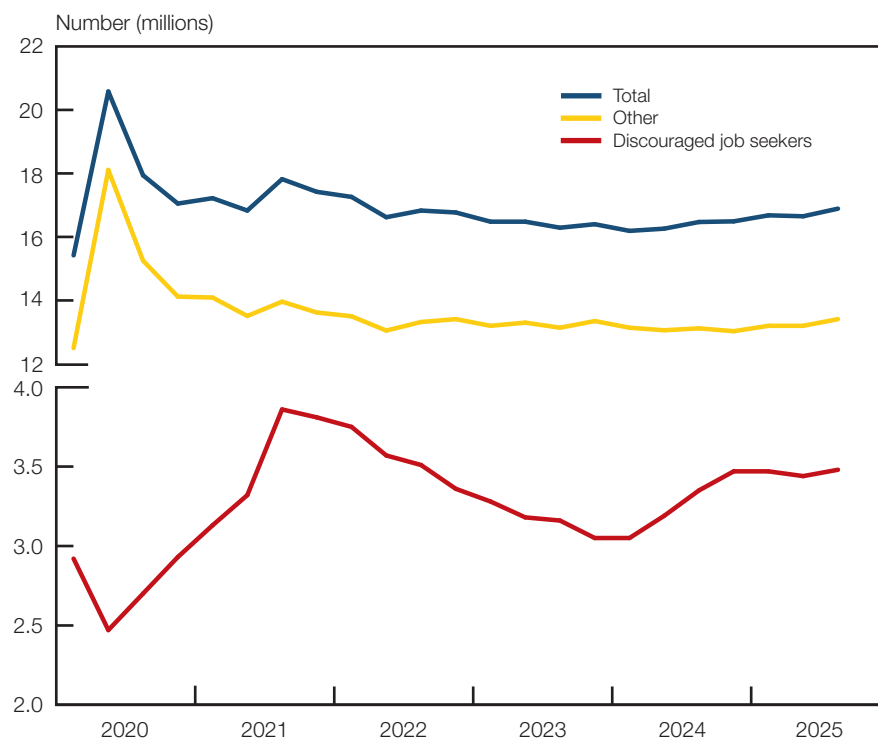
Unemployment rate



Sources: Stats SA and SARB

Encouragingly, the youth unemployment rate (persons aged 15–24 years who are actively searching for work) decreased from 62.2% in the second quarter of 2025 to 58.5% in the third quarter, after remaining above 60% for two consecutive quarters. The unemployment rate for those aged between 25 and 34 years also fell, from 40.5% to 38.4% over the same period. The number of youths who were not in employment, education, or training (NEET) in South Africa remained high, despite a slight decline from 10.4 million in the second quarter of 2025 to 10.3 million in the third quarter, with the proportion dropping further from 35.2% of all young people to 33.9%. People with education levels of either Matric/Grade 12 or less continued to experience high unemployment rates at 34.0% and 38.0% respectively. In contrast, the graduate unemployment rate decreased from 12.2% in the second quarter of 2025 to 10.4% in the third quarter.

Number of people outside the labour force



Source: Stats SA

7 After the adoption of the 19th ICLS standard, this category (previously referred to as the 'not economically active population') now includes the potential labour force (available and unavailable job seekers) and 'other' (outside the labour force). Available job seekers include discouraged job seekers and other available potential job seekers. For more details on this category, see <https://www.statssa.gov.za/publications/P0211/P02113rdQuarter2025.pdf>

The number of people outside of the labour force⁷ increased by 239 000 (1.4%) in the third quarter of 2025, mainly due to a rise of 230 000 (5.4%) in the potential labour force. The 'other' category (outside the labour force) only increased marginally. The number of discouraged job seekers (part of the potential labour force) increased by 36 000 (1.0%) between the second and third quarters of 2025.

The labour force participation rate decreased from 60.2% in the second quarter of 2025 to 59.7% in the third quarter – below the recent peak of 60.7% in the first quarter of 2024. The labour absorption rate, which measures the percentage of the working-age population that is employed, increased slightly from 40.2% in the second quarter of 2025 to 40.7% in the third quarter, in line with the increase in total employment over the period.

Box 1 Changes to the *Quarterly Labour Force Survey* in adherence to international best practice

To ensure the production of high-quality labour statistics that are comparable across countries and facilitate meaningful analysis and informed decision-making, Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) continuously updates its methodology for computing key household-surveyed labour statistics. These standards align with international best practice, as determined by the International Labour Organization (ILO).

Since the establishment of the International Conference of Labour Statisticians (ICLS) in 1923, the ILO has convened it every five years to review, update and refine statistical frameworks, ensuring they remain aligned with evolving labour market trends and dynamics. The ILO adopted key resolutions at the 19th, 20th and 21st ICLS sessions, each focusing on a different aspect of labour market measurement. The standards embodied in these resolutions are interdependent, with each successive resolution building on those established before, making it necessary to implement earlier resolutions to fully adhere to the latest ones. This box highlights the changes introduced in the latest release of the *Quarterly Labour Force Survey (QLFS)*, incorporating both the outstanding and latest ICLS resolutions.

The 19th ICLS resolution was adopted in October 2013 and focused on work, employment and labour underutilisation. Stats SA implemented the work and employment aspects of the 19th ICLS resolution in 2016 and deferred implementation of the labour underutilisation recommendation. This recommendation introduced a set of additional measures to supplement the unemployment rate: time-related underemployment and the potential labour force. These indicators capture mismatches that emerge between labour supply and demand, which translate into unmet needs for employment among the working-age population.

Time-related underemployment refers to situations where a person's hours of work are insufficient compared to an alternative employment situation in which the person is willing and available to engage.¹ The potential labour force refers to people who are seeking employment but are not available to work, those who are available to take up employment but are not seeking, and those who are neither seeking nor available for employment.² Time-related underemployment, the potential labour force and unemployment form the basis for computing the four main labour underutilisation indicators (LU1, LU2, LU3 and LU4).³ The ILO recommends considering all four indicators for effective labour market policymaking.

According to the ILO, establishing these components and indicators is an important advancement from the 19th ICLS, as it provides a more complete understanding of labour underutilisation and improves comparability of unemployment estimates.⁴ Ideally, unemployment trends should be analysed with all four LU indicators to provide a broader view of extended labour underutilisation in an economy.

1 International Labour Organization (ILO) (October 2013). Statistics of work, employment and labour underutilization: 19th International Conference of Labour Statisticians. International Labour Office, Department of Statistics. Geneva.

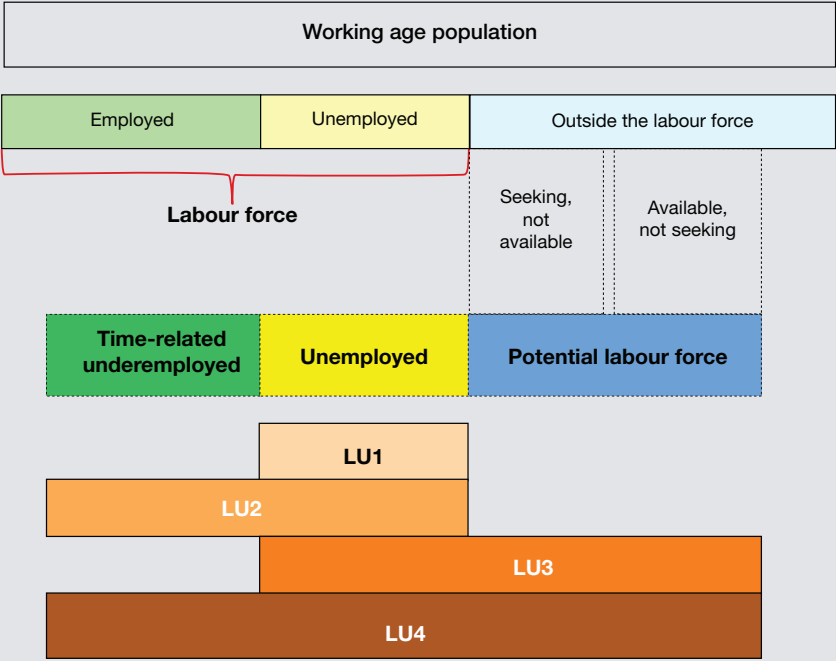
2 Ibid

3 LU1 is the official unemployment rate, representing the share of the labour force that is unemployed. LU2 is the combined rate of time-related underemployment and unemployment, representing the share of the labour force that is either unemployed or in time-related underemployment. LU3 is the combined rate of unemployment and the potential labour force, representing the share of the extended labour force that is either unemployed or part of the potential labour force. LU4 is the composite measure of labour underutilisation, representing the share of the extended labour force that is either unemployed, in time-related underemployment or part of the potential labour force.

4 ILO (July 2024). Note on the implementation of statistical standards from the 19th, 20th and 21st ICLS through household surveys. Department of Statistics. Geneva.



Composite measures of labour underutilisation



Source: ILO

The 20th ICLS resolution, adopted in October 2018, incorporated measures to track work relationships based on ‘status in employment’ as outlined in the International Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE-18). This resolution was developed to “enable better statistical measurement of various aspects of the relationships between workers and the economic units for which their work is performed; to adequately monitor changes in employment arrangements and forms of employment; to extend the scope of statistical standards on work relationships to cover all forms of work; and to provide guidelines on a wider set of measures than previously defined internationally, thereby enhancing the relevance and usefulness of the standards for countries at all stages of development”.⁵

Before adopting the 20th resolution, Stats SA followed ICSE-93 to classify employment status into five categories: employer, employee, own-account workers, contributing family workers and members of producers’ cooperatives. With the adoption of the 20th ICLS resolution and the shift to ICSE-18, two main criteria were introduced to define employment status: the type of authority (control) the worker holds over the organisation for which the work is performed; and the type of economic risk (financial loss) to which the worker is exposed. As shown in the accompanying table, ICSE-18 expanded the classification of employment status to 10 detailed categories across the two main criteria. Consequently, Stats SA broadened the *QLFS* questionnaire to fully align with this classification, starting from the third quarter of 2025.

5 ILO (October 2018). Report III: Report of the Conference: 20th International Conference of Labour Statisticians. International Labour Office, Department of Statistics. Geneva.





Work relationships: status in employment according to ICSE-18^{6,7}

According to type of authority	According to type of economic risk
Independent workers	Workers in employment for profit
Employers - Employers in corporations - Employers in household market enterprises	Independent workers in household market enterprises - Employers in household market enterprises - Own-account workers in household market enterprises without employees
Independent workers without employees - Owner-operators of corporations without employees - Own-account workers in household market enterprises without employees	Dependent contractors Dependent contractors
	Contributing family workers Contributing family workers
Dependent workers	
Employees - Permanent employees - Fixed-term employees - Short-term and casual employees - Paid apprentices, trainees and interns	Workers in employment for pay Owner-operators of corporations - Employers in corporations - Owner-operators of corporations without employees
Dependent contractors Dependent contractors	Employees - Permanent employees - Fixed-term employees - Short-term and casual employees - Paid apprentices, trainees and interns
Contributing family workers Contributing family workers	

⁶ For a more detailed explanation of these categories, see ILO (July 2024). Note on the implementation of statistical standards from the 19th, 20th and 21st ICLS through household surveys. Department of Statistics. Geneva.

⁷ **Independent workers** are defined as those who own the economic unit for which they work and control its activities. They make key strategic and operational decisions regarding the economic unit and the organisation of their work, are not accountable to or supervised by other persons and are not dependent on a single other economic unit or person for access to the market, raw materials, or capital items.

Dependent workers are defined as those who do not have complete authority or control over the economic unit for which they work. If they are in employment for profit, they have no employees and do not make the most important decisions about the activities of the economic unit for which they work.

Workers in employment or profit are defined as persons whose remuneration depends directly and entirely on the profit or loss made by the economic unit in which they are employed, including payment in cash or kind through a commercial transaction for goods produced or services provided. They do not receive a wage or salary in return for time worked.

Workers in employment or pay are defined as those who receive, or expect to receive, remuneration in cash or kind in return for time worked or for each piece or service produced. This includes both employees and owner-operators of corporations who hold a job in an incorporated enterprise which they own and control.

Source: ILO

The 21st ICLS resolution was adopted by the ILO in October 2023 and introduced a comprehensive statistical framework that outlines the various components of the informal economy. The resolution strengthened the three mutually exclusive definitions of the formal, informal and household own-use production and community (HOC) sectors.⁸ Previously, informality was mainly defined by enterprise size (considering the number of employees or workers), whereas enterprise size is now no longer a key criterion. A new criterion has also been introduced to identify the formal sector, stating that engaging a formal employee now automatically classifies an enterprise as formal. This eliminates the possibility of classifying formal employees within the informal sector and makes it easier to identify the sector for formal employees.

⁸ ILO (October 2023). Resolution concerning statistics on the informal economy: 21st International Conference of Labour Statisticians. International Labour Office, Department of Statistics. Geneva.



Furthermore, the new guidelines specify that for an activity to be considered formal or informal, its production must be intended for the market to generate pay or profit; if not, it is classified under the HOC sector. Another important update is the inclusion of agriculture within the potential coverage of the informal or the formal sector if it fulfils the criteria. Moreover, the sector previously known as 'private households' will henceforth be referred to as 'household sector'. The table below illustrates these changes as reported in the *QLFS* for the second and third quarters of 2025.

Number of household-surveyed employees

Previous reporting	2025 Q2	New reporting	2025 Q3*
Formal sector (non-agriculture)	11 468	Formal sector (including agriculture)	11 983
Informal sector (non-agriculture)	3 326	Informal sector (including agriculture)	3 961
Agriculture sector	906		
Private households sector	1 106	Household sector	1 111
Total employment	16 807	Total employment	17 055

* The total number of employed persons remain the same under the new reporting framework, but the composition within the main sectors will change as shown from the third quarter of 2025, with agriculture now included in both the formal and informal sectors.

Source: Stats SA

The resolution also strengthened the definition of informal and formal jobs for employees by using employers' contributions to social insurance as the main criterion for formality. In addition, access to paid annual leave and paid sick leave is also considered for formality.

The enhancement of the *QLFS* through the adoption of the latest ICLS standards will strengthen both the quality and relevance of South Africa's labour statistics, while also introducing important additional variables for statistical reporting and analysis. Most importantly, the definitions of 'employment' and 'unemployment' have remained unchanged, negating the need for revisions to the historical data, thus maintaining consistency and comparability with previous labour market reporting standards and across time periods. The main changes are the addition of the new supplementary indicators to the existing labour market metrics and the refined informality measures.

In addition, agricultural employment is now incorporated within both the formal and informal sectors, having previously been reported as a separate main category and excluded from the measures of formality. This has resulted in a time series break for the measures of formal and informal employment, but studies by the ILO in countries that have already adopted the 21st ICLS resolution indicate that changes in informality statistics have generally been marginal, with only a few exceptions observed in specific national contexts.⁹ Nonetheless, agriculture will continue to be published as one of the 10 main industries. It should also be emphasised that these changes primarily reflect methodological improvements in measurement, rather than shifts in underlying labour market conditions.

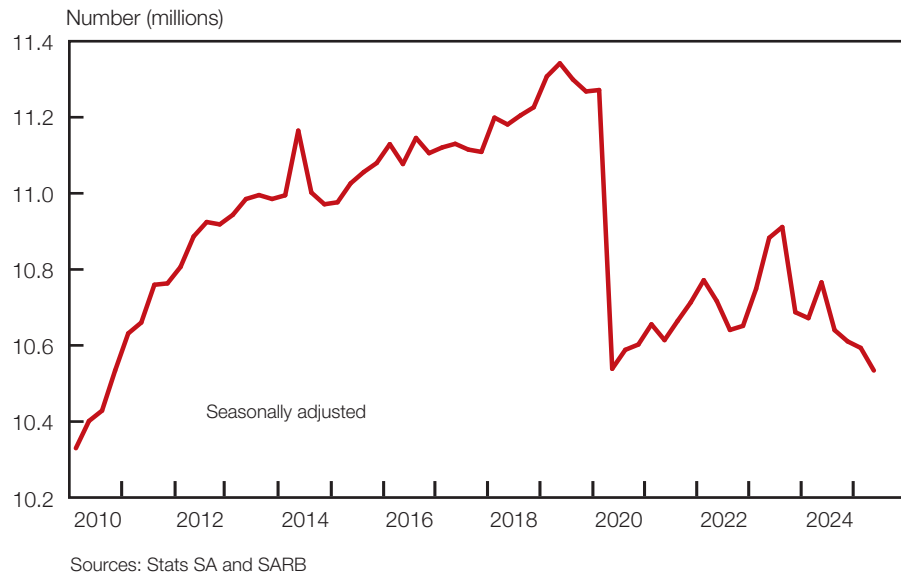
9 Stats SA (August 2025). Revamped Quarterly Labour Force Survey to Launch in Q3 2025, Enhancing Employment Insights for South Africa

*Enterprise-surveyed formal non-agricultural employment*⁸ decreased for a fourth consecutive quarter, with an additional 59 300 jobs lost (an annualised decrease of 2.2%) across both the public and private sectors in the second quarter of 2025. Consequently, total formal non-agricultural employment fell to 10.53 million, marginally lower than the 10.54 million low reached in the second quarter of 2020 during the COVID-19-related national lockdown, representing the lowest level since the fourth quarter of 2010.

8 As measured by Stats SA's *Quarterly Employment Statistics (QES)* survey. However, the QES statistics referenced in this section were statistically linked and seasonally adjusted by the South African Reserve Bank (SARB), while all quarterly growth rates were annualised.

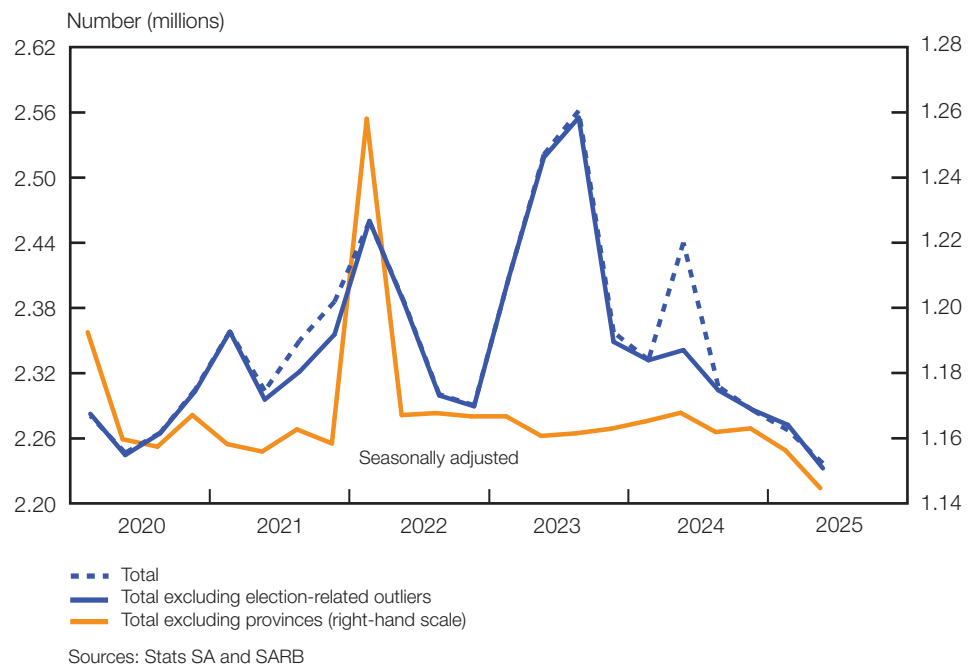


Formal non-agricultural employment



Public sector employment decreased further by 30 400 (5.3% annualised) in the second quarter of 2025, contributing to the loss of 203 200 jobs since the third quarter of 2024. Employment decreased notably at both the provincial and national department level, primarily due to the expiration and non-renewal of temporary employment contracts, particularly within the Department of Higher Education and Training.

Formal public sector employment

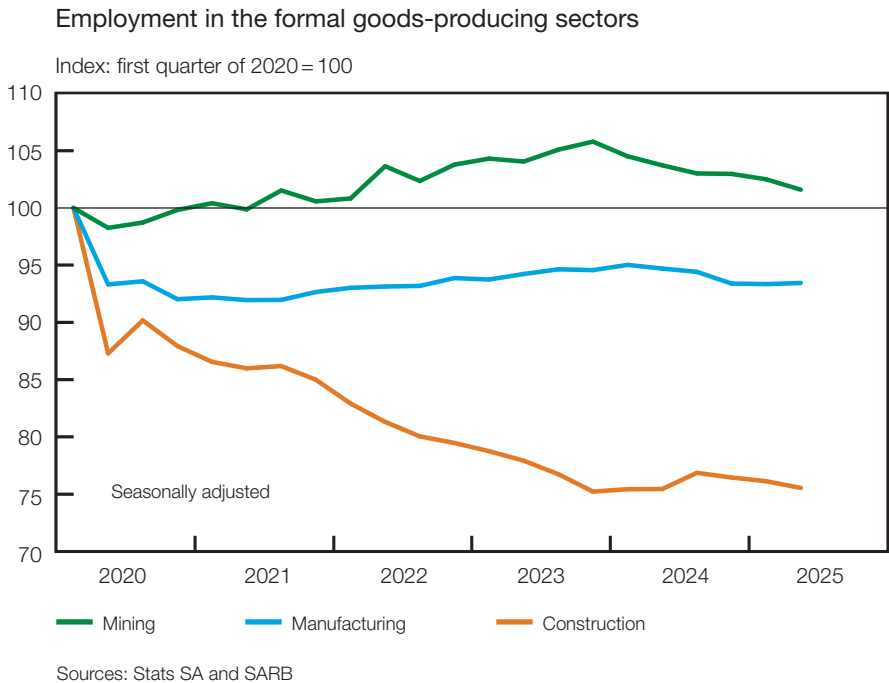


Private sector employment decreased by 28 900 (1.4% annualised) to 8.30 million in the second quarter of 2025. This marked the fourth successive quarterly drop, bringing private sector employment close to the pandemic-induced low of 8.29 million recorded in the second quarter of 2020. Firms remained cautious about hiring amid ongoing global uncertainty and subdued domestic economic activity. Job losses occurred across most private subsectors, with only the manufacturing sector showing small gains in the second quarter of 2025.

Mining sector employment continued to decline in the second quarter of 2025, with job cuts in both the gold and non-gold mining industries. This was mainly due to ongoing logistical issues, operational disruptions at some mines and rising cost pressures across the sector. However, the recent increase in international commodity prices could boost profitability, output and employment in the mining sector in the second half of 2025.

The *manufacturing sector* was the only one to record modest employment gains, adding 1 400 jobs in the second quarter of 2025 after losing a total of 23 000 jobs over the previous four quarters. Despite this slight improvement, the sector remains under pressure from weak demand and logistical challenges, as evidenced by a third consecutive quarterly decline in manufacturing business confidence⁹ to 23 index points in the third quarter of 2025. The BER noted that ongoing domestic and global political uncertainty continues to dampen confidence, limiting fixed capital formation and reducing prospects for future investment and employment. The survey results also pointed to further staff reductions and worsening capacity underutilisation in the third quarter of 2025, underscoring the sector's vulnerability in a challenging economic and operating environment. Similarly, Stats SA reported that seasonally adjusted production capacity utilisation by large manufacturers fell to 77.8% in August 2025 from 78.3% in May, with insufficient demand being the main cause of the decrease.

9 As measured by the Bureau for Economic Research's (BER) *Absa Manufacturing Survey*.



Employment in the construction sector decreased further in the second quarter of 2025, continuing its post-COVID-19 downward trend due to weak project pipelines, constrained public infrastructure spending and limited private sector investment. Building and construction sentiment indicators were mixed in the third quarter of 2025: civil contractor confidence¹⁰ increased by 2 index points to 43, while building confidence¹¹ edged down from 36 to 35 index points. Civil contractor confidence increased despite respondents indicating weaker construction activity and overall profitability. Despite the softer overall building sentiment, confidence among both residential and non-residential builders improved, in line with increased building activity reported. Fewer respondents also identified insufficient demand for new building work as a constraint, indicating a positive short-term outlook that could support activity.

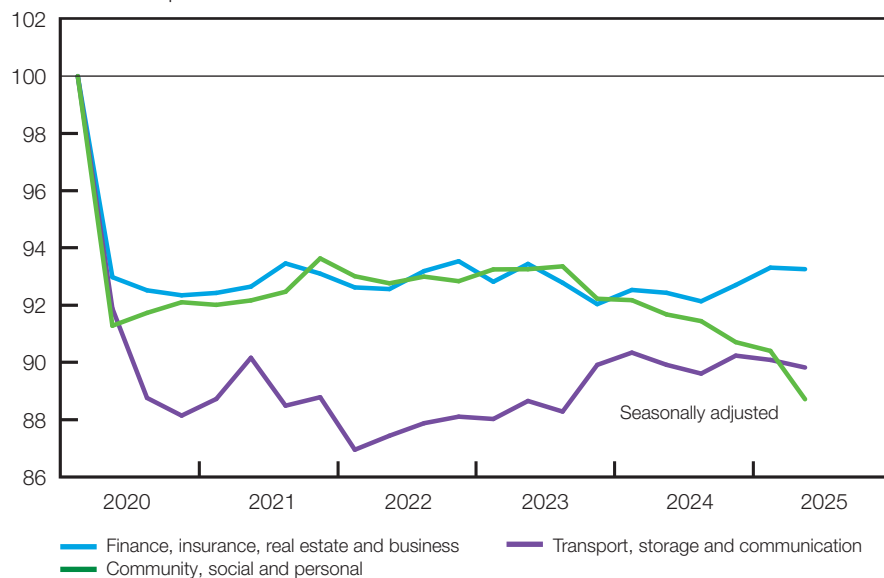
10 As measured by the FNB/BER Civil Confidence Index.

11 As measured by the FNB/BER Building Confidence Index.



Employment in selected formal private services sectors

Index: first quarter of 2020 = 100

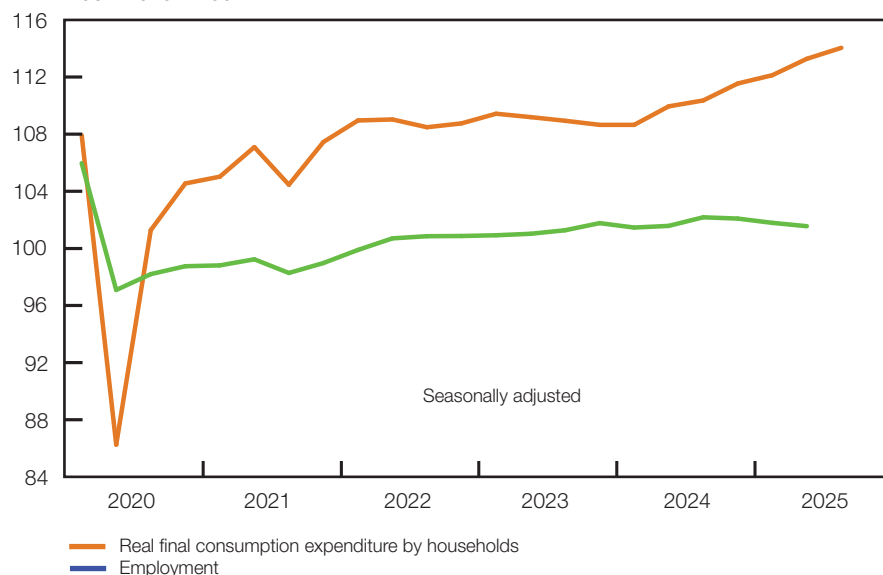


Sources: Stats SA and SARB

The *non-governmental community, social and personal services* sector saw the largest drop in employment (13 500) among all private subsectors in the second quarter of 2025. This marked the seventh consecutive quarterly decline and was likely worsened by the discontinuation of USAID-funded programmes, particularly in health, education and social work activities, following the funding freeze announced in early 2025. In addition, both the *finance, insurance, real estate and business services* and *non-governmental transport, storage and communication services* sectors recorded slight job losses in the second quarter of 2025.

Formal trade sector employment and real household consumption expenditure

Index: 2020 = 100



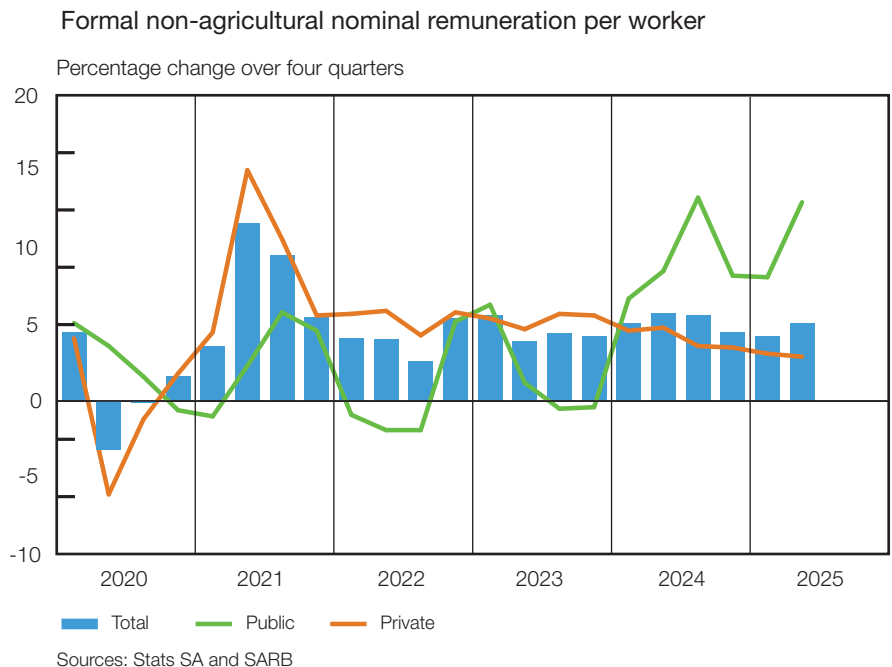
Sources: Stats SA and SARB

Employment in the trade, catering and accommodation services sector declined for a third consecutive quarter in the second quarter of 2025, resulting in a total loss of 14 300 jobs during this period. Notably, business confidence among retailers¹² fell for a third straight quarter, retreating sharply by 10 index points to 32 in the third quarter of 2025, as underlying activity failed to meet expectations. Respondents noted a significant deterioration in business conditions, with the retail sales volume index decreasing, although overall profitability remained relatively favourable. The gradual decline in retailer sentiment and the realised sales volumes index since the start of the year suggest a moderation in consumer demand, which is likely to continue to suppress employment in the trade sector in the near term.

12 As measured by the BER's Retail Survey.

Labour cost and productivity

After three consecutive quarters of moderation, the year-on-year pace of increase in *formal non-agricultural nominal remuneration per worker* picked up from 4.2% in the first quarter of 2025 to 5.1% in the second quarter. The acceleration was mainly due to a notable increase in public sector remuneration growth per worker, while growth in private sector remuneration per worker slowed further. Similarly, real wage growth per worker accelerated further from 1.7% in the first quarter of 2025 to 3.1% in the second quarter, as the faster nominal remuneration growth coincided with a moderation in consumer price inflation over this period.



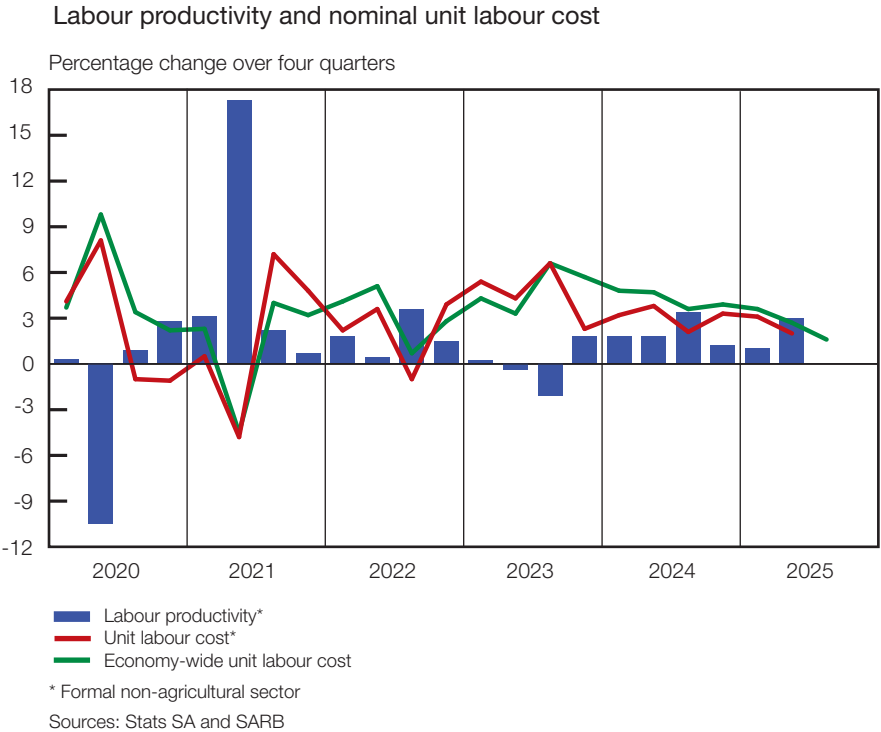
Nominal remuneration growth per public sector worker accelerated notably from an already high 8.1% in the first quarter of 2025 to 13.0% in the second quarter, as remuneration growth per worker accelerated notably at provincial level and in other public sector enterprises. Alongside the 5.5% public sector wage increase effective from 1 April 2025, the faster growth in provincial nominal remuneration per worker reflects the ongoing reduction in mostly temporary employment in this subsector. Meanwhile, the rise in nominal remuneration per worker at other public sector enterprises was largely due to base effects from the substantial number of temporary election-related jobs created a year earlier.

By contrast, *nominal wage growth per private sector worker* continued to slow for a fourth consecutive quarter, from 4.8% in the second quarter of 2024 to 2.9% in the second quarter of 2025. Slower nominal remuneration growth per worker in transport, storage and communication services (down to 3.6%); manufacturing (3.6%); trade, catering and accommodation services (3.3%); and finance, insurance, real estate and business services (0.7%) outweighed accelerations in gold mining (6.9%); construction (5.7%); community, social and personal services (5.5%);



and non-gold mining (4.6%). The slowdown in the finance, insurance, real estate and business services sector reflected lower basic salaries and wages as well as overtime payments in the second quarter of 2025.

The *average wage settlement rate in collective bargaining agreements* fell to 5.8% for the nine months to September 2025, down from 6.3% in the same period of 2024 and below the 2024 average of 6.2%, according to Andrew Levy Employment Publications. The number of working days lost due to industrial action dropped to 25 000 in the first nine months of 2025, compared with 84 500 for the same period in 2024. The protracted wage negotiations in the automotive and new tyre sector concluded in late November 2025 with the signing of a three-year wage deal, backdated to 1 July, thereby averting strike action.



Growth in labour productivity in the formal non-agricultural sector accelerated from 1.0% in the first quarter of 2025 to 3.0% in the second quarter, as year-on-year growth in non-agricultural output picked up and employment growth slowed. Conversely, *growth in nominal unit labour cost* in the formal non-agricultural sector eased further, dropping from 3.1% in the first quarter of 2025 to 2.0% in the second quarter, as year-on-year growth in total remuneration slowed while output growth accelerated. Similarly, growth in the economy-wide nominal unit labour cost slowed for a third successive quarter, from 3.9% in the fourth quarter of 2024 to 1.6% in the third quarter of 2025, with year-on-year employee compensation growth moderating further while that in total output accelerated. The ongoing slowing trend in both measures of nominal unit labour cost over the past two years indicates a lack of notable inflationary pressures from the labour market.

Prices¹³

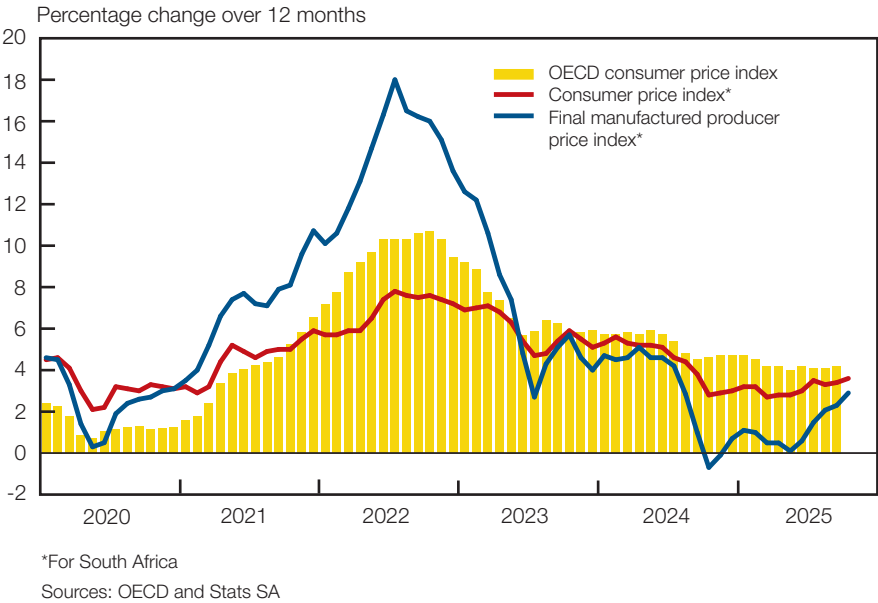
The disinflation experienced across most major economies since the end of 2022 appears to have bottomed out in recent months, with the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development's (OECD) measure of consumer price inflation remaining steady at around 4.0% since March 2025. However, higher food prices, persistent geopolitical tensions, supply chain disruptions and ongoing trade uncertainty continue to present upside risks to global inflation. Although South African consumer price inflation has remained below the OECD average since 2022, domestic inflationary pressures have increased somewhat in recent months, reflecting a

13 Unless stated to the contrary, all rates mentioned in this section reflect year-on-year changes.



gradual reversal of the earlier disinflationary trend. Both headline consumer and producer price inflation have edged up slightly, primarily due to the slower pace of decline in fuel prices and higher food prices. Core inflation has remained broadly stable thus far in 2025, cushioned by the stronger exchange value of the rand against the US dollar for most of the year.

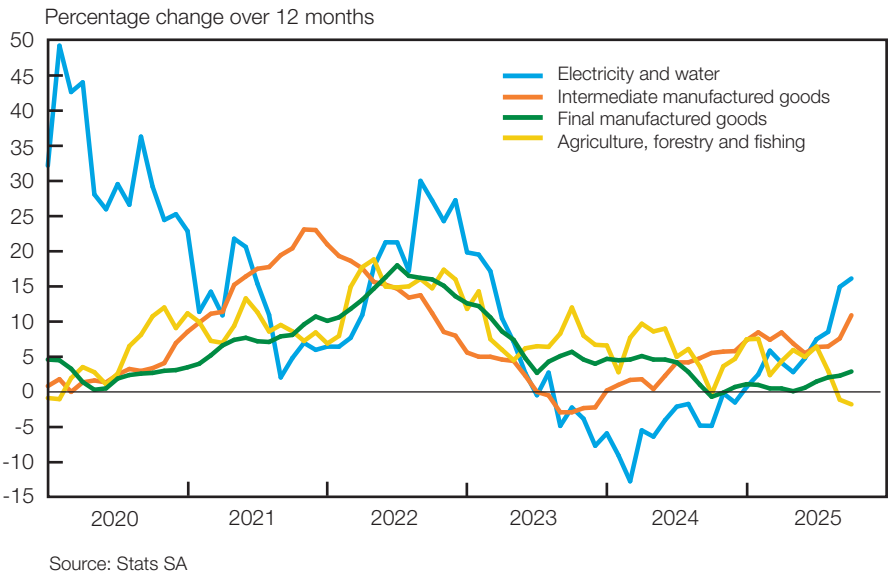
Headline producer and consumer prices



Producer price inflation for final manufactured goods remained subdued for most of 2025 before gradually accelerating to 2.9% in October. The modest uptick was mainly due to the reversal of the deflationary trend in producer prices of coal and petroleum products, which moved from -13.8% in May 2025 to 1.7% in October.

Similarly, *producer price inflation for intermediate manufactured goods* accelerated from 5.5% in June 2025 to 10.9% in October. This was largely driven by a 36.3% increase for basic precious and non-ferrous metals prices as well as an acceleration in sawmilling and wood price inflation. In contrast, the producer prices of basic and other chemicals deflated by 3.4% in that month.

Producer prices



Producer price inflation for agriculture, forestry and fishing products has remained volatile thus far in 2025 but has nonetheless eased substantially from 6.5% in July to -1.8% in October. This deceleration was mainly driven by a marked slowdown in the price inflation of crops and horticultural products, reflecting deflation in the prices of cereals and other crops as well as fruit and vegetables. Conversely, live animals and animal product price inflation accelerated further, impacted by the foot-and-mouth disease outbreak, which was also reflected in the elevated final manufactured meat and meat products price inflation. Producer price inflation for forestry accelerated from 2.6% in June 2025 to 4.3% in October, while that of fishing remained elevated at 8.7% in October.

Producer price inflation

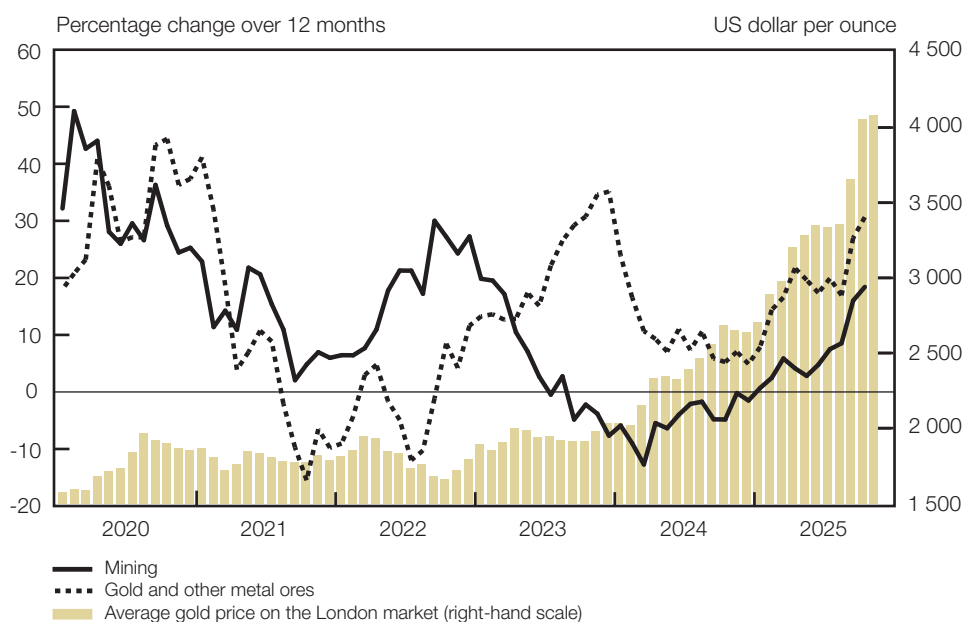
Percentage change over 12 months

	2025				
	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct
Final manufactured goods	0.6	1.5	2.1	2.3	2.9
Intermediate manufactured goods	5.5	6.4	6.5	7.6	10.9
Electricity and water	10.7	4.9	4.6	14.9	16.1
Mining	4.8	7.5	8.5	16.0	18.4
Agriculture, forestry and fishing.....	5.0	6.5	3.0	-1.1	-1.8

Source: Stats SA

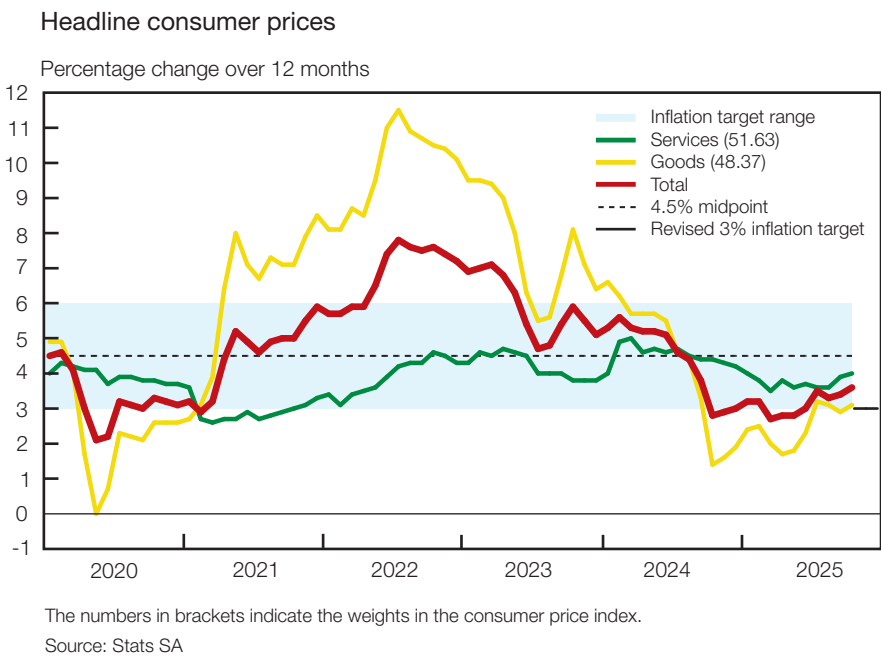
Producer price inflation for electricity and water accelerated sharply to 16.1% in October 2025, primarily due to the significant quickening in producer electricity price inflation to 16.8% following Eskom's 2025 tariff increase. Producer price inflation for water also accelerated, to 11.6% over the same period.

Mining producer prices and gold price



Sources: LSEG and Stats SA

Producer price inflation for mining products accelerated considerably from 0.7% in January 2025 to 18.4% in October, primarily driven by higher prices of gold and other metal ores as well as non-ferrous metal ores. Price inflation for gold and other metal ores quickened notably from 7.9% in January 2025 to 30.6% in October, reflecting the strong increase in gold prices to above US\$4 000 per fine ounce, on average, in October and November. This occurred amid global economic uncertainty, ongoing geopolitical tensions, a weaker US dollar, lower global interest rates and sustained central bank buying. Similarly, non-ferrous metal ores producer price inflation quickened to 27.5% in October 2025. Meanwhile, coal and gas prices declined by 20.9% year on year in October 2025, marking the 26th consecutive month of deflation.



Headline consumer price inflation has trended above final manufactured goods producer price inflation since mid-2023 and rose gradually from a low of 2.7% in March 2025 to 3.6% in October, as both services and goods price inflation accelerated slightly over this period.

Consumer price inflation

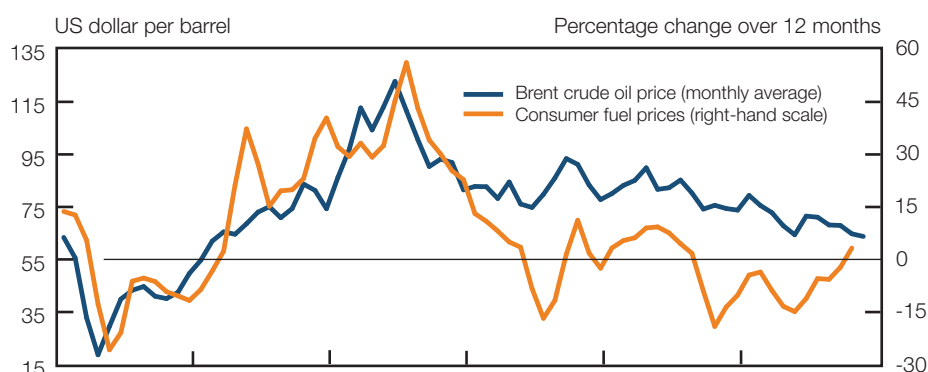
Percentage change over 12 months

	Weight	2025				
		Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct
Headline CPI	100.00	3.0	3.5	3.3	3.4	3.6
Headline CPI, excluding food and non-alcoholic beverages, fuel and electricity.....	74.53	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.1
Goods	48.37	2.3	3.2	3.1	2.9	3.1
Non-durable	34.87	3.1	4.5	4.2	4.1	4.6
Semi-durable.....	5.84	0.5	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8
Durable.....	7.66	0.0	-0.6	-0.4	-0.5	-0.9
Services	51.63	3.7	3.6	3.6	3.9	4.0

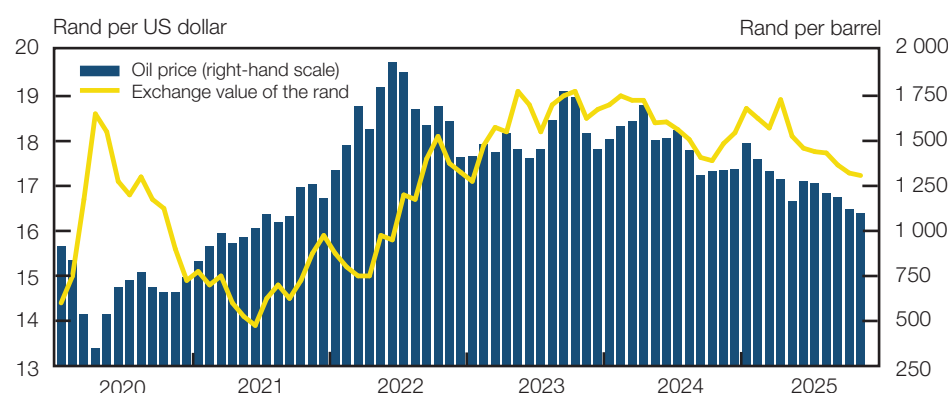
Source: Stats SA

Consumer goods price inflation accelerated gradually from 1.7% in April 2025 to 3.2% in July before slowing somewhat to 3.1% in October, primarily reflecting changes in non-durable goods price inflation. The initial acceleration was largely attributable to higher food price inflation and less pronounced declines in fuel prices, while the recent moderation was largely the result of slower food price inflation. Conversely, durable goods price inflation remained muted, edging lower from 0.8% in January 2025 to -0.9% in October, consistent with subdued consumer demand and the appreciation in the exchange value of the rand, on balance, since the start of the year. Similarly, semi-durable goods price inflation remained contained at 0.8% in October 2025, as price increases in clothing and footwear as well as furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance goods remained muted.

Brent crude oil and consumer fuel prices



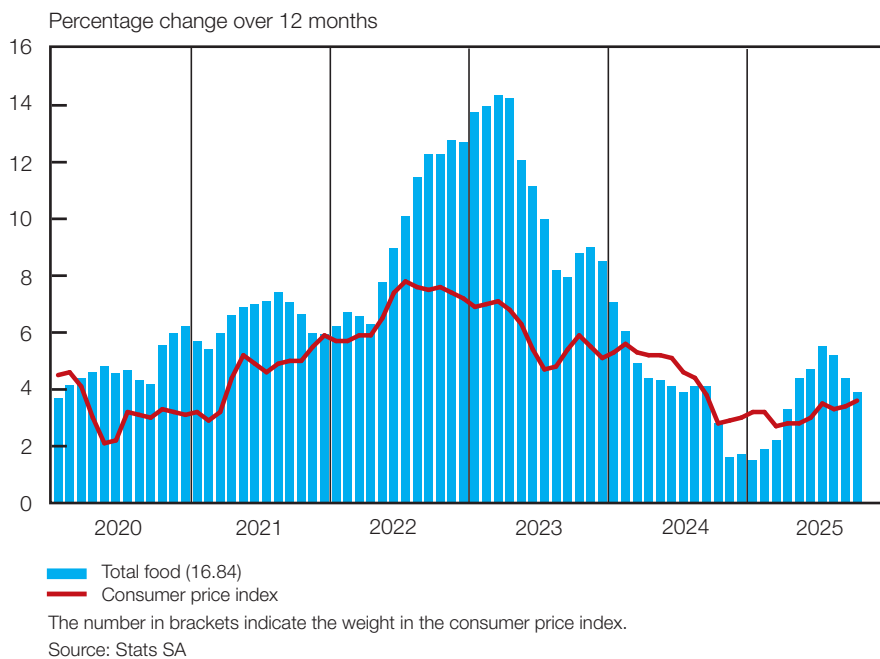
Exchange rate and rand price of Brent crude oil



Sources: LSEG, Stats SA and SARB

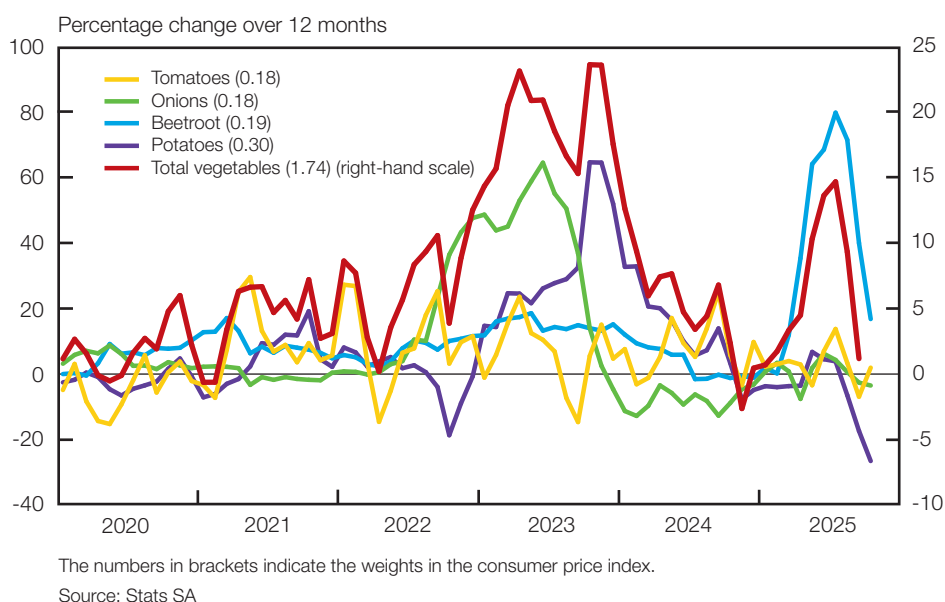
Consumer fuel prices increased in September 2025 compared to a year earlier after 13 months of deflation, mostly reflecting base effects. The earlier deflationary trend in fuel prices reflected lower international crude oil prices and the further appreciation in the exchange value of the rand against the US dollar. The average price of Brent crude oil decreased from US\$79.39 per barrel in January 2025 to US\$64.77 per barrel in October, amid some volatility as markets navigated weakening global demand alongside ongoing supply risks. The conclusion of the 2025 US summer driving season and increased output by the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries and its allies (OPEC+) exerted downward pressure on prices, while persistent geopolitical tensions in the Middle East posed upside risks. Consequently, domestic fuel price inflation accelerated to 3.3% in October 2025 from a low of -14.9% in May, as the low base gradually dissipated.

Headline and consumer food prices



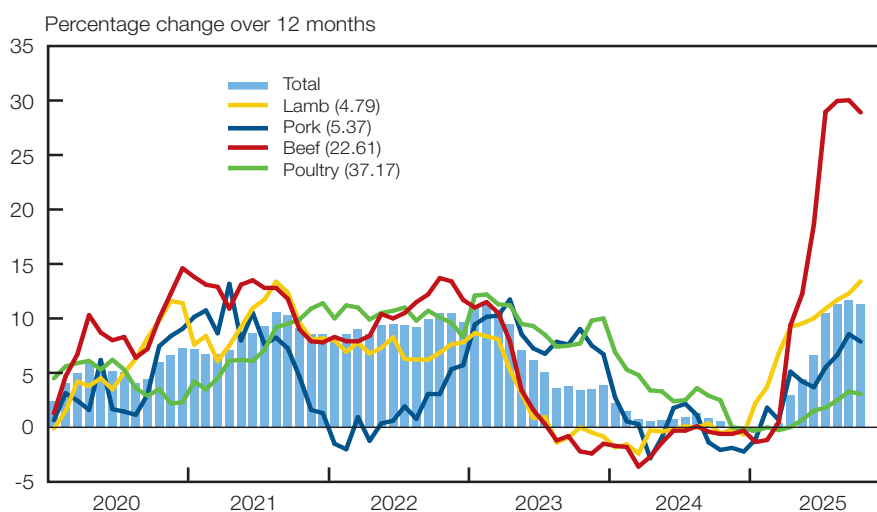
Consumer food price inflation trended higher through most of 2025 and reached a peak of 5.5% in July, driven by higher prices for meat, vegetables, oils and fats as well as sugar, confectionery and desserts. Subsequently, consumer food price inflation slowed to 3.9% in October 2025, with notable slowdowns in the categories of cereals, milk, other dairy products and eggs, vegetables, and fruits and nuts. Vegetable price inflation receded sharply from 14.6% in July 2025 to -4.4% in October, mainly due to a significant decline in potato prices following a bumper harvest, expanded plantings and improved growing conditions, while onion and beetroot price inflation also slowed. Similarly, fruits and nuts price inflation moderated from 13.5% in May 2025 to -0.2% in October. In addition, ample domestic maize supplies and positive crop expectations continued to exert downward pressure on grain prices, keeping cereal product price inflation relatively subdued at 2.0% in October 2025. While reduced grain prices lowered feed costs for producers, the livestock farming and meat processing sectors continued to be impacted by ongoing animal disease outbreaks.

Consumer vegetable prices



Consumer meat price inflation, which account for the largest share of the food basket, accelerated from a low of -0.5% in January 2025 to 11.7% in September, largely driven by supply shortages related to foot-and-mouth disease. The higher consumer meat prices were in line with a simultaneous rise in agricultural and final manufactured producer meat price inflation. At the same time, the Food and Agriculture Organization's (FAO) international meat price index also increased in 2025. More recently, consumer meat price inflation edged lower to 11.4% in October 2025. Although still elevated, beef price inflation moderated slightly from a peak of 30.0% in September 2025 to 28.9% in October as supply constraints persisted. Pointedly, the rapid acceleration in beef prices in 2025 prompted consumers to switch to other types of meat. As a result, price inflation for lamb, pork and poultry accelerated to 13.4%, 7.9% and 3.0% respectively in October 2025.

Consumer meat prices

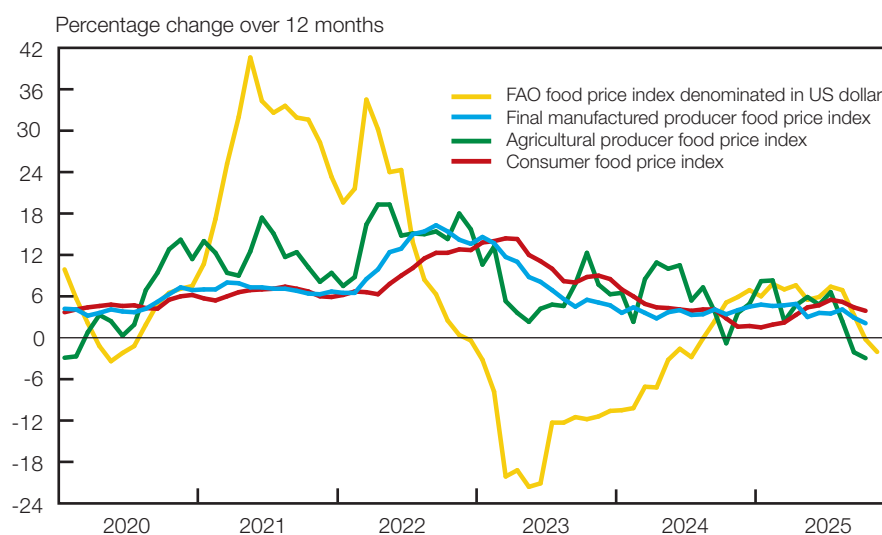


The numbers in brackets indicate the weights in the meat price index.

Source: Stats SA

Final manufactured producer food price inflation moderated from 4.9% in April 2025 to 2.1% in October as inflation for grain mill and bakery products slowed. In addition, price inflation in the meat, fish, fruit, vegetables, oils and fats subcategory slowed more recently from 11.6% in June 2025 to 9.1% in October. Although still elevated due to the ongoing livestock disease outbreak, meat and meat product inflation moderated to 17.4% in October 2025, from 20.6% in July.

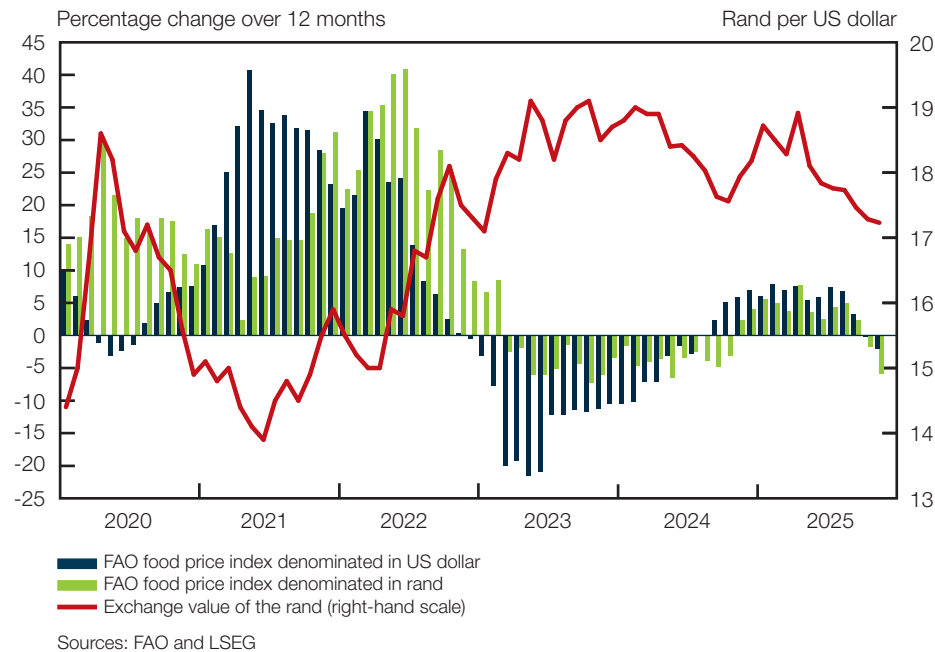
Food prices



Sources: FAO and Stats SA

Despite some volatility, producer price inflation for agricultural food products eased from 8.3% in February 2025 to -3.0% in October, mainly because cereals and other crops inflation decelerated sharply from a high of 38.6% in January to -20.2% in October, following favourable weather conditions and increased crop estimates. Fruit and vegetable price inflation also eased further from 18.6% in May 2025 to -11.4% in October, supported by base effects and supportive growing conditions. However, consistent with final manufactured meat and meat products prices, the lingering impact of foot-and-mouth disease kept producer price inflation for agricultural live animals elevated at 24.2% in October 2025.

International food prices and the exchange rate

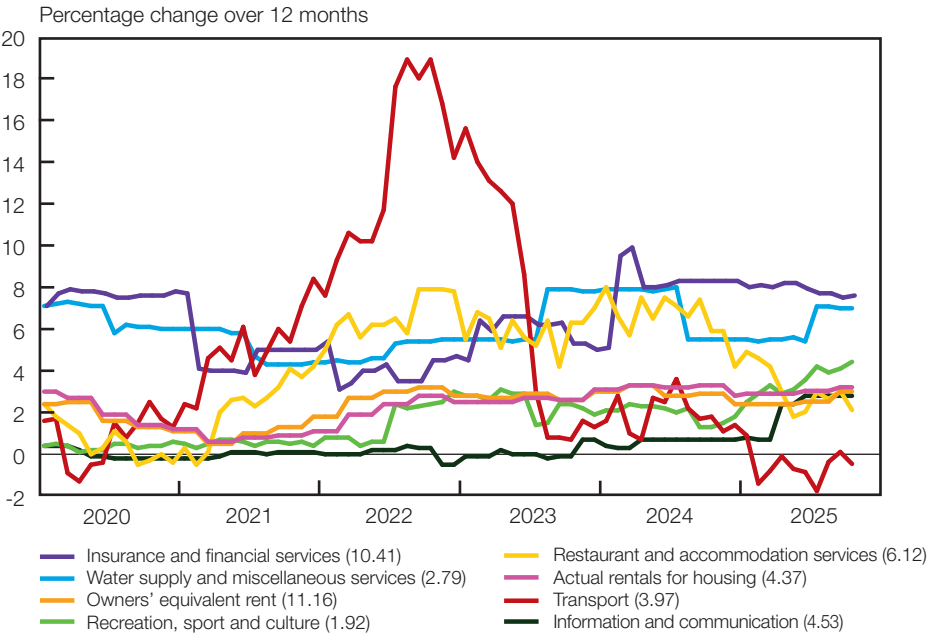


The US dollar-denominated food price index of the United Nations' (UN) FAO decreased for a second successive month in October 2025, as decreases in cereals, meat, sugar and dairy products outweighed the increase in vegetable oil prices. The year-on-year rate of change in the FAO index slowed sharply from 7.4% in July 2025 to -0.4% in October. The rand-denominated FAO food price index decreased by 2.0% year on year in October 2025 as the stronger rand amplified the impact of lower global food prices. Global agricultural commodity prices have stabilised somewhat in recent months, supported by favourable harvests, easing input cost pressures and broad-based productivity gains across key producing regions.

Consumer services price inflation remained fairly stable for most of 2025, rising slightly to 4.0% in October 2025 as inflation picked up across several categories. Housing and utilities price inflation accelerated from 3.0% in April 2025 to 3.6% in October, driven by the quickening in water and miscellaneous services price inflation from 5.5% to 7.0% over the same period, along with a modest uptick in actual rental inflation for housing and owners' equivalent rent to 3.2% and 3.0% respectively in October. Health services price inflation also rose from 5.1% to 5.6% during this period, while recreation, sport and culture services price inflation quickened from 2.3% in January 2025 to 4.4% in October. Restaurants and accommodation services price inflation remained relatively subdued during 2025 as it edged slightly higher from a low of 1.8% in May 2025 to 2.1% in October.

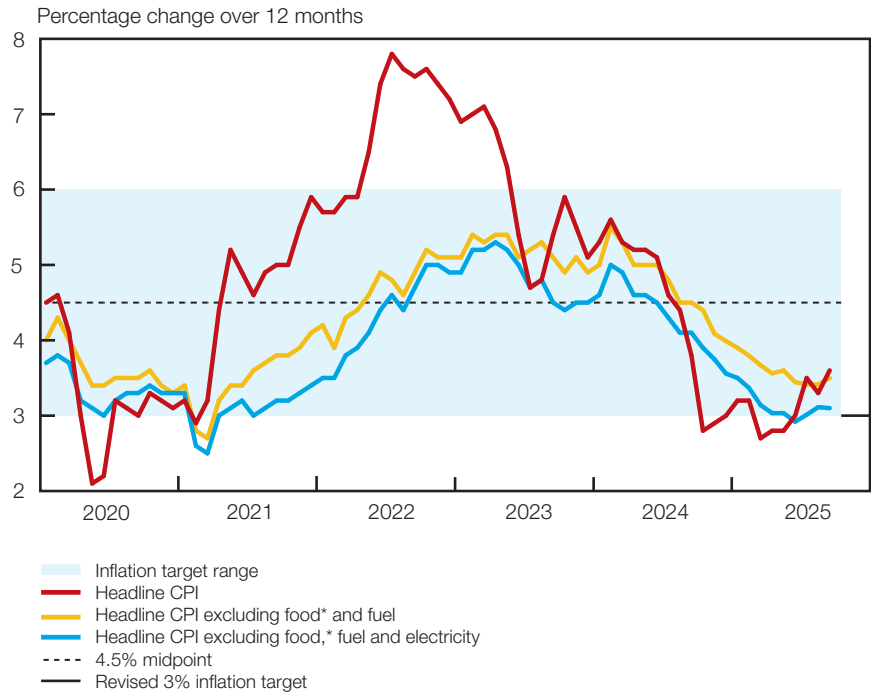


Selected consumer services prices



The numbers in brackets indicate the weights in the consumer price index.
Source: Stats SA

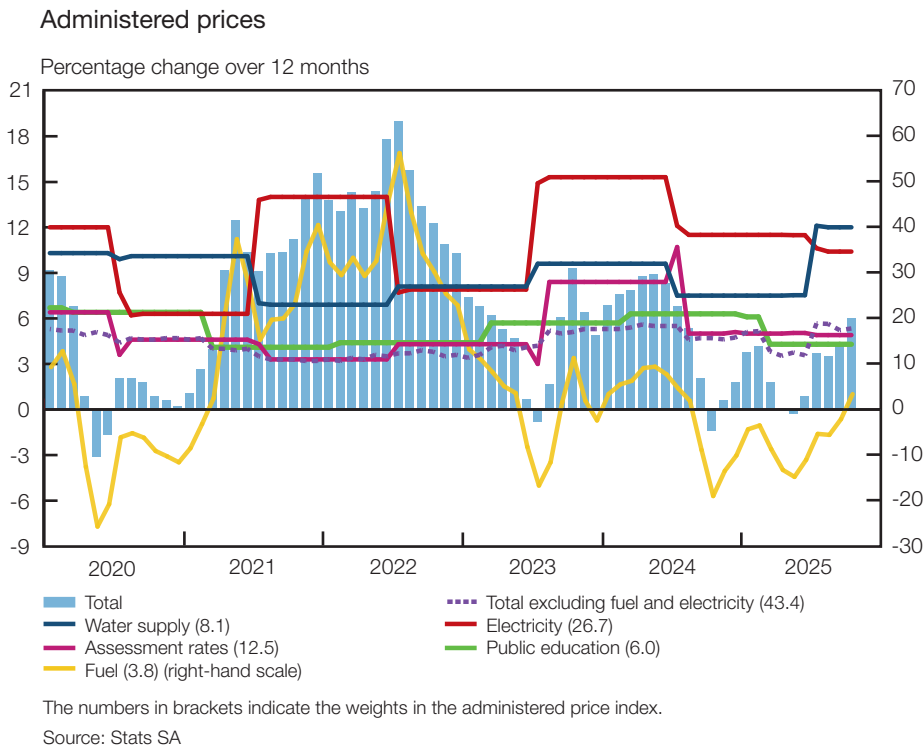
Headline and underlying measures of consumer prices



Source: Stats SA

Consistent with the slight acceleration in headline consumer price inflation in recent months, most measures of underlying inflation have quickened somewhat, largely due to higher services price inflation. When excluding the more volatile food, non-alcoholic beverages and fuel components, consumer price inflation moderated through most of 2025 before edging up from 3.4% in August to 3.5% in October. The SARB's preferred measure of core inflation, which also excludes electricity prices, accelerated from 2.9% in June 2025 – the lowest rate since March 2021 – to 3.1% in October.

Administered price inflation rose steadily from -0.3% in May 2025 to 6.0% in October, primarily driven by less deflationary fuel prices and higher water supply tariffs during this period. Largely due to base effects, the pace of fuel price deflation eased from 14.9% in May 2025 to 2.2% in September, before reverting to inflation of 3.3% in October, while municipal water tariffs increased by 12.0% compared with a 7.5% increase in the previous year. When excluding fuel prices, administered price inflation was notably higher at 7.2% in October, reflecting the significant rise in water tariffs and persistently elevated electricity price inflation. Excluding both fuel and electricity prices, administered price inflation was 5.3% in October 2025.



The BER's *Inflation Expectations Survey* for the fourth quarter of 2025 showed further significant broad-based downward revisions in headline consumer price inflation expectations across the entire forecast horizon. The expectations of financial analysts remained the lowest, as they now forecast inflation to average 3.3% in 2025, 3.5% in 2026 and 3.4% in 2027. Although still above financial analysts, business and trade union representatives adjusted their inflation expectations substantially lower over the forecast horizon.

Headline consumer price inflation expectations

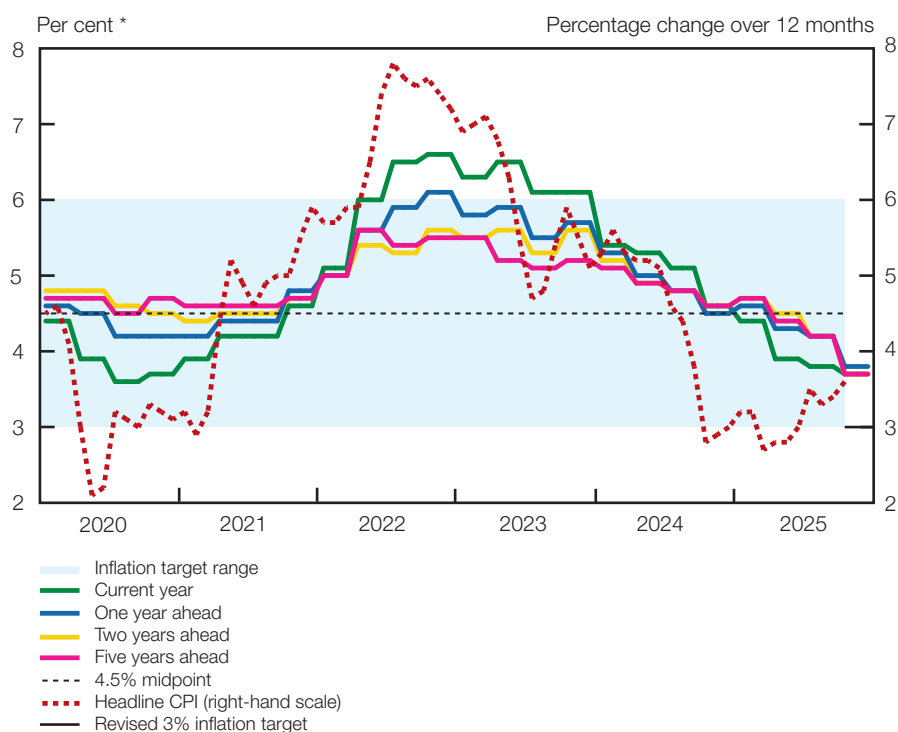
Per cent, as surveyed in the fourth quarter of 2025

Average expected inflation	Financial analysts	Business representatives	Trade union representatives	All surveyed participants
2025.....	3.3	3.9	3.8	3.7
2026.....	3.5	3.9	3.9	3.8
2027.....	3.4	4.0	3.8	3.7
Five years ahead	3.3	4.1	3.8	3.7

Source: BER

The further downward revision in inflation expectations was likely in response to the announcement of the new 3% inflation target in the 2025 MTBPS and the appreciation in the exchange value of the rand between the two most recent survey periods. Average five-years-ahead inflation expectations declined sharply from 4.7% in the first quarter of 2025 survey to 3.7% in the fourth quarter survey.

Inflation expectations and headline consumer prices



* Annual average expectations measured quarterly

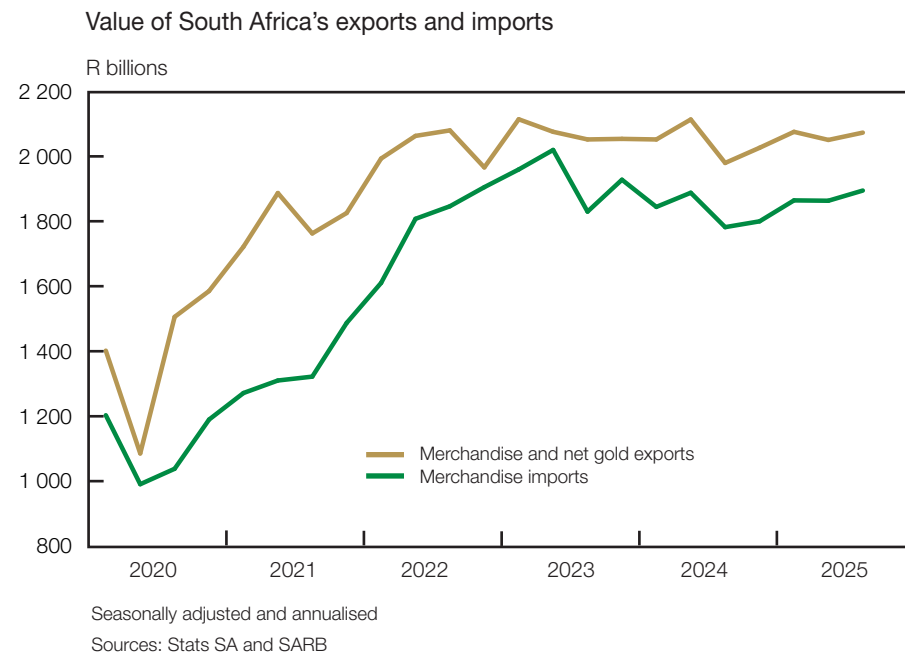
Sources: BER and Stats SA

External economic accounts

Current account¹⁴

South Africa's trade surplus narrowed further from R187 billion in the second quarter of 2025 to R178 billion in the third quarter, as the value of merchandise imports increased more than that of total goods exports. The increase in the value of both exports and imports reflected higher prices and increased volumes traded over this period.

14 Unless stated to the contrary, the current account transaction flows referred to in this section are all seasonally adjusted and annualised.



The narrower trade surplus was outweighed by the smaller deficit on the services, income and current transfer account, resulting in a narrowing of the deficit on the current account of the balance of payments from R72.2 billion (1.0% of GDP) in the second quarter of 2025 to R57.0 billion (0.7% of GDP) in the third quarter.

Current account of the balance of payments

R billions, seasonally adjusted and annualised

	2024			2025		
	Q3	Q4	Year	Q1	Q2	Q3
Merchandise exports	1 840	1 829	1 893	1 912	1 872	1 924
Net gold exports.....	139	197	150	163	178	149
Merchandise imports.....	-1 782	-1 800	-1 828	-1 864	-1 863	-1 894
Trade balance.....	198	226	214	211	187	178
Net services, income and current transfer payments	-261	-266	-262	-259	-259	-235
Balance on current account.....	-63	-39	-48	-48	-72	-57
<i>As a percentage of gross domestic product</i>						
Trade balance.....	2.7	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.3
Services balance	-1.0	-0.9	-1.0	-0.8	-0.8	-0.9
Income balance.....	-1.9	-2.2	-2.0	-2.0	-2.3	-1.8
Current transfer balance.....	-0.6	-0.5	-0.6	-0.7	-0.4	-0.4
Balance on current account.....	-0.9	-0.5	-0.7	-0.6	-1.0	-0.7

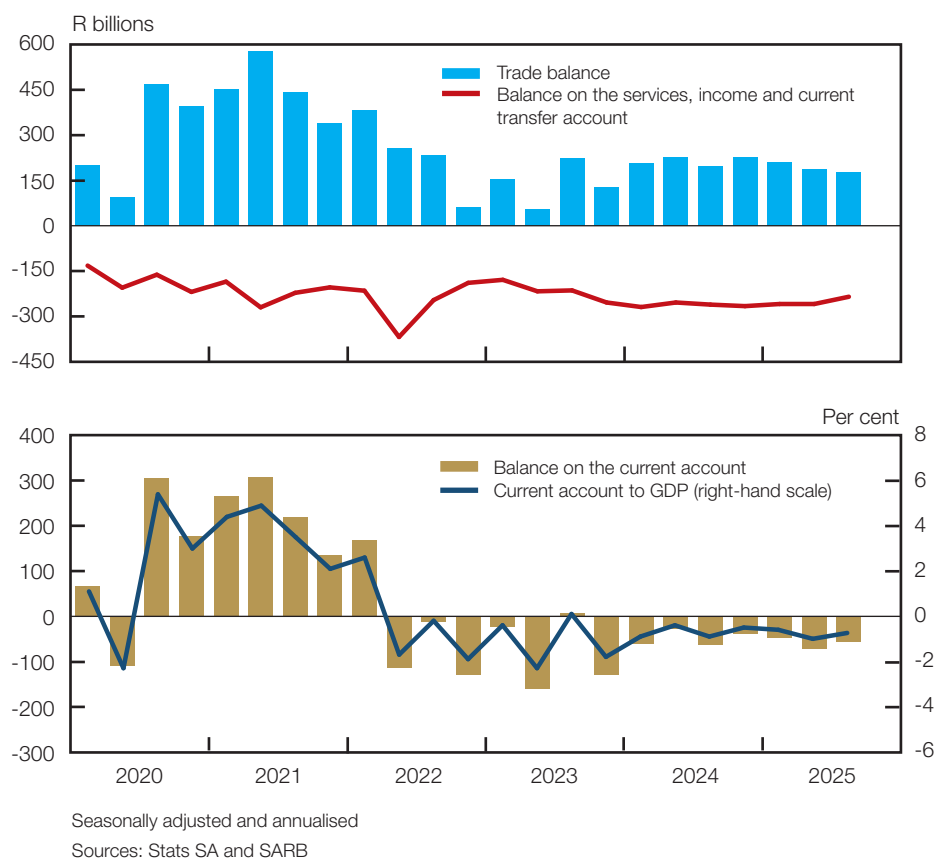
Components may not add up to totals due to rounding off.

Sources: Stats SA and SARB



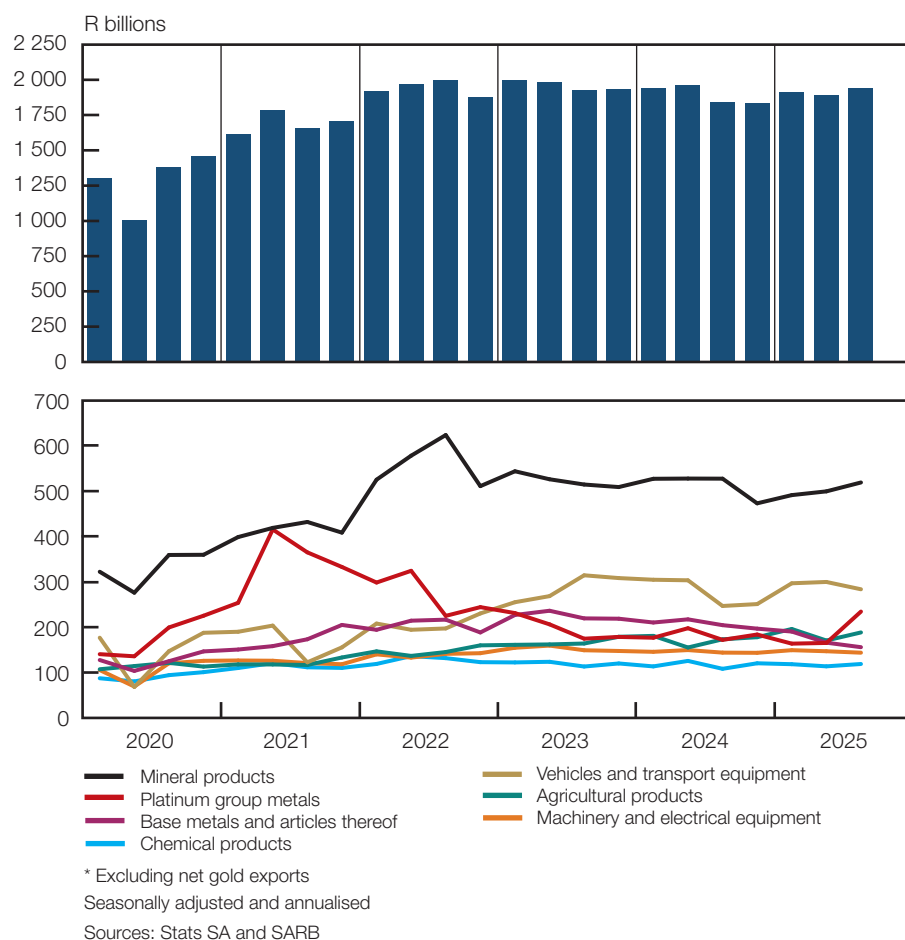


Current account of the balance of payments



The value of merchandise exports rose by 2.8% in the third quarter of 2025, largely due to increased exports of mining and agricultural products, while manufacturing exports declined. The increase in the value of mining exports in the same period was driven by higher export values of PGMs and mineral products, which more than offset the decline in the exports of pearls, precious and semi-precious stones as well as base metals and articles thereof. The increase in the value of PGM exports reflected both higher prices and increased physical quantities. Mineral exports were buoyed by increased exports of chromium ore, iron ore and manganese ore. The higher value of chromium ore was due to an increase in the physical quantity exported, despite its lower realised rand price. The lower export value of base metals and articles thereof was partly due to reduced exports of ferro-alloys, especially ferrochrome. The notable increase in citrus exports boosted the value of agricultural exports in the third quarter of 2025.

Value of merchandise exports*

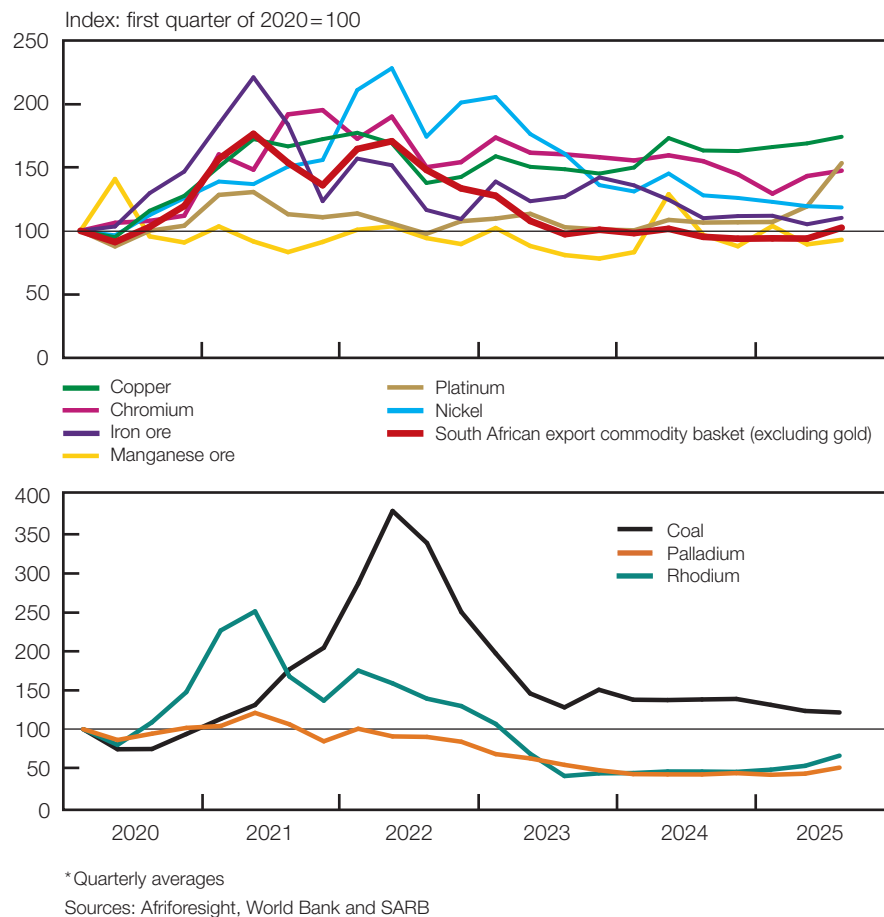


The value of manufacturing exports decreased in the third quarter of 2025, mainly reflecting lower exports of vehicles and transport equipment, textiles and articles thereof as well as machinery and electrical equipment. The export value of vehicles and transport equipment decreased despite a notable rise in passenger vehicle exports, as this was marginally outweighed by decreases in the export value of other vehicles and transport equipment, including commercial vehicles. In contrast, the value of exported chemical products increased over the same period, boosted by sulphates.

The US dollar price of a basket of domestically produced non-gold export commodities rose by 9.1% in the third quarter of 2025, due to higher prices for platinum, rhodium, palladium, iron ore, manganese ore, copper and chromium ore. The increase in platinum and rhodium prices was primarily driven by a continued global supply deficit amid strong demand. Similarly, supply constraints in Russia and South Africa – the world's two largest palladium producers – contributed to the increase in palladium prices. Higher iron ore prices were partly attributed to improved Chinese steel production and exports. The growing use of manganese ore in battery-grade applications also contributed to higher manganese ore prices. Conversely, the prices of coal and nickel fell in the third quarter of 2025, with weak global demand and excess supply continuing to weigh on international coal prices. The price of nickel declined further, as Indonesia's output in particular outpaced global demand, resulting in structural oversupply and rising stockpiles.



Selected South African export commodity prices in US dollar*

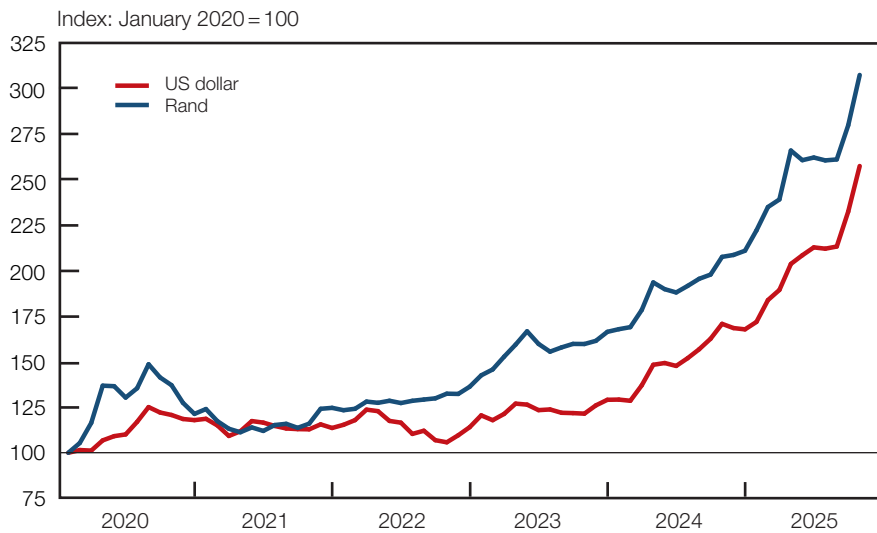


The rand price of merchandise exports increased by 1.3% in the third quarter of 2025, while the volume of merchandise exports increased by 1.4%, supported by higher volumes of mining and agricultural products.

The average US dollar price of gold on the London market increased further by 5.3% from US\$3 281 per fine ounce in the second quarter of 2025 to US\$3 454 per fine ounce in the third quarter, marking an eighth consecutive quarterly increase. The higher gold price reflected, among other factors, a weaker US dollar, continued gold purchases by central banks and ongoing concerns about escalating geopolitical tensions. The monthly average price of gold rose again in October 2025, supported by, among other factors, strong investment demand amid geopolitical tensions, the US Federal Reserve's (Fed) interest rate cut and expectations of further rate cuts.

Despite the higher US dollar-denominated gold price, the average realised rand price of net gold exports increased marginally in the third quarter of 2025. This, together with a decrease in the physical quantity of net gold exports, resulted in a 16.4% decline in the value of net gold exports in the third quarter of 2025.

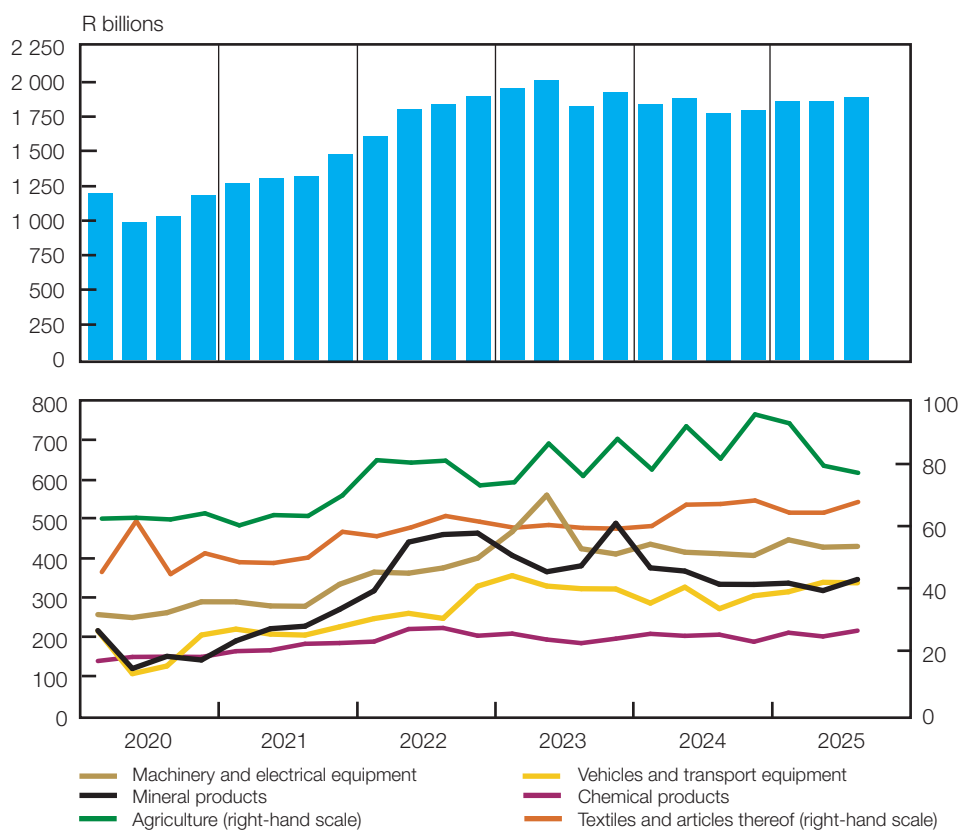
International price of gold



Source: LSEG

The value of merchandise imports rose by 1.7% in the third quarter of 2025, driven by increases in mining and manufacturing imports. The higher value of manufacturing imports was mainly due to increased imports of chemical products, textiles and textile articles as well as machinery and electrical equipment, which more than offset the decline in the imports of prepared foodstuffs, beverages and tobacco as well as vehicles and transport equipment. Increased imports of automatic data processing machines, electric motors and generators as well as centrifuges contributed to the rise in machinery and electrical equipment. The lower value of agricultural imports in the third quarter resulted from reduced imports of vegetable products.

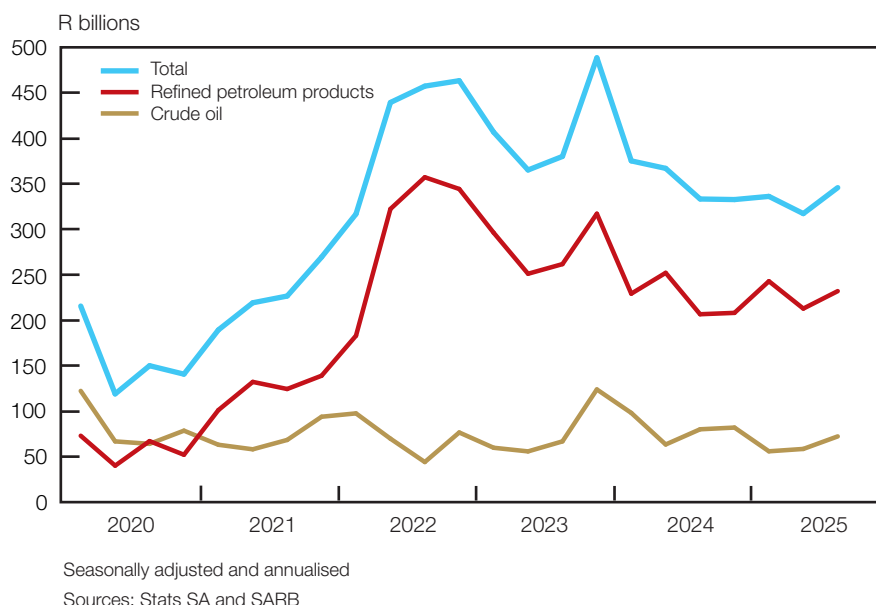
Value of merchandise imports



Seasonally adjusted and annualised
Sources: Stats SA and SARB

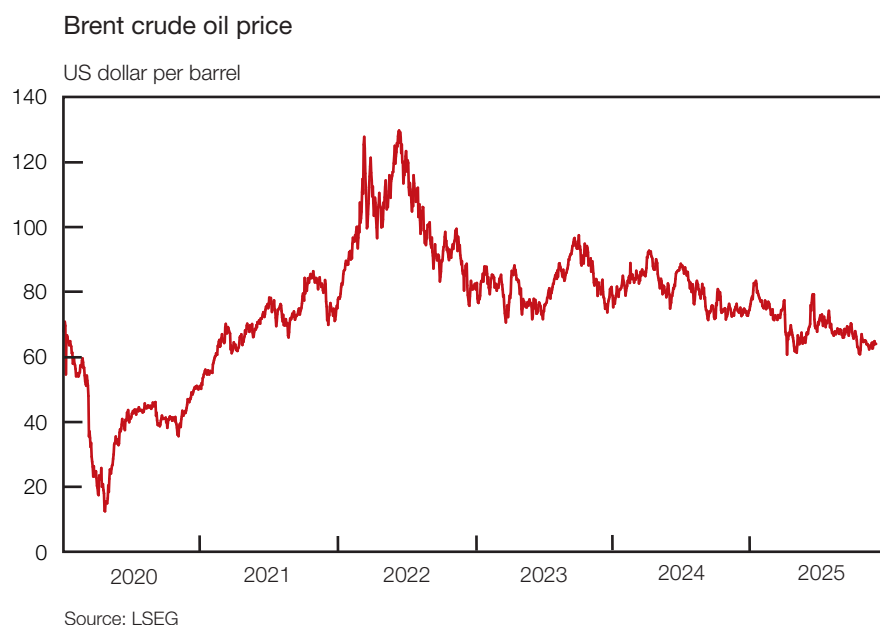
The increase in the value of imported mining products was mainly due to higher imports of mineral products, which outweighed the decline in imports of pearls, precious and semi-precious stones as well as base metals and articles thereof. This increase in mineral imports was boosted by increased imports of refined petroleum products – particularly distillate fuel and petrol – and crude oil.

Value of mineral imports

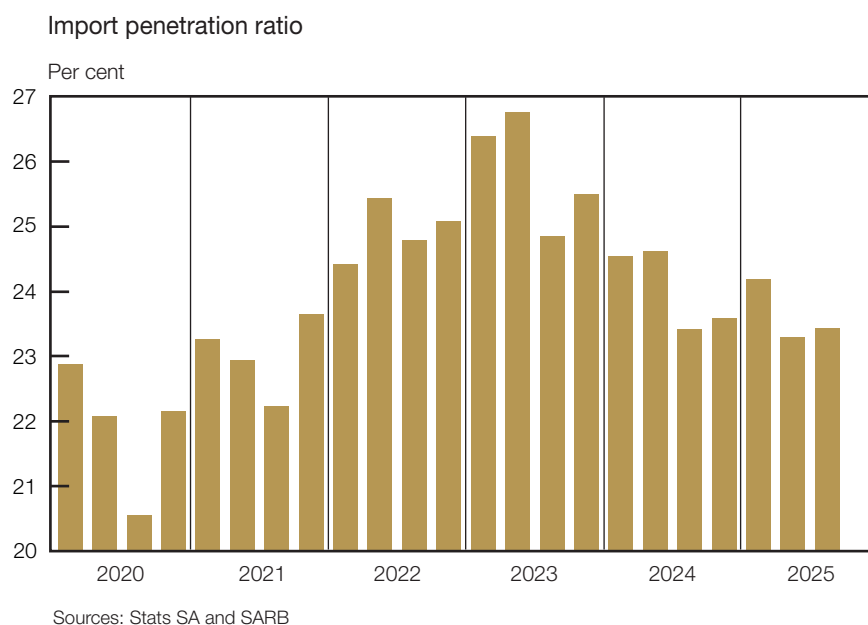


The value of crude oil imports rose by 23.6% in the third quarter of 2025, as the physical quantity imported increased, largely due to the ramp-up of production at a refinery following an unplanned shutdown at the beginning of the year. The larger physical quantity of crude oil imports more than offset the 2.1% decline in the average realised rand price, which decreased from R1 387 per barrel in the second quarter of 2025 to R1 359 per barrel in the third quarter.

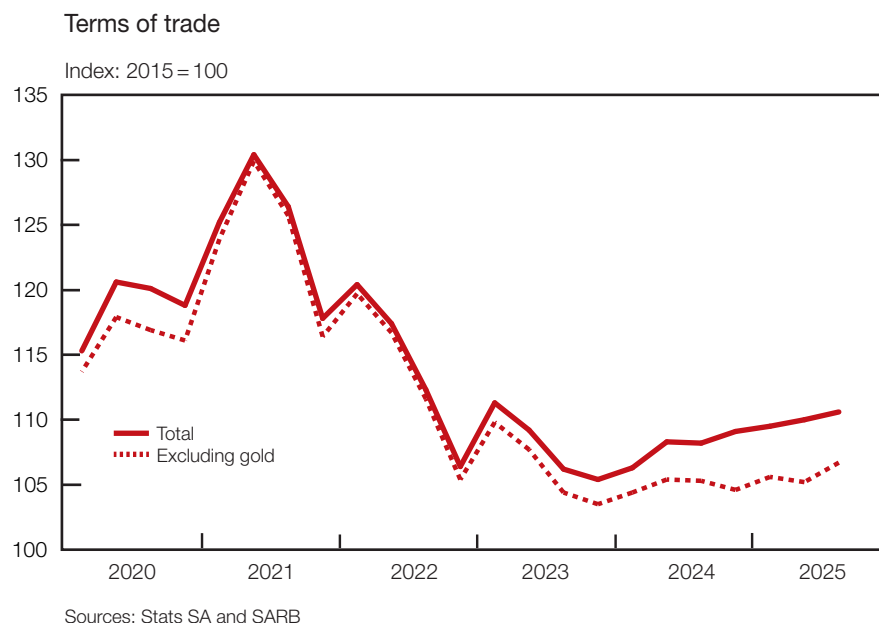
The quarterly average US dollar spot price of Brent crude oil increased by 1.7% from US\$67.91 per barrel in the second quarter of 2025 to US\$69.06 per barrel in the third quarter. This higher price reflected heightened geopolitical risks, despite greater supply from OPEC+. However, the monthly average US dollar spot price of Brent crude oil decreased from US\$67.94 per barrel in September 2025 to US\$64.77 per barrel in October, largely due to excess supply and weakening demand.



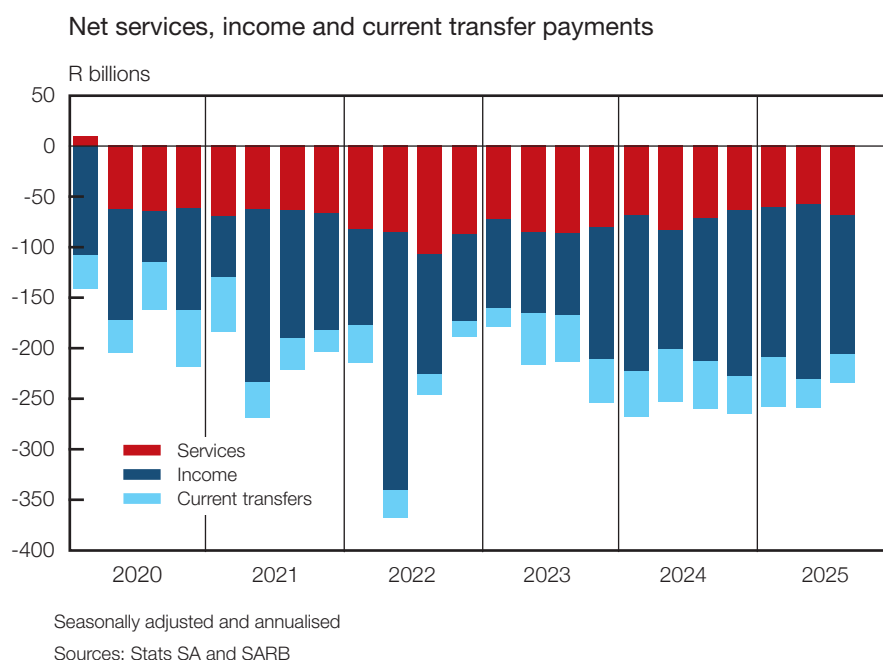
The volume of merchandise imports increased by 1.5% in the third quarter of 2025 following a decline in the second quarter, driven by increased imports of manufacturing and mining products. The import penetration ratio (i.e. real merchandise imports as a ratio of GDE) rose slightly from 23.3% in the second quarter of 2025 to 23.4% in the third quarter. The rand price of merchandise imports increased by 0.2% in the third quarter of 2025.



South Africa's terms of trade (including gold) improved slightly in the third quarter of 2025, while the terms of trade (excluding gold) improved at a faster pace as the rand price of exported goods and services increased more than that of imports.



The deficit on the services, income and current transfer account decreased from R259 billion in the second quarter of 2025 to R235 billion in the third quarter. This narrower deficit stemmed from a smaller shortfall on the income account, though it was partially offset by the wider deficits on the services and current transfer accounts. As a percentage of GDP, the deficit on the services, income and current transfer account narrowed from 3.4% in the second quarter of 2025 to 3.0% in the third quarter.



The deficit on the services account widened in the third quarter of 2025 as gross services payments increased more than gross services receipts. The larger increase in net services payments emanated mainly from higher net transportation payments alongside increased

imports of merchandise goods as well as increased payments for other services. As a ratio to GDP, the shortfall on the services account increased from 0.8% in the second quarter of 2025 to 0.9% in the third quarter.

The deficit on the income account decreased noticeably from R173 billion in the second quarter of 2025 to R137 billion in the third quarter. The smaller deficit on the income account in the third quarter of 2025 resulted from an increase in gross income receipts, coupled with a decline in gross income payments. The increase in gross dividend receipts emanated from higher direct investment dividend receipts of the banking and mining industries, while both direct and non-direct dividend payments declined, resulting in net dividend receipts of R1.5 billion – the first surplus since the third quarter of 2023. Both gross interest payments and receipts increased over this period. As a percentage of GDP, the income deficit declined from 2.3% in the second quarter of 2025 to 1.8% in the third quarter.

Net current transfer payments increased slightly in the third quarter of 2025 as gross current transfer payments remained broadly unchanged, while gross current transfer receipts decreased. Consequently, the net current transfer account as a percentage of GDP remained unchanged at 0.4% in the third quarter of 2025.

Financial account

The net flow of capital on South Africa's financial account of the balance of payments (excluding unrecorded transactions) switched to a significant inflow of R67.4 billion in the third quarter of 2025, compared to a revised outflow of R1.9 billion in the second quarter. On a net basis, direct investment, portfolio investment and reserve assets saw inflows, whereas other investment and financial derivatives recorded outflows. As a percentage of GDP, net financial account flows switched to an inflow of 3.5% in the third quarter of 2025 from a revised outflow of 0.1% in the preceding quarter.

Net financial transactions

R billions

	2024			2025		
	Q3	Q4	Year	Q1	Q2	Q3
Change in liabilities						
Direct investment.....	-3.1	7.5	43.5	11.7	-73.5	-21.0
Portfolio investment	45.6	33.4	6.9	-53.7	69.4	40.7
Financial derivatives.....	-44.4	-51.3	-172.4	-44.6	-43.1	-39.0
Other investment	67.7	-25.6	130.0	64.0	-32.1	110.8
Change in assets						
Direct investment.....	16.7	18.6	22.1	8.1	23.7	38.9
Portfolio investment	35.5	-44.6	-27.9	-19.6	-13.9	18.9
Financial derivatives	36.6	49.8	176.7	35.3	49.0	32.1
Other investment	-131.5	54.1	-112.8	18.6	-0.8	-133.9
Reserve assets	16.7	-51.3	-0.2	17.1	19.4	19.9
Total identified financial transactions*	39.1	-9.5	65.9	36.9	-1.9	67.4
<i>As a percentage of gross domestic product.....</i>	<i>2.2</i>	<i>-0.5</i>	<i>0.9</i>	<i>2.0</i>	<i>-0.1</i>	<i>3.5</i>

* Excluding unrecorded transactions

Inflow (+)/outflow (-)

Components may not add up to totals due to rounding off.

Source: SARB

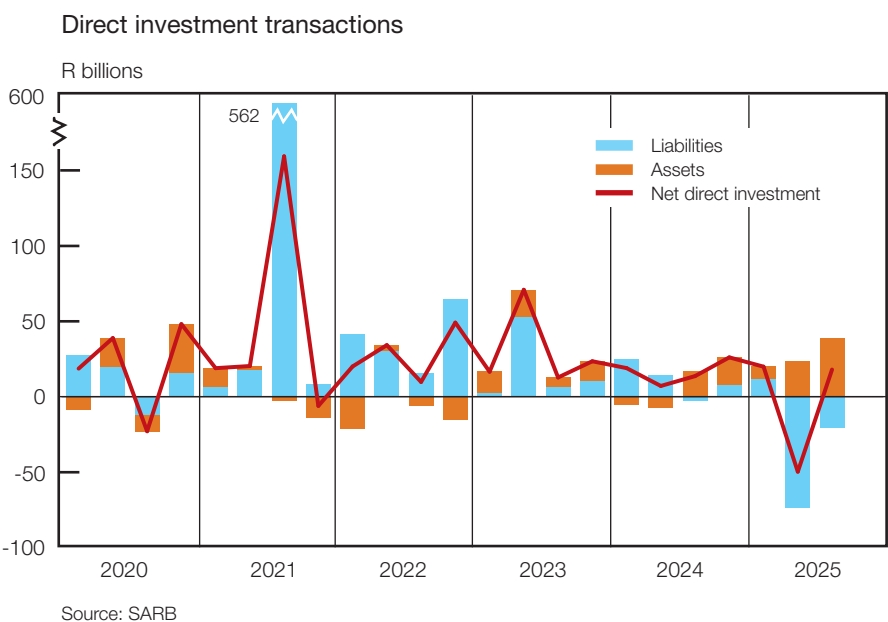


Foreign-owned assets in South Africa

South Africa's direct investment liabilities saw an outflow of R21.0 billion in the third quarter of 2025 following an outflow of R73.5 billion in the second quarter, as non-resident parent entities' disposal of equity in domestic subsidiaries outweighed the extension of loans to domestic subsidiaries. The disposal of equity can primarily be attributed to Anglo American Plc's (Anglo American) sale of its remaining equity in Valterra Platinum Limited (Valterra), although this was partly offset by an increase in the foreign shareholding in a media and entertainment company.

Portfolio investment liabilities registered an inflow of R40.7 billion in the third quarter of 2025 following an inflow of R69.4 billion in the second quarter. Non-residents purchased R42.7 billion in debt securities in the third quarter of 2025, up from R30.4 billion in the second quarter, while they sold R2.1 billion in equity securities compared to purchases of R39.0 billion over the same period. The acquisition of domestic debt securities by non-residents was partly offset by the redemption of a US\$2.0 billion international bond by national government in the third quarter of 2025.

Other investment liabilities switched to a significant inflow of R110.8 billion in the third quarter of 2025 from an outflow of R32.1 billion in the second quarter. The inflow was driven by increased long-term loans from foreign lenders to general government and public corporations, short-term loans received by the domestic private banking sector under repurchase agreements and a rise in non-resident deposits at the domestic private banking sector. The inflow was partly offset by national government's repayment of the eighth and final instalment of XDR381 million on an IMF loan as well as repayments of long-term loans by both public corporations and the domestic private non-banking sector.



South African-owned assets abroad

South Africa's direct investment assets recorded an inflow of R38.9 billion in the third quarter of 2025 following an inflow of R23.7 billion in the second quarter. This was because a domestic company further reduced its shareholding in a non-resident subsidiary and non-resident subsidiaries repaid loans to domestic parent companies.

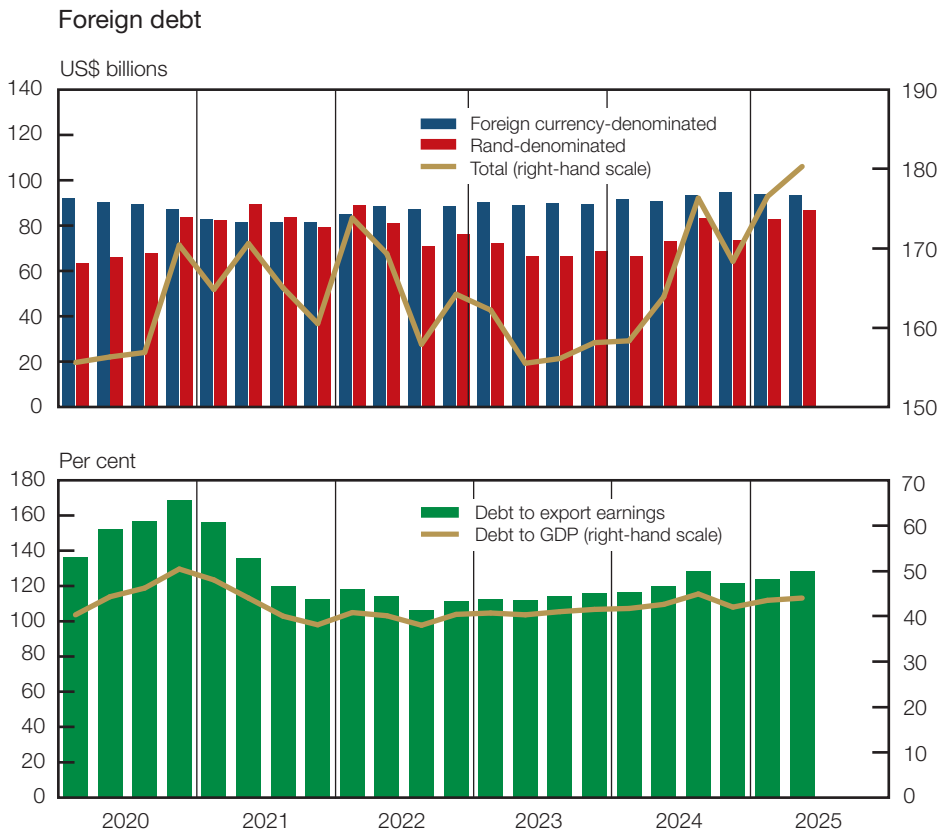


South Africa's foreign portfolio investment assets shifted to an inflow of R18.9 billion in the third quarter of 2025, after recording an outflow of R13.9 billion in the previous quarter. This was because the domestic private non-banking sector's disposal of foreign equity securities outweighed the domestic private banking and non-banking sectors' acquisition of foreign debt securities.

Other investment assets registered a significant outflow of R133.9 billion in the third quarter of 2025 following a marginal outflow of R0.8 billion in the second quarter, mainly due to the domestic private banking sector extending short-term loans under resale agreements to non-residents and increasing deposits at non-resident banks. In addition, the private non-banking sector extended short-term loans to non-residents.

Foreign debt

South Africa's total external debt rose from US\$176.5 billion at the end of March 2025 to US\$180.2 billion at the end of June. In rand terms, total external debt increased from R3 229 billion to R3 204 billion over the same period.



Source: SARB

Rand-denominated external debt, expressed in US dollars, increased from US\$82.8 billion at the end of March 2025 to US\$86.9 billion at the end of June. This was primarily due to non-resident net purchases of bonds in the domestic capital market and the appreciation in the exchange value of the rand against the US dollar during this period. The increase also reflected an increase in long-term loans of the public sector as well as an uptick in trade financing by the private non-banking sector.

Foreign debt of South Africa

US\$ billions at end of period

	2024				2025	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Foreign currency-denominated debt.....	91.8	90.8	93.4	94.8	93.7	93.4
Debt securities	26.4	26.0	26.0	29.5	28.3	28.3
Other	65.4	64.8	67.3	65.3	65.5	65.1
Public sector	18.8	18.1	17.8	17.4	16.9	16.3
Monetary sector	19.1	19.0	22.3	21.6	22.3	22.5
Non-monetary private sector	27.4	27.7	27.2	26.2	26.3	26.2
Rand-denominated debt	66.6	73.0	82.9	73.6	82.8	86.9
Debt securities	40.7	46.2	53.6	48.6	53.7	57.2
Other	25.9	26.8	29.3	25.0	29.1	29.7
Total foreign debt	158.3	163.9	176.3	168.4	176.5	180.2
As a percentage of gross domestic product....	41.7	42.6	44.9	42.0	43.5	44.0
As a percentage of total export earnings	116.3	119.7	128.7	121.8	124.0	128.3

Components may not add up to totals due to rounding off.

Source: SARB

Foreign currency-denominated external debt decreased marginally from US\$93.7 billion at the end of March 2025 to US\$93.4 billion at the end of June. This mainly reflected the decrease in public sector loans, which included national government's seventh instalment of eight quarterly repayments of XDR381 million on an IMF loan.

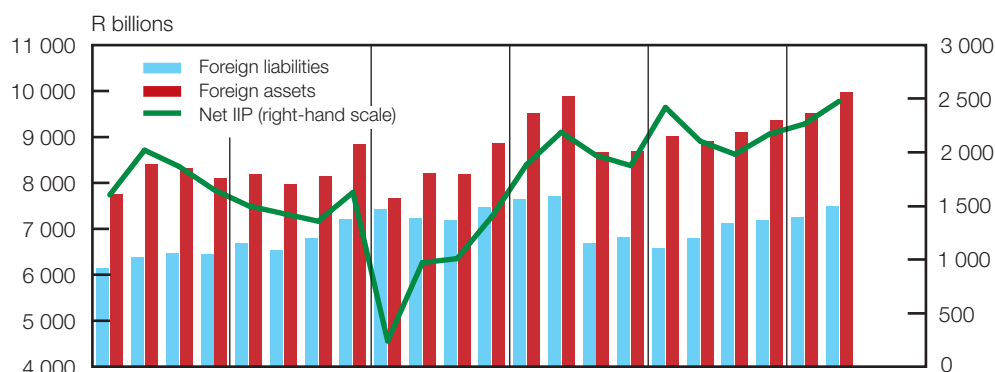
South Africa's total external debt as a ratio of annual GDP¹⁵ increased from 43.5% at the end of March 2025 to 44.0% at the end of June. Similarly, the ratio of external debt to export earnings increased from 124.0% to 128.3% over the same period.

International investment position

South Africa's positive net international investment position (IIP) grew from R2 264 billion at the end of March 2025 to R2 475 billion at the end of June as the market value of foreign assets increased more than that of foreign liabilities. The rise in foreign assets could mainly be attributed to increases in direct and portfolio investment assets due to valuation effects.

15 Annual GDP is calculated as the sum of the most recent four quarters' nominal GDP.

South Africa's international investment position



Net international investment position to GDP



Source: SARB

The market value of South Africa's foreign assets (outward investment) increased by 4.8% from a revised R9 516 billion at the end of March 2025 to R9 977 billion at the end of June. All functional categories of foreign assets increased in the second quarter of 2025, except for other investment and reserve assets. Direct investment assets grew mainly due to the rise in the share price of a large direct investment enterprise. The increase in portfolio investment was driven mainly by a 10.6% surge in the US Standard & Poor's (S&P) 500 Index and, to a lesser extent, higher values of dual-listed companies. However, this was partly offset by Anglo American's share consolidation, where resident shareholders received Valterra shares, resulting in a decline in their portfolio investment value in Anglo American. Other investment assets declined due to loan repayments by non-residents to the domestic private banking and non-banking sectors, though this was partly offset by the domestic private banking sector increasing its deposits at non-resident banks. The drop in reserve assets mainly reflected exchange rate valuations.

The market value of South Africa's foreign liabilities (inward investment) increased by 3.4%, rising from a revised R7 253 billion at the end of March 2025 to R7 501 billion at the end of June as portfolio investment and financial derivative liabilities increased, while direct investment liabilities and other investment decreased. The growth in portfolio investment liabilities can be attributed to the distribution of Valterra shares to non-resident shareholders of Anglo American, together with an 8.8% increase in the FTSE/JSE All-Share Index (Alsi) in the second quarter of 2025 and non-residents' acquisition of domestic debt securities. Direct investment decreased mainly because of Anglo American's disposal of equity in Valterra. Other investment liabilities fell as the domestic private non-banking sector and public corporations repaid loans to non-residents and non-residents withdrew deposits from the domestic private banking sector. The decline also reflected national government's seventh instalment of eight quarterly repayments of XDR381 million on an IMF loan.



16 Annual GDP is calculated as the sum of the most recent four quarters' nominal GDP.

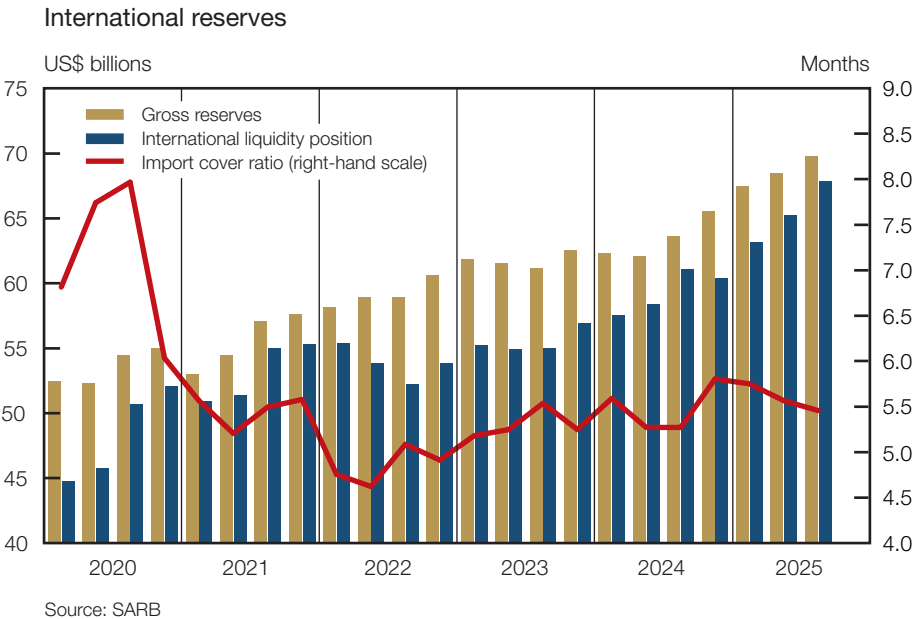
17 This is calculated as the SARB's gross gold and foreign reserves *minus* foreign currency-denominated liabilities against both domestic and foreign counterparties *plus/minus* the forward position in foreign currency.

As a ratio of South Africa's annual GDP,¹⁶ foreign assets increased from 128.6% at the end of March 2025 to 134.0% at the end of June, while foreign liabilities rose from 98.0% to 100.7% over the same period. This led to an increase in the positive net IIP from 30.6% at the end of March 2025 to 33.2% of GDP at the end of June.

International reserves and liquidity

South Africa's international reserve assets declined further by R19.9 billion in the third quarter of 2025 following a decrease of R19.4 billion in the second quarter.

The value of South Africa's gross gold and other foreign reserves (i.e. the international reserves of the SARB before accounting for reserves-related liabilities), measured in US dollar terms, rose from US\$68.4 billion at the end of June 2025 to US\$69.7 billion at the end of September. This increase was driven by foreign currency proceeds from external borrowings and a higher US dollar gold price, partially offset by foreign exchange (FX) payments, including a US\$2.0 billion international bond redemption by national government. Gross gold and other foreign reserves rose further to US\$72.1 billion at the end of November 2025. South Africa's international liquidity position¹⁷ increased from US\$65.2 billion at the end of June 2025 to US\$67.9 billion at the end of September, and further to US\$70.0 billion at the end of November.



The level of import cover (i.e. the value of gross international reserves relative to the value of merchandise imports as well as services and income payments) declined marginally from 5.6 months at the end of June 2025 to 5.5 months at the end of September.

Exchange rates¹⁸

The nominal effective exchange rate (NEER) of the rand increased by 3.2% in the third quarter of 2025 after decreasing by 1.3% in the second quarter. This increase was mainly due to a weaker US dollar amid concerns about slowing US economic growth and higher commodity prices during the period. While global investor sentiment was negatively affected by ongoing international trade policy uncertainty, it had a limited impact on the exchange value of the rand. The NEER was further supported by positive domestic developments in the third quarter of 2025. From end-December 2024 to 28 November 2025, the NEER increased by 3.5%, while the exchange value of the rand appreciated by 9.0% against the US dollar over this period.

18 Unless stated to the contrary, all percentage changes in this section are based on the end of the period.

Exchange values of the rand

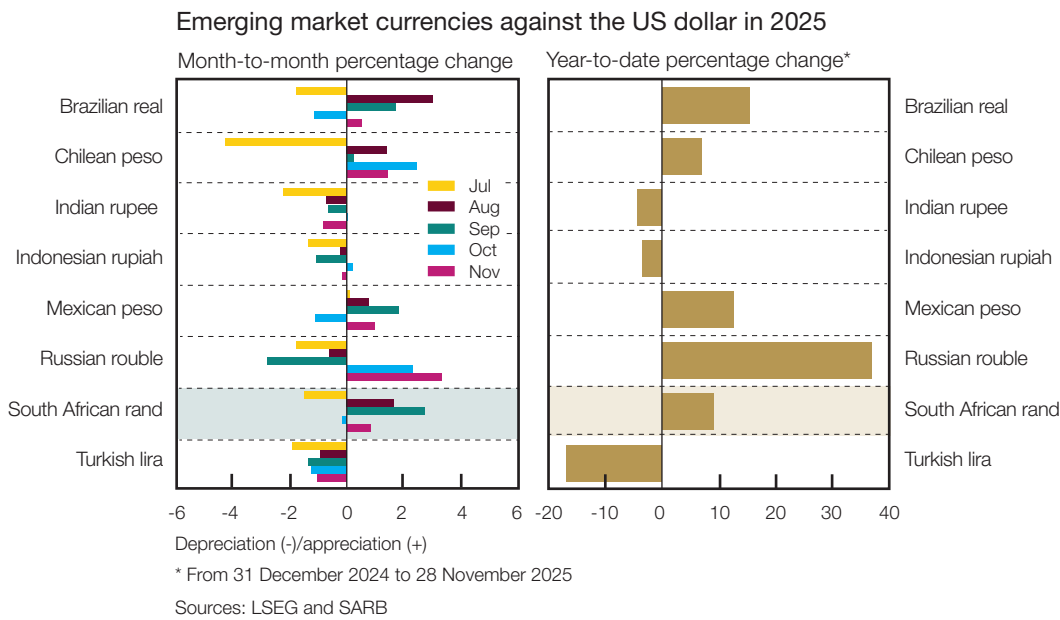
Percentage change

	31 Dec 2024 to 31 Mar 2025	31 Mar 2025 to 30 Jun 2025	30 Jun 2025 to 30 Sep 2025	30 Sep 2025 to 28 Nov 2025
Weighted average*	0.2	-1.3	3.2	1.4
Euro	-1.5	-5.0	2.6	2.2
US dollar	2.3	2.9	2.9	-0.7
Chinese yuan.....	1.6	1.7	2.2	-0.1
British pound.....	-0.8	-2.8	4.8	2.5
Japanese yen.....	-2.3	-0.5	5.6	6.4

* Trade-weighted exchange rate against a basket of 20 currencies (nominal effective exchange rate)
Depreciation (-)/appreciation (+)

Source: SARB

During July 2025, several emerging market currencies, including the rand, depreciated against the US dollar amid renewed trade tariff concerns affecting the BRICS nations. In addition, a cautious stance by the US Fed signalling that US interest rates may stay higher for longer than previously expected, exerted downward pressure on the rand.

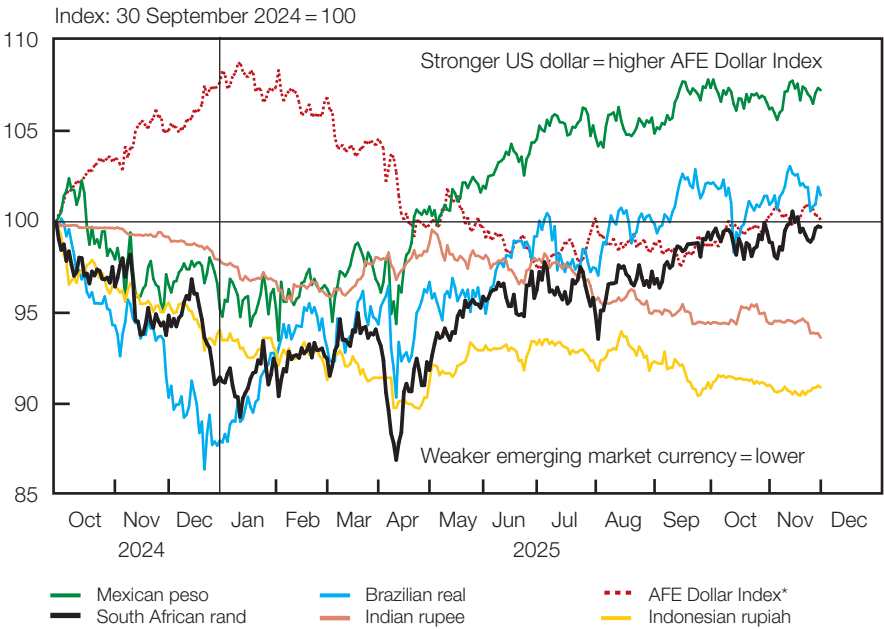


The rising trade tensions between South Africa and the US during August 2025 had only a limited impact on the exchange value of the rand. During that month, several emerging market currencies, including the rand, appreciated against the US dollar amid growing expectations that the US Fed would lower interest rates, prompted by weak US unemployment data, heightened concerns over US fiscal sustainability and ongoing uncertainty around US foreign trade policy. Rising commodity prices, particularly gold, further supported commodity-linked currencies such as the rand during the month. Additionally, after the SARB announced in its July 2025 MPC statement that it would target inflation at the 3.0% lower bound of the target range, significant non-resident purchases of domestic debt securities also supported the exchange value of the rand.



The US dollar continued to weaken against several emerging market currencies, including the rand, in September 2025 amid persistent concerns about US economic growth and rising expectations of lower interest rates in the US. Commodity-linked currencies like the rand were further supported by higher gold and PGM prices during the month. Furthermore, the exchange value of the rand benefitted from an acceleration in real GDP growth in South Africa during the second quarter of 2025.

Emerging market currencies against the US dollar

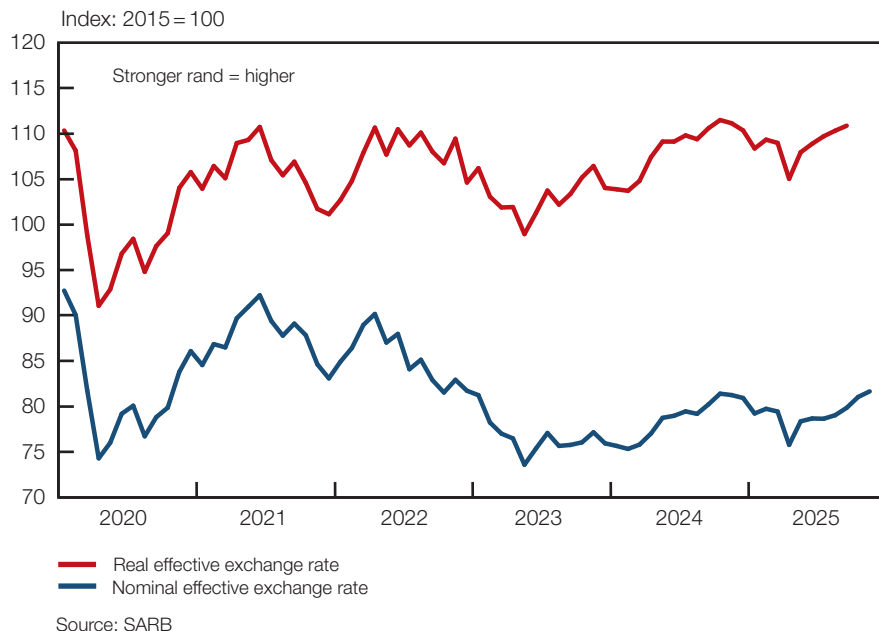


* The Advanced Foreign Economies (AFE) Dollar Index is a trade in goods and services weighted nominal effective exchange rate of the US dollar against seven other advanced economies' currencies (the euro, Canadian dollar, Japanese yen, British pound, Swiss franc, Australian dollar and Swedish krona).

Sources: US Fed, LSEG and SARB

The NEER rose by 1.4% from the end of the third quarter of 2025 to 28 November 2025, mainly supported by the continued surge in the gold price, South Africa's exit from the Financial Action Task Force's (FATF) grey list in October 2025 and the 2025 MTBPS, which formally announced the new inflation target of 3.0%.

Effective exchange rates of the rand



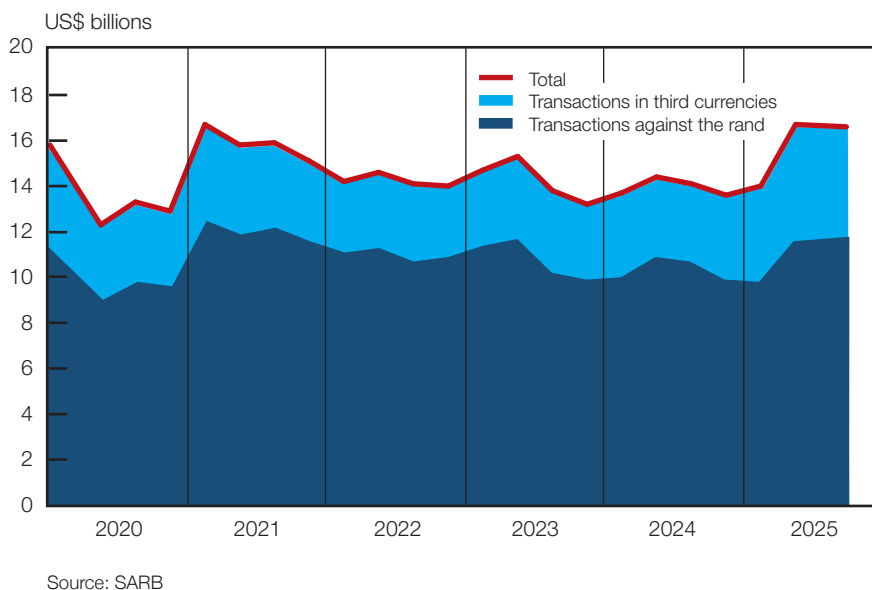
The real effective exchange rate (REER) of the rand increased by 0.2% from September 2024 to September 2025, marginally reducing the competitiveness of domestic producers in foreign markets.

Turnover in the South African foreign exchange market

The net average daily turnover¹⁷ in the South African FX market declined slightly from US\$16.7 billion in the second quarter of 2025 to US\$16.6 billion in the third quarter. The decrease was mainly due to a reduction in third-currency transactions, which fell from US\$5.1 billion to US\$4.8 billion in the same period. Meanwhile, FX transactions against the rand increased from US\$11.6 billion to US\$11.8 billion.

¹⁷ This is calculated as the daily average of all new FX transactions concluded during a specified period, adjusted for domestic interbank double counting.

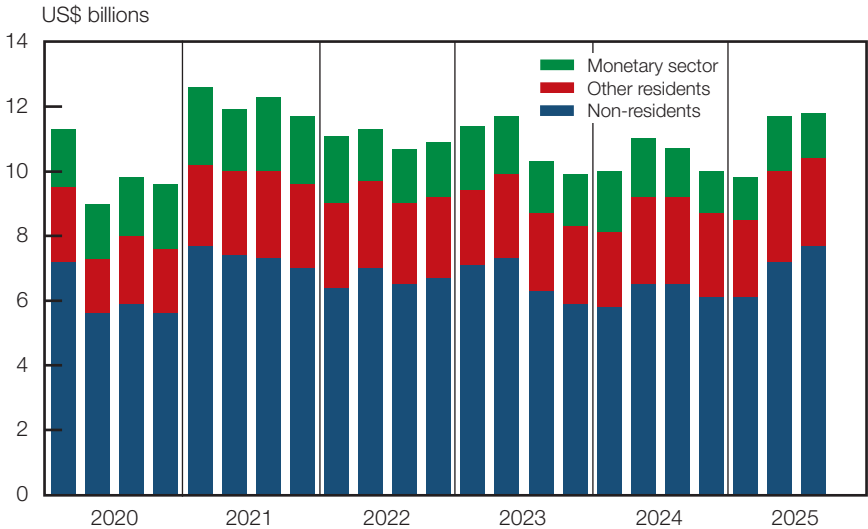
Net average daily turnover in the South African foreign exchange market





The increase in FX transactions against the rand during the third quarter of 2025 was mainly due to greater non-resident participation, which increased from US\$7.2 billion in the second quarter of 2025 to US\$7.7 billion in the third quarter. Participation by other residents decreased from US\$2.8 billion to US\$2.7 billion, while monetary sector participation declined from US\$1.7 billion to US\$1.4 billion over the same period.

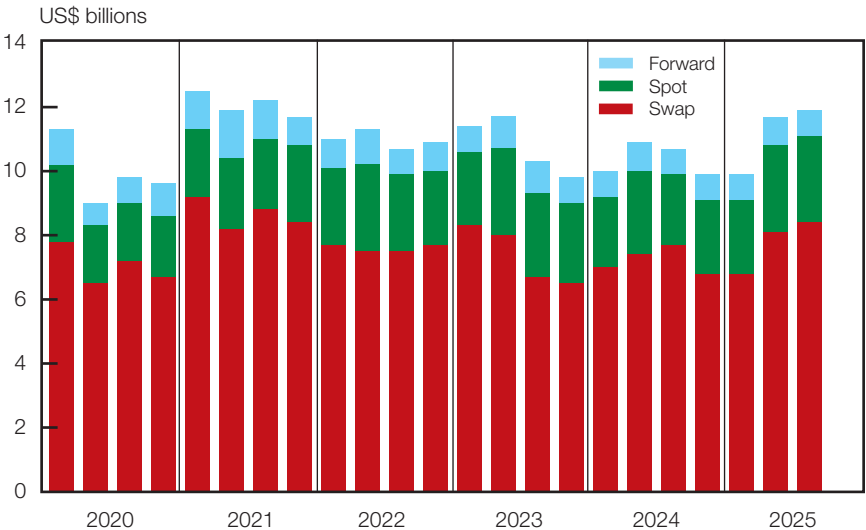
Composition of net average daily turnover in the South African foreign exchange market against the rand, by counterparty



Source: SARB

Swap transactions, which are the largest instrument component of the market against the rand, rose from US\$8.1 billion in the second quarter of 2025 to US\$8.4 billion in the third quarter. Spot transactions in the market against the rand remained unchanged at US\$2.7 billion in the third quarter, while forward transactions decreased marginally from US\$0.9 billion in the second quarter to US\$0.8 billion in the third quarter of 2025.

Composition of net average daily turnover in the South African foreign exchange market against the rand, by instrument



Source: SARB



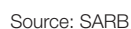
Composition of net average daily swap turnover in the South African foreign exchange market against the rand, by counterparty

US\$ billions



Composition of net average daily turnover in the South African foreign exchange market in third currencies, by counterparty:

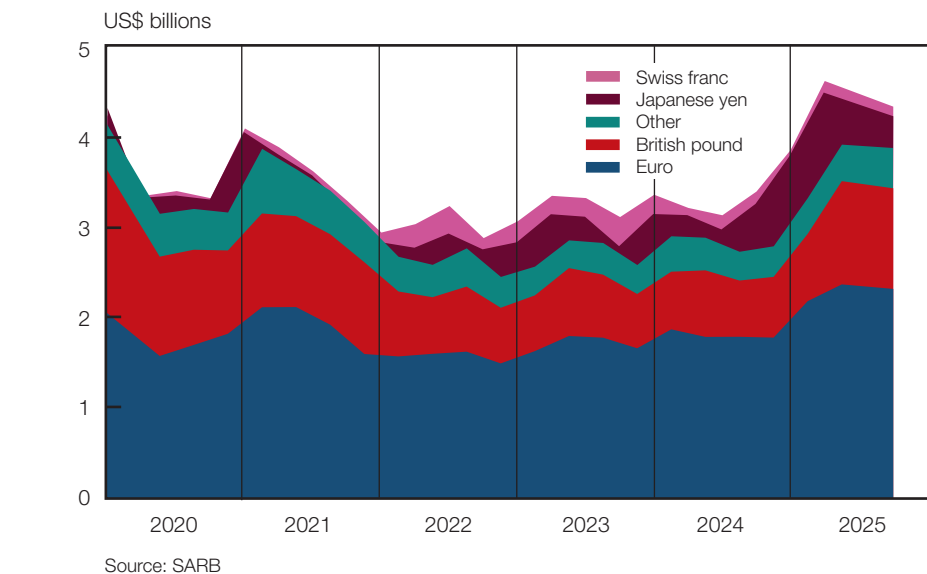
US\$ billions





In the market for third currencies, US dollar transactions against most major currencies decreased in the third quarter of 2025. Transactions involving the US dollar and the euro dropped from US\$2.4 billion in the second quarter of 2025 to US\$2.3 billion in the third quarter, while those against the Japanese yen fell from US\$0.5 billion to US\$0.3 billion. US dollar transactions against the Swiss franc decreased from US\$0.2 billion to US\$0.1 billion, and those against the British pound declined from US\$1.2 billion to US\$1.1 billion over the same period. Transactions between the US dollar and other currencies remained unchanged at US\$0.4 billion in the third quarter of 2025.

Composition of net average daily turnover in the South African foreign exchange market in third currencies, by US dollar against foreign currencies

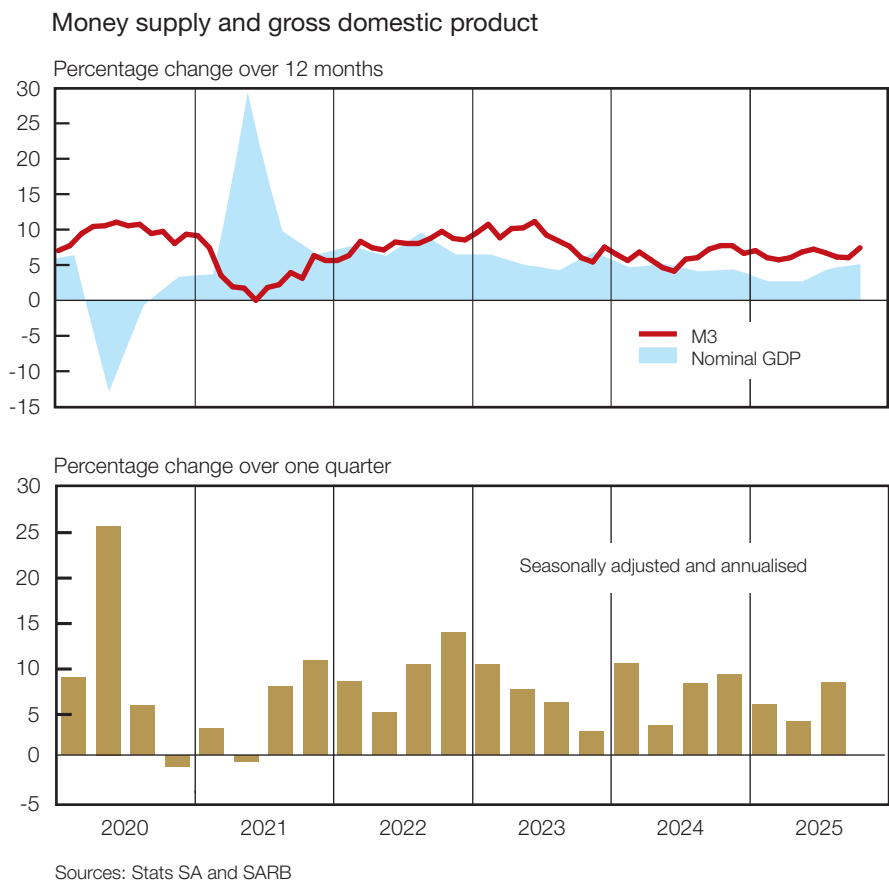


Monetary developments, interest rates and financial markets

Money supply¹⁹

Growth in the broadly defined money supply (M3) accelerated gradually to 7.5% in October 2025. For the first 10 months of 2025, M3 growth averaged 6.6%, slightly higher than the 6.1% recorded over the same period in 2024. The quarter-to-quarter, seasonally adjusted and annualised growth in M3 rose from 3.7% in the second quarter of 2025 to 8.0% in the third quarter, suggesting a possible pickup in the short-term M3 growth momentum. The income velocity of M3 remained unchanged at 1.37 in the third quarter of 2025, as growth in nominal GDP match that of M3.

19 Unless stated to the contrary, all rates mentioned in this section reflect year-on-year changes.

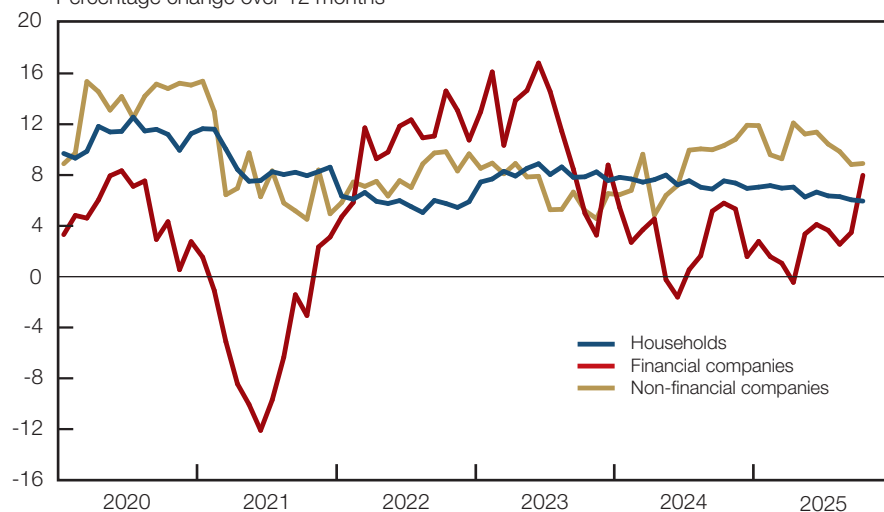


Year-on-year growth in corporate sector deposits accelerated from 7.6% in June 2025 to 8.4% in October, mainly reflecting a rebound in the deposits of financial companies from a contraction of 0.4% in April 2025 to an increase of 8.0% in October. Meanwhile, growth in non-financial company deposits moderated from a peak of 12.1% in April 2025 to 8.9% in October, largely due to base effects. Growth in household sector deposits remained relatively stable, slowing somewhat from 7.2% in February 2025 to 5.9% in October.



Deposit holdings of households and companies

Percentage change over 12 months

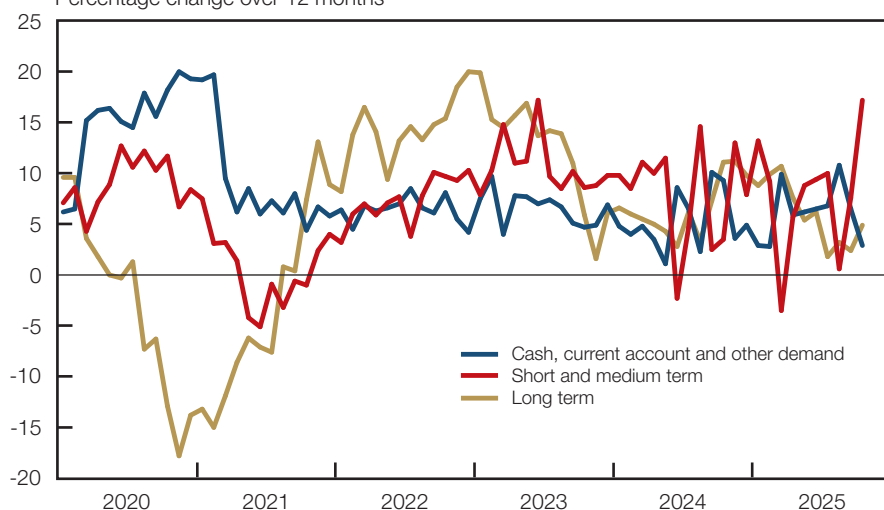


Source: SARB

Growth in long-term deposits moderated sharply from 10.7% in March 2025 to 4.9% in October as depositors switched to more liquid deposits, partly in response to lower interest rates. Consequently, growth in cash, current account and other demand deposits accelerated from a low of 2.8% in February 2025 to a high of 10.8% in August, before moderating to 2.9% in October. Growth in short- and medium-term deposits remained volatile, declining sharply from a high of 13.2% in January 2025 to -3.5% in March, before rebounding to 17.2% in October.

Deposits by maturity

Percentage change over 12 months



Source: SARB

Although corporate sector deposit holdings increased by a sizeable R156.4 billion in the third quarter of 2025, this was still less than the R194.8 billion increase recorded during the same period in 2024. This included increases of R88.8 billion in financial companies' deposits and R67.5 billion in non-financial companies' deposits. The growth in financial company deposits was supported by fund managers placing funds in high-yielding deposit products as part of their cash flow management strategies. In addition, deposit holdings of the Public Investment Corporation (PIC), insurers and unit trusts also increased.

M3 holdings of households and companies

	Change (R billions)							Percentage of total M3 deposit holdings*
	2024				2025			
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Year	Q1	Q2	Q3	
Households	41.3	40.5	27.0	129.1	22.0	38.2	31.3	36.5
Companies: Total.....	-87.2	194.8	15.4	212.5	45.8	-9.0	156.4	63.5
<i>Of which:</i> Financial	-28.3	96.0	-65.4	26.4	15.6	22.3	88.8	31.6
Non-financial.....	-58.9	98.8	80.8	186.1	30.2	-31.3	67.5	31.9
Total M3 deposits.....	-45.9	235.4	42.4	341.6	67.8	29.1	187.7	100.0

* Expressed as a percentage of the total outstanding balance as at September 2025.

Source: SARB

Household deposit balances increased by R31.3 billion in the third quarter of 2025, slightly less than the R40.5 billion increase recorded in the same period in 2024. This growth was driven by competitive interest rates offered by banks across various product segments, along with an increase in the deposit balances of non-profit institutions serving households – particularly trusts – and unincorporated business enterprises within the household sector.

Among the counterparts to the R187.7 billion increase in M3 in the third quarter of 2025, claims on the domestic private sector and net claims on the government sector increased by R149.4 billion and R119.6 billion respectively. These increases were partially offset by decreases of R74.9 billion in net other assets and R6.5 billion in net foreign assets.

Counterparts of change in M3

	Change (R billions)						
	2024				2025		
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Year	Q1	Q2	Q3
Claims on the private sector.....	9.1	92.2	-14.2	177.9	75.5	80.8	149.4
Net claims on the government sector...	60.0	78.4	-46.7	68.2	90.3	-51.2	119.6
Net foreign assets	-126.8	-13.3	149.1	53.6	-86.0	-2.3	-6.5
Net other assets.....	11.9	78.0	-45.9	41.8	-12.0	1.9	-74.9
Change in total M3 deposits.....	-45.9	235.4	42.4	341.6	67.8	29.1	187.7

Source: SARB

Credit extension²⁰

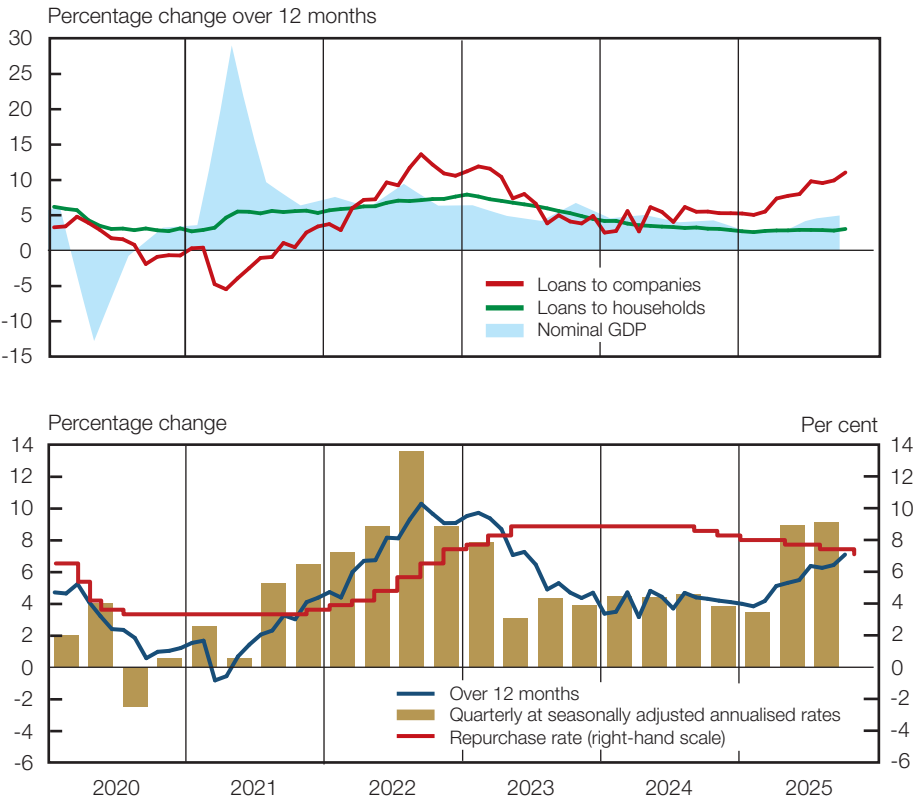
Growth in total loans and advances extended by monetary institutions to the domestic private sector accelerated throughout 2025, mainly due to strong demand from the corporate sector, while household credit growth remained subdued. Year-on-year growth in credit extension accelerated from 3.9% in February 2025 to 7.2% in October, averaging 5.5% for the first 10 months of 2025, compared to an average of 4.2% recorded in the same period of 2024.

Quarter-to-quarter, seasonally adjusted and annualised growth in total loans and advances to the domestic private sector accelerated notably to 8.9% in the second quarter of 2025 and further to 9.1% in the third quarter – the highest growth rate since the third quarter of 2022. However, the ratio of bank credit to GDP dipped from 60.5% in the second quarter of 2025 to 60.4% in the third quarter, as growth in credit extension exceeded expansion in nominal GDP.

20 Unless stated to the contrary, all rates mentioned in this section reflect year-on-year changes.



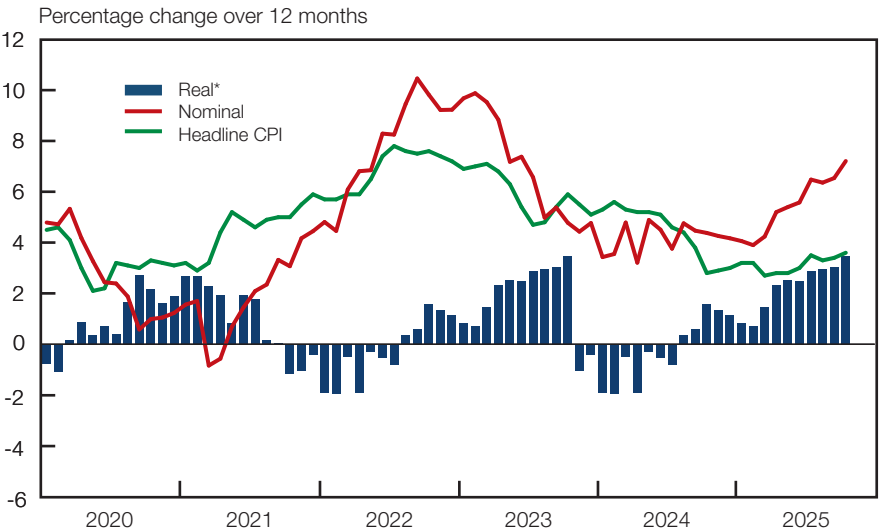
Total loans and advances to the private sector and gross domestic product



Sources: Stats SA and SARB

Growth in real (inflation-adjusted) loans and advances accelerated from 0.7% in February 2025 to 3.5% in October, as growth in nominal loans and advances exceeded consumer price inflation by a larger margin.

Total loans and advances and consumer price inflation



* Deflated with the headline consumer price index
Source: SARB

Credit extension to the corporate sector rose sharply, with an increase of R54.5 billion in the second quarter of 2025, climbing to R92.9 billion in the third quarter – the largest quarterly increase since the third quarter of 2022. In contrast, credit extended to the household sector grew by R15.1 billion in the third quarter of 2025, which is slightly less than the R16.8 billion increase in the same quarter of 2024 but higher than the R12.8 billion increase recorded in the second quarter of 2025.

Credit extended to households and companies

	Change (R billions)							Percentage of total loans and advances*
	2024				2025			
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Year	Q1	Q2	Q3	
Households	9.2	16.8	13.2	62.9	21.9	12.8	15.1	47.7
Companies: Total.....	-0.8	45.1	4.0	115.5	76.1	54.5	92.9	52.3
<i>Of which:</i> Financial	-39.9	21.3	-8.0	7.4	23.9	17.9	43.3	13.3
Non-financial.....	39.1	23.8	12.0	108.1	52.3	36.7	49.6	39.0
Total bank loans and advances	8.3	61.9	17.2	178.3	98.0	67.3	108.0	100.0

* Expressed as a percentage of the total outstanding balance as at September 2025.

Source: SARB

Growth in credit extended to the corporate sector more than doubled from a recent low of 5.1% in February 2025 to 11.2% in October, as growth accelerated across all of the credit categories except for overdrafts. General loans to companies, which account for 55.2% of corporate credit, expanded at double-digit rates, with both financial and non-financial companies driving demand. The increased use of general loans by financial companies was mainly due to intercompany loans to securities trading companies of banks, treasury entities and investment management companies. Meanwhile, loans to companies in the consumer goods, alternative energy, agricultural processing and trade sectors supported the increased lending to non-financial companies. As such, year-on-year growth in general loans to companies surged from 4.2% in January 2025 to 16.0% in October, partly due to a low base.

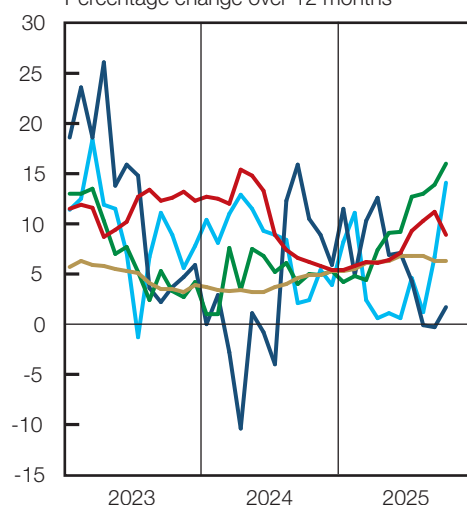
Growth in credit card advances, which accounts for only 0.4% of total corporate loans, was volatile, decelerating from a high of 11.1% in February 2025 to a low of 0.6% in June, before rebounding to 14.1% in October. By contrast, growth in the use of overdrafts by companies, representing 9.7% of total corporate loans, decelerated from 12.6% in April 2025 to 1.7% in October, partly reflecting base effects and reduced demand for short-term credit from both financial and non-financial companies. Within asset-backed credit, growth in instalment sale credit and leasing finance to the corporate sector, which accounts for 8.9% of total corporate loans, accelerated from 6.1% in April 2025 to 8.9% in October, alongside increased demand for commercial vehicles. Growth in mortgage advances to the corporate sector, which accounts for 25.8% of total corporate loans, accelerated gradually from 5.3% in January 2025 to 6.8% in August, before easing to 6.3% in October.



Selected loans and advances

Corporate sector

Percentage change over 12 months



Mortgages
Overdrafts

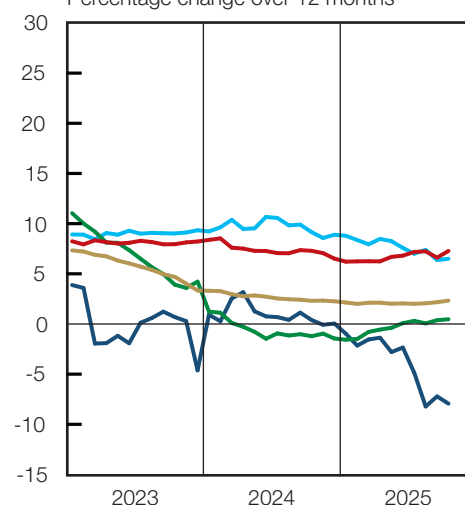
Instalment sale credit and leasing finance
Credit cards

General loans

Source: SARB

Household sector

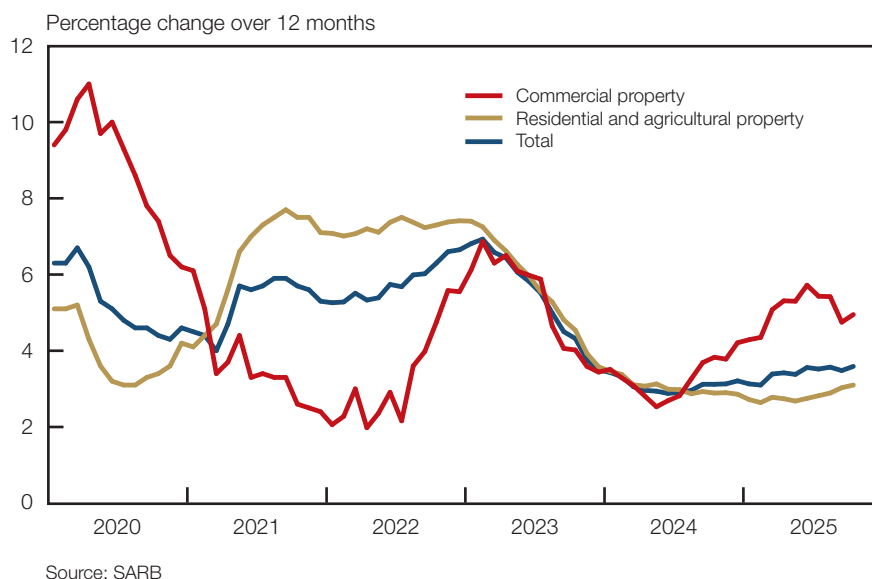
Percentage change over 12 months



Growth in credit extended to the household sector remained subdued, averaging 2.9% over the first 10 months of 2025. This was primarily due to high consumer indebtedness and cautious lending practices by banks towards riskier borrowing segments. Growth in general loans to households, which make up 13.1% of total household loans, also remained subdued at 0.5% in October. Households' use of overdraft facilities, representing just 1.8% of total household loans, contracted during the first 10 months of the year, although the pace of decline moderated slightly from -8.2% in August 2025 to -7.9% in October. Growth in credit card advances to households, accounting for 7.9% of total household loans, moderated gradually from 8.8% in January 2025 to 6.5% in October.

Within the asset-backed lending categories, growth in instalment sale credit and leasing finance to the household sector, accounting for 19.3% of total household loans, edged up from 6.2% in January 2025 to 7.3% in October as new passenger vehicle sales increased strongly. Growth in mortgage advances to the household sector, which accounts for 58.0% of total household loans, remained sluggish and fluctuated in a narrow range between 2.0% and 2.3% in the first 10 months of 2025.

Mortgage advances

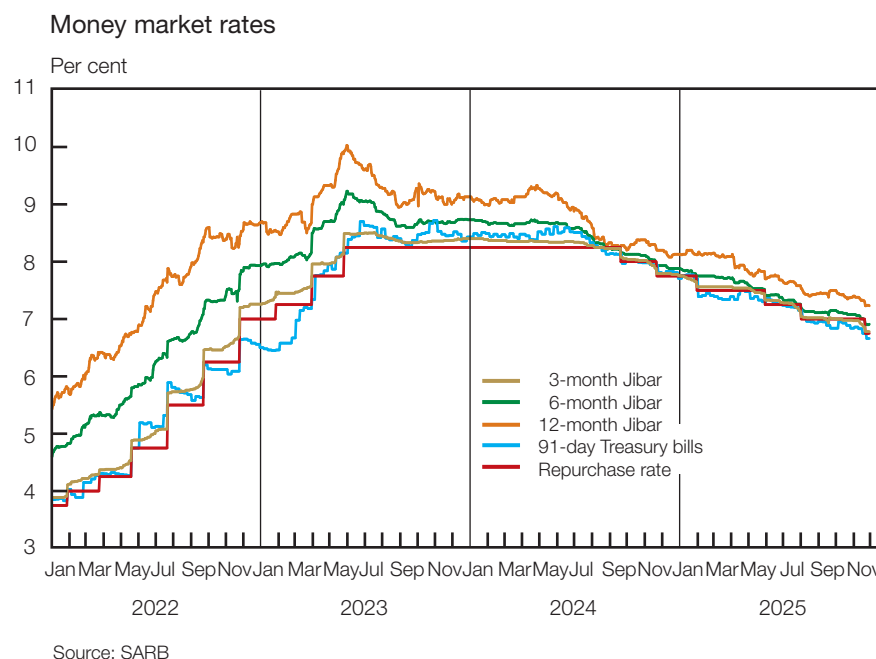


Growth in mortgage advances for commercial property picked up somewhat in the first half of the year, increasing from 4.3% in January 2025 to 5.7% in June, before easing to 4.9% in October. Growth in residential property mortgages was more subdued but still accelerated marginally, from 2.6% in February 2025 to 3.1% in October. As a result, growth in total mortgage advances edged up slightly, remaining within a narrow band between 3.1% and 3.6% over the first 10 months of 2025, despite lower interest rates.

Interest rates and yields

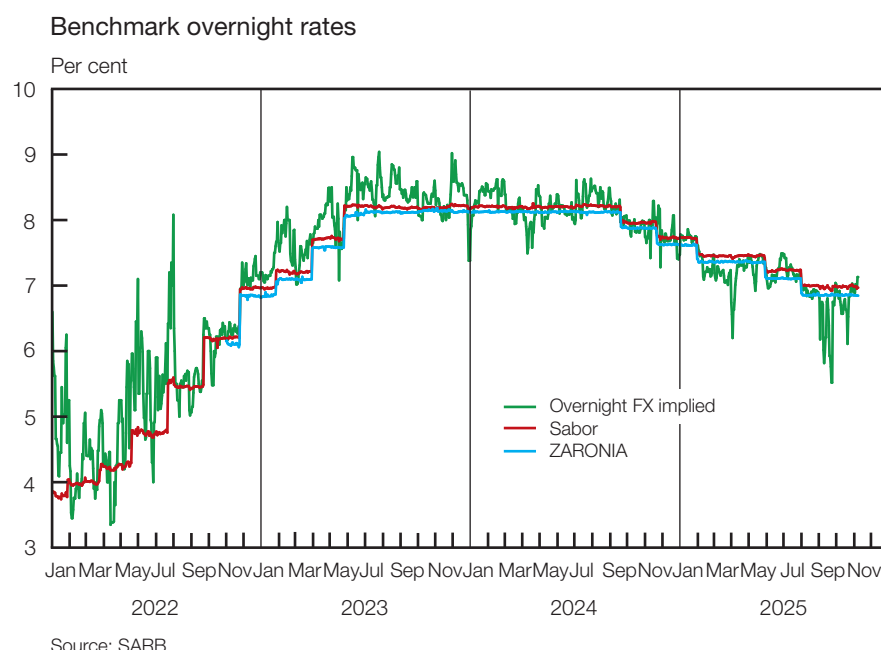
The MPC of the SARB reduced the repurchase (repo) rate by 25 basis points to 6.75% per annum at its November 2025 meeting, bringing the total number of rate cuts for the year to four – 25 basis points each at its January, May, July and November meetings. The risks to the growth and inflation outlook were assessed as balanced. Following the announcement of the new 3% inflation target by the Minister of Finance in the *2025 MTBPS*, the MPC clarified that inflation should generally remain within the 2–4% tolerance band, with breaches only expected during severe shocks. Nevertheless, policy will always be directed towards returning inflation to the 3% target.

Domestic short-term money market rates have remained within a narrow range in recent months, affected by the fluctuation in the exchange value of the rand, the reduction in the policy rate and domestic consumer price inflation outcomes. The three-month Johannesburg Interbank Average Rate (Jibar) decreased from 7.02% on 19 September 2025 to 6.78% on 28 November. Similarly, the six-month Jibar decreased from 7.13% to 6.91% over the same period. The 12-month Jibar fluctuated within a tight range between 7.48% and 7.37% from 19 September 2025 to 27 October, before falling to 7.23% on 28 November, reflecting market participants' expectations of a further policy rate cut in the near term. The tender rate on 91-day Treasury bills (TBs) decreased from 6.89% on 19 September 2025 to 6.66% on 28 November, as demand for short-term high-quality liquid assets from private sector banks increased slightly.

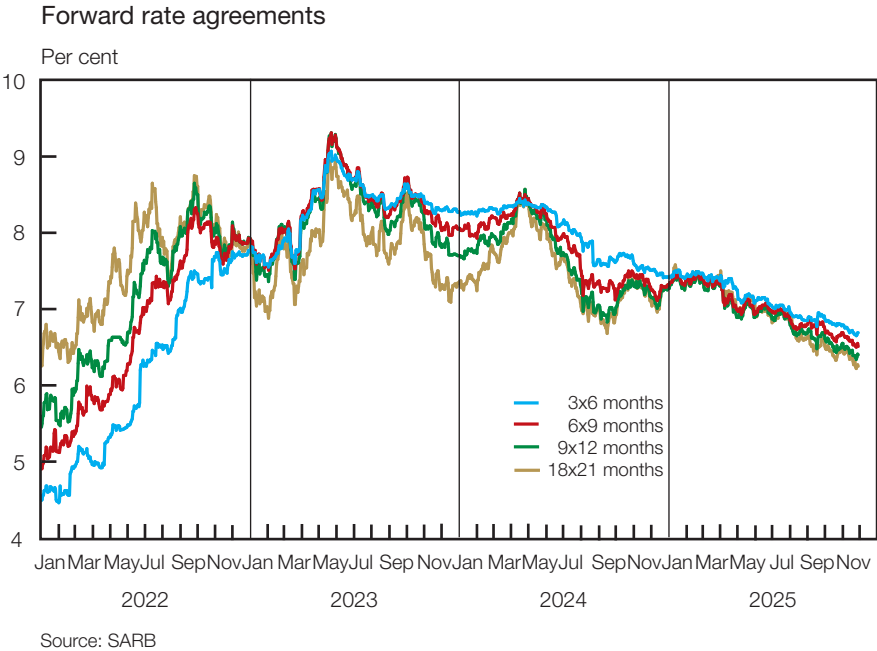


Funding conditions in the interbank lending market have remained relatively stable in recent months. The South African Benchmark Overnight Rate (Sabor) stayed closely aligned to the repo rate, averaging 6.98% between 19 September 2025 and mid-November before declining slightly to 6.72% on 28 November, as private sector banks continued to experience periods of surplus liquidity in the overnight interbank market. The South African Rand Overnight Index Average (ZARONIA) rate also tracked the repo rate, fluctuating within a narrow range of 6.84% to 6.87% from 19 September 2025 to 31 October. ZARONIA then declined to 6.61% at the end of November due to adequate liquidity in the overnight call deposit market.

The more volatile overnight FX implied rate reached a low of 5.52% on 23 September 2025, trading 148 basis points below the repo rate as foreign banks required less funding in the overnight FX forward market. This decline reflected an increased supply and low demand of rand liquidity as foreign banks sold rands in the market, while domestic banks required less rand liquidity. Subsequently, the overnight FX rate reached a high of 7.00% on 28 November as the demand for liquidity increased in the overnight FX forward market. Despite the increased volatility, the overnight FX rate averaged 6.85% in the third quarter of 2025, down from 7.21% in the second quarter.



Rates on forward rate agreements (FRAs) trended lower from early September 2025 to November, impacted by the appreciation in the exchange value of the rand, which raised expectations of future interest rate cuts. The 3x6-month FRA fell by 26 basis points, from 6.95% on 19 September 2025 to 6.69% on 28 November. Similarly, the 6x9-month FRA decreased by 32 basis points, from 6.83% to 6.51% over the same period, while the 9x12-month FRA decreased by 25 basis points to 6.40% over this period. The longer-term 18x21-month FRA followed this trend, decreasing from 6.50% on 19 September 2025 to 6.25% on 28 November.



The weighted average monthly interest rate on deposits and loans offered by banks declined moderately in recent months following the reductions in the repo rate from September 2024. The short-term call deposit rate decreased from 7.41% in January 2025 to 6.89% in September, while the 1–32 days’ notice deposit rate declined from 7.66% to 7.05% over the same period. Similarly, the 12-month fixed deposit rate decreased from 8.40% in January 2025 to 7.80% in September. By contrast, the current account deposit rate increased from 4.37% to 4.63% over the same period.

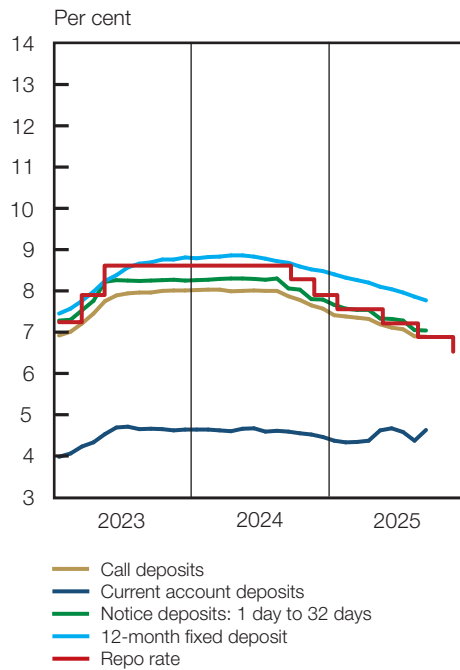
The flexible rate charged by banks on mortgage advances decreased from 10.70% in January 2025 to 10.01% in September. Similarly, the rate on instalment sale credit decreased from 12.37% to 11.76% during the same period, while the interest rate on overdrafts decreased from 11.42% to 10.99%. Likewise, the interest rate on credit card advances decreased from 16.99% in January 2025 to 16.79% in September.



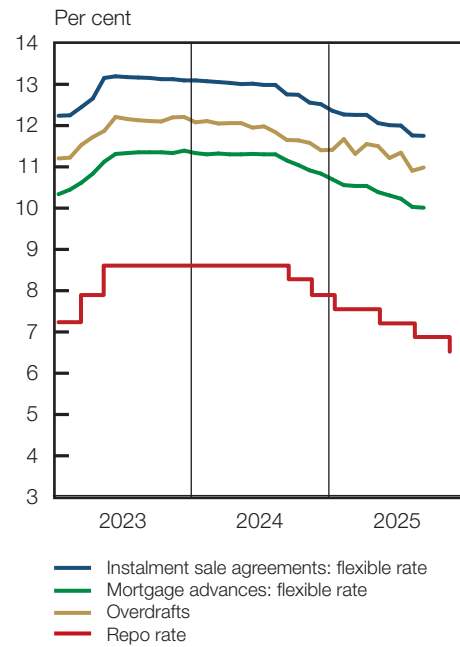


Domestic sector

Selected bank deposit rates



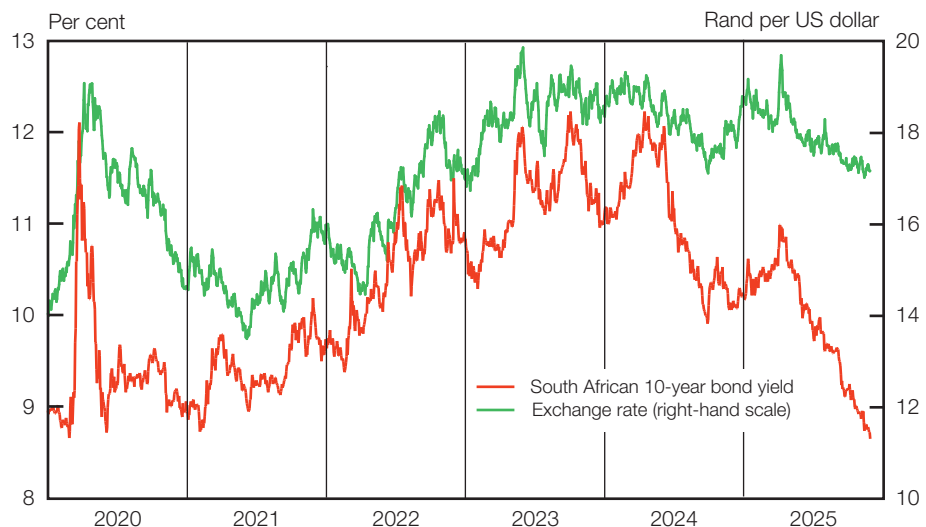
Selected bank lending rates



Source: SARB

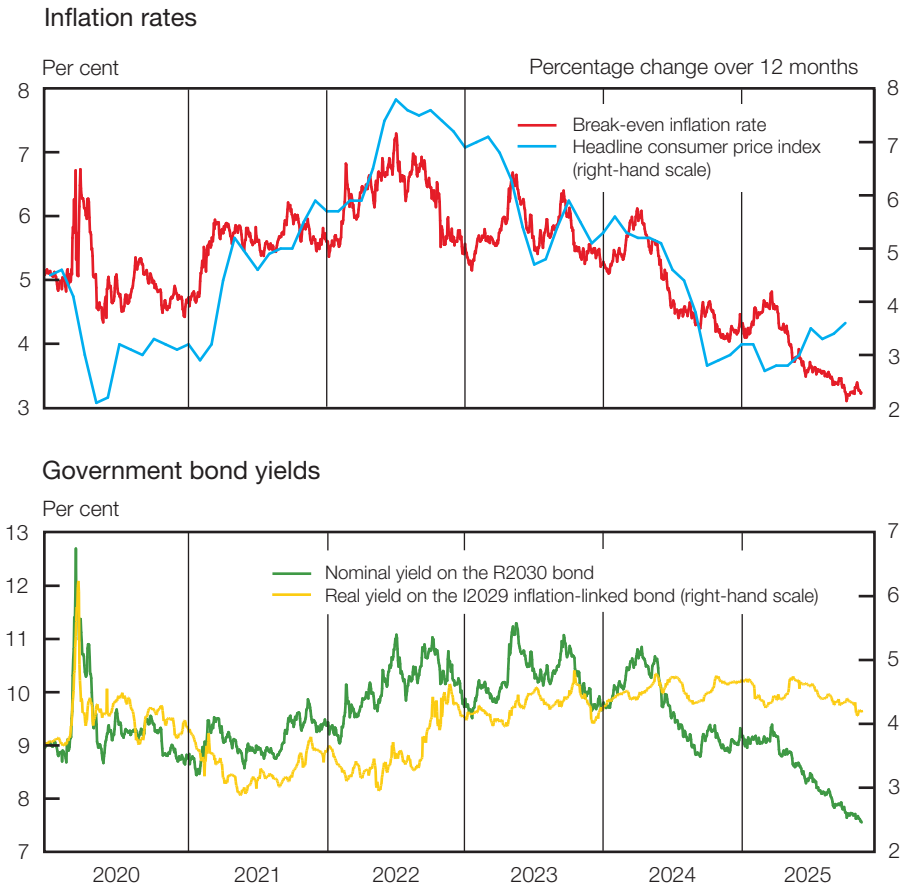
The yield on 10-year South African rand-denominated government bonds, issued and traded in the domestic market, decreased considerably by 234 basis points from a recent high of 10.99% on 7 April 2025 to 8.65% on 28 November. The decrease in domestic bond yields was driven by stable local consumer price inflation, reductions in the repo rate, the stronger exchange value of the rand and reduced uncertainty about international trade tariffs. The decline was further supported by policy rate cuts by the US Fed and improved investor confidence following South Africa's removal from the FATF grey list, the 2025 MTBPS and the announcement of a new 3% inflation target for South Africa.

Government bond yield and the exchange rate



Sources: IRESS, JSE and SARB

The *break-even inflation rate*²¹ in the three- to four-year maturity range declined sharply from a recent high of 4.82% on 7 April 2025 to 3.24% on 28 November, reflecting a much larger drop in the nominal yield compared to the real yield. The decrease occurred alongside relatively stable inflation, the SARB MPC's July 2025 announcement expressing a preference for anchoring inflation at 3%, the subsequent introduction of the new 3% inflation target in the 2025 MTBPS and an easing in global concerns around tariff-induced inflation.



Sources: IRESS, JSE and Stats SA

The *yield spread* for emerging market US dollar-denominated bonds relative to US government bonds, as measured by the JPMorgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Plus (EMBI+),²² narrowed notably from a recent high of 416 basis points in April 2025 to 279 basis points in November. This was due to a decline in emerging market bond yields and a strengthening of their currencies against the US dollar, as indicated by the increase in the JPMorgan GBI-EM Global Diversified FX Return Index (GBI-EM FX).²³ Lower inflation expectations and reductions in policy rates also supported emerging market bond yields. Similarly, South Africa's *sovereign risk premium*²⁴ on US dollar-denominated government bonds in the five-year maturity range narrowed significantly, from an average of 286 basis points in April 2025 to 142 basis points in November.

Money market

Private sector banks recorded an average daily surplus liquidity position of R145.8 billion in the third quarter of 2025. This ranged from a low of R131.4 billion to a high of R166.5 billion, consistently remaining within the target range of R160 billion, plus or minus a shock buffer of R40 billion. The surplus liquidity position reached its lowest point on 5 September 2025 when the Corporation for Public Deposits (CPD) withdrew funds from private sector banks and

21 The break-even inflation rate in the three- to four-year maturity range is calculated as the difference between the nominal yield on the R2030 conventional bond (maturing on 31 January 2030) and the real yield on the I2029 inflation-linked bond (maturing on 31 March 2029).

22 The EMBI+ measures the total returns on US dollar denominated debt instruments of emerging markets.

23 The GBI-EM FX tracks the weighted average forex spot return of emerging market currencies in the GBI-EM Global Diversified Index. The GBI-EM FX index measures how a basket of emerging market currencies performs relative to the US dollar.

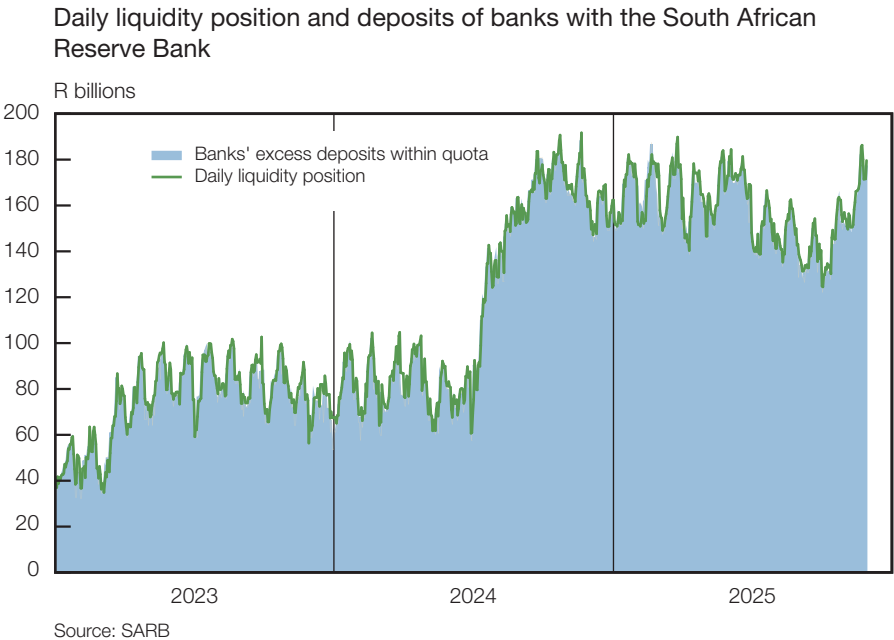
24 This is the differential between the yield on South African government US dollar-denominated bonds and that on US dollar-denominated bonds of the US government.



placed them at the SARB, thereby reducing overall money market liquidity. In October and November 2025, the average daily surplus liquidity position of private sector banks amounted to R144.9 billion and R164.9 billion respectively.

Total accommodation provided to banks at the weekly main refinancing auctions remained subdued as banks' need for short-term liquidity remained small.

In establishing quotas, the SARB determines the amount it regards as providing adequate liquidity to the system. In addition, the SARB allows for a shock buffer to absorb unexpected movements in liquidity from factors such as changes in notes and coin in circulation. During the third quarter of 2025, private sector banks deposited R143.3 billion at the SARB within quota limits, on average, compared with R163.7 billion in the second quarter, as they required additional funds for settlement obligations.

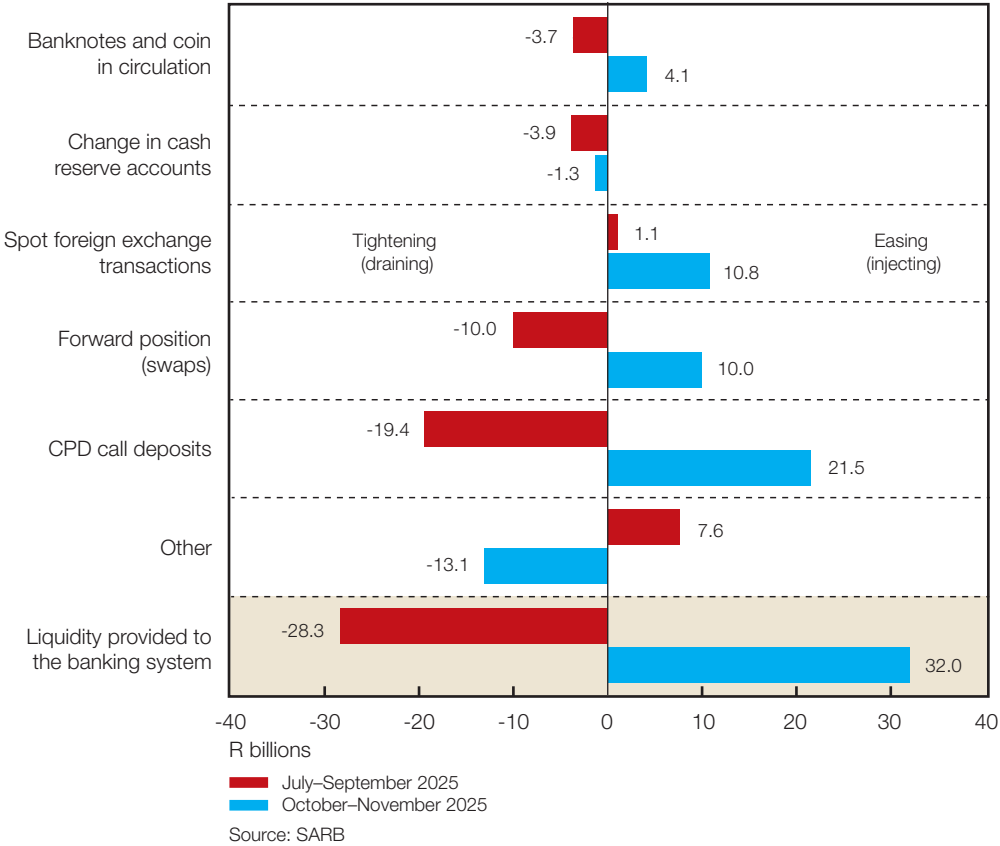


Money market liquidity contracted by a net amount of R28.3 billion in the third quarter of 2025, following a contraction by R2.9 billion in the second quarter. The third quarter contraction was mainly due to the placement of R19.4 billion in CPD deposits at the SARB, FX swaps of R10.0 billion, an increase of R3.9 billion in the required cash reserve deposits of private sector banks at the SARB and a R3.7 billion rise in banknotes and coin in circulation outside of the SARB. These factors were partly offset by R1.1 billion in FX transactions conducted in the spot market and 'other factors'²⁵ totalling R7.6 billion.

Money market liquidity expanded by R32.0 billion in October and November 2025, mainly due to decreases of R21.5 billion in CPD call deposits at the SARB and R4.1 billion in notes and coin in circulation, together with the maturing FX swaps of R10.0 billion and spot FX transaction of R10.8 billion. The overall expansion was offset somewhat by an increase in 'other factors' of R13.1 billion.

25 Including, among other factors, accommodation to banks, expansions in the loan guarantee scheme and transactions in government bonds.

Factors influencing money market liquidity flows





Box 2 Understanding the South African Reserve Bank's balance sheet

The South African Reserve Bank's (SARB) balance sheet has evolved significantly in recent years and the format of the monthly statement of assets and liabilities has also been updated to enhance transparency.¹ This box provides a detailed breakdown of the various reporting categories to further improve understanding of the SARB's balance sheet.

Assets

As at October 2025, the SARB's assets amounted to almost R1.3 trillion, with total gold and foreign assets accounting for approximately 96% of total assets. This item includes foreign exchange (FX) reserves, gold and special drawing right (SDR) holdings from the International Monetary Fund (IMF).² The FX reserves largely constitute foreign-currency deposits and investments in safe assets like highly rated bonds.³

The second largest asset category, making up about 3% of total assets, is the SARB's holdings of South African government securities. Most of these were acquired in 2020 through interventions aimed at stabilising financial markets after the onset of the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19).⁴ However, a small portion dates back to 2003–2005, when the government settled losses on the Gold and Foreign Exchange Contingency Reserve Account (GFECRA), which explains the R8.1 billion value of this line item in February 2020, before the COVID-19 crisis.⁵

The remaining asset items are all significantly smaller in value.

- 'Other securities' largely reflects the SARB's stakes in its subsidiaries – the South African Bank Note Company (RF) Proprietary Limited (SABN), South African Mint Company (RF) Proprietary Limited (SA Mint), Corporation for Deposit Insurance (CODI) and Corporation for Public Deposits (CPD) – as well as African Bank shares acquired during that institution's 2014 rescue.
- 'Domestic fixed assets' represents the SARB's property holdings, including office buildings and various movable assets such as computer equipment.
- 'Domestic loans and advances' includes the remaining balances for the various loan guarantee schemes introduced between 2020–2023⁶ as well as staff loans – as per section 10 of the South African Reserve Bank Act 90 of 1989, as amended (SARB Act).
- 'Accommodation to banks', which represents lending to banks, was much larger in the past (generally R56 billion before COVID-19). Its share has since fallen to less than 1% of total assets after the introduction of the new Monetary Policy Implementation Framework (MPIF).⁷
- 'Other assets' reflects items such as the SARB's stake in the Bank for International Settlements (BIS).

Equity and liabilities

The liability side of the SARB's balance sheet is more complex, with a wider variety of items.

Like any central bank, the SARB has monetary liabilities. Of these, notes and coin in circulation are the most familiar to the public, worth nearly R170 billion and comprising about 13% of total equity and liabilities. These are low-cost liabilities for the SARB as they do not pay interest.

Besides notes and coin, the SARB also has monetary liabilities in the form of bank reserves, which are electronic balances used for final settlement of high-value transactions between banks.⁸ These are reported as 'Deposits by banks' in the balance sheet, but this obscures an important distinction. Of the current R340 billion or so in bank deposits, roughly half are required reserves (which are a regulatory obligation and earn no interest), while the rest are excess reserves that earn interest at the policy rate. This latter category has expanded since the MPIF reform mentioned above, with excess reserves taking the place of various other liabilities.

1 For instance, the GFECRA is now reported as a stand-alone item, rather than being included in 'other liabilities'.

2 The SDR is an international reserve asset created by the IMF to supplement the official reserves of its member countries, thereby enhancing global liquidity and supporting the stability of the international monetary system. SDRs are created by an IMF decision and allocated to participant countries in proportion to their IMF quotas. These allocations represent a liability for the receiving member. The value of the SDR is determined by a weighted basket of five major currencies (the US dollar, the euro, the Chinese yuan, the Japanese yen and the British pound). For further information, see: <https://www.imf.org/en/about/factsheets/sheets/2023/special-drawing-rights-sdr>

3 SARB (2025). *Financial Stability Review, First Edition*. See p. 11 for a disaggregation of these holdings by currency.

4 K Eckhold et al. (May 2024). 'EMDE Central Bank Interventions during COVID-19 to Support Market Functioning'. IMF Working Paper WP/24/101.

5 At the time, this was just under 1% of total assets. The value of the portfolio was R36.7 billion in mid-2025 and its peak value was slightly over R42 billion in January 2021. The balances have fluctuated, given valuation changes and maturities.

6 These are the Loan Guarantee Scheme (2020); the Bounce-Back Scheme (2022); and the Energy Bounce-Back Loan Guarantee Scheme (2023).

7 The new framework no longer requires banks to borrow from the SARB, while the SARB no longer needs to drain liquidity to create this borrowing requirement.

8 Technically, these are South African Multiple Option Settlement (SAMOS) system accounts, which are operated by the SARB. Whenever a bank pays another bank, this is done through the SAMOS system, using bank reserves.



The SARB also holds several types of government deposits. Unlike in many other jurisdictions, national government does not keep its main local currency cash deposits at the central bank; instead, these funds are held in the Tax and Loan Accounts with the major commercial banks.⁹ The SARB does, however, hold government's foreign currency deposits, which are part of the FX reserves. The SARB also records a liability to government for the SDRs, which are included in the FX reserves but ultimately belong to government. The 'Other government deposit' category similarly captures the Reserve Tranche Position (RTP) at the IMF, also counted within FX reserves.¹⁰

In addition, the SARB holds other public funds, mainly from the CPD and CODI, which are reported as 'Other deposits' in the balance sheet.

- The CPD holds deposits from qualifying entities such as provinces, municipalities and state-owned enterprises. These funds are partly invested in financial market instruments, but some (roughly R50 billion in recent months) are kept at the SARB, ready to meet depositor needs. These balances were often larger before the new MPIF, when the CPD was used more actively for liquidity management.
- The CODI funds (about R20 billion) are currently placed with the SARB but will eventually be managed externally.¹¹ These funds support South Africa's deposit insurance system.

The SARB also has a collection of 'other liabilities', covering a diverse set of obligations such as amounts due to creditors and SARB group companies as well as tax liabilities. These are small, around 0.5% of the balance sheet.

The SARB's largest liability is the GFECRA. This is a valuation account, reflecting profits or losses on FX assets caused by gold price and exchange rate movements. While central banks usually treat valuation gains as part of equity under International Financial Reporting Standards,¹² in South Africa they are recorded in the SARB's accounts as non-interest-bearing liabilities to government, in line with the SARB Act, with settlement at the discretion of the SARB Governor and the Minister of Finance.

The revised 2024 GFECRA settlement agreement provided for the reallocation of some of these funds to the SARB's equity and distribution of others to National Treasury (NT). The balance in this account is now reviewed annually to ensure the buffer is large enough to absorb plausible valuation losses on FX reserves from rand appreciation, without turning negative. Excess balances are distributed to the SARB's contingency reserve fund, if needed, and after that paid over to NT.¹³

As at October 2025, the GFECRA balance was nearly R373 billion, or about 29% of the balance sheet. It should be noted, however, that this includes R104 billion earmarked for distribution to the SARB and NT, as explained in the *2025 Medium Term Budget Policy Statement (MTBPS)*.¹⁴

Finally, the SARB also holds equity in various accounts.

- Its original source of capital is R2 million in shares, an amount unchanged in over a century and now very small relative to the overall balance sheet.
- More materially, the SARB has a contingency reserve fund of about R151 billion. Just two years ago, this fund was barely over R20 billion, but it has grown due to the R100 billion transfer from the GFECRA and larger-than-usual profits over the past two years, mostly from higher earnings on FX reserves.
- The SARB also has a statutory reserve fund worth R459 million, accumulated through the SARB Act requirement to retain 10% of profits each year.
- It furthermore has about R12 billion in 'other equity', reflecting unappropriated profits and valuation gains on assets such as property.

In summary, equity was nearly R164 billion in October 2025, more than 12% of the balance sheet. This represents a stronger capital position than before, commensurate with the expansion of interest-bearing liabilities arising from the new GFECRA settlement agreement.

⁹ NT is entitled to deposit at the CPD, but government's cash balances are generally not kept at the CPD.

¹⁰ The RTP resembles a capital subscription to the IMF, although it is a liquid asset that can be drawn at short notice, after declaring a balance-of-payments need. It is captured as a liability on the SARB's balance sheet because the RTP is ultimately a government asset, much like the SDRs. For further details, see: IMF (2022). 'Classification of Reserve Position in the IMF'.

¹¹ CODI is South Africa's deposit insurance scheme, launched in 2024.

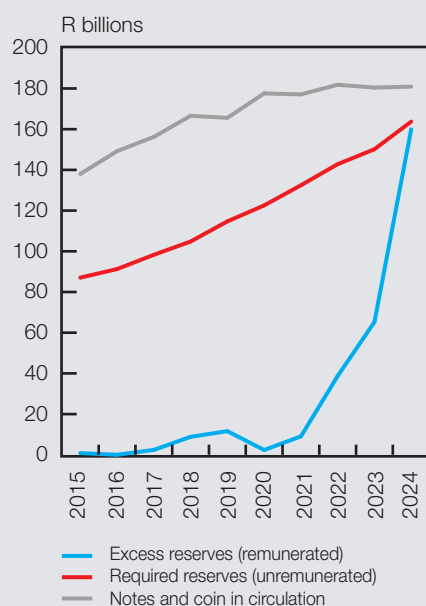
¹² D Archer and P Moser-Boehm (2013). 'Central Bank Finances'. BIS Papers No. 71 p. 20.

¹³ SARB (2024–2025). GFECRA-related documents.

¹⁴ Of this sum, R23 billion is for the SARB's contingency reserve, and the balance is for NT. A more detailed explanation is available in the *2025 MTBPS* box 'GFECRA buffers', Chapter 3, p. 29. <https://www.treasury.gov.za/documents/mtbps/2025/mtbps/FullMTBPS.pdf>

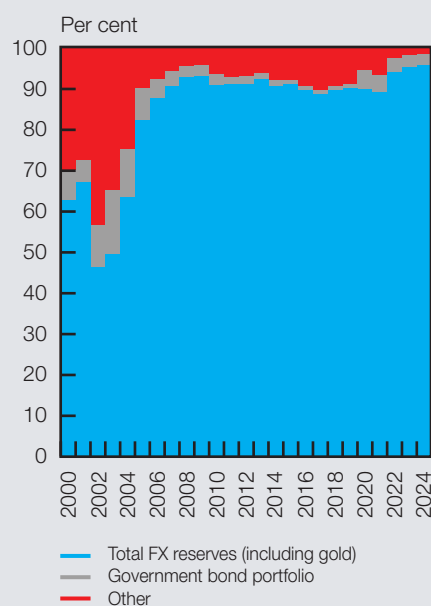


SARB monetary liabilities



Source: SARB

Composition of SARB assets



Source: SARB

Balance sheet of the South African Reserve Bank as at October 2025*

Assets	Value (R billions)	Share of total	Equity	Value (R billions)	Share of total
Gold	280.933	21.67%	Share capital	0.002	0.00%
SDR holdings	112.674	8.69%	Statutory reserve fund	0.459	0.04%
Foreign exchange reserves (excl. SDRs)	846.424	65.30%	Contingency reserve fund	151.239	11.67%
Total gold and foreign assets	1 240.031	95.66%	Other	11.847	0.91%
			Total equity	163.546	12.62%
Domestic assets - Fixed assets	7.546	0.63%			
Domestic assets - Loans and advances	4.069	0.22%	Liabilities		
Accommodation to banks - Repurchase agreements	0.851	0.00%	Notes and coin in circulation	175.426	13.53%
Accommodation to banks - Utilisation of cash reserves	0.198	0.00%	Deposits - SA government's SDR deposit account	110.881	8.55%
Securities - SA government	36.667	2.98%	Deposits - SA government: Other	8.409	0.65%
Securities - Other	3.808	0.29%	Deposits - Banks	324.913	25.06%
Other assets	2.730	0.21%	Deposits - Other	85.609	6.60%
			Foreign loans and deposits - SA government	48.274	3.72%
			Foreign loans and deposits - Other	0.050	0.00%
			Gold and Foreign Exchange Contingency Reserve Account	372.982	28.77%
			Other liabilities	6.202	0.48%
Total assets	1 296.293	100%	Total equity and liabilities	1 296.293	100%

* Components may not add up to totals due to rounding off.



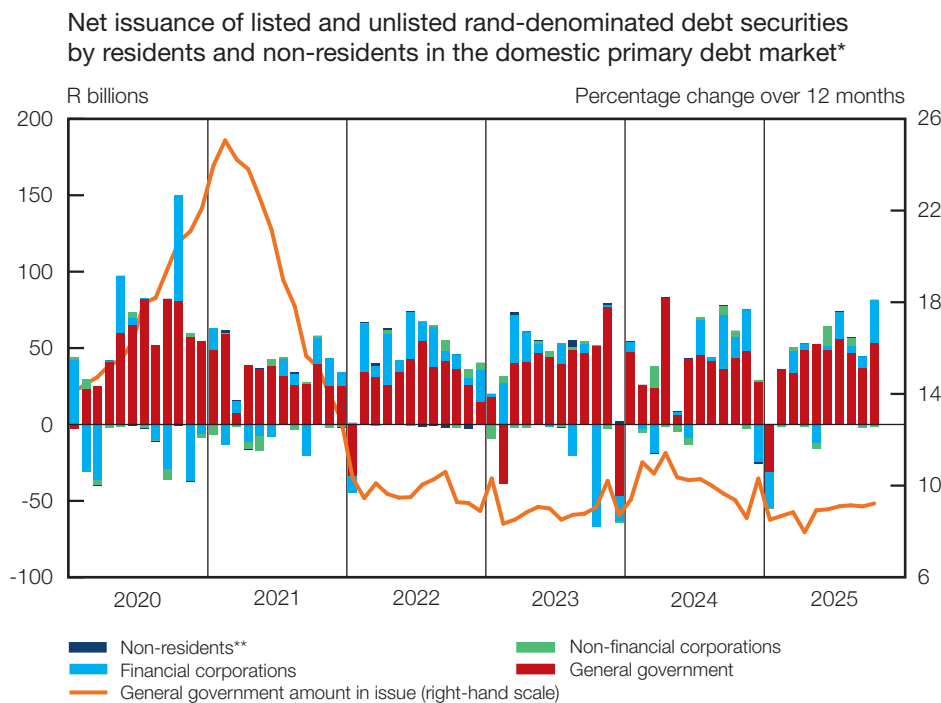
Bond market

The total *nominal value of outstanding listed²⁶ and unlisted²⁷ rand-denominated debt securities* issued by residents and non-residents in the domestic primary debt market rose by 7.1% year on year to R7.7 trillion at the end of October 2025, reflecting net issuance of R435 billion in the first 10 months of the year. However, this was 6.2% lower than the net issuance over the same period in 2024 as general government's²⁸ net issuance decreased by 3.4% year on year to R383 billion in the first 10 months of 2025. This included National Treasury's successful issuance of two new fixed-rate government bonds in October 2025, namely the *R2039* and the *R2042* bonds, maturing in March 2039 and March 2042 respectively, which contributed to the R5.4 trillion nominal value of outstanding debt securities by general government at the end of October 2025.

26 These are debt securities listed on the JSE Limited (JSE), Cape Town Stock Exchange (CTSE) and The Integrated Exchange (I-Ex).

27 These are debt securities not listed on a stock exchange and traded in the over-the-counter (OTC) market.

28 General government includes national government, extra-budgetary institutions and local governments.



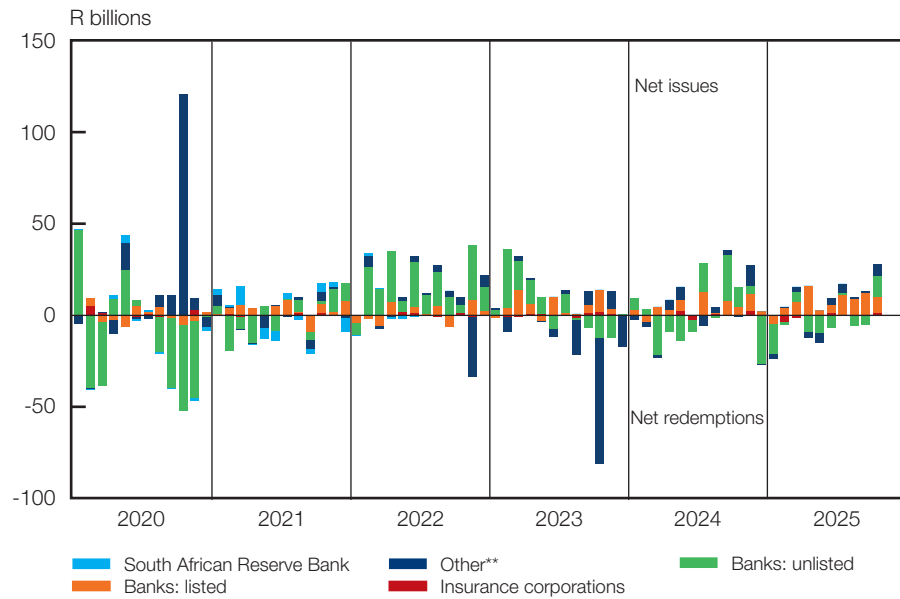
* Nominal value
** Non-residents' contribution is insignificant.
Sources: Banks, CTSE, I-Ex, JSE, National Treasury and SARB

The nominal net issuance of rand-denominated debt securities in the domestic debt market by financial corporations,²⁹ totalling R41.9 billion in the first 10 months of 2025, was somewhat lower than the net issuance of R52.6 billion in the same period of 2024. This was mainly due to net redemptions of unlisted debt securities by banks, as funding requirements remained subdued because of weak credit demand despite lower interest rates. Nevertheless, banks continued to lead net issuance and accounted for 71.6% of the total nominal value of financial corporation debt securities in issue at the end of October 2025.

29 Financial corporations include both public and private corporations.



Net issuance of listed and unlisted rand-denominated debt securities by financial corporations in the domestic primary debt market*



* Nominal value

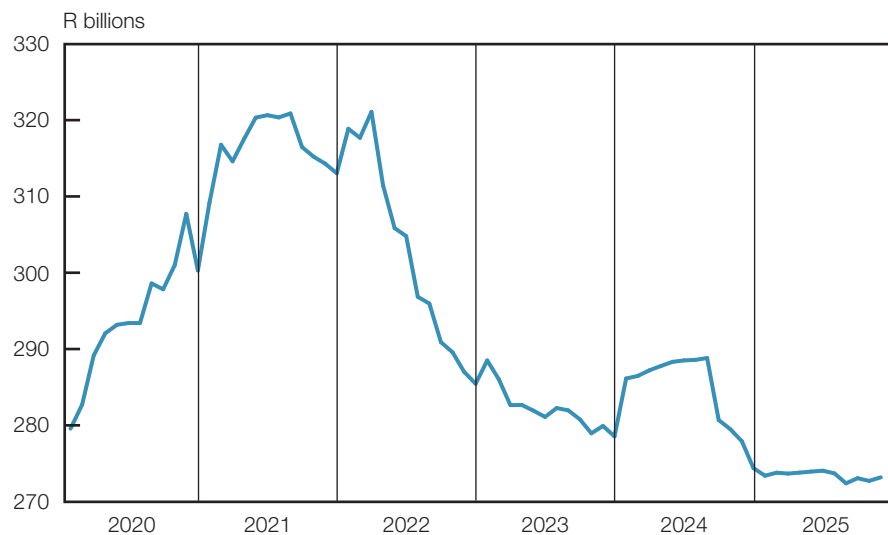
** This includes state-owned companies, real estate corporations, special-purpose vehicles and other financial corporations.

Sources: Banks, CTSE, I-Ex, JSE and SARB

The total *value of turnover* in the domestic secondary bond market of the JSE and the Cape Town Stock Exchange (CTSE) totalled R47.2 trillion in the 11 months to November 2025, representing a 14.1% increase compared to the same period in 2024, spurred by notably higher bond prices. Non-residents' participation averaged 10.0% during the first 11 months of 2025, up from an average participation rate of 9.1% in the corresponding period of 2024.

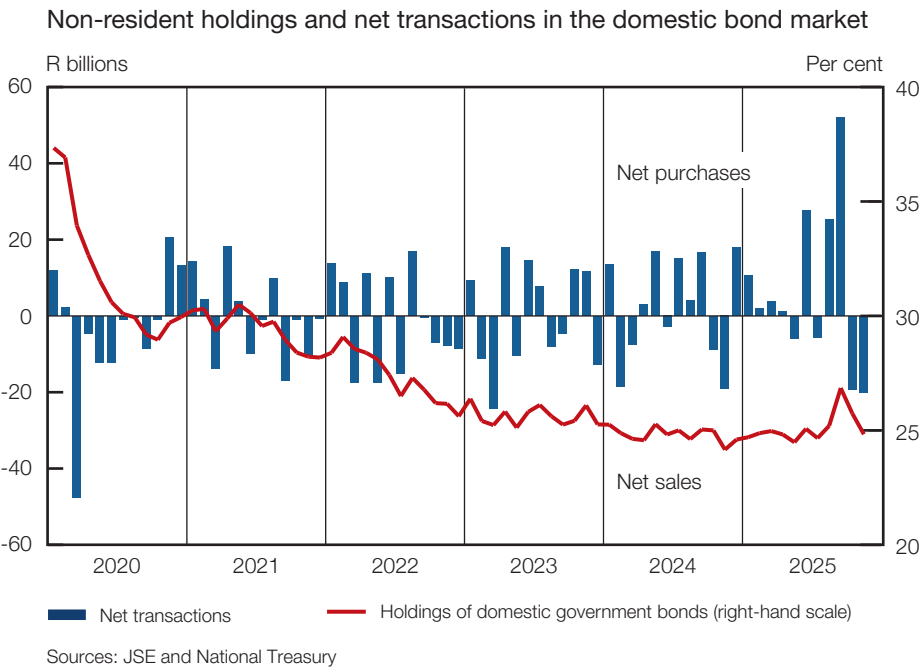
The total outstanding amount of rand-denominated bonds in issue in the *European and Japanese bond markets* bottomed out at R273 billion at the end of November 2025. This decline resulted from larger scheduled redemptions than issuances, which remained subdued due to low investor appetite for rand-denominated bonds amid currency volatility and South Africa's economic and political challenges.

Outstanding amount of rand-denominated bonds in issue in international markets



Source: Bloomberg

Non-residents were net buyers of JSE-listed bonds of R71.8 billion in the third quarter of 2025, according to JSE data. This record quarterly foreign net purchases were largely boosted by the biggest ever monthly net inflow in September 2025. As a result, cumulative net purchases of bonds by non-residents reached R71.4 billion in the first 11 months of 2025 compared to R12.2 billion in the same period of 2024. This mainly reflects the US Fed's decision to cut policy rates further, the shift to a preferred lower domestic inflation target of 3% announced in the 2025 MTBPS and positive investor sentiment following South Africa's exit from the FATF grey list. However, recent amendments to exchange control regulations may impact future non-resident investments in South Africa. Consequently, the share of non-residents' holdings of government bonds increased steadily to 26.9% in September 2025, the highest since August 2022. Subsequently, it declined to 24.8% in November.



Share market

The *value of secondary equity capital raised*³⁰ in the domestic and international primary share markets by companies listed on the JSE was relatively subdued at R19.6 billion in the first 11 months of 2025, five times lower than in the corresponding period of 2024. The largest issuance occurred in October 2025, when a primary-listed real estate company raised capital through the general issue of shares for cash in an accelerated bookbuild programme and a secondary-listed industrial company raised funds for general corporate purposes and expansion, contributing the most. Primary-listed companies on the JSE accounted for 58.8% of all equity capital raised in the first 11 months of 2025, compared to 25.4% in the same period of 2024.

30 This excludes primary equity capital raised through new listings.

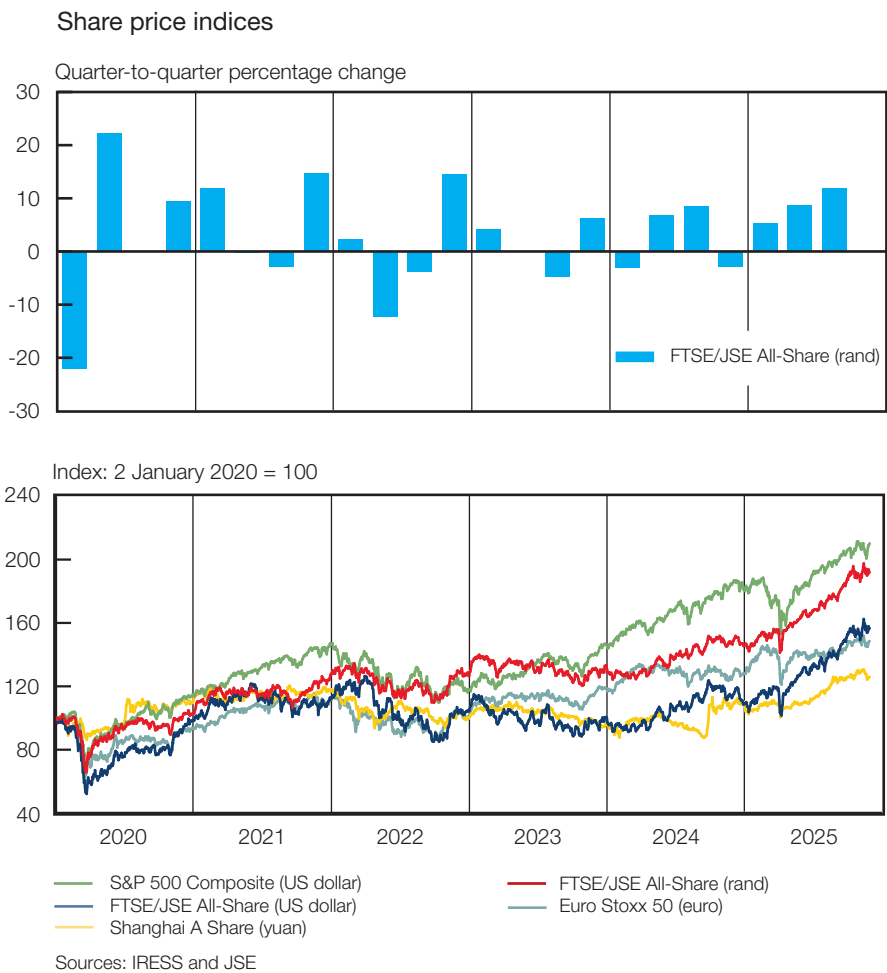
The combined *value of turnover* in the secondary share market of the four South African stock exchanges amounted to R6.8 trillion in the first 11 months of 2025, which was 33.1% higher compared to the same period in 2024, supported by higher volumes traded and higher share prices. Consistent with the increase in share prices, the combined market capitalisation of shares listed on all four exchanges increased to an all-time high of R23.5 trillion in November 2025.

Non-residents remained net sellers of JSE-listed shares to the amount of R66.3 billion in the third quarter of 2025, according to JSE data. Despite brief net purchases of domestic shares in October 2025, cumulative net sales by non-residents in the 11 months to November totalled R218 billion, significantly more than the net sales of R122 billion recorded in the same period of 2024. The persistent sell-off by non-residents in the domestic secondary share market reflected,



among other factors, risk-off market sentiment following the US Federal government shutdown, investor concerns over South Africa's weak economic growth and ongoing geopolitical risks.

Global equities rallied in the third quarter of 2025, with both developed and emerging markets delivering substantial returns. The *domestic share market* performed strongly in September 2025, with the Alsi, on balance and in rand terms, recording a return of 11.9% in the third quarter of the year. In US dollar terms, the Alsi outperformed its global counterparts in the third quarter of 2025, rising by 15.1%. The rally was supported by, among other factors, reduced global trade tensions, further monetary policy easing by central banks and South Africa's removal from the FATF grey list. The Alsi, in rand terms, reached an all-time high of 114 046 index points on 13 November 2025, mainly driven by momentum in precious metals and mining share prices, buoyed by soaring international gold and platinum prices. Subsequently, the Alsi corrected somewhat to 110 959 index points on 28 November, posting its strongest equity performance since 2006 with a year-to-date increase of 31.9%.



The overall *price-earnings ratio* of ordinary shares listed on the JSE rose steadily from a recent low of 14.7 in January 2025 to 19.9 in November as share prices increased notably while earnings decreased over the period. The *dividend yield* also increased, rising slightly from a recent low of 1.9% in August 2025 to 2.0% in November as dividends declared grew more than share prices.

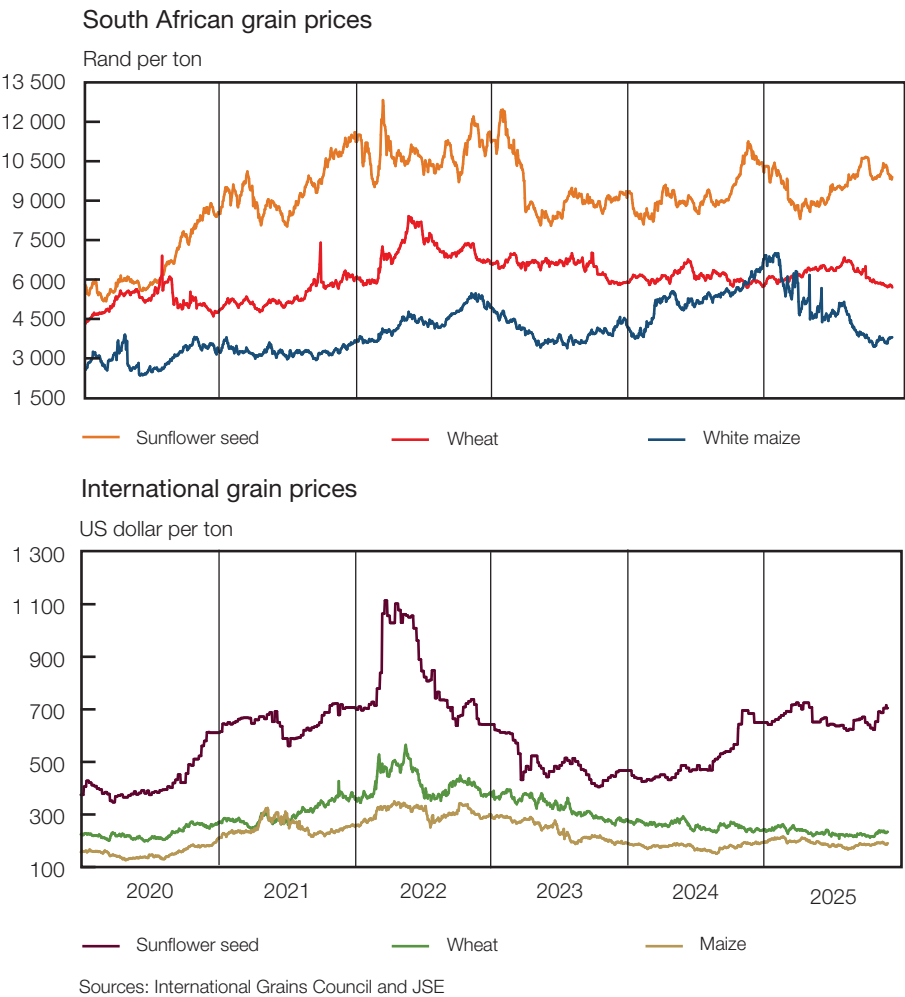
Market for exchange-traded derivatives

The *domestic spot prices of maize contracts traded on the JSE* have trended sharply lower so far in 2025. The spot price of white maize dropped significantly by 50.8%, falling from a historic peak of R6 998 per ton on 28 January 2025 to a recent low of R3 445 per ton on

10 October. This sharp decline reflected lower international maize prices, the appreciation in the exchange value of the rand and favourable production conditions due to good rainfall in the maize-producing regions. These factors contributed to a 27.9% increase in the domestic maize harvest estimate for the 2024/25 season compared to the previous season, according to the Crop Estimates Committee (CEC) of the Department of Agriculture. Subsequently, the spot price of white maize increased slightly to R3 801 per ton on 28 November 2025 as international maize prices increased due to growing concerns over the prevalence of Southern rust disease in US maize-producing areas, which poses potential risks to global supplies.

The *spot price of domestic wheat contracts* has trended lower in recent months, declining from a recent high of R6 830 per ton on 24 July 2025 to R5 698 per ton on 28 November, despite higher international wheat prices. The downward movement in domestic wheat spot prices occurred alongside the appreciation in the exchange value of the rand and expectations of a larger domestic wheat harvest, supported by improved harvests in the Limpopo, Eastern Cape, Northern Cape and Free State wheat-producing regions.

The *spot price of domestic sunflower seed contracts* increased from a recent low of R8 305 per ton on 27 March 2025 to R9 900 per ton on 28 November, with a brief peak of R10 660 per ton on 19 September. The rise in sunflower seed prices reflected expectations of La Nina weather conditions, which introduced heightened uncertainty as the crop is highly sensitive to excessive rainfall, especially during certain growth stages. This was also evident in the 4.4% reduction in the 2025/26 intended area planted for sunflower seeds estimated by the CEC, which reflected producers' response to the high rainfall expectations.



31 This includes warrants as well as equity, commodity, interest rate and currency derivatives markets.

The *total value of turnover in the derivatives markets of the JSE*³¹ increased by 10.7% in the first 11 months of 2025 compared to the same period in 2024. The value of transactions in currency derivatives saw a notable increase of 27.4% over this period, reflecting increased hedging activity against exchange rate fluctuations. Similarly, the value of equity and interest rate derivatives transactions grew by 13.2% and 7.1% respectively in the 11 months to November 2025 compared to the corresponding period of 2024. In contrast, the value of commodity derivative contracts declined by 7.3% over the same period.

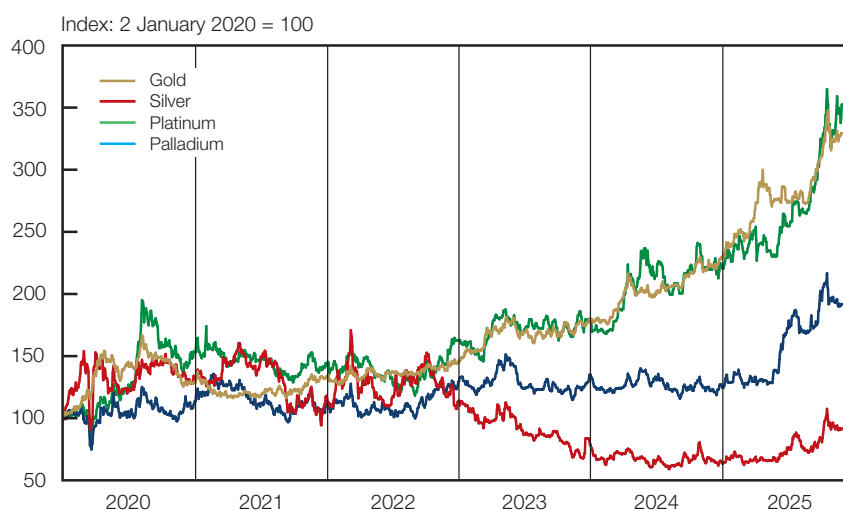
Derivatives turnover on the JSE, January to November 2025

Type of derivative	Value (R billions)	Change over one year (per cent)
Equity	6 240	13.2
Warrants.....	0.7	8.6
Commodity.....	1 320	-7.3
Interest rate	1 584	7.1
Currency.....	1 325	27.4
Total	10 470	10.7

Source: JSE

The *domestic spot prices for precious metal derivatives* traded on the JSE increased sharply to record highs during 2025. The spot price of gold derivatives jumped by 51.4% from R49 960 per troy ounce on 6 January 2025 to a historic peak of R75 647 per troy ounce on 20 October. The surge was primarily driven by increased investment demand for gold's safe-haven qualities, fuelled by geopolitical tensions and a weakening US dollar. Subsequently, gold derivatives prices corrected somewhat, reaching R71 595 per troy ounce on 28 November. Similarly, the spot price of silver surged by 75.8% from R566 per troy ounce on 2 January 2025 to an all-time high of R995 per troy ounce on 2 December, supported by its dual role as a precious metal and industrial input, with demand underpinned by the expanding renewable energy sector. The platinum derivatives market also recorded substantial gains, with prices rising by 74.2% from R17 451 per troy ounce on 2 January 2025 to R30 393 per troy ounce on 16 October, largely due to robust demand from the automotive and jewellery industries. Platinum derivative prices subsequently softened to R26 904 per troy ounce on 28 November. Similarly, palladium derivative prices advanced by 72.4% from R16 879 per troy ounce on 28 February 2025 to R29 107 per troy ounce on 16 October, before moderating to R24 784 per troy ounce on 28 November.

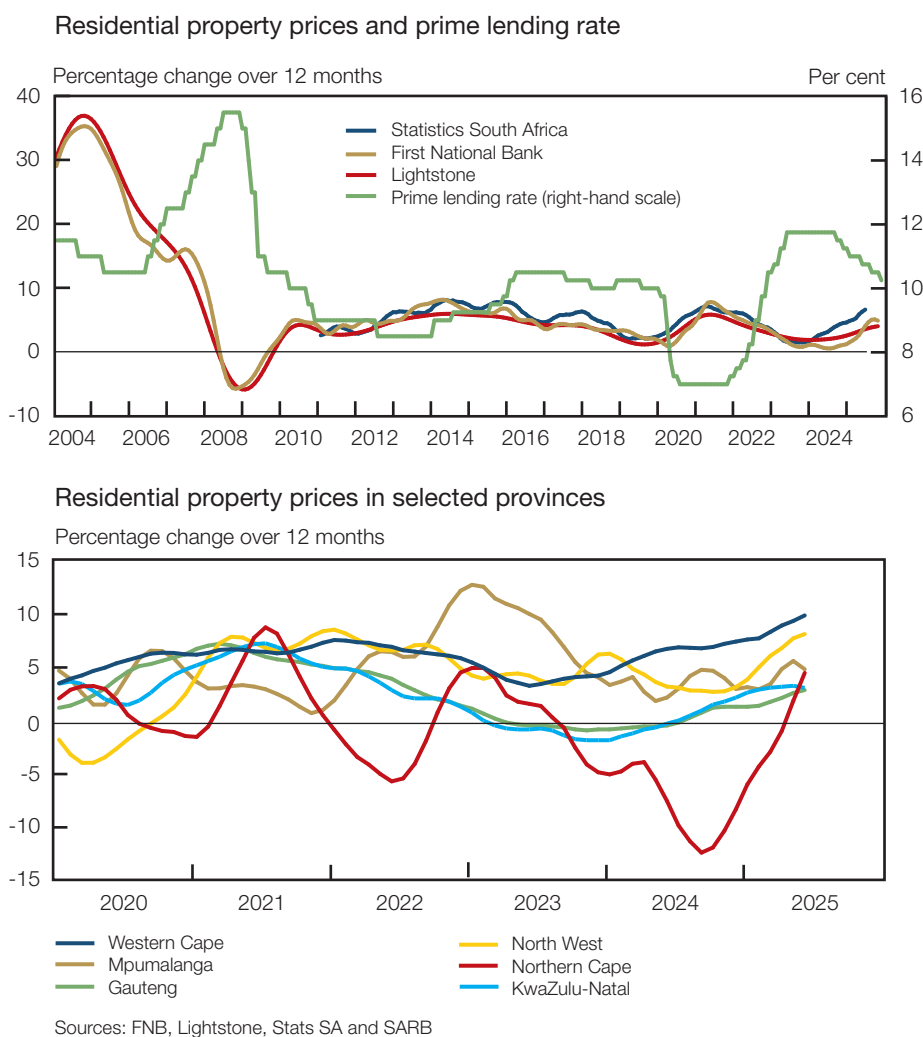
Selected domestic precious metal derivative prices



Source: JSE

Real estate market

Growth in nominal *residential property prices* has accelerated so far in 2025, accompanied by subdued headline consumer price inflation and lower interest rates. However, this growth remains well below the 30–35% range recorded in 2004. The year-on-year rate of increase in Stats SA’s residential property price index accelerated to 6.6% in June 2025, while the FNB and Lightstone house price indices increased by 4.9% and 4.0% respectively in October. According to Stats SA, the acceleration in nominal house price growth was evident in most major provinces, with the Western Cape recording the strongest year-on-year growth at 10.2% in June 2025, mainly driven by factors such as the continued migration trend and strong lifestyle demand.

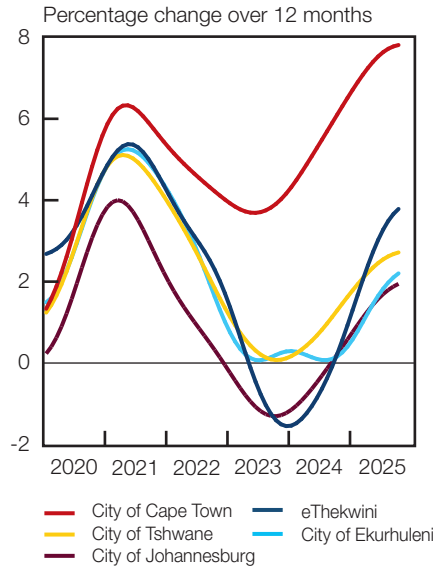


According to Lightstone, among metropolitan areas, growth in nominal house prices was especially noticeable in the City of Cape Town as the year-on-year rate of increase accelerated to 7.8% in October 2025, underscoring Cape Town’s relative appeal as an investment destination. Furthermore, the FNB Market Activity Index³² – which gauges housing market activity based on estate agents’ feedback – edged slightly higher to 6.0 in the third quarter of 2025 from 5.9 in the second quarter, averaging 6.1 in the first three quarters of 2025 compared to 5.7 in the same period of 2024. This points to improved market confidence amid a gradual recovery in the residential property market.

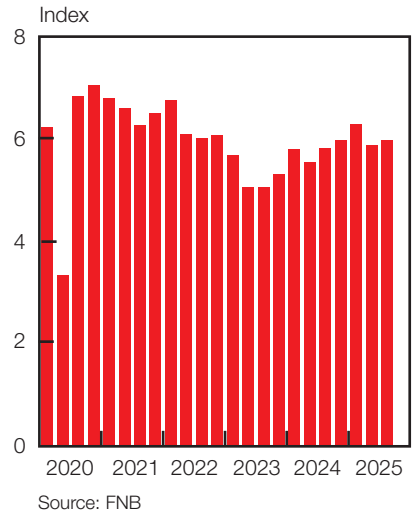
32 The FNB Market Activity Index represents estate agents’ perception about buying and selling activity in the housing market, measured on a scale of one to 10, where 10 represents a highly active market. These scores are weighted across price segments and major metropolitan areas.



Residential property prices in selected metropolitan areas



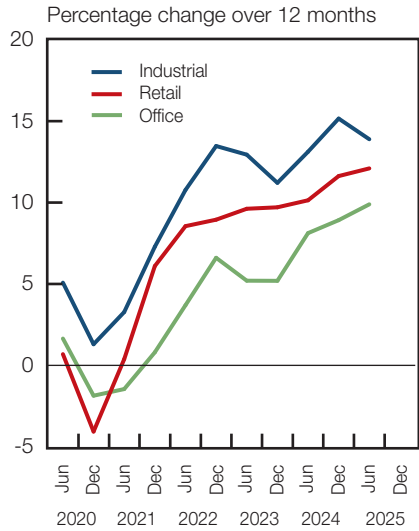
Estate agent residential property market activity index



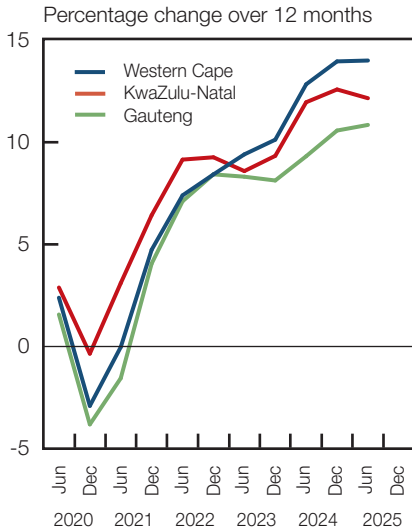
33 Total return incorporates both capital growth and income return. It is calculated as the percentage change in the value *plus* net income accrual in a month, relative to the capital employed. The basis of calculating annual total return is time-weighted and calculated by compounding 12-monthly growth rates.

The total return³³ on the South African *commercial real estate market* continued to steadily improve, recording an annual increase of 11.8% in June 2025 and delivering a 5.3% return for the six months to June 2025, according to MSCI data. The higher return was seen across all three sectors, underpinned by stable income returns. In June 2025, the industrial sector achieved the highest annual return at 13.9%, followed by the retail sector at 12.1%. Among the provinces, the Western Cape led the gains, with total return increasing from an annual growth rate of 12.8% in June 2024 to 14.0% in June 2025.

Total return on commercial property by sector



Total return on commercial property by province



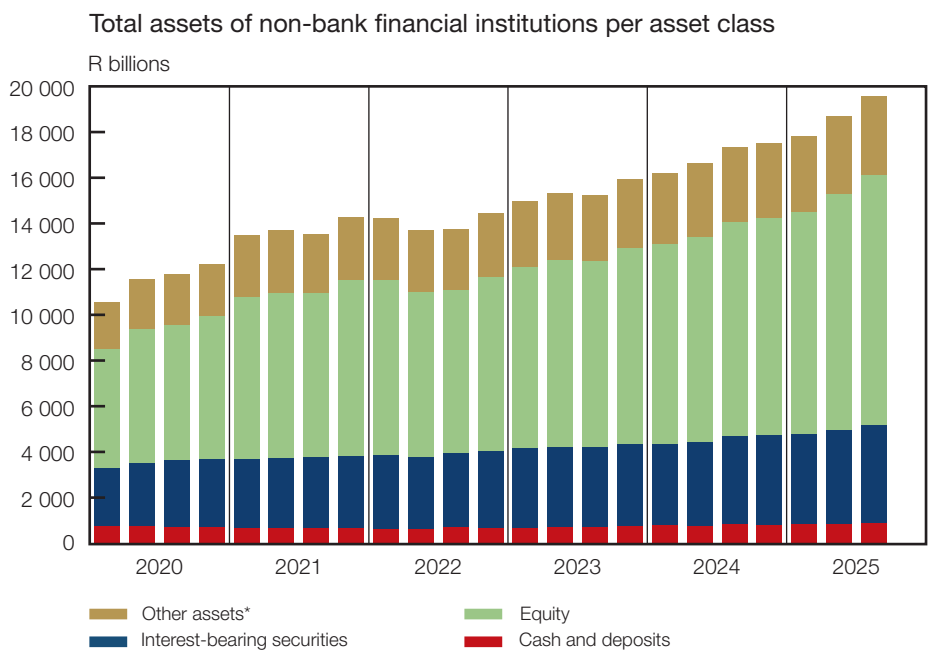
Non-bank financial institutions

Spurred by higher financial asset prices, the market value of the total assets³⁴ of non-bank financial institutions³⁵ increased by 4.7% from the second quarter of 2025 to R19.6 trillion in the third quarter, representing year-on-year growth of 12.9%. The rise in financial assets of non-bank financial institutions in the third quarter of 2025 positively impacted the net worth of households. The assets managed by the PIC saw the largest growth, rising by 8.8% from the second quarter of 2025 to R3.5 trillion in the third quarter. This was followed by a 6.0% increase to R5.3 trillion in the assets of unit trusts over the same period. The market value of insurance companies' assets grew by 4.6% from the second quarter of 2025 to R5.8 trillion in the third quarter. Similarly, the assets of other financial intermediaries³⁶ increased by 5.7% from the second quarter of 2025 to R505 billion in the third quarter, while those of management companies of collective investment schemes grew from R7.7 billion to R10.1 billion over the same period.

34 The assets are not consolidated for cross-investment between sectors.

35 Non-bank financial institutions consist of unit trusts, the PIC, life and non-life insurance companies, official and private retirement funds, participation bond schemes, other financial intermediaries, management companies of collective investment schemes as well as non-monetary public financial corporations.

36 Other financial intermediaries comprise financial corporations engaged in lending, securitisation vehicles and central clearing counterparties.



Source: SARB

Supported by increases of 11.9% in the Alsi and 7.0% in the MSCI World index, the equity holdings of non-bank financial institutions increased by 0.8 percentage points from the second quarter of 2025 to 56.0% of total assets in the third quarter, representing a year-on-year increase of 2.2 percentage points. Alongside a decline in bond yields, the proportion of assets invested in interest-bearing securities by these institutions increased by 4.1% from the second quarter of 2025 to R4.3 trillion in the third quarter; however, as a share of total assets, it decreased by 0.1 percentage points to 22.0%. The share of assets held in cash and deposits remained unchanged at 4.4% of total assets in both the second and third quarters of 2025.

The value of loans extended by non-bank financial institutions increased by 1.7% from the second quarter of 2025 to the third quarter, but as a percentage of total assets it decreased by 0.1 percentage points over this period. Credit extended by other financial intermediaries grew by 2.6% from the second quarter to R400 billion in the third quarter, largely supported by improved household disposable income and a less restrictive monetary policy stance, which contributed to a more favourable lending environment.

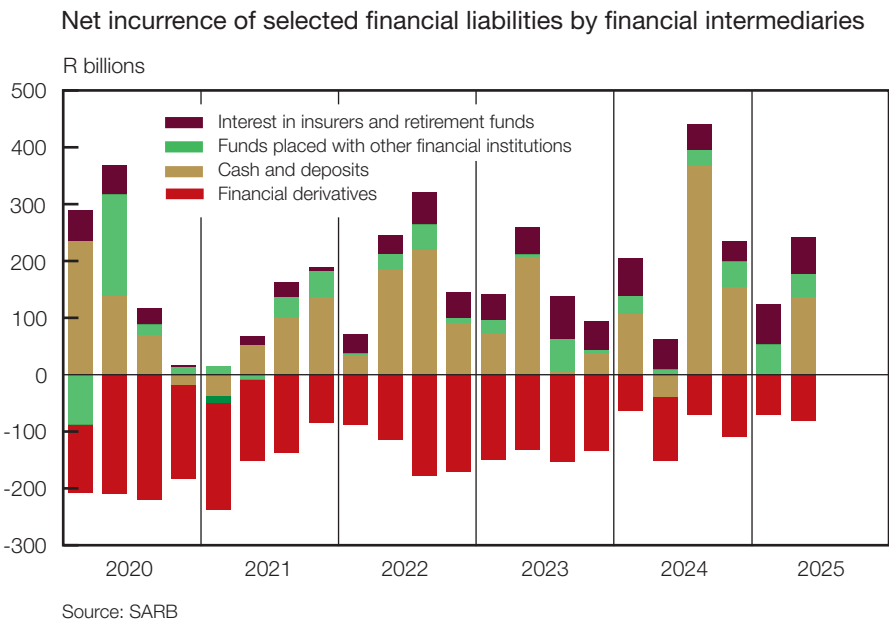


Flow of funds

Global economic conditions remained volatile in the second quarter of 2025 amid shifting US trade policies and ongoing geopolitical tensions, which negatively affected sentiment and delayed investment decisions. Against this backdrop, *non-resident* capital flows reversed from a net inflow of R48.5 billion in the first quarter of 2025 to a net outflow of R8.7 billion in the second quarter. The outflow largely reflected net sales of domestic financial assets by non-residents of R77.7 billion in the second quarter compared to R24.0 billion in the first quarter. This was exacerbated by the unbundling of Valterra by Anglo American, resulting in R52.2 billion in net sales of shares in the second quarter. Foreign loan repayments by central and provincial governments and non-financial corporate business enterprises totalling R17.4 billion, along with non-resident deposit withdrawals of R11.1 billion from the domestic banking sector, further contributed to the outflows in the second quarter of 2025. Non-residents also reduced their exposure to domestic financial derivatives by R43.1 billion over the same period. In contrast, non-resident net purchases of domestic government bonds increased to R31.4 billion in the second quarter of 2025, up from R19.4 billion in the first quarter.

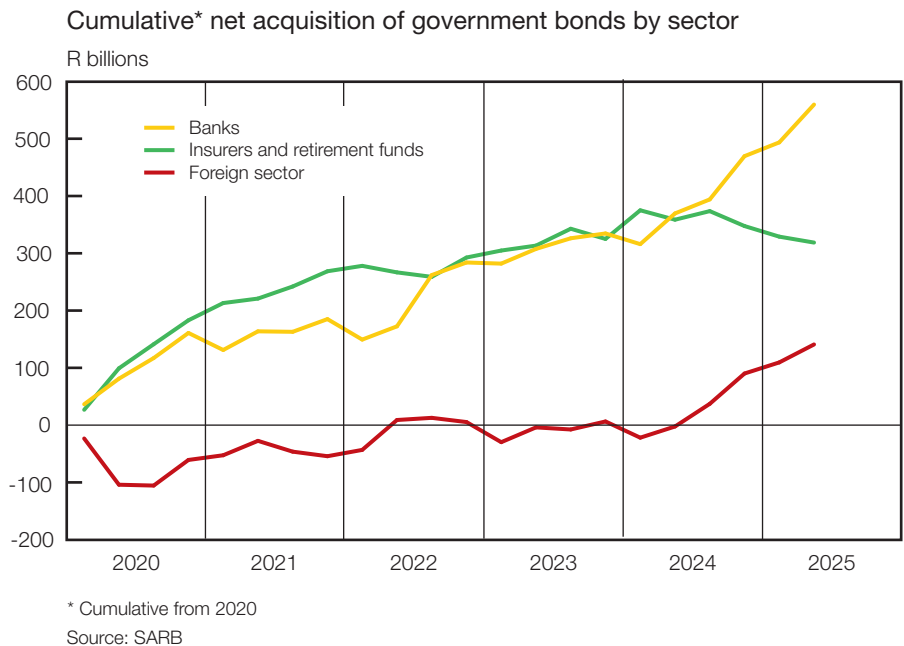
South African residents recorded net sales of foreign assets to the value of R69.0 billion in the second quarter of 2025, slightly less than the R72.5 billion recorded in the first quarter. These net sales included foreign loan repayments of R49.3 billion, primarily by non-financial public corporates, reductions in gold and foreign reserves of R19.4 billion and a reduction in foreign financial derivatives exposure of R49.0 billion. The net disposal of foreign shares by domestic investors totalled R32.3 billion, mainly due to the Valterra share distribution, which reduced the investment portfolios of domestic non-financial corporate business enterprises. Conversely, South African investors saw a net acquisition of foreign fixed-interest securities of R31.3 billion in the second quarter of 2025.

South Africa's economic growth improved in the second quarter of 2025, supported by favourable agricultural conditions and positive contributions from manufacturing and financial intermediation. *Financial intermediaries* shifted from a net disposal of financial liabilities of R64.4 billion in the first quarter of 2025 to a net incurrence of R159 billion in the second quarter. Cash and deposits increased significantly by R137 billion in the second quarter of 2025, up from an increase of R2.1 billion in the first quarter. Funding raised through loans by financial intermediaries totalled R72.3 billion, while the combined net flows to collective investment schemes as well as insurers and retirement funds amounted to R104 billion in the second quarter of 2025.



On the asset side, financial intermediaries reverted from net sales of R29.4 billion in the first quarter of 2025 to net purchases of R184 billion in the second quarter. Net purchases of fixed-interest securities surged to R162 billion in the second quarter of 2025, reversing the net sales of R48.4 billion in the previous quarter, driven predominantly by net purchases of government bonds and TBs. Loans extended by financial intermediaries totalled R63.1 billion in the second quarter of 2025, primarily to non-financial private corporate business enterprises, while lending to households remained subdued. Conversely, financial intermediaries increased their net disposal of shares to R81.9 billion in the second quarter of 2025, up from R77.4 billion in the first quarter.

General government's net borrowing requirement declined markedly from R103 billion in the first quarter of 2025 to R40.3 billion in the second quarter, as its gross dissaving changed to gross saving due to increased revenue collection and as gross capital formation declined, reflecting reduced capital expenditure on non-residential buildings and transport equipment. In the second quarter of 2025, general government met its funding needs through the net issuance of bonds and TBs amounting to R104 billion and R13.4 billion respectively. On a cumulative basis (from 2020), the domestic banking sector's net acquisition of government bonds amounted to R560 billion, while the foreign sector acquired R141 billion worth of government bonds. General government repaid loans of R5.9 billion in the second quarter of 2025, primarily related to an IMF facility, while cash and deposit holdings rose by R58.8 billion, reflecting robust inflows from central and provincial governments, while local governments recorded withdrawals.



Gross saving by *non-financial public and private corporate business enterprises* decreased slightly in the second quarter of 2025, primarily due to increased dividend payments. Gross capital formation showed a gradual recovery, reaching R187 billion during the period, bolstered by a substantial 25.2% rise from non-financial private corporate business enterprises, largely reflecting higher capital expenditure on machinery and equipment as well as construction. In contrast, capital spending by non-financial public corporate business enterprises contracted by 22.1% in the second quarter, reversing the robust 37.1% growth observed in the first quarter. Consequently, the net lending position of these entities decreased to R32.5 billion in the second quarter of 2025 from R55.1 billion in the first quarter. The surplus funds were mainly allocated towards investments in other loan stock and preference shares amounting to R8.9 billion, net flows to insurers and retirement funds of R6.8 billion and net purchases of units in collective investment schemes totalling R5.5 billion. Meanwhile, cash and deposit withdrawals rose to



R9.9 billion in the second quarter, up from R0.2 billion in the first quarter. On the liability side, non-financial corporate business enterprises repaid R45.0 billion in loans, mainly to the central and provincial government sector, and recorded net issues of R12.4 billion in fixed-interest securities, while the net repurchases of shares totalled R67.5 billion in the second quarter of 2025.

Consumer confidence improved slightly in the second quarter of 2025, supporting *households'* increased gross capital formation. Despite this, the switch from gross dissaving to gross saving by households contributed to a decline in the sector's net borrowing requirement to R8.1 billion in the second quarter, down from R35.3 billion in the first quarter. Employment growth remained subdued due to persistent weak demand and deteriorating global trade conditions, leading to a decrease in credit extended to households from R22.9 billion in the first quarter to R17.8 billion in the second quarter, despite lower interest rates. Households increased their cash and deposit holdings by R37.5 billion in the second quarter, up from R25.3 billion in the first quarter. Households' net flows to insurers and retirement funds decreased to R45.0 billion in the second quarter from R50.9 billion in the first quarter. Notably, households' net purchases of units in collective investment schemes remained high at R50.9 billion in the second quarter compared to R53.8 billion in the first quarter, likely reflecting rising share prices.

Non-financial public sector borrowing requirement³⁸

The preliminary *non-financial public sector borrowing requirement* decreased by R53.7 billion year on year to R157.9 billion in the first six months (April–September 2025) of fiscal 2025/26. The lower borrowing requirement reflected the significantly lower cash deficit of the national government and a switch from a cash *deficit* to a cash *surplus* by non-financial public enterprises and corporations, or state-owned companies (SOCs). The smaller deficit of national government resulted largely from higher cash receipts from operating activities as revenue collections improved in most tax categories. Local governments (municipalities) recorded a larger cash surplus compared to the same period in the previous fiscal year as cash receipts from operating activities grew by 9.1% and outpaced the increase of 6.2% in total expenditure (inclusive of cash payments for operating activities and net investment in non-financial assets). In contrast, extra-budgetary institutions switched from a cash *surplus* to a cash *deficit*, mainly due to a decrease in grants received. The consolidated provincial government reverted from a cash *deficit* to a cash *surplus*, as the increase in cash receipts from operating activities outpaced growth in total expenditure over the period.

Non-financial public sector borrowing requirement

R billions

Level of government	Apr–Sep 2024*	Apr–Sep 2025*
Consolidated general government.....	196.0	161.8
National government.....	252.5	197.6
Extra-budgetary institutions	-12.1	20.8
Social security funds.....	-27.3	-23.4
Consolidated provincial government	3.9	-2.7
Local government.....	-21.0	-30.5
Non-financial public enterprises and corporations**.....	15.6	-3.9
Total	211.6	157.9
<i>As a percentage of gross domestic product.....</i>	<i>5.7</i>	<i>4.1</i>

* Deficit (+)/surplus (–)

** The National Transmission Company of South Africa (NTCSA) legally commenced its operations from the third quarter of 2024, which impacted the reporting of non-financial public enterprises and corporations’ data. The data are preliminary and subject to revisions.

Components may not add up to totals due to rounding off.

Sources: National Treasury, Stats SA and SARB

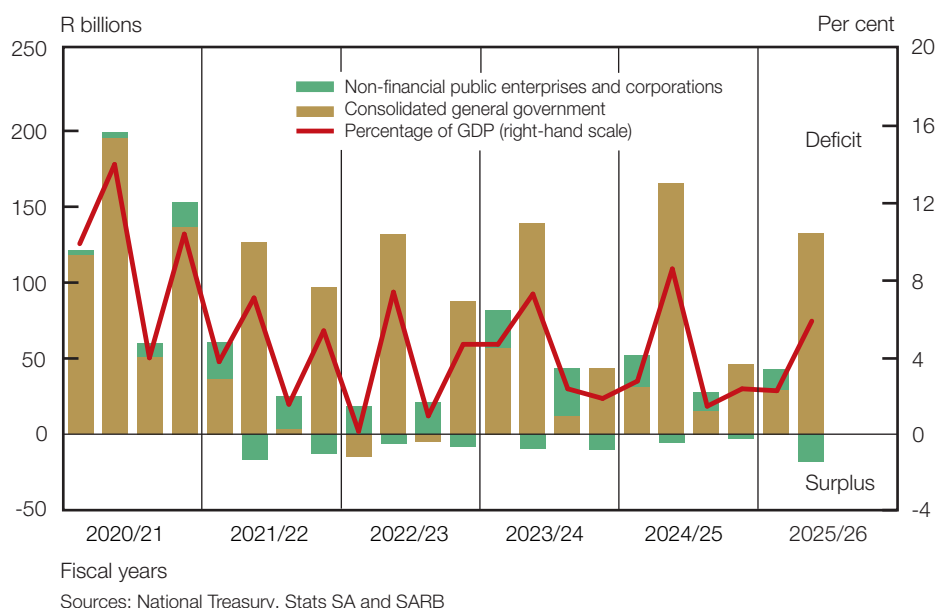
As a ratio of GDP, the non-financial public sector borrowing requirement decreased to 4.1% in the first six months of fiscal 2025/26 compared with 5.7% in the corresponding period of the previous fiscal year.

37 Unless stated to the contrary, year-on-year rates of change in this section compare April–September 2025 with April–September 2024 for flows, while stocks are as at 30 September 2025.

38 The non-financial public sector borrowing requirement is calculated as the cash *deficit/surplus* of the consolidated general government as well as non-financial public enterprises and corporations.



Non-financial public sector borrowing requirement

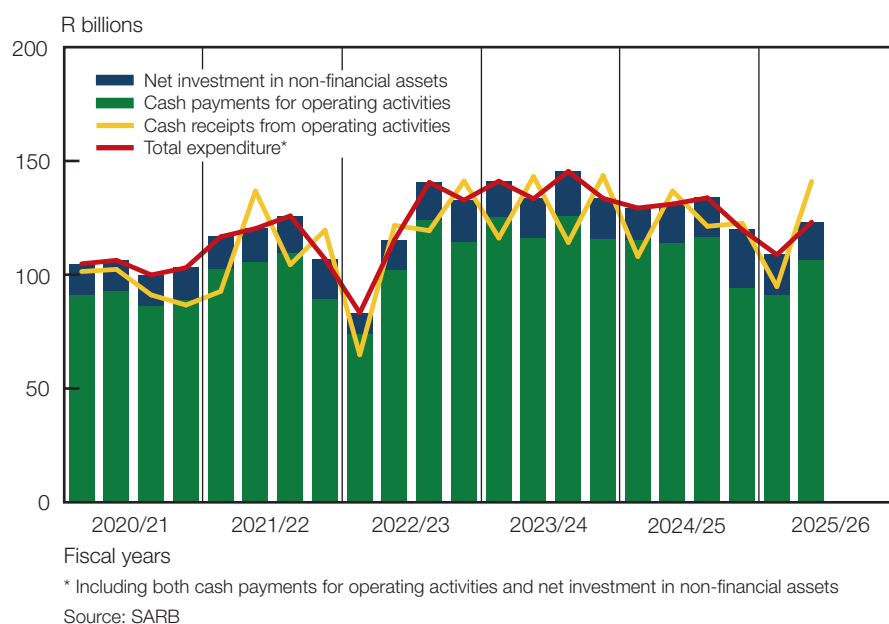


39 The NTCSA legally commenced its operations from the third quarter of 2024, which impacted the reporting of non-financial public enterprises and corporations' data, resulting in the data being preliminary and subject to revisions.

The preliminary financial activities of the non-financial SOCs³⁹ resulted in a cash *surplus* of R3.9 billion in the first half of fiscal 2025/26, in contrast to a cash *deficit* of R15.6 billion in the first half of the previous fiscal year. The cash surplus came about as total cash expenditure decreased much more than total cash receipts from operating activities.

Total cash receipts from operating activities of the non-financial SOCs decreased by 3.7% year on year to R235.8 billion in the first two quarters of fiscal 2025/26, largely due to reduced sales of goods and services. Total expenditure of the non-financial SOCs, inclusive of cash payments for operating activities and net investment in non-financial assets, decreased even more, by 10.9% year on year to R231.9 billion. Total expenditure declined sharply due to a marked drop in cash payments for operating activities, while net investment in non-financial assets increased by 10.5% year on year to R34.5 billion in the first half of fiscal 2025/26. The increase was largely driven by higher spending on buildings and structures as well as on machinery and equipment.

Financial activities of non-financial public enterprises and corporations



Box 3 The 2025 Medium Term Budget Policy Statement¹

The *2025 Medium Term Budget Policy Statement (MTBPS)* reaffirmed the government's commitment to achieving its fiscal targets and restoring credibility, while fostering a cycle of more affordable capital, greater investment, reduced cost of living and improved service delivery – all aimed at supporting stronger economic growth. Despite global economic uncertainty, ongoing domestic logistical challenges and low confidence among businesses and consumers, the government appears largely on track to meet its fiscal objectives, thereby contributing to macroeconomic stability. However, these factors pose risks to the growth outlook over the medium term and have already resulted in a downward revision of the real gross domestic product (GDP) growth forecast for 2025, from 1.4% projected in the *2025 Budget Overview* to 1.2% in the *2025 MTBPS*.

Economic growth is expected to improve over the medium term as investment increases, driven by the government's plans to boost infrastructure spending and advance key structural reforms to address bottlenecks in electricity, transport and logistics, among other constraints. The Minister of Finance's decision to lower the official inflation target to 3%, with a 1 percentage point tolerance band on either side to account for normal economic fluctuations, is expected to lower inflation expectations over the medium term, allowing for the prospect of permanently lower interest rates. This should encourage fixed investment and support stronger long-term economic growth. Overall, real GDP growth is expected to average 1.8% over the medium term, slightly higher than the 1.6% forecast in the *2025 Budget Overview*.

Macroeconomic projections*

Percentage

	2024**	2025		2026		2027		2028
		Medium-term estimates***						
	Outcome	Budget	MTBPS	Budget	MTBPS	Budget	MTBPS	MTBPS
Real GDP growth.....	0.5	1.4	1.2	1.6	1.5	1.8	1.8	2.0
CPI.....	4.4	3.7	3.3	4.2	3.7	4.3	3.3	3.2
Current account balance (as a percentage of GDP)	-0.7	-0.7	-1.0	-1.1	-1.8	-1.3	-2.0	-2.0
GDP at current prices (R billions)	7 352	7 760	7 660	8 235	8 075	8 761	8 509	8 964

* Calendar years

** 2025 MTBPS

*** 2025 Budget Overview and 2025 MTBPS

Source: National Treasury

The *2025 MTBPS* has revised the total consolidated revenue estimate upward by R24.7 billion to R2 225 billion for fiscal 2025/26, compared to the projections in the *2025 Budget Overview*. This upward revision is mostly due to higher gross tax revenue on account of stronger-than-expected collections of net value-added tax (VAT) and taxes on corporate income and profits. Although revenue performance has exceeded expectations so far in fiscal 2025/26, the *2025 MTBPS* projects a gross tax revenue shortfall of R17.1 billion in fiscal 2027/28. This projected shortfall is attributed to lower tax receipts, mainly resulting from a downward revision of nominal GDP estimates following the adoption of a lower inflation target. National Revenue Fund (NRF) receipts have been revised slightly higher to R1.9 billion in fiscal 2025/26, compared with the R1.5 billion estimated in the 2025 Budget. As a ratio of GDP, consolidated revenue for fiscal 2025/26 has been revised higher to 28.6%, compared with 28.0% reported in the *2025 Budget Overview*.

1 The Minister of Finance presented the *2025 Medium Term Budget Policy Statement (MTBPS)* to Parliament on 12 November 2025.

Fiscal framework*

R billions/percentage of GDP

	2024/25**	2025/26		2026/27		2027/28		2028/29
		Medium-term estimates***						
	Outcome	Budget	MTBPS	Budget	MTBPS	Budget	MTBPS	MTBPS
Total consolidated revenue	2 047	2 201	2 225	2 354	2 354	2 503	2 484	2 623
Total consolidated expenditure	2 399	2 579	2 589	2 675	2 666	2 807	2 770	2 883
Of which: Debt-service costs***	385.8	426.3	421.5	447.0	436.0	477.5	455.9	471.8
Primary balance****	51.0	65.0	68.5	139.4	141.2	191.1	183.9	224.0
Percentage of GDP	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.7	1.7	2.1	2.1	2.5
Consolidated budget deficit	-352.4	-377.9	-363.4	-320.2	-312.4	-304.3	-285.8	-259.5
Percentage of GDP	-4.8	-4.8	-4.7	-3.8	-3.8	-3.4	-3.3	-2.9
Gross loan debt of national government	5 694	6 091	6 070	6 447	6 349	6 820	6 677	6 991
Percentage of GDP	77.0	77.4	77.9	77.2	77.7	76.7	77.4	77.0

* Fiscal years

** 2025 MTBPS

*** 2025 Budget Overview and 2025 MTBPS

**** Main budget

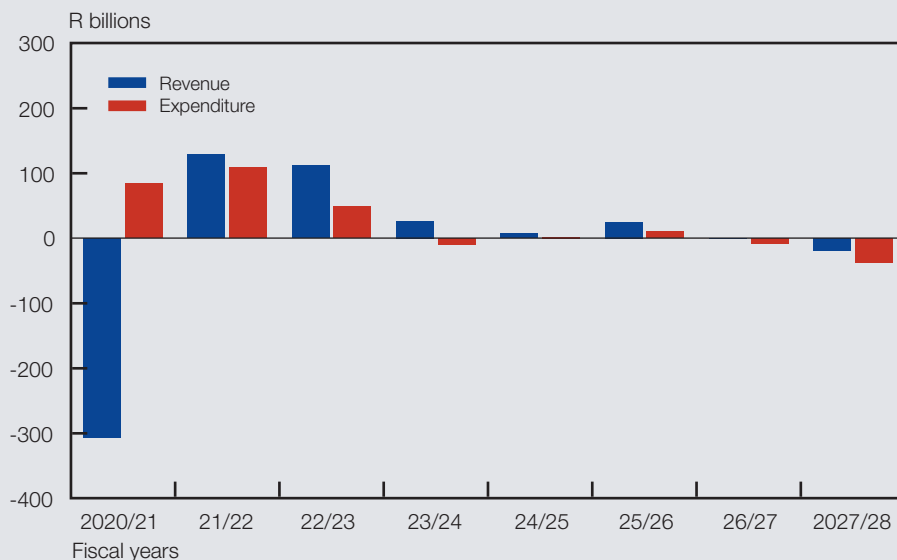
Source: National Treasury

Consolidated government expenditure for fiscal 2025/26 was revised slightly higher in the 2025 MTBPS to an estimated R2 589 billion, compared to R2 579 billion projected in the 2025 Budget Overview, due to increased non-interest expenditure. Non-interest expenditure is projected to rise further over the medium term, with additional allocations for the social wage to support low-income and vulnerable households, as well as for capital expenditure on infrastructure to boost economic growth and improve service delivery. The government also introduced reforms to change how departments engage with the budget process, building on previous expenditure reviews. In addition, the Medium-Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF) introduced the Targeted and Responsible Savings (TARS) mechanism, which will identify low-priority or underperforming programmes to enhance fiscal sustainability and service delivery, thereby redirecting savings within sectors towards broader government priorities. These reforms, together with performance-based frameworks and stronger oversight mechanisms, are intended to bolster efficiency, protect frontline services and create fiscal space to fund key government priorities.

Over the MTEF period, payments for capital assets are expected to be the fastest growing expenditure item by economic classification, while growth in the compensation of employees is expected to average 4.1%, guided by the multi-year wage agreement. Debt-service cost for fiscal 2025/26 was revised slightly lower to R421.5 billion compared to R426.3 billion projected in the 2025 Budget Overview. Over the medium term, this expenditure item is expected to grow at an average annual rate of 3.8%, slower than the 7.0% average growth projected in the 2025 Budget Overview, recognising the significant impact this expenditure item has on the government's ability to allocate resources to essential services, such as healthcare, education and infrastructure investment.



Revisions to consolidated government revenue and expenditure*

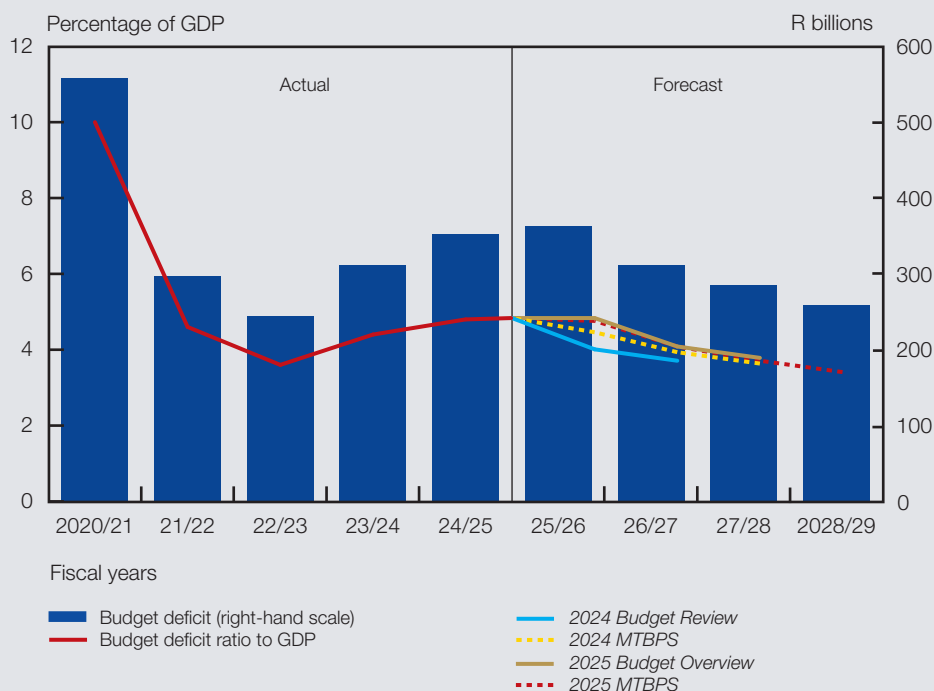


* Budget Review to MTBPS

Source: National Treasury

The consolidated government budget deficit as a percentage of GDP is projected to decrease from 4.7% in fiscal 2025/26 to 2.9% in fiscal 2028/29. This largely reflects the sustained increase in the primary surplus projected over the MTEF period, which is also expected to stabilise national government's debt-to-GDP ratio.

Consolidated government budget deficit



Source: National Treasury

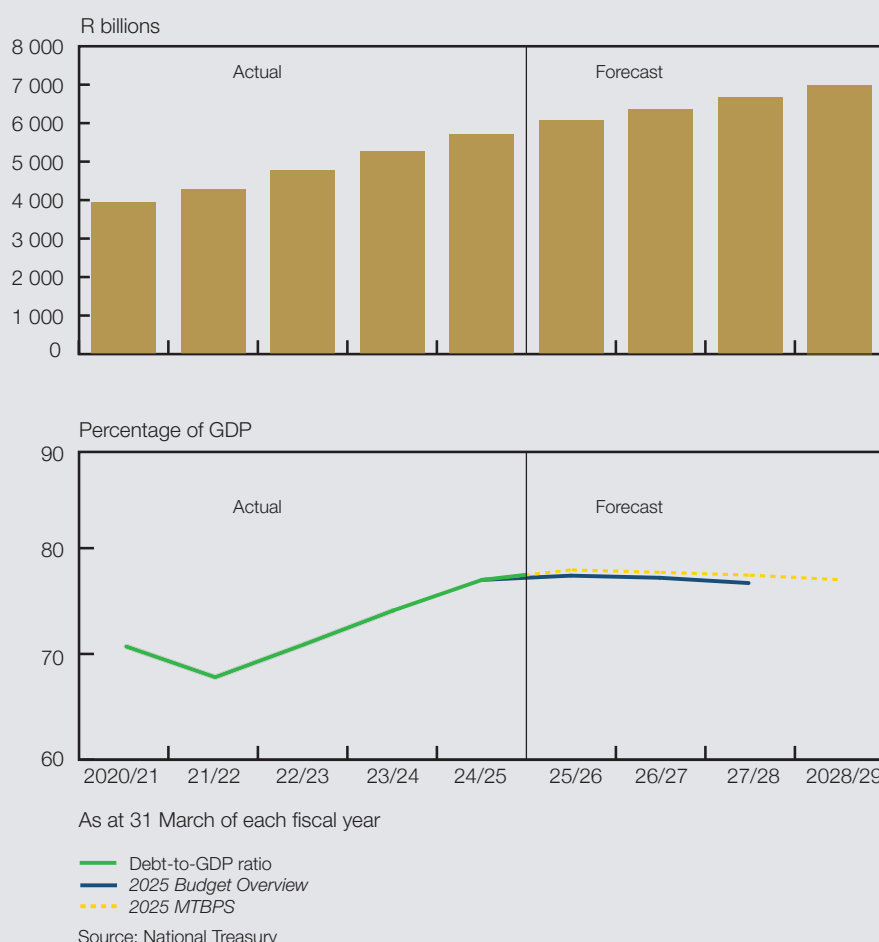
The government's gross borrowing requirement for fiscal 2025/26 – the sum of the budget deficit, maturing loans, the Eskom debt-relief arrangement and the Gold and Foreign Exchange Contingency Reserve Account (GFECRA) settlement – was reduced by R20 billion to R568.2 billion. However, government increased its projected cash balances in fiscal 2025/26 to help ease cash-flow pressures and to partially finance the gross borrowing requirement in fiscal 2027/28.

During the current fiscal year, borrowing costs decreased from 8.3% in March 2025 to 7.6% in October, with government taking advantage by issuing two new floating rate notes. To manage debt redemptions, government plans to exchange some shorter-dated bonds for longer-dated bonds. Debt redemptions



will average R208 billion over the medium term, increasing from R138.9 billion in fiscal 2026/27 to R286.9 billion in fiscal 2027/28 before declining to R198.0 billion in fiscal 2028/29. Meanwhile, government plans to raise about US\$14.3 billion in foreign markets over the medium term and draw down on its foreign exchange balances to help manage liquidity.

National government gross loan debt



The *2025 MTBPS* revised the total gross loan debt of national government lower to R6 070 billion in fiscal 2025/26 compared with R6 091 billion projected in the *2025 Budget Overview*, which increases to R6 991 billion in fiscal 2028/29. As a percentage of GDP, national government's gross loan debt is projected to peak at 77.9% in fiscal 2025/26, slightly higher than the 77.4% projected in the *2025 Budget Overview*.

Major state-owned companies (SOCs) continue to rely on government support. The SOC's ability to generate income determines their ability to repay maturing debt. Consequently, many of these entities are likely to refinance maturing debt, raising borrowing costs and constraining their ability to fund new investments. Elevating the level of investment in public infrastructure is a key element of the government's strategy to accelerate economic growth and improve service delivery. At the same time, private participation is also important to address limited public sector funding and constrained state capacity. Since the 2008–09 global financial crisis, gross fixed capital formation has been decreasing as a share of GDP and is currently less than half the 30% targeted in the National Development Plan (NDP). Over the medium term, payments for capital assets are projected to be the fastest-growing area of expenditure by economic classification, reflecting the government's commitment to shift the composition of expenditure from consumption to growth-enhancing investment.

This will be supported by Operation Vulindlela, which is a government initiative jointly led by The Presidency and National Treasury, aimed at accelerating structural reforms to boost economic growth and job creation. Phase 1 focuses on key sectors like energy, logistics, water and telecommunications, with Phase 2 aiming to drive rapid and inclusive economic growth through additional reforms in local government and digital transformation. Local government reforms, which are crucial to deliver sustainable basic services, are projected to be rolled out over the medium term. National Treasury's new financial instruments, such as market-based bilateral loans, dedicated infrastructure-linked bonds and concessional funding, are expected to help mobilise large-scale private investment, while reducing reliance on the government's balance sheet.



Budget comparable analysis of national government finances⁴⁰

National government's cash book deficit narrowed by R25.0 billion to R231.0 billion in the first half of fiscal 2025/26 (April–September 2025) compared to the same period a year earlier. National government's primary deficit⁴¹ also narrowed, from R65.8 billion in April–September 2024 to R25.0 billion in April–September 2025. However, the net borrowing requirement increased from R148.8 billion to R217.1 billion over the same period, largely due to the GFECRA settlement of R100.0 billion, which had reduced the borrowing requirement in the previous fiscal year.

40 Data for flows for April–September 2025 are unaudited and preliminary, while that for April–September 2024 are audited.

41 The primary *deficit/surplus* is the cash book balance, excluding interest payments.

National government finances

	Originally budgeted ¹ Fiscal 2025/26		Revised estimates ² Fiscal 2025/26		Actual Apr–Sep 2024		Actual Apr–Sep 2025	
	R billions	Percentage change ³	R billions	Percentage change ⁴	R billions	Percentage change ⁵	R billions	Percentage change ⁵
Revenue	1 949.4	7.9	1 968.7	8.9	821.4	4.0	908.6	10.6
<i>Percentage of GDP</i>	24.8		25.3		22.2		23.7	
Expenditure	2 310.7	7.8	2 321.7	8.3	1 077.4	4.0	1 139.5	5.8
<i>Percentage of GDP</i>	29.4		29.8		29.1		29.7	
Cash book balance ⁶	-361.3		-353.1		-256.0		-231.0	
<i>Percentage of GDP</i>	-4.6		-4.5		-6.9		-6.0	
Primary balance ⁷	64.8		68.2		-65.8		-25.0	
<i>Percentage of GDP</i>	0.8		0.9		-1.8		-0.7	
Gross loan debt ⁸	6 090.5	7.0	6 070.0	6.6	5 449.1	7.3	5 947.8	9.2
<i>Percentage of GDP</i>	77.4		77.9		74.9		78.9	

1 2025 Budget Overview

2 2025 MTBPS

3 Year-on-year percentage change: budgeted outcome on previous year's audited outcome

4 Year-on-year percentage change: revised estimates on previous year's audited outcome

5 Year-on-year percentage change: actual outcome on previous year's audited outcome

6 Cash book deficit (-)/surplus (+)

7 Primary balance refers to the cash book deficit (-)/surplus (+) excluding interest payments

8 As at 30 September 2025 for actual rand values

Components may not add up to totals due to rounding off and the exclusion of unclassified items.

Sources: National Treasury, SARS and Stats SA

National government's total revenue rose sharply by 10.6% year on year to R908.6 billion in the first half of fiscal 2025/26, supported by robust collections across all tax categories, particularly taxes on income, profits and capital gains as well as taxes on goods and services. The 2025 Budget Overview estimated total revenue of R1 949 billion (24.8% of GDP) for fiscal 2025/26, which was later revised higher to R1 969 billion in the 2025 MTBPS. As a percentage of GDP, national government revenue increased from 22.2% in April–September 2024 to 23.7% in the same period of 2025.

Taxes on income, profits and capital gains increased by 9.1% year on year to R549.1 billion (59.4% of total gross tax revenue) in April–September 2025. Personal income tax (PIT) increased by 8.4% year on year to R365.1 billion (representing 66.5% of taxes on income, profits and capital gains), mainly due to strong growth in pay-as-you-earn (PAYE) receipts. This was mostly driven by payments from employers in the finance and community services sectors, linked to salary increases for government employees and withdrawals from retirement funds in these sectors. Corporate income tax (CIT) increased by 8.1% year on year to R161.1 billion, largely due to increased provisional tax payments from the finance, wholesale trade and electricity sectors in the first six months of fiscal 2025/26. The *2025 Budget Overview*'s projected revenue collections from taxes on income, profits and capital gains of R1 183 billion in fiscal 2025/26 were revised higher to R1 191 billion in the *2025 MTBPS*.

National government revenue in fiscal 2025/26

Revenue source	Originally budgeted ¹ Fiscal 2025/26		Revised estimates ² Fiscal 2025/26		Actual Apr–Sep 2025	
	R billions	Percentage change ³	R billions	Percentage change ⁴	R billions	Percentage change ⁵
Taxes on income, profits and capital gains	1 182.8	7.5	1 190.8	8.2	549.1	9.1
<i>Of which:</i> Income tax on individuals...	795.8	8.5	795.4	8.5	365.1	8.4
Income tax on companies...	343.7	6.3	348.0	7.7	161.1	8.1
Payroll taxes	26.0	6.4	26.0	6.3	12.5	5.3
Taxes on property	5.5	6.3	5.7	9.7	2.6	11.2
Taxes on goods and services	687.1	6.5	699.6	8.4	324.0	10.1
<i>Of which:</i> Value-added tax (VAT) net	482.2	5.3	493.6	7.8	229.0	11.5
Domestic	591.1	5.3	599.7	6.8	292.7	7.8
Imports	276.5	5.6	269.8	3.0	120.2	2.3
Refunds	-385.3	5.4	-375.9	2.8	-183.9	0.1
Fuel levy	96.6	12.5	98.6	14.8	47.2	8.1
Other excise duties	73.9	7.3	71.7	4.0	29.3	2.4
Taxes on international trade and transactions.....	84.2	5.5	83.2	4.2	36.5	6.8
Import duties.....	81.0	5.4	80.5	4.8	34.9	7.2
Other.....	3.2	7.1	2.6	-11.6	1.6	-1.4
Total tax revenue (gross)	1 985.6	7.0	2 005.3	8.1	924.7	9.3
Other revenue ⁶	37.4	-11.0	36.9	-12.0	20.6	1.9
Less: SACU ⁷ payments	73.6	-18.2	73.6	-18.2	36.8	-18.2
Total revenue	1 949.4	7.9	1 968.7	8.9	908.6	10.6

1 *2025 Budget Overview*

2 *2025 MTBPS*

3 Year-on-year percentage change: budgeted estimates on previous year's actual outcome

4 Year-on-year percentage change: revised estimates on previous year's audited outcome

5 Year-on-year percentage change: actual outcome on previous year's audited outcome

6 Including non-tax revenue and extraordinary receipts

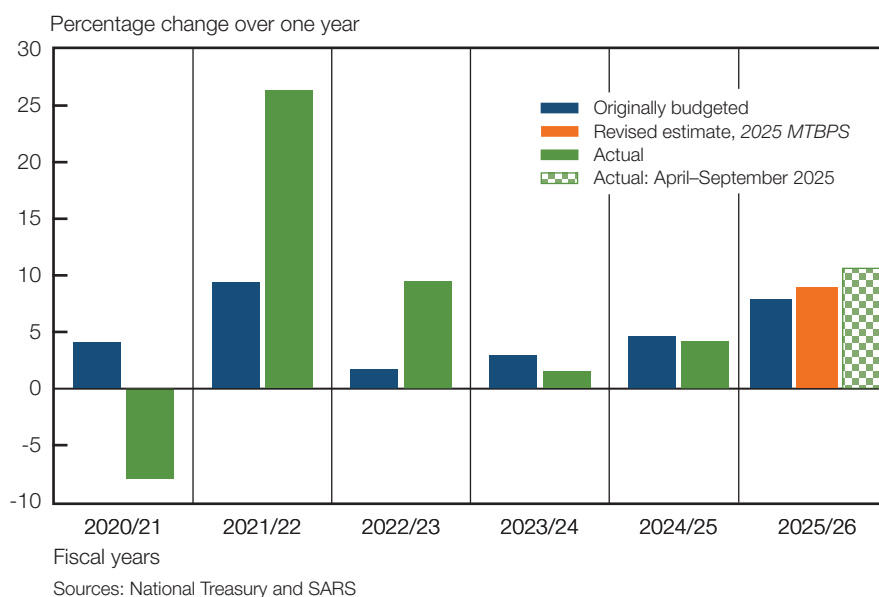
7 Southern African Customs Union

Components may not add up to totals due to rounding off and the exclusion of unclassified items.

Sources: National Treasury and SARS



Revenue of national government

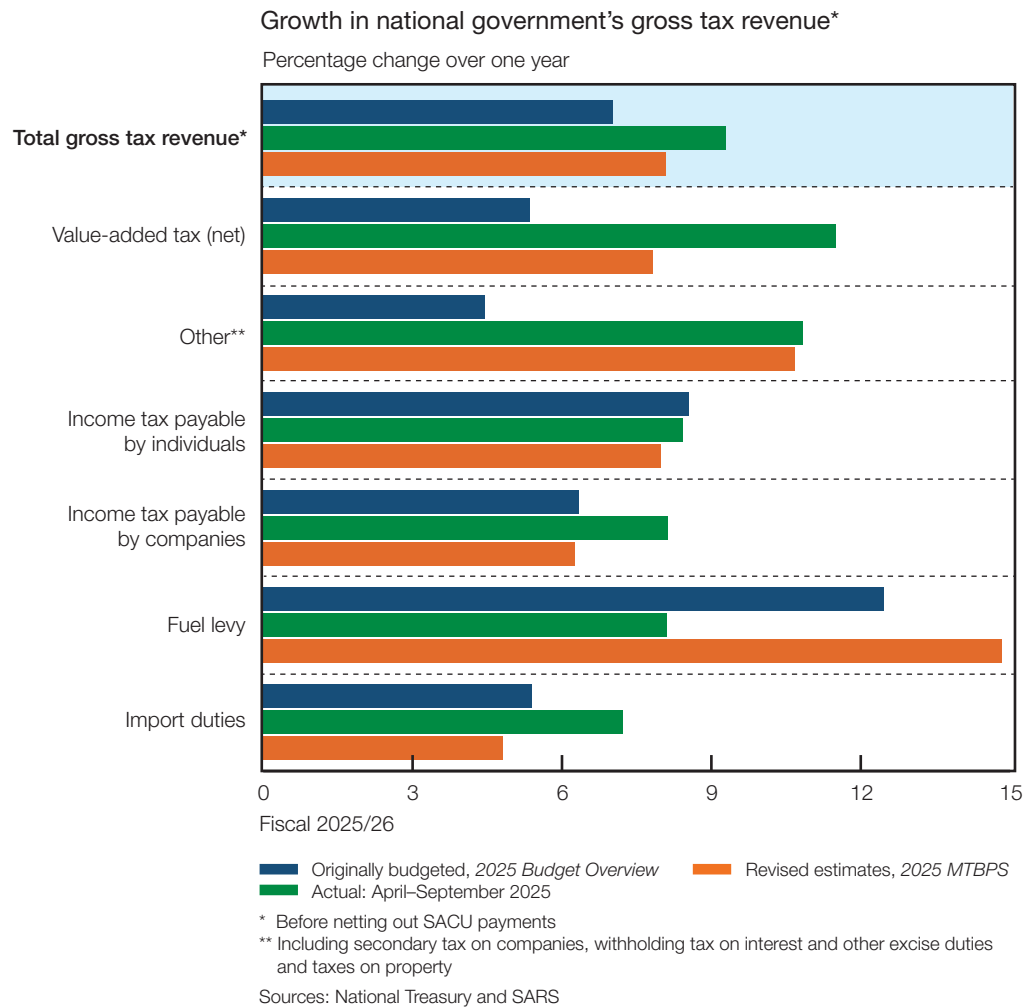


Revenue from taxes on goods and services rose by 10.1% year on year to R324.0 billion (35.0% of total gross tax revenue) in the first half of fiscal 2025/26. Net value-added tax (VAT) increased significantly by 11.5% year on year to R229.0 billion, attributed to improved collections from the finance, wholesale trade and manufacturing sectors. VAT refunds increased by only 0.1% year on year to R183.9 billion in April–September 2025, boosting net domestic VAT receipts. Collections from the fuel levy increased by 8.1% year on year to R47.2 billion in the first half of fiscal 2025/26, in part due to the low base in the previous fiscal year. The *2025 MTBPS* revised revenue from taxes on goods and services upwards to R699.6 billion for fiscal 2025/26 from the R687.1 billion originally projected in the *2025 Budget Overview*.

Receipts from taxes on international trade and transactions of R36.5 billion in April–September 2025 grew by 6.8% year on year, largely due to higher import duty collections from the increased importation of vehicles and machinery. The *2025 Budget Overview* projected taxes on international trade and transactions of R84.2 billion in fiscal 2025/26, which were revised lower to R83.2 billion in the *2025 MTBPS*.

Other revenue, mainly comprising non-tax revenue,⁴⁴ increased by 1.9% year on year to R20.6 billion in the first six months of fiscal 2025/26. This growth was largely due to the R5.5 billion received from the Gauteng Provincial Government for the redemption of the South African National Roads Agency's (SANRAL) debt related to the Gauteng Freeway Improvement Project (GFIP). The *2025 Budget Overview* had projected other revenue of R37.4 billion for fiscal 2025/26, which was later revised lower to R36.9 billion in the *2025 MTBPS*. In addition, the *2025 Budget Overview* earmarked R73.6 billion for the Southern African Customs Union (SACU) distributions in fiscal 2025/26, lower than the R89.9 billion transferred in the preceding fiscal year. Of this amount, a cumulative R55.2 billion was disbursed in April, July and October 2025.

44 Non-tax revenue comprises sales of goods and services other than capital assets, interest, dividends and rent on land as well as financial transactions in assets and liabilities.



In the first seven months of fiscal 2025/26 (April–October 2025), national government's total revenue increased by 10.3% year on year to R1 030 billion.

National government's total expenditure reached R1 140 billion in April–September 2025, reflecting a 5.8% year-on-year increase, largely due to higher payments of statutory amounts,⁴⁵ particularly increased interest payments on national government debt (debt-service cost). The 2025 Budget Overview projected a 7.8% increase in total expenditure to R2 311 billion (29.4% of GDP) for fiscal 2025/26, which was subsequently revised upwards to R2 322 billion in the 2025 MTBPS.

⁴⁵ Statutory amounts are payments mandated by law or a statute, such as debt-service costs and salaries of the president, the deputy president, magistrates and judges.

National government expenditure in fiscal 2025/26

Expenditure item	Originally budgeted ¹ Fiscal 2025/26		Revised estimates ² Fiscal 2025/26		Actual Apr–Sep 2025	
	R billions	Percentage change ³	R billions	Percentage change ⁴	R billions	Percentage change ⁵
Voted expenditure	1 172.2	5.5	1 183.1	6.5	588.3	3.8
<i>Of which:</i> Transfers and subsidies	846.7	5.1	853.6	6.0	428.0	2.4
Current payments.....	298.7	5.6	303.4	7.3	147.7	5.3
Payments for capital assets	17.1	3.6	18.7	13.3	7.3	-6.9
Payments for financial assets	9.8	59.7	7.4	20.5	5.2	-
Statutory amounts ⁶	1 138.5	10.2	1 138.7	10.2	551.2	8.0
<i>Of which:</i> Provincial equitable share	633.2	5.4	647.6	7.8	316.6	5.4
Interest on debt	426.1	10.5	421.3	9.3	206.0	8.3
General fuel levy	16.8	4.5	16.8	4.5	5.6	4.5
Total expenditure	2 310.7	7.8	2 321.7	8.3	1 139.5	5.8

1 2025 Budget Overview

2 2025 MTBPS

3 Year-on-year percentage change: budgeted estimates on previous year's actual outcome

4 Year-on-year percentage change: revised estimates on previous year's actual outcome

5 Year-on-year percentage change: actual outcome on previous year's actual outcome

6 Including extraordinary payments

- Denotes a value of more than a 100 percentage points

Components may not add up to totals due to rounding off and the exclusion of unclassified items.

Sources: National Treasury

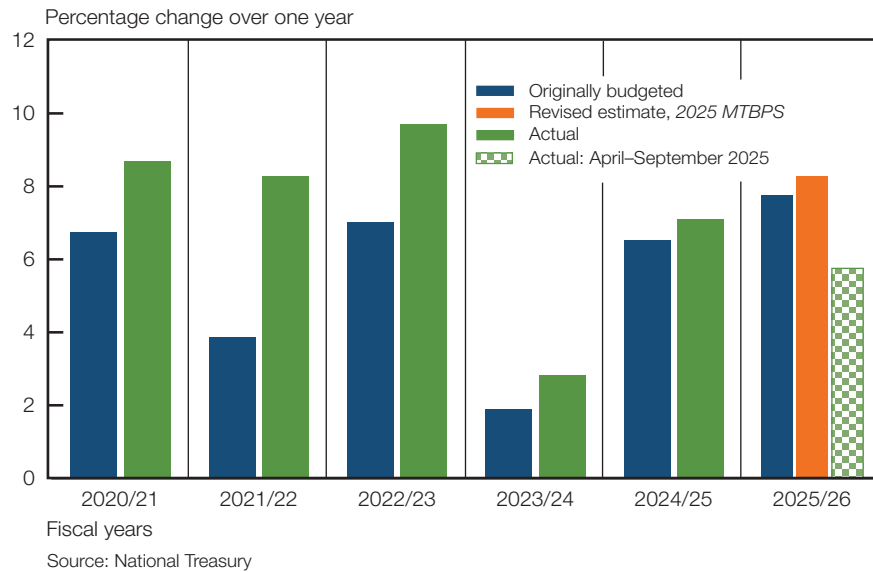
Total voted expenditure by national government departments (accounting for 51.6% of total expenditure) increased by 3.8% year on year to R588.3 billion in April–September 2025. Current payments rose by 5.3% year on year to R147.7 billion, while transfers and subsidies grew by 2.4% to R428.0 billion. Payments for financial assets more than doubled to R5.2 billion. In contrast, payments for capital assets decreased by 6.9% year on year to R7.3 billion in the first half of fiscal 2025/26. The 2025 Budget Overview's projection of R1 172 billion for total voted expenditure in fiscal 2025/26 was revised higher to R1 183 billion in the 2025 MTBPS.

Debt-service cost rose by 8.3% year on year to R206.0 billion (18.1% of total expenditure) in April–September 2025. National government's projected total debt-service cost of R426.1 billion for fiscal 2025/26 was later revised lower to R421.3 billion in the 2025 MTBPS.

Equitable share transfers to provinces – the main source of provincial governments' total revenue – increased by 5.4% year on year to R316.6 billion in the first half of fiscal 2025/26. The 2025 Budget Overview projected equitable share transfers to provinces at R633.2 billion for fiscal 2025/26, which was later revised higher to R647.6 billion in the 2025 MTBPS. In addition, the share of the general fuel levy allocated to metropolitan municipalities is expected to increase by 4.5% from R16.1 billion in fiscal 2024/25 to R16.8 billion in fiscal 2025/26, with the first of three equal tranches of R5.6 billion transferred in August 2025.



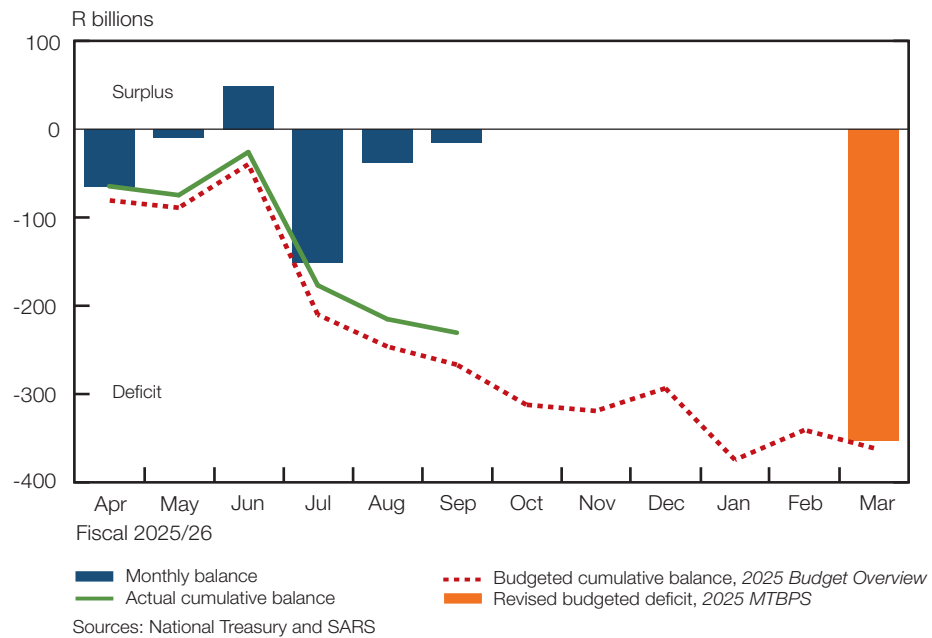
Expenditure by national government



In the first seven months of fiscal 2025/26, national government's total expenditure increased by 4.9% year on year to R1 297 billion.

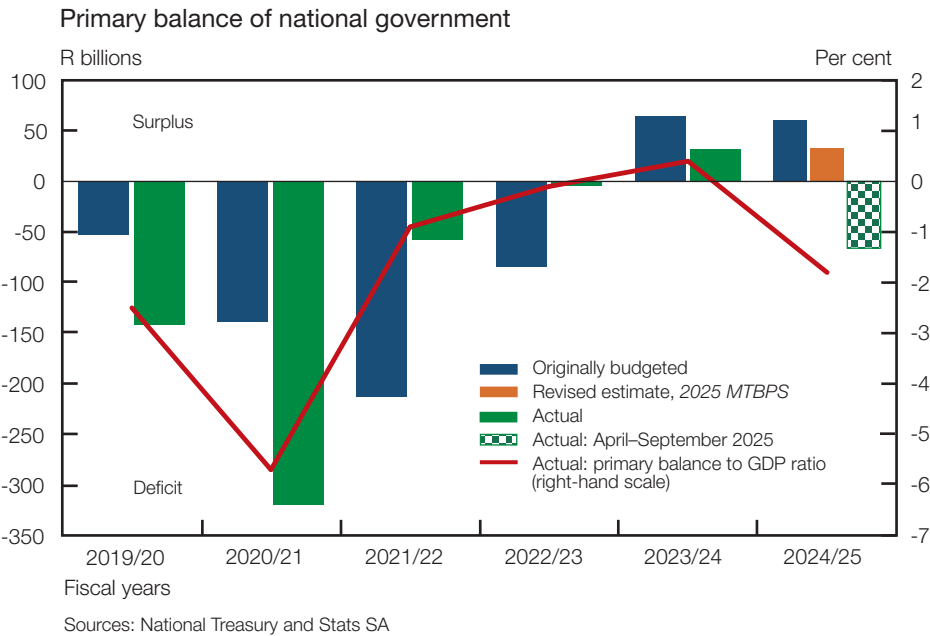
Netting national government revenue and expenditure resulted in a preliminary cash book deficit of R231.0 billion in the first half of fiscal 2025/26, which fell short of the deficit in the same period of fiscal 2024/25 by R25.0 billion. As a percentage of GDP, the cash book deficit of 6.0% in April–September 2025 was lower than the 6.9% recorded in the corresponding period of the previous year.

Cash book balance of national government



The *2025 Budget Overview* projected a cash book deficit of R361.3 billion for fiscal 2025/26, which is higher than the deficit of R336.7 billion recorded in fiscal 2024/25. This was revised lower to R353.1 billion in the *2025 MTBPS*. As a percentage of GDP, the cash book deficit is projected to remain unchanged at 4.5% in fiscal 2025/26, compared with the preliminary outcome of the previous fiscal year. Fiscal developments in the first seven months of fiscal 2025/26 resulted in a cash book deficit of R266.4 billion, which was R35.7 billion lower than the cash book deficit recorded in the same period of the previous fiscal year.

National government realised a primary deficit of R25.0 billion in April–September 2025, which was R40.7 billion less than the deficit recorded in the same period a year earlier, as revenue increased at a faster pace than non-interest expenditure. The *2025 Budget Overview* estimated a primary surplus of R64.8 billion (0.8% of GDP) for fiscal 2025/26, which was revised higher to R68.2 billion (0.9% of GDP) in the *2025 MTBPS*.



National government recorded a cash flow deficit of R236.3 billion in April–September 2025, which was smaller than the cash flow deficit of R261.1 billion recorded in April–September 2024. However, after accounting for accrual adjustments of R35.8 billion and the cost on revaluation of foreign debt at redemption of R16.7 billion, the net borrowing requirement of national government amounted to R217.1 billion in the first six months of fiscal 2025/26.

In the first six months of fiscal 2025/26, national government’s net borrowing requirement was financed in both the domestic and foreign financial markets through net issuances of domestic government bonds totalling R180.0 billion, Treasury bills (TBs) of R27.2 billion as well as foreign bonds and loans amounting to R8.1 billion. In addition, national government’s available cash balances decreased by R1.8 billion over this period.

National government financing

R billions

Item or instrument	Originally budgeted ¹ Fiscal 2025/26	Revised estimates ² Fiscal 2025/26	Actual Apr–Sep 2024	Actual Apr–Sep 2025
Cash book balance ³	-361.3	-353.1	-256.0	-231.0
Cash flow balance ^{3,4}	...	...	-261.1	-236.3
Plus: Cost/profit on revaluation of foreign debt at redemption ⁵	-20.1	-16.9	-2.4	-16.7
Accrual adjustments	14.1	5.4	22.6	35.8
SOCs ⁶ debt relief	-80.2	-80.2	-8.0	-
GFECRA ⁷ settlement (net)	25.0	25.0	100.0	-
Net lending/borrowing requirement ⁸	-422.5	-419.8	-148.8	-217.1
Treasury bills and short-term loans ⁹	37.2	39.1	22.4	27.2
Domestic bonds ⁹	233.9	249.5	128.3	180.0
Foreign bonds and loans ⁹	58.6	54.0	-16.7	8.1
Change in available cash balances ¹⁰	92.8	77.3	14.8	1.8
Total net financing	422.5	419.8	148.8	217.1

1 2025 Budget Overview

2 2025 MTBPS

3 Deficit (-)/surplus (+)

4 The cash flow balance includes extraordinary receipts and payments and differs from the cash book balance.

5 Cost (+)/profit (-)

6 State-owned companies

7 Gold and Foreign Exchange Contingency Reserve Account

8 Net lending (+)/net borrowing (-)

9 Net issuance (+)/net redemption (-)

10 Increase (-)/decrease (+)

... Not available

Components may not add up to totals due to rounding off.

Sources: National Treasury and SARB

National government's total gross loan debt (domestic and foreign) increased by R498.7 billion year on year to R5 948 billion as at 30 September 2025. This increase reflected both higher net issuance of domestic and foreign debt as well as revaluation adjustments from inflation-index and exchange-rate movements. As a share of GDP, total gross loan debt increased from 74.9% as at 30 September 2024 to 78.9% as at 30 September 2025. According to the 2025 Budget Overview, gross loan debt was projected to grow by 7.0% year on year to R6 091 billion as at 31 March 2026; but this figure was later revised lower to R6 070 billion in the 2025 MTBPS following adjustments to the projected budget deficit and updated expectations for interest rates, inflation and the exchange rate. As a result, the gross loan debt-to-GDP ratio is now expected to stabilise at 77.9% in fiscal 2025/26, higher than the 77.4% projected in the 2025 Budget Overview. In the first six months of fiscal 2025/26, the government had already borrowed R293.7 billion, or 61.0%, of the full-year projected gross borrowing, compared to R194.3 billion (48.8%) in the same period of fiscal 2024/25.

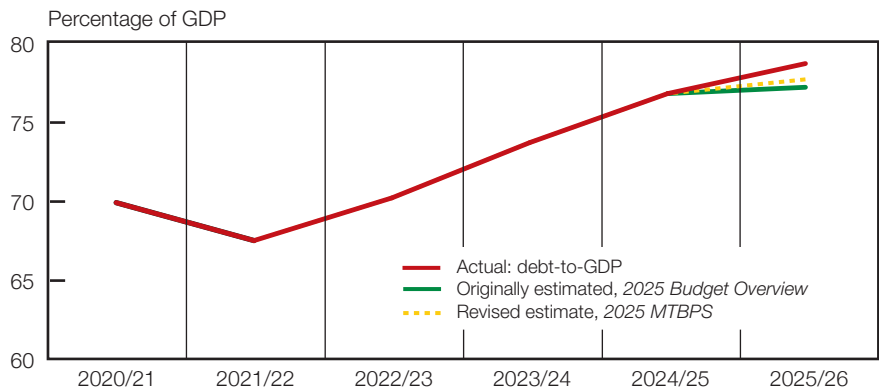
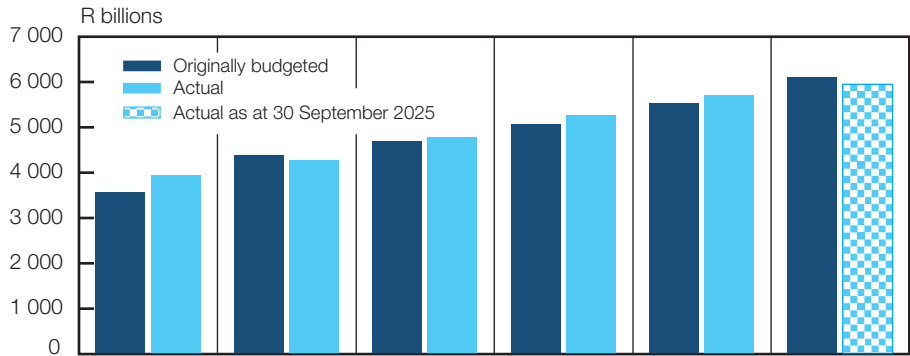
National government's total gross domestic debt (both marketable and non-marketable) increased by 9.3% year on year to R5 386 billion as at 30 September 2025, mainly due to higher net issuances of domestic marketable debt (bonds⁴⁷ and TBs⁴⁸). Domestic marketable debt increased from R4 898 billion as at 30 September 2024 to R5 355 billion as at 30 September 2025, making up 99.4% of total domestic debt. In contrast, domestic non-marketable debt decreased by 1.4% year on year to R30.7 billion as at 30 September 2025.

47 Including fixed-rate, zero-coupon, floating-rate and inflation-linked bonds.

48 Including the 91-, 182-, 273- and 365-day short-term debt instruments.



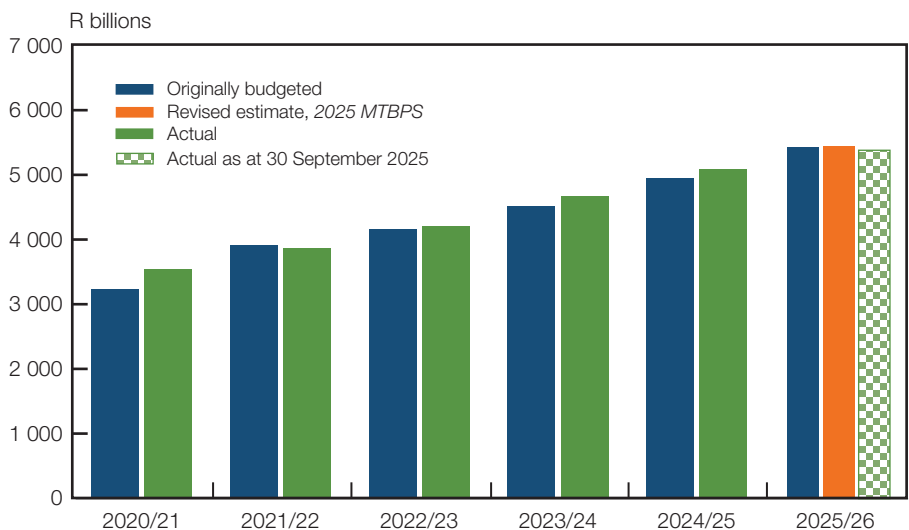
Gross loan debt of national government



As at 31 March of each fiscal year
Sources: National Treasury and Stats SA

Short-term loans from the CPD and ‘other debt’ decreased significantly by 37.9% year on year to R1.2 billion. The 2025 MTBPS revised total gross domestic debt higher by R11.8 billion to R5 449 billion as at 31 March 2026, compared with the original estimate of R5 437 billion in the 2025 Budget Overview.

Domestic debt of national government

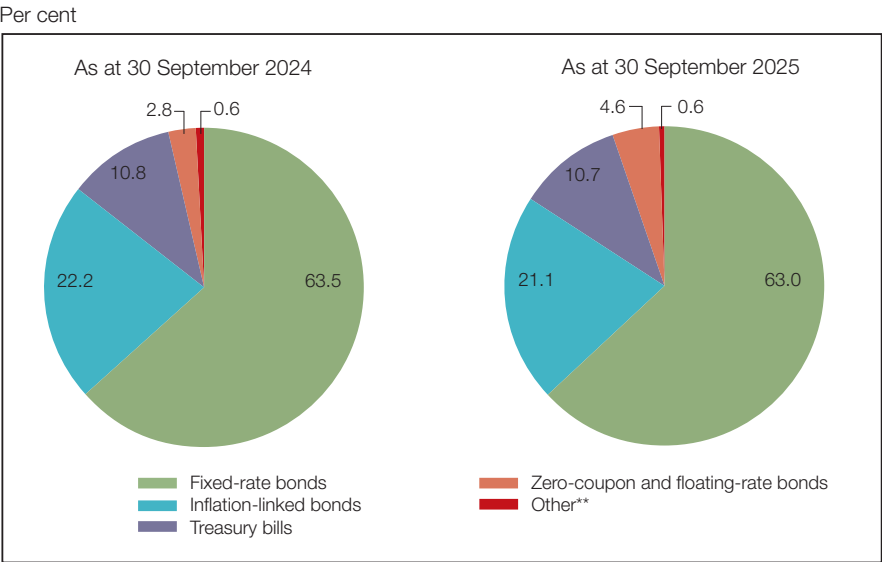


As at 31 March of each fiscal year
Source: National Treasury



The outstanding stock of fixed-rate bonds grew by 8.4% year on year to R3 392 billion as at 30 September 2025, representing 63.0% of total domestic debt. Inflation-linked bonds rose by 3.8% year on year to R1 138 billion (21.1% of total domestic debt), driven by inflation-index revaluation effects and additional issuance on some existing long-term instruments. Along with the issuance of the new RN2035 bond valued at R8.1 billion, this led to a significant 77.8% year-on-year increase in the outstanding stock of zero-coupon and floating-rate bonds, reaching R248.3 billion at the end of September 2025, with their share increasing to 4.6% of total domestic debt. In contrast, the share of fixed-rate and inflation-linked bonds declined by 0.5% and 1.1% respectively year on year. The total outstanding stock of TBs grew to R576.7 billion after the net issuance of R44.9 billion between 30 September 2024 and 30 September 2025, with the 273-day and 365-day instruments jointly accounting for the largest share of the issuance at R39.7 billion.

Composition of national government’s domestic debt*



* Components may not add up to 100 due to rounding off.
** Including total outstanding domestic non-marketable bonds, short-term loans from the CPD and other debt
Source: National Treasury

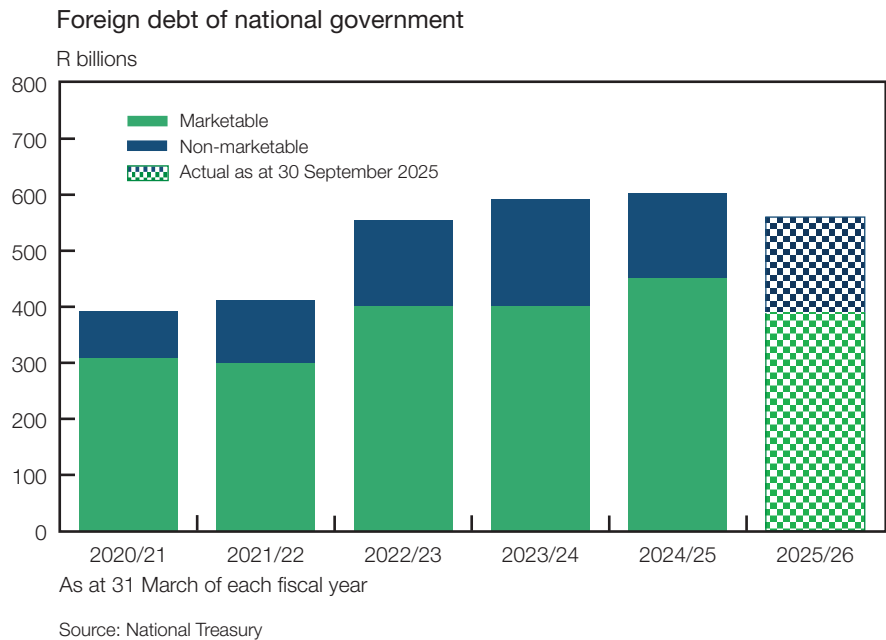
National government’s total gross foreign debt rose by 8.1% year on year to R561.8 billion as at 30 September 2025. This increase reflects higher net issuance of both marketable and non-marketable debt, alongside exchange rate revaluation effects due to the depreciation in the exchange value of the rand against other major trading currencies. As at 30 September 2025, foreign marketable debt accounted for the largest share (69.5%) of total foreign debt, with the outstanding stock of non-marketable foreign debt making up the balance. The 2025 MTBPS revised total gross foreign debt lower to R621.0 billion in fiscal 2025/26 compared with the original estimate of R653.3 billion in the 2025 Budget Overview.

Despite government’s redemption of the TY2/90 bond to the value of R19.9 billion in September 2025, the total outstanding stock of foreign marketable bonds increased by R28.3 billion year on year to R390.2 billion at the end of September 2025. This was mainly due to exchange rate revaluation effects arising from the depreciation in the exchange value of the rand against other major trading currencies. Of the total outstanding stock of foreign marketable bonds, 8.1% (R31.7 billion) will mature in the short term (less than a year), while the remaining 91.9% (R358.5 billion) will mature over the medium and long term. The average outstanding maturity of foreign marketable debt increased from 152 months as at 30 September 2024 to 166 months a year later.

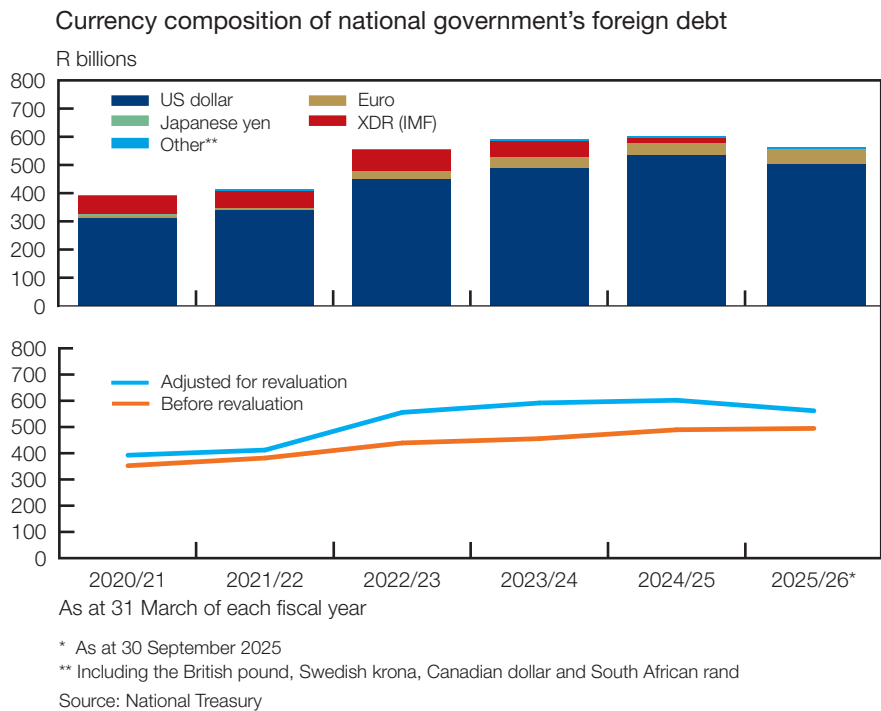
Non-marketable foreign debt increased by 8.9% year on year to R171.5 billion (30.5% of gross foreign debt) as at 30 September 2025. The increase followed government’s uptake



of two euro-denominated loans to the value of €200 million (R4.0 billion) and €500 million (R10.3 billion) in March and August 2025 respectively. In addition, government acquired two US dollar-denominated loans of US\$1.5 billion (R27.1 billion) and US\$475 million (R8.2 billion) in July and September 2025 respectively. The depreciation in the exchange value of the rand against other major trading currencies further contributed to the rise in non-marketable foreign debt.



The total outstanding stock of national government's foreign debt, before accounting for exchange rate revaluation effects, was R494.6 billion as at 30 September 2025. This figure rose to R561.8 billion after adjusting for the exchange rate revaluation. Debt denominated in US dollars and euros made up 89.1% and 9.7% respectively of the total outstanding stock of gross foreign debt, with the remainder denominated in Canadian dollars and South African rand.



49 The public sector in South Africa comprises general government as well as both financial and non-financial public enterprises and corporations. General government, in turn, comprises central government (national government, extra-budgetary institutions and social security funds) as well as the consolidated provincial and local governments.

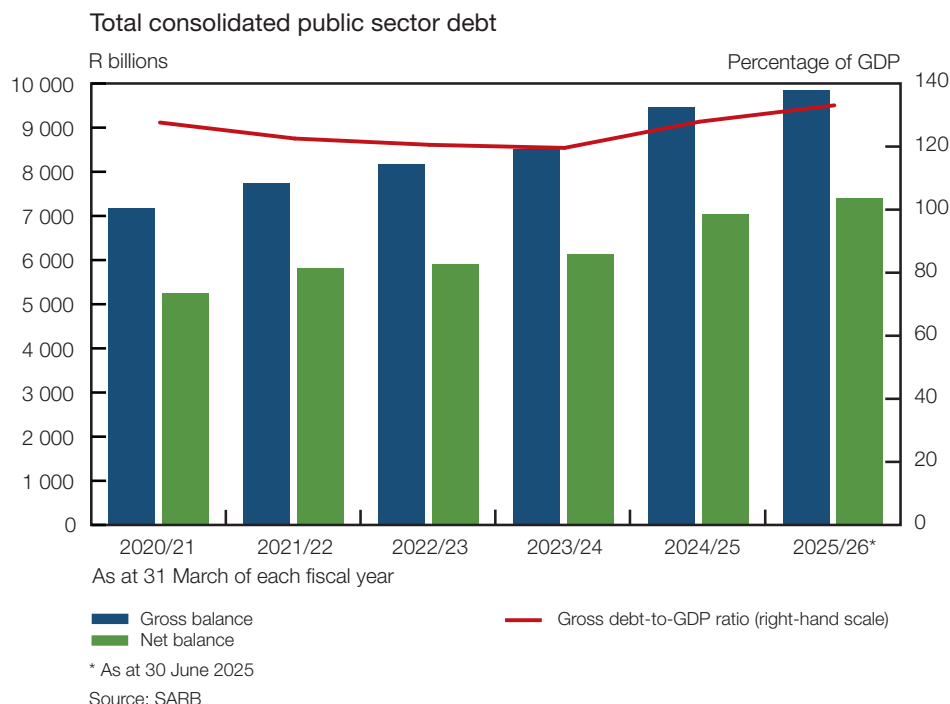
50 Unless stated to the contrary, the year-on-year rates of change in this section compare 30 June 2025 to 30 June 2024.

51 Gross public sector debt comprises financial debt instruments such as special drawing rights (SDRs); currency and deposits; debt securities; loans; insurance, pension and standardised guarantee schemes; and other accounts payable – before netting the individual debt instrument against its corresponding financial assets.

52 Net public sector debt comprises SDRs; currency and deposits; debt securities; loans; insurance, pension and standardised guarantee schemes; and other accounts payable – after netting the individual debt instrument against its corresponding financial assets.

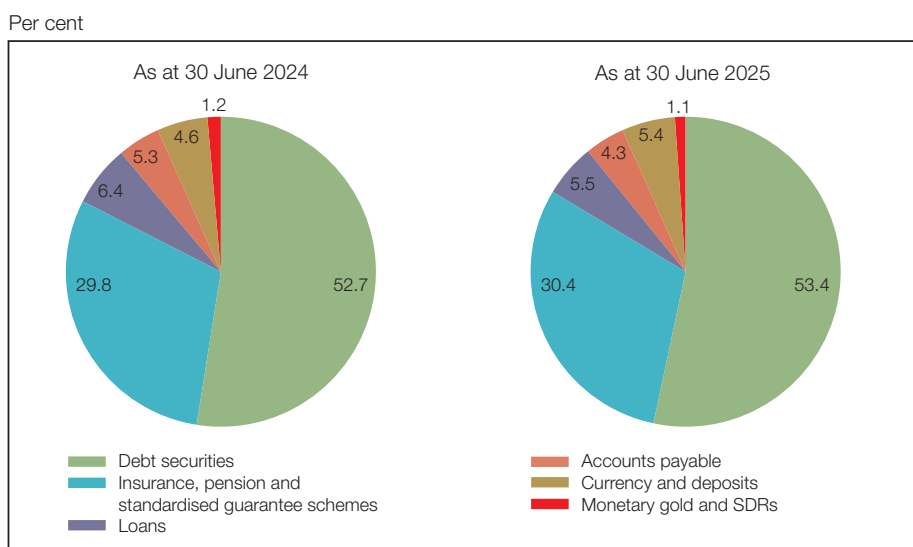
Total public sector debt^{49, 50}

The preliminary total consolidated gross⁵¹ public sector debt of South Africa increased by R1 083 billion year on year to R9 849 billion (132.3% of GDP) as at 30 June 2025. Similarly, after offsetting individual debt instruments against the corresponding financial assets, the consolidated net⁵² public sector debt increased from R6 514 billion (90.4% of GDP) as at 30 June 2024 to R7 393 billion (99.3% of GDP) as at 30 June 2025.



As at 30 June 2025, the total outstanding public sector debt securities in issue across both domestic and international markets rose by 13.7% year on year to R5 255 billion, representing 53.4% of the overall gross public sector debt compared with 52.7% as at 30 June 2024. Insurance, pension and standardised guarantee schemes – the second largest component of total public sector debt – increased by 14.4% year on year to R2 990 billion as at 30 June 2025, accounting for 30.4% of the total consolidated gross public sector debt. Meanwhile, monetary gold and SDRs increased by 2.0% to R107.8 billion, although they contributed the smallest share to the total consolidated gross public sector debt.

Consolidated gross public sector debt



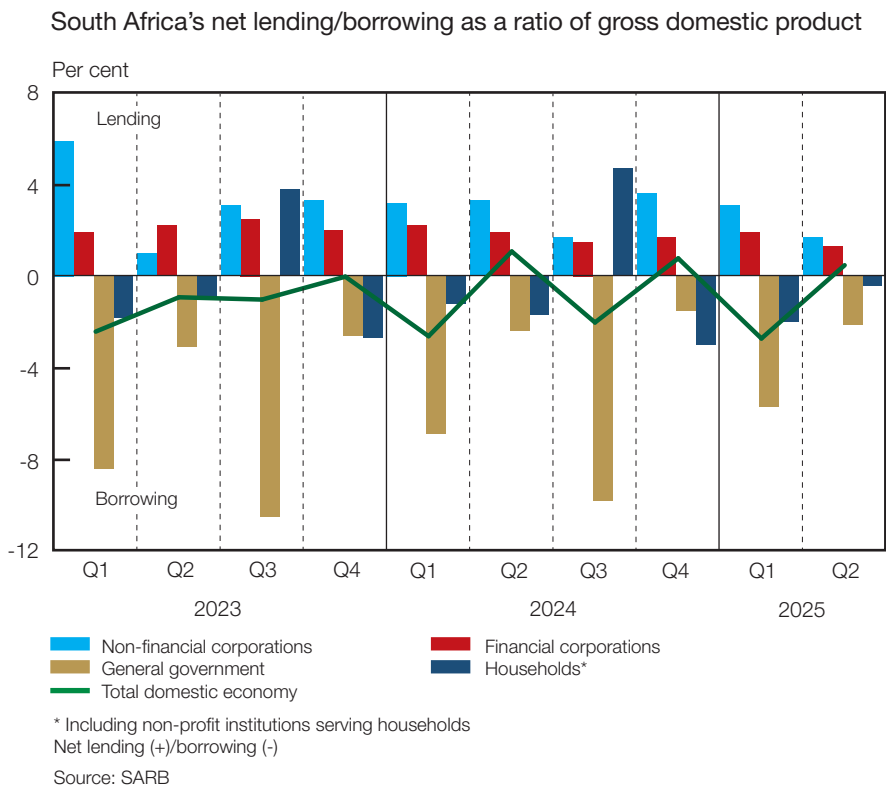
Integrated economic accounts⁵³

Current and capital account

South Africa’s financing position switched from net borrowing⁵⁴ of R48.5 billion (2.7% of GDP) in the first quarter of 2025 to net lending of R8.7 billion (0.5% of GDP) in the second quarter, as the increase in gross saving significantly outweighed that in gross capital formation. The higher gross saving resulted mainly from the increase in gross disposable income. Overall, the country’s net borrowing position increased from R26.1 billion in the first half of 2024 to R39.8 billion in the first half of 2025.

53 The analysis in this section is based on the experimental statistics compiled for South Africa’s integrated economic accounts and is subject to further revision. See pages E–2 to E–12 in the experimental tables section in this edition of the QB.

54 Net lending/borrowing is calculated as gross saving *plus/minus* capital transfers receivable/payable *minus* gross capital formation.



Both financial and non-financial corporations maintained their net lending positions in the second quarter of 2025, albeit at lower levels than in the first quarter. The household sector recorded a smaller net borrowing position as households reverted from gross dissaving in the first quarter of 2025 to gross saving in the second quarter. Similarly, general government switched to gross saving in the second quarter of 2025, resulting in a significantly smaller net borrowing position.

Non-financial balance sheet and accumulation account

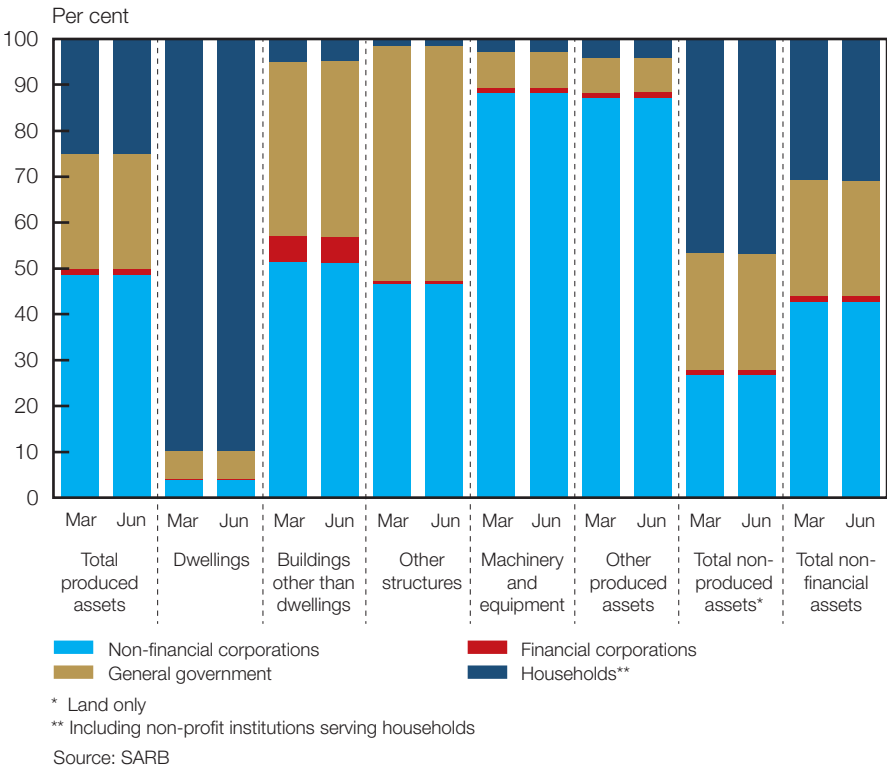
The market value of total non-financial assets increased by 1.2% from 31 March 2025 to R20.3 trillion as at 30 June. Non-financial corporations (public and private) held the largest share of total non-financial assets at 42.7%, while households and general government owned 31.0% and 25.2% respectively. Financial corporations held only 1.1% of total non-financial assets, mainly in the form of buildings other than dwellings. As at 30 June 2025, households owned 89.8% of all dwellings. General government and non-financial corporations accounted for the majority holdings of other structures such as roads, bridges and harbours, at 51.1% and 46.5% respectively, while 88.1% of total machinery and equipment was held by non-financial corporations.



The market value of total produced fixed assets increased by R121.5 billion from 31 March 2025 to R13.8 trillion as at 30 June, reflecting revaluations of R137.8 billion and a decrease of R16.3 billion in net capital formation. The market value of dwellings, other structures as well as machinery and equipment increased by R45.2 billion, R52.6 billion and R24.2 billion respectively in the second quarter of 2025, contributing 0.3, 0.4 and 0.2 percentage points respectively to growth in the capital stock of non-financial assets. By contrast, the market value of buildings other than dwellings decreased by R11.9 billion over the period, subtracting 0.1 percentage points from growth in the capital stock of financial assets.

Households owned 46.8% of all non-produced assets (land only) as at 30 June 2025, while non-financial corporations and general government held 26.8% and 25.5% respectively.

Institutional sector non-financial asset holdings as at 31 March and 30 June 2025



Financial balance sheet and accumulation account

The market value of total financial assets of the total domestic economy increased by R2.5 trillion to R57.5 trillion in the three months to 30 June 2025, while the market value of total liabilities increased by R2.3 trillion to R54.5 trillion. The increase in total financial assets and liabilities largely reflected valuation adjustments on holdings of equity and investment fund shares/units and debt securities, driven by higher share and bond prices.

Financial corporations' share of total financial assets remained unchanged at 52.2% as at 30 June, supported an increase in holdings of equity and investment fund shares/units and general government debt securities. Similarly, financial corporations' share of total liabilities remained unchanged at 59.9% over the same period, supported strong investor demand for domestic collective investment scheme portfolios, particularly multi-asset portfolios, as well as increased exposure to insurance and retirement entitlements.



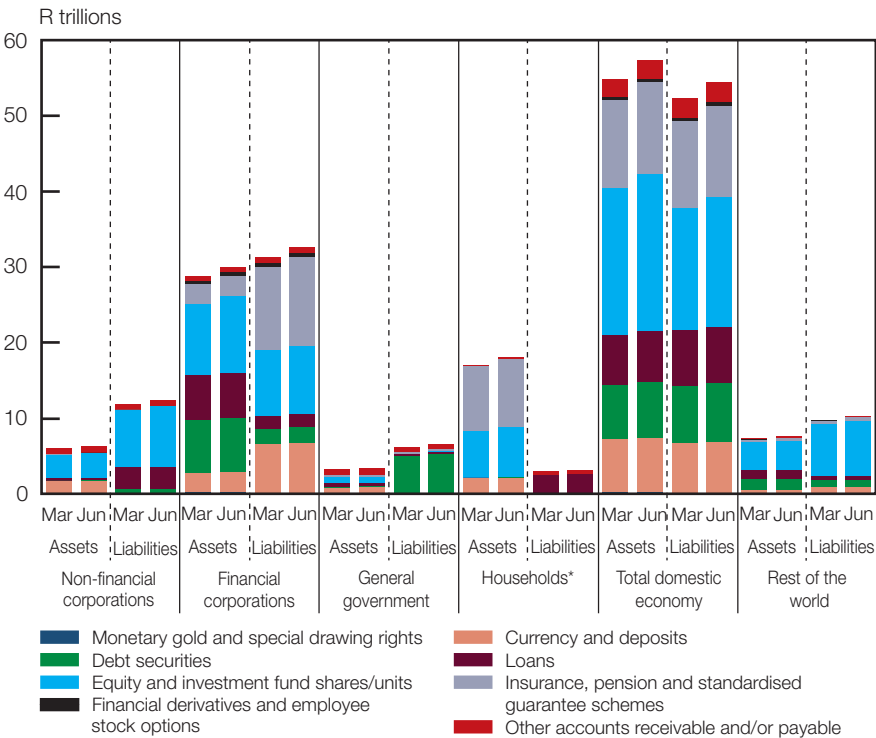
Households' share of total financial assets increased from 30.9% as at 31 March 2025 to 31.2% as at 30 June, boosted by valuation gains on listed share holdings and investment fund shares/units, as well as an increase in retirement entitlements. Households' share of total liabilities decreased from 5.8% to 5.6% over this period, reflecting subdued growth in mortgage loans, which continued to account for the largest share of total loan liabilities at 43.9%.

Non-financial corporations' contribution to total financial assets decreased from 11.0% as at 31 March 2025 to 10.7% as at 30 June, despite an increase in the transferable deposits of private non-financial corporations and the higher market value of equity holdings with the rest of the world (ROW) due to higher international share prices. Similarly, their share of total liabilities decreased from 22.5% to 22.4% over the same period.

General government's share of total financial assets decreased from 5.9% as at 31 March 2025 to 5.8% as at 30 June, as the growth in their deposit holdings at private banks and the central bank was restrained by, among other factors, interest payments on government securities, the repayment of a foreign loan and negative valuation effects on the outstanding balance of the GFECRA. General government's share of total liabilities amounted to 12.0% as at 30 June 2025, supported by its net issuance of long-term government bonds as well as TBs and short-term loans from the CPD.

The market value of the ROW's holdings of South African financial assets increased from R7.4 trillion on 31 March 2025 to R7.6 trillion on 30 June. The increase was primarily due to the distribution of shares in the subsidiary of a dual-listed entity with foreign headquarters to non-resident shareholders, an increase in domestic share prices and non-residents' acquisition of domestic debt securities. The market value of South Africa's total foreign assets (the ROW's total liabilities) increased from R9.8 trillion to R10.3 trillion over the same period, boosted by valuation gains from foreign equity holdings and an increase in deposits at foreign banks.

Market value of total financial assets and liabilities by institutional sector and financial instrument as at 31 March and 30 June 2025



* Including non-profit institutions serving households
Source: SARB



The changes in both financial assets and liabilities in the total economy during the second quarter of 2025 resulted mainly from revaluation effects, which accounted for R2.0 trillion of the increase in the value of various financial instruments, especially equity and investment fund shares/units as well as debt securities. Financial transactions contributed a further R773.2 billion to the overall increase.

The from-whom-to-whom market value of financial asset and liability stock positions between the domestic institutional sectors and the ROW as at 30 June 2025 showed that the household sector recorded a positive net financial wealth (asset) position of R14.9 trillion, mainly against financial corporations. The negative net financial wealth (liability) position of non-financial corporations mainly reflected the combined net incurrence of liabilities of R6.1 trillion against financial corporations, households and the ROW. General government's negative net financial wealth position of R3.2 trillion was mainly against financial corporations and the ROW and could be attributed to the acquisition of national government debt securities by these sectors, together with revaluation effects. Financial corporations recorded the largest financial asset and liability claims of R30.0 trillion and R32.7 trillion respectively in the total economy. The ROW's negative net financial wealth position mainly comprised liabilities of R6.9 trillion incurred against financial corporations and R3.1 trillion against non-financial corporations.

Abbreviations

AFE	Advanced Foreign Economies
Alsi	All-Share Index
BER	Bureau for Economic Research (Stellenbosch University)
BIS	Bank for International Settlements
BRICS	Brazil, Russia, India, China, South Africa
CEC	Crop Estimates Committee (Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural Development)
CIT	corporate income tax
CODI	Corporation for Deposit Insurance
COVID-19	coronavirus disease 2019
CPD	Corporation for Public Deposits
CPI	consumer price index
CRP	common revenue pool
CTSE	Cape Town Stock Exchange
EMBI+	Emerging Markets Bond Index Plus (JPMorgan)
FAO	Food and Agriculture Organization (United Nations)
FATF	Financial Action Task Force
Fed	Federal Reserve (United States)
FNB	First National Bank
FRA	forward rate agreement
FX	foreign exchange
GDE	gross domestic expenditure
GDP	gross domestic product
GFECRA	Gold and Foreign Exchange Contingency Reserve Account
GVA	gross value added
ICLS	International Conference of Labour Statisticians
ICSE	International Classification of Status in Employment
I-Ex	Integrated Exchange
IIP	international investment position
ILO	International Labour Organization (Switzerland)
IMF	International Monetary Fund (United States)
Jibar	Johannesburg Interbank Average Rate
JSE	JSE Limited
LSEG	London Stock Exchange Group
M3	money supply
MPC	Monetary Policy Committee (South African Reserve Bank)



MPIF	Monetary Policy Implementation Framework
MTBPS	<i>Medium Term Budget Policy Statement</i>
MTEF	Medium Term Expenditure Framework
NDP	National Development Plan
NEER	nominal effective exchange rate
NEET	not in employment, education programmes or training
NT	National Treasury
NTCSA	National Transmission Company of South Africa
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (France)
OPEC+	Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries and its allies (Austria)
OTC	over the counter
PAYE	pay as you earn
PGM	platinum group metal
PIC	Public Investment Corporation
PIT	personal income tax
PYEI	Presidential Youth Employment Initiative
QB	<i>Quarterly Bulletin</i>
QES (survey)	<i>Quarterly Employment Statistics (survey)</i>
QLFS	<i>Quarterly Labour Force Survey</i>
REER	real effective exchange rate
repo (rate)	repurchase (rate)
ROW	rest of the world
Sabor	South African Benchmark Overnight Rate
SACU	Southern African Customs Union
SAMOS (system)	South African Multiple Option Settlement (system)
SANRAL	South African National Roads Agency
SARB	South African Reserve Bank
SARB Act	South African Reserve Bank Act 90 of 1989, as amended
SARS	South African Revenue Service
SDR	special drawing right
SOC	state-owned company
S&P	Standard & Poor's (United States)
Stats SA	Statistics South Africa
TARS	Targeted and Responsible Savings
TB	Treasury bill
UN	United Nations
US	United States
VAT	value-added tax
WEO	<i>World Economic Outlook</i>
XDR	IMF SDR exchange rate
ZARONIA (rate)	South African Rand Overnight Index Average (rate)



Note to tables

Government finance statistics – tables on pages S–72, S–74, S–77, S–78, S–79, S–84, E–13 and E–14

Several tables in the public finance section have been revised from fiscal 2022/23 to reflect the updated institutional sector classification.

Statistical tables**Money and banking****Page S**

South African Reserve Bank: Equity and liabilities	2
South African Reserve Bank: Assets	3
Corporation for Public Deposits: Liabilities	4
Corporation for Public Deposits: Assets	5
Banks: Liabilities	6–7
Banks: Assets	8–9
Banks: Analysis of deposits by type of depositor	10
Banks: Selected asset items	10
Banks and Mutual banks: Instalment sale and leasing transactions	11
Term lending rates and amounts paid out by banks	11
Banks: Contingent liabilities	12
Banks: Credit cards and electronic transactions	13
Banks: Liquid assets and cash reserves	14
Mutual banks and the Postbank: Liabilities	15
Mutual banks and the Postbank: Assets	15
Land and Agricultural Development Bank of South Africa: Liabilities	16
Land and Agricultural Development Bank of South Africa: Assets	17
Monetary sector: Liabilities	18–19
Monetary sector: Assets	20–21
Credit extension by all monetary institutions	22
Monetary aggregates	23
Monetary analysis	24
Banks and Mutual banks: Mortgage loans	25
Locational banking statistics: Assets	26
Locational banking statistics: Liabilities	27
Selected money-market and related indicators	28
Liquidity management operations: Selected daily indicators	29
Weighted average bank deposit rates	30
Weighted average bank lending rates	31
Money-market and related interest rates	32

Capital market

Capital market interest rates and yields	33, 35
Capital market activity: Primary and secondary markets	34
Non-resident and real-estate transactions	34
Derivative market activity	35
Share prices	36
Yields and stock exchange activity	37
Unit trusts: Assets and transactions	38
Management companies of collective investment schemes: Equity and liabilities, and assets	39
Management companies of collective investment schemes: Income statement	40
Trust companies: Assets	40
Public Investment Corporation: Liabilities and assets	41
Life insurers: Income statement	42
Life insurers: Equity and liabilities, and assets	43
Non-life insurers: Income statement	44
Non-life insurers: Equity and liabilities, and assets	45
Official retirement funds: Income statement	46
Official retirement funds: Assets	47
Private retirement funds: Funds and liabilities, and assets	48
Private retirement funds: Income statement	49
Other financial intermediaries: Equity and liabilities, and assets	50
Non-bank financial institutions: Equity and liabilities, and assets	51

National financial account

Flow of funds for the second quarter 2025	52–53

Public finance

National government finance	54–55
Cash flow and borrowing statement of national government	56
National government financing according to instruments	56
National government financing according to ownership of government debt	57
National government debt	58–59
Marketable national government debt	58
Ratios of selected national government debt data at face value	59
Ownership distribution of domestic marketable debt	60–61
Redemption schedule of domestic marketable bonds of national government	62
Interest payment schedule of domestic marketable bonds of national government	63
Marketable bonds of national government by unexpired maturity	64
Currency denomination of national government foreign debt	65
Redemption schedule of foreign debt of national government	66
Interest payment schedule of foreign debt of national government	67–68
Ownership distribution of domestic marketable bonds of local governments	68
Ownership distribution of domestic marketable bonds of non-financial public enterprises, corporations and extra-budgetary institutions	69
Ownership distribution of domestic marketable bonds of financial public enterprises and corporations	69
Government deposits	70
Government finance statistics of national government	71
Government finance statistics of national extra-budgetary institutions	72
Government finance statistics of social security funds	73
Government finance statistics of consolidated central government	74

Government finance statistics of consolidated provincial government	75
Government finance statistics of local governments.....	76
Government finance statistics of consolidated general government	77
Government finance statistics of non-financial public enterprises and corporations.....	78
Non-financial public-sector borrowing requirement	79
Government finance statistics of financial public enterprises and corporations	80
Total expenditure: Consolidated general government.....	81
Social security funds: Liabilities and assets	82
Local governments: Liabilities and assets	83
Non-financial public enterprises and corporations: Liabilities and assets	84
Financial public enterprises and corporations: Liabilities and assets	85

External economic accounts

Balance of payments: Annual figures	86
Balance of payments: Quarterly figures.....	87
Current account of the balance of payments	88
Foreign trade: Indices of volume and prices of goods and services.....	89
Trade account of the balance of payments by kind of economic activity.....	90
Trade account of the balance of payments by country and product	91
Services, income and transfers	92–95
Financial account.....	96–97
Foreign liabilities and assets of South Africa.....	98–99
Foreign liabilities and assets of South Africa by country	100–107
Foreign liabilities of South Africa by kind of economic activity	108–109
Foreign debt of South Africa	110
Maturity structure of foreign currency-denominated debt	111
Ratios of selected data.....	111
Gold and other foreign reserves.....	112
Average daily turnover in the South African foreign exchange market.....	113
Exchange rates.....	114
Exchange rates and commodity prices.....	115

National accounts

National income and production accounts of South Africa.....	116
Gross value added by kind of economic activity.....	117–118
Expenditure on gross domestic product	119–121
Final consumption expenditure by households	122–125
Gross fixed capital formation	126–132
Fixed capital stock.....	133
Change in inventories.....	134–135
Gross and net capital formation by type of organisation	136
Financing of gross capital formation	136
Production, distribution and accumulation accounts of South Africa	137–142
Household balance sheet	142
Current income and saving	143

General economic indicators

Labour: Employment in the non-agricultural sectors.....	144
Labour: Labour costs in the non-agricultural sectors.....	145
Manufacturing: Production, sales and utilisation of production capacity	146
Indicators of real economic activity.....	147
Consumer prices: All urban areas	148–151
Producer prices	152
Supply chain pressure indicators	153
Composite business cycle indicators	154

Key information

Money and banking: Selected data.....	155
Capital market: Selected data.....	156
Public finance: Selected data.....	157–158
Balance of payments: Percentage changes in selected data.....	159
Balance of payments: Ratios of selected data	159
Terms of trade and exchange rates of the rand: Percentage changes	160
National accounts: Percentage changes in selected data at constant prices.....	161
National accounts: Quarter-to-quarter percentage changes in selected data at constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted but not annualised rates.....	162
National accounts: Selected data	162
National accounts: Ratios of selected data	163
Composite business cycle indicators: Percentage change.....	164
Labour in the non-agricultural sector and unemployment rate: Percentage change unless otherwise indicated.....	165
Prices: Percentage change	165
Inflation expectations	166
Business cycle phases of South Africa since 1945.....	166

General notes

Owing to the rounding off of figures, the sum of the separate items will sometimes differ from the total shown.

... denotes not available

- denotes a value equal to nil

0 denotes a value between nil and half of the measuring unit

South African Reserve Bank
Equity and liabilities

R millions

Liabilities											Equity			
End of	Notes and coin in circulation ¹ (1000M)	Deposits								Gold and foreign exchange contingency reserve account (GFECRA) ⁷ (1656M)	Contingency reserve fund ⁸ (1657M)	Other equity ⁹ (1658M)	Other liabilities ¹⁰ (1011M)	Total equity and liabilities (1012M)
		Central government ³		Banks and mutual banks ⁴			Other domestic deposits		Total deposits (1008M)					
		Rand denominated ² (1016M)	Foreign currency denominated (1017M)	Required reserve balances ⁵ (1014M)	Excess cash reserves (1013M)	Other balances ⁶ (1005M)	Domestic (1006M)	Foreign (1007M)						
2019	165 574	77 450	141 592	114 320	374	11 612	2 369	2 202	349 918	278 103	-	420	61 655	855 67
2020	177 573	50 867	98 821	118 832	3 704	2 355	37 393	2 626	314 599	325 023	-	452	80 101	897 747
2021	177 098	49 820	90 322	126 345	6 099	9 054	56 246	2 615	340 503	372 113	-	461	134 669	1 024 843
2022	181 820	49 162	123 950	140 886	1 913	38 730	17 808	3 611	376 061	409 139	-	461	126 839	1 094 319
2023	180 440	9 833	113 411	149 159	989	65 219	27 171	3 956	369 738	503 317	-	461	159 593	1 213 548
2024	180 944	28 730	105 294	162 938	783	159 940	22 473	4 808	484 967	343 747	133 415	17 759	120 589	1 281 422
2022: Oct.....	169 387	48 211	130 358	138 120	218	45 502	25 140	2 832	390 381	451 782	-	461	131 171	1 143 182
Nov	173 267	48 598	119 363	144 784	299	45 235	17 729	3 482	379 491	400 684	-	461	124 795	1 078 697
Dec	181 820	49 162	123 950	140 886	1 913	38 730	17 808	3 611	376 061	409 139	-	461	126 839	1 094 319
2023: Jan.....	166 452	50 261	132 238	142 240	5 996	46 017	21 635	2 788	401 175	441 153	-	461	135 341	1 144 581
Feb.....	169 296	39 583	137 985	141 997	367	49 392	26 480	3 218	399 021	475 952	-	461	140 277	1 185 006
Mar.....	171 565	9 480	127 450	142 867	303	77 053	25 234	2 832	385 219	458 715	-	461	147 991	1 163 951
Apr.....	169 803	10 794	126 406	143 738	7 111	69 057	28 395	3 069	388 570	486 260	-	461	144 451	1 189 545
May.....	168 042	11 349	134 166	144 282	505	90 922	15 657	2 702	399 583	550 900	-	461	150 329	1 269 315
Jun.....	168 403	10 969	135 307	149 307	305	69 259	33 162	3 410	401 719	506 694	-	461	146 667	1 223 945
Jul.....	167 949	9 457	125 954	144 743	710	81 924	24 956	3 213	390 956	454 599	-	461	144 593	1 158 558
Aug.....	166 089	9 873	132 729	144 746	888	80 422	28 630	3 018	400 305	500 695	-	461	150 907	1 218 457
Sep.....	170 078	9 805	125 563	146 225	691	92 006	24 249	3 146	401 684	496 445	-	461	148 405	1 217 073
Oct.....	168 070	9 738	111 555	146 841	1 210	85 380	20 795	3 127	378 645	498 770	-	461	148 970	1 194 915
Nov.....	171 780	9 985	111 416	149 103	664	64 739	37 177	2 905	375 989	513 356	-	461	156 377	1 217 963
Dec.....	180 440	9 833	113 411	149 159	989	65 219	27 171	3 956	369 738	503 317	-	461	159 593	1 213 548
2024: Jan.....	164 872	9 832	94 355	150 244	780	81 425	26 788	3 671	367 096	507 206	-	461	161 281	1 200 916
Feb.....	163 122	9 950	106 094	150 863	779	62 082	48 402	3 824	381 993	531 087	-	461	164 386	1 241 048
Mar.....	169 504	9 989	101 179	150 719	1 693	80 092	28 271	3 872	375 816	531 989	-	461	161 178	1 238 948
Apr.....	167 173	22 730	83 357	151 794	676	81 357	8 314	3 561	351 789	524 038	-	461	166 060	1 209 521
May.....	167 478	27 793	80 629	153 046	664	79 154	13 291	3 482	358 059	525 932	-	461	160 780	1 212 710
Jun.....	167 388	27 385	76 119	154 926	5 072	53 742	32 369	4 319	353 933	498 532	-	461	162 253	1 182 565
Jul.....	167 343	28 047	66 056	156 022	685	135 674	37 154	2 961	426 599	327 313	33 415	113 140	121 697	1 189 507
Aug.....	169 303	27 670	63 237	156 352	2 133	150 545	36 972	2 979	439 888	286 833	33 415	115 365	122 901	1 167 707
Sep.....	170 495	27 602	53 875	158 288	668	180 813	16 185	3 540	440 971	273 670	33 415	117 689	116 554	1 152 794
Oct.....	169 223	27 236	41 726	159 823	628	167 987	25 527	3 855	426 782	302 391	133 415	15 779	116 918	1 164 509
Nov.....	174 336	27 730	104 231	161 409	660	159 490	29 924	4 176	487 621	313 883	133 415	17 297	117 360	1 243 911
Dec.....	180 944	28 730	105 294	162 938	783	159 940	22 473	4 808	484 967	343 747	133 415	17 759	120 589	1 281 422
2025: Jan.....	167 679	28 903	94 555	164 283	926	169 200	26 292	4 279	488 439	352 340	133 415	18 922	120 378	1 281 173
Feb.....	167 139	28 389	93 430	164 696	904	151 441	46 047	3 431	488 338	347 739	133 415	19 239	120 390	1 276 262
Mar.....	167 771	28 747	88 289	164 348	957	168 696	30 252	4 474	485 762	363 901	133 415	20 162	120 484	1 291 497
Apr.....	170 331	29 530	75 305	165 135	832	157 893	36 752	3 431	468 878	390 235	133 415	24 474	121 708	1 309 041
May.....	168 374	29 504	68 645	166 640	864	171 467	27 093	3 045	467 258	354 315	133 415	24 795	125 012	1 273 170
Jun.....	169 545	29 734	66 291	168 478	864	166 863	34 453	4 084	470 766	350 025	133 415	26 519	121 780	1 272 051
Jul.....	168 759	29 899	82 313	169 453	866	143 189	57 958	4 738	488 416	366 361	151 239	9 322	122 560	1 306 657
Aug.....	172 886	30 141	89 486	170 573	1 207	140 856	57 192	4 282	493 737	354 757	151 239	9 943	120 823	1 303 384
Sep.....	173 271	30 146	52 685	172 083	930	136 883	53 974	4 862	451 563	356 835	151 239	10 735	118 035	1 261 678
Oct.....	175 426	30 275	48 274	172 309	786	151 819	59 821	3 919	467 202	372 982	151 239	12 308	117 136	1 296 293

KB101

1 Including coin as from March 1994 onwards.

2 Includes deposits of the Corporation for Deposit Insurance (CODI) scheme as from April 2024. CODI is classified as a national extra-budgetary institution and for that reason forms part of general government as per the Institutional Sector Classification Guide.

3 Mainly comprising government departments, and the Compensatory and Contingency Financing Facility of the International Monetary Fund (IMF), as from December 1993 onwards. A withdrawal of funds from the National Treasury Sterilisation Deposit Account resulted in a reduction in rand denominated deposit balances.

4 Until October 1986 only banks, thereafter banks and building societies. Banks and mutual banks as from January 1995 onwards.

5 As from April 1998 the minimum cash reserve requirement was set at 2½ per cent of banks' liabilities. Banks' vault cash holdings qualified in full as part of cash reserves, as per notice R572 in Government Gazette No. 18810 of April 1998. As from September 2001 only 75 per cent of banks' vault cash holdings qualified as cash reserves, and subsequently the qualifying portion was reduced by 25 percentage points each year. In September 2004 the concession was fully phased out.

6 Excluding deposits denominated in foreign currencies. Includes surplus funds deposited after end of day square-off in the SAMOS payment system following the change to a surplus-based monetary policy implementation framework as from 8 June 2022.

7 The GFECRA is a valuation account that captures the unrealised profits or losses incurred by the SARB on South Africa's holdings of gold and foreign exchange (FX) reserves that arise from exchange rate and price movements. Any unrealised profit or loss accrues to the government in terms of section 28 of the SARB Act. The GFECRA Settlement Agreement was promulgated in June 2024 and obligated the SARB to transfer R250 billion to National Treasury between 2024/25 and 2026/27 fiscal years.

8 The contingency reserve fund is an all-purpose equity buffer for the SARB that provides a safety net for unexpected losses, including losses from the interest costs paid by the SARB to manage liquidity when there are GFECRA payouts to National Treasury. A once-off transfer of R100 billion was made to the SARB's contingency reserve buffer on 1 July 2024 and was initially included in other equity but transferred to the contingency reserve fund in October 2024 upon approval by the SARB's Governors' Executive Committee.

9 Including share capital, statutory reserves and other reserves.

10 Including securities issued by SARB, foreign loans of the South African government for which the SARB has assumed liability and National Treasury's Special Drawing Rights (SDR) deposit account with the South African Reserve Bank. In August 2021, the International Monetary Fund allocated additional SDRs to IMF member countries, of which South Africa received R62.6 billion.

South African Reserve Bank Assets

R millions

End of	Foreign assets		Liquidity provided ²				Advances and investments				Total (excluding foreign assets) (1029M)	Other assets (1030M)	Total assets (1031M)
	Gold coin and bullion ¹ (1020M)	Total (1021M)	Utilisation of cash reserves (1033M)	Loans granted to banks under:		Total (1036M)	Advances		Investments				
				Resale agreements (1034M)	SAMOS position ³ (1035M)		Banks ⁴ (1025M)	Other ⁵ (1026M)	Government stock (1027M)	Other (1028M)			
2019	86 104	772 109	9 839	56 010	-	65 849	-	65	8 103	6 011	80 028	3 534	855 671
2020	111 947	807 615	3 337	24 704	-	28 041	-	12 592	41 844	4 478	86 955	3 178	897 747
2021	116 469	915 424	6 130	37 512	-	43 642	-	12 876	41 350	4 478	102 346	7 073	1 024 843
2022	124 359	1 029 010	871	3 202	-	4 073	-	10 428	39 035	4 478	58 014	7 296	1 094 319
2023	154 410	1 157 582	132	400	-	533	-	7 767	33 764	5 100	47 164	8 801	1 213 548
2024	197 636	1 226 685	201	1 100	-	1 301	-	4 984	36 042	4 118	46 446	8 291	1 281 422
2022: Oct	121 347	1 078 623	87	2 302	-	2 389	-	10 654	37 820	4 478	55 341	9 218	1 143 182
Nov	120 322	1 014 450	2 091	2 751	-	4 841	-	10 468	39 031	4 478	58 818	5 429	1 078 697
Dec	124 359	1 029 010	871	3 202	-	4 073	-	10 428	39 035	4 478	58 014	7 296	1 094 319
2023: Jan	133 910	1 080 051	739	3 403	-	4 142	-	10 126	39 547	4 478	58 293	6 237	1 144 581
Feb	134 349	1 124 702	182	3 605	-	3 787	-	9 815	33 563	4 478	51 643	8 661	1 185 006
Mar	141 895	1 099 223	119	1 800	-	1 919	-	10 061	33 829	5 318	51 127	13 600	1 163 951
Apr	146 739	1 132 635	94	901	-	995	-	10 734	33 392	5 318	50 440	6 471	1 189 545
May	156 510	1 213 149	372	1 250	-	1 622	-	9 889	31 672	5 099	48 282	7 884	1 269 315
Jun	145 571	1 166 522	1 088	1 401	-	2 489	-	9 475	32 964	5 099	50 028	7 395	1 223 945
Jul	140 045	1 103 268	107	1 202	-	1 309	-	9 230	33 211	5 099	48 849	6 441	1 158 558
Aug	147 315	1 164 327	735	200	-	935	-	8 998	32 512	5 099	47 545	6 584	1 218 457
Sep	142 114	1 152 502	12 414	200	-	12 614	-	8 951	31 325	5 099	57 989	6 582	1 217 073
Oct	150 861	1 141 302	121	401	-	522	-	8 170	31 867	5 099	45 658	7 955	1 194 915
Nov	154 963	1 163 787	128	400	-	528	-	7 278	33 487	5 099	46 393	7 782	1 217 963
Dec	154 410	1 157 582	132	400	-	533	-	7 767	33 764	5 100	47 164	8 801	1 213 548
2024: Jan	154 099	1 147 181	2	200	-	202	-	7 583	33 471	5 100	46 356	7 378	1 200 916
Feb	157 554	1 187 419	447	400	-	848	-	7 292	32 694	5 100	45 934	7 695	1 241 048
Mar	169 535	1 185 629	905	451	-	1 356	-	7 828	32 008	5 100	46 292	7 027	1 238 948
Apr	174 592	1 157 580	152	450	-	602	-	6 859	32 130	4 118	43 709	8 233	1 209 521
May	176 663	1 160 761	241	450	-	691	-	6 829	32 352	4 118	43 991	7 958	1 212 710
Jun	171 281	1 129 996	170	451	-	621	-	6 536	33 917	4 118	45 192	7 378	1 182 565
Jul	177 883	1 135 398	169	1 200	-	1 370	-	6 245	34 771	4 118	46 504	7 604	1 189 507
Aug	179 011	1 113 977	944	350	-	1 294	-	5 430	35 064	4 118	45 907	7 822	1 167 707
Sep	183 507	1 093 256	182	5 357	-	5 539	-	5 581	36 168	4 118	51 407	8 132	1 152 794
Oct	197 488	1 111 075	189	350	-	539	-	5 566	35 304	4 118	45 527	7 906	1 164 509
Nov	193 871	1 189 134	196	651	-	847	-	5 466	36 425	4 118	46 856	7 921	1 243 911
Dec	197 636	1 226 685	201	1 100	-	1 301	-	4 984	36 042	4 118	46 446	8 291	1 281 422
2025: Jan	210 804	1 227 275	197	750	-	947	-	4 819	35 647	4 118	45 532	8 366	1 281 173
Feb	213 154	1 223 442	192	300	-	492	-	4 659	35 099	4 118	44 368	8 452	1 276 262
Mar	231 195	1 238 768	191	250	-	442	-	4 460	34 804	4 118	43 824	8 905	1 291 497
Apr	244 906	1 254 707	193	250	-	443	-	4 450	35 069	3 808	43 769	10 565	1 309 041
May	237 476	1 218 342	197	200	-	397	-	820	36 063	3 808	41 088	13 740	1 273 170
Jun	235 344	1 216 183	198	851	-	1 049	-	4 009	36 667	3 808	45 532	10 336	1 272 051
Jul	241 083	1 250 632	-	500	-	500	-	3 711	37 658	3 808	45 677	10 347	1 306 657
Aug	243 740	1 247 625	5	400	-	405	-	3 894	37 412	3 808	45 519	10 241	1 303 384
Sep	265 700	1 204 553	-	50	-	50	-	4 197	37 725	3 808	45 780	11 346	1 261 678
Oct	280 933	1 240 031	-	-	-	-	-	2 840	38 674	3 808	45 322	10 940	1 296 293

KB102

1 Valued at a market-related price.

2 A new surplus based monetary policy implementation framework (MPIF) was phased in from 8 June 2022 to replace the classical cash reserve or shortage system.

3 As from 30 August 2010 manual auctions were replaced by an automated final end-of-day square-off process at prevailing standing facility rates. This change affected the SAMOS penalty facility, which was abolished as a consequence. Subsequently, standing facility borrowing and lending rates were extended at a margin to the prevailing repurchase rate.

4 Including overnight loans, which came into effect on 1 May 1993 and ended on 8 March 1998.

5 Including the central government, provincial governments, the National Supplies Procurement Fund, agricultural control boards and other semi-government bodies.

Corporation for Public Deposits
Liabilities

R millions

End of	Deposits							Capital and reserves	Other liabilities	Total liabilities
	Domestic					Foreign	Total deposits			
	Central and provincial governments	Public enterprises/ corporations ¹	Insurance companies and pension funds	Other	Total					
	(1053M)	(1042M)	(1043M)	(1045M)	(1046M)	(1047M)	(1048M)	(1049M)	(1050M)	(1051M)
2019	58 698	1 252	1 555	3 521	65 026	6 298	71 324	152	108	71 584
2020	78 734	993	1 929	3 736	85 392	10 834	96 226	-2 727	3	93 502
2021	71 262	1 157	2 999	3 956	79 373	9 150	88 524	-751	779	88 551
2022	118 328	1 237	2 773	4 632	126 971	12 455	139 426	-305	786	139 906
2023	105 508	1 096	2 871	5 185	114 660	12 749	127 409	287	961	128 657
2024	113 761	1 151	2 086	5 777	122 773	13 590	136 364	1 291	420	138 074
2022: Oct	99 817	1 395	1 647	4 570	107 429	13 558	120 987	-327	763	121 423
Nov	89 315	1 316	3 325	4 595	98 551	12 802	111 353	-306	735	111 782
Dec	118 328	1 237	2 773	4 632	126 971	12 455	139 426	-305	786	139 906
2023: Jan	123 545	1 269	3 201	4 916	132 932	13 713	146 645	-281	706	147 070
Feb	100 374	1 244	428	4 792	106 838	9 627	116 464	-129	872	117 207
Mar	88 548	1 084	3 613	4 854	98 100	9 795	107 895	-84	684	108 494
Apr	106 706	1 395	3 485	5 054	116 641	18 950	135 590	-80	1 691	137 201
May	95 240	1 309	3 290	5 062	104 901	13 722	118 623	-46	962	119 539
Jun	119 169	1 422	3 562	5 180	129 334	16 094	145 428	81	705	146 214
Jul	103 277	1 425	630	4 957	110 288	23 107	133 395	118	725	134 237
Aug	110 140	1 367	3 578	4 994	120 078	19 156	139 234	153	733	140 120
Sep	103 333	1 217	2 155	5 033	111 738	14 204	125 942	184	1 308	127 433
Oct	105 454	1 273	3 920	5 003	115 650	17 722	133 372	216	684	134 271
Nov	115 645	1 213	3 979	5 105	125 942	13 016	138 958	241	684	139 883
Dec	105 508	1 096	2 871	5 185	114 660	12 749	127 409	287	961	128 657
2024: Jan	108 825	950	3 143	5 225	118 144	17 563	135 706	322	680	136 709
Feb	114 628	821	4 111	5 312	124 872	15 857	140 729	357	715	141 801
Mar	93 629	518	1 968	5 297	101 412	10 007	111 420	516	1 042	112 978
Apr	96 573	1 692	4 495	5 241	108 001	16 965	124 965	877	410	126 253
May	92 644	1 522	4 104	5 267	103 537	13 358	116 895	907	429	118 231
Jun	98 542	1 479	3 046	5 317	108 385	9 853	118 238	933	388	119 559
Jul	102 560	1 505	3 172	5 556	112 793	17 457	130 250	957	359	131 566
Aug	107 538	1 425	3 268	5 531	117 762	14 648	132 411	986	354	133 751
Sep	101 443	1 395	1 858	5 584	110 280	9 318	119 598	853	695	121 147
Oct	92 642	1 374	3 184	5 719	102 918	19 749	122 668	1 019	565	124 252
Nov	91 604	1 185	1 347	5 781	99 916	13 668	113 584	1 267	445	115 296
Dec	113 761	1 151	2 086	5 777	122 773	13 590	136 364	1 291	420	138 074
2025: Jan	88 717	1 076	5 108	5 796	100 697	21 174	121 870	1 318	342	123 529
Feb	100 166	852	3 958	5 880	110 855	17 800	128 655	1 342	346	130 343
Mar	101 322	666	2 128	5 943	110 060	9 323	119 382	1 511	245	121 138
Apr	116 786	2 393	5 042	5 864	130 086	22 913	152 999	1 647	14	154 660
May	117 805	2 256	3 613	6 032	129 706	16 359	146 066	1 676	14	147 756
Jun	150 450	1 884	1 589	6 039	159 962	13 623	173 585	1 710	87	175 383
Jul	150 839	1 701	3 930	12 962	169 432	15 275	184 707	1 744	20	186 470
Aug	156 288	1 503	4 549	13 064	175 403	13 260	188 664	1 783	508	190 955
Sep	152 846	1 403	4 117	13 111	171 478	12 806	184 284	1 816	1 039	187 139
Oct	151 352	1 223	3 124	13 044	168 743	21 355	190 098	1 847	13	191 958

KB104

1 Including the Public Investment Corporation.

Corporation for Public Deposits Assets

R millions

End of	Deposits					Government				
	SARB (1067M)	Banks (1091M)				Stock (1062M)	Loans and advances ³ (1093M)			
2019	2 325	35 505	1 205	-	73	-	28 990	242	3 245	71 584
2020	37 275	19 605	372	-	73	-	15 321	99	20 757	93 502
2021	56 046	18 005	176	-	73	-	8	-	14 243	88 551
2022	17 697	98 061	142	3 070	73	-	-	-	20 863	139 906
2023	27 046	74 452	228	2 002	73	-	292	-	24 564	128 657
2024	22 291	78 722	351	-	73	-	-	-	36 638	138 074
2022: Oct	24 987	76 361	142	3 036	73	-	64	-	16 760	121 423
Nov	17 589	77 861	142	3 053	73	-	5	-	13 059	111 782
Dec	17 697	98 061	142	3 070	73	-	-	-	20 863	139 906
2023: Jan	21 479	101 861	142	1 534	73	-	-	-	21 982	147 070
Feb	26 328	69 761	305	2 548	73	-	12	-	18 181	117 207
Mar	25 006	62 761	306	2 563	73	-	-	-	17 785	108 494
Apr	28 206	89 261	305	2 525	73	-	921	-	15 910	137 201
May	15 491	89 761	306	2 542	73	-	191	-	11 175	119 539
Jun	32 993	95 761	228	3 540	73	-	-	-	13 619	146 214
Jul	24 767	86 761	228	3 567	73	-	6	-	18 836	134 237
Aug	28 456	73 761	228	3 593	73	-	15 116	-	18 893	140 120
Sep	24 058	74 261	228	5 129	73	-	399	-	23 286	127 433
Oct	20 600	92 761	228	3 595	73	-	-	-	17 014	134 271
Nov	36 960	84 804	228	3 621	73	-	-	-	14 198	139 883
Dec	27 046	74 452	228	2 002	73	-	292	-	24 564	128 657
2024: Jan	26 592	83 722	228	2 017	73	-	7	-	24 070	136 709
Feb	48 184	75 722	228	2 031	73	-	7	-	15 557	141 801
Mar	28 050	65 222	351	4 061	73	-	-	-	15 222	112 978
Apr	8 152	61 722	350	4 089	73	-	38 135	-	13 732	126 253
May	13 149	72 222	351	4 119	73	-	20 434	-	7 884	118 231
Jun	32 230	73 222	350	2 059	73	-	426	-	11 199	119 559
Jul	36 866	74 722	351	2 073	73	-	188	-	17 294	131 566
Aug	36 664	84 222	352	-	73	-	36	-	12 404	133 751
Sep	15 983	78 722	351	-	73	-	1 827	-	24 191	121 147
Oct	25 371	79 722	354	-	73	-	-	-	18 732	124 252
Nov	29 744	57 222	357	-	73	-	183	-	27 718	115 296
Dec	22 291	78 722	351	-	73	-	-	-	36 638	138 074
2025: Jan	26 292	67 222	358	-	73	-	-	-	29 584	123 529
Feb	45 857	72 222	355	-	73	-	5	-	11 832	130 343
Mar	30 028	75 722	355	-	73	-	1 081	-	13 880	121 138
Apr	36 514	98 222	309	-	73	-	1	-	19 541	154 660
May	26 837	100 222	309	-	73	-	147	-	20 168	147 756
Jun	34 252	109 722	309	-	73	-	-	-	31 026	175 383
Jul	57 602	102 222	309	-	73	-	-	-	26 264	186 470
Aug	56 858	107 222	309	-	73	-	-	-	26 492	190 955
Sep	53 622	110 222	265	-	73	-	-	-	22 956	187 139
Oct	59 406	109 722	265	-	73	-	-	-	22 491	191 958

KB103

1 Including Land Bank securities.

2 Including Special Treasury bills.

3 Loans and advances provided in terms of the Inter-Governmental Cash Coordination arrangement.

4 Including buy/sell-back agreements which notably escalated between August 2020 and April 2021.

Banks¹
Liabilities

R millions

End of	Deposits ²								Other		
	Cash managed current and transactional account (1070M)	Other demand (1071M)	Savings (1072M)	Short term (1073M)	Medium term (1075M)	Long term (1076M)	Total (1077M)	Foreign currency deposits included in total (1078M)	Loans received under repurchase agreements		
									SARB (1500M)	Other domestic (1501M)	Foreign (1514M)
2019	928 227	1 079 812	289 424	341 428	749 510	813 291	4 201 693	248 940	59 203	83 039	26 356
2020	1 198 790	1 307 838	342 238	335 337	758 490	697 288	4 639 980	244 421	43 882	67 255	24 690
2021	1 255 392	1 401 298	410 106	354 510	726 985	766 757	4 915 048	273 678	46 354	100 880	24 768
2022	1 263 795	1 472 392	432 609	441 789	847 848	922 267	5 380 700	292 837	21 361	89 763	78 808
2023	1 279 102	1 557 905	482 474	507 218	864 984	1 024 036	5 715 719	337 189	22 036	92 072	62 948
2024	1 348 633	1 661 046	545 337	652 861	849 586	1 097 428	6 154 891	387 603	34 596	108 846	86 032
2022: Aug	1 214 670	1 540 428	417 404	380 151	738 783	945 395	5 236 831	313 472	19 391	82 217	62 695
Sep	1 261 590	1 502 065	423 842	399 136	774 823	935 230	5 296 687	301 809	20 991	88 199	66 281
Oct.....	1 228 177	1 553 293	425 637	405 205	771 217	938 829	5 322 359	304 265	17 087	107 784	80 105
Nov	1 244 386	1 577 482	433 187	348 835	825 118	948 883	5 377 890	280 557	14 740	109 983	73 895
Dec	1 263 795	1 472 392	432 609	441 789	847 848	922 267	5 380 700	292 837	21 361	89 763	78 808
2023: Jan.....	1 206 667	1 612 210	426 046	379 498	819 920	942 428	5 386 769	302 368	22 269	81 936	84 131
Feb.....	1 221 373	1 625 550	426 199	385 309	831 671	961 138	5 451 240	320 044	18 552	110 505	63 244
Mar.....	1 281 085	1 534 993	436 892	428 688	808 045	982 882	5 472 585	304 842	16 414	67 969	63 748
Apr.....	1 267 711	1 573 800	446 621	446 724	795 918	1 024 482	5 555 257	321 591	14 098	90 553	78 176
May.....	1 244 639	1 661 193	454 783	397 157	768 413	1 070 968	5 597 154	341 829	9 598	109 383	75 298
Jun.....	1 308 510	1 571 674	457 865	444 235	807 023	1 075 862	5 665 169	349 458	11 985	83 868	73 184
Jul.....	1 229 279	1 663 683	463 856	350 404	828 680	1 102 059	5 637 961	329 167	16 356	85 112	68 716
Aug.....	1 193 005	1 682 954	464 421	375 344	830 883	1 101 389	5 647 996	322 150	15 360	85 756	74 448
Sep.....	1 235 288	1 588 148	471 933	456 309	856 944	1 064 033	5 672 654	334 987	20 425	76 278	75 617
Oct.....	1 192 214	1 661 964	475 279	426 641	868 470	1 023 109	5 647 677	321 584	14 050	81 218	80 139
Nov	1 258 589	1 708 953	483 634	422 422	848 654	1 001 355	5 723 606	334 735	10 162	92 306	71 381
Dec	1 279 102	1 557 905	482 474	507 218	864 984	1 024 036	5 715 719	337 189	22 036	92 072	62 948
2024: Jan.....	1 212 667	1 684 901	478 342	423 721	888 092	1 023 550	5 711 273	354 271	20 065	111 197	68 525
Feb.....	1 227 792	1 670 192	479 752	442 631	875 271	1 053 039	5 748 677	357 046	12 184	82 048	71 961
Mar.....	1 295 341	1 593 023	486 723	556 360	817 449	1 091 577	5 840 473	360 148	11 885	101 302	63 873
Apr.....	1 233 255	1 610 891	494 802	574 551	803 657	1 117 301	5 834 458	354 155	10 062	112 900	90 870
May.....	1 240 897	1 576 251	506 583	579 591	775 223	1 139 085	5 817 630	379 106	5 557	88 657	82 697
Jun.....	1 295 192	1 770 845	507 471	392 638	773 003	1 113 568	5 852 716	348 356	9 072	82 528	81 576
Jul.....	1 248 753	1 765 752	523 889	446 501	773 534	1 167 734	5 926 161	371 669	15 311	107 582	87 760
Aug.....	1 294 774	1 598 490	520 028	599 288	856 068	1 143 931	6 012 579	386 584	6 979	104 033	75 944
Sep.....	1 328 757	1 800 913	522 310	422 930	871 724	1 140 092	6 086 727	387 453	27 872	110 645	74 831
Oct.....	1 290 625	1 816 120	534 369	429 255	843 791	1 134 105	6 048 266	366 010	14 962	109 944	97 278
Nov	1 344 925	1 634 149	546 448	594 452	882 886	1 094 930	6 097 790	371 892	25 365	130 842	84 432
Dec	1 348 633	1 661 046	545 337	652 861	849 586	1 097 428	6 154 891	387 603	34 596	108 846	86 032
2025: Jan.....	1 287 999	1 658 055	541 822	655 881	850 958	1 105 441	6 100 155	377 515	27 782	132 548	106 393
Feb.....	1 326 791	1 646 466	540 026	647 746	818 792	1 120 929	6 100 751	382 192	9 304	140 574	93 279
Mar.....	1 359 258	1 844 816	536 474	464 839	817 081	1 159 681	6 182 149	394 514	11 261	151 046	93 678
Apr.....	1 343 387	1 689 837	551 548	636 334	821 589	1 169 128	6 211 823	386 563	20 149	139 111	106 582
May.....	1 346 340	1 692 950	550 731	654 882	835 745	1 171 854	6 252 502	392 880	13 205	153 746	81 950
Jun.....	1 426 045	1 879 692	553 797	483 018	812 658	1 176 043	6 331 252	390 348	26 875	157 480	80 833
Jul.....	1 345 148	1 880 682	568 542	501 567	851 190	1 186 820	6 333 948	400 029	20 511	151 177	91 615
Aug.....	1 409 591	1 851 919	567 705	549 542	848 897	1 172 611	6 400 264	389 577	22 077	142 215	99 749
Sep.....	1 408 775	1 925 420	566 406	452 508	922 640	1 173 087	6 448 836	379 208	17 265	180 249	138 353

KB105

1 Banks registered under the Banks Act No. 94 of 1990; it includes former banks, discount houses and equity building societies. All series may not be strictly comparable due to changes in regulations and returns; distortions were concentrated in February and July 1991, as well as in January 2008 and January 2011.

2 Includes certain items previously classified as loans, as from January 2008.

3 Debentures and loans, that formed part of secondary and tertiary capital before January 2008, are included in debt securities.

4 As from January 2012 both senior and subordinated debt securities are included.

5 Includes collateralised borrowing since January 2008. Before January 2008 it included items previously classified as loans and advances, and other funding-related liabilities.

Banks¹

Liabilities

R millions

liabilities to the public					Total liabilities to the public (1085M)	Capital and other liabilities			Total equity and liabilities (1090M)	End of
Foreign currency funding		Debt securities ^{3,4} (1082M)	Other ⁵ (1083M)	Total (1084M)		Other liabilities (1087M)	Share capital and reserves ³ (1088M)	Total (1089M)		
Domestic sector (1080M)	Foreign sector (1081M)									
5 525	124 847	439 919	16 734	755 622	4 957 316	439 408	485 745	925 153	5 882 469	2019
4 331	124 711	408 511	24 246	697 626	5 337 605	727 179	501 311	1 228 490	6 566 095	2020
5 995	113 820	416 702	30 204	738 722	5 653 770	520 466	540 014	1 060 481	6 714 251	2021
9 806	121 427	422 697	41 326	785 188	6 165 888	509 072	547 415	1 056 487	7 222 375	2022
6 013	146 804	430 147	46 745	806 765	6 522 483	472 974	573 338	1 046 312	7 568 795	2023
5 442	153 453	485 450	44 575	918 394	7 073 285	514 343	608 058	1 122 402	8 195 686	2024
6 182	103 441	419 997	33 112	727 034	5 963 865	599 956	540 568	1 140 524	7 104 390	2022: Aug
12 250	114 890	421 690	45 449	769 750	6 066 437	667 971	536 578	1 204 549	7 270 986	Sep
9 545	136 785	421 605	36 734	809 645	6 132 004	649 630	531 137	1 180 767	7 312 771	Oct
7 318	112 599	425 491	41 780	785 805	6 163 696	572 114	541 452	1 113 566	7 277 262	Nov
9 806	121 427	422 697	41 326	785 188	6 165 888	509 072	547 415	1 056 487	7 222 375	Dec
7 017	119 793	425 620	38 530	779 296	6 166 064	561 678	556 972	1 118 650	7 284 714	2023: Jan
6 112	129 874	431 063	35 897	795 248	6 246 488	588 162	559 192	1 147 354	7 393 842	Feb
6 055	132 538	436 647	39 623	762 995	6 235 580	530 756	548 399	1 079 154	7 314 735	Mar
7 081	129 868	424 925	40 846	785 548	6 340 805	526 226	540 164	1 066 390	7 407 195	Apr
9 166	132 989	426 278	40 813	803 525	6 400 678	658 259	540 759	1 199 018	7 599 696	May
7 086	121 068	427 346	43 122	767 660	6 432 829	545 960	551 326	1 097 286	7 530 115	Jun
5 536	130 430	429 534	44 600	780 286	6 418 247	544 155	554 903	1 099 058	7 517 305	Jul
5 528	130 567	438 790	42 108	792 557	6 440 553	531 399	555 688	1 087 087	7 527 640	Aug
7 311	138 792	443 097	47 632	809 152	6 481 806	554 718	553 094	1 107 812	7 589 618	Sep
4 135	140 139	449 294	43 181	812 156	6 459 833	518 730	554 517	1 073 246	7 533 079	Oct
5 241	130 457	452 952	47 489	809 988	6 533 595	508 307	565 579	1 073 885	7 607 480	Nov
6 013	146 804	430 147	46 745	806 765	6 522 483	472 974	573 338	1 046 312	7 568 795	Dec
4 060	142 028	431 592	37 974	815 440	6 526 714	483 498	577 939	1 061 438	7 588 152	2024: Jan
5 012	158 546	425 563	43 735	799 050	6 547 727	482 944	584 747	1 067 691	7 615 419	Feb
5 323	157 156	423 369	49 157	812 064	6 652 537	519 064	572 952	1 092 016	7 744 553	Mar
3 784	152 801	423 971	45 736	840 125	6 674 583	536 479	564 789	1 101 268	7 775 851	Apr
4 701	165 614	438 614	41 640	827 481	6 645 111	494 256	573 740	1 067 996	7 713 107	May
7 319	139 286	445 519	40 821	806 121	6 658 837	502 925	585 785	1 088 709	7 747 546	Jun
6 998	143 891	455 600	38 420	855 563	6 781 724	498 413	596 655	1 095 068	7 876 792	Jul
7 772	134 872	458 393	42 862	830 855	6 843 434	543 154	593 755	1 136 909	7 980 343	Aug
6 634	149 627	462 920	41 160	873 689	6 960 416	587 599	597 407	1 185 007	8 145 422	Sep
4 879	151 975	473 985	38 909	891 931	6 940 197	508 671	592 279	1 100 949	8 041 146	Oct
4 494	149 209	488 491	41 533	924 365	7 022 155	529 240	603 100	1 132 340	8 154 495	Nov
5 442	153 453	485 450	44 575	918 394	7 073 285	514 343	608 058	1 122 402	8 195 686	Dec
6 424	160 707	478 239	37 781	949 874	7 050 029	530 296	613 885	1 144 181	8 194 210	2025: Jan
6 723	155 341	474 976	38 065	918 261	7 019 012	480 579	620 515	1 101 093	8 120 105	Feb
7 308	151 230	481 160	36 402	932 086	7 114 235	504 847	616 879	1 121 725	8 235 960	Mar
5 551	163 538	496 566	38 003	969 500	7 181 324	506 246	614 134	1 120 380	8 301 704	Apr
5 347	150 592	500 858	38 826	944 526	7 197 028	511 954	621 632	1 133 586	8 330 614	May
5 455	164 674	508 874	36 171	980 363	7 311 615	509 197	626 213	1 135 411	8 447 025	Jun
4 759	171 009	521 682	33 928	994 681	7 328 629	468 419	634 080	1 102 499	8 431 129	Jul
4 617	176 675	523 540	34 225	1 003 097	7 403 361	495 946	641 881	1 137 827	8 541 189	Aug
4 613	161 455	531 507	36 739	1 070 182	7 519 018	557 839	652 686	1 210 526	8 729 544	Sep

KB106

1 Banks registered under the Banks Act No. 94 of 1990; it includes former banks, discount houses and equity building societies. All series may not be strictly comparable due to changes in regulations and returns; distortions were concentrated in February and July 1991, as well as in January 2008 and January 2011.

2 Includes certain items previously classified as loans, as from January 2008.

3 Debentures and loans, that formed part of secondary and tertiary capital before January 2008, are included in debt securities.

4 As from January 2012 both senior and subordinated debt securities are included.

5 Includes collateralised borrowing since January 2008. Before January 2008 it included items previously classified as loans and advances, and other funding-related liabilities.

Banks¹ Assets

R millions

End of	Central bank money and gold				Deposits, loans						
	Banknotes and subsidiary coin	Gold coin and bullion	Deposits with the SARB	Total	Interbank and intragroup funding, including NCDs/PNs	Loans granted under resale agreements	Instalment debtors, suspensive sales and leases	Mortgage advances	Credit card debtors ²	Foreign-currency loans and advances	Redeemable preference shares
	(1100M)	(1101M)	(1102M)	(1104M)	(1113M)	(1107M)	(1108M)	(1109M)	(1110M)	(1120M)	(1121M)
2019	38 500	21 731	120 083	180 314	85 879	232 433	444 776	1 490 987	130 791	356 596	116 100
2020	38 002	18 754	127 030	183 786	79 773	380 097	456 572	1 562 299	132 435	397 638	119 387
2021	32 693	20 446	139 079	192 218	82 003	430 660	483 649	1 650 515	136 433	370 722	112 593
2022	37 140	17 536	180 512	235 187	70 579	468 763	528 772	1 762 445	148 574	402 253	114 399
2023	34 170	13 220	216 611	264 002	74 466	494 240	579 164	1 823 891	162 529	412 073	113 391
2024	33 813	15 175	323 658	372 646	71 621	581 766	614 727	1 882 539	176 575	520 801	116 626
2022: Aug	32 142	15 590	180 215	227 947	69 279	388 533	510 082	1 721 239	144 746	384 745	113 598
Sep	27 672	16 918	185 735	230 326	89 736	393 308	515 254	1 731 640	146 094	412 444	114 445
Oct	29 099	15 800	182 981	227 880	77 517	446 237	519 398	1 740 398	147 873	428 281	114 065
Nov	32 105	17 059	187 357	236 522	75 137	471 248	524 081	1 754 053	149 718	376 878	113 404
Dec	37 140	17 536	180 512	235 187	70 579	468 763	528 772	1 762 445	148 574	402 253	114 399
2023: Jan	28 744	17 466	193 474	239 684	70 366	480 249	531 326	1 766 361	150 982	398 874	115 679
Feb	31 155	15 416	196 656	243 227	99 624	503 984	535 211	1 779 376	152 496	415 396	116 103
Mar	32 580	11 668	218 272	262 520	81 224	472 772	541 825	1 781 082	152 654	380 439	116 716
Apr	28 439	11 832	228 194	268 466	68 275	524 278	538 552	1 784 578	154 293	411 440	116 378
May	28 946	16 229	237 288	282 463	87 102	560 411	543 140	1 789 878	155 651	432 846	117 221
Jun	28 532	16 904	227 666	273 102	72 625	538 813	548 258	1 797 228	155 944	396 141	117 034
Jul	27 523	16 268	226 969	270 759	72 723	513 159	555 516	1 800 480	156 137	389 008	116 183
Aug	28 102	15 374	224 545	268 021	78 837	535 186	560 260	1 807 014	157 872	390 935	115 796
Sep	27 939	14 961	224 281	267 182	74 064	502 038	563 273	1 809 367	159 642	421 572	117 479
Oct	27 629	14 464	233 265	275 357	67 595	483 766	568 495	1 814 848	161 384	408 123	116 300
Nov	30 146	12 503	219 940	262 589	80 108	487 425	575 256	1 819 712	163 260	421 149	117 403
Dec	34 170	13 220	216 611	264 002	74 466	494 240	579 164	1 823 891	162 529	412 073	113 391
2024: Jan	28 588	8 754	234 714	272 056	70 130	538 880	583 212	1 826 647	165 154	428 557	113 460
Feb	27 366	13 979	213 261	254 605	72 979	548 445	587 663	1 837 731	167 284	440 806	113 873
Mar	28 494	15 104	230 878	274 476	79 791	564 227	590 751	1 835 142	168 720	425 889	112 413
Apr	29 782	17 474	234 891	282 147	74 647	574 263	592 600	1 837 445	169 337	437 410	112 842
May	28 871	18 095	231 203	278 168	77 519	492 564	595 854	1 842 263	170 821	468 797	112 785
Jun	26 927	15 665	231 230	273 822	80 960	459 815	598 766	1 849 427	172 458	475 541	108 687
Jul	28 575	15 502	293 692	337 769	78 604	556 712	598 040	1 853 442	172 479	461 051	108 258
Aug	27 732	15 468	295 244	338 445	76 687	525 067	600 385	1 861 141	173 263	477 464	118 264
Sep	27 810	14 888	337 927	380 625	85 480	552 613	603 234	1 866 200	174 746	484 168	115 113
Oct	27 710	14 078	328 436	370 224	76 045	571 217	607 838	1 872 559	175 553	467 925	113 930
Nov	26 881	16 420	321 657	364 958	71 780	576 751	613 397	1 877 459	176 974	491 211	117 333
Dec	33 813	15 175	323 658	372 646	71 621	581 766	614 727	1 882 539	176 575	520 801	116 626
2025: Jan	27 802	12 401	333 518	373 720	72 326	629 122	617 812	1 886 114	179 567	508 011	116 757
Feb	27 308	8 798	314 350	350 456	74 139	629 290	623 523	1 897 412	181 417	486 419	115 103
Mar	26 671	9 406	333 253	369 330	70 547	571 002	627 626	1 900 457	181 632	491 012	120 226
Apr	30 088	11 301	323 410	364 799	65 344	576 484	629 291	1 902 666	183 002	518 107	124 315
May	25 337	9 382	341 015	375 733	63 645	566 105	635 089	1 906 978	184 266	495 220	125 110
Jun	26 190	7 773	337 506	371 469	77 362	562 865	640 083	1 918 044	184 903	516 596	127 234
Jul	26 597	9 437	314 179	350 214	72 052	575 325	645 253	1 921 608	184 345	496 700	126 981
Aug	25 607	10 496	312 260	348 363	75 558	558 186	649 958	1 930 867	185 527	549 222	126 498
Sep	26 958	11 195	310 079	348 232	102 807	627 128	652 240	1 934 851	185 887	533 117	129 463

KB107

1 See footnote 1 on pages S-6 and S-7.

2 The acquisition of a store card book by a major bank amplified credit card advances in November 2012.

3 Specific provisions up to December 2007. Includes specific and general provisions as from January 2008. The measurement of credit impairments according to the expected credit loss model replaced the incurred loss model, following the implementation of IFRS 9 in January 2018.

Banks¹
Assets

R millions

and advances			Investments and bills discounted						Non-financial assets	Other assets	Total assets	End of
Overdrafts and loans	Less: Credit impairments ³	Total	Investments other than shares		Shares	Bills and acceptances discounted	Less: Credit impairments ³	Total				
			Government stock	Other								
(1122M)	(1123M)	(1124M)	(1125M)	(1126M)	(1127M)	(1111M)	(1128M)	(1129M)	(1130M)	(1131M)	(1132M)	
1 427 728	119 773	4 165 516	459 172	492 896	77 940	307 444	119	1 337 333	107 984	91 321	5 882 469	2019
1 441 109	172 265	4 397 045	607 702	802 260	77 485	302 986	307	1 790 126	102 708	92 430	6 566 095	2020
1 495 695	165 424	4 596 846	678 742	568 551	88 497	393 320	725	1 728 385	97 849	98 953	6 714 251	2021
1 686 840	174 368	5 008 256	781 715	500 276	85 185	395 230	595	1 761 810	96 808	120 313	7 222 375	2022
1 768 438	194 438	5 233 754	829 765	491 724	76 840	459 519	661	1 857 185	99 650	114 204	7 568 795	2023
848 165	200 697	5 612 123	974 597	478 775	87 703	454 367	773	1 994 668	102 772	113 477	8 195 686	2024
1 669 031	170 582	4 830 672	731 865	569 165	84 237	427 528	704	1 812 092	96 022	137 657	7 104 390	2022: Aug
1 683 612	172 597	4 913 936	744 900	637 770	82 476	422 321	714	1 886 753	96 099	143 871	7 270 986	Sep
1 667 070	175 362	4 965 477	771 914	618 420	84 335	414 924	677	1 888 917	95 976	134 522	7 312 771	Oct
1 684 038	174 187	4 974 370	790 388	542 777	86 854	400 921	634	1 820 306	96 697	149 367	7 277 262	Nov
1 686 840	174 368	5 008 256	781 715	500 276	85 185	395 230	595	1 761 810	96 808	120 313	7 222 375	Dec
1 721 243	177 529	5 057 550	792 943	498 459	90 595	365 345	590	1 746 752	96 359	144 368	7 284 714	2023: Jan
1 726 654	180 111	5 148 731	754 857	530 279	85 256	386 415	573	1 756 233	96 172	149 478	7 393 842	Feb
1 723 334	181 638	5 068 408	779 813	505 278	74 769	390 231	592	1 749 499	96 372	137 936	7 314 735	Mar
1 728 032	183 982	5 141 844	784 667	482 732	76 135	405 700	609	1 748 625	96 272	151 989	7 407 195	Apr
1 670 844	187 127	5 169 966	785 475	633 797	74 306	421 981	580	1 914 978	96 378	135 911	7 599 696	May
1 717 371	188 951	5 154 463	799 856	549 747	77 047	449 926	531	1 876 045	96 528	129 977	7 530 115	Jun
1 725 265	191 013	5 137 457	811 068	547 978	79 102	443 680	544	1 881 284	97 095	130 709	7 517 305	Jul
1 720 666	192 554	5 174 011	808 370	511 560	76 326	445 131	548	1 840 838	97 470	147 301	7 527 640	Aug
1 759 396	192 193	5 214 638	819 706	540 571	73 052	427 385	729	1 859 986	97 287	150 526	7 589 618	Sep
1 728 575	193 708	5 155 379	834 179	519 721	70 907	442 865	731	1 866 941	98 845	136 557	7 533 079	Oct
1 749 703	193 501	5 220 516	881 271	496 319	74 739	435 600	724	1 887 205	99 590	137 580	7 607 480	Nov
1 768 438	194 438	5 233 754	829 765	491 724	76 840	459 519	661	1 857 185	99 650	114 204	7 568 795	Dec
1 751 173	195 686	5 281 527	796 713	466 703	73 291	451 460	636	1 787 531	100 325	146 712	7 588 152	2024: Jan
1 772 209	198 227	5 342 763	805 653	472 613	71 487	438 828	636	1 787 945	99 997	130 109	7 615 419	Feb
1 838 600	199 607	5 415 927	811 107	494 686	75 542	421 347	623	1 802 059	99 711	152 380	7 744 553	Mar
1 794 320	200 812	5 392 052	824 691	501 709	76 621	436 682	646	1 839 057	99 615	162 979	7 775 851	Apr
1 790 903	202 349	5 349 158	834 433	481 968	77 482	449 419	637	1 842 666	100 087	143 028	7 713 107	May
1 826 696	200 585	5 371 766	868 729	475 104	82 972	433 021	689	1 859 137	100 848	141 973	7 747 546	Jun
1 813 558	202 529	5 439 616	879 847	475 950	76 613	434 249	667	1 865 992	100 890	132 526	7 876 792	Jul
1 842 218	201 997	5 472 490	908 817	507 424	77 700	440 991	674	1 934 258	101 209	133 941	7 980 343	Aug
1 871 071	202 934	5 549 691	893 198	545 168	77 057	437 007	666	1 951 763	101 305	162 039	8 145 422	Sep
1 838 020	204 314	5 518 773	928 081	483 495	76 080	421 912	604	1 908 964	101 703	141 482	8 041 146	Oct
1 839 509	203 891	5 560 524	986 376	479 120	80 953	438 353	611	1 984 191	102 165	142 657	8 154 495	Nov
1 848 165	200 697	5 612 123	974 597	478 775	87 703	454 367	773	1 994 668	102 772	113 477	8 195 686	Dec
1 836 051	202 992	5 642 768	945 859	464 076	88 917	435 664	782	1 933 734	102 104	141 884	8 194 210	2025: Jan
1 848 204	204 756	5 650 751	957 278	418 286	85 588	423 134	791	1 883 496	101 522	133 880	8 120 105	Feb
1 920 378	205 609	5 677 271	998 646	433 888	84 191	426 782	772	1 942 735	101 223	145 402	8 235 960	Mar
1 888 077	207 911	5 679 375	1 051 235	453 986	85 705	425 961	798	2 016 089	100 705	140 735	8 301 704	Apr
1 902 254	206 484	5 672 184	1 058 731	454 611	92 023	426 485	775	2 031 075	100 796	150 825	8 330 614	May
1 940 835	204 475	5 763 448	1 068 781	457 203	92 472	425 900	791	2 043 565	100 467	168 077	8 447 025	Jun
1 958 325	204 171	5 776 418	1 093 958	443 963	95 907	422 112	790	2 055 149	100 184	149 163	8 431 129	Jul
1 991 911	204 171	5 863 556	1 097 100	471 900	97 892	410 826	787	2 076 932	99 435	152 902	8 541 189	Aug
2 031 700	201 108	5 996 085	1 102 002	505 574	98 749	416 272	785	2 121 813	98 465	164 950	8 729 544	Sep

KB108

1 See footnote 1 on pages S-6 and S-7.
2 The acquisition of a store card book by a major bank amplified credit card advances in November 2012.
3 Specific provisions up to December 2007. Includes specific and general provisions as from January 2008. The measurement of credit impairments according to the expected credit loss model replaced the incurred loss model, following the implementation of IFRS 9 in January 2018.

Banks
Analysis of deposits by type of depositor

R millions

End of	Residents									Non-residents	Total all deposits (1077M)	Of which: Denominated in foreign currency (1078M)
	Interbank and intragroup deposits	Government deposits ¹	Local governments and regional services councils	Public enterprises and/or corporations ²	Insurers and pension funds	Other companies and close corpora- tions	Households ³	Other monetary institutions	Total			
	(1153M)	(1143M)	(1144M)	(1145M)	(1146M)	(1147M)	(1154M)	(1155M)	(1150)			
2022	116 920	349 613	70 808	181 358	166 589	2 497 489	1 643 265	114 393	5 140 436	240 264	5 380 700	292 837
2023	122 061	295 264	77 271	206 508	181 632	2 681 735	1 773 370	99 130	5 436 972	278 746	5 715 719	337 189
2024	104 249	378 098	76 306	179 386	166 400	2 945 534	1 900 833	96 887	5 847 693	307 198	6 154 891	387 603
2024: Aug	122 096	286 966	81 161	206 049	170 414	2 857 879	1 861 571	109 032	5 695 167	317 412	6 012 579	386 584
Sep	121 516	318 291	74 263	226 013	177 408	2 875 639	1 875 898	101 193	5 770 221	316 505	6 086 727	387 453
Oct	107 008	318 812	68 617	193 396	169 057	2 891 877	1 895 095	100 637	5 744 498	303 767	6 048 266	366 010
Nov	105 300	360 160	63 090	176 521	168 693	2 931 765	1 909 940	75 602	5 791 072	306 718	6 097 790	371 892
Dec	104 249	378 098	76 306	179 386	166 400	2 945 534	1 900 833	96 887	5 847 693	307 198	6 154 891	387 603
2025: Jan	99 169	313 816	70 444	193 473	176 553	2 947 574	1 899 150	84 130	5 784 309	315 846	6 100 155	377 515
Feb	98 139	344 288	69 039	177 074	177 523	2 927 914	1 902 873	89 370	5 786 221	314 530	6 100 751	382 192
Mar	96 256	323 868	95 940	209 559	176 071	2 934 745	1 926 275	92 750	5 855 464	326 685	6 182 149	394 514
Apr	102 369	320 008	84 818	195 459	177 416	2 949 446	1 945 112	114 709	5 889 337	322 487	6 211 823	386 563
May	100 662	345 006	76 962	175 806	178 843	2 986 188	1 946 738	120 114	5 930 319	322 183	6 252 502	392 880
Jun	109 663	409 019	67 618	175 832	174 232	2 991 349	1 962 939	128 929	6 019 581	311 671	6 331 252	390 348
Jul	109 406	296 672	89 129	198 328	175 119	3 033 295	1 980 094	119 718	6 001 763	332 186	6 333 948	400 029
Aug	104 768	346 191	80 381	204 338	174 255	3 056 956	1 979 791	123 552	6 070 232	330 032	6 400 264	389 577
Sep	119 969	319 086	73 965	230 742	181 948	3 069 190	1 992 796	128 850	6 116 545	332 291	6 448 836	379 208

KB109

Banks
Selected asset items

R millions

End of	NCDs/PNs (1160M)	Advances				Investments						Bills discounted		
		Central govern- ment ⁴ (1510M)	Provincial govern- ments (1174M)	Total loans and advances ⁵ (1166M)	Foreign sector (1167M)	Government sector			Public sector (1171M)	Private sector (1172M)	Foreign sector (1173M)	Treasury bills (1161M)	Land Bank bills and promissory notes (1162M)	Other (1163M)
						Short-term govern- ment stock (1168M)	Long-term government stock (1169M)	Other ⁶ (1170M)						
2022	12 658	2 505	28	4 054 014	311 113	237 076	544 639	1 534	35 310	289 874	203 854	373 385	147	21 698
2023	16 445	2 025	97	4 250 490	354 272	233 826	595 939	832	30 247	322 280	185 007	431 272	142	28 105
2024	19 888	19 405	92	4 429 192	346 940	345 224	629 373	-	37 508	315 704	173 669	441 553	119	12 694
2024: Aug	19 101	19 608	40	4 371 862	339 419	291 877	616 939	932	35 875	329 458	175 013	426 105	168	14 718
Sep	19 204	19 073	37	4 411 915	351 609	295 661	597 536	932	44 566	337 210	186 194	422 846	120	14 041
Oct.....	19 686	18 918	57	4 384 373	378 415	314 440	613 642	-	40 890	317 129	161 101	410 610	121	11 181
Nov	20 056	19 262	54	4 401 480	344 943	326 927	659 449	-	36 397	316 801	170 606	424 616	123	13 615
Dec	19 888	19 405	92	4 429 192	346 940	345 224	629 373	-	37 508	315 704	173 669	441 553	119	12 694
2025: Jan.....	19 442	18 862	50	4 411 492	380 072	329 143	616 716	-	39 069	319 814	169 690	424 786	120	10 758
Feb.....	20 129	18 299	34	4 445 081	367 947	329 310	627 968	-	31 520	293 036	154 801	409 879	122	13 134
Mar.....	20 973	18 253	43	4 528 699	308 504	338 369	660 277	-	31 897	298 647	164 471	411 955	114	14 713
Apr.....	21 280	18 607	50	4 507 184	320 346	345 103	706 133	-	29 943	307 282	175 705	408 853	115	16 993
May	21 461	18 815	89	4 534 180	292 131	341 638	717 092	-	30 411	308 577	183 739	410 127	116	16 243
Jun	23 731	18 643	115	4 595 526	287 611	331 333	737 448	812	31 227	311 425	180 796	409 366	121	16 412
Jul	23 642	18 631	77	4 605 806	314 472	330 847	763 110	2 285	31 819	310 814	181 040	407 100	117	14 895
Aug	23 417	18 903	25	4 652 007	300 282	308 916	788 184	5 930	34 836	330 652	181 880	393 443	117	17 266
Sep	23 784	18 972	89	4 704 288	346 211	291 781	810 222	-	32 781	350 558	202 110	398 111	-	18 161

KB110

1 The Public Investment Commissioners was corporatised in April 2005 and the name changed to Public Investment Corporation, resulting in the exclusion of the Corporation from the government sector. The figures were revised back to January 1996.

2 Including the Public Investment Corporation as from January 1996.

3 Includes individuals, unincorporated business enterprises of households and non-profit organisations serving households.

4 Includes loans from member banks to fund the liquidity of the Corporation for Deposit Insurance (CODI) scheme as from April 2024. CODI is classified as a national extra-budgetary institution and for that reason forms part of general government as per the Institutional Sector Classification Guide.

5 To the domestic private sector.

6 Including South African National Roads Agency SOC Ltd (SANRAL) as from October 2021. SANRAL has been reclassified from Public Non-Financial Corporations to the General government sector.

Banks and Mutual banks
Instalment sale and leasing transactions¹

R millions

Quarter-end balances according to type of asset and agreement	Instalment sale credit (Hire-purchase credit)			Leasing finance						Total assets financed		
				Financial leases			Operating leases					
	2025/01	2025/02	2025/03	2025/01	2025/02	2025/03	2025/01	2025/02	2025/03	2025/01	2025/02	2025/03
Passenger cars:												
New.....	181 063	184 248	190 069	3 469	2 917	2 558	69	62	50	184 601	187 227	192 677
Used.....	230 110	234 107	237 588	738	745	740	12	8	4	230 860	234 861	238 332
Minibuses.....	14 254	14 570	14 720	63	95	94	-	-	-	14 317	14 665	14 814
Trucks and other land transport equipment...	98 918	102 500	105 299	3 583	3 767	3 784	277	272	275	102 778	106 539	109 358
Aircraft, ships and boats.....	1 602	1 705	1 810	-	-	-	0	0	0	1 602	1 706	1 811
Agricultural machinery and equipment.....	20 145	20 628	19 663	225	242	270	1	1	1	20 371	20 872	19 934
All household appliances, such as furniture, televisions, radio sets and other electrical equipment.....	12	11	10	-	-	-	0	0	0	12	11	10
Industrial, commercial and office equipment	46 668	46 416	46 924	1 917	2 066	2 418	638	630	626	49 222	49 112	49 968
Other goods.....	19 278	20 032	20 065	5 272	5 745	5 958	-	-	-	24 550	25 777	26 023
All goods.....	612 048	624 217	636 148	15 267	15 577	15 822	996	974	957	628 311	640 769	652 926
According to type of purchaser/lessee	Households ²			Other ³			Total					
	2025/01	2025/02	2025/03	2025/01	2025/02	2025/03	2025/01	2025/02	2025/03	2025/01	2025/02	2025/03
Instalment sale balances.....	417 411	424 257	430 754	194 637	199 960	205 393	612 048	624 217	636 148			
Leasing balances.....	1 594	1 600	1 589	14 670	14 952	15 189	16 263	16 552	16 779			

KB111

1 Unearned finance charges excluded.
2 Includes individuals, unincorporated business enterprises of households, non-profit organisations serving households and non-incorporated farming.
3 Includes general government, financial corporate sector, non-financial corporate sector and foreign sector.

Term lending rates and amounts paid out by banks

Period	Average rates on instalment sale agreements		Paid out in respect of new business		
	Fixed-rate agreements %	Adjustable rate agreements %	Instalment sale transactions Rm	Leasing transactions Rm	Total Rm
	(1181M)	(1182M)	(1183M)	(1184M)	(1185M)
2024: Jun.....	13.21	13.03	17 589	298	17 887
Jul.....	13.23	13.00	19 338	444	19 782
Aug.....	13.27	13.00	21 085	389	21 474
Sep.....	13.31	12.77	18 578	476	19 053
Oct.....	13.33	12.76	22 618	496	23 115
Nov.....	13.34	12.57	21 747	406	22 153
Dec.....	13.37	12.53	18 651	561	19 213
2025: Jan.....	13.39	12.37	17 610	305	17 915
Feb.....	13.41	12.28	20 393	341	20 733
Mar.....	13.43	12.27	20 587	377	20 963
Apr.....	13.44	12.27	19 201	345	19 545
May.....	13.45	12.07	22 071	642	22 712
Jun.....	13.45	12.02	20 419	723	21 142
Jul.....	13.46	12.01	23 247	558	23 805
Aug.....	13.46	11.77	22 938	588	23 526
Sep.....	13.45	11.76	23 239	435	23 674

KB112

Banks
Contingent liabilities

R millions

End of	Guarantees on behalf of clients (1191M)	Letters of credit and committed undrawn facilities (1192M)	Underwriting exposures (1193M)	Credit derivative instruments (1199M)	Committed capital expenditure (1211M)	Operating lease commitments (1212M)	Other contingent liabilities:	
							Total ¹ (1194M)	Of which: Uncommitted undrawn facilities (1213M)
2019	216 065	537 918	-	77 146	3 656	370	613 126	612 566
2020	199 248	579 903	-	62 849	4 331	106	625 625	624 428
2021	240 154	651 729	-	57 868	4 200	19	667 863	666 910
2022	255 078	614 686	-	66 949	6 505	1	753 811	752 397
2023	231 934	663 585	-	77 313	5 782	0	889 362	887 974
2024	305 556	707 095	-	68 925	6 226	1	1 037 404	1 035 967
2022: Aug	256 658	659 834	-	70 146	7 497	2	687 882	685 987
Sep	260 136	661 771	-	78 714	7 425	2	709 209	707 359
Oct	266 554	654 757	-	82 410	7 488	1	708 482	706 701
Nov	254 654	650 141	-	74 245	7 238	1	703 316	701 378
Dec	255 078	614 686	-	66 949	6 505	1	753 811	752 397
2023: Jan	260 023	605 015	-	68 087	6 294	1	745 309	743 823
Feb	261 966	607 391	-	72 891	6 704	1	754 842	753 419
Mar	259 057	592 740	-	80 131	6 672	1	785 552	784 223
Apr	237 215	598 728	-	85 726	6 519	1	785 915	784 591
May	236 921	642 976	-	95 262	6 514	1	806 809	805 169
Jun	241 290	627 949	-	89 768	7 888	1	823 185	821 639
Jul	226 103	627 935	-	87 899	8 381	0	810 307	808 884
Aug	231 592	625 006	-	89 953	8 484	0	831 830	830 602
Sep	231 951	618 264	-	90 537	8 253	0	841 020	839 844
Oct	232 304	625 510	-	89 404	7 310	0	844 328	842 939
Nov	242 219	646 346	-	83 029	6 592	0	838 628	837 243
Dec	231 934	663 585	-	77 313	5 782	0	889 362	887 974
2024: Jan	239 658	663 756	-	76 767	5 282	0	884 210	882 929
Feb	247 816	656 794	-	75 065	5 155	0	883 745	882 565
Mar	253 678	649 329	-	82 895	5 778	0	892 620	891 417
Apr	296 084	675 538	-	76 847	6 037	0	912 072	910 908
May	294 780	692 588	-	69 020	5 101	0	909 076	907 909
Jun	293 666	687 239	-	67 146	7 124	0	907 089	906 038
Jul	288 107	695 223	-	72 492	7 428	0	906 196	904 550
Aug	287 128	680 550	-	76 513	7 660	1	912 225	910 355
Sep	290 068	674 342	-	81 486	7 363	1	896 545	894 954
Oct	281 304	668 483	-	74 139	6 977	1	897 185	895 583
Nov	291 472	676 752	-	78 766	6 104	1	903 471	902 268
Dec	305 556	707 095	-	68 925	6 226	1	1 037 404	1 035 967
2025: Jan	313 168	694 840	-	72 696	6 176	1	1 030 438	1 029 038
Feb	315 611	687 418	-	78 786	5 755	1	1 017 009	1 015 749
Mar	317 630	677 864	-	90 228	5 615	1	1 025 015	1 023 782
Apr	324 881	687 178	-	111 643	5 486	1	1 027 849	1 026 681
May	319 900	698 736	-	84 404	5 133	1	1 028 414	1 027 342
Jun	321 887	698 549	-	78 882	8 014	1	1 045 819	1 045 599
Jul	321 458	724 397	-	97 266	7 328	1	1 002 934	1 002 707
Aug	330 280	717 725	-	87 805	6 960	1	997 313	997 088
Sep	339 672	717 190	-	92 766	7 347	1	1 006 013	1 005 788

KB113

1 Including amounts related to revocable undrawn facilities as from April 2010. The improvement in the reporting system of a large bank resulted in data revision and an increase in the outstanding balance from December 2024 onwards.

Banks
Credit cards and electronic transactions

Period	Credit cards			Electronic transactions				
	Credit card purchases processed during the period ¹			Electronic fund transfers processed during the period ²				
	Total number Millions (1260M)	Total value R millions (1261M)	Total value seasonally adjusted R millions (1261N)	Total number Millions (1264M)	Of which: Number of debits, credits and salaries processed Millions (1266M)	Of which: Number of electronic real time clearing transctions Millions (1267M)	Total value R millions (1265M)	Total value seasonally adjusted R millions (1265N)
2019	675.697	392 757	392 757	1 634.691	1 383.385	48.820	12 337 809	12 337 809
2020	570.304	334 545	334 545	1 688.789	1 423.236	78.782	12 322 282	12 322 282
2021	645.532	382 225	382 225	1 882.450	1 645.986	130.469	13 987 545	13 987 545
2022	723.055	461 444	461 444	2 036.658	1 820.825	215.833	15 418 697	15 418 697
2023	782.675	513 100	513 100	2 232.916	1 923.611	309.304	16 442 930	16 442 930
2024	879.671	593 303	593 303	2 189.235	1 866.045	323.190	17 265 578	17 265 578
2022: Aug	62.640	39 501	39 341	165.360	146.917	18.443	1 338 454	1 267 424
Sep	61.432	39 885	39 904	180.915	161.090	19.824	1 342 215	1 320 856
Oct	62.801	40 539	39 732	193.054	172.220	20.834	1 322 667	1 310 234
Nov	64.119	43 306	40 016	181.232	159.612	21.620	1 400 285	1 327 437
Dec	68.055	45 492	40 611	181.785	158.389	23.397	1 413 087	1 331 711
2023: Jan	61.612	39 010	40 426	171.998	151.296	20.701	1 204 817	1 353 272
Feb	57.026	36 685	40 511	170.128	149.054	21.075	1 267 856	1 334 828
Mar	61.629	41 279	40 910	189.224	164.975	24.249	1 419 434	1 336 655
Apr	59.699	38 440	40 972	173.926	150.621	23.305	1 241 613	1 370 134
May	65.395	42 231	41 639	186.415	161.830	24.585	1 405 074	1 363 374
Jun	62.104	39 399	40 953	182.279	157.188	25.091	1 392 425	1 374 872
Jul	62.919	40 588	41 128	177.775	151.523	26.252	1 373 758	1 372 908
Aug	64.833	41 790	41 761	197.137	170.130	27.007	1 414 089	1 372 223
Sep	63.770	41 793	41 865	194.519	166.969	27.550	1 374 639	1 373 571
Oct	73.292	48 739	47 556	193.040	164.714	28.327	1 420 713	1 375 226
Nov	73.548	51 110	47 726	194.023	165.304	28.719	1 468 087	1 398 245
Dec	76.848	52 035	47 651	202.452	170.008	32.444	1 460 425	1 417 622
2024: Jan	73.022	47 374	48 085	182.886	154.816	28.069	1 294 546	1 406 107
Feb	69.780	45 339	48 439	191.577	162.446	29.131	1 383 713	1 414 757
Mar	72.021	47 415	48 066	190.091	157.208	32.883	1 401 456	1 433 996
Apr	71.168	47 097	48 779	194.985	165.931	29.054	1 435 368	1 462 853
May	71.824	48 672	48 798	181.791	154.411	27.380	1 458 950	1 424 411
Jun	69.084	46 807	49 276	172.625	145.553	27.072	1 354 914	1 432 696
Jul	73.706	49 590	49 275	185.951	158.283	27.667	1 512 515	1 432 670
Aug	71.222	49 203	49 606	182.663	155.446	27.217	1 470 109	1 457 661
Sep	71.426	48 094	49 013	173.941	148.419	25.523	1 402 242	1 435 862
Oct	76.870	51 764	50 075	182.119	156.975	25.144	1 535 300	1 455 135
Nov	76.498	53 639	50 373	177.050	154.033	23.017	1 496 209	1 450 519
Dec	83.049	58 308	53 516	173.557	152.523	21.033	1 520 256	1 458 913
2025: Jan	76.037	53 570	54 615	162.401	145.014	17.387	1 332 449	1 441 295
Feb	69.907	48 624	52 530	164.368	147.256	17.113	1 379 050	1 457 624
Mar	76.858	53 595	54 307	171.416	153.920	17.496	1 463 123	1 464 051
Apr	76.341	52 829	54 260	166.943	151.237	15.707	1 406 229	1 461 972
May	79.226	54 720	55 001	169.766	153.392	16.373	1 484 643	1 480 144
Jun	75.592	51 595	53 574	163.001	147.634	15.367	1 440 857	1 476 204
Jul	80.608	55 826	55 695	172.170	156.348	15.822	1 549 954	1 478 126
Aug	78.399	54 341	55 398	167.845	151.607	16.238	1 493 462	1 522 266
Sep	81.228	55 651	55 512	168.970	154.064	14.906	1 520 735	1 497 667

KB117

1 The acquisition of a store card book by a major bank amplified credit card advances in November 2012.

2 Including all electronic transfers, such as electronic salary payments, and all debit and credit transactions settled among banks, excluding intrabank transactions. Real time clearing transactions and early debit order collections included from January 2010. However, from 31 October 2021 early debit orders were discontinued with its payment collection streams reaching full closure in June 2022.

Banks

Liquid assets and cash reserves¹

R millions

Period	Liquid assets								Cash reserves ⁶	
	Banknotes and subsidiary coin	Gold coin and bullion	Reserve and clearing account balances held with SARB ²	Treasury bills	Government stock ³	SARB securities	Total holdings ⁴	Required holdings ⁵	Banks' liabilities as adjusted	Minimum reserve balances to be held with SARB ⁷
	(1240M)	(1241M)	(1242M)	(1244M)	(1245M)	(1246M)	(1250M)	(1251M)	(1252M)	(1255M)
2019	29 117	1 825	327	272 930	331 750	1 436	637 385	249 508	4 412 965	110 324
2020	28 951	2 936	306	263 239	487 069	2 347	784 848	277 675	4 676 769	116 919
2021	27 165	2 043	253	265 910	576 260	2 034	873 666	286 674	4 905 028	122 626
2022	27 174	2 439	410	340 627	606 504	1 848	979 003	307 587	5 355 808	133 895
2023	26 254	2 047	4 260	366 502	690 240	-	1 089 304	330 411	5 820 240	145 506
2024	25 427	1 544	8 989	366 985	729 519	-	1 132 463	348 140	6 263 066	156 577
2022: Aug	26 942	1 003	439	365 739	631 312	1 791	1 027 225	312 522	5 434 875	135 872
Sep	26 209	1 256	481	360 033	629 224	-	1 017 203	315 732	5 516 732	137 918
Oct	26 373	2 344	384	352 832	649 531	-	1 031 465	319 479	5 584 200	139 605
Nov	28 663	3 228	546	345 361	681 981	-	1 059 778	321 834	5 627 876	140 697
Dec	29 890	2 730	1 318	340 143	699 125	-	1 073 205	321 326	5 673 902	141 848
2023: Jan	26 684	2 407	796	341 457	708 260	-	1 079 604	321 353	5 714 253	142 856
Feb	24 969	4 032	1 771	340 966	680 107	-	1 051 845	322 496	5 708 405	142 710
Mar	26 910	4 293	2 825	355 231	689 312	-	1 078 570	324 322	5 743 383	143 585
Apr	27 317	1 598	1 837	362 165	701 985	-	1 094 903	326 457	5 766 929	144 173
May	26 104	1 713	3 154	362 025	680 852	-	1 073 848	329 775	5 765 807	144 145
Jun	25 292	1 750	4 227	360 820	681 025	-	1 073 114	332 819	5 778 742	144 469
Jul	25 048	1 303	5 677	367 644	675 326	-	1 074 998	334 137	5 780 821	144 521
Aug	24 137	1 660	7 867	374 926	689 576	-	1 098 165	333 505	5 839 739	145 993
Sep	25 524	1 340	6 731	375 485	673 031	-	1 082 112	334 303	5 864 099	146 602
Oct	24 876	1 331	4 804	388 126	685 773	-	1 104 908	334 839	5 912 207	147 805
Nov	28 646	1 615	6 154	386 629	705 227	-	1 128 271	336 032	5 969 246	149 231
Dec	29 544	1 524	5 279	382 550	712 412	-	1 131 308	334 896	5 999 246	149 981
2024: Jan	25 740	919	5 715	382 704	702 764	-	1 117 843	336 685	6 026 462	150 662
Feb	24 956	1 860	7 167	374 262	701 140	-	1 109 385	337 136	6 020 541	150 514
Mar	25 470	2 228	8 847	370 666	694 723	-	1 101 934	340 063	6 068 534	151 713
Apr	25 579	2 165	5 941	378 183	690 178	-	1 102 045	342 943	6 112 771	152 819
May	25 438	1 530	6 794	376 308	702 814	-	1 112 883	344 635	6 189 227	154 731
Jun	25 177	1 306	9 741	369 314	720 271	-	1 125 809	344 879	6 228 209	155 705
Jul	24 619	805	11 396	360 933	734 239	-	1 131 992	346 227	6 276 684	156 917
Aug	25 390	1 562	10 431	357 809	746 495	-	1 141 687	349 754	6 325 380	158 134
Sep	24 995	2 787	11 024	356 430	729 110	-	1 124 346	355 249	6 386 582	159 665
Oct	23 370	1 262	12 315	357 133	744 943	-	1 139 023	357 878	6 448 601	161 215
Nov	26 466	800	10 340	358 943	793 490	-	1 190 038	360 578	6 515 548	162 889
Dec	27 929	1 306	8 156	361 129	794 056	-	1 192 575	361 650	6 558 259	163 956
2025: Jan	23 583	949	10 375	349 600	809 442	-	1 193 949	363 628	6 575 067	164 377
Feb	22 957	512	11 609	356 311	816 097	-	1 207 486	362 446	6 561 332	164 033
Mar	23 303	1 450	13 905	361 042	843 986	-	1 243 687	362 471	6 593 801	164 845
Apr	23 603	2 319	14 943	346 826	867 330	-	1 255 020	364 383	6 652 458	166 311
May	22 663	1 677	14 449	341 602	887 109	-	1 267 500	368 043	6 725 871	168 147
Jun	22 884	1 213	15 158	344 728	889 959	-	1 273 941	371 096	6 773 050	169 326
Jul	22 753	1 412	17 259	347 638	901 134	-	1 290 197	372 816	6 820 617	170 515
Aug	23 104	1 401	18 080	337 928	897 842	-	1 278 354	376 014	6 877 958	171 949
Sep	23 689	1 211	15 888	338 856	914 996	-	1 294 639	379 680	6 886 882	172 172

KB116

¹ Average amounts as from January 2008.² As from April 1993, only that part of the reserve balance in excess of the minimum cash reserve requirement, can be utilised as liquid assets.³ As from 18 October 2000 all government stock qualifies as liquid assets, irrespective of maturity.⁴ Total holdings include very small amounts of other liquid assets.⁵ As from April 1993 the liquid asset requirement has been set at 5 per cent of banks' liabilities, as per notice R696 in Government Gazette No. 14763 of April 1993.⁶ As from April 1998 the minimum cash reserve requirement was set at 2½% of banks' liabilities but banks' vault cash holdings qualified in full as part of cash reserves, as per notice R572 in Government Gazette No. 18810 of April 1998. As from September 2001 only 75 per cent of the banks' vault cash holdings qualified as cash reserves, and subsequently the qualifying portion was reduced by 25 percentage points each year. In September 2004 the concession was fully phased out.⁷ The average daily minimum reserve balance calculated in respect of a specific month and shown opposite that month has to be held on deposit with the South African Reserve Bank as from the 15th working day of the following month. For example, the banks' liabilities and cash holdings during August give rise to a minimum reserve balance reported opposite August in the table but only held with the South African Reserve Bank as from the 15th working day of September.

Mutual banks¹ and the Postbank Liabilities

R millions

End of	Mutual banks										Postbank
	Deposits					Other liabilities to the public	Total liabilities to the public	Gross capital and reserves	Other liabilities	Total liabilities ³	Deposits ²
	Current and transactional account (1200M)	Savings (1201M)	Other short and medium term (1202M)	Long term (1203M)	Total (1204M)						
2022	42	165	809	1 437	2 453	60	2 513	715	111	3 339	8 111
2023	78	281	735	1 582	2 676	82	2 757	792	114	3 662	7 615
2024	129	253	956	1 685	3 023	91	3 113	862	126	4 101	8 543
2024: Sep	96	243	907	1 719	2 964	104	3 068	795	123	3 985	8 691
Oct	111	240	897	1 701	2 948	98	3 047	843	128	4 018	8 683
Nov	117	258	953	1 670	2 998	95	3 093	841	141	4 075	8 653
Dec	129	253	956	1 685	3 023	91	3 113	862	126	4 101	8 543
2025: Jan	123	260	922	1 718	3 023	98	3 121	863	129	4 113	8 457
Feb	126	257	925	1 719	3 028	101	3 129	862	121	4 111	8 351
Mar	124	270	960	1 721	3 074	99	3 173	869	123	4 165	8 066
Apr	140	271	998	1 707	3 116	101	3 218	871	127	4 216	8 132
May	125	281	998	1 719	3 124	108	3 231	879	141	4 251	8 281
Jun	128	276	978	1 731	3 113	115	3 228	879	132	4 239	8 397
Jul	130	265	1 005	1 727	3 128	113	3 241	877	129	4 247	8 364
Aug	122	289	1 066	1 687	3 163	108	3 271	874	128	4 273	8 396
Sep	139	303	1 107	1 659	3 208	156	3 364	863	135	4 362	8 348

KB114

1 Mutual building societies until December 1993.

2 Deposits include transactional and savings accounts.

3 Following curatorship, VBS mutual bank data remained constant from March to December 2018 and was excluded from all monetary sector statistics as from January 2019.

Mutual banks¹ and the Postbank Assets

R millions

End of	Mutual banks											Postbank
	Claims on the private sector				Claims on the government sector		Claims on the monetary sector			Other assets	Total assets ²	Claims on the private sector
	Mortgage advances (1220M)	Other advances (1221M)	Bankers' acceptances (1222M)	Stocks and shares (1223M)	Treasury bills (1224M)	Government stock and other (1225M)	Central bank money and gold (1232M)	Deposits with banks (1227M)	Land Bank bills and promissory notes (1228M)			
2022	1 067	801	-	156	332	199	166	229	-	389	3 339	8 111
2023	1 095	918	-	132	374	193	187	379	-	385	3 662	7 615
2024	1 086	1 043	-	346	399	143	217	374	-	493	4 101	8 543
2024: Sep	1 073	978	-	275	382	178	210	435	-	453	3 985	8 691
Oct	1 084	987	-	297	379	188	232	365	-	486	4 018	8 683
Nov	1 068	996	-	355	398	142	255	369	-	491	4 075	8 653
Dec	1 086	1 043	-	346	399	143	217	374	-	493	4 101	8 543
2025: Jan	1 088	1 030	-	340	424	142	243	363	-	484	4 113	8 457
Feb	1 088	1 017	-	351	431	143	238	362	-	483	4 111	8 351
Mar	1 083	1 010	-	376	482	140	226	372	-	476	4 165	8 066
Apr	1 081	996	-	400	499	141	270	349	-	478	4 216	8 132
May	1 090	1 007	-	416	496	143	253	346	-	500	4 251	8 281
Jun	1 087	1 002	-	394	509	144	247	351	-	503	4 239	8 397
Jul	1 090	998	-	360	514	144	239	351	-	550	4 247	8 364
Aug	1 089	1 008	-	377	510	145	279	315	-	550	4 273	8 396
Sep	1 078	1 014	-	408	556	143	323	323	-	517	4 362	8 348

KB115

1 Mutual building societies until December 1993.

2 Following curatorship, VBS mutual bank data remained constant from March to December 2018 and was excluded from all monetary sector statistics as from January 2019.

Land and Agricultural Development Bank of South Africa

Liabilities

R millions

End of	Deposits (1273M)	Loans and other funding ¹		Land Bank bills ² (1275M)	Land Bank promissory notes ³ (1276M)	Land Bank debentures (1277M)	Capital and reserves ² (1278M)	Other liabilities (1279M)	Total liabilities (1280M)
		Domestic sector ² (1274M)	Foreign sector ² (1281M)						
2019	760	1 036	817	1 427	39 799	-	5 690	-	49 529
2020	528	1 686	1 026	1 427	35 832	-	4 160	-	44 659
2021	372	917	935	1 017	26 218	-	1 610	-	31 070
2022	319	735	576	816	21 001	-	2 930	-	26 376
2023	324	551	-	612	14 939	-	4 442	-	20 868
2024	258	-	-	-	10 812	-	10 853	-	21 923
2022: Aug	331	735	578	816	21 287	-	3 083	-	26 830
Sep	327	735	578	816	21 001	-	3 015	-	26 470
Oct	324	735	576	816	21 001	-	2 997	-	26 449
Nov	324	735	576	816	21 001	-	3 452	-	26 904
Dec	319	735	576	816	21 001	-	2 930	-	26 376
2023: Jan	319	735	576	816	21 001	-	2 930	-	26 375
Feb	315	735	531	816	21 001	-	3 523	-	26 920
Mar	307	735	529	816	19 928	-	4 453	-	26 767
Apr	308	735	529	816	19 928	-	4 204	-	26 519
May	307	735	529	816	19 928	-	4 834	-	27 149
Jun	309	551	529	612	14 953	-	4 102	-	21 056
Jul	312	551	529	612	14 939	-	3 819	-	20 763
Aug	318	551	-	612	14 939	-	3 819	-	20 240
Sep	318	551	-	612	14 939	-	4 381	-	20 801
Oct	320	551	-	612	14 939	-	4 362	-	20 784
Nov	324	551	-	612	14 939	-	4 384	-	20 811
Dec	324	551	-	612	14 939	-	4 442	-	20 868
2024: Jan	333	551	-	612	14 939	-	4 516	-	20 951
Feb	328	551	-	612	14 939	-	4 516	-	20 946
Mar	326	551	-	612	14 939	-	4 292	-	20 720
Apr	331	551	-	612	14 939	-	4 523	-	20 956
May	338	551	-	612	14 939	-	4 566	-	21 006
Jun	340	551	-	612	14 939	-	4 580	-	21 022
Jul	256	551	-	612	14 939	-	4 609	-	20 967
Aug	254	551	-	612	14 939	-	4 581	-	20 938
Sep	263	-	-	-	10 812	-	10 662	-	21 737
Oct	263	-	-	-	10 812	-	10 731	-	21 806
Nov	255	-	-	-	10 812	-	10 715	-	21 783
Dec	258	-	-	-	10 812	-	10 853	-	21 923
2025: Jan	258	-	-	-	10 812	-	10 897	-	21 967
Feb	257	-	-	-	10 812	-	10 908	-	21 977
Mar	265	-	-	-	9 429	-	11 006	-	20 700
Apr	266	-	-	-	9 429	-	10 723	-	20 417
May	266	-	-	-	9 429	-	10 723	-	20 418
Jun	246	-	-	-	9 429	-	10 713	-	20 388
Jul	246	-	-	-	9 429	-	10 630	-	20 305
Aug	246	-	-	-	9 429	-	10 740	-	20 415
Sep	240	-	-	-	9 429	-	10 776	-	20 444

KB118

1 Including short-term overnight loan facilities and call bonds.

2 The Land Bank implemented a debt restructuring solution with effect from September 2024, thereby ending its debt default position. The increase in capital and reserves reflects capital injection made by the government.

3 Including similar acknowledgement of debt, such as floating rate notes.

Land and Agricultural Development Bank of South Africa
Assets

R millions

End of	Loans and advances								Other assets (1299M)	Total assets (1300M)	Cash credit advances, seasonally adjusted (1301M)
	Short term			Long term				Total loans and advances (1298M)			
	Cash credit advances			Mortgage loans		Other loans to individuals (1296M)	Total (1297M)				
	Individuals (1290M)	Co-operatives ¹ (1291M)	Total (1293M)	Individuals (1294M)	Co-operatives (1295M)						
2019	508	25 827	26 335	8 405	8 180	1 712	18 297	44 631	4 898	49 529	26 610
2020	649	22 118	22 768	7 198	7 005	1 466	15 669	38 437	6 222	44 659	23 086
2021	1 098	15 237	16 335	4 959	4 826	1 010	10 795	27 130	3 940	31 070	16 479
2022	1 014	10 531	11 545	3 427	3 335	698	7 460	19 006	7 370	26 376	11 660
2023	938	9 870	10 807	3 212	3 126	654	6 992	17 799	3 069	20 868	10 936
2024	732	9 173	9 904	2 985	2 905	608	6 498	16 403	5 520	21 923	10 035
2022: Aug	1 444	11 871	13 315	3 863	3 760	787	8 409	21 724	5 106	26 830	13 624
Sep	1 295	11 512	12 807	3 746	3 646	763	8 155	20 962	5 508	26 470	13 158
Oct	1 019	11 359	12 377	3 696	3 598	753	8 047	20 424	6 025	26 449	12 652
Nov	1 010	10 737	11 747	3 494	3 401	712	7 606	19 353	7 551	26 904	11 976
Dec	1 014	10 531	11 545	3 427	3 335	698	7 460	19 006	7 370	26 376	11 660
2023: Jan	1 015	10 536	11 552	3 429	3 337	698	7 464	19 016	7 360	26 375	11 491
Feb	964	10 411	11 375	3 388	3 297	690	7 375	18 750	8 170	26 920	11 127
Mar	885	10 504	11 389	3 418	3 327	696	7 442	18 831	7 936	26 767	11 078
Apr	875	10 385	11 260	3 380	3 289	688	7 357	18 616	7 903	26 519	10 935
May	866	9 926	10 792	3 230	3 144	658	7 032	17 823	9 325	27 149	10 520
Jun	968	9 755	10 723	3 175	3 090	647	6 911	17 634	3 422	21 056	10 627
Jul	926	9 775	10 700	3 181	3 096	648	6 925	17 625	3 138	20 763	10 824
Aug	933	9 616	10 549	3 129	3 046	637	6 812	17 361	2 879	20 240	10 820
Sep	931	9 512	10 443	3 095	3 013	630	6 739	17 182	3 619	20 801	10 783
Oct	938	9 897	10 835	3 221	3 135	656	7 011	17 846	2 937	20 784	11 070
Nov	930	9 479	10 410	3 084	2 933	628	6 646	17 055	3 755	20 811	10 623
Dec	938	9 870	10 807	3 212	3 126	654	6 992	17 799	3 069	20 868	10 936
2024: Jan	937	9 838	10 775	3 202	3 116	652	6 970	17 745	3 206	20 951	10 697
Feb	937	9 818	10 755	3 195	3 109	651	6 955	17 710	3 236	20 946	10 525
Mar	845	9 727	10 572	3 166	3 081	645	6 891	17 463	3 257	20 720	10 280
Apr	845	9 738	10 583	3 169	3 084	645	6 899	17 482	3 474	20 956	10 294
May	923	9 612	10 535	3 128	3 044	637	6 809	17 344	3 662	21 006	10 299
Jun	919	9 430	10 349	3 069	2 987	625	6 681	17 030	3 992	21 022	10 276
Jul	916	9 377	10 293	3 052	2 970	622	6 643	16 936	4 031	20 967	10 384
Aug	910	9 331	10 241	3 037	2 955	618	6 610	16 851	4 087	20 938	10 483
Sep	905	9 081	9 986	2 955	2 876	602	6 433	16 419	5 317	21 737	10 318
Oct	904	9 000	9 904	2 929	2 850	597	6 376	16 279	5 527	21 806	10 102
Nov	1 013	9 008	10 021	2 931	2 853	597	6 382	16 403	5 380	21 783	10 225
Dec	732	9 173	9 904	2 985	2 905	608	6 498	16 403	5 520	21 923	10 035
2025: Jan	727	8 964	9 692	2 917	2 839	594	6 350	16 042	5 925	21 967	9 605
Feb	732	9 185	9 917	2 989	2 909	609	6 507	16 424	5 553	21 977	9 695
Mar	693	8 621	9 314	2 805	2 730	571	6 107	15 421	5 279	20 700	9 042
Apr	693	8 621	9 313	2 805	2 730	571	6 107	15 420	4 997	20 417	9 045
May	693	8 630	9 323	2 808	2 733	572	6 114	15 436	4 982	20 418	9 117
Jun	695	8 734	9 429	2 842	2 766	579	6 187	15 616	4 772	20 388	9 363
Jul	949	8 513	9 462	2 770	2 696	564	6 031	15 493	4 812	20 305	9 528
Aug	1 054	8 402	9 456	2 734	2 661	557	5 952	15 408	5 008	20 415	9 668
Sep	1 048	8 092	9 140	2 633	2 563	536	5 733	14 872	5 572	20 444	9 453

KB119

1 Including control boards.

Monetary sector¹

Liabilities

R millions

End of	Banknotes and coin ² (1312M)	Deposits of domestic private sector, local authorities and public enterprises and/or corporations ³						
		Current and transactional account (1313M)	Other demand (1314M)	Savings (1321M)	Short term (1316M)	Medium term (1322M)	Long term (1319M)	Total (1320M)
2019	127 072	788 044	920 164	288 566	245 247	665 354	729 286	3 636 661
2020	139 569	949 157	1 100 651	340 756	270 789	688 792	628 889	3 979 034
2021	144 403	1 006 074	1 165 583	406 864	300 035	645 098	684 964	4 208 618
2022	144 677	1 033 114	1 236 413	430 099	354 354	707 162	821 738	4 582 878
2023	146 268	1 121 109	1 312 132	477 675	407 805	751 833	872 139	4 942 693
2024	147 130	1 143 693	1 415 375	541 942	497 211	727 945	957 221	5 283 388
2022: Aug	136 435	1 016 714	1 274 978	413 092	323 858	624 368	842 402	4 495 413
Sep	142 288	1 049 324	1 239 321	420 665	313 374	664 299	836 102	4 523 084
Oct	140 287	1 024 496	1 276 591	422 529	335 648	658 883	842 723	4 560 870
Nov	141 160	1 041 184	1 301 319	429 795	290 557	705 515	852 730	4 621 101
Dec	144 677	1 033 114	1 236 413	430 099	354 354	707 162	821 738	4 582 878
2023: Jan	137 706	1 022 660	1 341 994	423 524	305 067	705 903	833 010	4 632 159
Feb	138 138	1 041 239	1 337 971	423 354	311 622	725 660	848 200	4 688 046
Mar	138 983	1 071 687	1 287 411	435 074	351 798	710 870	869 591	4 726 432
Apr	141 362	1 077 679	1 298 933	440 732	361 288	689 541	901 509	4 769 681
May	139 095	1 055 159	1 366 582	448 281	319 569	679 615	928 310	4 797 517
Jun	139 869	1 074 104	1 288 309	451 430	372 729	679 150	939 956	4 805 678
Jul	140 424	1 067 349	1 369 192	457 503	301 522	696 373	957 566	4 849 506
Aug	137 985	1 045 800	1 407 495	459 707	302 209	714 514	959 730	4 889 455
Sep	142 137	1 070 379	1 341 796	467 014	365 787	708 470	928 193	4 881 639
Oct	140 439	1 047 302	1 368 390	469 347	348 641	721 421	892 048	4 847 148
Nov	141 633	1 075 694	1 388 027	478 170	326 525	746 381	866 238	4 881 035
Dec	146 268	1 121 109	1 312 132	477 675	407 805	751 833	872 139	4 942 693
2024: Jan	136 282	1 079 266	1 406 855	473 742	354 365	746 217	888 306	4 948 751
Feb	135 754	1 079 289	1 402 833	474 900	355 044	754 658	899 368	4 966 092
Mar	141 008	1 124 596	1 352 242	483 454	477 184	702 689	917 457	5 057 623
Apr	137 388	1 095 259	1 373 377	489 648	479 878	670 699	946 942	5 055 803
May	138 605	1 101 406	1 348 852	501 980	459 545	651 712	967 719	5 031 214
Jun	140 459	1 126 302	1 450 421	502 358	325 289	641 886	966 043	5 012 298
Jul	138 766	1 117 994	1 486 510	518 322	357 832	647 323	1 016 422	5 144 403
Aug	141 569	1 149 287	1 361 122	516 031	481 992	693 349	991 315	5 193 096
Sep	142 683	1 154 313	1 515 303	519 320	350 316	710 029	996 142	5 245 424
Oct	141 511	1 124 262	1 527 919	531 692	349 431	711 342	990 953	5 235 600
Nov	147 453	1 149 447	1 401 441	543 562	465 159	743 204	962 792	5 265 605
Dec	147 130	1 143 693	1 415 375	541 942	497 211	727 945	957 221	5 283 388
2025: Jan	139 875	1 129 060	1 429 520	539 139	535 153	707 157	966 001	5 306 030
Feb	139 829	1 138 619	1 413 543	536 658	493 654	699 964	988 421	5 270 859
Mar	141 098	1 162 424	1 573 832	534 887	382 892	687 627	1 015 555	5 357 217
Apr	140 241	1 165 520	1 453 424	547 602	525 026	660 429	1 018 621	5 370 622
May	143 036	1 151 802	1 454 557	548 339	523 494	682 784	1 020 230	5 381 205
Jun	143 353	1 176 044	1 574 286	550 110	386 895	671 077	1 025 678	5 384 090
Jul	142 160	1 179 382	1 607 849	564 468	411 291	699 271	1 035 172	5 497 433
Aug	147 277	1 206 275	1 585 451	563 529	432 080	706 360	1 023 256	5 516 951
Sep	146 311	1 233 065	1 615 206	561 212	375 198	763 847	1 020 318	5 568 846

KB120

1 A consolidation of the balance sheets of institutions within the monetary sector, that is, the South African Reserve Bank, the former National Finance Corporation, Corporation for Public Deposits (CPD) and the so-called 'pooled funds' of the former Public Debt Commissioners, the Land Bank, Postbank, private banking institutions (including the former banks, discount houses, equity building societies and mutual building societies). Coin in circulation is included in this consolidation.

2 In circulation outside the monetary sector.

3 Deposits of the private non-monetary sector (including the Public Investment Corporation as from January 1996). Foreign deposits and government deposits are excluded.

4 'Government' consists of the South African Central Government (including the former Public Debt Commissioners up to December 1995, but excluding the Public Investment Corporation, Transnet, Sapo and Telkom) and provincial governments. All transfers to the Stabilisation Account are also included, as are deposits of the International Monetary Fund with the South African Reserve Bank arising from drawings on the super reserve tranche or reserve tranche.

Monetary sector¹
Liabilities

R millions

Government deposits ⁴ (1506M)	Foreign liabilities			Capital and reserves			Other liabilities (1509M)	Total liabilities (1338M)	End of
	SARB and CPD (1339M)	Other (1507M)	Total (1508M)	Domestic (1334M)	Foreign (1335M)	Total (1336M)			
483 488	8 522	523 848	532 370	407 582	46 536	454 118	1 028 737	6 262 445	2019
593 554	13 484	573 585	587 069	416 190	51 929	468 120	1 146 063	6 913 408	2020
588 030	11 795	485 937	497 732	439 948	61 670	501 617	1 259 274	7 199 675	2021
641 092	16 101	604 128	620 229	447 580	62 979	510 559	1 285 586	7 785 022	2022
524 035	16 749	613 380	630 129	472 079	64 220	536 299	1 443 838	8 223 262	2023
625 909	18 448	711 229	729 677	508 749	68 074	576 822	1 442 649	8 805 575	2024
587 012	13 211	591 330	604 541	442 617	61 262	503 880	1 337 556	7 664 837	2022: Aug
615 127	13 562	666 715	680 277	438 853	60 985	499 838	1 376 700	7 837 313	Sep
615 771	16 428	682 473	698 900	432 738	61 646	494 384	1 396 370	7 906 582	Oct
585 404	16 319	598 758	615 077	443 406	61 994	505 399	1 340 834	7 808 975	Nov
641 092	16 101	604 128	620 229	447 580	62 979	510 559	1 285 586	7 785 022	Dec
603 588	16 538	622 038	638 575	456 413	63 734	520 147	1 384 816	7 916 990	2023: Jan
579 423	12 883	633 139	646 023	458 835	64 128	522 963	1 434 704	8 009 297	Feb
543 343	12 666	595 343	608 009	448 234	64 707	512 941	1 392 300	7 922 008	Mar
546 756	22 059	607 005	629 064	439 247	64 813	504 059	1 438 640	8 029 564	Apr
570 067	16 473	674 279	690 752	440 386	64 549	504 936	1 544 523	8 246 890	May
650 610	19 551	605 755	625 306	449 733	65 016	514 749	1 457 500	8 193 713	Jun
554 394	26 363	621 706	648 069	456 204	61 837	518 042	1 399 201	8 109 636	Jul
554 754	22 219	609 898	632 118	456 393	62 376	518 770	1 473 797	8 206 878	Aug
550 982	17 396	640 120	657 517	455 149	61 604	516 753	1 488 767	8 237 795	Sep
531 331	20 892	636 852	657 744	455 656	62 492	518 148	1 473 534	8 168 346	Oct
581 486	15 965	613 592	629 557	465 742	63 469	529 211	1 499 121	8 262 043	Nov
524 035	16 749	613 380	630 129	472 079	64 220	536 299	1 443 838	8 223 262	Dec
483 134	21 278	622 007	643 285	476 259	64 719	540 978	1 473 677	8 226 107	2024: Jan
513 832	19 727	655 370	675 097	482 601	65 199	547 800	1 482 717	8 321 292	Feb
497 955	13 924	636 376	650 300	470 558	65 125	535 682	1 520 778	8 403 346	Mar
483 718	20 569	674 682	695 251	462 260	65 479	527 739	1 529 218	8 429 118	Apr
479 210	16 885	674 937	691 821	470 511	66 220	536 731	1 492 081	8 369 661	May
524 371	14 217	647 085	661 302	481 414	67 194	548 608	1 475 897	8 362 935	Jun
465 980	20 465	672 780	693 246	490 884	68 622	559 506	1 416 037	8 417 937	Jul
485 435	17 673	679 078	696 751	488 093	68 688	556 780	1 413 585	8 487 216	Aug
501 236	12 904	700 488	713 392	497 316	68 597	565 913	1 430 836	8 599 485	Sep
480 440	23 651	691 024	714 675	492 038	68 865	560 903	1 419 854	8 552 983	Oct
583 749	17 891	695 882	713 773	502 224	69 481	571 705	1 445 341	8 727 626	Nov
625 909	18 448	711 229	729 677	508 749	68 074	576 822	1 442 649	8 805 575	Dec
526 017	25 503	739 690	765 192	514 310	68 384	582 694	1 476 295	8 796 103	2025: Jan
566 294	21 280	706 737	728 017	520 463	68 870	589 333	1 444 386	8 738 718	Feb
542 248	13 845	718 049	731 895	512 076	69 351	581 427	1 492 679	8 846 565	Mar
541 650	26 394	753 633	780 026	508 189	70 202	578 391	1 526 202	8 937 132	Apr
560 982	19 452	714 776	734 228	514 987	70 909	585 897	1 509 222	8 914 569	May
655 514	17 756	720 481	738 237	522 390	67 655	590 045	1 498 740	9 009 980	Jun
559 744	20 062	758 201	778 263	529 345	68 481	597 827	1 502 789	9 078 216	Jul
622 128	17 591	779 049	796 639	526 913	78 822	605 735	1 512 498	9 201 229	Aug
554 786	17 712	825 238	842 950	535 884	79 481	615 366	1 560 934	9 289 193	Sep

KB121

1 A consolidation of the balance sheets of institutions within the monetary sector, that is, the South African Reserve Bank, the former National Finance Corporation, Corporation for Public Deposits (CPD) and the so-called 'pooled funds' of the former Public Debt Commissioners, the Land Bank, Postbank, private banking institutions (including the former banks, discount houses, equity building societies and mutual building societies). Coin in circulation is included in this consolidation.

2 In circulation outside the monetary sector.

3 Deposits of the private non-monetary sector (including the Public Investment Corporation as from January 1996). Foreign deposits and government deposits are excluded.

4 'Government' consists of the South African Central Government (including the former Public Debt Commissioners up to December 1995, but excluding the Public Investment Corporation, Transnet, Sapo and Telkom) and provincial governments. All transfers to the Stabilisation Account are also included, as are deposits of the International Monetary Fund with the South African Reserve Bank arising from drawings on the super reserve tranche or reserve tranche.

Monetary sector¹

Assets

R millions

End of	Foreign assets					Claims on the private sector					
	Gold and foreign exchange			Long term ³	Total foreign assets	SARB	CPD ⁴	Land Bank	Other ⁵ monetary institutions	Total	Of which: Local authorities
	SARB ²	Other	Total								
	(1021M)	(1349M)	(1511M)								
2019	772 109	527 337	1 299 445	120 689	1 420 134	1 009	242	44 631	3 824 200	3 870 083	20 171
2020	807 615	755 944	1 563 559	225 782	1 789 341	1 009	99	38 437	3 968 145	4 007 690	19 478
2021	915 424	808 254	1 723 678	140 061	1 863 739	1 009	-	27 130	4 074 192	4 102 331	16 306
2022	1 029 010	754 375	1 783 385	133 817	1 917 202	1 009	-	19 006	4 397 980	4 417 994	16 335
2023	1 157 582	797 875	1 955 458	123 045	2 078 503	1 009	-	17 799	4 620 799	4 639 608	14 017
2024	1 226 685	882 563	2 109 248	122 383	2 231 631	1 009	-	16 403	4 800 142	4 817 554	18 033
2022: Aug	1 018 340	731 501	1 749 841	169 297	1 919 138	1 009	-	21 724	4 330 820	4 353 553	17 013
Sep	1 058 835	759 014	1 817 849	203 622	2 021 471	1 009	-	20 962	4 389 386	4 411 357	18 087
Oct	1 078 623	797 804	1 876 427	198 527	2 074 954	1 009	-	20 424	4 383 731	4 405 164	17 229
Nov	1 014 450	742 672	1 757 122	152 315	1 909 436	1 009	-	19 353	4 404 800	4 425 162	18 009
Dec	1 029 010	754 375	1 783 385	133 817	1 917 202	1 009	-	19 006	4 397 980	4 417 994	16 335
2023: Jan	1 080 051	748 746	1 828 796	131 746	1 960 543	1 009	-	19 016	4 444 439	4 464 464	16 831
Feb	1 124 702	795 527	1 920 229	143 617	2 063 846	1 009	-	18 750	4 479 121	4 498 880	15 746
Mar	1 099 223	740 912	1 840 135	130 758	1 970 893	1 009	-	18 831	4 490 309	4 510 149	15 602
Apr	1 132 635	804 867	1 937 502	129 540	2 067 042	1 009	-	18 616	4 482 810	4 502 436	16 055
May	1 213 149	881 802	2 094 951	197 602	2 292 553	1 009	-	17 823	4 478 549	4 497 381	16 394
Jun	1 166 522	848 580	2 015 102	161 426	2 176 528	1 009	-	17 634	4 526 900	4 545 543	14 419
Jul	1 103 268	815 032	1 918 300	164 113	2 082 413	1 009	-	17 625	4 530 694	4 549 328	14 531
Aug	1 164 327	840 398	2 004 726	145 035	2 149 760	1 009	-	17 361	4 530 300	4 548 669	14 757
Sep	1 152 502	818 776	1 971 278	149 154	2 120 432	1 009	-	17 182	4 599 671	4 617 862	15 486
Oct	1 141 302	787 045	1 928 347	137 076	2 065 422	1 009	-	17 846	4 563 880	4 582 735	15 629
Nov	1 163 787	804 041	1 967 828	125 460	2 093 288	1 009	-	17 055	4 580 899	4 598 963	15 720
Dec	1 157 582	797 875	1 955 458	123 045	2 078 503	1 009	-	17 799	4 620 799	4 639 608	14 017
2024: Jan	1 147 181	822 186	1 969 367	124 977	2 094 344	1 009	-	17 745	4 576 639	4 595 393	14 609
Feb	1 187 419	869 735	2 057 154	124 758	2 181 912	1 009	-	17 710	4 617 169	4 635 888	16 074
Mar	1 185 629	836 545	2 022 174	120 969	2 143 143	1 009	-	17 463	4 712 046	4 730 518	15 532
Apr	1 157 580	831 095	1 988 675	131 253	2 119 928	1 009	-	17 482	4 648 735	4 667 226	15 393
May	1 160 761	815 579	1 976 340	123 339	2 099 679	1 009	-	17 344	4 658 091	4 676 444	15 049
Jun	1 129 996	782 586	1 912 582	114 795	2 027 376	1 009	-	17 030	4 721 542	4 739 581	15 818
Jul	1 135 398	839 821	1 975 220	115 498	2 090 717	1 009	-	16 936	4 690 546	4 708 491	15 294
Aug	1 113 977	833 962	1 947 939	128 035	2 075 974	1 009	-	16 851	4 755 825	4 773 686	16 538
Sep	1 093 256	832 107	1 925 363	140 841	2 066 204	1 009	-	16 419	4 814 306	4 831 734	17 218
Oct	1 111 075	843 105	1 954 180	111 482	2 065 663	1 009	-	16 279	4 760 652	4 777 940	17 236
Nov	1 189 134	845 707	2 034 841	116 644	2 151 485	1 009	-	16 403	4 773 007	4 790 419	17 736
Dec	1 226 685	882 563	2 109 248	122 383	2 231 631	1 009	-	16 403	4 800 142	4 817 554	18 033
2025: Jan	1 227 275	910 529	2 137 804	114 789	2 252 594	1 009	-	16 042	4 787 758	4 804 809	18 850
Feb	1 223 442	855 604	2 079 045	102 400	2 181 446	1 009	-	16 424	4 787 501	4 804 934	17 827
Mar	1 238 768	800 457	2 039 225	108 595	2 147 820	1 009	-	15 421	4 876 652	4 893 082	17 056
Apr	1 254 707	846 457	2 101 164	119 180	2 220 344	1 009	-	15 420	4 862 428	4 878 857	17 319
May	1 218 342	805 122	2 023 464	122 324	2 145 788	1 009	-	15 436	4 891 122	4 907 567	17 257
Jun	1 216 183	812 630	2 028 813	123 037	2 151 850	1 009	-	15 616	4 957 245	4 973 871	17 472
Jul	1 250 632	829 914	2 080 546	118 630	2 199 176	1 009	-	15 493	4 967 101	4 983 603	17 260
Aug	1 247 625	868 215	2 115 840	120 759	2 236 599	1 009	-	15 408	5 036 778	5 053 194	16 535
Sep	1 204 553	907 518	2 112 071	138 038	2 250 109	1 009	-	14 872	5 107 429	5 123 310	16 961

KB122

1 See footnote 1 on pages S-18 and S-19.

2 The gold component of the South African Reserve Bank's foreign assets is valued at a market-related price.

3 Including investments and bills.

4 Including investments in private-sector securities of the so-called 'pooled funds', administered up to March 1984, by the former Public Debt Commissioners.

5 Including private banking institutions, mutual banks and the Postbank.

6 Consisting of the South African Reserve Bank's holdings of South African Treasury bills, South African government securities, loans to the government sector and investments of the Stabilisation Account.

7 Including investments in government securities of the so-called 'pooled funds', administered up to March 1984, by the former Public Debt Commissioners.

8 Including coin responsibility of the Treasury up to February 1994.

Monetary sector¹

Assets

R millions

Claims on the government sector					Other assets (1513M)	Total assets (1358M)	End of
Credit				Total claims on the government sector ⁸ (1359M)			
SARB ⁶ (1350M)	CPD ⁷ (1351M)	Other ⁵ monetary institutions (1352M)	Total (1353M)				
8 103	29 063	730 513	767 678	767 678	204 550	6 262 445	2019
41 844	15 393	841 874	899 111	899 111	217 266	6 913 408	2020
41 350	81	940 590	982 021	982 021	251 583	7 199 675	2021
39 035	73	1 108 534	1 147 642	1 147 642	302 184	7 785 022	2022
33 764	364	1 196 427	1 230 555	1 230 555	274 597	8 223 262	2023
36 042	73	1 364 551	1 400 666	1 400 666	355 724	8 805 575	2024
38 389	79	1 065 787	1 104 255	1 104 255	287 892	7 664 837	2022: Aug
37 470	167	1 074 586	1 112 223	1 112 223	292 263	7 837 313	Sep
37 820	137	1 094 156	1 132 113	1 132 113	294 351	7 906 582	Oct
39 031	78	1 109 452	1 148 561	1 148 561	325 817	7 808 975	Nov
39 035	73	1 108 534	1 147 642	1 147 642	302 184	7 785 022	Dec
39 547	73	1 110 941	1 150 561	1 150 561	341 422	7 916 990	2023: Jan
33 563	85	1 074 847	1 108 495	1 108 495	338 076	8 009 297	Feb
33 829	73	1 103 656	1 137 557	1 137 557	303 409	7 922 008	Mar
33 392	994	1 117 614	1 152 000	1 152 000	308 086	8 029 564	Apr
31 672	263	1 120 126	1 152 061	1 152 061	304 895	8 246 890	May
32 964	73	1 144 311	1 177 347	1 177 347	294 295	8 193 713	Jun
33 211	78	1 159 956	1 193 245	1 193 245	284 650	8 109 636	Jul
32 512	15 188	1 164 906	1 212 607	1 212 607	295 842	8 206 878	Aug
31 325	471	1 173 250	1 205 046	1 205 046	294 455	8 237 795	Sep
31 867	73	1 202 075	1 234 014	1 234 014	286 174	8 168 346	Oct
33 487	73	1 249 752	1 283 312	1 283 312	286 480	8 262 043	Nov
33 764	364	1 196 427	1 230 555	1 230 555	274 597	8 223 262	Dec
33 471	79	1 154 416	1 187 967	1 187 967	348 404	8 226 107	2024: Jan
32 694	79	1 149 880	1 182 654	1 182 654	320 838	8 321 292	Feb
32 008	73	1 148 932	1 181 012	1 181 012	348 673	8 403 346	Mar
32 130	38 207	1 192 550	1 262 886	1 262 886	379 077	8 429 118	Apr
32 352	20 506	1 201 960	1 254 818	1 254 818	338 721	8 369 661	May
33 917	498	1 232 981	1 267 396	1 267 396	328 582	8 362 935	Jun
34 771	260	1 252 508	1 287 539	1 287 539	331 190	8 417 937	Jul
35 064	109	1 291 452	1 326 625	1 326 625	310 932	8 487 216	Aug
36 168	1 900	1 284 619	1 322 687	1 322 687	378 861	8 599 485	Sep
35 304	73	1 313 528	1 348 905	1 348 905	360 476	8 552 983	Oct
36 425	255	1 370 286	1 406 966	1 406 966	378 756	8 727 626	Nov
36 042	73	1 364 551	1 400 666	1 400 666	355 724	8 805 575	Dec
35 647	73	1 312 501	1 348 221	1 348 221	390 479	8 796 103	2025: Jan
35 099	77	1 330 204	1 365 380	1 365 380	386 959	8 738 718	Feb
34 804	1 154	1 371 300	1 407 258	1 407 258	398 405	8 846 565	Mar
35 069	73	1 420 783	1 455 925	1 455 925	382 005	8 937 132	Apr
36 063	219	1 423 100	1 459 382	1 459 382	401 832	8 914 569	May
36 667	73	1 432 551	1 469 290	1 469 290	414 969	9 009 980	Jun
37 658	73	1 450 043	1 487 773	1 487 773	407 663	9 078 216	Jul
37 412	73	1 445 493	1 482 978	1 482 978	428 458	9 201 229	Aug
37 725	73	1 450 363	1 488 161	1 488 161	427 613	9 289 193	Sep

KB123

1 See footnote 1 on pages S–18 and S–19.

2 The gold component of the South African Reserve Bank's foreign assets is valued at a market-related price.

3 Including investments and bills.

4 Including investments in private-sector securities of the so-called 'pooled funds', administered up to March 1984, by the former Public Debt Commissioners.

5 Including private banking institutions, mutual banks and the Postbank.

6 Consisting of the South African Reserve Bank's holdings of South African Treasury bills, South African government securities, loans to the government sector and investments of the Stabilisation Account.

7 Including investments in government securities of the so-called 'pooled funds', administered up to March 1984, by the former Public Debt Commissioners.

8 Including coin responsibility of the Treasury up to February 1994.

Credit extension by all monetary institutions¹

R millions

End of	Credit extended to the domestic private sector									Net credit extended to the government sector	Total domestic credit extension ⁵	Memorandum items		
	Investments	Bills discounted	Loans and advances						Total credit extended to the private sector ⁴			Claims on local authorities	Loans granted under resale agreements	Assets securitised ⁶
			Instalment sale credit	Leasing finance ²	Mortgage advances	Other loans and advances	Total loans and advances ³	Of which: Households						
	(1360M)	(1361M)	(1362M)	(1363M)	(1364M)	(1365M)	(1369M)	(1505M)	(1347M)	(1367M)	(1368M)	(1348M)	(1502M)	(1375M)
2019	326 973	7 477	433 006	12 211	1 499 933	1 590 482	3 535 632	1 734 977	3 870 083	284 190	4 154 273	20 171	76 505	1 963
2020	423 039	5 621	445 694	11 323	1 568 311	1 553 703	3 579 030	1 790 521	4 007 690	305 557	4 313 247	19 478	95 103	-
2021	356 028	8 152	473 766	10 369	1 651 881	1 602 135	3 738 151	1 887 460	4 102 331	393 991	4 496 322	16 306	135 165	-
2022	326 349	8 645	519 115	10 204	1 761 668	1 792 013	4 083 000	2 033 653	4 417 994	506 550	4 924 544	16 335	145 738	-
2023	353 667	8 023	566 358	13 410	1 823 413	1 874 737	4 277 917	2 126 266	4 639 608	706 520	5 346 127	14 017	138 260	1 988
2024	354 567	6 720	600 863	14 513	1 881 962	1 958 929	4 456 266	2 189 154	4 817 554	774 757	5 592 311	18 033	209 904	1 951
2022: Aug	345 758	8 669	499 966	10 622	1 721 099	1 767 438	3 999 125	1 980 675	4 353 553	517 243	4 870 796	17 013	142 079	-
Sep	369 648	9 381	505 083	10 675	1 731 123	1 785 448	4 032 328	1 992 491	4 411 357	497 096	4 908 453	18 087	121 432	-
Oct	361 720	10 216	509 208	10 700	1 739 650	1 773 670	4 033 229	2 006 663	4 405 164	516 342	4 921 506	17 229	139 910	-
Nov	348 619	9 192	513 827	10 775	1 753 064	1 789 685	4 067 351	2 021 507	4 425 162	563 156	4 988 318	18 009	154 145	-
Dec	326 349	8 645	519 115	10 204	1 761 668	1 792 013	4 083 000	2 033 653	4 417 994	506 550	4 924 544	16 335	145 738	-
2023: Jan	334 860	5 823	521 763	10 093	1 765 856	1 826 068	4 123 781	2 052 081	4 464 464	546 974	5 011 438	16 831	157 595	-
Feb.....	335 614	6 424	526 142	9 610	1 779 078	1 842 011	4 156 842	2 065 737	4 498 880	529 072	5 027 952	15 746	147 623	-
Mar.....	333 948	7 113	531 779	10 594	1 780 787	1 845 928	4 169 087	2 069 598	4 510 149	594 214	5 104 363	15 602	130 745	-
Apr.....	319 948	7 496	529 385	9 722	1 784 069	1 851 816	4 174 992	2 074 976	4 502 436	605 244	5 107 680	16 055	134 408	-
May.....	364 395	8 075	533 129	10 566	1 788 986	1 792 230	4 124 911	2 082 210	4 497 381	581 994	5 079 375	16 394	137 208	-
Jun.....	350 067	7 314	535 600	13 217	1 797 105	1 842 240	4 188 162	2 087 036	4 545 543	526 737	5 072 280	14 419	120 612	-
Jul.....	349 880	7 246	542 949	13 132	1 800 482	1 835 638	4 192 202	2 091 841	4 549 328	638 851	5 188 179	14 531	119 100	-
Aug.....	342 438	7 934	547 490	13 347	1 807 002	1 830 458	4 198 297	2 100 817	4 548 669	657 853	5 206 523	14 757	111 073	-
Sep.....	360 058	8 524	550 276	13 578	1 809 044	1 876 381	4 249 279	2 105 787	4 617 862	654 064	5 271 926	15 486	111 706	-
Oct.....	347 557	9 059	555 473	13 614	1 814 767	1 842 265	4 226 119	2 114 561	4 582 735	702 683	5 285 418	15 629	120 000	-
Nov.....	343 623	7 635	562 070	13 785	1 819 151	1 852 700	4 247 705	2 121 817	4 598 963	701 826	5 300 789	15 720	119 816	1 988
Dec.....	353 667	8 023	566 358	13 410	1 823 413	1 874 737	4 277 917	2 126 266	4 639 608	706 520	5 346 127	14 017	138 260	-
2024: Jan	322 950	7 401	570 390	13 419	1 826 475	1 854 757	4 265 041	2 139 580	4 595 393	704 833	5 300 225	14 609	175 785	-
Feb.....	324 620	6 992	574 889	13 382	1 838 119	1 877 886	4 304 276	2 153 903	4 635 888	668 822	5 304 710	16 074	162 124	-
Mar.....	353 490	8 153	577 956	13 406	1 835 366	1 942 147	4 368 875	2 150 041	4 730 518	683 057	5 413 575	15 532	171 646	-
Apr.....	350 880	7 513	579 869	13 344	1 836 860	1 878 761	4 308 834	2 150 691	4 667 226	779 168	5 446 394	15 393	198 226	-
May.....	342 126	7 815	583 186	13 282	1 841 552	1 888 485	4 326 503	2 156 254	4 676 444	775 608	5 452 052	15 049	178 375	-
Jun.....	354 662	7 733	586 255	13 125	1 848 929	1 928 876	4 377 185	2 159 198	4 739 581	743 025	5 482 606	15 818	179 528	-
Jul.....	350 755	7 912	585 319	13 344	1 852 833	1 898 327	4 349 823	2 162 749	4 708 491	821 560	5 530 050	15 294	184 582	-
Aug.....	366 585	9 024	587 917	13 088	1 860 464	1 936 608	4 398 077	2 169 223	4 773 686	841 190	5 614 875	16 538	176 088	-
Sep.....	383 060	9 598	590 807	13 054	1 865 468	1 969 748	4 439 077	2 175 984	4 831 734	821 451	5 653 185	17 218	197 778	-
Oct.....	359 325	7 208	595 388	13 082	1 871 340	1 931 596	4 411 407	2 181 480	4 777 940	868 464	5 646 404	17 236	187 113	-
Nov.....	354 563	7 257	599 695	14 339	1 876 094	1 938 471	4 428 600	2 188 327	4 790 419	823 218	5 613 637	17 736	204 748	-
Dec.....	354 567	6 720	600 863	14 513	1 881 962	1 958 929	4 456 266	2 189 154	4 817 554	774 757	5 592 311	18 033	209 904	1 951
2025: Jan	360 232	6 467	604 118	14 342	1 883 643	1 936 006	4 438 110	2 199 313	4 804 809	822 204	5 627 013	18 850	213 601	-
Feb.....	325 916	7 059	607 886	16 285	1 895 036	1 952 753	4 471 960	2 211 367	4 804 934	799 086	5 604 020	17 827	213 928	-
Mar.....	331 929	6 874	612 014	16 262	1 897 581	2 028 421	4 554 279	2 211 030	4 893 082	865 010	5 758 091	17 056	223 334	-
Apr.....	338 634	7 410	613 668	16 270	1 899 720	2 003 156	4 532 814	2 213 229	4 878 857	914 275	5 793 133	17 319	219 046	-
May.....	340 413	7 160	619 411	16 333	1 903 775	2 020 475	4 559 994	2 219 232	4 907 567	898 400	5 805 968	17 257	227 194	-
Jun.....	344 056	8 187	624 183	16 550	1 914 830	2 066 065	4 621 628	2 223 836	4 973 871	813 776	5 787 646	17 472	240 167	-
Jul.....	344 001	7 850	629 213	16 653	1 918 077	2 067 808	4 631 751	2 227 208	4 983 603	928 030	5 911 633	17 260	231 651	-
Aug.....	366 874	8 412	633 718	16 850	1 926 893	2 100 447	4 677 908	2 233 363	5 053 194	860 850	5 914 044	16 535	237 186	-
Sep.....	384 756	8 955	636 066	16 778	1 930 336	2 146 420	4 729 600	2 238 908	5 123 310	933 374	6 056 685	16 961	243 481	-

KB124

¹ Monetary sector as defined in footnote 1 on pages S–18 and S–19.² Unearned finance charges excluded.³ Total of instalment sale credit, leasing finance, mortgage advances, and other loans and advances.⁴ Total of investments, bills discounted, instalment sale credit, leasing finance, mortgage advances, and other loans and advances.⁵ Total of credit extended to the private sector and net credit extended to the government sector.⁶ During the period.

Monetary aggregates¹

R millions

End of	Banknotes and coin in circulation	Current and transactional account deposits	M1A ²	Other demand deposits ³	M1 ⁴	Other short-and medium-term deposits ⁵	M2 ⁶	Long-term deposits ⁷	M3 ⁸
	(1312M)	(1313M)	(1370M)	(1314M)	(1371M)	(1372M)	(1373M)	(1319M)	(1374M)
2019	127 072	788 044	915 116	920 164	1 835 280	1 199 167	3 034 447	729 286	3 763 732
2020	139 569	949 157	1 088 725	1 100 651	2 189 376	1 300 337	3 489 713	628 889	4 118 602
2021	144 403	1 006 074	1 150 477	1 165 583	2 316 060	1 351 997	3 668 057	684 964	4 353 021
2022	144 677	1 033 114	1 177 791	1 236 413	2 414 204	1 491 614	3 905 818	821 738	4 727 556
2023	146 268	1 121 109	1 267 377	1 312 132	2 579 510	1 637 313	4 216 823	872 139	5 088 962
2024	147 130	1 143 693	1 290 823	1 415 375	2 706 198	1 767 099	4 473 296	957 221	5 430 518
2022: Aug	136 435	1 016 714	1 153 150	1 274 978	2 428 128	1 361 318	3 789 445	842 402	4 631 848
Sep	142 288	1 049 324	1 191 611	1 239 321	2 430 932	1 398 338	3 829 270	836 102	4 665 371
Oct	140 287	1 024 496	1 164 783	1 276 591	2 441 374	1 417 060	3 858 434	842 723	4 701 157
Nov	141 160	1 041 184	1 182 344	1 301 319	2 483 664	1 425 867	3 909 531	852 730	4 762 261
Dec	144 677	1 033 114	1 177 791	1 236 413	2 414 204	1 491 614	3 905 818	821 738	4 727 556
2023: Jan	137 706	1 022 660	1 160 366	1 341 994	2 502 359	1 434 495	3 936 854	833 010	4 769 864
Feb	138 138	1 041 239	1 179 378	1 337 971	2 517 349	1 460 636	3 977 985	848 200	4 826 185
Mar	138 983	1 071 687	1 210 670	1 287 411	2 498 081	1 497 742	3 995 823	869 591	4 865 414
Apr	141 362	1 077 679	1 219 041	1 298 933	2 517 974	1 491 561	4 009 535	901 509	4 911 044
May	139 095	1 055 159	1 194 254	1 366 582	2 560 836	1 447 465	4 008 301	928 310	4 936 612
Jun	139 869	1 074 104	1 213 973	1 288 309	2 502 282	1 503 310	4 005 592	939 956	4 945 547
Jul	140 424	1 067 349	1 207 774	1 369 192	2 576 966	1 455 398	4 032 364	957 566	4 989 930
Aug	137 985	1 045 800	1 183 785	1 407 495	2 591 280	1 476 430	4 067 710	959 730	5 027 440
Sep	142 137	1 070 379	1 212 516	1 341 796	2 554 312	1 541 271	4 095 583	928 193	5 023 776
Oct	140 439	1 047 302	1 187 741	1 368 390	2 556 131	1 539 409	4 095 540	892 048	4 987 588
Nov	141 633	1 075 694	1 217 327	1 388 027	2 605 354	1 551 076	4 156 430	866 238	5 022 668
Dec	146 268	1 121 109	1 267 377	1 312 132	2 579 510	1 637 313	4 216 823	872 139	5 088 962
2024: Jan	136 282	1 079 266	1 215 548	1 406 855	2 622 403	1 574 324	4 196 727	888 306	5 085 033
Feb	135 754	1 079 289	1 215 043	1 402 833	2 617 877	1 584 601	4 202 478	899 368	5 101 846
Mar	141 008	1 124 596	1 265 604	1 352 242	2 617 846	1 663 328	4 281 174	917 457	5 198 631
Apr	137 388	1 095 259	1 232 648	1 373 377	2 606 024	1 640 225	4 246 250	946 942	5 193 192
May	138 605	1 101 406	1 240 011	1 348 852	2 588 863	1 613 236	4 202 099	967 719	5 169 819
Jun	140 459	1 126 302	1 266 761	1 450 421	2 717 182	1 469 533	4 186 714	966 043	5 152 757
Jul	138 766	1 117 994	1 256 761	1 486 510	2 743 270	1 523 477	4 266 747	1 016 422	5 283 169
Aug	141 569	1 149 287	1 290 856	1 361 122	2 651 978	1 691 372	4 343 350	991 315	5 334 666
Sep	142 683	1 154 313	1 296 997	1 515 303	2 812 300	1 579 666	4 391 966	996 142	5 388 108
Oct	141 511	1 124 262	1 265 773	1 527 919	2 793 692	1 592 465	4 386 157	990 953	5 377 111
Nov	147 453	1 149 447	1 296 900	1 401 441	2 698 341	1 751 925	4 450 266	962 792	5 413 058
Dec	147 130	1 143 693	1 290 823	1 415 375	2 706 198	1 767 099	4 473 296	957 221	5 430 518
2025: Jan	139 875	1 129 060	1 268 935	1 429 520	2 698 455	1 781 449	4 479 904	966 001	5 445 905
Feb	139 829	1 138 619	1 278 449	1 413 543	2 691 991	1 730 276	4 422 267	988 421	5 410 688
Mar	141 098	1 162 424	1 303 522	1 573 832	2 877 354	1 605 406	4 482 761	1 015 555	5 498 315
Apr	140 241	1 165 520	1 305 760	1 453 424	2 759 185	1 733 057	4 492 242	1 018 621	5 510 862
May	143 036	1 151 802	1 294 838	1 454 557	2 749 394	1 754 616	4 504 011	1 020 230	5 524 240
Jun	143 353	1 176 044	1 319 397	1 574 286	2 893 682	1 608 083	4 501 765	1 025 678	5 527 443
Jul	142 160	1 179 382	1 321 541	1 607 849	2 929 391	1 675 030	4 604 421	1 035 172	5 639 593
Aug	147 277	1 206 275	1 353 553	1 585 451	2 939 003	1 701 969	4 640 972	1 023 256	5 664 228
Sep	146 311	1 233 065	1 379 376	1 615 206	2 994 582	1 700 257	4 694 839	1 020 318	5 715 157

KB125

1 Based on the consolidated liabilities of the monetary sector.

2 Notes and coin in circulation plus current and transactional account deposits of the domestic private sector with monetary institutions.

3 Demand deposits (other than current and transactional account deposits) of the domestic private sector with the monetary sector.

4 M1A plus other demand deposits held by the domestic private sector.

5 Short-term deposits (other than demand deposits) and medium-term deposits (including all savings deposits) of the domestic private sector with monetary institutions, including savings deposits with, and savings bank certificates issued by the Postbank.

6 M1 plus other short-term and medium-term deposits held by the domestic private sector.

7 Long-term deposits of the domestic private sector with monetary institutions, including national savings certificates issued by the Postbank.

8 M2 plus long-term deposits held by the domestic private sector.

Monetary analysis¹

R millions

End of	Not seasonally adjusted							Seasonally adjusted			
	M3 (1374M)	Counterparts						M3 (1374N)	Counterparts		
		Net foreign assets ² (1380M)	Claims on the government sector			Claims on the private sector (1347M)	Net other assets and liabilities ² (1381M)		Gross claims (1382N)	Government deposits (1383N)	Claims on the private sector (1347N)
			Gross claims (1356M)	Government deposits (1330M)	Net claims (1367M)						
2024: May	5 169 819	1 407 858	1 254 818	479 210	775 608	4 676 444	-1 690 091	5 167 880	1 270 963	502 575	4 696 515
Jun	5 152 757	1 366 075	1 267 396	524 371	743 025	4 739 581	-1 695 924	5 191 347	1 269 995	478 219	4 738 716
Jul	5 283 169	1 397 472	1 287 539	465 980	821 560	4 708 491	-1 644 352	5 263 641	1 273 221	485 456	4 716 102
Aug	5 334 666	1 379 223	1 326 625	485 435	841 190	4 773 686	-1 659 433	5 293 882	1 307 062	502 563	4 762 602
Sep	5 388 108	1 352 812	1 322 687	501 236	821 451	4 831 734	-1 617 889	5 361 400	1 313 942	501 004	4 818 690
Oct.....	5 377 111	1 350 988	1 348 905	480 440	868 464	4 777 940	-1 620 281	5 378 826	1 322 412	476 374	4 784 893
Nov	5 413 058	1 437 712	1 406 966	583 749	823 218	4 790 419	-1 638 291	5 397 158	1 359 657	559 939	4 791 557
Dec	5 430 518	1 501 954	1 400 666	625 909	774 757	4 817 554	-1 663 748	5 440 045	1 376 056	582 251	4 816 619
2025: Jan.....	5 445 905	1 487 402	1 348 221	526 017	822 204	4 804 809	-1 668 509	5 476 878	1 357 728	535 028	4 811 544
Feb.....	5 410 688	1 453 428	1 365 380	566 294	799 086	4 804 934	-1 646 760	5 460 644	1 413 038	561 731	4 801 523
Mar.....	5 498 315	1 415 926	1 407 258	542 248	865 010	4 893 082	-1 675 702	5 482 456	1 456 564	573 117	4 880 154
Apr.....	5 510 862	1 440 318	1 455 925	541 650	914 275	4 878 857	-1 722 588	5 499 121	1 484 051	568 391	4 879 760
May	5 524 240	1 411 559	1 459 382	560 982	898 400	4 907 567	-1 693 287	5 523 710	1 476 835	586 434	4 928 393
Jun.....	5 527 443	1 413 613	1 469 290	655 514	813 776	4 973 871	-1 673 816	5 567 225	1 472 476	597 781	4 971 985
Jul	5 639 593	1 420 914	1 487 773	559 744	928 030	4 983 603	-1 692 953	5 619 244	1 472 375	581 486	4 990 863
Aug	5 664 228	1 439 959	1 482 978	622 128	860 850	5 053 194	-1 689 776	5 624 450	1 458 616	642 722	5 042 337
Sep	5 715 157	1 407 159	1 488 161	554 786	933 374	5 123 310	-1 748 687	5 686 455	1 477 868	554 795	5 108 838

KB126

Changes

R millions

Period	M3 (1374H)	Not seasonally adjusted						Seasonally adjusted			
		Net foreign assets ² (1380H)	Counterparts					M3 (1374I)	Counterparts		
			Claims on the government sector			Claims on the private sector (1347H)	Net other assets and liabilities ² (1381H)		Claims on the government sector		Claims on the private sector (1347I)
			Gross claims (1356H)	Government deposits ³ (1330H)	Net claims (1367H)				Gross claims (1382I)	Government deposits (1383I)	
2024: May	-23 373	-16 819	-8 068	4 509	-3 560	9 217	-12 211	-12 758	-19 421	-5 918	7 428
Jun.....	-17 061	-41 783	12 578	-45 161	-32 583	63 137	-5 833	23 467	-968	-24 356	42 201
Jul	130 412	31 397	20 143	58 391	78 534	-31 090	51 571	72 294	3 227	7 237	-22 614
Aug	51 496	-18 249	39 086	-19 456	19 630	65 195	-15 080	30 241	33 841	17 107	46 500
Sep	53 442	-26 412	-3 938	-15 801	-19 739	58 049	41 544	67 518	6 879	-1 559	56 088
Oct.....	-10 997	-1 824	26 218	20 796	47 014	-53 794	-2 392	17 426	8 471	-24 630	-33 797
Nov	35 947	86 724	58 062	-103 308	-45 247	12 479	-18 009	18 332	37 245	83 566	6 664
Dec	17 460	64 242	-6 300	-42 161	-48 460	27 135	-25 457	42 887	16 398	22 312	25 062
2025: Jan.....	15 387	-14 553	-52 445	99 892	47 447	-12 745	-4 762	36 833	-18 328	-47 224	-5 075
Feb.....	-35 217	-33 973	17 159	-40 277	-23 118	126	21 749	-16 234	55 310	26 703	-10 021
Mar.....	87 627	-37 502	41 878	24 046	65 924	88 147	-28 941	21 812	43 526	11 387	78 631
Apr.....	12 547	24 392	48 667	598	49 266	-14 224	-46 886	16 665	27 487	-4 726	-394
May	13 378	-28 758	3 457	-19 332	-15 875	28 710	29 301	24 589	-7 216	18 043	48 633
Jun.....	3 203	2 054	9 908	-94 533	-84 625	66 303	19 470	43 515	-4 359	11 347	43 592
Jul	112 150	7 301	18 483	95 771	114 254	9 732	-19 137	52 019	-101	-16 296	18 878
Aug	24 635	19 046	-4 796	-62 384	-67 180	69 592	3 178	5 205	-13 759	61 237	51 474
Sep	50 930	-32 800	5 183	67 342	72 525	70 116	-58 911	62 005	19 252	-87 927	66 501

KB127

1 Calculated from the consolidated liabilities and assets of the monetary sector.

2 Prior to 2008/01 the data in this column do not agree with data calculable from the relevant columns in tables S–18 to S–21 due to the inclusion of foreign derivative positions in net other assets.

3 Increase -; decrease +.

Banks and Mutual banks
Mortgage loans

R millions

Period	New mortgage loans and re-advances granted during period								Mortgage loans paid out during the period	Capital repayments on advances during period	Total mortgage loans outstanding ³
	Gross amount ¹										
	Assets mortgaged				Total	Purpose					
	Residential		Farms	Commercial and other		For construction of buildings ²	Existing buildings	Vacant land			
	Total	Of which: Re-advances									
	(1470M)	(1471M)									
2019	242 072	9 447	2 754	120 459	365 286	29 735	328 714	6 837	265 712	178 752	1 491 926
2020	320 821	6 422	1 328	103 152	425 300	30 035	390 079	5 187	268 278	191 106	1 563 241
2021	403 428	9 780	1 958	104 786	510 172	33 205	469 871	7 097	343 386	251 425	1 651 541
2022	391 301	10 111	1 613	95 535	488 449	33 446	449 596	5 407	340 911	228 699	1 763 518
2023	314 303	9 344	1 334	115 263	430 900	27 696	398 914	4 289	341 542	279 814	1 824 991
2024	336 692	8 980	1 020	140 037	477 749	26 976	446 166	4 607	360 563	296 594	1 883 630
2022: Aug	35 463	1 024	132	10 596	46 191	3 369	42 377	446	31 066	15 698	1 722 309
Sep	33 333	920	126	8 531	41 990	2 794	38 598	598	30 637	20 204	1 732 714
Oct	30 786	842	64	7 986	38 836	1 973	36 312	551	27 017	18 234	1 741 472
Nov	32 614	854	140	7 418	40 172	2 614	37 110	448	34 734	21 057	1 755 136
Dec	20 414	622	89	9 443	29 946	2 426	27 021	499	30 908	22 496	1 763 518
2023: Jan	23 929	777	74	4 535	28 538	2 783	25 487	268	15 690	11 762	1 767 416
Feb	28 010	934	33	7 828	35 870	1 807	33 665	398	27 502	14 472	1 780 428
Mar	30 915	904	112	6 828	37 855	2 077	35 462	316	30 265	28 531	1 782 130
Apr	23 583	736	29	5 857	29 470	1 708	27 451	310	20 989	17 471	1 785 625
May	26 587	897	198	9 581	36 366	3 122	32 903	341	33 778	28 463	1 790 914
Jun	26 396	811	75	16 530	43 001	2 386	40 137	477	37 026	29 641	1 798 262
Jul	25 257	694	76	10 602	35 935	2 551	32 960	424	25 415	22 136	1 801 520
Aug	28 370	796	255	11 306	39 931	2 724	36 874	333	30 688	24 116	1 808 067
Sep	25 955	762	117	10 768	36 839	1 983	34 578	278	28 370	26 001	1 810 431
Oct	28 812	784	190	9 571	38 573	2 527	35 619	427	25 456	19 956	1 815 930
Nov	26 958	682	113	12 306	39 377	2 384	36 631	362	32 245	27 346	1 820 810
Dec	19 532	566	63	9 552	29 146	1 644	27 148	354	34 117	29 919	1 824 991
2024: Jan	23 239	606	27	6 844	30 110	1 226	28 674	210	20 545	17 769	1 827 742
Feb	29 325	784	75	10 205	39 606	1 866	37 187	552	29 179	18 069	1 838 818
Mar	26 481	615	114	9 678	36 273	2 250	33 550	473	25 946	28 504	1 836 240
Apr	29 062	802	94	12 287	41 443	2 057	38 986	399	29 443	27 103	1 838 542
May	28 974	762	127	14 579	43 680	3 654	39 622	403	30 853	25 992	1 843 371
Jun	25 109	659	38	11 691	36 838	1 920	34 771	148	30 446	23 234	1 850 529
Jul	30 229	827	138	13 892	44 260	2 434	41 490	336	29 940	25 874	1 854 540
Aug	29 596	770	119	9 784	39 499	1 923	37 185	392	33 998	21 424	1 862 223
Sep	27 194	716	67	9 662	36 924	1 894	34 579	450	26 322	21 215	1 867 277
Oct	33 280	931	101	16 566	49 947	3 235	46 201	510	32 973	26 563	1 873 647
Nov	30 877	810	63	11 987	42 927	2 082	40 396	449	33 976	29 015	1 878 531
Dec	23 327	697	55	12 861	36 244	2 434	33 525	285	36 943	31 830	1 883 630
2025: Jan	24 642	726	183	5 945	30 770	1 023	29 461	286	19 027	15 414	1 887 206
Feb	32 557	891	88	9 830	42 475	2 650	39 466	359	28 305	16 969	1 898 504
Mar	31 568	831	193	10 902	42 663	2 841	39 137	685	30 748	27 665	1 901 544
Apr	28 829	788	63	10 355	39 247	2 574	36 350	323	27 504	25 263	1 903 751
May	34 032	896	83	10 110	44 226	2 446	41 442	337	30 470	26 125	1 908 072
Jun	29 723	879	118	15 800	45 640	3 807	41 491	343	34 366	23 266	1 919 135
Jul	34 439	1 066	71	9 380	43 890	2 819	40 586	485	33 538	29 934	1 922 702
Aug	34 045	948	168	14 348	48 561	5 115	43 019	428	34 393	25 094	1 931 960
Sep	34 376	937	125	12 160	46 661	4 018	41 927	715	32 558	28 501	1 935 934

KB132

1 As from October 1988 only gross amounts are available due to a change in the banking regulations. "Gross amount" refers to mortgage loans granted before deducting the mortgage balances outstanding on the property purchased.
2 Building loans for the construction of buildings.
3 As at the end of the period.

Locational banking statistics¹

Assets

R millions

Outstanding balances as at quarter-end		2023		2024				2025		
		03	04	01	02	03	04	01	02	03
Total cross-border assets/claims²	KBP1531A	946 420	901 674	939 909	876 740	954 033	971 928	896 531	926 511	1 032 469
Financial instruments										
Deposits and loans	KBP1538A	688 510	650 237	689 875	631 019	708 106	732 580	676 438	671 576	765 045
Debt securities	KBP1539A	107 825	123 415	117 468	117 432	88 359	107 711	98 817	114 031	107 566
Other claims	KBP1540A	150 084	128 022	132 565	128 289	157 568	131 637	121 276	140 904	159 857
Bank type										
Domestic banks	KBP1555A	827 623	798 638	820 427	766 305	855 989	863 110	789 044	824 728	915 514
Foreign branches	KBP1557A	117 949	102 240	118 697	108 760	96 644	107 979	106 395	100 829	115 739
Foreign subsidiaries	KBP1559A	848	796	784	1 675	1 400	839	1 092	953	1 215
Currency										
Foreign	KBP1531F	744 416	721 122	758 375	700 399	737 063	765 855	710 013	737 240	817 260
US dollar	KBP1531U	583 582	564 004	593 624	548 843	588 700	612 534	550 859	546 612	613 230
Euro	KBP1531E	68 647	62 434	66 717	65 031	64 874	70 410	72 940	72 532	84 036
Yen	KBP1531Y	2 385	3 043	3 452	6 219	2 451	2 238	954	1 347	1 080
British pound	KBP1531G	43 042	37 654	41 569	38 012	38 333	41 999	40 444	43 600	45 785
Swiss franc	KBP1531C	1 464	6 855	1 068	821	2 656	1 324	1 398	1 790	1 690
Other currencies	KBP1531O	45 297	47 132	51 946	41 473	40 050	37 349	43 417	71 360	71 439
Domestic (Rand)	KBP1531R	202 004	180 552	181 533	176 341	216 970	206 073	186 518	189 271	215 209
Counterparty Institutional sector										
Financial										
Banks	KBP1515A	620 874	550 326	584 097	510 997	585 250	546 541	475 514	494 318	581 367
of which: Inter-office positions	KBP1517A	172 323	150 294	161 896	153 572	137 227	147 851	145 447	146 543	129 249
Non-bank financial	KBP1525A	120 536	119 444	130 319	124 862	159 159	152 118	157 051	156 341	176 188
Non-financial										
Non-financial institutions	KBP1519A	126 290	142 853	128 734	142 862	130 205	168 347	167 600	159 401	166 241
General government	KBP1521A	72 321	83 014	91 440	90 844	72 584	97 330	88 999	107 187	97 580
Households	KBP1523A	6 172	5 817	5 165	7 087	6 716	7 224	6 856	8 614	10 134
Unallocated sector	KBP1527A	227	219	153	88	120	368	511	648	959
Counterparty region										
Developed countries	KBP1532A	643 327	599 322	637 285	558 420	637 350	606 550	560 732	562 740	633 997
Developing Europe	KBP1534A	27	194	58	1 261	2 612	3 072	3 453	3 124	4 566
Developing Africa and Middle East	KBP1536A	183 769	175 692	175 340	192 224	188 164	221 572	206 577	227 301	246 653
Developing Asia and Pacific	KBP1537A	12 386	14 921	15 382	19 076	14 364	14 012	14 486	13 950	10 821
Developing Latin America and Caribbean	KBP1535A	3 846	4 477	5 403	4 271	5 304	4 501	4 019	3 779	5 402
Offshore centres	KBP1533A	77 248	82 206	83 790	80 859	85 867	103 463	90 692	99 554	117 183
Unallocated ³	KBP1549A	25 818	24 861	22 651	20 628	20 372	18 758	16 573	16 063	13 846
Total domestic assets	KBP1550A	6 723 865	6 750 875	6 905 194	6 955 567	7 279 629	7 307 193	7 435 182	7 617 541	7 789 308
Foreign currency	KBP1530F	206 809	205 791	204 746	213 004	229 150	233 003	209 961	217 604	210 565
Domestic currency	KBP1551A	6 517 055	6 545 084	6 700 448	6 742 563	7 050 479	7 074 190	7 225 221	7 399 937	7 578 743
Total assets⁴	KBP1529A	7 670 285	7 652 549	7 845 103	7 832 307	8 233 662	8 279 121	8 331 713	8 544 052	8 821 777
Foreign currency	KBP1529F	951 226	926 913	963 121	913 588	966 214	998 858	919 974	954 844	1 027 824
Domestic currency	KBP1529R	6 719 059	6 725 636	6 881 981	6 918 719	7 267 448	7 280 263	7 411 739	7 589 208	7 793 952

KB133

¹ Locational Banking Statistics of banks registered under the Banks Act No. 94 of 1990, excluding mutual banks.

² Total cross-border assets/claims include holdings of foreign financial assets, excluding domestic assets denominated in foreign currency and foreign non-financial assets, while credit impairments are not deducted.

³ Includes positions vis-à-vis multinational organisations established through formal political agreements or international treaties.

⁴ Total assets is the aggregate of total cross-border assets/claims and total domestic assets.

Locational banking statistics¹

Liabilities

R millions

2023		2024				2025			Outstanding balances as at quarter-end
03	04	01	02	03	04	01	02	03	
705 462	681 361	712 378	717 920	758 989	781 521	790 349	790 524	907 439	KBP1543A..... Total cross-border liabilities²
									Financial instruments
478 862	479 067	508 945	499 490	529 584	537 312	564 477	552 036	629 595	KBP1563A Deposits and loans
26 741	24 896	25 359	31 912	32 794	38 382	32 639	28 663	35 839	KBP1548A Debt securities
199 859	177 398	178 074	186 517	196 612	205 827	193 234	209 825	242 005	KBP1564A Other liabilities
									Bank type
523 451	503 665	530 010	512 458	562 020	588 853	576 007	578 347	684 760	KBP1556A Domestic banks
178 833	174 516	178 832	201 447	192 851	189 331	210 715	208 757	218 834	KBP1558A Foreign branches
3 178	3 180	3 536	4 014	4 118	3 337	3 627	3 420	3 845	KBP1560A Foreign subsidiaries
									Currency
393 399	402 469	424 556	400 989	439 845	473 813	466 415	463 503	490 321	KBP1543F..... Foreign
341 119	332 133	369 735	347 666	374 381	403 878	379 991	369 961	399 571	KBP1543U US dollar
15 874	19 975	14 711	13 807	19 621	22 708	29 935	34 722	31 174	KBP1543E Euro
699	436	686	3 090	600	1 347	644	535	716	KBP1543Y Yen
15 563	16 760	15 381	20 826	22 263	24 338	26 955	25 791	21 968	KBP1543G..... British pound
470	10 640	565	482	3 822	568	534	898	490	KBP1543C..... Swiss franc
19 674	22 525	23 477	15 118	19 158	20 975	28 356	31 596	36 403	KBP1543O..... Other currencies
312 063	278 892	287 821	316 931	319 144	307 708	323 934	327 021	417 118	KBP1543R..... Domestic (Rand)
									Counterparty Institutional sector
									Financial
522 553	513 683	539 111	541 452	558 552	583 592	593 177	599 974	690 547	KBP1516A Banks
									of which: Inter-office
252 759	250 155	259 161	271 377	239 886	251 965	266 955	267 146	280 931	KBP1518A positions
125 046	108 417	112 200	118 696	135 698	131 015	130 607	127 779	143 658	KBP1526A Non-bank financial
									Non-financial
33 039	33 893	32 722	29 848	34 592	33 418	30 751	28 696	33 465	KBP1520A Non-financial institutions
3 273	3 183	4 819	3 298	4 356	7 244	9 057	5 535	11 426	KBP1522A General government
21 469	21 699	22 101	22 425	23 218	24 092	25 127	26 414	26 737	KBP1524A Households
81	486	1 425	2 202	2 574	2 160	1 632	2 126	1 605	KBP1528A Unallocated sector
									Counterparty region
415 765	379 368	382 690	379 730	394 568	393 206	408 344	420 592	501 144	KBP1561A Developed countries
413	462	422	425	388	379	402	421	1 541	KBP1562A Developing Europe
									Developing Africa and
95 449	105 960	129 275	130 127	142 114	156 572	144 689	138 169	149 265	KBP1546A Middle East
59 574	53 601	58 558	57 650	60 964	56 574	54 717	59 988	59 654	KBP1547A Developing Asia and Pacific
									Developing Latin America
532	1 133	2 184	732	2 176	1 562	1 005	327	271	KBP1545A and Caribbean
81 772	89 184	85 883	90 471	93 308	106 975	119 454	120 413	131 945	KBP1544A Offshore centres
51 956	51 653	53 365	58 785	65 471	66 254	61 739	50 614	63 618	KBP1554A Unallocated ³
7 077 071	7 084 059	7 239 774	7 230 900	7 577 201	7 615 547	7 651 992	7 861 767	8 023 998	KBP1552A..... Total domestic liabilities
260 598	246 457	272 888	273 320	285 197	305 325	283 473	296 625	286 929	KBP1542F..... Foreign currency
6 816 472	6 837 602	6 966 886	6 957 580	7 292 004	7 310 222	7 368 519	7 565 142	7 737 068	KBP1553A Domestic currency
7 782 533	7 765 420	7 952 151	7 948 820	8 336 190	8 397 068	8 442 341	8 652 291	8 931 437	KBP1541A..... Total liabilities⁴
653 997	648 926	697 444	674 308	725 042	779 137	749 888	760 129	777 251	KBP1541F..... Foreign currency
7 128 536	7 116 494	7 254 708	7 274 512	7 611 148	7 617 930	7 692 454	7 892 163	8 154 186	KBP1541R..... Domestic currency

KB134

1 Locational Banking Statistics of banks registered under the Banks Act No. 94 of 1990, excluding mutual banks.

2 Total cross-border liabilities include foreign liabilities, excluding domestic liabilities denominated in foreign currency.

3 Includes positions vis-à-vis multinational organisations established through formal political agreements or international treaties.

4 Total liabilities is the aggregate of total cross-border liabilities and total domestic liabilities.

Selected money-market and related indicators

R millions

Period	Average of daily values		Government deposits ³		SARB liquidity operations				
	Liquidity position (shortage +)/surplus (-) ¹	Notes and coin in circulation ²	Rand denominated	Foreign currency denominated	Foreign currency swaps ⁴	Total reverse repurchase transactions ⁵	Total SARB debentures ⁶	CPD call deposits with SARB	Total
	(1054M)	(1055M)	(1016M)	(1017M)	(1056M)	(1057M)	(1058M)	(1067M)	(1059M)
2019	56 062	146 618	77 450	141 592	-10 000	-	-	2 325	-7 675
2020	46 794	160 736	50 867	98 821	58 241	-	365	37 275	95 881
2021	32 920	164 043	49 820	90 322	40 545	-	1 808	56 046	98 399
2022	-41 900	166 562	49 162	123 950	-	-	-	17 697	17 697
2023	-74 422	165 789	9 833	113 411	-	-	-	27 046	27 046
2024	-118 434	166 334	28 730	105 294	-	-	-	22 291	22 291
2022: Aug	-28 602	165 774	48 338	124 177	-	-	-	28 584	28 584
Sep	-44 904	165 240	47 668	130 806	-	-	-	19 357	19 357
Oct	-45 469	166 321	48 211	130 358	-	-	-	24 987	24 987
Nov	-46 335	167 924	48 598	119 363	-	-	-	17 589	17 589
Dec	-44 192	177 216	49 162	123 950	-	-	-	17 697	17 697
2023: Jan	-46 925	167 172	50 261	132 238	-	-	-	21 479	21 479
Feb	-49 688	150 530	39 583	137 985	-	-	-	26 328	26 328
Mar	-58 905	165 175	9 480	127 450	-	-	-	25 006	25 006
Apr	-77 370	167 385	10 794	126 406	-	-	-	28 206	28 206
May	-84 207	166 938	11 349	134 166	-	-	-	15 491	15 491
Jun	-85 427	166 194	10 969	135 307	-	-	-	32 993	32 993
Jul	-84 779	165 300	9 457	125 954	-	-	-	24 767	24 767
Aug	-87 552	165 008	9 873	132 729	-	-	-	28 456	28 456
Sep	-83 741	165 525	9 805	125 563	-	-	-	24 058	24 058
Oct	-82 968	165 691	9 738	111 555	-	-	-	20 600	20 600
Nov	-77 552	167 064	9 985	111 416	-	-	-	36 960	36 960
Dec	-73 951	177 479	9 833	113 411	-	-	-	27 046	27 046
2024: Jan	-83 621	165 854	9 832	94 355	-	-	-	26 592	26 592
Feb	-81 071	162 399	9 950	106 094	-	-	-	48 184	48 184
Mar	-82 657	163 409	9 989	101 179	-	-	-	28 050	28 050
Apr	-90 385	163 368	22 730	83 357	-	-	-	8 152	8 152
May	-76 331	164 096	27 793	80 629	-	-	-	13 149	13 149
Jun	-76 703	164 885	27 385	76 119	-	-	-	32 230	32 230
Jul	-112 441	164 434	28 047	66 056	-	-	-	36 866	36 866
Aug	-148 222	166 165	27 670	63 237	-	-	-	36 664	36 664
Sep	-165 381	166 836	27 602	53 875	-	-	-	15 983	15 983
Oct	-176 067	166 798	27 236	41 726	-	-	-	25 371	25 371
Nov	-170 058	167 842	27 730	104 231	-	-	-	29 744	29 744
Dec	-158 265	179 923	28 730	105 294	-	-	-	22 291	22 291
2025: Jan	-166 456	168 427	28 903	94 555	-	-	-	26 292	26 292
Feb	-169 371	163 483	28 389	93 430	-	-	-	45 857	45 857
Mar	-167 375	165 491	28 747	88 289	-	-	-	30 028	30 028
Apr	-159 744	167 462	29 530	75 305	5 000	-	-	36 514	41 514
May	-165 285	166 306	29 504	68 645	-5 000	-	-	26 837	21 837
Jun	-172 933	166 082	29 734	66 291	-	-	-	34 252	34 252
Jul	-149 442	166 565	29 899	82 313	-	-	-	57 602	57 602
Aug	-148 645	168 955	30 141	89 486	-	-	-	56 858	56 858
Sep	-139 108	170 277	30 146	52 685	10 000	-	-	53 622	63 622

KB128

1 A new surplus based monetary policy implementation framework (MPIF) was phased in from 8 June 2022 to replace the classical cash reserve or shortage system. A negative amount represents a surplus position and a positive amount a shortage position. Due to the implementation of the new MPIF the annual average for 2022 only takes into account August 2022 to December. The average liquidity provided increased since July 2024, following the GFECRA distribution to National Treasury.

2 Notes in circulation outside the South African Reserve Bank.

3 Values as at month-end. Exchequer Paymaster General, Stabilisation Accounts and other deposits at the South African Reserve Bank. A withdrawal of funds from the National Treasury Sterilisation Deposit Account resulted in a reduction in rand denominated deposit balances. The inclusion of deposits of the Corporation for Deposit Insurance (CODI) scheme as from April 2024 resulted in an increase in the amount of rand denominated deposits.

4 Outstanding amounts at month-end. A negative value represents an injection of liquidity. Money-market swaps with counter foreign-exchange deposits up to November 2003.

5 Total outstanding amounts on 7- and 14-day reverse repurchase transactions (first issued 5 March 2012), 28-day reverse repurchase transactions (first issued 26 April 1999), 56-day reverse repurchase transactions (first issued 24 March 2005) and 91-day reverse repurchase transactions (first issued 17 June 2002) at month-ends. With the implementation of the new monetary policy implementation framework, reverse repurchase transactions were phased out from 8 June 2022, but can be reintroduced when required.

6 Total outstanding amounts on 7- and 14-day SARB debentures (first issued 5 March 2012), 28-day SARB debentures (first issued 16 September 1998), 56-day SARB debentures (first issued 1 December 2004) and 91-day SARB debentures (first issued on 14 August 2002) at month-ends. With the implementation of the new monetary policy implementation framework, SARB debentures were phased out from 8 June 2022, but can be reintroduced when required.

Liquidity management operations¹

Selected daily indicators

R millions

Date	Total daily liquidity of SA registered banks										
	Main refinancing auction ²	SAMOS account standing facilities ³				Repurchase transactions ⁷	Supplementary facilities ⁸	Cash reserve accounts ⁹			Total surplus(+)/ shortage(-) ¹¹
		Reverse repurchase transactions ⁴	of which:		Withdrawals			Deposits	Estimated refinancing impact ¹⁰		
			Amount on deposit within quota ⁵	Amount on deposit in excess of quota ⁶							
	(1577D)	(1578D)	(1579D)	(1580D)	(1581D)	(1582D)	(1583D)	(1584D)	(1585D)	(1586D)	
2025/09/25	50	135 609	130 836	37	-	-	-	-	-	135 559	
2025/09/26	50	142 565	139 286	589	-	-	-	-	-	142 515	
2025/09/27	50	143 254	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	143 204	
2025/09/29	50	136 728	133 479	37	-	-	-	-	-	136 678	
2025/09/30	50	140 439	138 614	46	-	-	-	-	-	140 389	
2025/10/01	-	124 857	123 426	925	-	-	-	-	-	124 857	
2025/10/02	-	124 492	122 124	2 565	-	-	-	-	-	124 492	
2025/10/03	-	129 792	126 257	1 790	-	-	-	-	-	129 792	
2025/10/04	-	129 773	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	129 773	
2025/10/06	-	133 013	130 023	196	-	-	-	-	-	133 013	
2025/10/07	-	132 178	129 746	37	-	-	-	-	-	132 178	
2025/10/08	-	134 643	132 209	37	-	-	-	-	-	134 643	
2025/10/09	-	133 049	130 946	37	-	-	-	-	-	133 049	
2025/10/10	-	133 981	131 655	381	-	-	-	-	-	133 981	
2025/10/11	-	133 983	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	133 983	
2025/10/13	-	130 216	127 833	37	-	-	-	-	-	130 216	
2025/10/14	-	145 937	141 665	420	-	-	-	-	-	145 937	
2025/10/15	200	149 458	142 448	37	-	-	-	-	-	149 258	
2025/10/16	200	146 237	143 385	37	-	-	-	-	-	146 037	
2025/10/17	200	145 490	143 457	37	-	-	-	-	-	145 290	
2025/10/18	200	145 551	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	145 351	
2025/10/20	200	154 198	150 865	974	-	-	-	-	-	153 998	
2025/10/21	200	158 419	155 637	37	-	-	-	-	-	158 219	
2025/10/22	-	162 823	159 102	37	-	-	-	-	-	162 823	
2025/10/23	-	163 612	161 535	37	-	-	-	-	-	163 612	
2025/10/24	-	162 404	152 349	7 610	-	-	-	-	-	162 404	
2025/10/25	-	162 394	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	162 394	
2025/10/27	-	155 877	153 186	270	-	-	-	-	-	155 877	
2025/10/28	-	152 936	149 654	37	-	-	-	-	-	152 936	
2025/10/29	-	155 964	151 495	770	-	-	-	-	-	155 964	
2025/10/30	-	156 960	152 342	1 342	-	-	-	-	-	156 960	
2025/10/31	-	154 299	151 492	335	-	-	-	-	-	154 299	
2025/11/01	-	154 064	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	154 064	
2025/11/03	-	150 841	148 292	160	-	-	-	-	-	150 841	
2025/11/04	-	149 672	147 376	161	-	-	-	-	-	149 672	
2025/11/05	-	156 403	154 055	269	-	-	-	-	-	156 403	
2025/11/06	-	155 481	150 957	1 391	-	-	-	-	-	155 481	
2025/11/07	-	150 572	148 622	37	-	-	-	-	-	150 572	
2025/11/08	-	150 575	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	150 575	
2025/11/10	-	150 587	147 262	1 351	-	-	-	-	-	150 587	
2025/11/11	-	151 576	149 533	38	-	-	-	-	-	151 576	
2025/11/12	-	158 169	156 008	38	-	-	-	-	-	158 169	
2025/11/13	-	161 403	157 336	38	-	-	-	-	-	161 403	
2025/11/14	-	166 121	162 488	38	-	-	-	-	-	166 121	
2025/11/15	-	166 274	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	166 274	
2025/11/17	-	166 634	162 139	1 052	-	-	-	-	-	166 634	
2025/11/18	-	167 323	164 290	38	-	-	-	-	-	167 323	
2025/11/19	-	169 534	166 789	38	-	-	-	-	-	169 534	
2025/11/20	-	177 414	173 444	1 648	-	-	-	-	-	177 414	
2025/11/21	-	185 609	182 634	38	-	-	-	-	-	185 609	
2025/11/22	-	186 294	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	186 294	
2025/11/24	-	180 127	177 559	193	-	-	-	-	-	180 127	
2025/11/25	-	171 422	167 646	1 823	-	-	-	-	-	171 422	
2025/11/26	-	173 251	167 300	38	-	-	-	-	-	173 251	
2025/11/27	-	171 545	167 103	2 382	-	-	-	-	-	171 545	
2025/11/28	-	179 621	178 369	1 655	-	-	-	-	-	179 621	

KB131

1 A new surplus based monetary policy implementation framework (MPIF) was phased in from 8 June 2022 to replace the classical cash reserve or shortage system.

2 Amount allotted through the SARB's main repurchase auction, held weekly on a Wednesday. From September 2016 to March 2020, the auction allotment was capped at R56 billion, in line with the money market target. The actual money market shortage subsequently declined to between R30 and R35 billion on average, but the amount on offer remained at R56 billion until June 2022. Under the new MPIF the weekly main refinancing auctions has become less important and auction offerings are capped at lower levels.

3 Represents the net position of the day's utilisation of SAMOS settlement accounts. Such facilities are provided at a spread to the repurchase rate. No penalty is imposed on balances deposited in SAMOS on Saturdays.

4 Represents the facility through which the SARB absorbs liquidity. Also includes amounts related to the regional cross-border real-time gross settlement (RTGS) system in the SADC region.

5 Funds placed by South African banks that are within quota and reimbursed at the repo rate. Quotas are determined by banks' relative sizes as well as the total amount of liquidity in the market as decided by the SARB. Due to an expansion in market liquidity banks' quota limits was increased in three steps between 8 March and 6 April 2023.

6 Funds placed by South African banks in excess of the quota are reimbursed at a lower, punitive rate (repurchase rate less 100 basis points).

7 The lending facility through which funds are provided to banks at a higher, punitive rate (repo plus 100 basis points).

8 Supplementary facilities are offered at the discretion of the South African Reserve Bank at the prevailing repurchase rate. Positive amounts represent reverse repurchase transactions and negative amounts repurchase transactions.

9 Banks may access their cash reserve balances on a daily basis, subject to maintaining the average balance within the statutory limit over a period of 28 business days.

10 Expected in-or outflows if previous withdrawals or deposits were to be reversed to ensure compliance with the statutory cash reserve requirement.

11 The end of day liquidity position includes daily supplementary activities as well as net movement in the banks' cash reserve accounts. Surplus liquidity is represented by a positive amount and a shortage by a negative amount.

Weighted average¹ bank deposit rates²

Institutional sectors	Current account deposits	Call deposits	Notice deposits			Fixed deposits				Other deposits	Total deposits
			1 to 32 days	More than 32 days up to 91 days	More than 91 days up to 185 days	12-month fixed deposits	More than 1 year up to 3 years	More than 3 years up to 5 years	More than 5 years		
All domestic sectors ³	(1600M)	(1601M)	(1414M)	(1415M)	(1416M)	(1417M)	(2007M)	(2008M)	(2026M)	(1602M)	(1603M)
2024: May	4.66	8.00	8.30	8.44	8.48	8.86	9.08	9.50	9.89	7.69	7.61
Jun	4.67	8.01	8.29	8.42	8.49	8.83	9.05	9.49	9.86	7.61	7.56
Jul	4.59	8.00	8.27	8.43	8.49	8.78	9.01	9.48	9.86	7.62	7.57
Aug	4.61	8.00	8.30	8.42	8.42	8.72	8.97	9.53	10.04	7.57	7.54
Sep	4.59	7.87	8.06	8.26	8.35	8.68	8.97	9.50	10.02	7.50	7.47
Oct	4.55	7.78	8.03	8.16	8.35	8.59	9.00	9.50	10.00	7.49	7.42
Nov	4.52	7.65	7.80	8.07	8.38	8.52	8.94	9.47	9.91	7.40	7.31
Dec	4.46	7.57	7.79	7.99	8.37	8.48	8.88	9.46	9.88	7.37	7.27
2025: Jan	4.37	7.41	7.66	7.88	8.34	8.40	8.85	9.46	9.86	7.27	7.17
Feb	4.33	7.38	7.57	7.85	8.36	8.32	8.82	9.43	9.79	7.06	7.07
Mar	4.34	7.35	7.54	7.80	8.34	8.26	8.79	9.42	9.80	7.07	7.04
Apr	4.37	7.32	7.54	7.73	8.35	8.20	8.72	9.41	9.77	7.04	7.02
May	4.62	7.19	7.33	7.53	8.38	8.10	8.62	9.42	9.76	6.92	6.95
Jun	4.67	7.11	7.32	7.39	8.39	8.04	8.62	9.39	9.72	6.86	6.90
Jul	4.58	7.07	7.28	7.36	8.39	7.96	8.55	9.35	9.71	6.73	6.84
Aug	4.37	6.90	7.05	7.22	8.42	7.86	8.45	9.31	9.68	6.64	6.68
Sep	4.63	6.89	7.05	7.17	8.40	7.80	8.38	9.28	9.61	6.52	6.68
Household sector ⁴	(1604M)	(1605M)	(1606M)	(1607M)	(1608M)	(1609M)	(1610M)	(1611M)	(1612M)	(1613M)	(1614M)
2024: May	3.21	7.96	8.18	8.32	8.40	8.71	9.03	9.54	9.41	2.72	7.43
Jun	3.17	7.95	8.17	8.31	8.42	8.69	9.02	9.54	9.36	2.60	7.42
Jul	3.18	7.94	8.17	8.31	8.41	8.68	9.03	9.56	9.38	2.65	7.43
Aug	3.17	7.94	8.18	8.33	8.38	8.66	9.05	9.60	9.60	2.68	7.44
Sep	3.14	7.77	7.94	8.14	8.36	8.64	9.06	9.59	9.67	2.46	7.33
Oct	3.12	7.74	7.91	7.96	8.37	8.61	9.06	9.59	9.64	2.43	7.30
Nov	3.06	7.60	7.68	7.91	8.38	8.58	9.07	9.59	9.64	2.36	7.19
Dec	2.99	7.51	7.67	7.85	8.40	8.54	9.07	9.58	9.67	2.43	7.18
2025: Jan	2.99	7.36	7.57	7.64	8.40	8.47	9.06	9.57	9.67	2.42	7.09
Feb	3.00	7.32	7.44	7.62	8.42	8.42	9.06	9.57	9.67	2.38	6.99
Mar	3.07	7.29	7.41	7.54	8.45	8.36	9.06	9.58	9.68	2.35	7.00
Apr	3.04	7.25	7.41	7.59	8.47	8.31	9.03	9.56	9.67	2.38	6.99
May	3.00	7.08	7.18	7.36	8.48	8.21	8.99	9.56	9.67	2.34	6.89
Jun	2.99	6.99	7.18	7.35	8.49	8.16	8.97	9.56	9.67	2.37	6.84
Jul	2.96	6.98	7.13	7.34	8.52	8.10	8.93	9.56	9.66	2.32	6.83
Aug	2.87	6.74	6.90	7.10	8.51	8.04	8.90	9.56	9.68	2.29	6.70
Sep	2.97	6.75	6.90	7.11	8.53	7.99	8.86	9.56	9.66	2.27	6.68
Corporate sector ⁵	(1615M)	(1616M)	(1617M)	(1618M)	(1619M)	(1620M)	(1621M)	(1622M)	(1623M)	(1624M)	(1625M)
2024: May	5.12	8.02	8.41	8.58	8.52	8.92	9.13	9.49	10.51	8.16	7.71
Jun	5.12	8.06	8.40	8.57	8.48	8.89	9.05	9.48	10.49	8.06	7.65
Jul	5.03	8.04	8.39	8.57	8.50	8.80	8.95	9.40	10.47	8.08	7.66
Aug	5.04	8.03	8.43	8.56	8.68	8.77	8.86	9.34	10.40	8.01	7.60
Sep	5.03	7.92	8.19	8.44	8.51	8.69	8.86	9.28	10.30	7.95	7.55
Oct	4.98	7.81	8.18	8.40	8.46	8.58	8.91	9.29	10.29	7.95	7.50
Nov	4.96	7.69	7.93	8.29	8.52	8.45	8.80	9.20	10.09	7.86	7.38
Dec	4.89	7.61	7.92	8.17	8.39	8.41	8.69	9.19	10.04	7.80	7.32
2025: Jan	4.78	7.44	7.75	8.13	8.13	8.33	8.64	9.20	9.99	7.68	7.20
Feb	4.74	7.42	7.70	8.10	8.12	8.23	8.58	9.12	9.83	7.50	7.11
Mar	4.72	7.40	7.68	8.04	7.96	8.16	8.53	9.08	9.82	7.47	7.06
Apr	4.77	7.37	7.68	7.90	7.89	8.10	8.43	9.06	9.78	7.44	7.04
May	5.07	7.24	7.49	7.79	7.75	8.01	8.28	9.11	9.74	7.28	6.97
Jun	5.16	7.18	7.47	7.44	7.78	7.93	8.30	8.99	9.65	7.20	6.93
Jul	5.06	7.13	7.44	7.38	7.75	7.83	8.22	8.89	9.64	7.02	6.85
Aug	4.77	7.00	7.21	7.40	7.57	7.71	8.05	8.80	9.54	6.91	6.65
Sep	5.11	6.99	7.21	7.26	7.08	7.65	7.97	8.72	9.39	6.76	6.69

KB135

1 Weighting based on the outstanding balances of each relevant category at month-end.

2 Includes existing and new deposits.

3 Excludes banks and the government sector.

4 Includes unincorporated business enterprises within households and non-profit institutions serving households.

5 Includes all public and private financial and non-financial institutions, excluding banks and the government sector.

Weighted average¹ bank lending rates²

Institutional sectors	Instalment sale credit		Leasing finance		Mortgage advances		Credit card debtors	Overdrafts	Other loans ⁸	Total loans	Micro loans ⁹
	Flexible rate ⁶	Fixed rate ⁷	Flexible rate ⁶	Fixed rate ⁷	Flexible rate ⁶	Fixed rate ⁷					
All domestic sectors ³	(1182M)	(1181M)	(1626M)	(1627M)	(1628M)	(1629M)	(1630M)	(1404M)	(1631M)	(1632M)	
2024: May	13.02	13.18	12.93	10.70	11.31	10.36	17.51	12.07	12.45	12.19	...
Jun	13.03	13.21	12.87	10.80	11.32	10.38	17.36	11.96	12.30	12.14	...
Jul	13.00	13.23	12.95	10.98	11.31	10.38	17.77	11.99	12.35	12.17	...
Aug	13.00	13.27	12.96	10.97	11.31	10.38	17.56	11.85	12.22	12.11	...
Sep	12.77	13.31	12.72	10.87	11.16	10.31	17.46	11.66	12.15	11.98	...
Oct	12.76	13.33	12.70	11.05	11.05	10.24	17.40	11.65	12.32	11.98	...
Nov	12.57	13.34	12.76	11.15	10.92	10.17	17.29	11.59	12.28	11.88	...
Dec	12.53	13.37	12.63	11.15	10.84	10.09	17.04	11.41	11.99	11.73	...
2025: Jan	12.37	13.39	12.46	11.32	10.70	10.01	16.99	11.42	12.06	11.68	...
Feb	12.28	13.41	12.31	11.40	10.56	9.95	16.96	11.68	11.90	11.59	...
Mar	12.27	13.43	12.36	11.12	10.54	9.90	16.87	11.32	11.74	11.50	...
Apr	12.27	13.44	12.13	11.14	10.54	9.90	16.77	11.56	11.82	11.54	...
May	12.07	13.45	11.92	11.15	10.39	9.85	16.81	11.51	11.78	11.44	...
Jun	12.02	13.45	11.79	11.17	10.31	9.75	16.80	11.22	11.70	11.35	...
Jul	12.01	13.46	11.83	11.18	10.23	9.67	16.83	11.35	11.64	11.31	...
Aug	11.77	13.46	11.65	11.12	10.03	9.58	16.42	10.91	11.39	11.07	...
Sep	11.76	13.45	11.66	11.17	10.01	9.48	16.79	10.99	11.20	11.02	...
Household sector ⁴	(1633M)	(1634M)	(1635M)	(1636M)	(1637M)	(1638M)	(1639M)	(1640M)	(1641M)	(1642M)	(1643M)
2024: May	13.66	13.31	12.81	11.42	11.40	10.60	17.79	16.11	19.65	13.55	27.68
Jun	13.67	13.33	12.92	11.43	11.41	10.63	17.61	16.05	19.51	13.51	27.72
Jul	13.64	13.36	12.88	11.55	11.40	10.64	18.04	16.04	19.52	13.54	27.75
Aug	13.64	13.39	12.85	11.32	11.39	10.71	17.84	16.21	19.55	13.53	27.97
Sep	13.38	13.43	12.35	11.24	11.26	10.68	17.72	15.71	19.73	13.42	27.80
Oct	13.37	13.45	12.15	11.30	11.13	10.67	17.65	15.36	19.71	13.33	27.73
Nov	13.16	13.48	12.16	11.35	10.99	10.62	17.55	16.22	19.61	13.22	27.81
Dec	13.12	13.51	12.25	11.34	10.95	10.66	17.26	15.09	19.47	13.13	27.73
2025: Jan	12.96	13.52	12.21	11.34	10.79	10.61	17.19	15.31	19.36	13.01	27.82
Feb	12.87	13.53	12.33	11.32	10.65	10.65	17.18	15.29	19.34	12.91	27.80
Mar	12.86	13.55	12.29	11.32	10.64	10.60	17.12	15.32	19.24	12.89	27.81
Apr	12.87	13.56	11.91	11.38	10.64	10.66	16.99	14.85	19.15	12.86	27.78
May	12.67	13.57	11.39	11.39	10.52	10.60	17.03	15.50	19.50	12.82	27.74
Jun	12.61	13.58	11.30	11.35	10.43	10.56	17.01	14.83	19.68	12.76	27.82
Jul	12.57	13.57	11.46	11.39	10.37	10.55	17.07	14.83	19.64	12.72	27.79
Aug	12.34	13.58	11.30	11.36	10.13	10.52	16.64	14.57	19.51	12.48	27.75
Sep	12.34	13.57	11.34	11.36	10.12	10.48	17.02	14.62	19.39	12.50	27.76
Corporate sector ⁵	(1644M)	(1645M)	(1646M)	(1647M)	(1648M)	(1649M)	(1650M)	(1651M)	(1652M)	(1653M)	
2024: May	11.89	12.31	12.94	10.58	11.10	10.30	10.25	11.56	9.87	10.68	...
Jun	11.89	12.33	12.87	10.70	11.12	10.31	10.48	11.46	9.74	10.61	...
Jul	11.88	12.38	12.95	10.89	11.09	10.32	10.36	11.49	9.74	10.61	...
Aug	11.87	12.44	12.96	10.93	11.09	10.30	10.42	11.34	9.54	10.52	...
Sep	11.64	12.45	12.75	10.84	10.91	10.22	10.43	11.21	9.47	10.38	...
Oct	11.63	12.47	12.76	11.03	10.86	10.14	10.44	11.15	9.70	10.45	...
Nov	11.46	12.46	12.81	11.13	10.76	10.05	10.38	11.07	9.65	10.38	...
Dec	11.41	12.49	12.65	11.14	10.58	9.95	10.44	10.97	9.34	10.17	...
2025: Jan	11.27	12.46	12.48	11.31	10.46	9.87	10.98	10.95	9.43	10.17	...
Feb	11.16	12.59	12.31	11.42	10.37	9.79	10.79	11.23	9.30	10.11	...
Mar	11.16	12.59	12.36	11.11	10.29	9.74	10.05	10.84	9.17	9.96	...
Apr	11.17	12.59	12.15	11.12	10.30	9.71	10.65	11.18	9.29	10.08	...
May	10.97	12.60	11.97	11.13	10.09	9.67	10.66	11.02	9.18	9.92	...
Jun	10.92	12.57	11.83	11.16	10.03	9.56	10.82	10.81	9.10	9.82	...
Jul	10.94	12.55	11.86	11.16	9.92	9.47	10.15	10.94	9.03	9.77	...
Aug	10.70	12.56	11.68	11.10	9.77	9.36	10.13	10.48	8.79	9.52	...
Sep	10.70	12.55	11.69	11.09	9.74	9.25	10.66	10.57	8.58	9.43	...

KB136

1 Weighting based on the outstanding balances of each relevant category at month-end.

2 Include existing and new loans.

3 Excludes banks and the government sector.

4 Includes unincorporated business enterprises within households and non-profit institutions serving households.

5 Includes all public and private financial and non-financial institutions, excluding banks and the government sector.

6 Refers to any variable interest rate linked to a base rate that changes over time.

7 Refers to a predefined fixed interest rate set for either a specified term or the entire duration of the agreement.

8 Includes loans granted in terms of resale agreements and loans not included in other loan categories.

9 Unsecured loans to households up to an amount of R30 000 to which the maximum NCA rates apply.

Money market and related interest rates

Date ¹	Interest rates		Date	Interbank rates				Negotiable certificates of deposit ⁶			
	Repurchase rate %	Prime lending rate ² %		South African Benchmark Overnight Rate (Sabor) on deposits ³ %	South African Rand Overnight Index Average (ZARONIA) ⁴ %	Overnight foreign exchange rate ⁵ %	Rand overnight deposit rate %	2 months	3 months	6 months	12 months
	(1485M)	(1486M)		(1487W)	(1426W)	(1488W)	(1489W)	(1490W)	(1491W)	(1492W)	(1493W)
2020/07/24	3.50	7.00	2025/08/08	7.00	6.85	6.96	6.82	6.99	7.03	7.14	7.43
2021/11/19	3.75	7.25	2025/08/15	6.99	6.86	6.83	6.82	6.99	7.02	7.13	7.40
2022/01/28	4.00	7.50	2025/08/22	7.00	6.87	6.94	6.82	6.98	7.02	7.12	7.44
2022/03/25	4.25	7.75	2025/08/29	7.00	6.88	6.90	6.82	6.98	7.02	7.11	7.44
2022/05/20	4.75	8.25	2025/09/05	6.98	6.85	6.75	6.82	6.98	7.02	7.12	7.45
2022/07/22	5.50	9.00	2025/09/12	6.98	6.87	6.21	6.82	6.95	7.00	7.12	7.45
2022/09/23	6.25	9.75	2025/09/19	6.95	6.85	5.93	6.82	6.96	7.02	7.14	7.49
2022/11/25	7.00	10.50	2025/09/26	6.98	6.86	6.70	6.82	6.95	7.01	7.15	7.50
2023/01/28	7.25	10.75	2025/10/03	6.98	6.86	6.90	6.82	6.95	7.00	7.13	7.46
2023/03/31	7.75	11.25	2025/10/10	6.97	6.86	6.57	6.82	6.95	7.00	7.11	7.42
2023/05/26	8.25	11.75	2025/10/17	6.99	6.87	6.63	6.82	6.93	6.98	7.10	7.38
2024/09/20	8.00	11.50	2025/10/24	7.00	6.87	6.84	6.82	6.93	6.98	7.08	7.37
2024/11/22	7.75	11.25	2025/10/31	6.99	6.85	6.90	6.82	6.92	6.97	7.08	7.40
2025/01/31	7.50	11.00	2025/11/07	6.97	6.85	7.13	6.82	6.92	6.97	7.06	7.37
2025/05/30	7.25	10.75	2025/11/14	6.96	6.86	6.97	6.82	6.87	6.91	7.01	7.31
2025/08/01	7.00	10.50	2025/11/21	6.72	6.62	6.73	6.57	6.72	6.78	6.92	7.24
2025/11/21	6.75	10.25	2025/11/28	6.72	6.61	7.00	6.59	6.71	6.78	6.91	7.22

KB129

Date	Jibar rates ⁷				FRA rates ⁸				Treasury bill rates			
	3-month Jibar	6-month Jibar	9-month Jibar	12-month Jibar	1x4 FRA	3x6 FRA	6x9 FRA	9x12 FRA	91-day Treasury bills	182-day Treasury bills	273-day Treasury bills	364-day Treasury bills
	(1565W)	(1566W)	(1587W)	(1567W)	(1588W)	(1568W)	(1569W)	(1570W)	(1574W)	(1575W)	(1576W)	(1589W)
2025/08/08	7.03	7.13	7.27	7.43	7.00	6.90	6.75	6.67	7.02	7.25	7.21	7.13
2025/08/15	7.02	7.13	7.25	7.40	6.97	6.89	6.75	6.67	6.96	7.17	7.19	7.11
2025/08/22	7.02	7.13	7.25	7.43	6.93	6.86	6.78	6.71	6.95	7.15	7.18	7.08
2025/08/29	7.02	7.11	7.25	7.44	6.93	6.85	6.79	6.68	6.93	7.13	7.16	7.06
2025/09/05	7.02	7.11	7.27	7.45	6.95	6.89	6.83	6.71	6.96	7.12	7.14	7.04
2025/09/12	7.00	7.12	7.26	7.45	6.92	6.86	6.79	6.61	6.95	7.11	7.12	7.00
2025/09/19	7.02	7.13	7.28	7.48	7.01	6.95	6.83	6.65	6.89	7.09	7.10	6.98
2025/09/26	7.01	7.15	7.30	7.50	6.99	6.91	6.83	6.69	6.84	7.13	7.10	7.00
2025/10/03	7.00	7.13	7.26	7.45	6.99	6.84	6.69	6.57	6.84	7.12	7.09	6.98
2025/10/10	7.00	7.11	7.23	7.42	6.96	6.83	6.67	6.56	6.95	7.15	7.06	6.96
2025/10/17	6.98	7.10	7.20	7.38	6.90	6.80	6.59	6.45	6.93	7.15	7.06	6.95
2025/10/24	6.98	7.08	7.18	7.37	6.87	6.81	6.65	6.47	6.89	7.08	7.00	6.93
2025/10/31	6.97	7.08	7.20	7.40	6.87	6.79	6.69	6.55	6.84	7.06	7.01	6.92
2025/11/07	6.97	7.06	7.19	7.38	6.85	6.76	6.64	6.51	6.86	7.08	7.01	6.89
2025/11/14	6.91	7.01	7.13	7.32	6.79	6.71	6.59	6.45	6.83	7.05	6.97	6.87
2025/11/21	6.78	6.90	7.05	7.23	6.76	6.67	6.53	6.39	6.75	7.00	6.92	6.81
2025/11/28	6.78	6.91	7.07	7.23	6.76	6.69	6.51	6.40	6.66	6.92	6.86	6.75

KB130

1 Effective dates of change of the repurchase rate and the prime lending rate.
2 The prime lending rate is derived from the repurchase rate plus 3.5 percentage points.
3 The SAONIA rate (weighted average rate of unsecured interbank overnight transactions at market rates consistently worked back to September 2001) was discontinued and replaced with Sabor on deposits as from 27 March 2007.
4 The ZARONIA rate is a reformed version of the existing Sabor and reflects the interest rate at which rand-denominated overnight wholesale funds are obtained by commercial banks. ZARONIA was officially implemented from 3 November 2023.
5 As from 27 March 2007 the rate indicated the weighted average implied rate of both overnight call deposit rates and tomorrow next transactions raised in the forward foreign exchange market.
6 As from 1 April 2004 the rate reflected related to negotiable certificates of deposits (instead of promissory notes).
7 The Johannesburg Interbank Average Rate (Jibar) serves as a benchmark for short-term money market interest rates. Prior to November 2012 it was known as the Johannesburg Interbank Agreed Rate.
8 Rates on 1x4, 3x6, 6x9 and 9x12-month forward rate agreements indicate market expectations of rates on three-month NCDs in one, three, six and nine months' time.

Capital market interest rates and yields

Percentage

Period	Yields ¹ and price indices on bonds traded on the stock exchange ²										Investment rates			
	Government bonds										Nominal fixed rates ¹⁰ on RSA retail savings bonds ¹¹			Postbank investment accounts
	Nominal yields					Real yield	2 years				3 years	5 years		
	0 to 3 years	3 to 5 years ¹³	5 to 10 years	10 to 15 years ¹²	20 to 30 years	10 years and over							Government bond index ³	
	(2000M)	(2001M)	(2002M)	(2003M)	(2049M)	(2027M)	(2013M)	(2018M)	(2014M)	(2004M)	(2873M)	(2874M)	(2875M)	(2009M)
2022	7.32	8.91	10.44	11.44	11.53	4.78	845	917	858	12.45	8.50	9.00	10.50	5.75
2023	8.76	...	9.88	11.53	12.27	4.73	927	1 009	940	12.36	9.25	9.50	10.75	7.00
2024	8.18	...	8.96	10.23	11.06	4.89	1 086	1 197	1 103	10.88	8.50	9.00	9.75	6.50
2025: Jan	8.29	...	9.10	10.44	11.23	4.94	1 091	1 202	1 107	11.11	8.75	9.00	10.00	6.25
Feb.....	8.28	9.11	10.50	10.92	11.33	4.95	1 091	1 202	1 108	11.14	8.75	9.25	10.00	6.25
Mar.....	8.26	9.09	10.57	10.99	11.47	4.97	1 094	1 199	1 110	11.20	9.00	9.25	10.25	6.25
Apr	8.22	9.16	10.90	11.45	11.92	5.17	1 102	1 204	1 119	11.57	9.00	9.25	10.25	6.25
May	8.01	8.85	10.48	11.07	11.72	5.09	1 132	1 243	1 149	11.27	8.75	9.00	10.25	6.00
Jun	7.83	8.60	10.08	10.60	11.24	5.09	1 157	1 278	1 176	10.75	8.75	9.00	10.00	6.00
Jul	7.74	8.36	9.84	10.40	11.11	5.13	1 188	1 320	1 208	10.45	8.50	8.75	10.00	6.00
Aug	7.61	8.14	9.62	10.15	10.83	5.01	1 196	1 330	1 216	10.23	8.25	8.50	9.25	5.75
Sep	7.47	7.96	9.32	9.87	10.55	4.86	1 235	1 390	1 257	9.99	8.00	8.25	9.00	5.75
Oct	7.44	7.78	9.04	9.54	10.13	4.71	1 266	1 432	1 289	9.64	7.75	8.00	8.75	5.75
Nov	7.34	7.66	8.68	9.12	9.67	4.65	1 309	1 485	1 333	9.18	7.75	8.00	9.00	5.50

KB201

Percentage

Prescribed rate of interest ⁴ (Judgement debt)		Rate of interest on loans from the State Revenue Fund ⁵		Official rate of interest ⁶ (Fringe benefit taxation)		Rate of interest			
						Outstanding VAT amounts			Provisional tax
Date		Date		Date		Date	Tax ⁷	Refunds ⁸	Refunds ⁹
2022/01/01	7.25	2022/01/01	7.25	2021/12/01	4.75	2022/03/01	7.25	7.25	3.25
2022/03/01	7.50	2022/03/01	7.50	2022/02/01	5.00	2022/05/01	7.50	7.50	3.50
2022/05/01	7.75	2022/05/01	7.75	2022/04/01	5.25	2022/07/01	7.75	7.75	3.75
2022/07/01	8.25	2022/07/01	8.25	2022/06/01	5.75	2022/09/01	8.25	8.25	4.25
2022/09/01	9.00	2022/09/01	9.00	2022/08/01	6.50	2022/11/01	9.00	9.00	5.00
2022/11/01	9.75	2022/11/01	9.75	2022/10/01	7.25	2023/01/01	9.75	9.75	5.75
2023/01/01	10.50	2023/01/01	10.50	2022/12/01	8.00	2023/03/01	10.50	10.50	6.50
2023/03/01	10.75	2023/03/01	10.75	2023/02/01	8.25	2023/05/01	10.75	10.75	6.75
2023/05/01	11.25	2023/05/01	11.25	2023/04/01	8.75	2023/07/01	11.25	11.25	7.25
2023/07/01	11.75	2023/07/01	11.75	2023/06/01	9.25	2023/09/01	11.75	11.75	7.75
2024/11/01	11.50	2024/11/01	11.50	2024/10/01	9.00	2025/01/01	11.50	11.50	7.50
2025/01/01	11.25	2025/01/01	11.25	2024/12/01	8.75	2025/03/01	11.25	11.25	7.25
2025/03/01	11.00	2025/03/01	11.00	2025/02/01	8.50	2025/05/01	11.00	11.00	7.00
2025/07/01	10.75	2025/07/01	10.75	2025/06/01	8.25	2025/09/01	10.75	10.75	6.75
2025/10/01	10.50	2025/10/01	10.50	2025/09/01	8.00	2025/12/01	10.50	10.50	6.50
2026/01/01	10.25	2026/01/01	10.25	2025/12/01	7.75	2026/03/01	10.25	10.25	6.25

KB202

1 Monthly average bond yield.
2 Source: The JSE Limited and the Actuarial Society of South Africa.
3 Indices: 1 July 2000 = 100. Month-end values.
4 Prescribed rate of interest (Section 1 of Act No. 55 of 1975), Department of Justice. This Act provides for the calculation and payment of interest on certain judgement debts.
5 The standard interest rate applicable to loans granted by the State out of the State Revenue Fund, Exchequer Act No. 66 of 1975. As from 1 April 2000 the Public Finance Management Act No. 1 of 1999, as amended by Act No. 29 of 1999.
6 Official rate of interest as defined by the Income Tax Act No. 58 of 1962.
7 Interest for failure to pay tax when due. Value-Added Tax Act No. 89 of 1991. As from 1 April 2003 determined in terms of the Public Finance Management Act No. 1 of 1999.
8 Interest on delayed refunds. Value-Added Tax Act No. 89 of 1991. As from 1 April 2003 determined in terms of the Public Finance Management Act No. 1 of 1999.
9 Income Tax Act No.58 of 1962. As from 1 April 2003 linked to the interest rate in respect of outstanding taxes.
10 Source: The National Treasury.
11 Fixed interest rates payable for the entire term of the investment.

Capital market activity

Primary and secondary markets

R millions

Period	Primary market						Secondary market						
	Net issues of marketable debt securities ^{1, 3}			Share capital raised by companies listed on the JSE ^{2, 14}			Stock exchange transactions						
	General government ⁹ (2870M)	Public enterprises (2871M)	Other ¹³ (2872M)	Private sector			Shares			Bonds			
				Rights issues (2044M)	Other share capital raised (2046M)	Total value of share capital raised (2043M)	Market capitalisation ¹¹ (2170M)	Total volume of shares traded ^{4, 12} (2171M)	Total value of shares traded ¹² (2172M)	Market capitalisation ¹⁵ (2025M)	Total number of transactions ^{5, 8} (2040M)	Bonds purchased ⁸	
												Total consideration (2041M)	Total nominal value (2042M)
2022	376 288	-871	22 564	700	12 597	13 297	21 356 715	81 459	5 906 451	4 276 777	486 774	35 462 875	38 862 640
2023	276 416	-24 771	80 018	3 337	38 074	41 411	19 023 628	77 051	5 423 682	4 495 757	481 191	40 599 754	44 966 739
2024	451 875	-1 504	55 598	5 785	96 434	102 219	19 239 201	77 331	5 526 233	5 111 812	459 336	43 887 454	47 939 314
2025: Feb.....	28 692	1 696	4 375	-	213	213	20 180 750	6 952	532 916	5 024 090	35 907	3 922 966	4 186 249
Mar.....	29 200	1 611	9 606	-	619	619	20 012 086	7 276	608 283	5 030 766	37 275	3 673 048	3 950 905
Apr.....	42 983	-1 500	15 190	-	651	651	20 523 992	8 252	637 119	5 109 013	40 928	4 147 306	4 603 319
May.....	50 361	-	2 768	-	537	537	21 246 372	6 124	503 054	5 231 855	36 780	4 145 809	4 471 973
Jun.....	43 422	1 860	13 005	594	1 410	2 004	21 435 480	7 111	632 612	5 336 289	40 883	4 624 371	4 394 572
Jul.....	49 225	-	13 865	100	356	456	21 706 071	8 757	607 807	5 434 799	40 284	4 568 417	4 767 157
Aug.....	44 315	3 360	9 559	-	3 529	3 529	22 581 248	7 008	626 438	5 476 157	39 498	4 135 577	4 270 451
Sep.....	37 058	-4 041	11 749	-	3 536	3 536	23 168 257	8 437	855 759	5 611 699	36 936	4 306 739	4 433 907
Oct.....	49 888	1 710	19 409	-	6 616	6 616	23 475 397	8 683	709 751	6 098 509	40 812	4 559 917	4 584 023
Nov.....	...	7 754	6 233	191	785	976	23 527 049	7 356	588 783	5 974 629	40 928	5 022 721	4 929 586

KB203

Non-resident and real-estate transactions

R millions

Period	Transactions by non-residents									Real estate ⁶
	Shares ²			Bonds ¹⁰					Total	Transfer duty ⁷ (2564M)
	Purchases (2550M)	Sales (2551M)	Net purchases (2050M)	Purchases (2553M)	Sales (2554M)	Net purchases			Net purchases (2565M)	
						Total (2051M)	Repurchases (2562M)	Outright (2563M)		
2022	908 376	993 050	-84 674	2 857 029	2 870 283	-13 254	17 334	-30 587	-97 927	11 649
2023	746 972	880 744	-133 773	4 639 459	4 637 135	2 324	31 327	-29 003	-131 449	9 703
2024	763 519	908 058	-144 539	3 952 843	3 922 790	30 052	9 042	21 010	-114 486	10 735
2025: Feb.....	73 300	101 992	-28 692	399 421	397 580	1 841	13 898	-12 057	-26 851	1 066
Mar.....	71 686	93 913	-22 227	333 436	329 605	3 832	23 235	-19 403	-18 395	1 124
Apr.....	78 568	95 803	-17 236	421 084	419 867	1 217	11 299	-10 083	-16 019	1 024
May.....	73 697	86 993	-13 296	413 482	419 487	-6 005	-20 694	14 689	-19 301	1 074
Jun.....	99 730	126 453	-26 723	413 441	385 895	27 546	13 363	14 183	822	1 035
Jul.....	100 648	100 557	92	448 100	453 744	-5 644	-4 091	-1 553	-5 553	1 057
Aug	85 346	113 022	-27 676	370 726	345 388	25 338	15 582	9 756	-2 338	1 039
Sep	123 038	161 775	-38 737	522 552	470 430	52 122	32 200	19 922	13 385	1 014
Oct.....	123 899	121 390	2 509	533 477	552 861	-19 384	-12 128	-7 256	-16 875	1 006
Nov	91 802	107 921	-16 119	541 585	561 661	-20 076	-33 916	13 839	-36 195	1 077

KB204

1 Sources: The JSE Limited (JSE) and National Treasury.

2 Source: The JSE.

3 Change in the nominal or face value of outstanding balances.

4 Volume in millions.

5 Actual number.

6 Seasonally adjusted.

7 As from 1 April 2025, the threshold for transfer duty exemption changed.

8 Source: Strate Limited. Including free-of-value trades where applicable for debt-securities traded on the JSE and Cape Town Stock Exchange (CTSE).

9 The term general government includes central, provincial and local governments, though provincial governments do not issue bonds.

10 Source: The JSE, excluding free-of-value trades. JSE non-resident data are based on settled trades from 2019 rather than matched trades.

11 Sources: The JSE as well as ZAR X (included until January 2023), Cape Town Stock Exchange (CTSE), A2X Markets (A2X) and The Integrated Exchange (I-Ex), but excluding secondary listings in the case of primary listings on the JSE.

12 Sources: The JSE as well as ZAR X (included until August 2021), CTSE, A2X and I-Ex.

13 Including net issues by the domestic private sector and non-resident entities.

14 Comprising secondary capital raised.

15 Sources: The JSE, CTSE and I-Ex (from December 2023).

Capital market interest rates (continued)

Percentage

Date	National Credit Act: Maximum prescribed interest rates					
	Mortgage agreements	Credit facilities	Unsecured credit transactions	Developmental credit agreements		Other credit agreements
				Development of a small business	Low-income housing (unsecured)	
2022/07/22	17.50	19.50	26.50	32.50	32.50	22.50
2022/09/23	18.25	20.25	27.25	33.25	33.25	23.25
2022/11/25	19.00	21.00	28.00	34.00	34.00	24.00
2023/01/27	19.25	21.25	28.25	34.25	34.25	24.25
2023/03/31	19.75	21.75	28.75	34.75	34.75	24.75
2023/05/26	20.25	22.25	29.25	35.25	35.25	25.25
2024/09/20	20.00	22.00	29.00	35.00	35.00	25.00
2024/11/22	19.75	21.75	28.75	34.75	34.75	24.75
2025/01/31	19.50	21.50	28.50	34.50	34.50	24.50
2025/05/30	19.25	21.25	28.25	34.25	34.25	24.25
2025/08/01	19.00	21.00	28.00	34.00	34.00	24.00
2025/11/21	18.75	20.75	27.75	33.75	33.75	23.75

KB233

Derivative market activity

R millions

Period	Derivative markets ¹									
	Equity derivatives				Commodity derivatives				Interest rate derivatives	Currency derivatives
	Number of deals ² (2140M)	Number of contracts ² (2141M)	Traded value (2142M)	Open interest ³ (2143M)	Number of deals ² (2144M)	Number of contracts ² (2145M)	Traded value (2146M)	Open interest ³ (2147M)	Open interest ³ (2058M)	Open interest ³ (2059M)
2019	3 642 713	85 117 279	6 595 179	8 731 710	463 540	3 510 686	809 731	157 807	1 222 772	7 367 398
2020	4 104 595	103 238 394	5 799 347	14 311 458	500 376	3 495 598	915 331	173 669	1 124 559	4 498 784
2021	3 742 452	120 053 912	6 340 065	13 790 515	477 263	3 559 741	1 107 835	152 260	1 197 618	4 610 939
2022	3 881 357	170 102 461	6 494 843	24 315 026	558 213	3 626 562	1 464 277	149 214	1 574 954	7 421 441
2023	4 012 775	173 277 741	6 285 990	25 225 796	682 643	3 755 404	1 412 935	141 798	1 597 561	4 995 769
2024	3 975 006	159 651 708	6 265 992	16 834 618	783 638	3 743 527	1 527 727	148 142	1 596 952	6 250 802
2024: Apr.....	398 746	24 158 295	441 916	42 490 249	65 304	310 989	127 450	147 996	2 288 837	6 241 837
May.....	312 115	7 135 147	421 181	42 177 592	68 005	349 689	142 469	162 271	1 686 419	7 578 079
Jun.....	411 643	18 568 748	836 308	37 818 969	70 299	357 339	147 908	135 676	1 728 699	4 959 343
Jul.....	300 135	11 132 914	353 856	45 838 939	64 960	308 471	130 089	151 246	1 974 629	5 400 488
Aug.....	317 138	14 476 884	405 316	57 688 565	53 893	267 898	108 984	146 878	1 574 001	5 221 099
Sep.....	407 990	20 839 047	860 302	29 264 328	47 507	224 777	92 794	146 653	1 902 954	4 133 544
Oct.....	306 223	11 344 805	405 345	26 728 418	66 377	284 468	114 258	152 108	2 351 889	4 503 827
Nov.....	254 436	5 827 586	364 425	28 441 953	90 814	409 642	181 573	138 458	1 576 728	5 916 783
Dec.....	330 773	7 583 163	754 833	16 834 618	41 207	250 991	104 271	148 142	1 596 952	6 250 802
2025: Jan.....	270 567	7 303 855	331 136	19 094 656	63 494	271 262	115 146	153 780	2 189 495	7 036 201
Feb	244 518	2 824 407	386 010	19 662 021	79 256	327 957	133 027	117 162	1 436 289	6 944 129
Mar	366 429	9 704 724	858 217	9 913 415	42 684	218 371	85 051	121 185	1 460 773	5 816 742
Apr.....	346 003	8 743 819	662 092	9 915 517	48 987	215 884	89 915	120 400	2 112 711	9 734 169
May.....	199 517	9 175 789	384 413	12 580 813	54 952	281 409	122 647	133 741	1 468 704	9 747 330
Jun.....	299 591	17 495 877	845 849	10 850 836	78 273	333 985	147 659	115 846	1 535 309	6 957 808
Jul.....	206 596	10 561 587	352 235	17 233 516	61 417	342 689	150 902	131 679	2 024 026	7 001 940
Aug.....	194 462	9 743 340	357 092	22 379 771	70 838	349 793	132 129	142 385	1 591 060	7 402 938
Sep.....	348 305	11 187 513	1 057 688	18 005 912	49 838	253 172	94 781	155 741	1 777 648	5 419 468
Oct.....	257 072	17 559 378	558 598	17 483 340	62 047	276 497	102 218	172 278	2 171 153	5 296 273
Nov.....	221 996	8 183 037	446 670	14 968 635	91 338	403 472	146 090	134 037	1 729 631	5 655 132

KB205

1 Source: The JSE Limited. Futures and options contracts included.
2 Actual number.
3 Actual number as at the last business day of the particular month and year.

Share prices¹

Period	Share prices ² (2015=100)												
	Resources ³					Financials				Industrial			All shares
	Mining				Total	Banks	Life insurance	Closed end investments	Total	Consumer discretionary ⁵	Consumer staples	Total	
	Gold	General	Platinum	Total ⁴									
	(2580M)	(2581M)	(2593M)	(2583M)									
	(2584M)	(2585M)	(2594M)	(2587M)	(2589M)	(2590M)	(2595M)	(2591M)	(2592M)				
2017	119	129	100	125	122	102	92	103	97	134	113	110	107
2018	92	150	99	141	137	124	105	87	102	147	90	107	110
2019	161	152	215	159	147	125	100	91	97	139	87	101	106
2020	339	142	325	172	150	86	73	90	68	107	88	103	102
2021	284	209	495	242	178	111	78	115	79	159	99	128	129
2022	299	258	454	280	206	139	77	168	89	178	108	122	134
2023	412	276	291	287	208	141	81	171	90	232	114	144	147
2024	509	260	207	270	193	167	93	134	103	256	116	148	149
2022: Oct.....	253	244	399	261	191	133	66	147	82	169	106	114	125
Nov.....	300	263	445	284	207	146	72	143	89	185	111	124	135
Dec.....	326	288	439	306	224	140	68	152	87	198	118	135	146
2023: Jan.....	363	301	429	318	231	143	74	170	89	218	114	144	152
Feb.....	326	300	366	309	225	146	79	193	92	232	118	148	154
Mar.....	365	275	325	286	207	138	78	217	87	228	119	145	147
Apr.....	472	278	340	296	213	136	77	197	87	243	122	150	151
May.....	510	273	346	293	212	128	74	171	84	255	118	148	149
Jun.....	467	278	306	292	211	135	79	178	87	242	111	144	147
Jul.....	437	274	276	284	206	145	83	177	91	242	111	145	147
Aug.....	380	264	241	269	195	148	86	159	94	230	112	143	144
Sep.....	376	267	218	270	196	142	85	163	91	229	113	146	146
Oct.....	398	263	213	268	195	139	82	154	88	213	107	132	137
Nov.....	403	266	209	271	197	147	84	137	91	217	114	138	142
Dec.....	446	278	230	284	206	149	85	134	93	234	114	140	146
2024: Jan.....	409	273	231	278	201	151	86	135	95	237	116	141	145
Feb.....	421	256	203	262	189	150	86	134	95	263	118	145	144
Mar.....	478	252	205	261	188	146	85	124	93	268	114	142	142
Apr.....	554	323	226	328	234	142	77	109	90	246	111	141	153
May.....	533	279	224	289	207	150	82	112	94	254	115	149	151
Jun.....	501	268	197	276	197	161	86	122	99	267	113	148	149
Jul.....	560	264	208	276	198	173	92	131	105	260	116	148	150
Aug.....	557	243	201	257	184	182	96	128	110	259	119	151	149
Sep.....	518	238	179	249	178	188	101	142	113	247	122	153	149
Oct.....	564	253	220	268	191	188	105	145	115	257	119	157	155
Nov.....	515	240	202	252	180	189	108	152	115	247	116	151	149
Dec.....	501	234	191	246	175	186	110	170	115	268	114	155	150
2025: Jan.....	565	233	195	249	177	179	105	175	110	306	113	155	149
Feb.....	653	232	197	252	179	178	107	158	111	329	123	171	158
Mar.....	707	221	222	248	176	180	107	178	112	308	127	173	159
Apr.....	838	202	218	238	168	168	101	180	107	283	132	170	154
May.....	808	211	238	246	174	182	111	182	115	307	135	182	163
Jun.....	867	210	276	251	177	183	114	214	117	300	143	188	167
Jul.....	867	222	331	265	188	184	113	215	119	293	140	189	171
Aug.....	999	222	320	272	192	190	114	212	121	273	142	190	173
Sep.....	1 179	227	355	289	205	188	112	225	119	291	137	192	177
Oct.....	1 289	243	423	314	221	198	115	234	123	307	133	195	183
Nov.....	1 324	235	405	308	217	205	119	265	128	315	139	196	184

KB206

1 Source: The JSE Limited.

2 Weighted index numbers of monthly average prices of all ordinary shares listed on the JSE.

3 The over-arching index for energy, mining, chemicals and industrial metals and materials companies.

4 Includes coal, and diamonds and gemstones.

5 In March 2019, a company switched to another sub-sector within the industrial sector.

Yields and stock exchange activity¹

Dividend yields %					Earnings yields %					Price-earnings ratio for all classes of shares (2078A)	Number of shares traded (2015=100) (2110M)	Period
Resources		Financial (2095M)	Industrial (2096M)	All shares (2097M)	Resources		Financial (2114M)	Industrial (2115M)	All shares (2116M)			
Gold (2093M)	Total (2094M)				Gold (2098M)	Total (2099M)						
1.84	1.46	2.67	2.09	2.07	4.33	5.56	6.79	3.04	4.24	23.82	115.53	2017
0.83	2.14	2.62	2.28	2.31	6.54	7.03	5.86	6.21	6.30	16.10	123.27	2018
0.33	2.45	3.00	2.18	2.40	2.11	7.24	6.84	4.73	5.72	17.68	110.84	2019
0.65	2.42	3.54	1.67	2.10	3.57	6.78	4.10	4.08	4.81	22.71	158.29	2020
2.04	3.42	1.83	1.35	1.98	9.65	8.85	4.66	4.10	5.55	19.66	164.06	2021
2.03	4.85	2.92	1.44	2.88	9.08	12.02	8.84	4.70	7.89	12.79	109.14	2022
1.88	4.16	3.67	2.04	2.96	7.45	13.71	9.36	4.50	8.25	12.16	101.68	2023
1.60	2.83	3.58	1.96	2.50	5.48	7.29	8.97	5.89	6.82	14.76	101.84	2024
2.65	5.64	3.57	1.90	3.47	10.41	13.55	10.24	4.81	8.68	11.52	110.94	2022: Oct
2.23	5.22	3.32	1.80	3.24	8.79	12.56	9.85	3.82	7.77	12.87	110.85	Nov
2.06	4.83	3.40	1.66	3.02	8.11	11.61	10.14	3.56	7.27	13.76	83.34	Dec
1.85	4.68	3.31	1.58	2.90	7.27	11.27	9.84	3.38	6.97	14.35	87.31	2023: Jan
2.52	4.36	3.17	0.80	2.31	9.33	14.01	9.64	3.80	8.04	12.44	109.71	Feb
2.20	4.78	3.71	1.63	2.93	8.33	15.50	9.85	4.16	8.65	11.56	134.57	Mar
1.70	4.65	3.71	1.63	2.88	6.41	15.06	9.84	3.75	8.25	12.11	80.59	Apr
1.58	4.69	3.86	1.63	2.91	5.94	15.03	9.53	4.28	8.51	11.75	117.98	May
1.73	4.70	3.71	1.63	2.93	6.53	15.06	8.77	4.28	8.47	11.81	112.93	Jun
1.84	4.55	3.56	1.64	2.85	6.97	14.70	8.70	4.25	8.25	12.12	85.62	Jul
1.93	3.54	3.57	1.69	2.53	8.07	13.06	8.87	4.44	7.76	12.89	95.54	Aug
1.95	3.52	3.91	3.76	3.69	8.19	12.89	9.27	5.08	8.34	11.99	102.89	Sep
1.84	3.55	3.93	4.14	3.88	7.75	12.96	9.29	5.89	8.93	11.20	96.55	Oct
1.82	3.50	3.85	2.23	2.92	7.65	12.75	9.21	5.23	8.45	11.83	119.11	Nov
1.64	3.36	3.73	2.21	2.84	6.91	12.20	9.46	5.45	8.43	11.86	77.37	Dec
1.79	3.44	3.68	2.20	2.86	7.53	12.49	9.30	5.44	8.48	11.79	81.27	2024: Jan
1.86	3.23	3.60	0.79	2.04	7.81	8.67	9.30	5.63	7.13	14.02	87.18	Feb
1.66	3.07	3.83	2.05	2.66	5.04	7.93	9.94	5.59	6.95	14.38	94.74	Mar
1.43	2.48	4.07	2.28	2.59	4.37	6.37	9.87	5.64	6.41	15.61	108.58	Apr
1.47	2.80	3.88	1.97	2.53	4.46	7.16	9.63	5.71	6.76	14.80	98.34	May
1.57	2.93	3.66	1.97	2.55	4.74	7.51	9.09	6.15	7.04	14.20	129.42	Jun
1.40	2.87	3.48	1.97	2.51	4.25	7.20	8.66	6.10	6.86	14.58	110.41	Jul
1.51	1.89	3.31	1.92	2.14	4.64	5.98	8.31	5.97	6.35	15.76	96.79	Aug
1.66	2.87	3.40	2.09	2.55	5.44	6.10	8.30	5.89	6.35	15.74	117.99	Sep
1.52	2.68	3.39	2.04	2.47	4.99	5.69	8.21	5.74	6.12	16.34	108.14	Oct
1.65	2.83	3.34	2.14	2.57	6.13	6.13	8.55	6.24	6.59	15.17	96.98	Nov
1.70	2.91	3.34	2.09	2.56	6.31	6.29	8.45	6.54	6.79	14.73	92.18	Dec
1.50	2.87	3.48	2.08	2.56	5.59	6.23	8.78	6.53	6.81	14.69	90.86	2025: Jan
1.39	2.65	3.34	0.73	1.72	7.36	5.79	8.85	4.57	5.61	17.81	109.22	Feb
1.93	2.57	3.45	1.24	1.98	7.04	5.82	9.23	4.57	5.68	17.59	114.90	Mar
1.63	2.68	3.71	1.26	2.06	5.94	6.07	9.77	4.64	5.86	17.05	129.98	Apr
1.79	2.61	3.44	1.25	1.98	6.17	5.84	8.86	4.08	5.35	18.70	96.93	May
1.67	2.56	3.39	1.44	2.06	5.75	5.76	8.71	4.41	5.47	18.29	112.33	Jun
1.67	2.39	3.34	1.44	2.01	5.74	5.37	8.61	4.38	5.33	18.76	138.80	Jul
2.07	2.17	3.29	1.41	1.93	7.82	5.25	8.59	4.80	5.53	18.08	110.65	Aug
1.77	2.06	3.58	1.80	2.16	6.72	5.01	8.85	4.75	5.44	18.37	127.83	Sep
1.62	1.91	3.48	1.78	2.08	6.14	4.63	8.67	4.70	5.27	18.97	136.76	Oct
1.98	2.02	3.35	1.66	2.03	6.41	4.76	7.86	4.41	5.03	19.88	115.78	Nov

KB207

¹ Source: The JSE Limited. The share price yields and ratio are calculated by the South African Reserve Bank. As from January 2006 classified according to the Industry Classification Benchmark (ICB).

Unit trusts

Assets and transactions

R millions

Period	All funds									Money market funds: Total assets	Transactions in units ⁹			
	Cash and deposits ¹	Interest-bearing securities ²			Equity ⁴	Other assets ⁵	Total assets ⁶	Of which: Foreign assets ⁷			Domestic intra-industry assets ⁸	Sales ¹⁰	Repurchases	Net inflows
		Domestic		Foreign sector										
		Public sector ³	Private sector											
(2700Q)	(2701Q)	(2702Q)	(2703Q)	(2704Q)	(2705Q)	(2706Q)	(2707Q)	(2708Q)	(2709Q)	(2710Q)	(2711Q)	(2712Q)		
2018	224 796	291 210	456 307	9 125	1 194 026	27 397	2 202 862	437 744	337 368	329 596	2 088 712	1 991 446	97 266	
2019	236 774	350 446	528 790	11 599	1 271 224	33 228	2 432 061	507 726	364 561	347 105	2 239 830	2 103 399	136 43	
2020	219 067	435 557	687 149	18 861	1 373 006	36 898	2 770 537	854 622	393 834	438 120	2 735 319	2 585 224	150 096	
2021	242 832	482 596	655 162	16 035	1 731 529	46 496	3 174 650	1 077 914	475 493	373 382	2 941 841	2 844 153	97 689	
2022	191 339	453 759	789 599	34 809	1 707 748	47 140	3 224 394	1 103 652	483 741	384 373	2 919 757	2 831 085	88 672	
2023	212 968	499 365	822 153	35 105	1 945 261	56 929	3 571 781	1 305 496	549 904	406 017	2 996 924	2 906 035	90 890	
2024	258 710	590 266	832 902	36 370	2 208 790	65 229	3 992 266	1 466 972	636 526	420 178	3 241 191	3 108 157	133 033	
2018: 01	176 520	247 109	473 585	9 688	1 198 056	18 988	2 123 946	413 333	343 007	309 558	506 281	495 247	11 034	
02	153 392	262 516	483 408	9 094	1 259 783	22 514	2 190 707	466 423	366 285	304 431	484 941	471 335	13 606	
03	204 042	277 201	481 154	8 838	1 278 245	24 186	2 273 666	487 869	364 242	322 257	532 569	478 098	54 471	
04	224 796	291 210	456 307	9 125	1 194 026	27 397	2 202 862	437 744	337 368	329 596	564 921	546 766	18 155	
2019: 01	235 326	298 531	487 288	9 844	1 288 287	20 970	2 340 247	493 839	359 827	343 732	508 466	460 438	48 028	
02	234 880	318 172	513 032	10 634	1 262 777	25 476	2 364 970	482 540	363 258	349 729	570 681	530 917	39 764	
03	244 027	329 716	530 121	11 780	1 258 339	27 172	2 401 155	511 615	373 358	363 720	579 335	534 349	44 986	
04	236 774	350 446	528 790	11 599	1 271 224	33 228	2 432 061	507 726	364 561	347 105	581 347	577 696	3 651	
2020: 01	271 955	362 074	492 008	12 473	1 046 077	27 944	2 212 530	491 417	317 676	369 592	603 863	578 682	25 18	
02	269 580	409 191	561 919	10 634	1 186 882	33 783	2 471 989	524 041	374 857	416 005	599 212	526 818	72 394	
03	210 482	367 534	742 029	18 800	1 266 109	45 702	2 650 655	1 055 585	385 892	424 023	759 566	724 987	34 579	
04	219 067	435 557	687 149	18 861	1 373 006	36 898	2 770 537	854 622	393 834	438 120	772 679	754 737	17 941	
2021: 01	235 927	459 182	651 259	15 871	1 495 140	40 215	2 897 594	895 012	400 845	422 574	742 863	732 263	10 600	
02	226 736	456 469	634 352	14 851	1 548 565	46 390	2 927 361	928 600	424 418	376 393	776 919	781 381	-4 461	
03	237 031	475 466	625 706	15 526	1 589 085	46 384	2 989 198	965 839	443 791	366 314	734 053	690 806	43 247	
04	242 832	482 596	655 162	16 035	1 731 529	46 496	3 174 650	1 077 914	475 493	373 382	688 006	639 703	48 303	
2022: 01	191 783	470 823	695 086	17 139	1 698 547	44 361	3 117 738	1 004 425	477 889	354 086	679 711	672 061	7 650	
02	188 829	434 619	736 998	19 117	1 595 965	50 438	3 025 965	994 863	456 443	362 210	765 436	736 908	28 528	
03	222 325	428 506	755 750	27 181	1 574 488	46 679	3 054 930	1 010 542	464 763	384 103	743 335	697 942	45 393	
04	191 339	453 759	789 599	34 809	1 707 748	47 140	3 224 394	1 103 652	483 741	384 373	731 275	724 173	7 102	
2023: 01	188 226	459 671	827 580	37 168	1 779 906	50 774	3 343 325	1 176 363	499 589	390 763	713 028	690 740	22 288	
02	213 570	445 193	829 074	36 555	1 847 812	54 891	3 427 095	1 263 719	510 514	386 908	758 054	753 591	4 463	
03	215 911	452 564	848 732	40 122	1 805 606	49 059	3 411 994	1 232 664	518 123	404 137	766 324	721 697	44 627	
04	212 968	499 365	822 153	35 105	1 945 261	56 929	3 571 781	1 305 496	549 904	406 017	759 518	740 007	19 511	
2024: 01	221 798	497 870	805 638	31 926	2 007 370	46 612	3 611 214	1 387 525	560 498	413 252	778 577	746 969	31 609	
02	241 415	521 653	806 742	31 355	2 049 162	65 216	3 715 543	1 363 921	583 211	410 731	804 048	792 261	11 787	
03	247 101	558 530	821 399	32 465	2 162 155	57 689	3 879 338	1 400 956	618 843	404 662	839 016	797 788	41 228	
04	258 710	590 266	832 902	36 370	2 208 790	65 229	3 992 266	1 466 972	636 526	420 178	819 549	771 141	48 409	
2025: 01	266 672	594 859	831 348	39 271	2 223 214	75 464	4 030 829	1 477 817	653 709	409 235	813 274	742 370	70 904	
02	288 309	672 998	805 319	39 960	2 400 914	84 504	4 292 005	1 600 661	707 073	432 270	854 609	793 436	61 173	
03	290 358	708 393	831 550	45 045	2 577 706	85 436	4 538 487	1 692 445	761 607	431 670	894 826	814 344	80 483	

KB245

1 Consisting of transferable and other deposits with banks.

2 Including money market instruments.

3 Interest-bearing securities issued by national and local governments as well as state-owned companies.

4 Comprising listed and unlisted domestic and foreign shares as well as investment in foreign unit trusts and other funds.

5 Including accounts receivable and financial derivatives.

6 Excluding domestic intra-industry assets.

7 Consisting of foreign investments and as from September 2020 also secondary listings on South African exchanges.

8 Including fund of funds.

9 Transactions in units with the management companies, but excluding domestic intra-industry transactions.

10 Including reinvestment of interest and dividends.

Management companies of collective investment schemes

Equity and liabilities

R millions

End of	Equity ¹ (2974K)	Loans ² (2975K)	Reserves ³ (2976K)	Accounts payable ⁴ (2977K)	Other liabilities ⁵ (2978K)	Total equity and liabilities (2979K)	Of which: Foreign liabilities ⁶ (2980K)
2024	151	333	3 822	3 652	336	8 294	11
2024: 01	170	405	4 868	3 381	211	9 035	12
02	170	474	3 769	2 993	288	7 695	10
03	173	465	4 384	3 569	307	8 898	9
04	151	333	3 822	3 652	336	8 294	11
2025: 01	116	364	4 339	3 127	311	8 257	345
02	116	319	3 953	2 824	446	7 657	5
03	120	513	5 047	3 987	449	10 117	4

KB259

Assets

R millions

End of	Cash and deposits ⁷ (2981K)	Equity ⁸ (2982K)	Loans (2983K)	Accounts receivable (2984K)	Non-financial assets ⁹ (2985K)	Other assets ¹⁰ (2986K)	Total assets (2987K)	Of which: Foreign assets ¹¹ (2988K)
2024	2 330	1 857	165	3 662	137	143	8 294	203
2024: 01	3 565	2 373	223	2 636	137	101	9 035	141
02	2 037	2 295	214	2 890	138	121	7 695	106
03	3 183	2 266	254	2 920	135	140	8 898	146
04	2 330	1 857	165	3 662	137	143	8 294	203
2025: 01	2 472	2 102	162	3 235	132	154	8 257	313
02	1 995	2 004	160	3 279	131	87	7 657	122
03	2 724	3 136	315	3 735	117	92	10 117	222

KB260

1 Comprising ordinary share capital.

2 Including overdrafts and inter-company loans.

3 Including retained earnings.

4 Including prepayments, taxes payable and retirement benefit obligations.

5 Including provisions for bonuses, taxation and deferred tax.

6 Liabilities to foreign entities.

7 Transferable and other deposits with banks.

8 Comprising listed domestic ordinary shares and capital seeded to collective investment schemes.

9 Including owner occupied properties and right-of-use assets.

10 Including provisions for deferred tax.

11 Comprising foreign investments and accounts receivable from foreign entities.

Management companies of collective investment schemes

Income statement

R millions

Period	Income				Expenditure					Dividends paid	Net income ⁶	Net capital profit or loss on investments and assets ⁷
	Investment income ¹	Fees received		Other	Fees paid			Marketing, advertising and distribution costs	Other ⁵			
		Management fees ²	Other fees		Asset management fees	Administration fees ³	Other fees ⁴					
	(2962K)	(2963K)	(2964K)	(2965K)	(2966K)	(2967K)	(2968K)	(2969K)	(2970K)	(2971K)	(2972K)	(2973K)
2024	618	23 720	464	976	12 576	2 403	1 145	1 669	4 453	2 894	637	98
2024: 01	159	5 717	98	234	2 988	569	158	331	1 124	189	850	19
02	163	5 639	121	242	3 070	599	206	513	1 085	1 384	-692	12
03	152	5 974	151	234	3 172	603	240	417	1 114	149	816	-8
04	143	6 389	95	266	3 345	632	541	408	1 131	1 172	-337	75
2025: 01	144	5 998	133	213	3 226	615	213	437	1 103	137	755	5
02	137	6 491	169	251	3 436	610	229	436	1 357	1 086	-107	22
03	142	7 145	184	282	3 916	633	272	475	1 107	67	1 283	19

KB258

Trust companies⁸

Assets

R millions

End of	Administered and own assets ⁹								Of which:	
	Cash and deposits ¹⁰	Interest-bearing securities ¹¹	Equity ¹²	Loans	Accounts receivable	Non-financial assets ¹³	Other assets ¹⁴	Total assets	Own assets	Foreign assets ¹⁵
	(2857K)	(2858K)	(2859K)	(2860K)	(2861K)	(2862K)	(2863K)	(2864K)	(2865K)	(2866K)
2019	7 686	6 287	66 912	1 836	-	6 287	7 565	96 572	845	-
2020	9 328	7 423	69 209	2 091	-	6 690	7 669	102 411	912	-
2021	8 444	20 132	86 246	3 733	478	8 487	1 866	129 385	979	13 342
2022	8 560	19 897	84 533	3 159	589	10 039	1 904	128 681	1 300	11 154
2023	8 176	17 501	93 656	2 892	472	9 584	2 310	134 590	1 308	12 301
2024	7 631	13 878	99 251	3 056	560	9 665	2 481	136 522	1 605	12 108
2023: 03	8 224	17 813	90 027	3 103	466	10 027	2 236	131 894	1 271	11 922
04	8 176	17 501	93 656	2 892	472	9 584	2 310	134 590	1 308	12 301
2024: 01	8 801	16 523	93 055	2 880	465	9 641	2 357	133 723	1 381	12 737
02	7 998	14 927	94 254	2 885	482	9 625	2 909	133 080	1 513	12 295
03	8 064	14 406	99 149	3 056	550	9 648	2 681	137 554	1 687	12 249
04	7 631	13 878	99 251	3 056	560	9 665	2 481	136 522	1 605	12 108
2025: 01	7 920	14 381	97 771	3 057	533	9 676	2 354	135 692	1 406	12 639
02	7 639	14 658	103 031	3 093	531	10 441	2 552	141 944	1 458	13 146
03	8 936	13 967	105 405	3 146	560	8 670	2 810	143 494	1 616	13 350

KB253

1 Comprising interest and dividends.

2 Fees received for managing and administering the collective investment scheme.

3 Fees for asset and liability administration services.

4 Including consulting and professional fees, performance fees and audit fees.

5 Including employee costs, taxation and interest paid, depreciation, donations and sponsorships, and bank charges.

6 Income minus expenditure and dividends incurred and paid.

7 Including realised sales and redemptions, and adjustment to fair value.

8 Including boards of executors.

9 Assets of the reporting companies as well as assets administered on behalf of trust beneficiaries.

10 Notes and coins, transferable and other deposits with banks.

11 Including money market instruments.

12 Including units in unit trusts, hedge funds and participation bond schemes.

13 Including owner occupied and investment properties. Excluding investment in listed property companies.

14 Including financial derivatives, policies with insurance companies and provisions.

15 Comprising foreign investments and as from September 2021 also secondary listings on South African exchanges.

Public Investment Corporation Liabilities¹

R millions

End of	Retirement funds ² (2806K)	Social security funds ³ (2807K)	Other government funds (2808K)	Households ⁴ (2809K)	Other (2810K)	Total liabilities (2811K)
2018	1 797 620	227 039	27 844	2	2 639	2 055 143
2019	1 884 803	244 264	30 917	2	2 752	2 162 738
2020	1 986 310	190 026	32 640	2	2 843	2 211 820
2021	2 270 277	210 996	35 066	2	3 059	2 519 400
2022	2 286 524	228 185	39 090	2	3 312	2 557 112
2023	2 423 571	259 630	43 195	2	3 588	2 729 986
2024	2 647 853	300 440	44 337	2	4 163	2 996 795
2023: 04	2 423 571	259 630	43 195	2	3 588	2 729 986
2024: 01	2 410 328	260 221	40 612	2	3 476	2 714 639
02	2 528 985	272 745	43 456	2	3 665	2 848 853
03	2 675 818	299 718	44 426	2	4 151	3 024 115
04	2 647 853	300 440	44 337	2	4 163	2 996 795
2025: 01	2 723 832	304 030	42 126	2	4 166	3 074 155
02	2 889 470	317 543	44 598	2	4 299	3 255 913
03	3 149 382	344 735	45 067	2	4 448	3 543 633

KB247

Assets^{1, 11}

R millions

End of	Cash and deposits ⁵ (2812K)	Interest-bearing securities			Equity ⁷ (2816K)	Loans (2818K)	Non-financial assets ⁸ (2819K)	Other assets ⁹ (2820K)	Total assets (2821K)	Of which: Foreign assets ¹⁰ (2822K)
		Domestic		Foreign sector (2815K)						
		Public sector ⁶ (2813K)	Private sector (2814K)							
2018	105 022	671 635	30 911	1 213	1 154 679	66 914	14 774	9 995	2 055 143	292 872
2019	113 102	712 101	26 070	1 228	1 216 205	68 852	15 747	9 434	2 162 738	363 256
2020	112 817	721 939	23 442	913	1 257 165	66 787	17 593	11 164	2 211 820	383 056
2021	108 137	796 981	22 291	937	1 480 830	76 412	21 721	12 090	2 519 400	528 304
2022	102 273	823 667	23 163	427	1 501 515	68 482	22 684	14 902	2 557 112	529 821
2023	156 680	837 940	39 173	932	1 590 081	67 903	23 026	14 250	2 729 986	583 120
2024	104 001	943 746	47 972	1 234	1 793 948	64 422	23 503	17 969	2 996 795	659 792
2023: 04	156 680	837 940	39 173	932	1 590 081	67 903	23 026	14 250	2 729 986	583 120
2024: 01	151 681	832 723	36 529	933	1 588 137	66 547	23 222	14 868	2 714 639	612 990
02	126 355	880 417	41 684	932	1 695 438	66 069	23 305	14 652	2 848 853	643 288
03	147 796	936 461	46 190	1 234	1 788 574	63 574	23 369	16 917	3 024 115	638 499
04	104 001	943 746	47 972	1 234	1 793 948	64 422	23 503	17 969	2 996 795	659 792
2025: 01	115 561	931 381	48 031	1 233	1 881 191	56 198	23 696	16 865	3 074 155	677 272
02	115 187	967 313	51 233	1 309	2 023 555	56 950	23 759	16 606	3 255 913	705 560
03	142 081	1 005 074	55 282	1 309	2 238 580	57 280	25 054	18 974	3 543 633	751 853

KB248

1 As from March 2002 statistics reported at market value.

2 Consisting of the Government Employees Pension Fund and other funds.

3 Comprising the Unemployment Insurance Fund and Compensation Fund.

4 Including funds of trusts and non-profit institutions serving households.

5 Consisting of transferable and other deposits with banks.

6 Securities issued by national and local governments as well as state-owned companies.

7 Comprising listed and unlisted domestic and foreign shares as well as investment in unit trusts and other funds.

8 Direct investment in unlisted property.

9 Including accounts receivable and net financial derivative exposures.

10 Consisting of secondary listings on South African exchanges and other foreign investments.

11 Assets managed on behalf of retirement funds, social security funds, the Public Investment Corporation SOC Limited and other clients.

Life insurers¹

Income statement²

R millions

Period	Income				Expenditure						Dividends paid (2724K)	Net income ¹⁰ (2725K)	Net capital profit or loss on investments and assets ¹¹ (2726K)
	Investment income ³ (2715K)	Premiums ⁴		Other ⁶ (2717K)	Claims ⁷			Annuities (2720K)	Surrenders ¹² (2721K)	Other ⁹ (2723K)			
		Life business ⁵ (2716K)	Reinsurance inward business (2867K)		At maturity (2718K)	Reinsurance inward business (2868K)	Other ⁸ (2719K)						
	(2715K)	(2716K)	(2867K)	(2717K)	(2718K)	(2868K)	(2719K)	(2720K)	(2721K)	(2723K)	(2724K)	(2725K)	(2726K)
2017	129 147	443 472	3 085	11 898	56 467	1	126 560	54 271	163 368	66 911	14 445	105 579	207 765
2018	140 082	478 394	3 922	15 778	57 146	2	118 635	58 441	188 096	66 582	19 092	130 180	-69 039
2019	128 674	506 119	7 086	15 907	56 943	-	83 467	62 703	253 593	72 025	12 371	116 684	224 344
2020	128 439	512 238	5 341	16 676	53 355	-	101 131	69 140	267 392	64 944	28 918	77 811	115 734
2021	124 490	586 146	21 166	58 853	70 664	30 070	176 411	78 721	247 343	156 780	17 125	13 540	417 436
2022	147 253	603 914	23 318	48 653	62 899	24 049	132 410	80 711	266 615	163 176	14 635	78 645	-89 500
2023	172 446	655 371	22 977	37 986	68 173	18 999	131 060	94 547	271 689	171 058	13 462	119 793	290 263
2024	186 781	697 291	22 981	45 248	75 875	19 218	143 434	101 548	313 503	177 778	26 019	94 926	369 910
2017: 04	29 168	115 873	841	2 738	13 902	-	31 995	13 980	40 916	17 288	6 577	23 961	54 215
2018: 01	38 447	110 880	827	2 680	12 653	-	31 273	14 497	39 732	14 384	2 825	37 471	-59 113
02	32 351	114 748	1 000	6 010	14 752	1	32 902	14 176	41 292	18 729	7 882	24 374	66 815
03	38 108	128 549	979	3 477	14 403	-	35 300	14 737	51 298	16 868	2 127	36 382	22 540
04	31 175	124 217	1 115	3 611	15 339	-	19 161	15 030	55 774	16 602	6 259	31 953	-99 281
2019: 01	34 898	118 180	1 392	6 168	13 544	-	19 130	15 117	64 153	18 380	2 279	28 035	119 620
02	30 295	127 749	2 763	2 248	15 386	-	20 101	16 053	65 265	15 643	4 298	26 309	23 950
03	35 298	132 327	1 329	3 531	13 471	-	23 342	15 566	66 144	17 930	3 899	32 131	29 556
04	28 183	127 863	1 603	3 961	14 542	-	20 894	15 967	58 031	20 071	1 896	30 209	51 218
2020: 01	36 653	127 947	1 582	3 684	12 960	-	22 090	16 103	65 920	11 878	5 814	35 103	-410 730
02	31 310	118 863	1 686	3 887	11 090	-	20 429	16 381	52 382	19 730	7 758	27 975	327 297
03	32 785	123 155	964	5 063	14 445	-	29 544	17 596	66 699	17 041	3 114	13 529	7 767
04	27 690	142 273	1 109	4 041	14 861	-	29 071	19 061	82 391	16 295	12 232	1 203	191 399
2021: 01	32 135	140 379	5 494	12 756	17 579	5 631	43 644	18 648	62 510	39 221	7 935	-4 404	123 897
02	27 240	162 866	4 638	13 887	18 711	7 036	40 242	19 816	73 012	36 933	4 058	8 823	68 599
03	36 905	140 736	5 417	17 948	17 221	9 057	52 574	20 153	56 178	38 744	3 566	3 512	49 831
04	28 210	142 165	5 616	14 263	17 154	8 345	39 951	20 104	55 643	41 882	1 566	5 608	175 108
2022: 01	38 249	141 502	5 702	12 208	15 989	6 296	35 406	18 954	58 801	35 179	2 477	24 560	-74 050
02	32 371	148 388	5 245	13 761	15 284	6 244	32 867	19 419	64 243	40 297	5 775	15 636	-157 918
03	41 674	152 955	5 745	11 388	15 889	5 242	36 684	20 640	67 962	37 973	2 666	24 705	-19 443
04	34 959	161 069	6 627	11 297	15 736	6 267	27 454	21 699	75 610	49 727	3 716	13 744	161 911
2023: 01	41 580	152 396	6 106	9 664	14 899	4 382	31 870	21 816	66 158	44 110	1 670	24 842	110 536
02	40 760	156 890	5 235	10 101	17 458	4 481	32 790	23 046	63 854	41 336	4 514	25 507	88 495
03	45 692	163 130	5 748	9 911	18 627	5 471	34 395	24 670	63 664	32 640	3 312	41 700	-79 762
04	44 414	182 955	5 889	8 310	17 189	4 665	32 005	25 014	78 014	52 972	3 966	27 743	170 994
2024: 01	47 489	157 382	6 010	9 285	17 286	4 813	33 545	24 305	62 831	41 030	3 075	33 281	53 995
02	44 202	173 845	5 623	12 436	20 450	4 157	37 078	25 810	71 353	46 565	13 701	16 992	85 318
03	48 319	184 231	5 667	11 545	18 877	5 496	37 919	25 734	88 855	46 323	2 258	24 300	170 983
04	46 771	181 833	5 681	11 982	19 263	4 752	34 892	25 699	90 464	43 861	6 985	20 353	59 614
2025: 01	47 885	173 316	5 573	9 298	18 307	5 014	33 594	25 485	69 468	41 617	2 829	39 757	3 434
02	49 813	192 002	5 895	10 512	19 982	5 077	37 054	27 229	77 016	48 614	16 410	26 840	222 280
03	54 736	212 892	5 323	11 120	19 271	5 092	39 485	29 066	95 300	48 178	3 714	43 967	194 770

KB238

1 Comprising both life insurers and life reinsurers.

2 All items include both domestic and foreign transactions.

3 Comprising dividends, interest and rental income.

4 Comprising both earned and unearned premiums.

5 Including pension fund and group life insurance, annuities and other premiums, but excluding switches.

6 Including claims and expenses recovered on reinsurance outwards, fees received and deferred acquisition revenue.

7 Comprising claims incurred and paid.

8 Including death, disability and critical illness claims.

9 Including premiums on reinsurance outwards, management fees and operational expenses, commissions, salaries and wages, taxation and deferred acquisition cost.

10 Income minus expenditure and dividends incurred and paid.

11 Including realised profits and losses on sales and revaluations.

12 Excluding switches.

Life insurers

Equity and liabilities¹

R millions

End of	Interest-bearing securities ² (2727K)	Equity ³ (2728K)	Financial derivatives (2729K)	Loans ⁴ (2730K)	Life policy liabilities		Technical provisions ⁶ (2733K)	Reserves ⁷ (2734K)	Accounts payable ⁸ (2735K)	Other liabilities ⁹ (2736K)	Total equity and liabilities (2737K)	Of which: Foreign equity and liabilities ¹⁰ (2738K)
					Insurance contracts (2731K)	Other contracts ⁵ (2732K)						
2018	15 991	7 007	15 569	5 713	1 412 211	1 026 238	42 409	272 956	48 747	67 656	2 914 499	69 369
2019	19 716	6 920	14 646	6 115	1 518 360	1 124 672	47 735	274 050	50 296	79 587	3 142 096	84 562
2020	17 343	7 053	34 345	6 400	1 567 214	1 188 648	53 186	232 858	47 965	81 905	3 236 916	106 548
2021	25 485	14 717	31 902	73 753	858 868	2 532 799	78 521	227 375	35 477	53 166	3 932 064	239 408
2022	27 792	15 376	37 595	86 264	843 759	2 521 374	72 237	234 027	43 429	46 451	3 928 305	230 149
2023	45 965	14 839	37 874	78 805	871 494	2 905 028	51 474	248 527	51 170	43 632	4 348 807	286 469
2024	65 159	15 787	33 371	70 309	965 244	3 242 845	52 719	281 250	48 289	53 320	4 828 294	339 852
2023: 03	38 430	14 654	52 380	60 973	828 103	2 740 192	50 082	248 712	59 368	52 679	4 145 572	277 827
04	45 965	14 839	37 874	78 805	871 494	2 905 028	51 474	248 527	51 170	43 632	4 348 807	286 469
2024: 01	49 483	14 919	48 807	68 886	882 227	2 981 100	49 681	256 961	57 136	45 010	4 454 210	317 072
02	51 205	14 970	41 434	71 759	909 197	3 044 123	51 209	259 558	51 465	49 204	4 544 124	315 946
03	52 736	14 947	45 376	71 292	970 208	3 172 452	52 547	271 666	54 588	57 290	4 763 103	323 012
04	65 159	15 787	33 371	70 309	965 244	3 242 845	52 719	281 250	48 289	53 320	4 828 294	339 852
2025: 01	64 043	15 321	36 652	75 130	958 399	3 282 651	52 760	289 338	63 550	54 121	4 891 966	334 137
02	65 425	15 218	35 410	80 642	996 431	3 485 672	55 828	272 748	51 529	55 209	5 114 112	356 372
03	69 408	15 398	35 315	77 458	1 053 490	3 660 540	54 969	279 993	58 413	60 394	5 365 377	371 154

KB239

Assets

R millions

End of	Cash and deposits ¹¹ (2739K)	Interest-bearing securities ¹²			Equity ¹⁴ (2743K)	Financial derivatives (2744K)	Loans ⁴ (2745K)	Reinsurance assets (2746K)	Accounts receivable ¹⁵ (2747K)	Non-financial assets ¹⁶ (2748K)	Other assets ¹⁷ (2749K)	Total assets (2750K)	Of which: Foreign assets ¹⁸ (2751K)
		Domestic		Foreign sector (2742K)									
		Public sector ¹³ (2740K)	Private sector (2741K)										
2018	172 175	250 573	349 859	30 779	1 909 846	11 199	58 129	-	-	65 575	66 363	2 914 499	399 335
2019	176 308	273 206	386 101	34 167	2 074 500	12 372	59 317	-	-	51 880	74 245	3 142 096	460 657
2020	156 266	347 247	335 412	34 850	2 147 652	32 494	59 108	-	-	46 240	77 647	3 236 916	495 278
2021	121 558	381 488	341 080	40 341	2 718 603	33 692	79 692	50 172	43 099	52 926	69 415	3 932 064	903 873
2022	132 074	385 240	339 332	53 258	2 672 966	42 303	91 873	43 324	56 257	54 367	57 309	3 928 305	875 577
2023	139 906	418 314	364 912	72 889	3 008 748	42 055	101 887	47 420	53 059	50 127	49 491	4 348 807	1 029 191
2024	154 161	476 710	397 286	92 369	3 340 615	31 356	104 316	46 808	51 011	62 678	70 984	4 828 294	1 160 048
2023: 03	138 657	379 603	364 494	64 098	2 828 070	46 422	102 198	43 687	59 356	51 335	67 652	4 145 572	975 665
04	139 906	418 314	364 912	72 889	3 008 748	42 055	101 887	47 420	53 059	50 127	49 491	4 348 807	1 029 191
2024: 01	150 981	411 740	367 374	79 288	3 091 164	46 948	100 344	46 168	58 902	51 113	50 187	4 454 210	1 095 867
02	135 852	445 653	371 503	79 822	3 143 064	47 651	95 849	47 832	56 051	60 046	60 802	4 544 124	1 097 934
03	154 791	490 351	389 711	85 426	3 250 943	53 812	98 711	50 036	59 316	60 971	69 035	4 763 103	1 105 867
04	154 161	476 710	397 286	92 369	3 340 615	31 356	104 316	46 808	51 011	62 678	70 984	4 828 294	1 160 048
2025: 01	181 428	475 127	403 267	92 194	3 352 827	32 043	111 281	50 097	58 299	63 813	71 589	4 891 966	1 155 639
02	158 295	506 998	416 555	96 346	3 556 795	40 553	109 112	45 785	53 689	63 492	66 491	5 114 112	1 244 796
03	157 777	542 208	439 595	98 659	3 728 391	48 322	111 352	51 231	56 275	63 805	67 762	5 365 377	1 287 169

KB240

1 Including domestic and foreign liabilities.

2 Interest-bearing securities issued by insurers and reinsurers.

3 Comprising ordinary share capital.

4 Including repurchase agreements and security lending.

5 Investment and other contracts.

6 Comprising outstanding claims, claims incurred but not reported and unearned premiums.

7 Including retained earnings.

8 Including premiums payable, taxes payable, unsettled acquisitions of financial instruments and deferred acquisition cost.

9 Including reinsurance funds and other provisions.

10 Equity and liabilities to non-residents.

11 Transferable and other deposits with banks.

12 Including money market instruments.

13 Interest-bearing securities issued by national and local governments as well as state-owned companies.

14 Comprising listed and unlisted domestic and foreign shares as well as investment in unit trusts and other funds.

15 Including unsettled acquisitions of financial instruments, interest and dividend receivables, tax refunds and deferred acquisition cost.

16 Including owner occupied and investment properties. Excluding investment in listed property companies.

17 Including reinsurance funds and assets, and provisions.

18 Comprising foreign investments and as from March 2021 also secondary listings on South African exchanges.

Non-life insurers¹

Income statement²

R millions

Period	Income					Expenditure				Dividends paid	Net income ⁸	Net capital profit or loss on investments and assets ⁹
	Investment income ³	Premiums ⁴		Claims and expenses recovered on reinsurance outwards	Other ⁵	Claims ⁶		Premiums on reinsurance outwards	Other ⁷			
		Non-life business	Reinsurance inward business			Non-life business	Reinsurance inward business					
	(2752K)	(2753K)	(2869K)	(2754K)	(2755K)	(2756K)	(2757K)	(2758K)	(2760K)	(2761K)	(2762K)	(2763K)
2017	8 744	124 736	13 071	31 200	1 537	74 073	9 831	33 947	32 333	6 044	23 061	16 928
2018	8 504	133 379	16 477	26 230	1 720	66 859	15 675	38 509	34 282	4 934	26 050	14 605
2019	9 265	142 056	19 583	28 371	1 318	71 981	19 543	41 760	37 832	6 839	22 639	18 296
2020	8 559	146 477	23 639	35 973	1 575	75 926	23 963	45 963	38 128	5 797	26 445	18 266
2021	8 187	165 016	30 637	50 168	2 569	93 652	22 063	67 217	63 301	7 582	2 761	5 867
2022	11 041	181 064	35 240	52 830	2 935	112 070	23 814	78 175	69 545	7 680	-8 176	-983
2023	15 334	201 088	40 625	45 637	3 321	96 081	24 136	85 547	77 506	8 394	14 341	4 062
2024	19 789	219 232	41 334	41 294	4 701	97 234	26 201	87 442	88 291	8 030	19 154	7 593
2017: 04	2 052	32 173	3 573	10 114	466	22 248	2 459	8 427	7 642	1 712	5 890	3 746
2018: 01	2 109	33 992	3 820	5 597	276	15 385	4 130	9 267	8 527	1 326	7 159	3 572
02	1 941	32 013	3 883	6 787	810	16 272	3 735	8 982	8 667	662	7 117	3 482
03	2 296	33 147	4 097	7 238	414	16 904	4 026	9 855	8 100	1 803	6 505	4 541
04	2 158	34 226	4 677	6 609	219	18 298	3 784	10 406	8 989	1 142	5 270	3 010
2019: 01	2 211	34 580	4 540	6 597	226	17 978	4 402	10 104	9 448	2 393	3 829	4 890
02	2 279	34 630	4 950	9 247	581	19 231	5 230	10 291	8 945	1 072	6 919	4 927
03	2 375	36 583	4 938	5 512	137	16 933	5 296	10 639	9 081	2 679	4 918	4 714
04	2 401	36 263	5 154	7 015	374	17 840	4 615	10 726	10 358	694	6 973	3 764
2020: 01	2 254	36 496	5 321	7 021	140	17 216	5 979	10 841	8 634	2 534	6 029	787
02	2 401	35 821	5 503	6 146	523	15 676	4 622	11 123	9 561	621	8 791	7 327
03	1 894	36 763	6 181	6 570	564	13 996	6 677	11 980	10 287	1 919	7 112	4 967
04	2 010	37 397	6 633	16 236	348	29 038	6 685	12 019	9 646	723	4 513	5 185
2021: 01	1 813	40 977	7 461	6 788	592	18 447	3 477	16 532	15 865	2 339	971	2 080
02	1 969	41 301	7 124	8 237	815	19 368	4 607	15 773	16 101	905	2 693	546
03	2 095	41 489	8 692	23 486	514	25 741	8 107	17 938	15 276	3 295	5 918	946
04	2 309	41 249	7 359	11 657	647	30 096	5 871	16 974	16 059	1 043	-6 822	2 295
2022: 01	1 914	42 608	7 823	10 752	944	28 919	4 130	17 471	16 484	3 304	-6 268	-724
02	2 812	43 378	9 645	18 267	513	32 646	8 895	19 626	15 877	769	-3 199	-1 580
03	2 624	47 794	8 889	12 798	539	26 114	5 777	20 502	19 188	2 796	-1 733	-472
04	3 691	47 285	8 883	11 013	939	24 392	5 012	20 576	17 997	810	3 024	1 793
2023: 01	3 392	48 429	8 601	11 593	1 134	24 136	4 718	20 116	19 047	2 651	2 481	945
02	3 694	49 656	11 274	10 353	935	23 031	6 126	20 844	19 792	679	5 440	-29
03	3 879	51 599	10 142	12 850	625	24 932	6 372	22 255	18 991	2 080	4 466	-807
04	4 368	51 405	10 607	10 841	627	23 981	6 920	22 333	19 676	2 984	1 954	3 953
2024: 01	4 786	52 356	9 308	10 513	2 095	23 501	6 547	21 911	19 439	2 777	4 881	-314
02	4 746	54 843	9 519	9 233	872	24 072	5 484	21 231	21 430	1 267	5 729	2 521
03	4 499	55 271	11 056	9 583	610	23 326	6 745	21 615	22 566	2 354	4 413	4 034
04	5 757	56 762	11 451	11 965	1 125	26 335	7 424	22 684	24 856	1 631	4 131	1 351
2025: 01	4 382	56 984	11 508	9 456	783	22 384	6 045	22 888	22 349	3 293	6 153	83
02	4 840	58 189	10 750	8 461	1 223	23 331	5 435	21 222	26 677	2 155	4 643	3 699
03	5 817	57 162	10 988	8 992	280	24 024	5 232	20 844	23 974	4 046	5 117	2 819

KB241

1 Comprising both non-life insurers and non-life reinsurers.

2 All items include both domestic and foreign transactions.

3 Comprising dividends, interest and rental income.

4 Comprising both earned and unearned premiums.

5 Including fees received and deferred acquisition revenue.

6 Comprising claims incurred and paid.

7 Including management fees and operational expenses, commissions, salaries and wages, taxation and deferred acquisition cost.

8 Income minus expenditure and dividends incurred and paid.

9 Including realised profits and losses on sales and revaluations.

Non-life insurers Equity and liabilities¹

R millions

End of	Interest-bearing securities ² (2764K)	Equity ³ (2765K)	Financial derivatives (2766K)	Loans (2767K)	Technical provisions ⁴ (2769K)	Reserves ⁵ (2770K)	Accounts payable ⁶ (2771K)	Other liabilities ⁷ (2772K)	Total equity and liabilities (2773K)	Of which: Foreign equity and liabilities ⁸ (2774K)
2018	2 231	7 716	63	972	72 974	67 392	11 410	21 858	184 616	2 529
2019	2 200	8 262	65	917	80 332	69 263	11 448	25 100	197 587	2 867
2020	3 217	8 587	226	905	91 520	73 380	13 395	31 144	222 372	3 557
2021	4 273	17 396	2	1 217	175 463	53 142	31 209	37 088	319 790	15 771
2022	3 740	21 554	3	1 534	181 603	85 696	33 031	37 595	364 755	20 892
2023	4 236	22 783	319	1 490	171 023	100 809	33 180	39 031	372 871	18 540
2024	4 655	22 724	9	887	172 083	124 417	31 211	43 409	399 397	19 287
2023: 03	4 237	22 243	346	1 745	173 262	95 114	34 904	39 069	370 920	19 657
04	4 236	22 783	319	1 490	171 023	100 809	33 180	39 031	372 871	18 540
2024: 01	4 289	22 007	336	1 119	161 027	108 108	32 773	42 392	372 051	19 378
02	4 592	22 223	2	680	169 750	111 741	34 757	42 381	386 127	19 370
03	4 610	22 493	1	1 022	171 607	118 011	36 836	44 408	398 988	20 136
04	4 655	22 724	9	887	172 083	124 417	31 211	43 409	399 397	19 287
2025: 01	5 093	21 607	63	706	164 042	130 454	31 749	45 537	399 252	18 005
02	5 364	21 589	1	686	169 829	138 561	30 644	46 390	413 065	16 412
03	6 066	21 710	4	717	170 181	143 721	29 359	46 900	418 660	17 480

KB242

Assets

R millions

End of	Cash and deposits ⁹ (2775K)	Interest-bearing securities ¹⁰			Equity ¹² (2779K)	Financial derivatives (2780K)	Loans (2781K)	Technical reinsurance assets (2782K)	Accounts receivable ¹³ (2783K)	Non-financial assets ¹⁴ (2784K)	Other assets ¹⁵ (2785K)	Total assets (2786K)	Of which: Foreign assets ¹⁶ (2787K)
		Domestic		Foreign sector (2778K)									
		Public sector ¹¹ (2776K)	Private sector (2777K)										
2018	54 932	17 688	24 941	395	32 764	46	1 928	-	-	1 784	50 139	184 616	7 864
2019	60 519	19 324	27 220	270	34 792	107	1 566	-	-	3 440	50 350	197 587	8 890
2020	73 617	21 810	28 217	167	36 555	151	1 472	-	-	3 293	57 090	222 372	10 157
2021	36 889	42 501	54 317	1 589	57 842	292	3 314	68 164	43 541	4 520	6 822	319 790	30 959
2022	41 163	43 950	58 998	1 700	69 169	216	3 987	85 486	46 828	4 563	8 694	364 755	40 678
2023	43 935	51 335	67 828	3 038	75 322	112	3 072	71 242	42 032	5 636	9 319	372 871	35 622
2024	42 620	60 080	79 044	2 216	86 714	431	5 187	68 429	39 876	5 078	9 722	399 397	33 484
2023: 03	42 322	48 332	69 476	3 063	73 293	160	4 353	72 690	42 250	5 305	9 675	370 920	36 021
04	43 935	51 335	67 828	3 038	75 322	112	3 072	71 242	42 032	5 636	9 319	372 871	35 622
2024: 01	42 773	50 280	68 135	3 109	80 188	167	3 317	66 977	43 047	5 638	8 420	372 051	36 530
02	45 174	53 189	69 939	3 050	82 911	124	5 253	68 715	43 614	5 582	8 576	386 127	35 458
03	50 620	57 754	72 537	2 775	84 789	284	5 202	68 661	41 204	5 552	9 608	398 988	32 557
04	42 620	60 080	79 044	2 216	86 714	431	5 187	68 429	39 876	5 078	9 722	399 397	33 484
2025: 01	45 364	57 979	79 206	2 311	89 968	267	7 145	65 987	36 822	4 997	9 206	399 252	35 246
02	46 651	59 974	86 887	2 360	98 379	398	4 286	67 281	32 680	4 945	9 225	413 065	36 433
03	49 462	63 045	84 823	2 145	105 916	568	3 159	65 221	30 271	5 019	9 030	418 660	35 340

KB243

1 Including domestic and foreign liabilities.

2 Interest-bearing securities issued by insurers and reinsurers.

3 Comprising ordinary share capital.

4 Comprising outstanding claims, claims incurred but not reported and unearned premiums.

5 Including retained earnings.

6 Including premiums payable, taxes payable, unsettled acquisitions of financial instruments and deferred acquisition cost.

7 Including reinsurance funds and other provisions.

8 Equity and liabilities to non-residents.

9 Transferable and other deposits with banks.

10 Including money market instruments.

11 Interest-bearing securities issued by national and local governments as well as state-owned companies.

12 Comprising listed and unlisted domestic and foreign shares as well as investment in unit trusts and other funds.

13 Including unsettled acquisitions of financial instruments, interest and dividend receivables, tax refunds and deferred acquisition cost.

14 Including owner occupied and investment properties. Excluding investment in listed property companies.

15 Including reinsurance funds and assets, and provisions.

16 Comprising foreign investments and as from March 2021 also secondary listings on South African exchanges.

Official retirement funds¹

Income statement

R millions

Period	Income						Expenditure					Net capital profit or loss on investments and assets ⁷	
	Investment income			Contributions			Benefits paid			Operating and administration expenditure	Other ⁵		
	Interest (2886K)	Dividends (2887K)	Other ² (2888K)	Members (2889K)	Employers (2890K)		Other ³ (2891K)	Annuities and monthly pensions (2892K)	Lump sum on retirement, death and disability (2893K)				Pension withdrawals and other benefits ⁴ (2894K)
												Net income ⁶ (2897K)	
2016	42 348	30 548	1 473	24 442	43 753	1 219	38 340	17 179	36 339	6 202	280	45 441	19 341
2017	48 151	32 676	1 721	26 451	47 494	932	43 029	19 345	36 800	7 215	470	50 568	193 235
2018	51 899	39 823	1 546	28 816	52 090	873	48 563	20 827	38 623	8 370	1 310	57 355	-138 214
2019	54 919	43 604	1 805	30 831	55 365	984	54 539	20 454	40 679	6 955	234	64 649	6 256
2020	56 316	33 086	1 703	31 350	57 446	5 255	61 761	30 263	56 354	9 390	1 517	25 872	31 307
2021	55 023	43 939	1 720	31 342	56 909	2 214	64 580	43 544	72 762	7 777	1 079	1 407	277 737
2022	58 312	59 684	2 283	32 139	55 005	1 217	71 772	30 447	48 764	5 297	2 350	50 009	-31 489
2023	61 488	54 715	2 103	34 788	59 872	39	79 107	26 426	46 783	5 871	2 278	52 541	82 515
2024	63 925	55 254	2 693	38 962	64 539	2 175	90 263	24 922	53 472	6 874	5 219	46 798	192 879
2017: 04	11 936	5 501	444	6 696	11 938	214	11 172	3 720	8 270	2 686	50	10 833	96 900
2018: 01	11 004	10 421	596	6 712	12 599	556	11 389	7 494	13 444	1 964	106	7 492	-61 006
02	12 302	9 129	271	6 704	11 930	228	11 991	4 883	8 596	1 759	1 090	12 244	25 035
03	13 534	10 446	238	7 476	13 357	46	12 144	4 984	8 727	2 080	53	17 109	-38 838
04	15 059	9 825	441	7 925	14 204	44	13 039	3 465	7 855	2 566	62	20 510	-63 405
2019: 01	14 742	14 150	596	8 274	15 203	325	14 062	4 865	11 549	2 514	89	20 212	30 432
02	13 240	10 105	319	7 566	13 496	150	13 274	4 987	10 557	1 078	70	14 911	26 657
03	13 245	11 226	432	7 570	13 533	302	13 570	6 412	10 232	1 621	24	14 449	-48 261
04	13 692	8 123	458	7 421	13 133	207	13 633	4 190	8 342	1 743	50	15 078	-2 572
2020: 01	16 225	9 145	599	7 836	14 616	629	16 892	8 126	13 216	2 434	410	7 973	-277 765
02	13 048	10 193	261	7 692	13 999	913	14 505	3 929	15 157	1 869	556	10 089	200 179
03	13 504	6 994	409	7 658	14 275	1 232	14 850	8 249	11 395	2 782	550	6 246	6 886
04	13 539	6 754	434	8 164	14 556	2 481	15 514	9 959	16 587	2 305	1	1 563	102 008
2021: 01	13 458	8 406	574	7 894	14 254	1 029	14 948	13 753	25 730	3 036	142	-11 992	136 489
02	14 188	8 671	270	7 813	14 474	847	16 041	10 722	15 735	1 960	64	1 741	-1 675
03	13 809	19 193	425	7 618	13 729	31	16 543	9 870	15 001	1 221	276	11 895	26 807
04	13 568	7 669	451	8 017	14 452	306	17 048	9 199	16 296	1 560	597	-237	116 117
2022: 01	14 627	15 135	849	7 989	13 886	295	17 970	12 440	14 066	1 967	905	5 433	29 497
02	13 884	11 350	356	8 185	13 229	597	17 789	7 858	12 219	715	585	8 437	-150 096
03	14 590	23 346	499	7 542	13 391	312	17 923	6 124	13 121	1 336	523	20 655	-55 306
04	15 211	9 852	578	8 423	14 499	13	18 091	4 026	9 358	1 280	336	15 485	144 416
2023: 01	14 619	13 307	700	8 039	13 936	8	18 526	7 634	13 206	1 981	433	8 830	43 114
02	15 100	14 388	351	8 850	15 410	3	19 769	6 678	11 638	807	606	14 602	3 600
03	15 993	17 610	500	9 148	15 234	9	19 954	6 920	11 462	1 378	857	17 924	-78 374
04	15 777	9 409	552	8 752	15 291	19	20 858	5 194	10 477	1 705	381	11 185	114 176
2024: 01	15 933	12 343	851	8 521	15 623	214	19 736	6 030	5 639	2 146	3 005	16 929	-17 666
02	15 608	17 226	518	11 873	16 363	1 233	23 114	6 489	12 651	1 031	401	19 135	96 070
03	16 024	13 809	662	9 003	16 133	179	23 495	7 352	13 462	1 784	305	9 411	140 720
04	16 361	11 877	662	9 564	16 420	549	23 917	5 051	21 720	1 913	1 509	1 323	-26 245
2025: 01	15 669	10 534	737	8 926	16 014	138	23 986	9 270	12 001	4 033	415	2 312	70 239
02	16 618	12 798	409	9 408	16 976	4	24 676	6 822	12 799	1 790	89	10 037	148 118
03	17 330	12 918	553	9 400	16 965	13	25 020	7 178	12 524	2 082	230	10 146	193 246

KB255

1 Funds not subjected to regulation and supervision in terms of the Pension Funds Act 24 of 1956, but established by own statutes, i.e. the Government Employees Pension Fund, Transnet and the Post Office.

2 Including rent received as well as collective investment schemes distributions and investment income from insurance policies.

3 Including transfers from other funds.

4 Including retrenchment benefits and divorce settlements.

5 Including expenses incurred for managing investments and performance fees, transfers to other funds, premiums paid on insurance policies and interest paid on borrowings.

6 Income minus expenditure.

7 Including profits and losses realised on sales and redemptions, and adjustment to fair value.

Official retirement funds^{1,2}

Assets

R millions

End of	Cash and deposits ³	Interest-bearing securities ⁴			Equity ⁶	Loans	Non-financial assets ⁷	Other assets ⁸	Total assets	Of which: Foreign assets ⁹
		Domestic		Foreign sector						
		Public sector ⁵	Private sector							
	(2876K)	(2877K)	(2878K)	(2879K)	(2880K)	(2881K)	(2882K)	(2883K)	(2884K)	(2885K)
2016	54 866	526 715	47 658	2 476	1 068 879	43 720	12 498	7 894	1 764 704	291 441
2017	46 535	534 779	49 670	2 126	1 288 272	55 842	14 236	6 550	1 998 011	341 954
2018	61 201	545 292	48 431	1 159	1 148 277	55 453	14 774	15 681	1 890 268	304 591
2019	62 803	581 585	44 675	1 172	1 200 955	58 307	15 747	17 282	1 982 526	371 082
2020	55 040	647 242	38 608	855	1 246 411	56 295	17 593	20 675	2 082 718	388 803
2021	46 656	704 522	26 717	881	1 465 214	63 481	21 721	40 485	2 369 677	536 920
2022	43 063	704 818	29 106	427	1 487 037	55 648	22 684	36 993	2 379 776	540 937
2023	90 767	705 782	39 395	756	1 561 902	54 694	23 026	42 936	2 519 256	592 803
2024	38 202	785 314	50 593	977	1 751 786	53 650	23 503	43 727	2 747 753	664 842
2017: 04	46 535	534 779	49 670	2 126	1 288 272	55 842	14 236	6 550	1 998 011	341 954
2018: 01	53 385	554 105	49 297	2 019	1 191 780	52 522	14 531	17 725	1 935 364	315 907
02	49 930	545 275	47 439	2 216	1 220 222	54 662	14 703	17 099	1 951 545	325 621
03	64 074	536 178	48 309	1 119	1 204 712	56 715	14 293	15 703	1 941 103	347 775
04	61 201	545 292	48 431	1 159	1 148 277	55 453	14 774	15 681	1 890 268	304 591
2019: 01	73 155	545 855	48 842	1 242	1 185 501	56 577	15 101	16 444	1 942 718	336 247
02	79 275	567 824	46 919	1 218	1 228 970	57 529	15 228	15 628	2 012 590	327 123
03	84 992	570 044	45 358	1 232	1 190 865	51 369	15 395	15 071	1 974 328	409 658
04	62 803	581 585	44 675	1 172	1 200 955	58 307	15 747	17 282	1 982 526	371 082
2020: 01	58 793	542 117	40 938	1 246	1 012 719	55 531	16 626	19 155	1 747 125	374 492
02	65 765	594 698	40 117	840	1 183 013	56 060	16 683	18 532	1 975 708	413 163
03	73 085	596 850	39 431	920	1 181 961	50 779	16 915	19 935	1 979 876	403 555
04	55 040	647 242	38 608	855	1 246 411	56 295	17 593	20 675	2 082 718	388 803
2021: 01	49 458	651 551	35 293	862	1 378 373	63 520	17 945	19 991	2 216 992	402 531
02	54 636	676 936	33 080	868	1 356 960	63 386	18 167	18 718	2 222 751	398 035
03	69 737	680 958	27 979	857	1 357 029	65 040	18 474	38 707	2 258 781	492 202
04	46 656	704 522	26 717	881	1 465 214	63 481	21 721	40 485	2 369 677	536 920
2022: 01	64 686	694 595	27 010	806	1 510 295	61 265	21 990	37 791	2 418 438	501 548
02	60 896	699 332	26 464	846	1 374 165	60 790	22 125	36 417	2 281 033	486 700
03	69 363	684 217	27 877	855	1 338 035	63 056	22 322	34 823	2 240 547	480 330
04	43 063	704 818	29 106	427	1 487 037	55 648	22 684	36 993	2 379 776	540 937
2023: 01	52 840	712 920	32 314	396	1 520 184	56 778	22 522	38 721	2 436 675	571 844
02	61 221	709 452	33 130	249	1 528 897	55 692	22 561	38 466	2 449 669	581 528
03	62 233	702 534	36 395	426	1 477 963	55 562	22 595	37 993	2 395 701	572 314
04	90 767	705 782	39 395	756	1 561 902	54 694	23 026	42 936	2 519 256	592 803
2024: 01	93 025	698 780	40 198	756	1 555 323	53 321	23 222	40 088	2 504 713	622 683
02	64 334	737 766	44 436	756	1 660 301	54 448	23 305	39 566	2 624 912	649 752
03	78 059	780 393	50 372	977	1 745 664	53 734	23 369	41 975	2 774 543	642 870
04	38 202	785 314	50 593	977	1 751 786	53 650	23 503	43 727	2 747 753	664 842
2025: 01	50 341	774 016	50 244	976	1 836 573	46 555	23 696	42 658	2 825 059	682 670
02	48 816	798 103	49 994	1 052	1 967 255	48 220	23 759	53 381	2 990 580	709 041
03	64 033	825 753	53 195	1 052	2 177 240	48 478	25 054	55 686	3 250 492	754 901

KB254

1 Funds not subjected to regulation and supervision in terms of the Pension Funds Act 24 of 1956, but established by own statutes, i.e. the Government Employees Pension Fund, Transnet and the Post Office.

2 Some asset classes could include structural breaks due to re-classification.

3 Consisting of transferable and other deposits with banks.

4 Including money market instruments.

5 Interest-bearing securities issued by national and local governments as well as state-owned companies.

6 Comprising listed and unlisted domestic and foreign shares as well as investment in unit trusts and other funds.

7 Including direct investment in unlisted property and owner occupied but excluding investment in listed property companies.

8 Including accounts receivable, insurance policies and financial derivatives.

9 Consisting of secondary listings on South African exchanges and other foreign investments.

Private retirement funds

Funds and liabilities¹

R millions

End of	Funds and members' surplus account ² (2788K)	Reserves (2789K)	Accounts payable ³ (2790K)	Other liabilities ⁴ (2791K)	Total funds and liabilities (2792K)
2018	2 204 311	227 185	47 299	62 238	2 541 033
2019	2 327 379	214 488	50 069	61 290	2 653 227
2020	2 369 150	194 033	58 879	60 106	2 682 168
2021	2 784 517	248 406	70 358	68 465	3 171 746
2022	2 686 357	261 643	71 019	62 754	3 081 773
2023	3 075 989	294 026	73 274	47 894	3 491 182
2024	3 352 450	316 456	82 118	57 061	3 808 085
2023: 03	2 973 799	288 013	71 498	47 445	3 380 756
04	3 075 989	294 026	73 274	47 894	3 491 182
2024: 01	3 158 966	301 037	76 492	51 528	3 588 023
02	3 228 278	305 840	78 732	54 078	3 666 928
03	3 337 914	309 767	80 292	55 701	3 783 674
04	3 352 450	316 456	82 118	57 061	3 808 085
2025: 01	3 426 920	324 319	83 822	57 907	3 892 968
02	3 566 446	337 411	86 962	59 833	4 050 652

KB246

Assets¹

R millions

End of	Cash and deposits ⁵ (2794K)	Interest-bearing securities ⁶			Equity ⁸ (2798K)	Loans (2799K)	Insurance policies (2800K)	Accounts receivable ⁹ (2801K)	Non-financial assets ¹⁰ (2802K)	Other assets ¹¹ (2803K)	Total assets (2804K)	Of which: Foreign assets ¹² (2805K)
		Domestic		Foreign sector (2797K)								
		Public sector ⁷ (2795K)	Private sector (2796K)									
2018	78 478	184 375	58 418	4 402	925 587	424	1 239 846	15 707	2 360	31 437	2 541 033	528 439
2019	77 797	188 658	61 228	5 983	910 336	412	1 350 667	15 898	2 429	39 817	2 653 227	564 570
2020	80 804	195 014	52 463	5 859	923 819	389	1 368 408	17 521	2 715	35 176	2 682 168	567 720
2021	95 809	204 741	76 000	4 491	1 125 427	354	1 603 238	20 051	3 500	38 136	3 171 746	788 297
2022	95 117	203 958	86 092	7 547	1 077 785	281	1 547 982	21 427	3 136	38 448	3 081 773	713 178
2023	102 550	214 892	97 724	14 984	1 271 220	361	1 723 563	24 116	3 372	38 401	3 491 182	943 066
2024	121 489	244 183	90 548	9 403	1 323 165	396	1 944 697	32 346	3 673	38 186	3 808 085	1 148 004
2023: 03	103 271	206 134	98 473	14 660	1 245 722	368	1 644 758	23 181	3 272	40 916	3 380 756	852 977
04	102 550	214 892	97 724	14 984	1 271 220	361	1 723 563	24 116	3 372	38 401	3 491 182	943 066
2024: 01	108 462	208 739	87 186	19 432	1 297 007	364	1 799 292	26 874	3 747	36 919	3 588 023	999 668
02	111 918	226 480	86 932	13 992	1 294 329	374	1 862 951	29 495	3 889	36 568	3 666 928	1 161 959
03	119 813	242 402	91 618	10 447	1 290 743	383	1 956 451	31 216	3 827	36 774	3 783 674	1 136 337
04	121 489	244 183	90 548	9 403	1 323 165	396	1 944 697	32 346	3 673	38 186	3 808 085	1 148 004
2025: 01	122 179	243 650	93 550	9 152	1 365 383	414	1 981 336	33 098	4 104	40 101	3 892 968	1 109 349
02	113 642	264 932	100 459	9 756	1 430 802	424	2 051 553	33 348	3 863	41 872	4 050 652	1 180 101

KB249

1 Including domestic and foreign members' funds and liabilities.

2 Including accumulated funds and member surplus account.

3 Including unsettled investment transactions and taxes payable.

4 Including loans, provisions, financial derivatives, funds transferred to other funds and unclaimed benefits.

5 Transferable and other deposits with banks.

6 Including money market instruments.

7 Interest-bearing securities issued by national and local governments as well as state-owned companies.

8 Comprising listed and unlisted domestic and foreign shares as well as investment in unit trusts and other funds.

9 Including unsettled investment transactions and tax refunds.

10 Including owner occupied but excluding investment in listed property companies.

11 Including financial derivatives and assets transferred from other funds.

12 Comprising foreign investments and as from September 2021 also secondary listings on South African exchanges. Only foreign investments made directly by retirement funds are included. Foreign investments that are held by retirement funds through investment in insurance policies and collective investment schemes (unit trusts) are not included.

Private retirement funds

Income statement¹

R millions

Period	Income					Expenditure					Net income ⁶	Net capital profit or loss on investments and assets ⁷
	Investment income		Contributions		Other ³	Benefits paid			Operating and administration expenditure	Other ⁵		
	Insurance policies	Other ²	Members	Employers		Annuities and month-ly pensions	Lump sum on retirement, death and disability	Pension withdrawals and other benefits ⁴				
	(2823K)	(2824K)	(2825K)	(2826K)	(2827K)	(2828K)	(2829K)	(2830K)	(2831K)	(2832K)	(2833K)	(2834K)
2016	31 018	33 193	94 442	68 186	85 027	25 313	101 439	91 401	15 322	86 262	-7 871	10 660
2017	25 972	31 625	96 618	71 710	69 453	25 599	98 969	80 799	16 562	45 930	27 518	264 594
2018	27 886	32 141	102 636	80 105	77 628	27 334	99 700	83 958	17 072	51 053	41 280	-79 076
2019	25 888	35 328	110 146	82 243	80 087	27 863	107 607	83 808	17 668	58 143	38 602	104 247
2020	12 815	32 989	113 473	82 898	92 453	28 705	121 601	87 377	18 153	58 646	20 147	28 690
2021	17 443	37 020	117 170	76 284	101 268	29 154	137 512	93 204	14 790	57 382	17 144	468 333
2022	21 627	46 560	122 515	85 173	117 795	29 863	133 426	106 785	12 676	63 323	47 599	-90 533
2023	28 513	56 789	118 435	92 552	111 311	31 366	137 851	103 715	14 604	79 092	40 971	399 019
2024	35 001	68 828	132 961	98 267	140 238	36 516	160 484	118 085	17 461	101 749	41 001	289 612
2017: 03	6 340	7 826	24 170	18 086	17 007	6 399	24 534	19 735	4 183	9 890	8 686	111 611
04	6 471	7 794	24 492	18 680	17 463	6 515	24 446	19 885	4 222	9 807	10 025	102 521
2018: 01	6 821	7 827	24 960	19 412	18 474	6 689	24 521	20 575	4 237	11 321	10 151	-24 916
02	7 021	7 923	25 427	19 951	19 383	6 816	24 713	21 017	4 255	12 485	10 419	65 225
03	7 071	8 083	25 892	20 296	19 819	6 897	25 021	21 210	4 277	13 345	10 411	-200 243
04	6 973	8 307	26 356	20 447	19 952	6 931	25 445	21 156	4 303	13 902	10 299	80 858
2019: 01	7 280	8 659	26 954	20 456	19 877	6 927	25 939	20 947	4 355	14 200	10 858	68 627
02	6 987	8 892	27 403	20 493	19 616	6 939	26 530	20 850	4 397	14 472	10 203	85 955
03	6 325	8 948	27 761	20 579	19 907	6 972	27 197	20 903	4 438	14 672	9 339	-11 667
04	5 296	8 829	28 028	20 714	20 687	7 025	27 942	21 108	4 479	14 799	8 202	-38 668
2020: 01	3 898	8 533	28 204	20 899	21 830	7 099	28 763	21 463	4 519	14 790	6 731	-302 548
02	3 062	8 300	28 340	20 903	22 819	7 159	29 746	21 757	4 543	14 761	5 458	242 471
03	2 785	8 131	28 436	20 727	23 606	7 206	30 892	21 992	4 550	14 647	4 398	-9 607
04	3 069	8 025	28 492	20 370	24 198	7 240	32 199	22 166	4 541	14 448	3 560	98 373
2021: 01	3 914	7 983	28 508	19 832	24 657	7 260	33 669	22 279	4 516	14 164	3 006	233 983
02	4 547	7 951	28 520	19 429	25 016	7 276	34 771	22 365	4 497	13 951	2 605	-36 821
03	4 307	10 273	29 995	18 064	25 352	7 286	34 850	23 916	2 850	14 454	4 635	56 595
04	4 675	10 813	30 147	18 960	26 243	7 332	34 221	24 644	2 928	14 814	6 899	214 576
2022: 01	4 888	11 060	30 619	19 976	28 725	7 359	33 659	26 055	3 013	14 803	10 379	-73 758
02	5 165	11 350	30 753	20 974	29 720	7 419	33 259	26 794	3 112	15 305	12 072	-148 141
03	5 545	11 785	30 696	21 792	29 946	7 496	33 156	27 066	3 218	16 082	12 746	-13 369
04	6 029	12 365	30 448	22 431	29 404	7 589	33 351	26 871	3 332	17 133	12 401	144 736
2023: 01	6 554	13 057	29 349	22 601	27 492	7 556	33 126	25 694	3 482	17 831	11 364	162 462
02	7 011	13 805	29 151	22 968	26 987	7 680	33 695	25 404	3 605	18 993	10 545	113 807
03	7 356	14 571	29 510	23 321	27 575	7 903	34 747	25 784	3 712	20 354	9 833	10 115
04	7 592	15 356	30 425	23 661	29 257	8 226	36 283	26 833	3 805	21 914	9 230	112 635
2024: 01	8 310	16 122	31 917	23 985	32 048	8 729	38 337	26 448	3 884	23 667	11 318	89 273
02	8 536	16 877	33 035	24 348	34 363	9 058	39 859	26 773	3 966	25 079	12 426	73 027
03	8 863	17 585	33 799	24 748	36 217	9 293	40 882	33 615	4 051	26 143	7 228	106 978
04	9 291	18 244	34 210	25 185	37 610	9 436	41 406	31 251	5 560	26 859	10 028	20 334
2025: 01	9 412	18 884	34 246	25 652	38 524	9 405	41 500	21 745	4 237	27 229	22 603	81 076
02	9 809	19 343	34 288	26 007	39 224	9 442	41 520	23 191	4 308	27 505	22 706	164 431

KB250

¹ All items include both domestic and foreign transactions.² Including interest, dividends and rent received as well as collective investment schemes distributions.³ Including transfers from other funds.⁴ Including retrenchment benefits and divorce settlements.⁵ Including expenses incurred for managing investments and performance fees, transfers to other funds, premiums paid on insurance policies and interest paid on borrowings.⁶ Income minus expenditure.⁷ Including realised sales and redemptions, and adjustment to fair value.

Other financial intermediaries¹⁷

Equity and liabilities¹

R millions

End of	Interest-bearing securities ² (2835K)	Equity ³ (2836K)	Loans		Reserves ⁵ (2839K)	Accounts payable ⁶ (2840K)	Provisions (2841K)	Other liabilities ⁷ (2842K)	Total equity and liabilities (2843K)	Of which: Foreign equity and liabilities ⁸ (2844K)
			Banks (2837K)	Other ⁴ (2838K)						
2018	88 409	2 484	54 611	88 854	42 298	7 612	21 287	-	305 555	33 642
2019	88 833	2 863	50 278	96 396	37 997	6 917	23 970	-	307 254	40 079
2020	83 521	2 790	46 354	99 569	34 358	7 757	30 189	-	304 539	38 976
2021	73 130	5 628	43 637	97 814	44 957	6 078	26 157	47	297 448	32 930
2022	111 132	5 731	51 546	107 979	51 076	63 305	25 744	210	416 723	35 958
2023	128 582	6 592	69 950	125 693	53 652	61 729	32 698	637	479 534	40 915
2024	117 262	5 123	68 730	133 469	52 286	58 494	32 483	710	468 557	40 162
2023: 03	127 391	6 529	59 760	116 092	48 424	66 397	27 891	336	452 821	42 926
04	128 582	6 592	69 950	125 693	53 652	61 729	32 698	637	479 534	40 915
2024: 01	126 936	6 633	66 500	124 698	50 698	64 998	33 889	750	475 103	39 283
02	126 532	6 623	67 158	124 946	50 211	60 260	33 204	531	469 467	39 838
03	120 361	6 623	68 856	124 764	52 246	66 601	33 294	687	473 431	39 852
04	117 262	5 123	68 730	133 469	52 286	58 494	32 483	710	468 557	40 162
2025: 01	117 656	5 123	66 318	134 656	51 657	64 523	33 166	635	473 734	42 037
02	117 839	5 129	69 103	137 946	52 783	62 100	32 380	634	477 913	44 546
03	120 714	5 129	71 081	138 252	52 735	79 967	36 763	657	505 298	42 578

KB251

Assets¹

R millions

End of	Cash and deposits ⁹ (2845K)	Interest-bearing securities ¹⁰ (2846K)	Equity ¹¹ (2847K)	Loans				Accounts receivable ¹³ (2852K)	Non-financial assets ¹⁴ (2853K)	Other assets ¹⁵ (2854K)	Total assets (2855K)	Of which: Foreign assets ¹⁶ (2856K)
				Instalment sale finance (2848K)	Financial leases (2849K)	Mortgage (2850K)	Other ¹² (2851K)					
2018	13 166	367	8 675	154 064	8 997	43 926	55 101	6 388	8 351	6 518	305 555	4 932
2019	14 662	368	4 826	157 220	8 486	43 356	60 113	4 787	8 077	5 358	307 254	2 258
2020	11 658	791	1 202	155 524	8 658	42 718	61 483	6 495	9 605	6 405	304 539	1 811
2021	9 446	28	2 510	151 617	7 660	43 477	70 177	3 967	4 857	3 711	297 448	250
2022	67 536	1 686	1 612	174 496	9 359	46 214	101 929	5 683	4 675	3 532	416 723	200
2023	65 168	1 875	1 636	207 909	10 473	46 916	125 516	8 447	5 351	6 244	479 534	211
2024	61 332	2 191	1 247	217 750	13 383	46 382	105 794	8 165	5 857	6 455	468 557	221
2023: 03	68 913	1 877	1 598	200 706	9 946	46 672	105 246	8 283	4 901	4 678	452 821	206
04	65 168	1 875	1 636	207 909	10 473	46 916	125 516	8 447	5 351	6 244	479 534	211
2024: 01	67 783	1 504	1 276	207 109	10 732	47 174	119 458	8 354	5 140	6 573	475 103	177
02	61 705	1 738	1 280	207 788	11 138	47 188	118 638	8 669	5 317	6 005	469 467	182
03	67 765	1 737	1 279	207 837	12 552	46 096	115 601	7 924	5 776	6 864	473 431	185
04	61 332	2 191	1 247	217 750	13 383	46 382	105 794	8 165	5 857	6 455	468 557	221
2025: 01	64 620	2 259	1 131	217 578	14 018	48 228	104 739	8 403	5 711	7 045	473 734	192
02	62 887	2 169	1 125	220 332	14 521	48 507	106 739	8 705	6 052	6 875	477 913	259
03	79 262	2 207	1 300	227 942	15 209	48 908	107 998	9 094	6 293	7 086	505 298	259

KB252

1 Including domestic and foreign.

2 Interest-bearing securities issued by finance companies and securitisation vehicles.

3 Comprising ordinary share capital.

4 Loans received from companies.

5 Including retained earnings.

6 Including margin deposits, retirement benefit obligation and taxes payable.

7 Including financial derivatives.

8 Equity and liabilities to non-residents.

9 Notes and coins, transferable and other deposits with banks.

10 Including money market instruments.

11 Including units in unit trusts, hedge funds and participation bond schemes.

12 Including unsecured loans.

13 Including retirement benefit asset, interest receivables and tax refunds.

14 Including owner occupied and investment properties. Excluding investment in listed property companies.

15 Including financial derivatives and provisions.

16 Comprising foreign investments and as from September 2021 also secondary listings on South African exchanges.

17 Comprising financial institutions engaged in lending, securitisation vehicles and central clearing counterparties from September 2022.

Non-bank financial institutions¹

Equity and liabilities

R millions

End of	Equity ⁵ (2646K)	Interest-bearing securities (2647K)	Loans (2648K)	Technical reserves ²		Financial derivatives (2651K)	Other liabilities ³ (2652K)	Total equity and liabilities (2653K)
				Pension (2649K)	Other (2650K)			
2018	3 302 999	107 088	252 812	5 505 191	1 394 254	39 841	282 594	10 884 779
2019	3 567 225	115 480	262 177	5 849 738	1 525 960	36 697	307 575	11 664 855
2020	3 674 037	137 338	413 784	5 480 097	2 198 578	97 601	192 288	12 193 723
2021	4 329 334	194 823	243 091	6 522 802	2 543 696	78 053	349 437	14 261 235
2022	4 478 220	227 780	265 425	6 439 352	2 536 716	85 361	415 742	14 448 596
2023	4 932 091	265 533	306 593	7 006 034	2 917 092	94 833	417 266	15 939 441
2024	5 476 749	269 262	308 020	7 648 043	3 256 235	98 618	466 462	17 523 389
2023: 03	4 730 866	250 633	268 470	6 716 834	2 753 002	103 830	432 798	15 256 433
04	4 932 091	265 533	306 593	7 006 034	2 917 092	94 833	417 266	15 939 441
2024: 01	5 023 956	226 192	332 092	7 070 357	2 994 856	90 342	452 702	16 190 499
02	5 129 348	260 610	297 023	7 311 492	3 057 269	99 898	450 705	16 606 346
03	5 357 575	256 547	299 317	7 662 134	3 187 134	97 721	480 065	17 340 494
04	5 476 749	269 262	308 020	7 648 043	3 256 235	98 618	466 462	17 523 389
2025: 01	5 555 202	266 556	312 993	7 786 819	3 295 143	110 179	483 076	17 809 968
02	5 861 798	269 871	325 197	8 146 234	3 497 042	126 767	468 801	18 695 710

KB236

Assets

R millions

End of	Cash and deposits (2630K)	Interest-bearing securities ⁶ (2631K)	Equity ⁷ (2632K)	Loans (2633K)	Financial derivatives (2634K)	Insurance policies ⁴ (2638K)	Non-financial assets (2635K)	Other assets (2636K)	Total assets (2637K)
2018	665 997	2 435 131	5 715 035	512 430	21 282	1 242 518	102 200	190 187	10 884 779
2019	703 903	2 695 702	6 065 325	524 474	26 170	1 354 330	90 410	204 540	11 664 855
2020	696 512	2 976 912	6 267 350	551 963	79 210	1 374 090	99 180	148 506	12 193 723
2021	640 846	3 159 528	7 740 027	547 747	87 064	1 750 828	94 249	240 945	14 261 235
2022	655 813	3 355 448	7 646 444	652 701	97 675	1 701 630	94 652	244 234	14 448 596
2023	748 817	3 579 407	8 584 482	717 612	106 977	1 868 908	92 670	240 568	15 939 441
2024	778 947	3 953 163	9 510 098	712 830	107 248	2 088 499	105 630	266 973	17 523 389
2023: 03	713 570	3 498 498	8 111 847	687 489	99 979	1 786 413	92 584	266 053	15 256 433
04	748 817	3 579 407	8 584 482	717 612	106 977	1 868 908	92 670	240 568	15 939 441
2024: 01	781 000	3 542 891	8 758 389	717 468	99 303	1 940 341	100 576	250 531	16 190 499
02	747 822	3 680 569	8 979 393	708 880	119 184	2 007 485	103 758	259 255	16 606 346
03	816 521	3 888 218	9 327 826	706 858	120 248	2 103 846	105 084	271 892	17 340 494
04	778 947	3 953 163	9 510 098	712 830	107 248	2 088 499	105 630	266 973	17 523 389
2025: 01	829 982	3 951 391	9 687 374	717 001	110 444	2 126 179	107 166	280 430	17 809 968
02	818 978	4 126 369	10 325 409	716 441	132 777	2 204 698	106 914	264 123	18 695 710

KB235

1 Consisting of unit trusts, the Public Investment Corporation, life and non-life insurance companies, official and private retirement funds, participation bond schemes, other financial intermediaries, management companies of collective investment schemes and non-monetary public financial corporations. Reporting at market values.

2 Including funds with the Public Investment Corporation.

3 Including funds received by public financial institutions.

4 Including reinsurance assets of insurance companies.

5 Including units of collective investment schemes and ordinary share capital.

6 Including money market instruments.

7 Comprising listed and unlisted domestic and foreign shares as well as investment in unit trusts and other funds.

National financial account

Flow of funds for the second quarter 2025¹

R millions

Transaction items	Sectors		Financial intermediaries									
			Foreign sector		Monetary authority		Other monetary institutions ²		Public Investment Corporation ³		Insurers and retirement funds	
	S	U	S	U	S	U	S	U	S	U	S	U
1. Net saving ⁴	-8 656		-5 313		22 120		-37		6 256		1 034	
2. Consumption of fixed capital ⁴			308		5 271		7		451		558	
3. Capital transfers	18	80										
4. Gross capital formation ⁴				451		4 906		4		367		367
5. Net lending (+)/net borrowing (-) (S)	-8 718		-5 456		22 485		-34		6 340		1 225	
6. Net financial investment (+) or (-) (U)		-8 718		-5 456		22 485		-34		6 340		1 225
7. Net incurrence of financial liabilities (Total S 9 – 33)	-68 978		45 172		30 926		33 640		12 359		70 843	
8. Net acquisition of financial assets (Total U 9 – 33)		-77 696		39 716		53 411		33 606		18 699		72 068
9. Gold and other foreign reserves	-19 361			-19 361								
10. Cash and demand monetary deposits ⁵	-3 119	-135	36 774	16 372	81 813	3 793		4 142		-6 319		12 829
11. Short/Medium-term monetary deposits ⁵	6 928	-16 279		18 776	5 227			-13 710		4 766		5 738
12. Long-term monetary deposits ⁵		5 309			13 334			10 723		2 335		6 230
13. Funds placed with other financial institutions	23 229	-16 214				-373		5 745		-43 174	39 861	60 535
14. Funds placed with other institutions	29 824					30 191	33 640			29 824		-15
15. Treasury bills	6 709			1 573		-2 562		704		5 265		38 051
16. Other debt securities ⁶	6 549	-208		14 430	7 265	1 641		-65	1 779	30 862	15 518	-22 402
17. Bank loans and advances	-25 396		601	30 644	31 226	19 224					18 310	
18. Trade credit and short-term loans	-36 295	-15 523	508	-1 463	-798	-5 439			4 225	-3 917	4 128	3 022
19. Short-term government bonds ⁹	-269			1 252		-13 309		-3 750		6 740		1 716
20. Long-term government bonds ⁹	-1 039	31 353				79 354		8 065		-17 073		8 380
21. Non-marketable debt of central government ⁷ ...												
22. Securities of local governments						-11				213		-87
23. Securities of public enterprises	1 480	529				4 041		2 254		7 619	4 273	2 801
24. Other loan stock and preference shares	17 845	-1 454			2 704	11 667		3 072	310	2 474	3 410	-376
25. Ordinary shares	-32 346	-52 157			-38 108	1 292		13 417	-246	-66 292		-16 937
26. Foreign branch/head office balances												
27. Long-term loans	11 977	-1 900			7 057			403	1 429	18	4 844	3 071
28. Mortgage loans	415					17 664					783	297
29. Interest in insurers and retirement funds ⁸		12 260				241			64 226			
30. Financial derivatives	-49 044	-43 129			-67 694	-74 035		152	-814	8 712	-12 353	-19 254
31. Amounts receivable/payable	-3 798	13 916	10 847	-9 356	6 414	-7 260		2 454	-29 300	30 104	-5 935	3 749
32. Other liabilities/assets	-3 267	5 936	-3 558	-13 151	-17 386	-12 531			-28 937	26 407	-1 747	-14 960
33. Balancing item					-128	-177			-313	135	-249	-320

S = Sources, i.e. net increase in liabilities at transaction value.

U = Uses, i.e. net increase in assets at transaction value.

KB230

1 A negative amount reflects a decrease in that item. In the case of liabilities (sources) it denotes a reduction in the available sources of funds and in the case of assets (uses) it indicates an additional source of funds.

2 Including mutual banks and the Postbank.

3 Before April 2005 the Public Investment Commissioners.

4 As taken from the national income (and production) accounts.

5 Namely deposits with the South African Reserve Bank (including coin liabilities), Corporation for Public Deposits, banks, the Land Bank, mutual banks and the Postbank.

6 Including bonds and money market instruments, such as bills, debentures and commercial paper, not specified in other line items in the table.

7 Non-marketable bonds and other Treasury bills.

8 Net income of insurers and retirement funds.

9 The classification of short-term and long-term government bonds is based on remaining maturity.

National financial account (continued)

Flow of funds for the second quarter 2025¹

R millions

General government				Corporate business enterprises								Sectors
Central and provincial governments		Local governments		Public sector		Private sector						
								Transaction items				
S	U	S	U	S	U	S	U	S	U	S	U	
-8 106		-25 907		-11 165		58 367		-18 577		10 016		1. Net saving ⁴
29 291		14 712		25 218		143 127		42 515		261 458		2. Consumption of fixed capital ⁴
1 355	6 973	53		3 685		4	6	3 311	1 367	8 426	8 426	3. Capital transfers
	29 979		14 725		28 386		158 315		33 974		271 474	4. Gross capital formation ⁴
-14 413		-25 867		-10 648		43 177		-8 091				5. Net lending (+)/net borrowing (-) (S)
	-14 413		-25 867		-10 648		43 177		-8 091			6. Net financial investment (+) or (-) (U)
90 737		7 306		-51 271		-41 805		69 664		198 593		7. Net incurrence of financial liabilities (Total S 9 – 33)
	76 324		-18 561		-61 919		1 372		61 573		198 593	8. Net acquisition of financial assets (Total U 9 –33)
	82 230		-3 311		1 585		-4 341		8 623	-19 361	-19 361	9. Gold and other foreign reserves
	6 982		-26 268		-36 369		36 806		31 713	115 468	115 468	10. Cash and demand monetary deposits ⁵
	-2 099		1 256		8		-7 609		-2 819	12 155	12 155	11. Short/Medium-term monetary deposits ⁵
			137		652		4 887		50 895	13 334	13 334	12. Long-term monetary deposits ⁵
	3 831				-37		-330			63 090	63 090	13. Funds placed with other financial institutions
										63 464	63 464	14. Funds placed with other institutions
13 406							-22 916			20 115	20 115	15. Treasury bills
	262				-2	-3 133	3 460			27 978	27 978	16. Other debt securities ⁶
463		427		-3 634		20 930		6 941		49 868	49 868	17. Bank loans and advances
-2 704	-53 655	5 259		-58 181	-2 013	-5 638	-8 120	3 986	1 598	-85 510	-85 510	18. Trade credit and short-term loans
-7 082										-7 351	-7 351	19. Short-term government bonds ⁹
110 660							-458			109 621	109 621	20. Long-term government bonds ⁹
-1 464									-1 464	-1 464	-1 464	21. Non-marketable debt of central government ⁷
		536					421			536	536	22. Securities of local governments
	-946			10 545						16 298	16 298	23. Securities of public enterprises
	4 983			-49		5 057	8 911			29 277	29 277	24. Other loan stock and preference shares
			-55	-9 995	-102	-57 480	-17 341			-138 175	-138 175	25. Ordinary shares
												26. Foreign branch/head office balances
-8 843	-2 129	-500		-660	-20	-7 478	8 151	-232		7 594	7 594	27. Long-term loans
				7		9 659		7 097		17 961	17 961	28. Mortgage loans
					49		6 718		44 958	64 226	64 226	29. Interest in insurers and retirement funds ⁸
				2 926	-4 565	-13 556	-8 416			-140 535	-140 535	30. Financial derivatives
-13 699	21 215		3 534	4 712	-14 573	-7 878	-13 542	28 541	-40 337	-10 096	-10 096	31. Amounts receivable/payable
	15 650	1 438	5 860	3 043	-6 399	17 921	15 620	23 331	-31 594	-9 162	-9 162	32. Other liabilities/assets
		146	286	15	-133	-209	-529			-738	-738	33. Balancing item

S = Sources, i.e. net increase in liabilities at transaction value.

U = Uses, i.e. net increase in assets at transaction value.

KB231

1 A negative amount reflects a decrease in that item. In the case of liabilities (sources) it denotes a reduction in the available sources of funds and in the case of assets (uses) it indicates an additional source of funds.

2 Including mutual banks and the Postbank.

3 Before April 2005 the Public Investment Commissioners.

4 As taken from the national income (and production) accounts.

5 Namely deposits with the South African Reserve Bank (including coin liabilities), Corporation for Public Deposits, banks, the Land Bank, mutual banks and the Postbank.

6 Including bonds and money market instruments, such as bills, debentures and commercial paper, not specified in other line items in the table.

7 Non-marketable bonds and other Treasury bills.

8 Net income of insurers and retirement funds.

9 The classification of short-term and long-term government bonds is based on remaining maturity.

National government finance¹

R millions

End of	Revenue											
	Tax revenue											
	Taxes on income, profits and capital gains				Payroll taxes	Taxes on property ⁴	Taxes on goods and services					
	Income tax	STC/ Dividends tax ²	Other ³	Total	Skills development levy		Value-added tax (net) ⁵	Excise duties		Transfer duties ⁸	Other ⁹	Total
								Fuel levy ⁶	Other ⁷			
(4570)	(4571)	(4572)	(4573)	(4574)	(4577)	(4578)	(4579)	(4580)	(4575)	(4581)	(4582)	
Budget												
2024/25	1 041 452	37 240	6 297	1 084 989	24 500	4 583	476 749	95 771	67 429	10 309	20 050	670 308
2025/26	1 131 276	43 316	8 202	1 182 794	26 006	5 506	482 246	96 592	73 945	12 081	22 256	687 119
31 March												
2020	739 151	28 526	5 004	772 681	18 486	2 620	346 748	80 175	53 397	7 120	18 190	505 630
2021	689 135	25 336	3 710	718 180	12 250	2 918	331 184	75 179	37 997	7 606	16 883	468 848
2022	874 398	33 898	4 573	912 870	19 336	3 776	390 847	88 884	56 474	10 576	21 091	567 872
2023	945 027	38 845	4 634	988 505	20 892	4 385	430 210	80 473	55 162	11 452	19 632	596 929
2024	962 008	40 309	6 238	1 008 556	22 604	4 334	447 557	91 508	63 114	9 581	19 765	631 525
2025	1 048 550	44 132	7 847	1 100 530	24 448	5 180	457 789	85 883	68 932	11 367	21 328	645 298
31 December												
2020	688 099	23 334	5 155	716 589	12 557	2 953	333 375	76 204	39 535	6 808	16 671	472 593
2021	846 813	34 288	4 512	885 613	18 842	3 514	374 684	86 787	53 221	10 210	20 512	545 413
2022	926 622	38 285	3 795	968 703	20 596	4 224	421 689	79 431	55 472	11 649	20 068	588 308
2023	941 980	39 964	5 937	987 882	22 299	4 396	440 636	91 694	60 977	9 703	19 994	623 004
2024	1 021 913	37 169	7 266	1 066 348	23 892	4 739	451 636	85 303	66 217	10 735	20 348	634 239
2024: Feb.....	121 099	2 753	614	124 466	1 834	387	36 292	7 132	5 515	903	1 243	51 085
Mar.....	89 705	3 736	1 270	94 710	1 985	478	52 929	8 056	6 150	885	1 450	69 469
Apr.....	63 127	2 811	457	66 395	2 014	343	21 285	7 402	5 945	1 000	1 249	36 882
May.....	59 047	5 506	455	65 008	1 905	310	37 070	7 196	4 099	999	1 404	50 769
Jun.....	133 087	2 270	442	135 799	2 047	373	36 366	7 021	4 582	881	1 512	50 361
Jul.....	42 769	2 546	665	45 980	1 897	572	35 461	7 837	6 596	925	3 902	54 721
Aug.....	98 787	2 387	449	101 623	1 947	308	37 191	6 844	3 106	901	1 455	49 498
Sep.....	86 042	2 057	439	88 538	2 042	474	38 009	7 402	4 304	823	1 631	52 169
Oct.....	61 776	4 688	845	67 309	2 011	425	38 006	6 867	6 800	1 076	1 738	54 486
Nov.....	66 449	3 519	581	70 548	2 065	459	41 228	5 912	5 085	1 064	1 730	55 018
Dec.....	141 057	2 390	599	144 046	2 147	374	37 558	5 741	5 677	533	1 664	51 174
2025: Jan.....	65 702	3 046	570	69 318	2 239	317	44 607	7 313	9 182	948	1 624	63 674
Feb.....	132 592	3 106	657	136 355	1 990	525	38 927	7 503	6 368	1 062	1 378	55 238
Mar.....	98 116	9 806	1 689	109 612	2 143	700	52 081	8 844	7 186	1 153	2 042	71 307
Apr.....	68 110	3 630	441	72 182	2 129	430	27 117	7 630	5 966	1 017	1 517	43 248
May.....	63 205	6 458	407	70 070	2 088	623	40 010	8 724	4 307	1 197	1 496	55 733
Jun.....	140 657	2 393	532	143 582	2 052	302	39 107	7 997	4 503	1 053	1 623	54 283
Jul.....	47 579	4 717	643	52 939	2 103	454	39 738	6 895	6 784	1 146	3 855	58 418
Aug.....	108 798	2 908	576	112 282	2 057	457	40 560	8 113	3 230	1 015	1 752	54 670
Sep.....	94 724	2 708	597	98 030	2 049	381	42 477	7 884	4 515	1 003	1 773	57 653
Oct.....	62 944	5 747	677	69 368	2 150	464	37 959	7 918	7 381	1 142	2 049	56 450

KB401

1 The information in this table provides an analysis of the National Revenue Fund. Before April 2000, the basis of reporting revenue and expenditure was derived from bank statement transactions, whereas the current reporting relies on cash book transactions as reported in the *Statement of National Government's Revenue, Expenditure and Borrowing*. Current data is therefore not strictly comparable with data prior to April 2000. Total revenue includes amounts in transit before April 2000.

2 Secondary tax on companies/withholding tax on dividends from 1 April 2012.

3 Including tax on retirement funds until March 2007, interest on overdue income tax, and other taxes on income and profits.

4 Taxes on property are taxes payable on the use, ownership or transfer of wealth. From 1 April 2019, this series was revised to exclude taxes on financial and capital transactions (security transfer tax, demutualisation levy and transfer duties), which are now included as part of taxes on goods and services.

5 Sales duty was included before 1983 and general sales tax before October 1991.

6 From April 2014, levies on imported fuel were consolidated into the fuel levy. From June 2019, the carbon fuel levy was added with the fuel levy.

7 Including specific excise duties (domestic), ad valorem taxes (domestic), revenue from neighbouring countries and the health promotion levy.

8 As from 1 April 2019, transfer duties previously classified under taxes on property were classified under taxes on goods and services.

9 Including the levy on financial services, Universal Service Fund, and taxes on the use of goods and permission to use goods or to perform activities. From 1 April 2019, this included security transfer tax and the demutualisation levy.

10 As from April 2012, import duties included customs duties and specific excise duties on imports.

11 Including ordinary levies and other taxes on international trade and transactions.

12 Including stamp duties and fees, and unallocated amounts.

13 Southern African Customs Union.

14 Including departmental revenue and other miscellaneous revenue, but excluding premiums on debt portfolio restructuring and loan transactions.

15 Including statutory payments to provinces, fuel levy sharing with metropolitan municipalities, and other expenditure such as the provisional allocation and contingency reserve.

16 Deficit (-)/surplus (+).

National government finance¹

R millions

Revenue						Expenditure							Cash book balance before borrowing ¹⁶	End of
Tax revenue						Non-tax revenue ¹⁴	Total ¹	Voted amounts	Interest	Other ¹⁵	Total			
Taxes on international trade and transactions			Other taxes ¹²	Less: SACU payments ¹³	Total									
Import duties ^{6, 10}	Other ¹¹	Total												
(4590M)	(4591M)	(4592M)	(4593M)	(4594M)	(4595M)	(4596M)	(4597M)	(4598M)	(4599M)	(4600M)	(4601M)	(4602M)		
76 931	1 724	78 655	-	89 871	1 773 164	41 856	1 815 020	1 102 798	381 963	651 206	2 135 967	-320 946	Budget	
80 977	3 200	84 177	-	73 552	1 912 051	37 358	1 949 409	1 172 207	426 124	712 399	2 310 730	-361 321	2024/25	
													2025/26	
													31 March	
55 495	827	56 322	10	50 280	1 305 469	38 091	1 343 559	943 831	204 621	541 381	1 689 832	-346 273	2020	
47 362	325	47 687	12	63 395	1 186 501	49 634	1 236 135	1 003 859	232 155	551 979	1 787 993	-551 858	2021	
58 081	1 832	59 913	-10	45 966	1 517 791	43 484	1 561 275	1 034 375	267 948	584 619	1 886 943	-325 668	2022	
74 056	2 012	76 068	4	43 683	1 643 100	66 243	1 709 343	1 089 276	308 303	611 502	2 009 081	-299 738	2023	
70 663	3 185	73 849	2	79 811	1 661 059	73 331	1 734 390	1 062 508	355 960	628 451	2 046 919	-312 529	2024	
76 839	2 987	79 826	-12	89 874	1 765 396	41 964	1 807 360	1 110 698	385 600	647 802	2 144 101	-336 741	2025	
													31 December	
47 062	243	47 305	1	60 117	1 191 881	53 594	1 245 475	991 560	222 498	560 952	1 775 010	-529 535	2020	
54 049	1 653	55 703	-1	50 323	1 458 761	47 506	1 506 266	1 036 915	251 141	556 235	1 844 291	-338 024	2021	
70 528	2 123	72 651	2	44 254	1 610 230	52 987	1 663 217	1 040 656	291 749	605 618	1 938 022	-274 805	2022	
73 478	1 705	75 183	5	70 779	1 641 988	68 018	1 710 006	1 139 240	340 545	638 129	2 117 913	-407 907	2023	
74 061	3 546	77 607	-10	87 358	1 719 457	53 154	1 772 611	1 088 698	368 745	636 420	2 093 863	-321 252	2024	
5 677	398	6 075	0	-	183 846	4 908	188 754	69 803	44 278	52 266	166 347	22 407	2024: Feb	
9 405	1 149	10 554	0	-	177 197	10 026	187 223	100 668	34 070	48 490	183 228	3 995	Mar	
2 542	448	2 990	0	22 469	86 156	4 441	90 597	107 224	9 009	52 411	168 644	-78 047	Apr	
5 502	446	5 948	0	-	123 940	2 641	126 581	81 702	5 197	52 461	139 360	-12 779	May	
5 347	235	5 581	0	-	194 161	6 742	200 903	80 215	29 628	52 508	162 351	38 552	Jun	
6 733	-18	6 715	-2	22 469	87 415	2 401	89 817	136 646	60 612	52 505	249 764	-159 947	Jul	
6 103	490	6 592	5	-	159 973	1 396	161 369	95 095	47 729	57 944	200 768	-39 398	Aug	
6 309	54	6 363	-5	-	149 581	2 594	152 175	66 142	38 077	52 340	156 560	-4 385	Sep	
8 282	239	8 521	-	22 469	110 284	2 168	112 452	95 889	9 569	53 080	158 537	-46 085	Oct	
6 974	109	7 083	-9	-	135 165	1 167	136 332	83 693	4 337	52 766	140 796	-4 464	Nov	
5 846	-125	5 721	-1	-	203 461	6 227	209 688	101 301	28 900	58 103	188 304	21 384	Dec	
7 225	-31	7 194	0	22 469	120 274	5 811	126 085	74 669	61 210	52 882	188 761	-62 676	2025: Jan	
6 280	583	6 862	0	-	200 970	1 551	202 521	76 605	49 036	52 665	178 306	24 215	Feb	
9 696	558	10 255	-1	-	194 016	4 824	198 840	111 517	42 296	58 136	211 950	-13 110	Mar	
2 971	376	3 347	-	18 388	102 947	1 479	104 426	103 429	9 746	55 928	169 103	-64 676	Apr	
5 793	190	5 983	-1	-	134 496	2 360	136 856	84 571	6 389	56 112	147 072	-10 216	May	
6 151	428	6 579	-1	-	206 798	5 820	212 618	78 245	29 562	56 131	163 938	48 680	Jun	
6 798	260	7 058	-4	18 388	102 580	7 980	110 559	142 202	62 905	56 372	261 480	-150 921	Jul	
6 377	142	6 519	-1	-	175 984	1 294	177 278	102 591	50 350	62 727	215 669	-38 391	Aug	
6 798	234	7 032	-1	-	165 144	1 674	166 818	77 261	47 024	57 992	182 276	-15 458	Sep	
8 290	380	8 670	-19	18 388	118 694	2 953	121 647	91 331	9 262	56 449	157 042	-35 396	Oct	

KB402

1 The information in this table provides an analysis of the National Revenue Fund. Before April 2000, the basis of reporting revenue and expenditure was derived from bank statement transactions, whereas the current reporting relies on cash book transactions as reported in the *Statement of National Government's Revenue, Expenditure and Borrowing*. Current data is therefore not strictly comparable with data prior to April 2000. Total revenue includes amounts in transit before April 2000.

2 Secondary tax on companies/withholding tax on dividends from 1 April 2012.

3 Including tax on retirement funds until March 2007, interest on overdue income tax, and other taxes on income and profits.

4 Taxes on property are taxes payable on the use, ownership or transfer of wealth. From 1 April 2019, this series was revised to exclude taxes on financial and capital transactions (security transfer tax, demutualisation levy and transfer duties), which are now included as part of taxes on goods and services.

5 Sales duty was included before 1983 and general sales tax before October 1991.

6 From April 2014, levies on imported fuel were consolidated into the fuel levy. From June 2019, the carbon fuel levy was added with the fuel levy.

7 Including specific excise duties (domestic), ad valorem taxes (domestic), revenue from neighbouring countries and the health promotion levy.

8 As from 1 April 2019, transfer duties previously classified under taxes on property were classified under taxes on goods and services.

9 Including the levy on financial services, Universal Service Fund, and taxes on the use of goods and permission to use goods or to perform activities. From 1 April 2019, this included security transfer tax and the demutualisation levy.

10 As from April 2012, import duties included customs duties and specific excise duties on imports.

11 Including ordinary levies and other taxes on international trade and transactions.

12 Including stamp duties and fees, and unallocated amounts.

13 Southern African Customs Union.

14 Including departmental revenue and other miscellaneous revenue, but excluding premiums on debt portfolio restructuring and loan transactions.

15 Including statutory payments to provinces, fuel levy sharing with metropolitan municipalities, and other expenditure such as the provisional allocation and contingency reserve.

16 Deficit (-)/surplus (+).

Cash flow and borrowing statement of national government

R millions

End of	Cash flow revenue ¹ (4045M)	Cash flow expenditure ² (4610M)	Cash flow balance ³ (4050M)	Cost/profit on revaluation of foreign debt at redemption ⁴ (4611M)	Accrual adjustments ⁵ (4016M)	State-owned companies debt relief ⁶ (4056M)	Gold and Foreign Exchange Contingency Reserve Account settlement (net) ⁷ (4057M)	Net borrowing requirement ³ (4612M)
31 March								
2023	1 702 515	2 038 154	-335 640	-8 647	114 578	-	-	-229 709
2024	1 725 362	2 046 919	-321 557	-18 560	121 071	-76 000	-	-295 046
2025	1 906 416	2 252 615	-346 199	-3 962	34 422	-64 000	100 000	-279 740
31 December								
2023	1 697 402	2 110 957	-413 555	-1 356	104 131	-44 000	-	-354 780
2024	1 874 520	2 193 958	-319 439	-20 203	60 224	-40 000	100 000	-219 418
2025: May	138 332	141 241	-2 908	-	553	-	-	-2 355
Jun	219 091	163 758	55 333	-	6 704	-	-	62 037
Jul	104 384	268 740	-164 356	-661	11 612	-	-	-153 405
Aug	178 458	210 438	-31 980	-	47 160	-	-	15 181
Sep	165 797	178 576	-12 779	-14 855	-48 340	-	-	-75 974
Oct	122 668	167 139	-44 471	-	18 444	-	-	-26 027

KB403

1 Including extraordinary receipts.

2 Including extraordinary transfers.

3 Deficit (-)/surplus (+).

4 Before April 1998 the cost of revaluation of foreign debt at redemption was included in expenditure. As from April 1998, cost (-)/profit (+).

5 Including accrual adjustments such as surrenders, late departmental requests, etc.

6 Amounts advanced by National Treasury in terms of section 2(2)(a) of the Eskom Debt Relief Act, Act 7 of 2023, subsection (1).

7 Amounts paid from the Gold and Foreign Exchange Contingency Reserve Account (GFECRA) distribution to offset the government borrowing requirement.

National government financing according to instruments

R millions

End of	Treasury bills and short-term loans (4023M)	Domestic government bonds ¹ (4022M)	Foreign bonds and loans ¹ (4026M)	Other financing ² (4031M)	Change in cash balances ³ (4003M)	Total (4030M)
31 March						
2023	-25 577	216 499	57 351	-57 997	39 434	229 709
2024	88 473	194 740	17 078	-48 558	43 314	295 046
2025	39 419	269 687	33 700	-29 262	-33 805	279 740
31 December						
2023	94 620	113 056	12 348	-49 982	184 737	354 780
2024	21 925	314 655	48 654	-37 531	-128 285	219 418
2025: May	2 359	34 580	-	-9 512	-25 072	2 355
Jun	5 298	33 529	-	-4 374	-96 490	-62 037
Jul	7 054	39 963	18 439	-3 262	91 211	153 405
Aug	3 232	35 339	10 335	-2 240	-61 846	-15 181
Sep	4 648	27 685	-12 106	-2 974	58 722	75 974
Oct	2 673	36 721	-	-9 874	-3 493	26 027

KB404

1 Excluding discount.

2 Including RSA government retail bonds from May 2004 and the following debt and liabilities assumed by national government:

– former Transkei, Bophuthatswana, Venda and Ciskei (TBVC) states, self-governing territories and former regional authorities in terms of section 239 of the Interim Constitution of the Republic of South Africa Act 200 of 1993;

– the Republic of Namibia as contemplated in section 52C(1) of the Exchequer Act 66 of 1975, as amended; and

– the South African Housing Trust in terms of the Disestablishment of the South African Housing Trust Limited Act 26 of 2002.

3 Including Exchequer and Paymaster-General Account balances with the South African Reserve Bank and other banks. Increase (-)/decrease (+). As published in Table 4 of the monthly *Statement of National Government's Revenue, Expenditure and Borrowing*, issued by National Treasury.

National government financing according to ownership of government debt

R millions

End of	Net borrowing requirement (4612M)	Financing of deficit/use of surplus						
		Change in net indebtedness to ¹					Less: Discount (+)/ premium (-)/ revaluation (+) on government bonds (4070M)	Total financing (4071M)
		Monetary sector			Public Investment Corporation ³ (4061M)	Non-monetary private sector ⁴ (4565M)		
		Change in debt instruments (4066M)	Change in cash balances ² (4003M)	Total (4069M)				
31 March								
2020	-339 448	76 472	2 474	78 946	143	325 988	65 630	339 448
2021	-506 623	127 868	-101 942	25 926	39	603 698	123 040	506 623
2022	-244 583	134 434	63 619	198 053	10	169 258	122 738	244 583
2023	-229 709	169 559	39 434	208 993	-20	168 255	147 519	229 709
2024	-295 046	77 045	43 314	120 358	386	345 752	171 450	295 046
2025	-279 740	168 626	-33 805	134 822	6	257 517	112 605	279 740
31 December								
2019	-286 342	69 982	-44 496	25 486	35	321 757	60 936	286 342
2020	-484 327	146 748	-68 248	78 499	182	517 144	111 498	484 327
2021	-266 745	111 577	20 575	132 153	26	257 755	123 188	266 745
2022	-203 847	185 616	-7 059	178 557	-36	168 615	143 288	203 847
2023	-354 780	91 504	184 737	276 241	224	246 391	168 075	354 780
2024	-219 418	145 023	-128 285	16 737	168	343 808	141 295	219 418
2023: May	-7 902	-7 816	-15 898	-23 714	-	47 796	16 180	7 902
Jun	50 813	30 410	-79 729	-49 320	-	16 728	18 221	-50 813
Jul	-136 922	17 267	112 926	130 193	75	18 779	12 125	136 922
Aug	-60 305	11 312	8 112	19 423	45	50 960	10 124	60 305
Sep	-7 134	13 195	-12 715	480	30	17 531	10 907	7 134
Oct	-60 351	18 305	41 360	59 665	10	14 840	14 164	60 351
Nov	-11 861	34 187	-49 750	-15 563	20	40 043	12 639	11 861
Dec	60 530	-27 869	23 900	-3 969	44	-16 450	40 155	-60 530
2024: Jan	-74 991	-49 621	50 996	1 375	26	87 909	14 319	74 991
Feb	8 458	9 560	-35 194	-25 634	102	26 200	9 125	-8 458
Mar	10 702	12 158	-27 348	-15 190	34	14 648	10 195	-10 702
Apr	-100 631	22 082	47 029	69 111	-	48 506	16 985	100 631
May	-1 707	-8 330	4 231	-4 098	-	29 060	23 254	1 707
Jun	46 799	34 741	-44 940	-10 199	-	-17 852	18 748	-46 799
Jul	-77 629	10 159	55 429	65 588	-	25 239	13 199	77 629
Aug	-18 272	16 809	-12 767	4 042	-	22 683	8 453	18 272
Sep	2 607	-4 008	-34 162	-38 170	-	41 214	5 650	-2 607
Oct	-40 656	42 882	24 284	67 167	6	-14 289	12 229	40 656
Nov	89	57 827	-104 199	-46 372	-	52 646	6 363	-89
Dec	25 814	763	-51 645	-50 882	-	27 843	2 775	-25 814
2025: Jan	-75 014	-42 427	109 525	67 098	-	4 384	-3 532	75 014
Feb	7 050	-5 778	-39 089	-44 866	-	42 001	4 185	-7 050
Mar	-48 189	43 905	12 499	56 404	-	-3 918	4 296	48 189
Apr	-62 616	46 607	35 304	81 911	-	-11 754	7 541	62 616
May	-2 355	2 412	-25 072	-22 660	-	40 823	15 807	2 355
Jun	62 037	12 031	-96 490	-84 459	30	32 439	10 047	-62 037
Jul	-153 405	26 462	91 211	117 673	-110	45 206	9 364	153 405
Aug	15 181	-36 224	-61 846	-98 071	-	91 867	8 976	-15 181
Sep	-75 974	20 831	58 722	79 553	75	5 719	9 373	75 974
Oct	-26 027	14 797	-3 493	11 304	31	27 885	13 193	26 027

KB433

1 Information is based on the outright ownership of government debt instruments as reflected in the balance sheets of the respective institutions.

2 Including Exchequer and Paymaster-General Account balances with the South African Reserve Bank and other banks. Increase (-)/decrease (+). As published in Table 4 of the monthly *Statement of National Government's Revenue, Expenditure and Borrowing*, issued by National Treasury.

3 Before 31 March 1984, the Public Debt Commissioners. Before 1 April 2005, the Public Investment Commissioners.

4 Including domestic bonds held by non-residents and foreign loans entered into.

National government debt
At face value

R millions

End of	Gross loan debt											
	Domestic debt											
	Marketable										Non-marketable	
	Treasury bills					Bonds				Total marketable	Short-term loans ⁴	Bonds ⁵
	Up to 91 days	182 days	273 days	364 days	Total ³	Fixed-rate	Inflation- linked	Zero-coupon and floating-rate	Total			
	(4073M)	(4074M)	(4075M)	(4076M)	(4078M)	(4099M)	(4191M)	(4192M)	(4086M)	(4088M)	(4079M)	(4093M)
31 March												
2023	6 692	69 384	143 714	202 680	422 471	2 719 093	992 165	51 225	3 762 483	4 184 954	260	24 627
2024	14 255	84 830	166 358	245 111	510 555	2 982 810	1 027 523	118 340	4 128 672	4 639 227	649	27 204
2025	16 043	94 158	179 063	260 223	549 486	3 249 500	1 077 950	183 515	4 510 965	5 060 451	1 136	30 116
31 December												
2023	18 995	90 338	166 156	241 695	517 184	2 924 380	1 002 000	97 950	4 024 330	4 541 514	140	26 933
2024	19 378	92 300	176 022	251 493	539 193	3 191 829	1 122 612	165 840	4 480 280	5 019 473	56	29 422
2025: May	16 832	95 772	184 356	260 425	557 385	3 296 987	1 099 634	207 740	4 604 361	5 161 746	202	28 496
Jun	17 809	96 372	186 686	262 025	562 892	3 317 691	1 109 506	220 740	4 647 937	5 210 829	-7	28 652
Jul	20 070	97 122	188 686	264 025	569 903	3 344 482	1 119 597	233 185	4 697 264	5 267 167	36	28 712
Aug	20 070	96 677	190 286	265 625	572 658	3 370 477	1 128 647	242 455	4 741 579	5 314 237	513	29 219
Sep	20 441	96 465	192 223	267 583	576 713	3 392 218	1 138 139	248 280	4 778 637	5 355 349	1 106	29 578
Oct	19 700	96 200	194 605	269 943	580 448	3 420 429	1 154 637	253 485	4 828 551	5 408 999	44	29 493

KB405

1 Guarantees to public institutions, independent power producers and public-private partnerships including accrued interest. Data for quarter-end months are sourced from National Treasury and are kept constant for the following two months.

2 Valued at 14:30 foreign exchange rates as at the end of each period.

3 Before 1990, Tax Treasury bills were included.

4 Including the Public Investment Corporation (before 1 April 2005, the Public Investment Commissioners) and Corporation for Public Deposits. Before 31 March 1984, the investments of the 'earmarked funds' of the Public Debt Commissioners. Before 31 March 1984, the investments of the 'pooled funds' of the Public Debt Commissioners. Before 31 July 1986, including bills held by the South African Reserve Bank and Paymaster-General.

5 Including the floating-rate bonds until April 2000, and the RSA government retail bonds from May 2004.

Marketable national government debt¹
At market value

R millions

End of	Marketable gross loan debt											
	Domestic debt									Total domestic debt	Foreign debt ²	Total
	Treasury bills					Bonds						
	Up to 91 days (4073X)	182 days (4074X)	273 days (4075X)	364 days (4076X)	Total (4078X)	Fixed-rate (4099X)	Inflation-linked (4191X)	Zero-coupon and floating-rate (4192X)	Total (4086X)			
31 March												
2023	6 626	67 885	139 354	194 534	408 399	2 350 010	825 277	52 514	3 227 800	3 636 199	354 050	3 990 249
2024	14 110	83 168	161 474	235 407	494 159	2 414 591	802 903	118 086	3 335 579	3 829 738	347 694	4 177 432
2025	15 901	92 363	174 021	250 685	532 969	2 870 519	839 997	184 066	3 894 582	4 427 552	408 119	4 835 670
31 December												
2023	18 802	88 330	160 546	231 046	498 724	2 524 223	802 055	98 035	3 424 312	3 923 036	387 233	4 310 269
2024	19 202	90 501	170 870	241 730	522 302	2 922 013	889 310	166 317	3 977 640	4 499 942	416 805	4 916 747
2025: May	16 663	93 941	179 066	250 651	540 322	3 014 743	848 465	211 123	4 074 331	4 614 653	395 265	5 009 918
Jun.....	17 642	94 612	181 418	252 413	546 085	3 084 904	854 301	221 444	4 160 649	4 706 734	402 354	5 109 088
Jul	19 879	95 299	183 295	254 228	552 700	3 141 543	861 383	236 713	4 239 640	4 792 340	410 260	5 202 600
Aug	19 892	94 971	185 080	256 107	556 050	3 140 339	878 009	247 967	4 266 315	4 822 365	408 892	5 231 257
Sep	20 277	94 799	187 125	258 205	560 407	3 234 251	905 316	251 292	4 390 860	4 951 267	371 923	5 323 189
Oct.....	19 528	94 475	189 384	260 365	563 750	3 563 942	922 869	258 620	4 745 431	5 309 181	382 168	5 691 349

KB455

1 Market value calculations are based on the dirty price (all-in price), which includes accrued interest.

2 Valued at 14:30 foreign exchange rates as at the end of each period.

National government debt
At face value

R millions

Gross loan debt										Government financial guarantees ¹		End of		
Domestic debt			Foreign debt ²								Gold and Foreign Exchange Contingency Reserve Account ⁸		Approved value	Exposure value
Other debt ⁶	Total non-marketable	Total domestic debt	Marketable	Non-marketable	Total foreign debt	Total gross loan debt	Cash balances ⁷	Total net loan debt						
(4094M)	(4104M)	(4105M)	(4106M)	(4107M)	(4108M)	(4114M)	(4115M)	(4113M)	(4109M)	(4118M)	(4111M)			
												31 March		
46	24 933	4 209 886	400 750	154 907	555 657	4 765 543	249 168	4 516 375	-458 715	669 655	627 146	2023		
46	27 899	4 667 126	400 522	191 101	591 623	5 258 749	194 466	5 064 284	-531 989	783 555	646 949	2024		
46	31 298	5 091 749	450 791	151 111	601 902	5 693 651	218 988	5 474 663	-363 901	797 182	678 995	2025		
												31 December		
46	27 119	4 568 634	417 701	166 671	584 372	5 153 005	189 659	4 963 347	-503 317	717 973	594 706	2023		
46	29 524	5 048 997	459 622	158 382	618 003	5 667 000	273 492	5 393 509	-343 747	769 781	657 223	2024		
46	28 744	5 190 490	439 510	140 094	579 604	5 770 095	207 050	5 563 045	-354 315	797 182	678 995	2025: May		
46	28 691	5 239 520	437 149	140 556	577 705	5 817 225	303 176	5 514 049	-350 025	846 381	666 476	Jun		
46	28 794	5 295 961	444 453	159 701	604 154	5 900 114	213 097	5 687 018	-366 361	846 381	666 476	Jul		
46	29 778	5 344 015	435 638	167 545	603 183	5 947 199	273 355	5 673 844	-354 757	846 381	666 476	Aug		
46	30 731	5 386 080	390 218	171 544	561 762	5 947 842	214 657	5 733 184	-356 835	...	...	Sep		
46	29 583	5 438 582	391 405	171 410	562 815	6 001 398	218 691	5 782 707	-372 982	...	...	Oct		

KB406

6 Including the following debt and liabilities assumed by national government: former Transkei, Bophuthatswana, Venda and Ciskei (TBVC) states, self-governing territories and former regional authorities in terms of section 239 of the Interim Constitution of the Republic of South Africa Act 200 of 1993; the Republic of Namibia as contemplated in section 52C(1) of the Exchequer Act 66 of 1975, as amended; and the South African Housing Trust in terms of the Disestablishment of the South African Housing Trust Limited Act 26 of 2002. Including tax redemption certificates.

7 The foreign currency portion of cash balances included here is revalued at 14:30 foreign exchange rates as at end of each period.

8 The Gold and Foreign Exchange Contingency Reserve Account (GFECRA), as recorded in the South African Reserve Bank's balance sheet, is a contingent asset (-)/liability (+) of National Treasury. Since 2017, this account has been reported monthly as month-end amounts. Prior to this, month-end amounts were not available and the audited amount as at the end of the previous fiscal year was kept constant in the monthly time series for the subsequent fiscal year.

Ratios of selected national government debt data at face value

Percentage

Period	As a ratio of GDP				As a ratio of total gross loan debt	
	Gross domestic debt (4105R)	Gross foreign debt ¹ (4108R)	Total gross loan debt (4116K)	Total net loan debt (4117K)	Gross domestic debt (4105S)	Gross foreign debt ¹ (4108S)
Budget						
2024/25	66.4	7.7	74.1	72.9	89.6	10.4
2025/26	69.1	8.3	77.4	75.8	89.3	10.7
31 March						
2023	62.2	8.2	70.4	66.7	88.3	11.7
2024	65.6	8.3	73.9	71.2	88.7	11.3
2025	68.8	8.1	77.0	74.0	89.4	10.6
31 December						
2023	64.9	8.3	73.2	70.5	88.7	11.3
2024	68.7	8.4	77.1	73.4	89.1	10.9
2024: 02.....	66.7	7.7	74.4	71.9	89.6	10.4
03.....	67.8	7.1	74.9	72.6	90.5	9.5
04.....	68.7	8.4	77.1	73.4	89.1	10.9
2025: 01.....	68.8	8.1	77.0	74.0	89.4	10.6
02.....	70.4	7.8	78.1	74.0	90.1	9.9
03.....	71.4	7.5	78.9	76.1	90.6	9.4

KB456

1 Valued at 14:30 foreign exchange rates as at the end of each period.

Ownership distribution of domestic marketable debt¹

R millions

End of	National government								
	Treasury bills				Bonds				
					Short-term bonds ²				
					Monetary sector		Public Investment Corporation ⁶	Non-monetary private sector ⁷	Total short term
	Monetary authority ⁴	Banks	Other holders ⁵	Total	SARB and CPD	Banks			
	(4098M)	(4082M)	(4092M)	(4085M)	(4159M)	(4153M)	(4150M)	(4560M)	(4158M)
31 March									
2020	73	269 901	63 387	333 360	5 833	81 839	36	131 848	219 556
2021	73	264 601	191 297	455 971	4 966	113 381	71	156 773	275 192
2022	73	321 347	126 544	447 964	4 966	121 938	125	159 324	286 353
2023	73	352 526	69 872	422 471	3 980	122 297	135	225 258	351 670
2024	73	373 939	136 543	510 555	3 144	178 162	67	157 794	339 167
2025	73	390 333	159 081	549 486	4 270	269 006	81	203 947	477 304
31 December									
2019	73	287 658	69 928	357 659	2 017	55 268	16	58 523	115 823
2020	73	263 192	166 254	429 518	6 983	150 463	71	172 799	330 317
2021	73	301 507	146 175	447 754	9 340	131 254	71	100 157	240 822
2022	73	349 600	72 606	422 279	9 623	166 939	135	240 890	417 587
2023	73	400 206	116 906	517 184	5 556	170 970	137	193 245	369 908
2024	73	401 922	137 198	539 193	7 245	282 322	51	165 224	454 842
2023: May	73	370 015	65 289	435 376	1 423	133 730	135	217 828	353 116
Jun	73	381 662	60 188	441 923	3 416	131 995	135	219 862	355 409
Jul	73	387 631	59 326	447 030	4 888	127 973	135	223 304	356 301
Aug	73	389 828	71 157	461 057	4 205	136 187	139	216 204	356 735
Sep	73	386 723	88 021	474 816	3 505	134 888	139	217 804	356 336
Oct	73	397 011	90 715	487 798	3 475	132 238	139	209 169	345 021
Nov	73	396 372	109 357	505 801	4 638	142 047	139	189 611	336 435
Dec	73	400 206	116 906	517 184	5 556	170 970	137	193 245	369 908
2024: Jan	73	395 740	135 033	530 846	3 618	155 709	137	209 520	368 984
Feb	73	388 418	133 686	522 176	2 976	165 847	67	183 269	352 159
Mar	73	373 939	136 543	510 555	3 144	178 162	67	157 794	339 167
Apr	73	389 267	165 846	555 187	3 009	177 883	67	146 576	327 536
May	73	387 696	130 759	518 527	3 068	181 971	67	135 333	320 439
Jun	73	382 718	139 302	522 092	2 880	181 718	67	128 909	313 575
Jul	73	383 510	142 513	526 096	4 109	232 590	67	140 403	377 169
Aug	73	388 863	140 560	529 496	3 220	229 297	67	138 773	371 357
Sep	73	398 074	133 697	531 843	4 101	237 340	67	129 913	371 421
Oct	73	394 781	135 251	530 105	3 476	255 842	34	93 738	353 090
Nov	73	396 003	138 649	534 725	5 224	265 415	34	79 043	349 716
Dec	73	401 922	137 198	539 193	7 245	282 322	51	165 224	454 842
2025: Jan	73	384 606	152 819	537 498	5 224	264 696	51	128 089	398 060
Feb	73	386 795	158 097	544 964	4 270	270 148	51	122 860	397 330
Mar	73	390 333	159 081	549 486	4 270	269 006	81	203 947	477 304
Apr	73	386 057	169 057	555 187	4 676	273 266	81	198 284	476 307
May	73	385 117	172 196	557 385	5 197	261 861	81	207 010	474 149
Jun	73	381 035	181 784	562 892	5 433	255 697	61	206 747	467 938
Jul	73	380 277	189 554	569 903	4 270	255 326	61	203 099	462 755
Aug	73	367 586	205 000	572 658	4 340	240 495	61	212 869	457 766
Sep	73	373 502	203 138	576 713	4 340	228 930	61	218 281	451 612
Oct	73	363 101	217 274	580 448	4 408	238 401	30	202 560	445 399

KB431

1 Information based on outright ownership of Treasury bills and government bonds as reflected in the balance sheets of the respective institutions.

2 Outstanding maturity not exceeding three years.

3 Outstanding maturity exceeding three years.

4 Including South African Reserve Bank and Corporation for Public Deposits. Before 31 March 1984, the Corporation for Public Deposits was the National Finance Corporation.

5 Including the Public Investment Corporation. By mutual agreement these bills may not be sold to National Treasury.

6 Before 31 March 1984, the Public Debt Commissioners. Before 1 April 2005, the Public Investment Commissioners. Public Investment Commissioners' own funds only.

7 Including domestic bonds held by non-residents.

Ownership distribution of domestic marketable debt¹

R millions

National government												
Bonds												
Long-term bonds ³												
Monetary sector		Public Investment Corporation ⁶	Non-monetary private sector ⁷	Total long term								Total
SARB and CPD	Banks											
(4161M)	(4162M)	(4160M)	(4562M)	(4167M)	(4086M)	(4168M)	Total local government bonds (4095K)	Total financial public enterprises bonds (4096K)	Total non-financial public enterprises bonds (4097K)	Total public sector domestic marketable debt (4564K)	End of	
											31 March	
2 021	365 621	926	1 913 156	2 281 723	2 501 280	2 834 640	17 926	46 869	269 250	3 168 685	2020	
41 692	428 442	930	2 324 671	2 795 735	3 070 927	3 526 897	16 652	49 426	263 174	3 856 149	2021	
45 992	493 274	886	2 571 961	3 112 112	3 398 465	3 846 429	16 118	45 990	256 342	4 164 879	2022	
46 775	631 498	856	2 731 685	3 410 813	3 762 483	4 184 954	16 542	38 575	243 988	4 484 058	2023	
57 293	621 582	1 310	3 109 320	3 789 505	4 128 672	4 639 227	11 827	30 940	244 118	4 926 111	2024	
53 339	685 798	1 302	3 293 221	4 033 661	4 510 965	5 060 451	5 751	29 402	245 443	5 341 047	2025	
											31 December	
5 837	375 799	803	1 933 264	2 315 703	2 431 526	2 789 185	18 027	49 164	273 030	3 129 407	2019	
39 576	413 112	930	2 195 846	2 649 464	2 979 781	3 409 299	18 403	51 639	262 632	3 741 973	2020	
46 043	496 760	956	2 582 653	3 126 411	3 367 234	3 814 988	16 219	46 454	250 635	4 128 297	2021	
46 627	597 730	856	2 680 399	3 325 612	3 743 199	4 165 478	16 643	44 074	246 304	4 472 499	2022	
60 688	624 604	1 078	2 968 053	3 654 423	4 024 330	4 541 514	11 928	35 911	234 307	4 823 660	2023	
70 992	644 565	1 332	3 308 550	4 025 439	4 480 280	5 019 473	7 853	27 981	246 683	5 301 990	2024	
40 269	619 779	856	2 824 778	3 485 682	3 838 798	4 274 174	...	...	...	...	2023: May	
45 983	632 569	856	2 844 693	3 524 101	3 879 509	4 321 432	12 237	37 913	240 873	4 612 455	Jun	
48 245	644 156	931	2 864 588	3 557 919	3 914 219	4 361 250	...	...	...	...	Jul	
50 783	643 202	972	2 897 542	3 592 500	3 949 235	4 410 292	...	...	...	...	Aug	
58 818	653 466	1 002	2 912 744	3 626 031	3 982 366	4 457 183	12 135	35 588	240 784	4 745 690	Sep	
51 325	671 657	1 012	2 951 465	3 675 459	4 020 480	4 508 278	...	...	...	...	Oct	
48 146	698 690	1 032	2 995 086	3 742 954	4 079 389	4 585 190	...	...	...	...	Nov	
60 688	624 604	1 078	2 968 053	3 654 423	4 024 330	4 541 514	11 928	35 911	234 307	4 823 660	Dec	
65 426	591 910	1 104	3 030 691	3 689 131	4 058 114	4 588 960	...	...	...	...	2024: Jan	
50 427	614 295	1 276	3 074 784	3 740 781	4 092 940	4 615 116	...	...	...	...	Feb	
57 293	621 582	1 310	3 109 320	3 789 505	4 128 672	4 639 227	11 827	30 940	244 118	4 926 111	Mar	
51 888	634 155	1 310	3 152 121	3 839 473	4 167 009	4 722 195	...	...	...	...	Apr	
47 391	627 746	1 310	3 214 006	3 890 452	4 210 892	4 729 419	...	...	...	...	May	
57 242	658 056	1 310	3 223 017	3 939 625	4 253 199	4 775 291	8 162	27 223	242 697	5 053 373	Jun	
54 411	618 153	1 310	3 243 969	3 917 843	4 295 012	4 821 108	...	...	...	...	Jul	
47 831	640 371	1 310	3 271 973	3 961 485	4 332 842	4 862 338	...	...	...	...	Aug	
59 667	606 392	1 310	3 327 845	3 995 213	4 366 634	4 898 477	8 060	28 598	248 612	5 183 747	Sep	
55 479	638 878	1 349	3 362 904	4 058 610	4 411 700	4 941 805	...	...	...	...	Oct	
64 198	675 443	1 349	3 364 327	4 105 317	4 455 033	4 989 758	...	...	...	...	Nov	
70 992	644 565	1 332	3 308 550	4 025 439	4 480 280	5 019 473	7 853	27 981	246 683	5 301 990	Dec	
69 303	640 791	1 332	3 341 587	4 053 013	4 451 072	4 988 570	...	...	...	...	2025: Jan	
50 499	647 130	1 332	3 383 474	4 082 435	4 479 764	5 024 729	...	...	...	...	Feb	
53 339	685 798	1 302	3 293 221	4 033 661	4 510 965	5 060 451	5 751	29 402	245 443	5 341 047	Mar	
56 033	729 322	1 302	3 291 009	4 077 667	4 553 974	5 109 160	...	...	...	...	Apr	
53 297	746 294	1 302	3 329 319	4 130 212	4 604 361	5 161 746	...	...	...	...	May	
66 581	755 051	1 352	3 357 016	4 179 999	4 647 937	5 210 829	5 544	29 782	250 423	5 496 578	Jun	
64 485	785 901	1 242	3 382 880	4 234 509	4 697 264	5 267 167	...	...	...	...	Jul	
64 124	777 490	1 242	3 440 958	4 283 813	4 741 579	5 314 237	...	...	...	...	Aug	
64 124	803 970	1 317	3 457 614	4 327 025	4 778 637	5 355 349	5 443	27 809	249 390	5 637 992	Sep	
58 374	825 378	1 348	3 498 052	4 383 152	4 828 551	5 408 999	...	...	...	...	Oct	

KB432

1 Information based on outright ownership of Treasury bills and government bonds as reflected in the balance sheets of the respective institutions.

2 Outstanding maturity not exceeding three years.

3 Outstanding maturity exceeding three years.

4 Including South African Reserve Bank and Corporation for Public Deposits. Before 31 March 1984, the Corporation for Public Deposits was the National Finance Corporation.

5 Including the Public Investment Corporation. By mutual agreement these bills may not be sold to National Treasury.

6 Before 31 March 1984, the Public Debt Commissioners. Before 1 April 2005, the Public Investment Commissioners. Public Investment Commissioners' own funds only.

7 Including domestic bonds held by non-residents.

Redemption schedule of domestic marketable bonds of national government

R millions

Bond	Coupon rate	Redemption date	Amount outstanding as at 31 October 2025			Bond	Coupon rate	Redemption date	Amount outstanding as at 31 October 2025			
			Held by		Total ²				Held by		Total ²	
			SARB ¹	Other parties					SARB ¹	Other parties		
R186	10.500	2025-12-21	1 440.6	95 304.3	96 744.9	I2038*	2.250	2038-01-31	54.6	191 595.1	191 649.7	
		2025/26	1 440.6	95 304.3	96 744.9	R2038	10.875	2038-03-31	-	50 378.9	50 378.9	
								2037/38	54.6	241 974.0	242 028.6	
R186	10.500	2026-12-21	1 440.6	95 304.3	96 744.9	R2039	9.875	2039-03-31	-	7 627.0	7 627.0	
		2026/27	1 440.6	95 304.3	96 744.9				2038/39	-	7 627.0	7 627.0
RN2027	6.367	2027-07-11	-	71 075.0	71 075.0	R2040	9.000	2040-01-31	6 190.0	309 550.8	315 740.8	
R186	10.500	2027-12-21	1 440.6	95 304.3	96 744.9				2039/40	6 190.0	309 550.8	315 740.8
R210*	2.600	2028-03-31	86.5	84 003.1	84 089.6							
		2027/28	1 527.1	250 382.4	251 909.5	R214	6.500	2041-02-28	5 600.0	87 781.9	93 381.9	
I2029*	1.875	2029-03-31	-	124 032.1	124 032.1			2040/41	5 600.0	87 781.9	93 381.9	
RS2029	9.870	2029-03-31	-	7 490.0	7 490.0	R2042	10.125	2042-03-31	-	7 029.2	7 029.2	
		2028/29	-	131 522.1	131 522.1				2041/42	-	7 029.2	7 029.2
R2030	8.000	2030-01-31	2 893.0	339 670.1	342 563.1	I2043*	5.125	2043-01-31	8.8	14 738.2	14 738.2	
		2029/30	2 893.0	339 670.1	342 563.1	R2044	8.750	2043-01-31	2 933.3	99 116.0	102 049.3	
								2042/43	2 942.1	113 854.1	116 787.5	
RN2030	8.918	2030-09-17	-	112 440.0	112 440.0	R2044	8.750	2044-01-31	2 933.3	99 116.0	102 049.3	
I2031*	4.250	2031-01-31	-	13 585.2	13 585.2				2043/44	2 933.3	99 116.0	102 049.3
R213	7.000	2031-02-28	4 490.0	213 687.2	218 177.2							
RS2031	10.640	2031-03-31	-	8 866.0	8 866.0	R2044	8.750	2045-01-31	2 933.3	99 116.0	102 049.3	
		2030/31	4 490.0	348 578.4	353 068.4			2044/45	2 933.3	99 116.0	102 049.3	
R2032	8.250	2032-03-31	6 436.0	343 121.5	349 557.5	I2046*	2.500	2046-03-31	-	204 993.5	204 993.5	
RN2032	8.752	2032-03-31	-	50 860.0	50 860.0			2045/46	-	204 993.5	204 993.5	
		2031/32	6 436.0	393 981.5	400 417.5	R2048	8.750	2047-02-28	3 163.3	146 965.5	150 128.9	
									2046/47	3 163.3	146 965.5	150 128.9
I2033*	1.875	2033-02-28	59.0	158 243.1	158 302.1	R2048	8.750	2048-02-28	3 163.3	146 965.5	150 128.9	
R2033	10.000	2033-03-31	-	48 333.4	48 333.4				2047/48	3 163.3	146 965.5	150 128.9
		2032/33	59.0	206 576.5	206 635.5							
R202*	3.450	2033-12-07	-	116 197.6	116 197.6	R2048	8.750	2049-02-28	3 163.3	146 965.5	150 128.9	
RS2034	11.580	2034-03-31	-	2 479.0	2 479.0				2048/49	3 163.3	146 965.5	150 128.9
		2033/34	-	118 676.6	118 676.6							
R2035	8.875	2035-02-28	2 000.0	367 467.7	369 467.7	I2050*	2.500	2050-12-31	118.9	235 606.3	235 606.3	
		2034/35	2 000.0	367 467.7	369 467.7			2050/51	118.9	235 606.3	235 606.3	
						R2053	11.625	2053-03-31	-	91 662.9	91 662.9	
RN2035	7.025	2025-08-11	-	19 110.0	19 110.0				2052/53	-	91 662.9	91 662.9
R209	6.250	2036-03-31	5 975.0	98 287.6	104 262.6							
RS2036	11.900	2036-03-31	-	1 551.0	1 551.0							
		2035/36	5 975.0	118 948.6	124 923.6	I2058*	5.125	2058-01-31	45.6	11 442.6	11 442.6	
								2057/58	45.6	11 442.6	11 442.6	
R2037	8.500	2037-01-31	6 213.0	348 878.7	355 091.7	sundry ³	variable	perpetual	-	0.1	0.1	
		2036/37	6 213.0	348 878.7	355 091.7				perpetual	-	0.1	0.1

KB412

* Inflation-linked bonds.

1 Including outright ownership and bonds acquired under repurchase agreements.

2 Amount includes revaluation for inflation-linked bonds.

3 A sundry bond is a bond that has no maturity date. The rate payable on the bond may be floating or fixed, and the rate is paid in perpetuity.

Interest payment schedule of domestic marketable bonds of national government as at 31 October 2025 for the coming 12 months

R millions

Bond	Coupon rate	Capital outstanding ¹	Interest date	Interest amount	Interest date	Interest amount	Bond	Coupon rate	Capital outstanding ¹	Interest date	Interest amount	Interest date	Interest amount
RN2027	8.575	71 075.0	11 Oct	1 536.2	11 Apr	1 536.2	I2033*	1.875	96 801.3	28 Feb	1 484.1	31 Aug	1 484.1
R002	5.000	0.1	15 Oct	0	15 Apr	0	R2035	8.875	369 467.7	28 Feb	16 395.1	31 Aug	16 395.1
							R2048	8.750	450 386.6	28 Feb	19 704.4	31 Aug	19 704.4
R202*	3.450	37 941.2	07 Dec	2 004.4	07 Jun	2 004.4							
RN2030	8.518	112 440.0	17 Dec	2 414.1	17 Jun	2 414.1	RN2030	8.518	112 440.0	17 Mar	2 414.1	17 Sep	2 414.1
R186	10.500	290 234.8	21 Dec	15 237.3	21 Jun	15 237.3	R210*	2.600	31 907.8	31 Mar	1 093.2	30 Sep	1 093.2
I2050*	2.500	122 934.3	31 Dec	2 945.3	30 Jun	2 945.3	I2029*	1.875	80 846.3	31 Mar	1 162.8	30 Sep	1 162.8
RN2032	8.752	50 860.0	31 Dec	1 109.8	30 Jun	1 109.8	RS2029	9.870	7 490.0	31 Mar	369.6	30 Sep	369.6
RN2035	7.025	19 110.0	31 Dec	338.4	30 Jun	338.4	RS2031	10.640	8 866.0	31 Mar	471.7	30 Sep	471.7
							RS2034	11.580	2 479.0	31 Mar	143.5	30 Sep	143.5
R001	4.500	0.0	01 Jan	0.0	01 Jul	0.0	RS2036	11.900	1 551.0	31 Mar	92.3	30 Sep	92.3
RN2027	8.575	71 075.0	11 Jan	1 536.2	11 Jul	1 536.2	R209	6.250	104 262.6	31 Mar	3 258.2	30 Sep	3 258.2
R2030	8.000	342 563.1	31 Jan	13 702.5	31 Jul	13 702.5	I2046*	2.500	113 380.7	31 Mar	2 562.4	30 Sep	2 562.4
I2031*	4.250	12 145.0	31 Jan	288.7	31 Jul	288.7	R2032	8.250	349 557.5	31 Mar	14 419.2	30 Sep	14 419.2
R2037	8.500	355 091.7	31 Jan	15 091.4	31 Jul	15 091.4	R2033	10.000	48 333.4	31 Mar	2 416.7	30 Sep	2 416.7
I2038*	2.250	99 906.8	31 Jan	2 156.1	31 Jul	2 156.1	R2038	10.875	50 378.9	31 Mar	2 739.4	30 Sep	2 739.4
R2040	9.000	315 740.8	31 Jan	14 208.3	31 Jul	14 208.3	R2039	9.875	7 627.0	31 Mar	376.6	30 Sep	376.6
I2043*	5.125	13 487.9	31 Jan	377.7	31 Jul	377.7	R2042	10.125	7 029.2	31 Mar	376.6	30 Sep	376.6
R2044	8.750	306 147.9	31 Jan	13 394.0	31 Jul	13 394.0	R2053	11.625	91 662.9	31 Mar	5 327.9	30 Sep	5 327.9
I2058*	5.125	10 471.9	31 Jan	293.2	31 Jul	293.2	RN2032	8.752	50 860.0	31 Mar	1 109.8	30 Sep	1 109.8
							RN2035	7.025	19 110.0	31 Mar	338.4	30 Sep	338.4
R213	7.000	218 177.2	28 Feb	7 636.2	31 Aug	7 636.2							
R214	6.500	93 381.9	28 Feb	3 034.9	31 Aug	3 034.9							

R millions

Monthly interest payments		Monthly interest payments	
October 2025	1 536.3	April 2026	1 536.3
November 2025	...	May 2026	...
December 2025	24 049.2	June 2026	24 049.2
January 2026	61 048.0	July 2026	61 048.0
February 2026	48 254.7	August 2026	48 254.7
March 2026	36 842.0	September 2026	36 842.0

KB411

* Inflation-linked bonds.
1 Total nominal value outstanding (before revaluation for inflation-linked bonds) as at 31 October 2025.

Marketable bonds of national government by unexpired maturity

R millions

End of	Domestic						Foreign ¹				
	Maturity intervals					Average maturity (months)	Maturity intervals				Average maturity (months)
	Not exceeding 1 year	Exceeding 1 but not more than 3 years	Exceeding 3 but not more than 10 years	Exceeding 10 years	Total		Not exceeding 1 year	Exceeding 1 but not more than 3 years	Exceeding 3 years	Total	
	(4140M)	(4141M)	(4142M)	(4143M)	(4086M)		(4145M)	(4146M)	(4147M)	(4106M)	
31 March											
2020	48 965	170 591	697 435	1 584 288	2 501 280	176	13 885	22 831	349 720	386 436	168
2021	55 090	220 102	957 385	1 838 350	3 070 927	166	4 009	36 993	267 633	308 636	162
2022	75 907	210 446	1 210 856	1 901 257	3 398 465	162	14 579	21 869	263 228	299 676	152
2023	109 151	242 519	1 346 122	2 064 691	3 762 483	153	26 665	35 553	338 532	400 750	159
2024	100 588	238 580	1 522 005	2 267 500	4 128 672	150	-	72 138	328 385	400 522	158
2025	108 268	369 035	1 792 952	2 240 709	4 510 965	144	36 738	51 267	362 786	450 791	158
31 December											
2019	15 885	99 939	608 517	1 707 186	2 431 526	177	33 595	17 899	274 350	325 844	159
2020	48 965	281 352	796 678	1 852 786	2 979 781	166	4 270	14 686	288 050	307 006	164
2021	57 577	183 245	1 039 171	2 087 241	3 367 234	162	15 901	23 851	287 271	327 023	155
2022	176 253	241 334	1 224 048	2 101 564	3 743 199	153	-	59 477	323 439	382 917	163
2023	-	369 908	1 473 525	2 180 897	4 024 330	151	27 782	70 429	319 490	417 701	150
2024	164 310	290 532	1 493 098	2 532 341	4 480 280	145	37 488	51 941	370 193	459 622	162
2023: May	109 851	243 265	1 390 200	2 095 482	3 838 798	151	29 696	64 342	352 079	446 117	158
Jun	110 960	244 449	1 401 422	2 122 679	3 879 509	150	28 435	61 610	337 298	427 343	156
Jul	111 391	244 909	1 415 455	2 142 464	3 914 219	150	26 608	67 435	305 995	400 038	155
Aug	111 602	245 134	1 428 719	2 163 781	3 949 235	149	28 175	71 253	324 015	423 442	154
Sep	111 805	244 531	1 427 490	2 198 541	3 982 366	149	28 285	71 273	325 278	424 836	154
Oct	99 432	245 589	1 446 559	2 228 900	4 020 480	148	28 091	70 837	323 048	421 976	153
Nov	90 495	245 939	1 481 711	2 261 243	4 079 389	148	28 289	71 590	325 322	425 201	151
Dec	-	369 908	1 473 525	2 180 897	4 024 330	151	27 782	70 429	319 490	417 701	150
2024: Jan	122 524	246 460	1 480 688	2 208 442	4 058 114	150	-	71 101	323 465	394 566	160
Feb	110 193	241 967	1 505 235	2 235 546	4 092 940	150	-	73 035	332 287	405 321	159
Mar	100 588	238 580	1 522 005	2 267 500	4 128 672	150	-	72 138	328 385	400 522	158
Apr	89 846	237 690	1 533 509	2 305 964	4 167 009	150	-	70 932	323 200	394 132	157
May	84 429	236 010	1 551 223	2 339 229	4 210 892	149	-	70 923	322 580	393 503	156
Jun	80 161	233 413	1 569 802	2 369 822	4 253 199	149	-	68 893	313 965	382 858	155
Jul	74 124	303 045	1 518 181	2 399 662	4 295 012	148	-	69 147	314 606	383 754	154
Aug	71 645	299 712	1 531 287	2 430 198	4 332 842	148	-	67 062	304 097	371 159	153
Sep	71 709	299 712	1 542 719	2 452 494	4 366 634	147	34 368	48 284	279 238	361 889	152
Oct	58 505	294 585	1 566 235	2 492 375	4 411 700	147	35 271	49 268	286 579	371 117	151
Nov	56 428	293 288	1 586 903	2 518 414	4 455 033	146	36 120	50 163	356 682	442 964	163
Dec	164 310	290 532	1 493 098	2 532 341	4 480 280	145	37 488	51 941	370 193	459 622	162
2025: Jan	108 995	289 065	1 500 587	2 552 426	4 451 072	146	37 268	51 601	368 022	456 892	161
Feb	108 752	288 578	1 860 601	2 221 834	4 479 764	145	36 933	51 157	364 715	452 806	160
Mar	108 268	369 035	1 792 952	2 240 709	4 510 965	144	36 738	51 267	362 786	450 791	158
Apr	107 857	368 450	1 817 627	2 260 039	4 553 974	143	60 352	29 129	366 754	456 234	157
May	106 898	367 251	1 843 985	2 286 227	4 604 361	143	58 144	28 031	353 335	439 510	156
Jun	104 715	363 223	1 867 378	2 312 621	4 647 937	142	57 786	28 200	351 163	437 149	155
Jul	102 905	359 850	1 894 851	2 339 658	4 697 264	141	69 139	18 087	357 226	444 453	154
Aug	101 187	356 579	1 904 331	2 379 482	4 741 579	141	67 926	17 721	349 991	435 638	153
Sep	99 055	352 557	1 923 924	2 403 101	4 778 637	140	31 739	17 276	341 203	390 218	166
Oct	96 745	348 654	1 941 461	2 441 691	4 828 551	140	31 689	52 007	307 709	391 405	165

KB408

1 Valued at 14:30 foreign exchange rates as at the end of each period.

Currency denomination of national government foreign debt

R millions

End of	Marketable foreign debt				Non-marketable foreign debt							Total foreign debt
	US dollar	Euro ¹	Japanese yen	Total ²	US dollar	British pound	Euro	Japanese yen	XDR ³	Other ⁴	Total	
	(4440M)	(4443M)	(4444M)	(4446M)	(4447M)	(4452M)	(4453M)	(4454M)	(4455M)	(4449M)	(4450M)	(4451M)
31 March												
2020	366 764	9 792	9 879	386 436	219	25	113	23	-	408	789	387 225
2021	295 947	8 680	4 009	308 636	14 797	-	-	6	63 987	5 008	83 798	392 434
2022	291 587	8 089	-	299 676	45 925	-	-	-	61 495	5 008	112 429	412 104
2023	391 084	9 666	-	400 750	57 774	-	19 160	-	72 965	5 008	154 907	555 657
2024	390 254	10 268	-	400 522	96 136	-	30 622	-	57 654	6 689	191 101	591 623
2025	440 854	9 937	-	450 791	92 403	-	33 744	-	18 575	6 390	151 111	601 902
31 December												
2019	310 233	7 864	7 747	325 844	172	21	91	18	-	347	649	326 493
2020	293 719	9 017	4 270	307 006	14 686	-	-	7	64 538	5 008	84 239	391 245
2021	318 013	9 010	-	327 023	38 162	-	-	-	67 902	5 008	111 072	438 095
2022	373 858	9 058	-	382 917	55 229	-	12 522	-	69 036	5 008	141 795	524 711
2023	407 465	10 235	-	417 701	75 011	-	20 290	-	66 363	5 008	166 671	584 372
2024	449 855	9 767	-	459 622	94 657	-	29 260	-	27 969	6 496	158 382	618 003
2023: May	435 543	10 574	-	446 117	64 342	-	20 962	-	80 393	5 008	170 704	616 821
Jun	417 050	10 293	-	427 343	71 088	-	20 404	-	76 933	5 008	173 433	600 776
Jul	390 255	9 783	-	400 038	66 521	-	19 394	-	72 692	5 008	163 615	563 653
Aug	413 236	10 206	-	423 442	70 438	-	20 233	-	76 233	5 008	171 912	595 354
Sep	414 847	9 988	-	424 836	70 713	-	19 800	-	75 658	5 008	171 179	596 015
Oct	412 003	9 973	-	421 976	70 228	-	19 770	-	65 583	5 008	160 589	582 565
Nov	414 904	10 298	-	425 201	70 722	-	20 413	-	67 142	5 008	163 285	588 487
Dec	407 465	10 235	-	417 701	75 011	-	20 290	-	66 363	5 008	166 671	584 372
2024: Jan	384 408	10 158	-	394 566	94 696	-	20 137	-	57 077	5 008	176 918	571 484
Feb	394 892	10 430	-	405 321	97 278	-	31 106	-	58 521	5 008	191 913	597 234
Mar	390 254	10 268	-	400 522	96 136	-	30 622	-	57 654	6 689	191 101	591 623
Apr	384 093	10 039	-	394 132	94 618	-	29 941	-	47 090	6 650	178 299	572 431
May	383 356	10 147	-	393 503	94 437	-	30 261	-	47 199	6 653	178 550	572 053
Jun	373 117	9 740	-	382 858	91 914	-	29 179	-	45 654	6 602	173 350	556 208
Jul	373 880	9 874	-	383 754	92 102	-	29 579	-	36 962	6 591	165 234	548 987
Aug	361 390	9 769	-	371 159	89 025	-	29 264	-	36 216	6 578	161 084	532 243
Sep	352 269	9 620	-	361 889	86 778	-	28 819	-	35 522	6 457	157 577	519 466
Oct	361 530	9 588	-	371 117	89 060	-	28 722	-	26 830	6 453	151 065	522 183
Nov	433 436	9 528	-	442 964	91 202	-	28 543	-	27 151	6 477	153 374	596 338
Dec	449 855	9 767	-	459 622	94 657	-	29 260	-	27 969	6 496	158 382	618 003
2025: Jan	447 217	9 674	-	456 892	94 102	-	28 982	-	18 533	6 476	148 092	604 984
Feb	443 198	9 607	-	452 806	93 256	-	28 781	-	18 498	6 467	147 002	599 807
Mar	440 854	9 937	-	450 791	92 403	-	33 744	-	18 575	6 390	151 111	601 902
Apr	445 675	10 559	-	456 234	93 413	-	35 857	-	9 605	6 458	145 333	601 567
May	429 370	10 140	-	439 510	89 996	-	34 434	-	9 257	6 407	140 094	579 604
Jun	426 730	10 420	-	437 149	89 442	-	35 383	-	9 318	6 413	140 556	577 705
Jul	434 098	10 355	-	444 453	118 118	-	35 163	-	-	6 420	159 701	604 154
Aug	425 305	10 333	-	435 638	115 725	-	45 420	-	-	6 400	167 545	603 183
Sep	380 074	10 144	-	390 218	120 681	-	44 589	-	-	6 274	171 544	561 762
Oct	381 385	10 020	-	391 405	121 097	-	44 044	-	-	6 269	171 410	562 815

KB424

1 Including bonds issued in other European currencies until March 1999. As from 1 January 2002, outstanding German mark bonds were converted into euro bonds.

Including Swiss franc, Special Drawing Rights and Austrian schilling.

2 Includes British pound sterling until January 2006.

3 The currency code for the International Monetary Fund Special Drawing Rights is XDR.

4 Including German mark, Swiss franc, Austrian schilling, Canadian dollar and Swedish krona. Including South African rand as from 1 October 2020.

Redemption schedule of foreign debt of national government as at 31 October 2025

Millions

Description	Coupon rate	Redemption date	Capital repayment
Fiscal 2025/26	9.844 3.486 Various	2025-12-15 2026-03-15 Various	R166.939 CAD5.385 \$115.133
Fiscal 2026/27	Various 3.486 9.844 Various	Various Various Various Various	\$1 480.268 CAD10.734 R333.878 €559.788
Fiscal 2027/28	Various 3.486 9.844 Various	Various Various Various Various	\$1 230.266 CAD10.734 R333.878 €114.850
Fiscal 2028/29	Various 3.486 9.844 Various	Various Various Various Various	\$2 435.204 CAD10.735 R333.878 €182.147
Fiscal 2029/30	Various 3.486 9.844 Various	Various Various Various Various	\$2 485.204 CAD10.735 R333.878 €182.147
Fiscal 2030/31	Various 3.486 9.844 Various	Various Various Various Various	\$1 885.204 CAD10.735 R333.878 €182.147
Fiscal 2031/32	Various 3.486 9.844 Various	Various Various Various Various	\$485.20 CAD10.735 R333.878 €182.147
Fiscal 2032/33	Various 3.486 9.844 Various	Various Various Various Various	\$1 885.204 CAD10.735 R333.878 €182.147
Fiscal 2033/34	Various 3.486 9.844 Various	Various Various Various Various	\$485.204 CAD10.737 R333.878 €182.147
Fiscal 2034/35	Various 9.844 Various	Various Various Various	\$485.204 R333.878 €182.147
Fiscal 2035/36	Various 9.844 Various	Various Various Various	\$432.704 R333.878 €182.147
Fiscal 2036/37	Various 9.844 Various	Various Various Various	\$2 380.204 R333.878 €142.36
Fiscal 2037/38	Various 9.844 Various	Various Various Various	\$380.204 R333.878 €142.359
Fiscal 2038/39	Various 9.844 Various	Various Various Various	\$330.204 R333.878 €118.549
Fiscal 2039/40	Various 9.844 Various	Various Various Various	\$280.204 R333.878 €54.739
Fiscal 2040/41	9.844 Various Various	2040-06-15 Various Various	R166.939 \$990.651 €39.355
Fiscal 2041/42	Various Various	Various Various	\$125.266 \$39.355
Fiscal 2042/43	Various Various	Various Various	\$125.266 €29.355
Fiscal 2043/44	Various	Various	\$125.266
Fiscal 2044/45	Various	Various	\$1 125.266
Fiscal 2045/46	Various	Various	\$125.266
Fiscal 2046/47	Various	Various	\$1 101.457
Fiscal 2047/48	Various	Various	\$1 577.647
Fiscal 2048/49	Various	Various	\$677.647
Fiscal 2049/50	Various	Various	\$3 077.647
Fiscal 2050/51	6.028	Various	\$39.216
Fiscal 2052/53	7.300	2052-04-20	\$1 600.000
Fiscal 2054/55	7.950	2054-11-19	\$1 500.000

KB429

Interest payment schedule of foreign debt of national government as at 31 October 2025 for the coming 12 months

Millions

Description	Coupon rate ¹	Capital outstanding ²	Interest date	Interest amount
RSA 5.000% \$1 billion Notes	5.000	\$1 000.000	14 October	\$25.000
RSA 4.875% \$1.25 billion Notes	4.875	\$1 250.000	14 October	\$30.469
RSA 4.300% \$2 billion Notes	4.300	\$2 000.000	14 October	\$43.000
RSA 5.875% \$1.4 billion Notes	5.875	\$1 400.000	20 October	\$41.125
RSA 7.300% \$1.6 billion Notes	7.300	\$1 600.000	20 October	\$58.400
AFD Climate Change and Just Transition Loan 0.250% EUR300 million	4.900	€300.000	17 November	€7.595
COVID19 Emergency Response Project Loan (Tranche 1 - 3)	2.760	€397.881	17 November	€5.613
KFW Climate Change and Just Transition Loan 3.522% EUR300 million	2.821	€300.000	17 November	€4.373
RSA 7.950% \$1.5 billion Notes	7.950	\$1 500.000	19 November	\$59.625
RSA 7.100% \$2.0 billion Notes	7.100	\$2 000.000	19 November	\$71.000
COVID-19 Response Support Programme Loan 4.445% R5.0 billion	9.844	R5 008.164	15 December	R250.621
World Bank Development Policy Loan 0.750% \$750 million	5.410	\$750.000	15 December	\$20.625
RSA 5.875% \$1.4 billion Notes	5.875	\$1 400.000	22 December	\$41.125
RSA 6.300% \$600 million Notes	6.300	\$600.000	22 December	\$18.900
RSA 5.375% \$1.0 billion Notes	5.375	\$1 000.000	24 January	\$26.875
AFD Budget Support on the Social Dimensions of the Just Energy Transition	4.035	€200.000	01 March	€4.002
RSA 6.250% \$750 million Notes	6.250	\$750.000	08 March	\$23.438
AFDB - Energy Governance Programme Loan	5.503	\$300.000	15 March	\$8.301
Canada Just Energy Transition program Loan	3.486	CAD102.000	15 March	CAD1.788
AFD Infrastructure Governance and Green Growth Programme	5.630	\$474.640	15 March	\$13.435
World Bank Infrastructure Modernization for South Africa Development Policy Loan	5.820	\$1500.000	15 March	\$54.533
KFW - Policy Reform Loan Just Energy Transition	4.400	€500.000	15 March	€11.061
NDB - Economic Recovery Loan 6 Month Libor plus 1.25% \$1 billion	6.028	\$1 000.000	15 March	\$30.309
NDB - SANRAL Sustainability Loan Tranche A - C \$1 billion	5.828	\$1 000.000	15 March	\$29.302
COVID-19 Special Programme Loan	6.028	\$960.784	15 March	\$29.120
KFW - Policy Reform Loan III to support the just Energy Transition	4.310	€500.000	15 March	€11.912
World Bank - Sustainable and Low-Carbon Energy	4.740	\$1 000.000	15 March	\$23.832
RSA 4.850% \$1.0 billion Notes	4.850	\$1 000.000	27 March	\$24.250
RSA 5.650% \$1.5 billion Notes	5.650	\$1 500.000	27 March	\$42.375
RSA 5.750% \$3.0 billion Notes	5.750	\$3 000.000	30 March	\$86.250
RSA 4.850% \$2.0 billion Notes	4.850	\$2 000.000	30 March	\$48.500
RSA 5.000% \$1.0 billion Notes	5.000	\$1 000.000	12 April	\$25.000
RSA 4.300% \$2.0 billion Notes	4.300	\$2 000.000	12 April	\$43.000
RSA 4.875% \$1.25 billion Notes	4.875	\$1 250.000	14 April	\$30.469
RSA 5.875% \$1.4 billion Notes	5.875	\$1 400.000	20 April	\$41.125
RSA 7.300% \$1.6 billion Notes	7.300	\$1 600.000	20 April	\$58.400
AFD Climate Change and Just Transition Loan 0.250% EUR300 million	4.900	€300.000	15 May	€7.391
COVID19 Emergency Response Project Loan (Tranche 1 - 3)	2.760	€397.881	15 May	€5.521
KFW Climate Change and Just Transition Loan 3.522% EUR300 million	2.821	€300.000	15 May	€4.255
RSA 7.950% \$1.5 billion Notes	7.950	\$1 500.000	19 May	\$59.625
RSA 7.100% \$2.0 billion Notes	7.100	\$2 000.000	19 May	\$71.000
COVID-19 Response Support Programme Loan R5.0 billion	9.844	R4 841.225	15 June	R240.943
World Bank Development Policy Loan 0.750% \$750 million	5.410	\$712.500	15 June	\$19.486
RSA 5.875% \$1.4 billion Notes	5.875	\$1 400.000	22 June	\$41.125
RSA 6.300% \$600 million Notes	6.300	\$600.000	22 June	\$18.900
RSA 5.375% \$1.0 billion Notes	5.375	\$1 000.000	24 July	\$26.875
RSA 3.750% €500 million Notes	3.750	€500.000	24 July	€18.750
AFD Budget Support on the Social Dimensions of the Just Energy Transition	4.035	€200.000	01 September	€4.068
RSA 6.250% \$750 million Notes	6.250	\$750.000	08 September	\$23.438
AFDB - Energy Governance Programme	5.503	\$285.000	15 September	\$8.017
Canada Just Energy Transition program	3.486	CAD96.615	15 September	CAD1.721
AFD Infrastructure Governance and Green Growth Programme	5.630	\$474.640	15 September	\$13.658
World Bank Infrastructure Modernization for South Africa Development Policy Loan	3.720	\$1 500.000	15 September	\$28.129
KFW - Policy Reform Loan Just Energy Transition	4.400	€500.000	15 September	€11.244
NDB - Economic Recovery Loan 6 Month Libor plus 1.25% \$1 billion	6.028	\$980.392	15 September	\$30.207
NDB - SANRAL Sustainability Loan Tranche A - C \$1 billion	5.828	\$976.190	15 September	\$29.079
COVID-19 Special Programme Loan	6.028	\$941.569	15 September	\$29.011
KFW - Policy Reform Loan III to support the just Energy Transition	4.310	€500.000	15 September	€11.014
World Bank - Sustainable and Low-Carbon Energy Loan	4.740	\$1 000.000	15 September	\$24.227
RSA 4.850% \$1 billion Notes	4.850	\$1 000.000	27 September	\$24.250
RSA 5.650% \$1.5 billion Notes	5.650	\$1 500.000	27 September	\$42.375
RSA 5.750% \$3.0 billion Notes	5.750	\$3 000.000	30 September	\$86.250
RSA 4.850% \$2.0 billion Notes	4.850	\$2 000.000	30 September	\$48.500

KB428

¹ Coupon rates on floating-rate bonds may fluctuate over time.² Total nominal value outstanding as at 31 October 2025.

Interest payment schedule of foreign debt of national government as at 31 October 2025 for the coming 12 months (continued)

Millions

Monthly interest payments ¹		Monthly interest payments ¹	
October 2025	\$197.994	April 2026	\$197.994
November 2025	€17.581	May 2026	€17.167
	\$130.625		\$130.625
December 2025	R250.621	June 2026	R240.943
	\$80.650		\$79.511
January 2026	\$26.875	July 2026	\$26.875
			€18.750
February 2026	...	August 2026	...
March 2026	\$413.645	September 2026	€387.141
	€26.975		€26.326
	CAD1.788		CAD1.721

KB428

¹ Total nominal value outstanding in currency of denomination as at 31 October 2025.

Ownership distribution of domestic marketable bonds of local governments¹

R millions

End of	Monetary sector (4460K)	Private non-banking sector						Public sector			Total (4095K)
		Insurers (4461K)	Self-administered pension funds (4462K)	Other financial institutions ² (4463K)	Other companies ³ (4464K)	Household sector (4465K)	Non-residents ⁴ (4466K)	Public Investment Corporation ⁵ (4467K)	Local governments and public enterprises ⁶ (4468K)	Internal funds ⁷ (4469K)	
31 March											
2023	1 456	1 994	2 929	5 203	-	0	1 177	177	3 604	-	16 542
2024	393	1 927	1 722	5 217	-	0	1 060	163	1 345	-	11 827
2025	112	800	496	1 767	-	0	903	2	1 672	-	5 751
2023: 04.....	437	1 962	1 731	3 832	-	0	1 082	163	2 721	-	11 928
2024: 01.....	393	1 927	1 722	5 217	-	0	1 060	163	1 345	-	11 827
02.....	112	1 169	1 012	2 732	-	-	1 012	146	1 979	-	8 162
03.....	112	1 135	931	2 779	-	-	985	140	1 978	-	8 060
04.....	112	1 067	940	2 715	-	-	944	138	1 936	-	7 853
2025: 01.....	112	800	496	1 767	-	-	903	2	1 672	-	5 751
02.....	112	765	488	1 683	-	-	865	2	1 629	-	5 544
03.....	112	746	478	1 633	-	-	843	2	1 629	-	5 443

KB436

¹ Including metropolitan, district and local municipalities. Before January 1990, including water boards. Data provided by Share Transactions Totally Electronic Limited (Strate) as from 1 March 2010.

² Including unit trusts and finance companies.

³ Including nominee companies.

⁴ Excluding nominee companies.

⁵ Before 1 April 2005, the Public Investment Commissioners. Including small amounts in respect of social security funds and the national government.

⁶ Including asset acquisition against bonds issued.

⁷ Own securities held by redemption and other internal funds.

Ownership distribution of domestic marketable bonds of non-financial public enterprises, corporations and extra-budgetary institutions¹

R millions

End of	Monetary sector		Private non-banking sector						Public sector			Total
	SARB and CPD	Other ²	Insurers	Self-administered pension funds	Other financial institutions ³	Other companies ⁴	Household sector	Non-residents ⁵	Public Investment Corporation ⁶	Local authorities and public enterprises ⁷	Internal funds ⁸	
	(4480K)	(4481K)	(4482K)	(4483K)	(4484K)	(4485K)	(4486K)	(4487K)	(4488K)	(4489K)	(4490K)	
31 March												
2023	-	6 369	27 672	128 384	50 279	-	118	12 807	12 906	5 453	-	243 988
2024	-	14 601	31 629	116 612	52 939	353	127	12 173	12 228	3 456	-	244 118
2025	-	23 562	30 650	115 095	52 392	370	129	8 663	12 130	2 453	-	245 443
2023: 04.....	-	5 960	29 080	121 143	48 192	352	112	12 674	12 188	4 606	-	234 307
2024: 01.....	-	14 601	31 629	116 612	52 939	353	127	12 173	12 228	3 456	-	244 118
02.....	-	15 247	31 475	116 306	51 455	353	125	11 905	12 258	3 573	-	242 697
03.....	-	20 733	32 991	116 490	51 407	358	125	10 688	12 302	3 516	-	248 612
04.....	-	20 788	31 941	115 388	51 643	358	129	10 076	12 266	4 095	-	246 683
2025: 01.....	-	23 562	30 650	115 095	52 392	370	129	8 663	12 130	2 453	-	245 443
02.....	-	22 755	31 919	115 853	50 549	358	129	8 602	17 170	3 087	-	250 423
03.....	-	18 411	33 456	112 394	61 363	334	145	10 623	9 792	2 872	-	249 390

KB437

Ownership distribution of domestic marketable bonds of financial public enterprises and corporations¹

R millions

End of	Monetary sector		Private non-banking sector						Public sector			Total
	SARB and CPD	Other ²	Insurers	Self-administered pension funds	Other financial institutions ³	Other companies ⁴	Household sector	Non-residents ⁵	Public Investment Corporation ⁶	Local authorities and public enterprises ⁷	Internal funds ⁸	
	(4972K)	(4973K)	(4974K)	(4975K)	(4976K)	(4977K)	(4978K)	(4979K)	(4980K)	(4981K)	(4982K)	
31 March												
2023	-	5 324	3 745	9 753	11 802	-	-	413	5 742	1 797	-	38 575
2024	-	2 246	3 617	7 767	10 380	-	-	387	5 336	1 207	-	30 940
2025	-	2 666	2 122	7 838	10 662	1	-	1 220	4 315	579	-	29 402
2023: 04.....	-	2 708	3 723	8 834	12 084	-	-	400	5 693	2 469	-	35 911
2024: 01.....	-	2 246	3 617	7 767	10 380	-	-	387	5 336	1 207	-	30 940
02.....	-	2 858	2 756	7 650	7 862	1	-	412	4 344	1 342	-	27 223
03.....	-	2 859	2 784	7 655	9 216	1	-	311	4 332	1 441	-	28 598
04.....	-	1 909	2 295	7 651	10 234	1	-	232	4 299	1 361	-	27 981
2025: 01.....	-	2 666	2 122	7 838	10 662	1	-	1 220	4 315	579	-	29 402
02.....	-	3 037	2 188	7 941	11 654	1	-	1 221	3 162	579	-	29 782
03.....	-	2 246	1 976	7 084	11 098	-	-	1 159	3 135	1 111	-	27 809

KB452

1 Non-financial public enterprises, corporations and extra-budgetary institutions (e.g. Eskom, Telkom, Transnet and water boards). Financial public enterprises and corporations (e.g. Development Bank of Southern Africa (DBSA) and Industrial Development Corporation of South Africa Limited (IDC)). Data provided by Share Transactions Totally Electronic Limited (Strate) as from 1 March 2014.

2 Including private banking institutions and mutual banks.

3 Including unit trust and finance companies.

4 Including nominee companies.

5 Excluding nominee companies.

6 Before 1 April 2005, the Public Investment Commissioners. Including small amounts in respect of social security funds and the national government.

7 Including asset acquisition against bonds issued.

8 Own securities held by redemption and other internal funds.

Government deposits¹

R millions

End of	National government				Provincial governments				Other government accounts ²			
	SARB ³ (4120M)	Exchequer and PMG balances with banks (4072M)	Paymaster- General Account ⁴ (4121M)	Total (4125M)	SARB (4126M)	CPD ⁵ (4127M)	Banks (4128M)	Total (4129M)	CPD ⁵ (4123M)	Banks ⁶ (4124M)	Total (4131M)	Total (4130M)
31 March												
2020	191 125	44 536	-	235 662	-	28 140	22 248	50 388	2 870	153 820	156 691	442 740
2021	139 050	198 554	-	337 604	-	27 849	24 232	52 082	3 289	185 308	188 598	578 283
2022	145 289	128 696	-	273 985	-	29 310	32 770	62 079	3 585	219 520	223 105	559 169
2023	114 050	120 501	-	234 551	-	38 671	41 640	80 311	4 037	240 694	244 731	559 593
2024	98 917	92 320	-	191 237	-	37 216	29 604	66 821	4 143	287 289	291 432	549 490
2025	94 371	130 671	-	225 042	-	24 774	30 481	55 255	4 349	248 756	253 105	533 402
31 December												
2019	216 297	93 400	-	309 697	-	23 998	28 658	52 656	2 767	159 758	162 525	524 878
2020	143 766	234 179	-	377 945	-	42 996	27 600	70 595	3 076	186 720	189 796	638 336
2021	142 486	214 884	-	357 370	-	26 821	30 131	56 952	3 408	213 551	216 959	631 281
2022	187 446	176 983	-	364 429	-	62 791	36 806	99 597	3 734	214 091	217 825	681 851
2023	99 724	79 967	-	179 692	-	40 318	36 740	77 058	4 321	303 044	307 365	564 115
2024	138 695	169 282	-	307 977	-	45 718	36 791	82 509	4 241	246 782	251 023	641 508
2023: May	108 999	114 797	-	223 796	-	39 148	36 311	75 459	4 149	261 274	265 423	564 678
Jun	135 815	167 710	-	303 525	-	61 158	33 650	94 808	4 186	275 968	280 154	678 487
Jul	113 965	76 633	-	190 598	-	41 344	36 885	78 228	4 356	299 517	303 873	572 700
Aug	113 236	69 251	-	182 487	-	48 422	36 275	84 697	4 265	291 448	295 713	562 897
Sep	110 179	85 023	-	195 202	-	41 006	42 183	83 189	4 165	277 172	281 337	559 728
Oct	97 556	56 286	-	153 842	-	40 264	40 009	80 273	4 399	291 697	296 095	530 210
Nov	96 016	107 575	-	203 592	-	51 531	33 049	84 580	4 369	280 669	285 038	573 210
Dec	99 724	79 967	-	179 692	-	40 318	36 740	77 058	4 321	303 044	307 365	564 115
2024: Jan	86 911	41 785	-	128 696	-	43 091	39 351	82 442	4 448	313 391	317 839	528 977
Feb	96 179	67 711	-	163 890	-	48 612	34 607	83 219	4 422	291 934	296 356	543 464
Mar	98 917	92 320	-	191 237	-	37 216	29 604	66 821	4 143	287 289	291 432	549 490
Apr	85 954	58 255	-	144 208	-	36 687	27 969	64 656	4 383	302 753	307 136	516 001
May	83 445	56 533	-	139 977	-	29 505	28 027	57 533	4 354	291 318	295 672	493 182
Jun	81 228	103 690	-	184 917	-	31 869	27 757	59 626	4 253	287 611	291 864	536 408
Jul	72 046	57 443	-	129 489	-	32 589	25 404	57 993	4 453	294 213	298 666	486 147
Aug	70 793	71 462	-	142 255	-	36 414	29 727	66 141	4 308	291 953	296 261	504 657
Sep	62 550	113 868	-	176 417	-	32 138	28 174	60 312	4 262	294 939	299 201	535 931
Oct	49 622	102 511	-	152 133	-	23 055	29 954	53 009	4 542	279 853	284 396	489 538
Nov	111 511	144 821	-	256 332	-	25 343	32 593	57 936	4 376	258 409	262 785	577 053
Dec	138 695	169 282	-	307 977	-	45 718	36 791	82 509	4 241	246 782	251 023	641 508
2025: Jan	98 131	100 322	-	198 452	-	21 373	38 000	59 373	4 493	259 918	264 411	522 236
Feb	97 315	140 226	-	237 541	-	32 306	30 711	63 017	4 498	255 697	260 195	560 753
Mar	94 371	130 671	-	225 042	-	24 774	30 481	55 255	4 349	248 756	253 105	533 402
Apr	79 377	110 361	-	189 738	-	37 615	34 390	72 004	4 600	260 512	265 112	526 855
May	75 194	139 617	-	214 810	-	36 072	30 536	66 607	4 456	254 994	259 450	540 868
Jun	112 397	198 903	-	311 301	-	65 770	31 426	97 196	4 495	265 873	270 369	678 865
Jul	127 543	92 547	-	220 090	-	66 807	28 301	95 108	4 640	268 729	273 369	588 567
Aug	135 800	146 136	-	281 936	-	71 779	20 502	92 282	4 765	277 062	281 827	656 045
Sep	98 831	124 383	-	223 214	-	66 532	26 953	93 486	4 860	281 619	286 480	603 180
Oct	93 995	132 713	-	226 707	-	64 846	27 082	91 928	5 109	285 865	290 973	609 609

KB407

1 These are government deposits not included in M3 money supply and therefore exclude deposits of local governments as well as public enterprises and corporations which are included in Table KB109 on page S-10 of this *Quarterly Bulletin*.

2 Comprises deposits of the Public Investment Commissioners, social security funds and other central government institutions.

3 Including net transfers of the Stabilisation Account.

4 Including investments.

5 Before 31 March 1984, deposits with the 'pooled funds' of the Public Debt Commissioners.

6 Before 29 April 1994, including deposits of the former Transkei, Bophuthatswana, Venda and Ciskei (TBVC) countries and self-governing territories.

Government finance statistics of national government¹

Statement of sources and uses of cash

R millions

Quarterly	2023/24				2024/25				2025/26	
	02	03	04	01	02	03	04	01	02	03
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4700K)	-55 056	-200 641	-24 443	-42 497	-46 869	-198 082	-19 494	-51 010	10 641	-199 894
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4701K)	427 249	396 681	459 613	501 266	435 029	423 265	479 307	543 551	470 123	465 374
Taxes (4702K)	412 122	390 552	446 888	488 595	425 961	418 674	470 615	536 964	462 004	461 471
Social contributions (4703K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants ² (4175K)	1 065	262	970	208	1 009	997	793	12	133	91
Other receipts ³ (4704K)	14 062	5 867	11 755	12 463	8 058	3 593	7 899	6 576	7 986	3 812
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4705K)	482 305	597 322	484 055	543 763	481 897	621 346	498 801	594 561	459 482	665 268
Compensation of employees..... (4706K)	48 038	49 069	49 566	48 456	52 052	51 090	52 353	52 939	53 630	54 669
Purchases of goods and services (4707K)	44 344	30 610	21 073	27 364	19 145	20 118	19 695	21 705	19 423	21 651
Interest (4178K)	44 679	127 854	47 740	135 686	43 834	146 418	42 806	152 542	45 697	160 279
Subsidies..... (4708K)	1 493	1 336	1 444	1 345	2 208	1 284	981	1 868	1 483	1 168
Grants ⁴ (4709K)	275 726	317 545	293 809	254 871	288 291	327 710	309 603	285 822	261 567	341 004
Social benefits (4710K)	64 787	64 969	66 357	65 009	69 787	68 431	68 349	68 220	71 872	72 034
Other payments ⁵ (4711K)	3 238	5 939	4 066	11 032	6 580	6 296	5 014	11 465	5 809	14 464
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets (4712K)	-2 161	-3 241	-4 562	-6 689	-3 652	-3 862	-4 245	-4 024	-4 445	-3 942
Purchases of non-financial assets (4181K)	2 200	3 314	4 602	6 730	3 691	3 920	4 303	4 206	4 458	3 964
Sales of non-financial assets (4173K)	39	74	40	40	39	59	58	182	13	22
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4713K)	-57 217	-203 882	-29 004	-49 187	-50 520	-201 943	-23 739	-55 034	6 196	-203 836
Net cash flow from financing activities (4714K)	109 171	103 373	14 916	75 127	69 591	189 784	152 928	33 108	105 802	135 478
Net acquisition of financial assets other than cash ⁶ (4715K)	-50	-110	-67	-54	-82	99 932	-89	-68	-35	-36
Net incurrence of liabilities ⁷ (4716K)	109 221	103 483	14 984	75 181	69 672	89 852	153 017	33 176	105 837	135 514
Domestic..... (4717K)	99 753	103 483	17 701	64 854	77 927	98 306	97 981	37 804	114 376	118 846
Foreign..... (4718K)	9 468	-	-2 717	10 327	-8 255	-8 454	55 036	-4 627	-8 539	16 668
Net change in stock of cash⁸ (4719K)	51 954	-100 510	-14 088	25 941	19 070	-12 159	129 189	-21 926	111 998	-68 358
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure..... (4720K)</i>	484 466	600 563	488 617	550 453	485 549	625 208	503 046	598 586	463 927	669 209

KB413

Selected items

R millions

Year ended 31 March	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4701F)	1 121 501	1 174 043	1 239 080	1 311 149	1 385 196	1 290 031	1 605 594	1 735 944	1 784 808	1 881 152
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4705F)	1 268 215	1 317 603	1 445 276	1 540 156	1 729 381	1 838 361	1 919 617	2 037 432	2 107 445	2 196 606
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4700F)	-146 714	-143 559	-206 196	-229 007	-344 185	-548 329	-314 023	-301 488	-322 637	-315 454
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets (4712F)	-24 801	-20 946	-14 934	-16 150	-13 360	-12 616	-14 741	-16 456	-16 653	-15 783
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4713F)	-171 515	-164 505	-221 130	-245 156	-357 544	-560 945	-328 764	-317 944	-339 290	-331 237
Net cash flow from financing activities (4714F)	158 009	203 291	234 301	196 731	358 579	629 817	228 586	254 159	302 587	445 412
Net change in stock of cash⁸ (4719F)	-13 506	38 785	13 170	-48 426	1 035	68 872	-100 178	-63 784	-36 703	114 174
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure..... (4720F)</i>	1 293 016	1 338 548	1 460 210	1 556 305	1 742 740	1 850 976	1 934 358	2 053 888	2 124 099	2 212 389

KB438

1 Data for the past two years are preliminary and subject to revision. Net flows: inflow of cash (+)/outflow of cash (-). Before April 2000, the basis of reporting revenue and expenditure was derived from bank statement transactions, whereas the current reporting relies on cash book transactions and is therefore not strictly comparable with data prior to April 2000.

2 Comprising transfers received from foreign governments and international organisations.

3 Comprising property income (including interest and dividends), sales of goods and services, fines, penalties and forfeits, and other non-tax revenue.

4 Comprising current and capital transfers to foreign governments, international organisations and other general government units.

5 Comprising miscellaneous other current and capital expense (including transfers to non-profit institutions serving households and to households for non-social benefits) and property expense other than interest.

6 Domestic and foreign financial assets.

7 Liabilities classified according to currency of issue.

8 Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-) plus the net cash flow from financing activities.

Government finance statistics of national extra-budgetary institutions¹

Statement of sources and uses of cash

R millions

Quarterly	2023/24				2024/25				2025/26	
	02	03	04	01	02	03	04	01	02	03
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4725K)	32 643	12 412	6 064	- 3 620	55 424	- 16 438	9 163	-5 301	360	9 216
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4726K)	119 293	99 468	95 198	84 365	127 174	96 417	92 225	76 016	97 090	100 072
Taxes (4200K)	203	281	225	70	221	277	234	280	286	192
Social contributions (4727K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants ² (4205K)	76 300	52 637	43 959	26 933	82 721	54 266	51 402	34 037	48 959	55 990
Other receipts ³ (4201K)	42 790	46 550	51 015	57 363	44 233	41 873	40 589	41 700	47 845	43 890
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4728K)	86 651	87 056	89 134	87 985	71 750	112 854	83 063	81 317	96 731	90 856
Compensation of employees..... (4729K)	31 441	31 989	32 312	32 122	28 551	30 836	31 488	30 041	29 371	31 668
Purchases of goods and services (4730K)	34 505	31 729	35 132	31 662	29 817	28 198	29 273	29 441	29 207	30 502
Interest (4208K)	1 357	1 363	1 370	1 372	2 229	1 776	1 336	1 917	1 942	829
Subsidies (4731K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants ⁴ (4732K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social benefits (4733K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other payments ⁵ (4734K)	19 348	21 974	20 320	22 829	11 154	52 044	20 966	19 919	36 210	27 857
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets (4735K)	-13 325	-13 610	-14 225	-14 048	-13 037	-13 838	-19 012	-14 745	-13 340	-16 990
Purchases of non-financial assets (4211K)	13 357	13 646	14 266	14 095	13 127	14 074	19 136	14 900	13 430	17 211
Sales of non-financial assets (4203K)	33	36	41	46	90	236	124	155	90	221
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4736K)	19 318	-1 197	-8 161	-17 668	42 387	-30 276	-9 849	-20 046	-12 980	-7 774
Net cash flow from financing activities (4737K)	-19 166	-1 152	4 456	10 374	-11 675	536	9 235	17 197	16 437	-3 607
Net acquisition of financial assets other than cash ⁶ (4738K)	-1 889	-1 401	-1 109	-1 093	-4 220	-3 932	-3 654	-4 766	-2 615	-2 620
Net incurrence of liabilities ⁷ (4739K)	-17 277	249	5 565	11 467	-7 454	4 469	12 889	21 963	19 052	- 987
Domestic..... (4740K)	-17 263	261	5 575	11 483	-7 454	4 469	12 889	21 963	19 052	- 987
Foreign..... (4741K)	-14	-12	-10	-15	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net change in stock of cash⁸ (4742K)	152	-2 349	-3 705	-7 293	30 713	-29 740	-614	-2 849	3 457	-11 381
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure..... (4743K)</i>	99 975	100 665	103 360	102 033	84 787	126 693	102 075	96 062	110 071	107 846

KB414

Selected items

R millions

Year ended 31 March	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4726F)	217 322	232 016	254 515	267 127	304 326	309 036	319 983	399 741	398 325	391 833
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4728F)	205 154	220 994	225 282	228 184	257 721	252 092	277 095	330 054	350 826	348 985
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4725F)	12 167	11 023	29 233	38 943	46 605	56 945	42 888	69 687	47 499	42 848
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets (4735F)	-25 036	-24 508	-34 559	-20 151	-19 476	-19 529	-23 480	-47 210	-55 208	-60 632
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4736F)	-12 868	-13 485	-5 326	18 792	27 130	37 415	19 408	22 478	-7 708	-17 783
Net cash flow from financing activities (4737F)	10 345	12 187	8 640	-5 787	-2 098	-5 844	1 123	-1 252	-5 487	15 293
Net change in stock of cash⁸ (4742F)	-2 524	-1 298	3 314	13 005	25 032	31 571	20 530	21 225	-13 196	-2 490
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure..... (4743F)</i>	230 190	245 501	259 841	248 336	277 197	271 621	300 575	377 263	406 033	409 616

KB439

1 Data for the past two years are preliminary and subject to revision. Net flows: inflow of cash (+)/outflow of cash (-). Data have been revised from fiscal 2009/10 to reflect improved institutional classification and to include Technical Vocational Education and Training (TVET) colleges from fiscal 2015/16 and are therefore not strictly comparable with data prior to April 2009.

2 Comprising transfers received from foreign governments, international organisations and other general government units.

3 Comprising property income (including interest and dividends), sales of goods and services, fines, penalties and forfeits, and other non-tax revenue.

4 Comprising current and capital transfers to foreign governments, international organisations and other general government units.

5 Comprising miscellaneous other current and capital expense (including transfers to non-profit institutions serving households and to households for non-social benefits) and property expense other than interest.

6 Domestic and foreign financial assets.

7 Liabilities classified according to currency of issue.

8 Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-) plus the net cash flow from financing activities.

Government finance statistics of social security funds¹

Statement of sources and uses of cash

R millions

Quarterly	2023/24				2024/25				2025/26	
	02	03	04	01	02	03	04	01	02	03
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4750K)	11 081	7 643	7 378	1 877	19 540	7 830	929	-5 338	13 756	9 652
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4751K)	27 109	25 752	25 525	25 261	33 036	25 964	26 139	27 178	33 264	29 555
Taxes..... (4752K)	12 489	12 194	11 998	11 900	12 584	10 783	12 299	13 745	12 013	12 296
Social contributions..... (4753K)	10 006	8 513	8 686	8 720	18 532	6 655	6 923	6 660	16 343	9 312
Grants ² (4235K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other receipts ³ (4231K)	4 614	5 045	4 841	4 641	1 919	8 526	6 917	6 773	4 908	7 948
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4754K)	16 028	18 109	18 147	23 384	13 496	18 135	25 210	32 516	19 507	19 904
Compensation of employees..... (4755K)	1 319	1 379	1 424	1 447	1 265	1 482	1 477	1 513	967	2 086
Purchases of goods and services..... (4756K)	1 126	1 212	1 302	1 317	359	585	619	589	481	549
Interest..... (4247K)	76	70	66	65	432	36	54	45	55	107
Subsidies..... (4757K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants ⁴ (4758K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social benefits..... (4759K)	13 506	15 447	15 354	20 554	10 776	14 220	17 856	27 187	14 968	13 385
Other payments ⁵ (4760K)	1	1	1	1	664	1 812	5 203	3 183	3 036	3 777
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets..... (4761K)	-90	-103	-112	-117	-12	-69	-40	-53	-10	-35
Purchases of non-financial assets..... (4240K)	90	103	112	117	12	69	40	53	10	35
Sales of non-financial assets..... (4233K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4762K)	10 992	7 540	7 266	1 760	19 528	7 761	889	-5 391	13 746	9 617
Net cash flow from financing activities..... (4763K)	-11 388	-7 937	-7 662	-2 157	-18 253	-6 486	385	6 607	-12 575	-8 445
Net acquisition of financial assets other than cash ⁶ (4764K)	1 662	1 662	1 662	1 662	-7 114	-7 114	-7 114	-7 114	-7 142	-7 142
Net incurrence of liabilities ⁷ (4765K)	-13 051	-9 599	-9 325	-3 819	-11 138	628	7 500	13 722	-5 433	-1 303
Domestic..... (4766K)	-13 051	-9 599	-9 325	-3 819	-11 138	628	7 500	13 722	-5 433	-1 303
Foreign..... (4767K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net change in stock of cash⁸..... (4768K)	-397	-397	-397	-397	1 275	1 275	1 275	1 216	1 171	1 171
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure.....</i> (4769K)	16 118	18 212	18 260	23 501	13 508	18 203	25 250	32 569	19 517	19 939

KB415

Selected items

R millions

Year ended 31 March	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4751F)	54 866	79 113	73 385	83 823	87 188	81 840	85 696	98 900	103 647	112 317
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4754F)	44 713	52 597	53 255	61 754	59 361	127 491	85 270	75 272	75 668	89 357
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4750F)	10 154	26 516	20 129	22 069	27 827	- 45 652	426	23 628	27 979	22 960
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets..... (4761F)	-192	-412	-188	-336	-182	-228	-351	-201	-422	-173
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4762F)	9 962	26 104	19 941	21 733	27 645	-45 880	75	23 427	27 557	22 787
Net cash flow from financing activities..... (4763F)	-6 809	-23 654	-16 060	-20 992	-25 310	59 086	-10 408	-21 305	-29 144	-17 746
Net change in stock of cash⁸..... (4768F)	3 153	2 450	3 882	741	2 335	13 206	-10 333	2 121	-1 588	5 041
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure.....</i> (4769F)	44 904	53 008	53 443	62 090	59 544	127 720	85 621	75 473	76 090	89 530

KB440

1 Data for the past two years are preliminary and subject to revision. Net flows: inflow of cash (+)/outflow of cash (-).

2 Comprising transfers received from foreign governments, international organisations and other general government units.

3 Comprising property income (including interest and dividends), sales of goods and services, fines, penalties and forfeits, and other non-tax revenue.

4 Comprising current and capital transfers to foreign governments, international organisations and other general government units.

5 Comprising miscellaneous other current and capital expense (including transfers to non-profit institutions serving households and to households for non-social benefits) and property expense other than interest.

6 Domestic and foreign financial assets.

7 Liabilities classified according to currency of issue.

8 Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-) plus the net cash flow from financing activities.

Government finance statistics of consolidated central government¹

Statement of sources and uses of cash

R millions

Quarterly	2023/24				2024/25				2025/26	
	02	03	04	01	02	03	04	01	02	03
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4775K)	-11 332	-180 586	-11 001	-44 240	28 095	-206 690	-9 402	-61 649	24 757	-181 026
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4776K)	497 427	469 311	536 460	584 063	512 607	491 400	546 429	612 823	551 685	539 109
Taxes (4777K)	424 814	403 027	459 111	500 564	438 766	429 734	483 148	550 989	474 303	473 958
Social contributions (4778K)	10 006	8 513	8 686	8 720	18 532	6 655	6 923	6 660	16 343	9 312
Grants ² (4255K)	1 141	309	1 052	312	1 098	1 018	954	125	300	189
Other receipts ³ (4779K)	61 465	57 461	67 610	74 467	54 210	53 992	55 405	55 049	60 740	55 650
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4780K)	508 759	649 898	547 460	628 303	484 512	698 090	555 832	674 472	526 927	720 135
Compensation of employees..... (4781K)	80 798	82 438	83 302	82 026	81 869	83 408	85 317	84 492	83 968	88 422
Purchases of goods and services (4782K)	79 976	63 552	57 507	60 343	49 321	48 901	49 588	51 735	49 111	52 703
Interest (4258K)	46 112	129 287	49 176	137 123	46 494	148 231	44 196	154 504	47 695	161 215
Subsidies (4783K)	1 493	1 336	1 444	1 345	2 208	1 284	981	1 868	1 483	1 168
Grants ⁴ (4784K)	199 501	264 955	249 933	228 042	205 659	273 464	258 361	251 899	212 774	285 112
Social benefits (4785K)	78 293	80 416	81 711	85 563	80 563	82 650	86 205	95 407	86 840	85 418
Other payments ⁵ (4786K)	22 587	27 914	24 387	33 862	18 398	60 151	31 184	34 567	45 056	46 098
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets (4787K)	-15 576	-16 954	-18 899	-20 854	-16 701	-17 769	-23 297	-18 822	-17 795	-20 967
Purchases of non-financial assets (4261K)	15 648	17 063	18 981	20 941	16 830	18 063	23 478	19 158	17 897	21 210
Sales of non-financial assets (4253K)	72	110	81	87	130	294	182	336	102	243
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4788K)	-26 908	-197 540	-29 900	-65 094	11 394	-224 459	-32 699	-80 471	6 962	-201 993
Net cash flow from financing activities (4789K)	78 617	94 284	11 710	83 345	39 663	183 835	162 548	56 912	109 664	123 425
Net acquisition of financial assets other than cash ⁶ (4790K)	-277	151	486	516	-11 416	88 886	-10 857	-11 948	-9 792	-9 798
Net incurrence of liabilities ⁷ (4791K)	78 894	94 132	11 224	82 829	51 080	94 949	173 405	68 861	119 456	133 224
Domestic..... (4792K)	69 440	94 145	13 951	72 518	59 334	103 403	118 370	73 488	127 995	116 556
Foreign..... (4793K)	9 454	-12	-2 727	10 311	-8 255	-8 454	55 036	-4 627	-8 539	16 668
Net change in stock of cash⁸ (4794K)	51 709	-103 256	-18 190	18 251	51 058	-40 624	129 849	-23 558	116 626	-78 567
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure..... (4795K)</i>	524 334	666 851	566 360	649 157	501 212	715 858	579 128	693 294	544 723	741 102

KB416

Selected items

R millions

Year ended 31 March	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4776F)	1 280 960	1 370 106	1 445 111	1 519 090	1 613 107	1 510 535	1 835 909	2 019 080	2 087 260	2 163 259
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4780F)	1 405 354	1 476 127	1 601 944	1 687 084	1 882 859	2 047 571	2 106 619	2 227 253	2 334 420	2 412 905
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4775F)	-124 393	-106 021	-156 834	-167 995	-269 752	-537 036	-270 709	-208 173	-247 159	-249 646
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets (4787F)	-50 028	-45 865	-49 681	-36 637	-33 018	-32 374	-38 572	-63 866	-72 283	-76 588
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4788F)	-174 422	-151 886	-206 515	-204 632	-302 770	-569 410	-309 281	-272 039	-319 442	-326 234
Net cash flow from financing activities (4789F)	161 545	191 823	226 881	169 952	331 172	683 059	219 301	231 601	267 955	442 959
Net change in stock of cash⁸ (4794F)	-12 877	39 937	20 366	-34 680	28 402	113 649	-89 981	-40 438	-51 487	116 725
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure..... (4795F)</i>	1 455 382	1 521 992	1 651 625	1 723 721	1 915 877	2 079 945	2 145 191	2 291 119	2 406 702	2 489 492

KB441

1 Data for the past two years are preliminary and subject to revision. Net flows: inflow of cash (+)/outflow of cash (-). Data have been revised from fiscal 2009/10 to reflect improved institutional classification and include Technical Vocational Education and Training (TVET) colleges from fiscal 2015/16 and are therefore not strictly comparable with data prior to April 2009.

2 Comprising transfers received from foreign governments, international organisations and other general government units.

3 Comprising property income (including interest and dividends), sales of goods and services, fines, penalties and forfeits, and other non-tax revenue.

4 Comprising current and capital transfers to foreign governments, international organisations and other general government units.

5 Comprising miscellaneous other current and capital expense (including transfers to non-profit institutions serving households and to households for non-social benefits) and property expense other than interest.

6 Domestic and foreign financial assets.

7 Liabilities classified according to currency of issue.

8 Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-) plus the net cash flow from financing activities.

Government finance statistics of consolidated provincial government¹

Statement of sources and uses of cash

R millions

Quarterly	2023/24				2024/25				2025/26	
	02	03	04	01	02	03	04	01	02	03
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4800K)	14 893	13 809	7 179	232	4 412	13 585	5 288	18 648	11 313	14 235
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4801K)	186 992	194 817	191 704	174 783	190 302	196 469	192 661	190 988	201 823	206 923
Taxes (4280K)	3 347	5 065	4 956	5 199	3 383	5 289	4 753	4 830	3 797	5 465
Social contributions (4802K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants ² (4283K)	179 309	184 767	181 690	160 492	182 535	186 802	183 451	177 845	193 671	197 078
Other receipts ³ (4281K)	4 335	4 985	5 058	9 092	4 385	4 379	4 458	8 313	4 355	4 380
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4803K)	172 098	181 008	184 525	174 551	185 891	182 884	187 373	172 340	190 510	192 688
Compensation of employees..... (4804K)	112 484	114 171	115 908	114 185	118 327	120 257	120 815	118 608	124 211	125 840
Purchases of goods and services (4805K)	46 029	48 810	51 227	44 634	43 970	42 422	41 783	36 578	42 919	44 051
Interest (4286K)	68	76	46	37	59	50	69	61	53	68
Subsidies..... (4806K)	1 968	2 878	2 892	3 047	2 421	2 785	2 782	2 763	2 593	3 144
Grants ⁴ (4807K)	825	3 621	3 152	1 696	1 251	2 945	2 951	1 620	2 086	3 139
Social benefits (4808K)	647	620	619	480	1 630	1 773	1 512	1 476	1 840	1 661
Other payments ⁵ (4809K)	10 076	10 831	10 681	10 472	18 233	12 652	17 461	11 234	16 807	14 784
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets (4810K)	-9 174	-10 528	-12 145	-13 728	-10 774	-11 151	-12 574	-13 900	-10 064	-12 747
Purchases of non-financial assets (4289K)	9 219	10 569	12 234	13 840	10 818	11 208	12 621	14 015	10 138	12 819
Sales of non-financial assets (4297K)	45	40	89	112	45	58	47	115	74	72
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4811K)	5 719	3 281	-4 966	-13 496	-6 362	2 435	-7 285	4 748	1 249	1 489
Net cash flow from financing activities (4812K)	-1 578	2 338	-233	-1 955	-1 453	2 368	2 329	-4 760	-863	2 788
Net acquisition of financial assets other than cash ⁶ (4813K)	-1 682	1 589	473	- 912	-1 693	1 267	1 045	-1 721	-1 699	1 299
Net incurrence of liabilities ⁷ (4814K)	103	749	- 706	-1 043	241	1 102	1 284	-3 040	836	1 489
Domestic..... (4815K)	103	749	- 706	-1 043	241	1 102	1 284	-3 040	836	1 489
Foreign..... (4816K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net change in stock of cash⁸..... (4817K)	4 141	5 619	-5 199	-15 451	-7 815	4 803	-4 956	-12	386	4 277
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure..... (4818K)</i>	181 273	191 536	196 670	188 279	196 664	194 034	199 947	186 240	200 574	205 434

KB417

Selected items

R millions

Year ended 31 March	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4801F)	495 295	525 856	562 902	601 782	642 176	662 926	694 916	733 993	748 296	770 421
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4803F)	454 597	489 930	523 472	562 800	604 337	611 588	653 316	702 483	712 182	728 487
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4800F)	40 699	35 925	39 430	38 982	37 839	51 338	41 600	31 510	36 114	41 933
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets (4810F)	-38 897	-37 030	-36 921	-35 864	-34 963	-37 565	-40 979	-44 101	-45 576	-48 398
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4811F)	1 802	-1 105	2 509	3 118	2 876	13 773	621	-12 591	-9 462	-6 465
Net cash flow from financing activities (4812F)	-80	-115	979	-1 509	-855	-2 604	793	-348	-1 429	-1 516
Net change in stock of cash⁸..... (4817F)	1 722	-1 220	3 488	1 610	2 021	11 169	1 414	-12 939	-10 891	-7 980
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure..... (4818F)</i>	493 493	526 961	560 393	598 664	639 300	649 153	694 296	746 584	757 758	776 885

KB442

1 Data for the past two years are preliminary and subject to revision. Net flows: inflow of cash (+)/outflow of cash (-). Data include provincial extra-budgetary institutions from fiscal 2009/10 and are therefore not strictly comparable with data prior to April 2009.

2 Comprising transfers received from foreign governments, international organisations and other general government units.

3 Comprising property income (including interest and dividends), sales of goods and services, fines, penalties and forfeits, and other non-tax revenue.

4 Comprising current and capital transfers to foreign governments, international organisations and other general government units.

5 Comprising miscellaneous other current and capital expense (including transfers to non-profit institutions serving households and to households for non-social benefits) and property expense other than interest.

6 Domestic and foreign financial assets.

7 Liabilities classified according to currency of issue.

8 Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-) plus the net cash flow from financing activities.

Government finance statistics of local governments¹

Statement of sources and uses of cash

R millions

Quarterly	2023/24				2024/25				2025/26	
	02	03	04	01	02	03	04	01	02	03
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4825K)	-20 280	66 949	35 499	48 614	-20 693	69 567	38 431	43 714	-22 621	79 439
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4826K)	97 057	175 449	154 218	150 778	100 818	189 303	164 891	158 232	113 445	203 001
Taxes (4827K)	22 411	28 477	22 778	21 954	21 738	30 745	24 834	24 481	26 394	32 498
Social contributions (4828K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants ² (4829K)	1 128	64 411	51 853	48 070	1 252	67 764	55 994	51 317	2 050	72 829
Other receipts ³ (4830K)	73 518	82 561	79 587	80 754	77 828	90 795	84 063	82 434	85 002	97 675
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4831K)	117 337	108 500	118 719	102 164	121 511	119 737	126 460	114 519	136 066	123 562
Compensation of employees..... (4832K)	35 082	35 331	39 289	36 339	36 861	35 963	40 822	37 372	38 889	39 424
Purchases of goods and services (4833K)	73 744	67 681	71 951	61 494	76 947	78 466	77 918	70 801	88 696	78 566
Interest (4834K)	6 111	3 858	4 924	2 554	5 463	2 098	3 645	2 510	3 614	2 431
Subsidies..... (4835K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants ⁴ (4836K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social benefits (4837K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other payments ⁵ (4838K)	2 400	1 629	2 555	1 777	2 240	3 210	4 075	3 836	4 867	3 141
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets (4839K)	-15 481	-11 744	-12 812	-13 346	-15 122	-12 794	-13 613	-14 131	-14 715	-11 604
Purchases of non-financial assets (4840K)	15 604	11 837	12 913	13 451	15 254	12 919	13 737	14 296	14 839	11 706
Sales of non-financial assets (4841K)	123	93	102	106	132	125	124	165	123	102
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4842K)	-35 761	55 205	22 688	35 268	-35 815	56 773	24 818	29 583	-37 336	67 836
Net cash flow from financing activities (4843K)	30 861	-57 158	-16 594	-27 647	20 171	-56 865	-19 981	-22 441	35 202	-63 818
Net acquisition of financial assets other than cash ⁶ (4844K)	-8 184	-34 941	-31 749	-16 943	-15 888	-31 577	-32 203	-16 187	-13 850	-29 781
Net incurrence of liabilities ⁷ (4849K)	39 045	-22 217	15 154	-10 704	36 059	-25 289	12 222	-6 255	49 052	-34 037
Domestic..... (4850K)	39 045	-22 217	15 154	-10 704	36 059	-25 289	12 222	-6 255	49 052	-34 037
Foreign..... (4851K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net change in stock of cash⁸ (4848K)	-4 900	-1 954	6 093	7 621	-15 644	-93	4 837	7 141	-2 134	4 018
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure..... (4852K)</i>	132 818	120 244	131 531	115 510	136 633	132 531	140 073	128 649	150 781	135 166

KB418

Selected items

R millions

Year ended 31 March	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4826F)	330 428	354 420	374 951	399 248	429 214	448 359	484 144	524 304	577 502	613 244
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4831F)	257 869	273 833	293 521	307 258	339 544	347 210	383 011	392 893	446 720	482 227
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4825F)	72 559	80 587	81 430	91 990	89 670	101 149	101 133	131 411	130 782	131 018
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets (4839F)	-62 081	-62 178	-59 398	-62 419	-54 618	-46 068	-56 306	-46 715	-53 382	-55 659
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4842F)	10 479	18 409	22 031	29 570	35 052	55 081	44 827	84 696	77 400	75 358
Net cash flow from financing activities (4843F)	-17 463	-27 711	-20 571	-14 585	-38 261	-57 449	-47 475	-85 914	-70 538	-79 117
Net change in stock of cash⁸ (4848F)	-6 985	-9 303	1 460	14 986	-3 209	-2 367	-2 648	-1 218	6 862	-3 759
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure..... (4852F)</i>	319 949	336 011	352 920	369 678	394 162	393 278	439 317	439 608	500 102	537 886

KB443

¹ Data for the past two years are preliminary and subject to revision. Net flows: inflow of cash (+)/outflow of cash (-). Data sourced from Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) and from the 1996/97 fiscal year onwards the statistics were revised based on census data. As from the financial year ending June 2005, the statistics are based on the Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP)/Generally Accepted Municipal Practice (GAMAP) accounting standards. The survey changed as from the financial year ending June 2008, which affected historic comparability. As from the March 2021 *Quarterly Bulletin*, the statistics as from the fourth quarter of 2020 are imputed by the South African Reserve Bank based on the Stats SA sample survey.

² Comprising transfers received from foreign governments, international organisations and other general government units.

³ Comprising property income (including interest and dividends), sales of goods and services, fines, penalties and forfeits, and other non-tax revenue.

⁴ Comprising current and capital transfers to foreign governments, international organisations and other general government units.

⁵ Comprising miscellaneous other current and capital expense (including transfers to non-profit institutions serving households and to households for non-social benefits) and property expense other than interest.

⁶ Domestic and foreign financial assets.

⁷ Liabilities classified according to currency of issue.

⁸ Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-) plus the net cash flow from financing activities.

Government finance statistics of consolidated general government¹

Statement of sources and uses of cash

R millions

Quarterly	2023/24				2024/25				2025/26	
	02	03	04	01	02	03	04	01	02	03
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4855K)	-16 719	-99 828	31 677	4 606	11 813	-123 538	34 317	713	13 449	-87 351
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4856K)	600 998	590 382	648 812	701 000	619 910	622 590	664 501	732 840	671 196	679 094
Taxes (4857K)	450 572	436 570	486 844	527 717	463 887	465 768	512 734	580 300	504 493	511 921
Social contributions (4858K)	10 006	8 513	8 686	8 720	18 532	6 655	6 923	6 660	16 343	9 312
Grants ² (4859K)	1 101	291	1 026	250	1 068	1 001	918	84	264	156
Other receipts ³ (4860K)	139 318	145 008	152 255	164 314	136 423	149 166	143 926	145 795	150 096	157 705
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4861K)	617 716	690 210	617 134	696 395	608 097	746 128	630 184	732 127	657 747	766 446
Compensation of employees..... (4862K)	228 364	231 940	238 500	232 550	237 057	239 628	246 955	240 472	247 068	253 687
Purchases of goods and services (4863K)	199 749	180 044	180 685	166 470	170 239	169 790	169 289	159 114	180 726	175 320
Interest (4864K)	52 292	133 221	54 146	139 714	52 016	150 379	47 910	157 075	51 362	163 714
Subsidies..... (4865K)	3 461	4 214	4 336	4 392	4 629	4 069	3 763	4 631	4 076	4 312
Grants ⁴ (4866K)	19 849	19 381	19 515	21 115	23 093	21 826	21 831	24 317	19 104	18 311
Social benefits (4867K)	78 940	81 037	82 330	86 043	82 192	84 424	87 717	96 882	88 681	87 079
Other payments ⁵ (4868K)	35 063	40 374	37 622	46 111	38 870	76 013	52 720	49 636	66 730	64 022
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets (4869K)	-40 231	-39 226	-43 856	-47 928	-42 596	-41 713	-49 483	-46 853	-42 574	-45 317
Purchases of non-financial assets (4870K)	40 470	39 469	44 128	48 232	42 903	42 190	49 836	47 469	42 874	45 734
Sales of non-financial assets (4871K)	239	243	272	304	307	477	353	617	300	417
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4872K)	-56 949	-139 054	-12 178	-43 323	-30 783	-165 251	-15 166	-46 140	-29 125	-132 668
Net cash flow from financing activities (4873K)	107 899	39 464	-5 117	53 744	58 381	129 338	144 896	29 711	144 003	62 396
Net acquisition of financial assets other than cash ⁶ (4874K)	-10 143	-33 201	-30 790	-17 339	-28 998	58 576	-42 015	-29 856	-25 341	-38 280
Net incurrence of liabilities ⁷ (4875K)	118 042	72 664	25 672	71 083	87 380	70 762	186 910	59 566	169 344	100 676
Domestic..... (4876K)	108 588	72 677	28 399	60 771	95 634	79 216	131 875	64 194	177 883	84 008
Foreign..... (4877K)	9 454	-12	-2 727	10 311	-8 255	-8 454	55 036	-4 627	-8 539	16 668
Net change in stock of cash⁸..... (4878K)	50 950	-99 591	-17 296	10 421	27 599	-35 913	129 730	-16 429	114 878	-70 273
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure..... (4879K)</i>	657 947	729 436	660 990	744 323	650 693	787 841	679 667	778 980	700 321	811 763

KB419

Selected items

R millions

Year ended 31 March	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4856F)	1 529 449	1 641 834	1 727 788	1 823 549	1 939 909	1 847 670	2 208 254	2 419 046	2 541 192	2 639 841
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4861F)	1 540 585	1 631 343	1 763 762	1 860 571	2 082 154	2 232 219	2 336 230	2 464 298	2 621 456	2 716 536
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4855F)	-11 136	10 491	-35 974	-37 023	-142 245	-384 550	-127 976	-45 252	-80 264	-76 695
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets (4869F)	-151 005	-145 073	-146 000	-134 920	-122 598	-116 007	-135 857	-154 682	-171 241	-180 645
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4872F)	-162 141	-134 582	-181 974	-171 943	-264 843	-500 557	-263 833	-199 934	-251 504	-257 340
Net cash flow from financing activities (4873F)	144 001	163 997	207 289	153 859	292 056	623 006	172 619	145 340	195 989	362 326
Net change in stock of cash⁸..... (4878F)	-18 140	29 415	25 315	-18 084	27 213	122 450	-91 215	-54 595	-55 516	104 986
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure..... (4879F)</i>	1 691 590	1 776 416	1 909 762	1 995 492	2 204 752	2 348 226	2 472 087	2 618 980	2 792 696	2 897 181

KB444

¹ Data for the past two years are preliminary and subject to revision. Net flows: inflow of cash (+)/outflow of cash (-). Data have been revised from fiscal 2009/10 to reflect improved institutional classification and to include provincial extra-budgetary institutions from fiscal 2009/10 and Technical Vocational Education and Training (TVET) colleges from fiscal 2015/16 and are therefore not strictly comparable with data prior to April 2009.

² Comprising transfers received from foreign governments, international organisations and other general government units.

³ Comprising property income (including interest and dividends), sales of goods and services, fines, penalties and forfeits, and other non-tax revenue.

⁴ Comprising current and capital transfers to foreign governments, international organisations and other general government units.

⁵ Comprising miscellaneous other current and capital expense (including transfers to non-profit institutions serving households and to households for non-social benefits) and property expense other than interest.

⁶ Domestic and foreign financial assets.

⁷ Liabilities classified according to currency of issue.

⁸ Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-) plus the net cash flow from financing activities.

Government finance statistics of non-financial public enterprises and corporations¹

Statement of sources and uses of cash

R millions

Quarterly	2023/24				2024/25				2025/26	
	02	03	04	01	02	03	04	01	02	03
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4885K)	-8 969	27 076	-11 781	28 037	-7 110	22 799	4 659	28 480	3 658	34 777
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4886K)	116 142	143 170	114 155	143 626	108 019	136 813	121 300	122 644	94 784	141 035
Taxes (4887K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social contributions (4888K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants ² (4889K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other receipts ³ (4890K)	116 142	143 170	114 155	143 626	108 019	136 813	121 300	122 644	94 784	141 035
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4891K)	125 111	116 094	125 936	115 589	115 129	114 014	116 641	94 164	91 127	106 259
Compensation of employees..... (4892K)	20 838	20 222	18 938	18 383	25 472	27 736	28 322	30 411	25 950	29 967
Purchases of goods and services (4893K)	88 187	79 520	90 371	80 393	82 865	77 944	80 809	57 962	58 428	59 341
Interest (4894K)	13 471	13 691	13 861	14 095	5 626	5 303	5 315	5 682	5 434	15 156
Subsidies..... (4895K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants ⁴ (4896K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social benefits (4897K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other payments ⁵ (4898K)	2 616	2 661	2 767	2 718	1 165	3 030	2 194	109	1 314	1 794
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets (4899K)	-16 023	-17 311	-19 495	-17 961	-14 199	-17 060	-17 169	-25 682	-17 677	-16 865
Purchases of non-financial assets (4900K)	16 316	17 668	19 896	18 383	14 299	17 109	17 218	25 848	17 845	16 996
Sales of non-financial assets (4901K)	293	357	401	422	100	49	49	165	169	131
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4902K)	-24 992	9 766	-31 276	10 076	-21 309	5 739	-12 509	2 798	-14 019	17 912
Net cash flow from financing activities (4903K)	28 558	-5 164	37 068	-4 113	28 327	23 942	13 429	48 632	-4 472	15 649
Net acquisition of financial assets other than cash ⁶ (4904K)	-993	5 571	-11 530	1 227	-5 615	-11 919	-8 957	-60 657	-62 544	-131
Net incurrence of liabilities ⁷ (4905K)	29 550	-10 735	48 598	-5 339	33 942	35 861	22 386	109 289	58 072	15 781
Domestic..... (4906K)	20 563	-14 208	46 938	4 285	8 966	20 363	27 775	99 808	64 387	-4 896
Foreign..... (4907K)	8 987	3 473	1 660	-9 624	24 976	15 498	-5 389	9 482	-6 315	20 676
Net change in stock of cash⁸..... (4908K)	3 565	4 602	5 793	5 963	7 018	29 681	920	51 430	-18 491	33 561
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure.....</i> (4909K)	141 135	133 404	145 431	133 550	129 328	131 074	133 809	119 846	108 803	123 124

KB422

Selected items

R millions

Year ended 31 March	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4886F)	404 132	415 926	399 155	402 632	424 778	381 563	453 518	447 071	517 094	488 776
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4891F)	349 553	363 600	356 027	363 899	388 375	358 455	406 385	414 290	482 730	439 947
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4885F)	54 579	52 326	43 129	38 733	36 403	23 108	47 133	32 781	34 363	48 828
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets (4899F)	-108 370	-100 675	-87 712	-66 923	-56 169	-55 664	-63 321	-57 675	-70 790	-74 110
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4902F)	-53 791	-48 349	-44 583	-28 190	-19 766	-32 556	-16 188	-24 894	-36 427	-25 282
Net cash flow from financing activities (4903F)	86 571	40 315	43 239	22 247	49 910	16 636	24 670	26 406	56 349	114 330
Net change in stock of cash⁸..... (4908F)	32 780	-8 034	-1 345	-5 942	30 144	-15 920	8 481	1 512	19 923	89 048
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure.....</i> (4909F)	457 923	464 275	443 739	430 822	444 545	414 119	469 706	471 964	553 520	514 057

KB445

¹ Data for the past two years are preliminary and subject to revision. Net flows: inflow of cash (+)/outflow of cash (-). Included in the statistics are the non-financial public enterprises and corporations (e.g. Eskom, Telkom, Transnet and the water boards). Data have been revised from fiscal 2009/10 to reflect improved institutional classification and are therefore not strictly comparable with data prior to April 2009. Effective from the September 2024 quarter, National Transmission Company of South Africa legally commenced its operations which impacted the reporting of data, and as a result the data is preliminary and subject to change.

² Comprising transfers received from foreign governments, international organisations and other general government units.

³ Comprising property income (including interest and dividends), sales of goods and services, fines, penalties and forfeits, other non-tax revenue, and subsidies.

⁴ Comprising current and capital transfers to foreign governments, international organisations and other general government units.

⁵ Comprising miscellaneous other current and capital expense (including transfers to non-profit institutions serving households and to households for non-social benefits) and property expense other than interest.

⁶ Domestic and foreign financial assets.

⁷ Liabilities classified according to currency of issue.

⁸ Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-) plus the net cash flow from financing activities.

Non-financial public-sector borrowing requirement^{1,2}

R millions

End of	National government (4190K)	National extra-budgetary institutions (4220K)	Social security funds (4248K)	Consolidated central government (4270K)	Consolidated provincial government (4296K)	Local governments ³ (4320K)	Consolidated general government (4363K)	Non-financial public enterprises (4410K)	Non-financial public sector (4411K)
31 March									
2020	357 547	-27 130	-27 645	302 773	-2 876	-35 052	264 846	19 766	284 612
2021	560 945	-37 415	45 880	569 410	-13 773	-55 081	500 557	32 556	533 113
2022	328 764	-19 408	-75	309 281	-621	-44 827	263 833	16 188	280 022
2023	317 944	-22 478	-23 427	272 039	12 591	-84 696	199 934	24 894	224 828
2024	339 290	7 708	-27 557	319 442	9 462	-77 400	251 504	36 427	287 931
2025	331 237	17 783	-22 787	326 234	6 465	-75 358	257 340	25 282	282 622
31 December									
2019	326 851	-34 707	-32 384	259 760	-6 717	-22 371	230 673	31 299	261 972
2020	544 965	-28 448	24 296	540 813	-33 204	-63 175	444 435	13 909	458 344
2021	337 111	-37 123	25 273	325 261	23 015	-44 968	303 308	45 340	348 647
2022	322 630	-23 322	-20 894	278 414	-3 498	-65 737	209 180	20 515	229 694
2023	392 873	2 503	-32 371	363 004	13 364	-80 170	296 198	38 114	334 312
2024	325 389	15 406	-29 938	310 857	24 709	-81 043	254 523	18 004	272 526
2018: 01.....	22 190	2 904	-3 978	21 117	-1 662	-16 533	2 921	27 120	30 041
02.....	30 318	-10 737	-5 996	13 585	-12 147	29 863	31 301	5 440	36 741
03.....	107 695	-4 019	-5 027	98 648	1 734	-32 306	68 077	3 271	71 347
04.....	38 015	671	-5 693	32 993	5 621	-12 494	26 120	10 211	36 331
2019: 01.....	69 128	-4 706	-5 017	59 405	1 674	-14 634	46 445	9 268	55 713
02.....	67 077	-14 187	-9 259	43 632	-9 277	34 449	68 805	8 314	77 119
03.....	132 664	-7 038	-9 134	116 492	-1 971	-31 196	83 325	15 812	99 138
04.....	57 982	-8 776	-8 974	40 232	2 857	-10 990	32 098	-2 096	30 002
2020: 01.....	99 822	2 871	-278	102 415	5 515	-27 315	80 615	-2 264	78 350
02.....	126 807	-18 967	3 159	110 999	-20 947	27 764	117 816	3 389	121 205
03.....	246 528	-8 589	9 336	247 276	-13 903	-38 350	195 023	3 996	199 019
04.....	71 809	-3 763	12 079	80 124	-3 869	-25 274	50 981	8 789	59 769
2021: 01.....	115 801	-6 097	21 306	131 011	24 946	-19 221	136 736	16 383	153 119
02.....	23 867	-24 590	7 490	6 768	-6 097	35 825	36 496	23 969	60 465
03.....	180 864	-6 657	-272	173 935	-4 065	-43 294	126 576	-16 492	110 084
04.....	16 578	220	-3 252	13 546	8 232	-18 278	3 500	21 479	24 979
2022: 01.....	107 455	11 619	-4 042	115 032	1 310	-19 080	97 262	-12 768	84 494
02.....	-1 785	-29 155	-4 573	-35 513	-10 694	31 180	-15 028	18 427	3 399
03.....	189 218	-2 869	-5 347	181 002	-3 033	-46 147	131 821	-6 363	125 458
04.....	27 742	-2 916	-6 932	17 893	8 920	-31 689	-4 875	21 218	16 343
2023: 01.....	102 769	12 462	-6 574	108 657	17 398	-38 039	88 016	-8 389	79 628
02.....	57 217	-19 318	-10 992	26 908	-5 719	35 761	56 949	24 992	81 942
03.....	203 882	1 197	-7 540	197 540	-3 281	-55 205	139 054	-9 766	129 289
04.....	29 004	8 161	-7 266	29 900	4 966	-22 688	12 178	31 276	43 454
2024: 01.....	49 187	17 668	-1 760	65 094	13 496	-35 268	43 323	-10 076	33 247
02.....	50 520	-42 387	-19 528	-11 394	6 362	35 815	30 783	21 309	52 092
03.....	201 943	30 276	-7 761	224 459	-2 435	-56 773	165 251	-5 739	159 512
04.....	23 739	9 849	-889	32 699	7 285	-24 818	15 166	12 509	27 675
2025: 01.....	55 034	20 046	5 391	80 471	-4 748	-29 583	46 140	-2 798	43 342
02.....	-6 196	12 980	-13 746	-6 962	-1 249	37 336	29 125	14 019	43 144
03.....	203 836	7 774	-9 617	201 993	-1 489	-67 836	132 668	-17 912	114 757

KB423

1 Data for the past two years are preliminary and subject to revision. The non-financial public sector borrowing requirement is calculated as the cash deficit/surplus of the statement of sources and uses of cash for all levels of government. Deficit (+)/surplus (-). Effective from the September 2024 quarter, National Transmission Company of South Africa legally commenced its operations which impacted the reporting of non-financial public enterprises and corporations data, and as a result the data is preliminary and subject to change.

2 Data have been revised since fiscal 2009/10 to reflect improved institutional classification and are therefore not strictly comparable with data prior to April 2009.

3 Including market establishments of local governments not operating as a separate institutional unit.

Government finance statistics of financial public enterprises and corporations¹

Statement of sources and uses of cash

R millions

Quarterly	2023/24				2024/25				2025/26	
	02	03	04	01	02	03	04	01	02	03
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4915K)	1 837	1 896	2 099	2 205	4 656	837	4 102	2 966	4 752	-336
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4916K)	7 701	7 905	8 069	8 093	10 157	8 487	9 029	10 019	10 941	7 332
Taxes (4917K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social contributions (4918K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants ² (4919K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other receipts ³ (4920K)	7 701	7 905	8 069	8 093	10 157	8 487	9 029	10 019	10 941	7 332
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4921K)	5 864	6 010	5 970	5 888	5 501	7 649	4 927	7 053	6 189	7 668
Compensation of employees..... (4922K)	889	923	945	956	827	891	776	778	781	823
Purchases of goods and services (4923K)	363	363	363	362	714	993	688	809	810	844
Interest (4924K)	2 855	2 979	3 049	3 077	1 960	2 006	2 024	2 152	1 764	1 964
Subsidies..... (4925K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grants ⁴ (4926K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Social benefits (4927K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other payments ⁵ (4928K)	1 758	1 745	1 612	1 491	2 000	3 759	1 440	3 314	2 834	4 037
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets (4929K)	-41	-35	-32	-30	-84	-368	301	-23	-198	-72
Purchases of non-financial assets (4930K)	41	36	32	31	84	368	39	23	198	72
Sales of non-financial assets (4931K)	1	1	1	1	0	-	340	-	-	-
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4932K)	1 796	1 860	2 067	2 175	4 572	470	4 403	2 944	4 554	- 409
Net cash flow from financing activities (4933K)	-7 233	-2 336	3 970	4 224	-15 915	1 238	4 498	-7 011	-3 995	-5 456
Net acquisition of financial assets other than cash ⁶ (4934K)	-246	3 042	-1 921	2 353	4 683	-507	14 208	-2 606	9 266	-5 992
Net incurrence of liabilities ⁷ (4935K)	-6 987	-5 379	5 891	1 871	-20 598	1 745	-9 710	-4 405	-13 261	536
Domestic..... (4936K)	-6 987	-5 379	5 891	1 871	-20 598	1 745	-9 710	-4 405	-13 261	536
Foreign..... (4937K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net change in stock of cash⁸..... (4938K)	-5 437	-476	6 038	6 399	-11 344	1 708	8 901	-4 067	559	-5 865
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure.....</i> (4939K)	5 905	6 045	6 002	5 917	5 585	8 017	4 626	7 075	6 387	7 740

KB447

Selected items

R millions

Year ended 31 March	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Cash receipts from operating activities..... (4916F)	26 502	18 881	22 949	24 736	24 075	26 001	31 132	29 670	31 768	37 691
Cash payments for operating activities..... (4921F)	14 031	9 648	17 639	16 318	15 852	14 589	23 460	24 079	23 731	25 130
Net cash flow from operating activities..... (4915F)	12 472	9 234	5 310	8 418	8 223	11 412	7 673	5 591	8 037	12 562
Net cash flow from investment in non-financial assets (4929F)	-2 142	- 266	-237	-195	-192	-55	-180	-229	-137	-173
Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-)..... (4932F)	10 330	8 968	5 073	8 223	8 031	11 356	7 492	5 363	7 899	12 388
Net cash flow from financing activities (4933F)	-7 340	-8 117	-4 678	-4 847	-9 297	798	-8 851	-7 799	-1 376	-17 190
Net change in stock of cash⁸..... (4938F)	2 990	852	395	3 376	-1 266	12 155	-1 359	-2 437	6 524	-4 801
<i>Memo: Total cash expenditure.....</i> (4939F)	16 172	9 913	17 876	16 513	16 044	14 644	23 640	24 307	23 868	25 303

KB446

¹ Data for the past two years are preliminary and subject to revision. Net flows: inflow of cash (+)/outflow of cash (-). Included in the statistics are the financial public enterprises and corporations, for example the Industrial Development Corporation of SA Ltd (IDC). However, the South African Reserve Bank, Corporation for Public Deposits, the Land Bank and the Postbank are not included because their statistics are covered in the monetary statistical pages.

² Comprising transfers received from foreign governments, international organisations and other general government units.

³ Comprising property income (including interest and dividends), sales of goods and services, fines, penalties and forfeits, other non-tax revenue and subsidies.

⁴ Comprising current and capital transfers to foreign governments, international organisations and other general government units.

⁵ Comprising miscellaneous other current and capital expense (including transfers to non-profit institutions serving households and to households for non-social benefits) and property expense other than interest.

⁶ Domestic and foreign financial assets.

⁷ Liabilities classified according to currency of issue.

⁸ Cash surplus (+)/deficit (-) plus the net cash flow from financing activities.

Total expenditure: Consolidated general government

Functional classification^{1,2}

R millions

Year ended 31 March	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General public services..... (4331F)	386 726	425 520	440 452	471 945	506 134	564 242	531 898	605 421
<i>Of which:</i> Public debt transactions ³ (4383F)	146 497	162 645	181 849	204 769	232 596	268 072	308 459	356 110
Defence..... (4371F)	47 173	46 264	46 659	50 816	50 325	51 672	55 613	53 268
Public order and safety..... (4372F)	156 220	162 917	172 273	182 715	181 891	190 257	197 060	208 933
Economic affairs..... (4332F)	170 191	179 196	174 755	223 547	227 360	209 172	256 788	247 214
<i>Of which:</i> Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting..... (4379F)	21 785	20 727	22 341	23 960	22 063	24 713	32 516	27 509
Fuel and energy..... (4378F)	8 729	7 852	7 087	55 889	61 044	38 317	30 103	8 567
Mining, manufacturing, and construction..... (4380F)	9 269	7 901	8 659	8 966	7 530	7 750	10 325	10 764
Transport..... (4333F)	87 300	92 499	90 152	86 969	91 208	89 805	135 822	149 575
Communication..... (4334F)	3 627	6 355	5 286	3 214	2 348	2 402	5 790	4 129
Other industries..... (4335F)	4 847	5 383	5 651	6 447	4 807	5 520	6 941	6 954
Environmental protection..... (4387F)	12 715	13 934	14 252	15 059	13 157	13 397	16 967	18 925
Housing and community amenities..... (4376F)	69 568	70 691	71 883	69 251	65 155	71 021	77 474	81 490
Health..... (4374F)	185 096	200 862	209 506	226 318	251 947	267 775	264 748	275 677
<i>Of which:</i> Outpatient services..... (4336F)	6 306	4 954	143	8 316	8 919	9 069	10 123	10 758
Hospital services..... (4337F)	104 918	113 795	119 717	128 755	137 157	137 910	143 767	151 294
Public health services..... (4339F)	61 305	66 526	67 036	73 446	83 936	94 288	87 105	87 295
Recreation, culture and religion..... (4377F)	37 978	39 577	42 252	47 248	41 059	45 230	42 129	47 159
Education..... (4373F)	306 604	328 119	360 244	391 757	397 148	430 968	460 781	485 792
<i>Of which:</i> Pre-primary and primary education..... (4340F)	94 450	101 361	109 528	117 289	119 838	123 712	131 654	138 679
Secondary education..... (4341F)	73 440	78 586	83 587	89 037	90 209	95 015	100 262	105 198
Tertiary education..... (4342F)	76 656	83 323	97 699	111 205	109 601	127 275	139 332	148 166
Social protection..... (4375F)	222 156	236 099	257 430	285 991	369 601	347 437	346 051	364 896
Total outlays..... (4385F)	1 594 426	1 703 179	1 789 705	1 964 647	2 103 777	2 191 171	2 249 509	2 388 775
Discrepancy with consolidated general government ⁴ (4386F)	181 990	206 584	205 786	240 105	244 449	280 916	369 471	403 921
Total expenditure: Consolidated general government..... (4357F)	1 776 416	1 909 762	1 995 492	2 204 752	2 348 226	2 472 087	2 618 980	2 792 696

KB420

Total expenditure: Consolidated general government

Functional classification^{1,2}

Percentage

Year ended 31 March	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General public service..... (4331Z)	24.3	25.0	24.6	24.0	24.1	25.8	23.6	25.3
<i>Of which:</i> Public debt transactions ³ (4383Z)	9.2	9.5	10.2	10.4	11.1	12.2	13.7	14.9
Defence..... (4371Z)	3.0	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.2
Public order and safety..... (4372Z)	9.8	9.6	9.6	9.3	8.6	8.7	8.8	8.7
Economic affairs..... (4332Z)	10.7	10.5	9.8	11.4	10.8	9.5	11.4	10.3
<i>Of which:</i> Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting..... (4379Z)	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.2
Fuel and energy..... (4378Z)	0.5	0.5	0.4	2.8	2.9	1.7	1.3	0.4
Mining, manufacturing, and construction..... (4380Z)	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Transport..... (4333Z)	5.5	5.4	5.0	4.4	4.3	4.1	6.0	6.3
Communication..... (4334Z)	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2
Other industries..... (4335Z)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3
Environmental protection..... (4387Z)	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8
Housing and community amenities..... (4376Z)	4.4	4.2	4.0	3.5	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.4
Health..... (4374Z)	11.6	11.8	11.7	11.5	12.0	12.2	11.8	11.5
<i>Of which:</i> Outpatient services..... (4336Z)	0.4	0.3	-	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
Hospital services..... (4337Z)	6.6	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.5	6.3	6.4	6.3
Public health services..... (4339Z)	3.8	3.9	3.7	3.7	4.0	4.3	3.9	3.7
Recreation, culture and religion..... (4377Z)	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.0
Education..... (4373Z)	19.2	19.3	20.1	19.9	18.9	19.7	20.5	20.3
<i>Of which:</i> Pre-primary and primary education..... (4340Z)	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.0	5.7	5.6	5.9	5.8
Secondary education..... (4341Z)	4.6	4.6	4.7	4.5	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.4
Tertiary education..... (4342Z)	4.8	4.9	5.5	5.7	5.2	5.8	6.2	6.2
Social protection..... (4375Z)	13.9	13.9	14.4	14.6	17.6	15.9	15.4	15.3
Total outlays..... (4385Z)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

KB421

1 Source: Statistics South Africa (Stats SA).

2 Before fiscal 2004/05 data were compiled based on the *Government Finance Statistics Manual (GFSM)* 1986. The current reporting format is in compliance with the *GFSM* 2001 and is therefore not strictly comparable with data prior to April 2004.

3 Before fiscal 2004/05 only includes interest paid by national government. This interest is unallocable and not classified between the different functions of government.

4 Mostly local government trading accounts not included in the analysis by Stats SA.

Social security funds¹

Liabilities

R millions

End of	Equity and investment fund shares		Insurance, pension and standardised guarantee schemes	Financial derivatives and employee stock options	Other accounts payable				Total
	Reserves	Retained earnings			Provisions for outstanding claims ²	Trade creditors	Deposits ³	Employee benefits	
	(4942Q)	(4943Q)			(4947Q)	(4948Q)	(4949Q)	(4950Q)	
31 March									
2023	637 873	129 550	-	-	26 024	769	0	616	794 832
2024	450 614	124 087	-	-	25 596	704	0	522	601 523
2025	480 778	140 288	-	-	31 289	778	0	613	653 746
2023: 04.....	497 429	125 453	-	-	25 703	720	0	545	649 850
2024: 01.....	450 614	124 087	-	-	25 596	704	0	522	601 523
02.....	458 155	127 881	-	-	27 340	728	0	545	614 648
03.....	465 696	131 675	-	-	29 084	751	0	567	627 773
04.....	473 237	136 238	-	-	29 865	759	0	590	640 691
2025: 01.....	480 778	140 288	-	-	31 289	778	0	613	653 746
02.....	488 708	145 471	-	-	31 634	801	0	624	667 238
03.....	496 637	150 654	-	-	31 979	825	0	634	680 729

KB450

Assets

R millions

End of	Non-financial assets ⁴ (4961Q)	Financial assets							Total (4960Q)
		Currency and deposits		Debt securities			Equity and investment fund shares (4970Q)	Other accounts receivable ⁶ (4971Q)	
		Cash (4964Q)	Fixed deposits (4965Q)	Bonds (4967Q)	Bills and NCDs (4968Q)	Promissory notes ⁵ (4969Q)			
31 March									
2023	1 928	0	36 055	132 961	3 558	2 715	57 042	560 572	794 832
2024	1 734	0	34 468	128 851	3 262	2 680	54 835	375 694	601 523
2025	2 089	0	39 333	149 093	3 348	3 212	62 432	394 239	653 746
2023: 04.....	1 782	0	34 864	129 878	3 336	2 688	55 387	421 913	649 850
2024: 01.....	1 734	0	34 468	128 851	3 262	2 680	54 835	375 694	601 523
02.....	1 822	0	35 742	133 911	3 284	2 813	56 735	380 341	614 648
03.....	1 911	0	37 017	138 972	3 305	2 946	58 634	384 988	627 773
04.....	2 000	0	38 116	144 032	3 327	3 079	60 533	389 603	640 691
2025: 01.....	2 089	0	39 333	149 093	3 348	3 212	62 432	394 239	653 746
02.....	2 124	0	40 504	153 819	3 528	3 295	64 587	399 381	667 238
03.....	2 160	0	41 675	158 545	3 707	3 377	66 741	404 524	680 729

KB451

1 Data for the past three years are preliminary and subject to revision. Comprising the Unemployment Insurance Fund, Road Accident Fund (RAF), Mines and Works Compensation Fund as well as the Compensation Fund.

2 A revaluation adjustment to the provisions for outstanding claims is made at the end of each fiscal year by the Auditor General in terms of claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) to the RAF.

3 Before fiscal 2013/14, including bank overdrafts.

4 Including fixed assets, inventories, valuables and non-produced assets.

5 Before fiscal 2013/14, including financial derivatives.

6 Predominantly including the accumulated deficit of the RAF as to report the analysis on a gross basis. Also including transfers receivable from fuel levies, interest accrued and other trade receivables.

Local governments¹
Liabilities and net worth

R millions

End of	Debt securities (4694K)	Loans				Accounts payable				Net worth ²		Total liabilities and net worth (4632K)
		Short term		Long term		Trade creditors (4724K)	Unspent conditional grants (4744K)	Consumer deposits (4745K)	Other ⁵ (4746K)	Reserves (4748K)	Retained earnings ⁶ (4749K)	
		Bank loans and overdrafts (4697K)	Other ³ (4698K)	Banks (4721K)	Other ⁴ (4722K)							
31 March												
2023	16 019	3 397	3 336	22 607	30 851	123 952	9 961	7 803	102 767	58 633	591 555	970 882
2024	16 306	4 048	3 925	24 044	33 323	129 513	10 528	8 452	111 330	64 614	615 513	1 021 597
2025	16 825	4 668	4 675	24 312	35 687	135 280	11 387	8 934	125 079	69 003	632 817	1 068 668
2023: 04.....	16 468	4 107	4 077	23 742	33 166	114 677	9 647	8 639	109 711	63 538	614 150	1 001 923
2024: 01.....	16 306	4 048	3 925	24 044	33 323	129 513	10 528	8 452	111 330	64 614	615 513	1 021 597
02.....	8 313	3 229	8 351	19 344	35 741	184 688	7 459	8 230	110 225	63 619	619 406	1 068 604
03.....	17 248	3 946	4 978	23 953	36 594	135 629	10 035	9 050	116 142	62 821	631 115	1 051 511
04.....	16 993	4 736	4 855	24 007	35 519	125 110	10 434	9 132	120 026	67 855	631 416	1 050 081
2025: 01.....	16 825	4 668	4 675	24 312	35 687	135 280	11 387	8 934	125 079	69 003	632 817	1 068 668
02.....	17 361	5 383	5 567	24 583	38 219	138 483	12 315	9 444	136 839	73 691	650 607	1 112 492
03.....	16 564	3 965	5 163	24 413	38 976	156 685	9 052	9 545	126 098	66 619	648 352	1 105 433

KB434

Assets

R millions

End of	Non-financial assets (4770K)	Financial assets								Total (4652K)
		Currency and deposits ⁷ (4772K)	Debt securities and loans ⁸ (4773K)	Equity and investment fund shares ⁹ (4774K)	Accounts receivable (4796K)	Of which:				
						Property rates (4797K)	Electricity (4798K)	Water (4799K)	Other ¹⁰ (4819K)	
31 March										
2023	783 918	65 923	4 171	13 467	103 403	20 453	20 075	18 576	44 299	970 882
2024	818 748	73 869	4 239	12 198	112 542	20 022	24 773	21 258	46 490	1 021 597
2025	856 516	70 100	5 802	13 158	123 092	20 866	28 130	23 480	50 616	1 068 668
2023: 04.....	797 995	65 816	4 426	12 611	121 076	19 819	24 026	20 750	56 482	1 001 923
2024: 01.....	818 748	73 869	4 239	12 198	112 542	20 022	24 773	21 258	46 490	1 021 597
02.....	865 512	64 738	597	7 356	130 402	25 018	20 538	24 709	60 137	1 068 604
03.....	846 713	59 179	5 814	12 004	127 801	20 315	27 204	22 757	57 525	1 051 511
04.....	835 614	62 458	6 057	13 603	132 350	20 654	27 281	22 919	61 495	1 050 081
2025: 01.....	856 516	70 100	5 802	13 158	123 092	20 866	28 130	23 480	50 616	1 068 668
02.....	888 624	66 524	7 940	14 673	134 731	21 745	31 942	25 935	55 108	1 112 492
03.....	877 545	56 735	7 354	28 511	135 289	21 050	29 023	24 043	61 172	1 105 433

KB435

1 Comprising metropolitan, district and local municipalities. The annual data from 2010 to 2021 are sourced from Statistics South Africa's (Stats SA) statistical releases of local government P9114 publication. Quarterly data from 2010Q1 to 2015Q2 were sourced from Stats SA's P9110 publication until it was discontinued, and from 2015Q3, the quarterly data were based on the South African Reserve Bank's temporal disaggregation estimates. Data for the past two years are preliminary and subject to revision. As from 30 June 2005, the data were based on the Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP) and Generally Accepted Municipal Accounting Practice (GAMAP) accounting standards, whereas they were previously reported based on the Institute of Municipal Finance Officers (IMFO) standards.

2 Net worth is the sum of retained earnings (net assets) plus reserves.

3 Including loans from the Development bank of Southern Africa (DBSA), private and public financial corporations.

4 Including long-term loans from the DBSA and public financial corporations.

5 Including deferred tax, operating lease, finance lease, non-current employee benefit obligations, non-current and current provisions, advance payments, retentions, other current and non-current liabilities, transfers and subsidies payable, and value-added tax (VAT) payable.

6 Including accumulated surplus/deficit plus non-controlling interest.

7 Including cash and cash equivalents.

8 Including deposit-taking institutions (financial institutions), listed/unlisted bonds and stocks, interest rate swaps, national government securities, current portion of non-current receivables, and operating lease receivables.

9 Including investments in associates and joint ventures, deposits held with fund managers, guaranteed investment instruments, sinking fund and redemption fund asset.

10 Including waste water management, property rental receivables, prepayment and advances, fines, deferred tax, non-current receivables, VAT receivable, deposits, other receivables from exchange and non-exchange transactions, housing selling schemes, bursary obligations, operating lease, consumer receivables and deferred tax assets.

Non-financial public enterprises and corporations¹

Liabilities²

R millions

End of	Debt securities		Loans			Equity and investment fund shares			Insurance, pension and standardised guarantee schemes ⁶	Financial derivatives and employee stock options ⁷	Other accounts payable ⁸	Total
	Bonds (4675K)	Other ³ (4662K)	Long term		Short term ⁴ (4673K)	National government (4667K)	Other share holders ⁵ (4668K)	Capital funds, reserves and unallocated profits (4669K)				
			Domestic (4663K)	Foreign (4664K)								
31 March												
2023	281 626	87 084	41 018	150 348	66 888	49 082	3 149	452 884	4 692	2 302	340 879	1 479 951
2024	272 616	87 084	30 659	160 365	65 557	51 482	2 899	489 959	4 510	2 012	367 627	1 534 769
2025	252 318	80 885	30 664	130 447	138 667	49 286	2 899	464 140	4 866	2 278	368 062	1 524 513
2023: 04.....	276 723	87 084	34 025	154 241	56 362	49 082	3 149	461 040	4 590	6 361	321 996	1 454 652
2024: 01.....	272 616	87 084	30 659	160 365	65 557	51 482	2 899	489 959	4 510	2 012	367 627	1 534 769
02.....	277 228	87 084	30 959	137 064	100 012	49 082	2 899	456 354	4 889	4 566	358 125	1 508 261
03.....	276 040	87 084	30 719	132 790	93 340	49 082	2 899	410 849	4 928	7 922	380 166	1 475 818
04.....	277 874	87 084	30 605	153 716	51 771	49 082	2 899	464 889	4 929	2 225	367 590	1 492 662
2025: 01.....	252 318	80 885	30 664	130 447	138 667	49 286	2 899	464 140	4 866	2 278	368 062	1 524 513
02.....	259 497	80 885	31 980	126 759	80 301	49 286	2 899	500 050	4 817	5 204	328 379	1 470 058
03.....	340 876	80 885	31 658	118 481	80 724	49 286	2 899	434 553	4 826	6 386	339 514	1 490 087

KB448

Assets²

R millions

End of	Non-financial assets ⁹	Financial assets										Total
		Currency and deposits		Debt securities			Loans		Equity and investment fund shares ¹⁵	Financial derivatives and employee stock options	Other accounts receivable ¹⁶	
		Monetary institutions ¹⁰	Other institutions ¹¹	Short term ¹²	Long term		Short term	Long term ¹⁴				
					Government bonds	Other ¹³						
		(4693K)	(4682K)	(4683K)	(4603K)	(4604K)	(4605K)	(4606K)	(4607K)	(4608K)	(4609K)	
31 March												
2023	1 207 585	77 669	0	-	1 475	81	2 535	19 421	27 536	36 098	107 550	1 479 951
2024	1 232 552	85 831	0	-	2 451	54	4 254	17 467	27 580	36 637	127 942	1 534 769
2025	1 134 245	123 175	0	-	2 451	284	2 704	51 710	29 186	26 401	154 358	1 524 513
2023: 04.....	1 193 061	50 743	0	-	1 475	53	2 703	17 999	27 532	35 461	125 625	1 454 652
2024: 01.....	1 232 552	85 831	0	-	2 451	54	4 254	17 467	27 580	36 637	127 942	1 534 769
02.....	1 211 476	59 510	0	-	2 451	53	2 704	17 989	29 195	29 721	155 162	1 508 261
03.....	1 119 170	91 085	0	-	2 451	344	2 704	48 580	29 193	24 488	157 802	1 475 818
04.....	1 122 734	81 111	0	-	2 451	357	2 704	51 348	29 190	36 253	166 513	1 492 662
2025: 01.....	1 134 245	123 175	0	-	2 451	284	2 704	51 710	29 186	26 401	154 358	1 524 513
02.....	1 133 446	100 330	0	-	2 451	283	2 404	19 876	29 190	21 836	160 243	1 470 058
03.....	1 137 060	128 672	0	-	2 451	269	2 407	21 644	29 193	20 233	148 157	1 490 087

KB449

1 Data for the past two years are preliminary and subject to revision. Included in the statistics are state-owned non-financial enterprises and corporations such as Eskom, Telkom, Transnet and Waterboards. Data have been revised from fiscal 2009/10 to reflect improved institutional classification and are therefore not strictly comparable with data prior to April 2009. Effective from the September 2024 quarter, National Transmission Company of South Africa legally commenced its operations which impacted the reporting of data, and as a result the data is preliminary and subject to change.

2 Consolidated data; intra-sectoral claims have been eliminated.

3 Including promissory notes, commercial paper, repurchase agreements and Treasury bills.

4 Including loans received from banks, the non-bank private sector, public sector institutions and foreign loans.

5 Including minority shareholder's non-controlling interests in subsidiaries.

6 Including insurance technical reserves, life insurance and annuities entitlements, post-retirement benefits, and provisions for calls under standardised guarantee schemes.

7 Including domestic and foreign liabilities in respect of financial derivative instruments.

8 Including deposits received, trade credit and advances, and other accounts payable.

9 Including fixed assets, inventories, valuables, and non-produced assets.

10 South African Reserve Bank, Corporation for Public Deposits, banks and mutual banks.

11 Including cash on hand, short-term transferable and other deposits or investments with non-monetary institutions with original maturities of less than three months.

12 Including negotiable certificates of deposit (NCDs) before fiscal 2013/14.

13 Including other private-sector bonds and other capital market securities issued abroad.

14 Including long-term loans to residents and non-residents.

15 Including investments in domestic and foreign subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures, and other money and non-money markets funds (i.e. mutual funds and unit trusts).

16 Including deposits paid, trade credit and advances, and other accounts receivable.

Financial public enterprises and corporations¹

Liabilities²

R millions

End of	Debt securities		Loans				Shares and other equity			Financial derivatives ⁷	Other accounts payable ⁸	Total
	Bonds	Other ³	Long term		Short term		National government ⁵	Other share holders ⁶	Capital funds, reserves and unallocated profits			
			Residents	Non-residents	Banks	Other ⁴						
(4518K)	(4513K)	(4514K)	(4507K)	(4509K)	(4510K)	(4500K)	(4501K)	(4515K)	(4516K)	(4517K)	(4512K)	
31 March												
2023	51 173	1 350	22 763	31 564	-	1 391	3 482	308	160 976	613	25 598	299 217
2024	44 134	1 350	26 542	38 716	-	1 170	3 482	308	164 270	477	23 231	303 680
2025	78 414	1 350	12 218	14 960	-	1 140	3 482	-	153 103	95	10 664	275 424
2023: 04.....	85 400	1 350	13 039	12 061	-	1 371	3 482	308	157 955	958	16 397	292 321
2024: 01.....	44 134	1 350	26 542	38 716	-	1 170	3 482	308	164 270	477	23 231	303 680
02.....	76 931	1 350	13 064	12 537	-	1 143	3 482	308	158 841	477	12 501	280 633
03.....	77 491	1 350	13 068	12 537	-	1 140	3 482	308	162 032	35	11 891	283 334
04.....	80 836	1 350	12 218	14 960	-	1 140	3 482	-	151 943	-	11 077	277 005
2025: 01.....	78 414	1 350	12 218	14 960	-	1 140	3 482	-	153 103	95	10 664	275 424
02.....	79 893	1 350	12 218	14 960	-	1 140	3 482	-	142 408	79	11 975	267 504
03.....	77 544	1 350	12 210	12 562	-	1 141	3 482	-	148 903	26	10 863	268 080

KB425

Assets²

R millions

End of	Non-financial assets ⁹	Financial assets											Total
		Currency and deposits		Securities other than shares			Loans			Shares and other equity ¹³	Financial derivatives	Other accounts receivable ¹⁴	
		Monetary institutions ¹⁰	Other institutions ¹¹	NCDs	Bonds	Bills and other	Long term		Short term				
							Mortgage loans	Other ¹²					
(4533K)	(4520K)	(4535K)	(4537K)	(4536K)	(4538K)	(4525K)	(4539K)	(4534K)	(4524K)	(4540K)	(4541K)	(4532K)	
31 March													
2023	4 869	23 360	-	-	2 514	10 986	2 612	145 358	1 092	101 398	65	6 964	299 217
2024	5 125	29 884	-	-	2 559	11 272	2 603	151 305	1 292	91 524	10	8 107	303 680
2025	4 602	25 082	-	-	2 164	17 797	2 470	146 128	1 292	74 720	224	945	275 424
2023: 04.....	4 504	23 485	-	-	2 526	12 267	2 579	143 353	1 092	100 948	44	1 524	292 321
2024: 01.....	5 125	29 884	-	-	2 559	11 272	2 603	151 305	1 292	91 524	10	8 107	303 680
02.....	4 821	18 540	-	-	1 827	17 763	2 473	145 340	1 292	86 938	148	1 491	280 633
03.....	4 794	20 248	-	-	1 828	17 501	2 470	145 848	1 292	86 938	837	1 578	283 334
04.....	4 594	29 149	-	-	1 877	17 688	2 470	143 810	1 292	74 720	467	938	277 005
2025: 01.....	4 602	25 082	-	-	2 164	17 797	2 470	146 128	1 292	74 720	224	945	275 424
02.....	4 560	25 642	-	-	3 311	18 284	2 470	144 687	1 292	65 748	376	1 135	267 504
03.....	4 832	19 777	-	-	3 930	18 055	1 968	145 696	1 292	70 615	744	1 171	268 080

KB426

1 Data for the past two years are preliminary and subject to revision. Included in the statistics are state-owned financial enterprises and corporations such as the Industrial Development Corporation of South Africa Ltd and Development Bank of Southern Africa. However, the South African Reserve Bank, Corporation for Public Deposits (CPD), the Land Bank and the Postbank are not included because their statistics are covered in the monetary statistical analysis.

2 Consolidated data; intra-sectoral claims have been eliminated.

3 Including debentures, promissory notes, commercial papers, repurchase agreements and other fixed interests securities.

4 Including other loans received from the domestic non-bank private sector, other public sector institutions and foreign loans.

5 Including ordinary and preference shares.

6 Including minority shareholder's non-controlling interests in subsidiaries.

7 Including domestic and foreign liabilities in respect of derivative instruments.

8 Including deposits received, trade credit and advances, and other accounts payable.

9 Including fixed assets, inventories, valuables and non-produced assets.

10 South African Reserve Bank, CPD, Land Bank, banks and mutual banks.

11 Including cash on hand, short-term transferable and other deposits or investments with non-monetary institutions with original maturities of less than three months.

12 Including other long-term loans to residents and non-residents.

13 Including investments in domestic and foreign subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures, and other money and non-money market funds (i.e. mutual funds and unit trusts).

14 Including deposits paid, trade credit and advances, and other accounts receivable.

Balance of payments¹

Annual figures

R millions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Current account								
Merchandise exports, free on board ²(5000J)	1 101 600	1 177 801	1 233 208	1 286 433	1 689 377	1 939 005	1 957 602	1 892 677
Net gold exports ³(5001J)	66 411	71 678	67 209	107 831	109 555	86 149	115 930	149 863
Services receipts.....(5002J)	220 370	225 239	229 759	139 718	137 082	210 780	266 763	294 944
Income receipts.....(5680J)	80 832	104 306	123 460	128 918	167 470	185 681	217 448	196 281
Less: Merchandise imports, free on board ²(5003J)	1 109 045	1 223 087	1 263 772	1 105 069	1 347 291	1 792 027	1 933 945	1 828 234
Less: Payments for services.....(5004J)	221 230	224 358	237 926	184 587	202 750	301 792	348 096	366 830
Less: Income payments.....(5681J)	221 627	254 087	263 872	221 514	286 042	324 124	312 230	340 843
Current transfers (net receipts +).....(5006J)	-37 547	-34 584	-34 570	-42 196	-35 764	-25 263	-39 896	-45 849
Balance on current account(5007J)	-120 236	-157 092	-146 504	109 534	231 637	-21 591	-76 424	-47 991
<i>Memo item: Trade balance</i>(5010J)	58 966	26 392	36 645	289 195	451 641	233 127	139 587	214 306
Capital transfer account (net receipts +).....(5682J)	246	236	244	234	225	-28 936	236	245
Net lending to (+)/borrowing from (-) rest of world.....(5755J)	-119 990	-156 856	-146 260	109 768	231 862	-50 527	-76 188	-47 746
Financial account⁴								
Net direct investment (inflow (+)/outflow (-)).....(5683J)	-71 453	18 176	28 584	82 511	592 273	112 926	123 465	65 615
Net incurrence of liabilities ⁵(5640J)	26 759	72 119	74 048	50 402	594 326	151 785	72 009	43 504
Net acquisition of financial assets ⁶(5656J)	-98 212	-53 943	-45 464	32 109	-2 053	-38 859	51 456	22 111
Net portfolio investment (inflow (+)/outflow (-)).....(5684J)	219 934	38 157	129 743	-112 683	-801 642	-72 888	-124 626	-20 996
Net incurrence of liabilities.....(5644J)	278 828	94 979	87 517	-159 321	-408 242	42 605	-99 267	6 916
Equity and investment fund shares.....(5756J)	102 269	32 242	-62 903	-84 695	-401 978	13 033	-81 188	-72 840
Debt securities.....(5757J)	176 559	62 737	150 420	-74 626	-6 264	29 572	-18 079	79 756
Net acquisition of financial assets.....(5660J)	-58 894	-56 822	42 226	46 638	-393 400	-115 493	-25 359	-27 912
Equity and investment fund shares.....(5758J)	-27 213	-35 484	80 205	136 136	-277 764	-144 823	-18 075	-36 429
Debt securities.....(5759J)	-31 681	-21 338	-37 979	-89 498	-115 636	29 330	-7 284	8 517
Net financial derivatives (inflow (+)/outflow (-)).....(5760J)	-4 356	6 970	-5 439	-11 107	3 368	-32 464	44 543	4 274
Net incurrence of liabilities.....(5672J)	-227 590	-218 605	-168 043	-335 725	-245 860	-285 592	-262 273	-172 408
Net acquisition of financial assets.....(5677J)	223 234	225 575	162 604	324 618	249 228	253 128	306 816	176 682
Net other investment (inflow (+)/outflow (-)).....(5685J)	-8 639	93 443	-22 785	-141 869	21 733	125 659	11 603	17 209
Net incurrence of liabilities.....(5650J)	61 471	114 963	-31 505	21 398	13 491	184 924	-5 541	129 991
Net acquisition of financial assets.....(5666J)	-70 110	-21 520	8 720	-163 267	8 242	-59 265	17 144	-112 782
Reserve assets (increase (-)/decrease (+)) ⁷(5679J)	-25 525	-11 337	-25 370	54 120	-67 272	-68 201	13 276	-197
Balance on financial account(5764J)	109 961	145 409	104 733	-129 028	-251 540	65 032	68 261	65 905
<i>Memo item: Balance on financial account excluding reserve assets</i>(5765J)	135 486	156 746	130 103	-183 148	-184 268	133 233	54 985	66 102
Unrecorded transactions ⁸(5766J)	10 029	11 447	41 527	19 260	19 678	-14 505	7 927	-18 159
<i>Memo item: Balance on financial account excluding reserve assets including unrecorded transactions</i>(5767J)	145 515	168 193	171 630	-163 888	-164 590	118 728	62 912	47 943

KB501

1 Data for the previous four years are preliminary and subject to revision.

2 Published customs figures adjusted for balance of payments purposes.

3 Commodity gold. Before 1981 net gold exports comprised net foreign sales of gold plus changes in gold holdings of the South African Reserve Bank and other banking institutions.

4 A net incurrence of liabilities (inflow of capital) is indicated by a positive (+) sign. A net disposal of liabilities (outflow of capital) is indicated by a negative (-) sign. A net acquisition of assets (outflow of capital) is indicated by a negative (-) sign. A net disposal of assets (inflow of capital) is indicated by a positive (+) sign.

5 Investment by foreigners in undertakings in South Africa in which they have individually or collectively in the case of affiliated organisations or persons at least 10 per cent of the voting rights.

6 Investment by South African residents in undertakings abroad in which they have individually or collectively in the case of affiliated organisations or persons at least 10 per cent of the voting rights.

7 Foreign currency liabilities of the Reserve Bank with non-resident institutions and loans from the IMF are included in the calculation of reserve assets. An increase in reserve assets is indicated by a negative (-) sign and a decrease is indicated by a positive (+) sign.

8 Transactions on the current, capital transfer and financial accounts.

Balance of payments¹

Quarterly figures

R millions

	2023		2024					2025		
	Q4	2023	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2024	Q1	Q2	Q3
Current account										
Merchandise exports, free on board ² (5000K)	497 724	1 957 602	447 088	491 514	483 260	470 815	1 892 677	438 005	467 455	506 347
Net gold exports ³ (5001K)	30 497	115 930	28 169	37 749	34 796	49 148	149 863	40 765	44 523	37 230
Services receipts..... (5002K)	75 345	266 763	73 137	67 537	73 351	80 919	294 944	79 211	76 122	81 006
Income receipts..... (5680K)	47 546	217 448	53 378	45 812	54 030	43 061	196 281	55 063	46 905	59 548
Less: Merchandise imports, free on board ² (5003K)	486 577	1 933 945	446 919	460 453	466 302	454 559	1 828 234	451 166	453 829	495 842
Less: Payments for services..... (5004K)	94 455	348 096	84 345	91 754	94 184	96 547	366 830	88 809	94 194	101 117
Less: Income payments..... (5681K)	60 336	312 230	105 346	57 383	109 095	69 019	340 843	109 418	71 138	114 899
Current transfers (net receipts +)..... (5006K)	-10 706	-39 896	-11 217	-13 199	-12 053	-9 380	-45 849	-12 203	-7 187	-7 404
Balance on current account (5007K)	-962	-76 424	-46 055	19 823	-36 197	14 439	-47 991	-48 552	8 656	-35 132
<i>Memo item: Trade balance</i> (5010K)	41 644	139 587	28 338	68 810	51 754	65 405	214 306	27 604	58 148	47 734
Capital transfer account (net receipts +)..... (5682K)	58	236	57	60	63	65	245	59	62	64
Net lending to (+)/borrowing from (-) rest of world ... (5755K)	-904	-76 188	-45 998	19 883	-36 134	14 504	-47 746	-48 493	8 718	-35 068
Financial account⁴										
Net direct investment (inflow (+)/outflow (-))..... (5683K)	23 441	123 465	18 918	7 078	13 600	26 019	65 615	19 855	-49 744	17 936
Net incurrence of liabilities ⁵ (5640K)	10 336	72 009	24 639	14 497	-3 098	7 466	43 504	11 725	-73 452	-20 965
Net acquisition of financial assets ⁶ (5656K)	13 105	51 456	-5 721	-7 419	16 698	18 553	22 111	8 130	23 708	38 901
Net portfolio investment (inflow (+)/outflow (-))..... (5684K)	-67 079	-124 626	-33 378	-57 491	81 061	-11 188	-20 996	-73 283	55 495	59 516
Net incurrence of liabilities..... (5644K)	-8 971	-99 267	-52 011	-20 057	45 589	33 395	6 916	-53 666	69 418	40 657
Equity and investment fund shares..... (5756K)	-21 579	-81 188	-24 207	-33 035	4 148	-19 746	-72 840	-47 911	38 990	-2 076
Debt securities..... (5757K)	12 608	-18 079	-27 804	12 978	41 441	53 141	79 756	-5 755	30 428	42 733
Net acquisition of financial assets..... (5660K)	-58 108	-25 359	18 633	-37 434	35 472	-44 583	-27 912	-19 617	-13 923	18 859
Equity and investment fund shares..... (5758K)	-39 260	-18 075	9 381	-26 322	8 116	-27 604	-36 429	-24 172	3 922	28 615
Debt securities..... (5759K)	-18 848	-7 284	9 252	-11 112	27 356	-16 979	8 517	4 555	-17 845	-9 756
Net financial derivatives (inflow (+)/outflow (-))..... (5760K)	1 170	44 543	13 899	-322	-7 755	-1 548	4 274	-9 340	5 915	-6 865
Net incurrence of liabilities..... (5672K)	-56 442	-262 273	-34 730	-41 964	-44 401	-51 313	-172 408	-44 623	-43 129	-38 994
Net acquisition of financial assets..... (5677K)	57 612	306 816	48 629	41 642	36 646	49 765	176 682	35 283	49 044	32 129
Net other investment (inflow (+)/outflow (-))..... (5685K)	38 603	11 603	35 791	16 661	-63 788	28 545	17 209	82 597	-32 892	-23 061
Net incurrence of liabilities..... (5650K)	-22 407	-5 541	100 792	-12 942	67 741	-25 600	129 991	63 963	-32 102	110 837
Net acquisition of financial assets..... (5666K)	61 010	17 144	-65 001	29 603	-131 529	54 145	-112 782	18 634	-790	-133 898
Reserve assets (increase (-)/decrease (+)) ⁷ (5679K)	7 830	13 276	13 986	20 459	16 658	-51 300	-197	17 067	19 361	19 851
Balance on financial account (5764K)	3 965	68 261	49 216	-13 615	39 776	-9 472	65 905	36 896	-1 865	67 377
<i>Memo item: Balance on financial account excluding reserve assets</i> (5765K)	-3 865	54 985	35 230	-34 074	23 118	41 828	66 102	19 829	-21 226	47 526
Unrecorded transactions ⁸ (5766K)	-3 061	7 927	-3 218	-6 268	-3 642	-5 032	-18 159	11 597	-6 853	-32 309
<i>Memo item: Balance on financial account excluding reserve assets including unrecorded transactions</i> (5767K)	-6 926	62 912	32 012	-40 342	19 476	36 796	47 943	31 426	-28 079	15 217

KB502

1 Data for the previous four years are preliminary and subject to revision.

2 Published customs figures adjusted for balance of payments purposes.

3 Commodity gold. Before 1981 net gold exports comprised net foreign sales of gold plus changes in gold holdings of the South African Reserve Bank and other banking institutions.

4 A net incurrence of liabilities (inflow of capital) is indicated by a positive (+) sign. A net disposal of liabilities (outflow of capital) is indicated by a negative (-) sign. A net acquisition of assets (outflow of capital) is indicated by a negative (-) sign. A net disposal of assets (inflow of capital) is indicated by a positive (+) sign.

5 Investment by foreigners in undertakings in South Africa in which they have individually or collectively in the case of affiliated organisations or persons at least 10 per cent of the voting rights.

6 Investment by South African residents in undertakings abroad in which they have individually or collectively in the case of affiliated organisations or persons at least 10 per cent of the voting rights.

7 Foreign currency liabilities of the Reserve Bank with non-resident institutions and loans from the IMF are included in the calculation of reserve assets. An increase in reserve assets is indicated by a negative (-) sign and a decrease is indicated by a positive (+) sign.

8 Transactions on the current, capital transfer and financial accounts.

Current account of the balance of payments
Seasonally adjusted figures at annual rates

R millions

Period	Merchandise exports, free on board (5000L)	Net gold exports (5001L)	Services receipts (5002L)	Income receipts (5680L)	Less: Merchandise imports free on board (5003L)	Less: Payments for services (5004L)	Less: Income payments (5681L)	Current transfers (net receipts +) (5006L)	Balance on current account (5007L)	Memo item: Trade Balance (5010L)
2016: 04	1 053 730	48 108	219 201	113 226	1 064 311	226 742	208 901	-24 589	-90 278	37 527
2016	1 053 623	66 762	219 719	86 899	1 094 687	223 956	208 856	-26 859	-127 354	25 699
2017: 01	1 088 301	50 356	216 890	84 406	1 088 326	222 701	192 693	-28 201	-91 969	50 330
02	1 097 399	68 403	220 063	61 548	1 119 164	218 853	197 863	-42 774	-131 240	46 638
03	1 082 656	67 807	222 109	91 395	1 069 685	218 150	237 497	-39 596	-100 962	80 778
04	1 138 044	79 079	222 418	85 979	1 159 006	225 215	258 455	-39 617	-156 774	58 116
2017	1 101 600	66 411	220 370	80 832	1 109 045	221 230	221 627	-37 547	-120 236	58 966
2018: 01	1 100 826	76 707	218 791	100 324	1 163 241	213 119	263 485	-45 601	-188 798	14 292
02	1 131 178	69 553	224 157	84 678	1 163 826	220 242	238 340	-32 959	-145 802	36 904
03	1 218 455	73 015	230 810	103 212	1 280 565	230 284	250 245	-27 838	-163 439	10 905
04	1 260 747	67 439	227 198	129 010	1 284 716	233 788	264 278	-31 938	-130 327	43 469
2018	1 177 801	71 678	225 239	104 306	1 223 087	224 358	254 087	-34 584	-157 092	26 392
2019: 01	1 204 113	56 264	224 938	114 657	1 224 879	229 441	265 021	-35 492	-154 862	35 498
02	1 253 063	49 918	231 654	130 690	1 315 101	238 151	238 788	-34 588	-161 302	-12 119
03	1 237 125	69 808	231 837	128 538	1 270 690	240 272	305 617	-34 398	-183 669	36 243
04	1 238 531	92 846	230 608	119 955	1 244 417	243 840	246 062	-33 802	-86 181	86 960
2019	1 233 208	67 209	229 759	123 460	1 263 772	237 926	263 872	-34 570	-146 504	36 645
2020: 01	1 304 294	97 148	226 969	122 888	1 202 705	217 295	231 456	-33 178	66 665	198 737
02	1 005 773	79 350	109 615	132 716	990 380	172 166	243 155	-31 960	-110 206	94 744
03	1 376 554	128 951	106 636	119 959	1 037 881	171 265	170 499	-47 291	305 164	467 623
04	1 459 111	125 875	115 652	140 109	1 189 310	177 623	240 946	-56 355	176 513	395 676
2020	1 286 433	107 831	139 718	128 918	1 105 069	184 587	221 514	-42 196	109 534	289 195
2021: 01	1 614 446	106 937	119 551	171 141	1 271 075	189 190	231 382	-55 033	265 394	450 307
02	1 780 251	106 455	130 316	114 124	1 309 616	193 584	284 808	-35 711	307 426	577 090
03	1 657 353	105 007	135 839	243 574	1 321 546	199 247	370 812	-31 107	219 061	440 814
04	1 705 460	119 821	162 622	141 041	1 486 927	228 979	257 166	-21 205	134 666	338 353
2021	1 689 377	109 555	137 082	167 470	1 347 291	202 750	286 042	-35 764	231 637	451 641
2022: 01	1 916 546	76 285	177 415	176 421	1 609 974	260 433	271 370	-37 345	167 547	382 858
02	1 967 639	94 972	206 089	154 267	1 807 343	291 830	408 757	-27 880	-112 843	255 268
03	1 996 463	83 074	224 905	210 517	1 845 981	332 585	329 090	-19 988	-12 685	233 557
04	1 875 372	90 264	234 711	201 519	1 904 812	322 320	287 279	-15 839	-128 385	60 823
2022	1 939 005	86 149	210 780	185 681	1 792 027	301 792	324 124	-25 263	-21 591	233 127
2023: 01	1 993 481	120 298	250 338	182 762	1 959 269	323 108	270 106	-18 813	-24 416	154 511
02	1 980 811	94 404	262 331	224 073	2 019 335	348 061	303 892	-51 592	-161 261	55 880
03	1 924 651	127 028	266 862	238 923	1 829 503	353 464	319 793	-46 437	8 268	222 176
04	1 931 466	121 989	287 521	224 034	1 927 673	367 751	355 129	-42 742	-128 285	125 783
2023	1 957 602	115 930	266 763	217 448	1 933 945	348 096	312 230	-39 896	-76 424	139 587
2024: 01	1 938 977	112 676	283 662	196 595	1 844 012	352 031	351 887	-45 433	-61 453	207 641
02	1 962 150	150 997	286 214	196 214	1 887 592	369 702	313 591	-52 675	-27 986	225 554
03	1 840 155	139 183	299 678	194 373	1 781 716	371 165	335 901	-47 863	-63 256	197 622
04	1 829 428	196 594	310 222	197 942	1 799 614	374 421	361 993	-37 425	-39 268	226 407
2024	1 892 677	149 863	294 944	196 281	1 828 234	366 830	340 843	-45 849	-47 991	214 306
2025: 01	1 912 049	163 058	308 988	203 358	1 864 081	369 875	351 927	-49 405	-47 834	211 027
02	1 872 089	178 091	321 449	207 005	1 863 000	379 301	379 922	-28 634	-72 223	187 179
03	1 923 750	148 921	329 796	219 001	1 894 354	398 688	356 169	-29 281	-57 023	178 318

KB503

Foreign trade

Indices of volume and prices of goods and services

Seasonally adjusted, 2015 = 100

Period	Exports ¹				Imports ¹		Terms of trade ²	
	Excluding gold		Including gold		Volume (5034L)	Price (5035L)	Excluding gold (5036L)	Including gold (5037L)
	Volume (5030L)	Price (5031L)	Volume (5032L)	Price (5033L)				
2016: 04.....	98.3	111.1	97.0	111.2	95.2	105.7	105.1	105.1
2016	101.0	108.2	100.4	109.0	95.9	107.2	100.9	101.6
2017: 01.....	98.9	113.2	98.0	112.9	97.2	105.2	107.6	107.4
02.....	101.4	111.5	101.2	111.7	98.4	106.0	105.2	105.4
03.....	99.2	112.9	99.0	113.1	94.7	106.0	106.5	106.7
04.....	102.1	114.3	102.3	114.8	99.0	109.0	104.9	105.4
2017	100.4	113.0	100.1	113.2	97.3	106.5	106.0	106.2
2018: 01.....	98.9	114.4	99.8	114.2	98.8	108.6	105.4	105.1
02.....	99.9	116.4	100.3	116.0	99.5	108.5	107.3	106.9
03.....	103.8	119.8	104.5	118.9	103.5	113.8	105.2	104.5
04.....	107.0	119.3	106.9	118.8	101.1	117.1	101.9	101.4
2018	102.4	117.5	102.9	116.9	100.7	112.0	104.9	104.5
2019: 01.....	101.3	121.0	100.0	121.3	99.8	113.6	106.5	106.7
02.....	101.4	125.6	99.6	125.8	104.1	116.3	107.9	108.1
03.....	100.4	125.5	99.3	126.5	102.1	115.4	108.8	109.6
04.....	99.0	127.3	99.1	128.7	99.1	117.1	108.8	109.9
2019	100.5	124.9	99.5	125.6	101.3	115.6	108.0	108.6
2020: 01.....	98.6	133.2	98.4	135.0	94.5	117.1	113.7	115.3
02.....	69.3	138.1	69.0	141.3	77.4	117.2	117.9	120.6
03.....	88.6	143.6	89.1	147.6	76.7	122.9	116.9	120.1
04.....	93.2	145.0	93.5	148.4	85.3	124.9	116.1	118.8
2020	87.4	140.0	87.5	143.1	83.5	120.5	116.1	118.7
2021: 01.....	96.0	155.0	95.9	156.6	91.0	125.1	123.9	125.2
02.....	97.9	167.4	97.9	168.1	90.9	128.9	129.9	130.4
03.....	91.2	168.7	91.3	169.6	88.4	134.2	125.7	126.4
04.....	98.8	162.2	98.9	164.1	96.0	139.3	116.4	117.8
2021	96.0	163.3	96.0	164.6	91.6	131.9	124.0	125.0
2022: 01.....	104.6	171.7	102.6	172.7	101.7	143.4	119.7	120.4
02.....	104.2	179.0	102.8	180.1	106.7	153.4	116.7	117.4
03.....	107.5	177.3	105.4	178.4	106.9	158.9	111.6	112.3
04.....	104.7	172.8	103.0	174.3	105.9	163.9	105.4	106.4
2022	105.3	175.2	103.5	176.4	105.3	154.9	113.4	114.1
2023: 01.....	109.3	176.1	108.0	178.6	110.9	160.4	109.8	111.3
02.....	110.6	174.0	108.1	176.5	114.3	161.5	107.7	109.2
03.....	110.3	170.4	109.1	173.4	104.2	163.3	104.4	106.2
04.....	111.3	171.0	109.7	174.2	108.3	165.2	103.5	105.4
2023	110.4	172.9	108.8	175.7	109.4	162.6	106.4	108.0
2024: 01.....	109.9	173.5	107.9	176.7	103.0	166.2	104.4	106.3
02.....	108.7	177.4	107.4	182.3	104.6	168.3	105.4	108.3
03.....	104.2	176.1	102.8	180.9	100.4	167.2	105.3	108.2
04.....	105.3	174.3	104.9	181.7	101.8	166.6	104.6	109.1
2024	107.0	175.3	105.8	180.4	102.4	167.1	104.9	108.0
2025: 01.....	107.5	177.3	105.8	183.8	103.8	167.8	105.6	109.5
02.....	104.0	181.0	102.3	189.2	101.7	172.0	105.2	110.0
03.....	105.3	183.6	103.0	190.4	103.9	172.1	106.7	110.6

KB504

1 Derived from the national accounts item 'goods and services'.

2 Export price index divided by import price index.

Trade account of the balance of payments by kind of economic activity

Current prices

R millions

	2023		2024					2025		
	04	2023	01	02	03	04	2024	01	02	03
Merchandise and net gold exports										
Mining(5926K)	279 040	1 120 741	258 126	285 689	269 206	285 447	1 098 467	255 876	266 495	273 099
Base metals and articles thereof.....(5925K)	54 666	225 293	52 564	54 311	51 106	49 185	207 167	47 584	41 456	38 964
Mineral products.....(5924K)	133 712	523 460	128 878	130 519	130 206	124 357	513 960	120 014	123 395	128 101
Net gold exports.....(5001K)	30 497	115 930	28 169	37 749	34 796	49 148	149 863	40 765	44 523	37 230
Platinum group metals.....(5923K)	47 810	197 597	38 685	51 677	43 458	48 710	182 530	35 759	44 889	57 846
Other(5922K)	12 354	58 461	9 830	11 433	9 640	14 046	44 948	11 754	12 232	10 958
Manufacturing(5921K)	211 924	780 407	175 585	199 451	192 511	197 591	765 137	177 592	196 976	207 690
Chemical products(5920K)	31 348	119 757	26 854	30 988	27 825	31 222	116 889	28 019	28 075	30 379
Machinery and electrical equipment.....(5919K)	39 338	152 632	32 639	36 984	38 062	37 928	145 614	33 503	35 997	37 927
Vehicles and transport equipment.....(5918K)	80 595	286 570	65 312	75 491	68 988	66 629	276 420	63 145	74 234	78 985
Other(5917K)	60 644	221 449	50 780	55 988	57 635	61 812	226 214	52 925	58 670	60 399
Agriculture(5916K)	34 405	166 445	40 151	42 274	55 048	34 291	171 764	43 556	46 348	60 151
Vegetable products.....(5915K)	26 536	134 434	32 188	32 895	46 201	24 880	136 164	34 349	37 006	51 196
Other(5914K)	7 869	32 011	7 964	9 379	8 847	9 411	35 601	9 207	9 342	8 955
Other¹(5913K)	2 853	5 939	1 396	1 849	1 292	2 635	7 172	1 747	2 159	2 637
Total merchandise and net gold exports(5927K)	528 221	2 073 532	475 257	529 263	518 056	519 964	2 042 540	478 770	511 978	543 577
Merchandise imports										
Mining(5912K)	150 113	533 828	124 965	123 590	115 385	115 452	479 393	114 208	112 587	118 960
Base metals and articles thereof.....(5911K)	21 535	96 500	24 173	25 434	24 813	25 081	99 500	23 346	24 361	24 152
Mineral products.....(5910K)	122 087	410 130	93 773	91 723	83 322	83 217	352 035	84 041	79 305	86 438
Other(5909K)	6 491	27 198	7 019	6 433	7 251	7 154	27 858	6 821	8 922	8 370
Manufacturing(5908K)	314 308	1 315 350	301 638	313 042	327 300	315 209	1 257 189	313 218	320 343	354 447
Chemical products(5907K)	51 237	194 788	48 111	48 258	54 841	49 201	200 412	48 760	47 896	57 337
Machinery and electrical equipment.....(5906K)	107 642	465 235	102 057	100 206	108 026	106 626	416 915	104 738	103 413	112 813
Vehicles and transport equipment.....(5905K)	74 257	331 852	69 825	83 079	73 569	70 182	296 655	76 635	86 224	91 335
Other(5904K)	81 172	323 475	81 644	81 499	90 864	89 199	343 206	83 086	82 810	92 963
Agriculture(5903K)	21 014	81 059	18 978	22 647	22 377	22 816	86 818	22 488	19 467	21 058
Vegetable products.....(5902K)	10 391	41 028	8 860	12 513	11 798	11 216	44 387	13 350	10 703	10 510
Other(5901K)	10 623	40 031	10 118	10 134	10 579	11 599	42 431	9 138	8 763	10 549
Other¹(5900K)	1 142	3 708	1 338	1 175	1 240	1 082	4 835	1 251	1 433	1 377
Total merchandise imports(5003K)	486 577	1 933 945	446 919	460 454	466 302	454 559	1 828 234	451 166	453 829	495 843
Percentage of total										
Merchandise and net gold exports										
Mining(5999Q)	52.8	54.0	54.3	54.0	52.0	54.9	53.8	53.4	52.1	50.2
Base metals and articles thereof.....(5998Q)	10.3	10.9	11.1	10.3	9.9	9.5	10.1	9.9	8.1	7.2
Mineral products.....(5997Q)	25.3	25.2	27.1	24.7	25.1	23.9	25.2	25.1	24.1	23.6
Net gold exports.....(5928Q)	5.8	5.6	5.9	7.1	6.7	9.5	7.3	8.5	8.7	6.8
Platinum group metals.....(5996Q)	9.1	9.5	8.1	9.8	8.4	9.4	8.9	7.5	8.8	10.6
Other(5995Q)	2.3	2.8	2.1	2.2	1.9	2.7	2.2	2.5	2.4	2.0
Manufacturing(5994Q)	40.1	37.6	36.9	37.7	37.2	38.0	37.5	37.1	38.5	38.2
Chemical products(5993Q)	5.9	5.8	5.7	5.9	5.4	6.0	5.7	5.9	5.5	5.6
Machinery and electrical equipment.....(5992Q)	7.4	7.4	6.9	7.0	7.3	7.3	7.1	7.0	7.0	7.0
Vehicles and transport equipment.....(5991Q)	15.3	13.8	13.7	14.3	13.3	12.8	13.5	13.2	14.5	14.5
Other(5990Q)	11.5	10.7	10.7	10.6	11.1	11.9	11.1	11.1	11.5	11.1
Agriculture(5989Q)	6.5	8.0	8.4	8.0	10.6	6.6	8.4	9.1	9.1	11.1
Vegetable products.....(5988Q)	5.0	6.5	6.8	6.2	8.9	4.8	6.7	7.2	7.2	9.4
Other(5987Q)	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.6
Other¹(5986Q)	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5
Merchandise imports										
Mining(5985Q)	30.9	27.6	28.0	26.8	24.7	25.4	26.2	25.3	24.8	24.0
Base metals and articles thereof.....(5984Q)	4.4	5.0	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.5	5.4	5.2	5.4	4.9
Mineral products.....(5983Q)	25.1	21.2	21.0	19.9	17.9	18.3	19.3	18.6	17.5	17.4
Other(5982Q)	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5	2.0	1.7
Manufacturing(5981Q)	64.6	68.0	67.5	68.0	70.2	69.3	68.8	69.4	70.6	71.5
Chemical products(5980Q)	10.5	10.1	10.8	10.5	11.8	10.8	11.0	10.8	10.6	11.6
Machinery and electrical equipment.....(5979Q)	22.1	24.1	22.8	21.8	23.2	23.5	22.8	23.2	22.8	22.8
Vehicles and transport equipment.....(5978Q)	15.3	17.2	15.6	18.0	15.8	15.4	16.2	17.0	19.0	18.4
Other(5977Q)	16.7	16.7	18.3	17.7	19.5	19.6	18.8	18.4	18.2	18.7
Agriculture(5976Q)	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.9	4.8	5.0	4.7	5.0	4.3	4.2
Vegetable products.....(5975Q)	2.1	2.1	2.0	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.4	3.0	2.4	2.1
Other(5974Q)	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.6	2.3	2.0	1.9	2.1
Other¹(5973Q)	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3

KB534

1 This category consists of unclassified goods as well as balance of payments adjustments.

Trade account of the balance of payments by country and product¹

Current prices

R millions

	2023		2024					2025		
	04	2023	01	02	03	04	2024	01	02	03
Largest trading partners										
Merchandise and net gold exports										
Botswana.....(5972K)	20 283	75 579	18 834	19 429	19 246	19 465	76 974	17 192	17 707	16 828
China.....(5971K)	55 972	226 506	53 598	58 199	57 551	50 426	219 775	49 769	54 109	61 029
Germany.....(5970K)	40 490	166 871	34 428	45 279	36 897	37 681	154 284	32 186	39 844	48 600
India.....(5969K)	24 971	89 289	18 737	23 465	19 626	22 684	84 512	20 523	20 912	17 878
Japan.....(5968K)	23 966	107 736	18 846	22 503	22 343	26 572	90 263	23 589	20 075	24 762
Mozambique.....(5967K)	30 427	109 144	28 968	29 641	31 835	23 671	114 114	24 186	25 039	22 371
Namibia.....(5966K)	16 681	60 906	14 929	16 162	18 023	19 417	68 531	16 529	16 416	19 135
Netherlands.....(5965K)	17 255	78 207	22 096	18 250	19 454	17 203	77 003	20 386	19 470	22 681
United Kingdom.....(5964K)	26 612	102 178	23 906	27 487	25 473	23 129	99 995	21 411	23 352	22 817
United States of America.....(5963K)	39 112	157 337	38 474	42 242	39 369	36 759	156 843	33 917	34 939	39 217
Other.....(5962K)	232 451	899 779	202 441	226 606	228 239	242 957	900 243	219 081	240 114	248 260
Total merchandise and net gold exports.....(5927K)	528 221	2 073 532	475 257	529 263	518 056	519 964	2 042 540	478 770	511 977	543 577
Merchandise imports										
China.....(5961K)	92 597	404 612	92 678	93 118	106 728	105 880	398 404	97 093	98 620	107 796
Germany.....(5960K)	35 778	158 470	36 755	34 456	31 349	27 308	129 868	31 946	33 557	36 346
India.....(5959K)	38 528	138 451	28 633	32 578	33 995	38 411	133 617	37 665	31 110	33 872
Italy.....(5958K)	10 036	44 645	11 908	12 302	10 368	10 706	45 284	9 824	10 708	12 543
Japan.....(5957K)	12 643	49 979	9 668	10 706	11 261	10 717	42 352	10 221	10 095	11 557
Nigeria.....(5956K)	14 514	37 549	9 855	5 847	7 859	10 927	34 488	3 687	7 821	5 930
Saudi Arabia.....(5955K)	18 627	58 053	12 244	8 739	10 870	13 150	45 002	12 646	18 482	14 180
Thailand.....(5954K)	15 628	64 463	11 645	14 961	16 379	15 929	58 914	14 483	15 136	17 174
United Kingdom.....(5953K)	8 960	33 500	7 837	7 719	7 317	7 099	29 972	6 510	6 862	7 378
United States of America.....(5952K)	37 714	138 331	30 306	29 683	30 970	29 465	120 425	30 119	32 993	35 340
Other.....(5951K)	201 552	805 892	195 390	210 344	199 206	184 967	789 907	196 974	188 446	213 728
Total merchandise imports.....(5003K)	486 577	1 933 945	446 919	460 453	466 302	454 559	1 828 234	451 166	453 829	495 842
Largest contributing products²										
Merchandise and net gold exports										
Chromium ores and concentrates.....(5950K)	21 136	72 457	20 719	21 919	22 090	19 878	84 605	15 506	23 302	26 855
Coal.....(5949K)	33 386	138 966	27 220	28 897	26 265	31 489	113 871	26 646	23 338	21 689
Ferro-alloys.....(5948K)	20 745	85 228	21 439	21 021	18 249	15 552	76 261	14 820	8 767	6 506
Iron ores and concentrates.....(5946K)	33 502	120 180	31 979	26 723	25 767	23 971	108 440	27 504	26 781	28 324
Manganese ores and concentrates.....(5945K)	9 834	48 915	11 199	15 672	16 794	10 734	54 399	13 038	14 176	14 341
Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....(5944K)	31 912	108 112	21 273	24 147	26 245	27 895	99 561	23 167	31 058	30 333
Motor vehicles for the transport of people.....(5943K)	37 721	138 841	34 577	41 157	32 835	28 065	136 634	31 271	33 337	38 430
Net gold exports.....(5001K)	30 497	115 930	28 169	37 749	34 796	49 148	149 863	40 765	44 523	37 230
Platinum group metals.....(5923K)	47 810	197 597	38 685	51 677	43 458	48 710	182 530	35 759	44 889	57 845
Refined petroleum products.....(5941K)	13 176	52 268	14 348	13 164	15 329	10 527	53 368	10 979	10 203	11 360
Other.....(5940K)	248 503	995 037	225 649	247 137	256 229	253 993	983 008	239 315	251 604	270 663
Total merchandise and net gold exports.....(5927K)	528 221	2 073 532	475 257	529 263	518 056	519 964	2 042 540	478 770	511 977	543 577
Merchandise imports										
Aircraft.....(5939K)	2 271	10 283	934	1 461	2 161	3 824	8 380	3 120	4 048	4 871
Computers and related equipment.....(5938K)	9 773	36 200	9 873	8 469	8 603	9 574	36 519	9 970	8 067	10 990
Crude oil.....(5937K)	30 982	76 535	24 532	15 844	20 016	20 488	80 880	13 977	14 622	18 079
Medicaments.....(5936K)	7 725	31 667	8 624	8 409	8 235	8 402	33 670	8 821	7 866	8 641
Motor vehicles for the transport of goods.....(5935K)	4 636	21 242	4 011	4 052	3 109	3 563	14 734	3 707	4 021	3 481
Motor vehicles for the transport of people.....(5934K)	14 853	75 039	10 888	15 499	17 663	19 983	64 033	18 428	20 823	23 307
Original motor vehicle components.....(5933K)	35 291	159 985	38 371	44 729	35 818	28 337	147 255	36 431	40 749	42 488
Parts and accessories of motor vehicles.....(5932K)	8 129	34 037	8 859	9 012	8 086	7 230	33 186	8 166	8 319	8 929
Refined petroleum products.....(5931K)	79 267	281 495	57 296	62 961	51 452	51 815	223 523	60 728	53 313	58 008
Telephone sets.....5930K)	14 798	57 528	15 731	13 240	12 797	14 831	56 600	14 011	14 354	14 180
Other.....(5929K)	278 853	1 149 936	267 800	276 778	298 363	286 513	1 129 454	273 807	277 649	302 869
Total merchandise imports.....(5003K)	486 577	1 933 945	446 919	460 453	466 302	454 559	1 828 234	451 166	453 829	495 842

KB535

¹ Selection based on 2019 ranking.² Based on the Harmonised Commodity Description and Coding System at a four-digit level.

Services, income and transfer receipts

Annual figures

R millions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Services								
Transportation (5700Y)	30 891	29 764	32 057	22 300	19 354	28 507	34 687	36 753
Passenger fares..... (5041Y)	11 853	10 564	9 745	1 677	1 243	3 716	5 153	6 390
Other..... (5042Y)	19 038	19 200	22 312	20 623	18 111	24 791	29 534	30 363
Travel..... (5043Y)	117 573	118 366	121 132	40 675	31 324	78 054	104 730	116 678
Business..... (5701Y)	9 807	9 720	9 884	2 802	1 561	5 749	8 888	9 443
Other..... (5702Y)	107 766	108 646	111 248	37 873	29 763	72 305	95 842	107 235
Other services (5051Y)	71 906	77 109	76 570	76 743	86 404	104 219	127 346	141 513
Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others (5733Y)	35	34	40	43	33	38	44	57
Repairs and maintenance services on movable goods n.i.e (5734Y)	560	705	661	833	608	866	1 074	2 228
Financial and insurance services..... (5735Y)	16 129	17 292	16 446	16 958	19 978	20 742	24 064	25 458
Charges for the use of intellectual property (5736Y)	2 101	2 420	2 175	2 074	2 001	3 386	3 095	4 012
Telecommunications, computer and information services (5737Y)	8 465	8 427	9 997	11 699	12 240	15 507	24 754	27 969
Personal, cultural and recreational services (5738Y)	4 977	5 331	5 722	3 572	5 715	8 213	8 319	9 338
Other business and miscellaneous services (5739Y)	39 639	42 900	41 529	41 564	45 829	55 467	65 996	72 451
of which:								
Legal services (5740Y)	5 081	5 472	5 854	5 407	5 356	6 667	8 553	8 885
Accounting services (5741Y)	2 754	3 140	3 138	3 775	3 925	5 259	5 032	4 918
Advertising and market research services (5742Y)	3 304	3 337	3 528	3 061	3 301	4 439	5 333	6 292
Architectural, engineering and other technical services..... (5743Y)	9 575	9 592	6 682	7 627	11 519	13 723	17 579	20 235
Total services (5002Y)	220 370	225 239	229 759	139 718	137 082	210 780	266 763	294 944
Income								
Compensation of employees (5703Y)	11 644	12 240	12 858	13 288	13 685	14 234	14 820	15 665
Investment income								
Direct investment..... (5704Y)	31 091	36 686	51 684	62 623	75 776	85 662	99 128	85 114
Dividends (5044Y)	24 853	29 957	43 713	53 319	65 321	74 141	83 170	69 783
Interest..... (5045Y)	5 730	6 212	7 459	8 814	9 977	11 059	15 492	14 867
Branch (5046Y)	508	518	512	491	478	462	466	464
Non-direct investment ¹ (5705Y)	38 097	55 380	58 918	53 007	78 009	85 785	103 501	95 502
Dividends (5047Y)	21 526	36 239	36 186	27 763	49 998	50 849	42 002	35 900
Interest..... (5048Y)	16 571	19 141	22 732	25 244	28 011	34 937	61 499	59 602
Total income (5680Y)	80 832	104 306	123 460	128 918	167 470	185 681	217 448	196 281
Current transfers								
Central government..... (5707Y)	1 285	1 234	968	1 560	1 652	756	1 842	2 895
Other sectors (5708Y)	36 256	38 052	44 829	57 266	55 527	66 802	73 736	81 620
Total current transfers (5709Y)	37 541	39 286	45 797	58 826	57 179	67 558	75 578	84 515
Capital transfers								
Central government..... (5710Y)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other sectors (5711Y)	412	418	412	363	330	312	312	313
Total capital transfers (5712Y)	412	418	412	363	330	312	312	313

KB505

1 Including portfolio and other investment.

Services, income and transfer payments

Annual figures

R millions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Services								
Transportation (5720Y)	80 951	85 931	89 677	63 335	76 786	132 198	138 242	135 464
Passenger fares..... (5057Y)	33 626	34 609	34 890	8 376	10 084	34 251	40 226	37 585
Other..... (5058Y)	47 325	51 322	54 787	54 959	66 702	97 947	98 016	97 879
Travel..... (5059Y)	43 405	44 872	45 407	14 555	14 719	36 558	44 890	46 559
Business..... (5721Y)	11 901	12 490	11 764	4 363	3 947	9 158	11 602	12 159
Other..... (5722Y)	31 504	32 382	33 643	10 192	10 772	27 400	33 288	34 400
Other services (5067Y)	96 874	93 555	102 842	106 697	111 245	133 036	164 964	184 807
Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others (5744Y)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Repairs and maintenance services on movable goods n.i.e (5745Y)	81	54	62	25	1 355	2 561	3 264	2 936
Financial and insurance services..... (5746Y)	8 191	8 871	8 356	10 505	10 948	13 542	15 116	23 360
Charges for the use of intellectual property (5747Y)	25 089	20 280	19 599	19 644	21 445	23 775	30 099	30 406
Telecommunications, computer and information services (5748Y)	27 699	30 127	36 224	42 557	47 753	57 680	72 541	76 895
Personal, cultural and recreational services (5749Y)	884	1 274	2 239	2 053	2 144	2 585	5 054	6 315
Other business and miscellaneous services..... (5750Y)	34 930	32 949	36 362	31 913	27 600	32 893	38 890	44 895
of which:								
Legal services (5751Y)	1 610	1 982	1 827	2 185	2 301	2 441	3 161	3 237
Accounting services (5752Y)	1 167	1 515	1 711	1 691	1 784	2 150	2 541	2 799
Advertising and market research services (5753Y)	3 321	3 842	4 212	4 171	4 433	5 258	6 739	10 781
Architectural, engineering and other technical services..... (5754Y)	12 983	11 347	13 585	11 302	8 493	10 625	11 612	13 771
Total services (5004Y)	221 230	224 358	237 926	184 587	202 750	301 792	348 096	366 830
Income								
Compensation of employees (5723Y)	13 779	14 500	15 208	15 087	15 752	16 504	17 199	18 189
Investment income								
Direct investment..... (5724Y)	78 167	90 385	91 122	61 473	98 923	109 453	75 751	96 677
Dividends (5060Y)	75 897	88 000	88 454	59 058	96 552	106 578	71 728	92 507
Interest..... (5061Y)	2 051	2 178	2 460	2 226	2 204	2 725	3 880	4 025
Branch (5062Y)	220	207	209	189	167	150	143	145
Non-direct investment ¹ (5725Y)	129 681	149 202	157 542	144 954	171 367	198 168	219 280	225 978
Dividends (5063Y)	31 523	41 185	40 547	28 878	48 125	63 391	55 019	50 253
Interest..... (5064Y)	98 158	108 017	116 995	116 076	123 242	134 777	164 261	175 724
Total income (5681Y)	221 627	254 087	263 872	221 514	286 042	324 124	312 230	340 843
Current transfers								
Central government (5727Y)	51 690	50 204	49 782	60 117	50 325	44 255	70 780	87 360
Other sectors (5728Y)	23 398	23 666	30 585	40 905	42 618	48 566	44 694	43 004
Total current transfers (5729Y)	75 088	73 870	80 367	101 022	92 943	92 821	115 474	130 364
Capital transfers								
Central government (5730Y)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other sectors (5731Y)	166	182	168	129	105	29 248	76	68
Total capital transfers (5732Y)	166	182	168	129	105	29 248	76	68

KB532

¹ Including portfolio and other investment.

Services, income and transfer receipts

Seasonally adjusted figures at annual rates

R millions

	2023		2024					2025		
	Q4	2023	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2024	Q1	Q2	Q3
Services										
Transportation (5700L)	36 889	34 687	35 593	35 224	36 952	39 244	36 753	38 016	46 184	46 836
Passenger fares..... (5041L)	5 705	5 153	5 729	6 744	5 772	7 316	6 390	7 676	8 856	7 336
Other..... (5042L)	31 184	29 534	29 864	28 480	31 180	31 928	30 363	30 340	37 328	39 500
Travel..... (5043L)	108 698	104 730	116 829	113 753	116 250	119 880	116 678	123 662	119 136	121 508
Business..... (5701L)	9 479	8 888	8 794	9 985	9 279	9 714	9 443	10 357	10 252	10 344
Other..... (5702L)	99 219	95 842	108 034	103 769	106 971	110 166	107 235	113 305	108 884	111 164
Other services (5051L)	141 934	127 346	131 241	137 237	146 477	151 098	141 513	147 310	156 129	161 452
Total services..... (5002L)	287 521	266 763	283 662	286 214	299 678	310 222	294 944	308 988	321 449	329 796
Income										
Compensation of employees..... (5703L)	15 156	14 820	15 384	15 548	15 696	16 033	15 665	16 464	17 760	18 620
Investment income										
Direct investment..... (5704L)	95 768	99 128	76 759	91 084	86 258	86 354	85 114	95 077	99 366	115 785
Dividends (5044L)	78 341	83 170	60 388	76 120	71 232	71 392	69 783	80 680	86 260	102 904
Interest..... (5045L)	16 963	15 492	15 915	14 504	14 558	14 490	14 867	13 921	12 614	12 377
Branch (5046L)	464	466	456	460	468	472	464	476	492	504
Non-direct investment ¹ (5705L)	113 110	103 501	104 452	89 582	92 419	95 555	95 502	91 817	89 879	84 596
Dividends..... (5047L)	49 536	42 002	39 559	28 544	34 398	41 098	35 900	37 536	42 298	33 526
Interest (5048L)	63 574	61 499	64 893	61 038	58 021	54 457	59 602	54 281	47 581	51 070
Total income (5680L)	224 034	217 448	196 595	196 214	194 373	197 942	196 281	203 358	207 005	219 001
Current transfers										
Central government (5707L)	3 040	1 842	260	4 052	3 988	3 280	2 895	48	600	364
Other sectors (5708L)	77 911	73 736	78 060	76 752	80 204	91 464	81 620	86 544	85 424	84 376
Total current transfers (5709L)	80 951	75 578	78 320	80 804	84 192	94 744	84 515	86 592	86 024	84 740
Capital transfers										
Central government (5710L)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other sectors (5711L)	308	312	300	308	316	328	313	312	320	332
Total capital transfers (5712L)	308	312	300	308	316	328	313	312	320	332

KB531

¹ Including portfolio and other investment.

Services, income and transfer payments

Seasonally adjusted figures at annual rates

R millions

		2023		2024					2025		
		04	2023	01	02	03	04	2024	01	02	03
Services											
Transportation	(5720L)	140 120	138 242	133 545	134 713	139 459	134 139	135 464	138 207	140 013	147 736
Passenger fares.....	(5057L)	42 540	40 226	39 946	39 953	37 032	33 410	37 585	37 533	39 560	41 052
Other	(5058L)	97 580	98 016	93 599	94 760	102 427	100 729	97 879	100 674	100 453	106 685
Travel.....	(5059L)	45 935	44 890	44 639	46 113	47 285	48 198	46 559	48 049	49 490	51 958
Business.....	(5721L)	11 693	11 602	11 361	12 161	12 488	12 626	12 159	12 443	13 329	13 149
Other	(5722L)	34 242	33 288	33 279	33 952	34 798	35 572	34 400	35 606	36 162	38 809
Other services	(5067L)	181 697	164 964	173 847	188 876	184 421	192 084	184 807	183 619	189 798	198 994
Total services	(5004L)	367 751	348 096	352 031	369 702	371 165	374 421	366 830	369 875	379 301	398 688
Income											
Compensation of employees.....	(5723L)	17 684	17 199	17 868	17 984	18 216	18 687	18 189	19 760	19 296	20 076
Investment income											
Direct investment.....	(5724L)	105 794	75 751	101 712	71 931	93 318	119 746	96 677	92 341	114 600	88 917
Dividends	(5060L)	101 690	71 728	97 761	67 686	89 148	115 433	92 507	88 319	110 429	84 631
Interest	(5061L)	3 956	3 880	3 807	4 105	4 026	4 161	4 025	3 874	4 015	4 122
Branch	(5062L)	148	143	144	140	144	152	145	148	156	164
Non-direct investment ¹	(5725L)	231 651	219 280	232 307	223 676	224 367	223 560	225 978	239 826	246 026	247 176
Dividends.....	(5063L)	53 965	55 019	56 350	49 552	44 622	50 489	50 253	53 805	62 060	50 281
Interest	(5064L)	177 686	164 261	175 957	174 124	179 745	173 071	175 724	186 021	183 966	196 895
Total income	(5681L)	355 129	312 230	351 887	313 591	335 901	361 993	340 843	351 927	379 922	356 169
Current transfers											
Central government	(5727L)	79 812	70 780	79 812	89 876	89 876	89 876	87 360	89 876	73 552	73 552
Other sectors	(5728L)	43 881	44 694	43 941	43 603	42 179	42 293	43 004	46 121	41 106	40 469
Total current transfers	(5729L)	123 693	115 474	123 753	133 479	132 055	132 169	130 364	135 997	114 658	114 021
Capital transfers											
Central government	(5730L)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other sectors	(5731L)	76	76	72	68	64	68	68	76	72	76
Total capital transfers.....	(5732L)	76	76	72	68	64	68	68	76	72	76

KB533

¹ Including portfolio and other investment.

Financial account¹

Annual figures

R millions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Net incurrence of liabilities²								
Direct investment³ (5640J)	26 759	72 119	74 048	50 402	594 326	151 785	72 009	43 504
Public corporations..... (5641J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banking sector (5642J)	-21 922	3 035	-3	151	9 409	-8 932	-3 823	616
Private non-banking sector (5643J)	48 681	69 084	74 051	50 251	584 917	160 717	75 832	42 888
Portfolio investment (5644J)	278 828	94 979	87 517	-159 321	-408 242	42 605	-99 267	6 916
Monetary authorities (5645J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General government (5646J)	171 650	28 363	136 971	-60 806	7 107	59 627	1 021	83 716
Public corporations..... (5647J)	-1 804	20 551	12 180	2 006	-17 783	-15 797	-91	-3 247
Banking sector (5648J)	37 909	13 120	-7 175	-13 363	2 999	20 472	-14 669	-6 756
Private non-banking sector (5649J)	71 073	32 945	-54 459	-87 158	-400 565	-21 697	-85 528	-66 797
Financial derivatives (5672J)	-227 590	-218 605	-168 043	-335 725	-245 860	-285 592	-262 273	-172 408
Banking sector (5673J)	-227 590	-218 605	-168 043	-335 725	-245 860	-285 592	-262 273	-172 408
Other investment (5650J)	61 471	114 963	-31 505	21 398	13 491	184 924	-5 541	129 991
Monetary authorities ⁴ (5651J)	-1 059	2 326	-5 246	4 535	-1 684	3 305	295	841
General government (5652J)	-2 477	-2 042	-1 296	91 127	20 180	24 846	10 944	-6 710
Public corporations..... (5653J)	28 348	9 345	-1 621	3 859	-21 271	2 376	5 070	3 067
Banking sector (5654J)	-19 335	77 109	-18 132	-39 088	-7 513	116 425	5 910	107 739
Private non-banking sector (5655J)	55 994	28 225	-5 210	-39 035	-38 777	37 972	-27 760	25 054
Special Drawing Rights..... (5674J)	-	-	-	-	62 556	-	-	-
Net acquisition of financial assets⁵								
Direct investment⁶ (5656J)	-98 212	-53 943	-45 464	32 109	-2 053	-38 859	51 456	22 111
Public corporations..... (5657J)	-	-	-	-	221	-	249	-
Banking sector (5658J)	-498	-3	3	-115	68	-	-	-
Private non-banking sector (5659J)	-97 714	-53 940	-45 467	32 224	-2 342	-38 859	51 207	22 111
Portfolio investment (5660J)	-58 894	-56 822	42 226	46 638	-393 400	-115 493	-25 359	-27 912
Public corporations..... (5663J)	-	-	-	-	-8	72	-405	766
Banking sector (5664J)	-6 880	-2 857	-8 114	-58 397	-59 380	80 693	6 965	23 237
Private non-banking sector (5665J)	-52 014	-53 965	50 340	105 035	-334 012	-196 258	-31 919	-51 915
Financial derivatives (5677J)	223 234	225 575	162 604	324 618	249 228	253 128	306 816	176 682
Banking sector (5678J)	223 234	225 575	162 604	324 618	249 228	253 128	306 816	176 682
Other investment (5666J)	-70 110	-21 520	8 720	-163 267	8 242	-59 265	17 144	-112 782
Monetary authorities ⁷ (5667J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General government (5668J)	-3 431	-8 239	-4 363	-5 108	-5 344	-270	-	-
Public corporations..... (5669J)	-992	-506	-922	-3 985	-1 054	485	6 554	2 171
Banking sector (5670J)	10 499	13 750	48 687	-144 820	66 634	-10 750	26 248	-66 730
Private non-banking sector (5671J)	-76 186	-26 525	-34 682	-9 354	-51 994	-48 730	-15 658	-48 223
Reserve assets⁸ (5679J)	-25 525	-11 337	-25 370	54 120	-67 272	-68 201	13 276	-197

KB529

1 Identified capital movements.

2 A net incurrence of liabilities (inflow of capital) is indicated by a positive (+) sign. A net disposal of liabilities (outflow of capital) is indicated by a negative (-) sign.

3 Investment by foreigners in undertakings in South Africa in which they have individually or collectively in the case of affiliated organisations or persons at least 10 per cent of the voting rights.

4 These transactions comprise the liabilities of the South African Reserve Bank and the Corporation for Public Deposits.

5 A net acquisition of financial assets (outflow of capital) is indicated by a negative (-) sign. A net disposal of financial assets (inflow of capital) is indicated by a positive (+) sign.

6 Investment by South African residents in undertakings abroad in which they have individually or collectively in the case of affiliated organisations or persons at least 10 per cent of the voting rights.

7 Including the long-term assets of the South African Reserve Bank and the Corporation for Public Deposits.

8 Foreign currency liabilities of the Reserve Bank with non-resident institutions and loans from the IMF are included in the calculation of reserve assets. An increase in reserve assets is indicated by a negative (-) sign and a decrease is indicated by a positive (+) sign.

Financial account¹

Quarterly figures

R millions

		2023		2024					2025		
		04	2023	01	02	03	04	2024	01	02	03
Net incurrence of liabilities ²											
Direct investment ³	(5640K)	10 336	72 009	24 639	14 497	-3 098	7 466	43 504	11 725	-73 452	-20 965
Public corporations.....	(5641K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banking sector	(5642K)	128	-3 823	256	-1	360	1	616	-5	-	10 117
Private non-banking sector	(5643K)	10 208	75 832	24 383	14 498	-3 458	7 465	42 888	11 730	-73 452	-31 082
Portfolio investment	(5644K)	-8 971	-99 267	-52 011	-20 057	45 589	33 395	6 916	-53 666	69 418	40 657
Monetary authorities	(5645K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General government	(5646K)	13 988	1 021	-28 303	19 520	39 574	52 925	83 716	19 388	31 353	40 105
Public corporations.....	(5647K)	563	-91	1	233	-624	-2 857	-3 247	-22 941	529	2 007
Banking sector	(5648K)	-3 484	-14 669	-5 427	-3 242	5 054	-3 141	-6 756	-9 534	-8 233	-3 666
Private non-banking sector	(5649K)	-20 038	-85 528	-18 282	-36 568	1 585	-13 532	-66 797	-40 579	45 769	2 211
Financial derivatives.....	(5672K)	-56 442	-262 273	-34 730	-41 964	-44 401	-51 313	-172 408	-44 623	-43 129	-38 994
Banking sector ..	(5673K)	-56 442	-262 273	-34 730	-41 964	-44 401	-51 313	-172 408	-44 623	-43 129	-38 994
Other investment	(5650K)	-22 407	-5 541	100 792	-12 942	67 741	-25 600	129 991	63 963	-32 102	110 837
Monetary authorities ⁴	(5651K)	-1 454	295	-2 742	-155	-534	4 272	841	-4 267	4 300	-817
General government	(5652K)	-4 086	10 944	21 097	-9 370	-9 449	-8 988	-6 710	-5 590	-8 802	35 777
Public corporations.....	(5653K)	2 314	5 070	-4 391	-4 601	-1 680	13 739	3 067	13	242	-4 315
Banking sector	(5654K)	1 985	5 910	28 812	19 808	46 902	12 217	107 739	30 698	-6 059	77 173
Private non-banking sector	(5655K)	-21 166	-27 760	58 016	-18 624	32 502	-46 840	25 054	43 109	-21 783	3 019
Special Drawing Rights.....	(5674K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net acquisition of financial assets ⁵											
Direct investment ⁶	(5656K)	13 105	51 456	-5 721	-7 419	16 698	18 553	22 111	8 130	23 708	38 901
Public corporations.....	(5657K)	-	249	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banking sector	(5658K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Private non-banking sector	(5659K)	13 105	51 207	-5 721	-7 419	16 698	18 553	22 111	8 130	23 708	38 901
Portfolio investment	(5660K)	-58 108	-25 359	18 633	-37 434	35 472	-44 583	-27 912	-19 617	-13 923	18 859
Public corporations.....	(5663K)	-129	-405	46	-	81	639	766	160	10	-106
Banking sector	(5664K)	-13 699	6 965	10 895	-4 817	31 310	-14 151	23 237	10 644	-9 949	-5 164
Private non-banking sector	(5665K)	-44 280	-31 919	7 692	-32 617	4 081	-31 071	-51 915	-30 421	-3 984	24 129
Financial derivatives.....	(5677K)	57 612	306 816	48 629	41 642	36 646	49 765	176 682	35 283	49 044	32 129
Banking sector	(5678K)	57 612	306 816	48 629	41 642	36 646	49 765	176 682	35 283	49 044	32 129
Other investment	(5666K)	61 010	17 144	-65 001	29 603	-131 529	54 145	-112 782	18 634	-790	-133 898
Monetary authorities ⁷	(5667K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General government	(5668K)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public corporations.....	(5669K)	2 293	6 554	2 855	213	-251	-646	2 171	-2 172	1 134	-2 959
Banking sector	(5670K)	57 148	26 248	-32 592	26 097	-95 548	35 313	-66 730	55 267	-14 563	-108 731
Private non-banking sector	(5671K)	1 569	-15 658	-35 264	3 293	-35 730	19 478	-48 223	-34 461	12 639	-22 208
Reserve assets ⁸	(5679K)	7 830	13 276	13 986	20 459	16 658	-51 300	-197	17 067	19 361	19 851

KB530

1 Identified capital movements.

2 A net incurrence of liabilities (inflow of capital) is indicated by a positive (+) sign. A net disposal of liabilities (outflow of capital) is indicated by a negative (-) sign.

3 Investment by foreigners in undertakings in South Africa in which they have individually or collectively in the case of affiliated organisations or persons at least 10 per cent of the voting rights.

4 These transactions comprise the liabilities of the South African Reserve Bank and the Corporation for Public Deposits.

5 A net acquisition of financial assets (outflow of capital) is indicated by a negative (-) sign. A net disposal of financial assets (inflow of capital) is indicated by a positive (+) sign.

6 Investment by South African residents in undertakings abroad in which they have individually or collectively in the case of affiliated organisations or persons at least 10 per cent of the voting rights.

7 Including the long-term assets of the South African Reserve Bank and the Corporation for Public Deposits.

8 Foreign currency liabilities of the Reserve Bank with non-resident institutions and loans from the IMF are included in the calculation of reserve assets. An increase in reserve assets is indicated by a negative (-) sign and a decrease is indicated by a positive (+) sign.

Foreign liabilities of South Africa

R millions

End of		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
		Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total
Direct investment								
Public corporations.....	(5540J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity and investment fund shares	(5480J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt instruments	(5542J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banking sector	(5543J)	128 891	122 010	108 658	126 742	117 796	132 186	140 389
Equity and investment fund shares	(5481J)	128 891	122 010	108 658	126 742	117 796	132 186	140 389
Private non-banking sector.....	(5545J)	1 863 161	1 915 151	1 846 433	2 653 254	2 710 829	1 930 288	2 024 136
Equity and investment fund shares	(5482J)	1 455 458	1 473 998	1 484 166	2 265 364	2 308 261	1 484 472	1 589 711
Debt instruments	(5483J)	407 703	441 153	362 267	387 890	402 568	445 816	434 425
Total direct investment.....	(5550J)	1 992 052	2 037 161	1 955 091	2 779 996	2 828 625	2 062 474	2 164 525
Portfolio investment								
Monetary authorities ..	(5551J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities.....	(5552J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General government	(5553J)	955 348	1 092 351	1 060 386	1 115 138	1 137 052	1 198 983	1 330 922
Debt securities.....	(5554J)	955 348	1 092 351	1 060 386	1 115 138	1 137 052	1 198 983	1 330 922
Public corporations.....	(5555J)	122 621	128 564	132 496	124 962	110 385	117 226	120 374
Equity and investment fund shares	(5556J)	7 357	5 574	3 273	5 231	2 220	1 742	2 226
Debt securities.....	(5557J)	115 264	122 990	129 223	119 731	108 165	115 484	118 148
Banking sector	(5558J)	368 877	370 197	335 641	424 227	443 781	512 294	602 238
Equity and investment fund shares	(5559J)	339 261	347 333	320 168	408 321	411 938	491 009	579 693
Debt securities.....	(5560J)	29 616	22 864	15 473	15 906	31 843	21 285	22 545
Private non-banking sector.....	(5561J)	1 905 636	1 896 606	1 802 983	1 649 258	1 634 343	1 570 259	1 515 030
Equity and investment fund shares	(5562J)	1 859 002	1 849 574	1 784 015	1 629 455	1 619 347	1 562 008	1 514 188
Debt securities.....	(5563J)	46 634	47 032	18 968	19 803	14 996	8 251	842
Total portfolio investment	(5564J)	3 352 482	3 487 718	3 331 506	3 313 585	3 325 561	3 398 762	3 568 564
Financial derivatives								
Banking sector	(5484J)	90 707	109 468	217 024	128 614	108 678	97 210	107 697
Total financial derivatives.....	(5485J)	90 707	109 468	217 024	128 614	108 678	97 210	107 697
Other investment								
Monetary authorities	(5565J)	11 544	6 299	10 834	9 150	12 449	12 748	13 590
Credit and loans with the IMF	(5486J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term loans	(5567J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term loans.....	(5568J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits	(5569J)	11 544	6 299	10 834	9 150	12 449	12 748	13 590
General government	(5570J)	3 974	2 592	84 651	114 217	144 832	173 693	164 073
Long-term loans	(5571J)	3 974	2 592	84 651	114 217	144 832	173 693	164 073
Short-term loans.....	(5572J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public corporations.....	(5573J)	232 298	228 242	237 046	226 889	223 880	234 784	237 122
Long-term loans	(5574J)	224 249	219 860	230 231	219 596	216 424	228 930	232 856
Short-term loans.....	(5575J)	8 049	8 382	6 815	7 293	7 456	5 854	4 266
Banking sector	(5576J)	412 005	380 836	334 290	336 107	469 464	491 266	564 931
Long-term loans	(5577J)	45 780	45 973	43 874	34 926	47 570	56 305	54 263
Short-term loans.....	(5578J)	172 884	117 769	112 829	112 208	187 391	166 962	214 126
Deposits	(5579J)	193 341	217 094	177 587	188 973	234 503	267 999	296 542
Private non-banking sector.....	(5580J)	278 483	258 215	239 009	205 712	244 744	236 036	263 557
Long-term loans	(5581J)	141 243	128 539	144 725	96 056	113 635	107 706	115 207
Short-term loans and trade finance.....	(5582J)	137 240	129 676	94 284	109 656	131 109	128 330	148 350
Special Drawing Rights.....	(5487J)	35 637	34 668	37 747	104 897	106 558	117 161	115 155
Total other investment.....	(5583J)	973 941	910 852	943 577	996 972	1 201 927	1 265 688	1 358 428
Total foreign liabilities.....	(5584J)	6 409 182	6 545 199	6 447 198	7 219 167	7 464 791	6 824 134	7 199 214

KB510

Foreign assets of South Africa

R millions

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	End of
Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	
							Direct investment
5 285	4 815	5 126	4 241	7 371	9 025	6 665	(5590J) Public corporations
5 204	4 750	5 102	4 241	7 371	9 025	6 665	(5515J) Equity and investment fund shares
81	65	24	-	-	-	-	(5592J) Debt instruments
606	603	603	535	535	535	535	(5593J) Banking sector
606	603	603	535	535	535	535	(5516J) Equity and investment fund shares
3 537 079	3 010 046	3 679 909	3 555 326	3 525 976	2 780 970	2 871 454	(5595J) Private non-banking sector
3 318 419	2 835 846	3 507 898	3 375 115	3 364 745	2 609 144	2 655 477	(5517J) Equity and investment fund shares
218 660	174 200	172 011	180 211	161 231	171 826	215 977	(5518J) Debt instruments
3 542 970	3 015 464	3 685 638	3 560 102	3 533 882	2 790 530	2 878 654	(5600J) Total direct investment
							Portfolio investment
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5605J) Public corporations
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5606J) Equity and investment fund shares
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5607J) Debt securities
56 605	63 708	108 783	162 444	97 762	99 017	111 275	(5608J) Banking sector
16 178	16 718	16 952	11 643	9 090	10 203	11 815	(5609J) Equity and investment fund shares
40 427	46 990	91 831	150 801	88 672	88 814	99 460	(5610J) Debt securities
2 056 277	2 465 232	2 586 130	3 398 178	3 357 570	3 790 225	4 186 951	(5611J) Private non-banking sector
1 959 201	2 363 252	2 458 879	3 306 097	3 238 457	3 642 796	4 000 292	(5612J) Equity and investment fund shares
97 076	101 980	127 251	92 081	119 113	147 429	186 659	(5613J) Debt securities
2 112 882	2 528 940	2 694 913	3 560 622	3 455 332	3 889 242	4 298 226	(5614J) Total portfolio investment
							Financial derivatives
89 550	120 634	213 199	127 200	123 480	115 489	117 401	(5519J) Banking sector
89 550	120 634	213 199	127 200	123 480	115 489	117 401	(5535J) Total financial derivatives
							Other investment
56	55	52	-	-	-	-	(5615J) Monetary authorities
56	55	52	-	-	-	-	(5617J) Long-term loans
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5618J) Short-term loans
12	12	12	12	12	12	12	(5621J) General government
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5622J) Long-term loans
12	12	12	12	12	12	12	(5623J) Short-term loans
31 778	27 311	36 881	34 476	34 379	40 150	38 381	(5624J) Public corporations
28 915	23 666	33 044	31 641	31 634	36 839	36 750	(5625J) Long-term loans
2 863	3 645	3 837	2 835	2 745	3 311	1 631	(5626J) Short-term loans
437 660	422 853	596 840	581 041	611 163	654 740	755 568	(5627J) Banking sector
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5628J) Long-term loans
111 853	139 466	272 375	280 645	294 927	344 736	339 792	(5629J) Short-term loans
325 807	283 387	324 465	300 396	316 236	310 004	415 776	(5630J) Deposits
100 439	94 252	62 320	67 277	78 233	59 640	55 635	(5632J) Private non-banking sector
2 194	2 660	2 360	1 090	575	1 196	2 049	(5633J) Long-term loans
98 245	91 592	59 960	66 187	77 658	58 444	53 586	(5634J) Short-term loans and trade finance
569 945	544 483	696 105	682 806	723 787	754 542	849 596	(5635J) Total other investment
							Reserve assets
742 333	772 109	807 615	915 424	1 029 009	1 157 582	1 226 685	(5536J) Monetary authorities
74 313	86 104	111 947	116 469	124 359	154 410	197 636	(5620J) Monetary gold
46 070	46 605	50 883	118 502	120 384	131 888	131 614	(5637J) Special Drawing Rights
621 950	639 400	644 785	680 453	784 266	871 284	897 435	(5638J) Other reserve assets
742 333	772 109	807 615	915 424	1 029 009	1 157 582	1 226 685	(5539J) Total reserve assets
7 057 680	6 981 630	8 097 470	8 846 154	8 865 490	8 707 385	9 370 562	(5636J) Total foreign assets

KB512

Foreign liabilities of South Africa by country, 31 December 2024

R millions

	Europe									
	UK	Germany	Switzerland	Luxembourg	France	Belgium	Netherlands	Austria	Spain	Italy
Direct investment										
Public corporations.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity and investment fund shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banking sector	5 724	1 685	856	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity and investment fund shares	5 724	1 685	856	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Private non-banking sector	536 703	155 685	48 466	44 460	38 630	198 412	361 056	18 161	13 960	11 391
Equity and investment fund shares	473 060	116 116	26 057	-1 706	32 532	160 381	307 977	16 941	12 108	10 618
Debt instruments	63 643	39 569	22 409	46 166	6 098	38 031	53 079	1 220	1 852	773
Total direct investment.....	542 427	157 370	49 322	44 460	38 630	198 412	361 056	18 161	13 960	11 391
Portfolio investment										
Monetary authorities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General government	81 667	14 413	5 680	111 759	21 795	402 853	37 914	-	-	409
Debt securities.....	81 667	14 413	5 680	111 759	21 795	402 853	37 914	-	-	409
Public corporations.....	119	12 239	20	16 921	3 895	4 207	26	-	-	-
Equity and investment fund shares	112	2	20	79	-	-	26	-	-	-
Debt securities.....	7	12 237	-	16 842	3 895	4 207	-	-	-	-
Banking sector	77 817	3 278	7 607	24 454	7 113	26 228	7 377	199	1 197	48
Equity and investment fund shares	75 191	3 002	7 464	24 414	6 978	25 988	7 210	187	1 181	11
Debt securities.....	2 626	276	143	40	135	240	167	12	16	37
Private non-banking sector	191 884	5 337	24 557	78 610	43 966	45 506	15 195	444	703	29
Equity and investment fund shares	191 884	5 337	24 557	78 610	43 966	45 289	15 195	444	703	29
Debt securities.....	-	-	-	-	-	217	-	-	-	-
Total portfolio investment	351 487	35 267	37 864	231 744	76 769	478 794	60 512	643	1 900	486
Financial derivatives										
Banking sector	67 490	5 823	2 269	102	17 662	1 855	1 627	4	-	-
Total financial derivatives.....	67 490	5 823	2 269	102	17 662	1 855	1 627	4	-	-
Other investment										
Monetary authorities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit and loans with the IMF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term loans.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General government	-	15 581	-	779	9 229	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term loans	-	15 581	-	779	9 229	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term loans.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public corporations.....	34 527	10 586	13	-	7 438	54	-	-	3	2 171
Long-term loans	34 319	9 737	-	-	7 033	-	-	-	-	2 171
Short-term loans.....	208	849	13	-	405	54	-	-	3	-
Banking sector	193 977	17 044	4 427	1 446	14 254	2 203	6 609	120	286	404
Long-term loans	14 420	6 992	-	-	4 009	-	2 348	-	-	-
Short-term loans.....	110 915	6 641	1 368	5	7 213	-	1 640	-	109	-
Deposits	68 642	3 411	3 059	1 441	3 032	2 203	2 621	120	177	404
Private non-banking sector	37 327	10 096	5 012	1 564	1 998	1 651	20 181	275	1 700	2 674
Long-term loans	16 820	274	-	170	32	-	12 428	-	-	472
Short-term loans and trade finance.....	20 507	9 822	5 012	1 394	1 966	1 651	7 753	275	1 700	2 202
Special Drawing Rights.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other investment.....	265 831	53 307	9 452	3 789	32 919	3 908	26 790	395	1 989	5 249
Total foreign liabilities.....	1 227 235	251 767	98 907	280 095	165 980	682 969	449 985	19 203	17 849	17 126

Foreign liabilities of South Africa by country, 31 December 2024

R millions

					North and South America					
Sweden	Ireland	Malta	Other	Total	USA	Canada	Bermuda	Other	Total	
										Direct investment
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Public corporations
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Equity and investment fund shares
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Debt instruments
-	-	-	1	8 266	28 843	-	-	-	28 843	Banking sector
-	-	-	1	8 266	28 843	-	-	-	28 843	Equity and investment fund shares
13 610	45 631	184	35 494	1 521 843	152 715	7 748	12 293	10 963	183 719	Private non-banking sector
5 015	34 383	184	14 140	1 207 806	134 324	2 608	11 548	2 450	150 930	Equity and investment fund shares
8 595	11 248	-	21 354	314 037	18 391	5 140	745	8 513	32 789	Debt instruments
13 610	45 631	184	35 495	1 530 109	181 558	7 748	12 293	10 963	212 562	Total direct investment
										Portfolio investment
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Monetary authorities
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Debt securities
-	12 838	-	1 394	690 722	573 270	6 289	3 337	128	583 024	General government
-	12 838	-	1 394	690 722	573 270	6 289	3 337	128	583 024	Debt securities
4	11	-	95	37 537	80 920	7	-	-	80 927	Public corporations
4	11	-	95	349	1 566	7	-	-	1 573	Equity and investment fund shares
-	-	-	-	37 188	79 354	-	-	-	79 354	Debt securities
3 712	8 819	2	25 840	193 691	313 390	1 202	157	2 622	317 371	Banking sector
3 673	8 765	-	25 643	189 707	302 764	1 155	156	2 477	306 552	Equity and investment fund shares
39	54	2	197	3 984	10 626	47	1	145	10 819	Debt securities
9 946	22 797	2 307	64 053	505 334	839 824	13 737	351	2 571	856 483	Private non-banking sector
9 946	22 797	2 307	64 053	505 117	839 721	13 737	351	2 571	856 380	Equity and investment fund shares
-	-	-	-	217	103	-	-	-	103	Debt securities
13 662	44 465	2 309	91 382	1 427 284	1 807 404	21 235	3 845	5 321	1 837 805	Total portfolio investment
										Financial derivatives
34	1	1	-	96 868	2 812	315	-	352	3 479	Banking sector
34	1	1	-	96 868	2 812	315	-	352	3 479	Total financial derivatives
										Other investment
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Monetary authority
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Credit and loans with the IMF
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Long-term loans
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Short-term loans
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Deposits
-	-	-	1	25 590	-	1 484	-	-	1 484	General government
-	-	-	1	25 590	-	1 484	-	-	1 484	Long-term loans
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Short-term loans
-	-	-	6	54 798	7 085	1 870	-	-	8 955	Public corporations
-	-	-	-	53 260	4 956	1 835	-	-	6 791	Long-term loans
-	-	-	6	1 538	2 129	35	-	-	2 164	Short-term loans
403	1 672	139	3 451	246 435	44 542	2 265	826	27 847	75 480	Banking sector
-	-	-	709	28 478	17 832	-	-	-	17 832	Long-term loans
-	445	-	192	128 528	9 784	1 881	-	2 122	13 787	Short-term loans
403	1 227	139	2 550	89 429	16 926	384	826	25 725	43 861	Deposits
4 573	4 380	32	6 513	97 976	64 553	581	365	883	66 382	Private non-banking sector
-	-	-	2 076	32 272	35 809	-	291	-	36 100	Long-term loans
4 573	4 380	32	4 437	65 704	28 744	581	74	883	30 282	Short-term loans and trade finance
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Special Drawing Rights
4 976	6 052	171	9 971	424 799	116 180	6 200	1 191	28 730	152 301	Total other investment
32 282	96 149	2 665	136 848	3 479 060	2 107 954	35 498	17 329	45 366	2 206 147	Total foreign liabilities

Foreign liabilities of South Africa by country, 31 December 2024 (continued)

R millions

	Africa										
	Botswana	Lesotho	Eswatini	Namibia	Nigeria	Mauritius	Other	Total	Japan	Hong Kong	South Korea
Direct investment											
Public corporations.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity and investment fund shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banking sector	-	-	-	-	439	-	-	439	-	7 038	-
Equity and investment fund shares	-	-	-	-	439	-	-	439	-	7 038	-
Private non-banking sector.....	5 351	1 089	7 787	8 164	3 380	25 733	70 229	121 733	70 283	5 304	3 860
Equity and investment fund shares.....	4 458	918	7 085	7 098	1 749	19 809	44 056	85 173	46 120	4 928	3 476
Debt instruments	893	171	702	1 066	1 631	5 924	26 173	36 560	24 163	376	384
Total direct investment.....	5 351	1 089	7 787	8 164	3 819	25 733	70 229	122 172	70 283	12 342	3 860
Portfolio investment											
Monetary authorities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General government.....	3 055	2 326	53	13 488	-	473	1	19 396	457	-	191
Debt securities.....	3 055	2 326	53	13 488	-	473	1	19 396	457	-	191
Public corporations.....	81	101	37	1 505	-	3	1	1 728	3	1	-
Equity and investment fund shares	-	5	18	96	-	3	-	122	3	1	-
Debt securities.....	81	96	19	1 409	-	-	1	1 606	-	-	-
Banking sector	5 025	1 166	2 883	21 714	113	426	2 487	33 814	4 698	1 752	537
Equity and investment fund shares	4 685	462	2 755	18 816	-	3	681	27 402	4 626	1 641	528
Debt securities.....	340	704	128	2 898	113	423	1 806	6 412	72	111	9
Private non-banking sector.....	3 140	1 611	6 860	41 055	7	1 272	586	54 531	10 442	3 276	1 032
Equity and investment fund shares	3 115	1 530	6 847	40 652	7	1 272	586	54 009	10 442	3 276	1 032
Debt securities.....	25	81	13	403	-	-	-	522	-	-	-
Total portfolio investment	11 301	5 204	9 833	77 762	120	2 174	3 075	109 469	15 600	5 029	1 760
Financial derivatives											
Banking sector	143	12	3	705	92	2 947	3 228	7 130	-	9	-
Total financial derivatives.....	143	12	3	705	92	2 947	3 228	7 130	-	9	-
Other investment											
Monetary authorities	524	4 373	2 282	6 227	-	-	184	13 590	-	-	-
Credit and loans with the IMF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term loans.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits.....	524	4 373	2 282	6 227	-	-	184	13 590	-	-	-
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term loans.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public corporations.....	9	-	-	6	-	-	510	525	4 705	-	-
Long-term loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4 678	-	-
Short-term loans.....	9	-	-	6	-	-	510	525	27	-	-
Banking sector	9 258	5 975	3 522	28 604	17 726	22 416	70 162	157 663	757	3 477	97
Long-term loans	-	-	-	-	-	249	-	249	-	-	-
Short-term loans.....	130	-	1 865	8 153	7 096	9 108	21 796	48 148	-	1	-
Deposits	9 128	5 975	1 657	20 451	10 630	13 059	48 366	109 266	757	3 476	97
Private non-banking sector.....	406	75	266	1 302	306	1 415	2 564	6 334	6 128	7 372	165
Long-term loans	-	3	10	71	-	-	-	84	3 462	-	-
Short-term loans and trade finance.....	406	72	256	1 231	306	1 415	2 564	6 250	2 666	7 372	165
Special Drawing Rights.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other investment.....	10 197	10 423	6 070	36 139	18 032	23 831	73 420	178 112	11 590	10 849	262
Total foreign liabilities.....	26 992	16 728	23 693	122 770	22 063	54 685	149 952	416 883	97 473	28 229	5 882

Foreign liabilities of South Africa by country, 31 December 2024

R millions

Asia						Oceania			International organisations ¹	Total	
Malaysia	China	Singapore	India	Other	Total	Australia	Other	Total			
											Direct investment
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Public corporations
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Equity and investment fund shares
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Debt instruments
-	91 477	-	3 136	1 190	102 841	-	-	-	-	140 389	Banking sector
-	91 477	-	3 136	1 190	102 841	-	-	-	-	140 389	Equity and investment fund shares
1 494	26 188	7 122	767	27 438	142 456	52 396	1 129	53 525	860	2 024 136	Private non-banking sector
1 469	17 584	281	289	22 276	96 423	48 461	918	49 379	-	1 589 711	Equity and investment fund shares
25	8 604	6 841	478	5 162	46 033	3 935	211	4 146	860	434 425	Debt instruments
1 494	117 665	7 122	3 903	28 628	245 297	52 396	1 129	53 525	860	2 164 525	Total direct investment
											Portfolio investment
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Monetary authority
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Debt securities
-	-	33 260	-	3 697	37 605	118	43	161	14	1 330 922	General government
-	-	33 260	-	3 697	37 605	118	43	161	14	1 330 922	Debt securities
-	-	3	-	141	148	3	31	34	-	120 374	Public corporations
-	-	3	-	141	148	3	31	34	-	2 226	Equity and investment fund shares
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	118 148	Debt securities
8	1 042	25 798	61	12 279	46 175	4 683	6 493	11 176	11	602 238	Banking sector
-	451	25 723	-	11 968	44 937	4 616	6 479	11 095	-	579 693	Equity and investment fund shares
8	591	75	61	311	1 238	67	14	81	11	22 545	Debt securities
96	564	40 734	1	16 782	72 927	9 699	16 055	25 754	1	1 515 030	Private non-banking sector
96	564	40 734	1	16 782	72 927	9 699	16 055	25 754	1	1 514 188	Equity and investment fund shares
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	842	Debt securities
104	1 606	99 795	62	32 899	156 855	14 503	22 622	37 125	26	3 568 564	Total portfolio investment
											Financial derivatives
-	27	17	26	124	203	17	-	17	-	107 697	Banking sector
-	27	17	26	124	203	17	-	17	-	107 697	Total financial derivatives
											Other investment
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13 590	Monetary authorities
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Credit and loans with the IMF
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Long-term loans
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Short-term loans
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13 590	Deposits
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	136 999	164 073	General government
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	136 999	164 073	Long-term loans
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Short-term loans
-	80 466	-	-	6 642	91 812	12	-	12	81 020	237 122	Public corporations
-	80 465	-	-	6 642	91 785	-	-	-	81 020	232 856	Long-term loans
-	1	-	-	-	27	12	-	12	-	4 266	Short-term loans
131	35 177	4 591	15 628	24 049	83 907	1 015	143	1 158	288	564 931	Banking sector
-	3 891	-	-	3 813	7 704	-	-	-	-	54 263	Long-term loans
-	5 457	3 810	2 905	11 259	23 432	231	-	231	-	214 126	Short-term loans
131	25 829	781	12 723	8 977	52 771	784	143	927	288	296 542	Deposits
232	31 117	3 756	5 401	32 340	86 511	2 241	426	2 667	3 687	263 557	Private non-banking sector
-	14 700	-	-	27 068	45 230	-	-	-	1 521	115 207	Long-term loans
232	16 417	3 756	5 401	5 272	41 281	2 241	426	2 667	2 166	148 350	Short-term loans and trade finance
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	115 155	115 155	Special Drawing Rights
363	146 760	8 347	21 029	63 031	262 230	3 268	569	3 837	337 149	1 358 428	Total other investment
1 961	266 058	115 281	25 020	124 682	664 585	70 184	24 320	94 504	338 035	7 199 214	Total foreign liabilities

¹ Includes unidentified countries.

Foreign assets of South Africa by country, 31 December 2024

R millions

	Europe									
	UK	Luxembourg	Switzerland	Germany	France	Belgium	Netherlands	Austria	Russia	Malta
Direct investment										
Public corporations.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity and investment fund shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banking sector	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity and investment fund shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Private non-banking sector.....	269 463	50 743	180 732	23 528	21 126	4 400	850 556	-12 799	655	55
Equity and investment fund shares.....	262 462	49 811	175 358	13 618	20 110	833	833 625	-13 137	623	-
Debt instruments	7 001	932	5 374	9 910	1 016	3 567	16 931	338	32	55
Total direct investment	269 463	50 743	180 732	23 528	21 126	4 400	850 556	-12 799	655	55
Portfolio investment										
Public corporations.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity and investment fund shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banking sector	13 006	3 299	469	1 557	1 400	2 863	935	363	-	-
Equity and investment fund shares	2 144	3 299	50	1 517	-	117	-	-	-	-
Debt securities.....	10 862	-	419	40	1 400	2 746	935	363	-	-
Private non-banking sector	1 044 688	427 062	155 714	25 403	45 691	82 144	216 754	485	42	41 087
Equity and investment fund shares.....	1 025 120	421 758	151 579	23 513	37 865	82 128	210 021	351	42	40 827
Debt securities.....	19 568	5 304	4 135	1 890	7 826	16	6 733	134	-	260
Total portfolio investment	1 057 694	430 361	156 183	26 960	47 091	85 007	217 689	848	42	41 087
Financial derivatives										
Banking sector	82 951	26	1 801	495	18 227	1	1 817	-	-	-
Total financial derivatives.....	82 951	26	1 801	495	18 227	1	1 817	-	-	-
Other investment										
Monetary authorities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term loans.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General government	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term loans.....	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public corporations.....	247	-	109	103	75	-	1	3	-	-
Long-term loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term loans.....	247	-	109	103	75	-	1	3	-	-
Banking sector	261 953	11 984	3 240	21 160	54 705	118	31 459	143	2	1 311
Long-term loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term loans.....	137 313	504	405	19 318	44 478	2	21 976	1	2	-
Deposits.....	124 640	11 480	2 835	1 842	10 227	116	9 483	142	-	1 311
Private non-banking sector	13 680	133	1 705	374	527	222	552	256	25	190
Long-term loans	365	-	-	-	24	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term loans and trade finance.....	13 315	-	-	-	503	222	552	256	25	190
Total other investment.....	275 892	12 117	5 054	21 637	55 307	340	32 012	402	27	1 501
Reserve assets										
Monetary authorities	33 506	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Monetary gold	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special Drawing Rights.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other reserve assets.....	33 506	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total reserve assets.....	33 506	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total foreign assets	1 719 506	493 247	343 786	72 620	141 751	89 748	1 102 074	-11 549	724	42 643

Foreign assets of South Africa by country, 31 December 2024

R millions

Europe					North and South America					
Poland	Sweden	Ireland	Other	Total	USA	Canada	Bermuda	Other	Total	
										Direct investment
-	-	-	719	719	-	-	-	-	-	Public corporations
-	-	-	719	719	-	-	-	-	-	Equity and investment fund shares
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Debt instruments
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Banking sector
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Equity and investment fund shares
725	145	66 590	389 265	1 845 184	152 645	1 788	1 046	30 147	185 626	Private non-banking sector
655	78	63 736	377 127	1 784 899	95 310	-403	1 035	23 946	119 888	Equity and investment fund shares
70	67	2 854	12 138	60 285	57 335	2 191	11	6 201	65 738	Debt instruments
725	145	66 590	389 984	1 845 903	152 645	1 788	1 046	30 147	185 626	Total direct investment
										Portfolio investment
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Public corporations
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Equity and investment fund shares
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Debt securities
-	36	-	371	24 299	29 071	-	-	3 264	32 335	Banking sector
-	-	-	-	7 127	-	-	-	17	17	Equity and investment fund shares
-	36	-	371	17 172	29 071	-	-	3 247	32 318	Debt securities
258	3 421	752 159	251 521	3 046 429	647 242	17 009	168 756	27 194	860 201	Private non-banking sector
258	3 182	748 994	244 354	2 989 992	577 538	16 752	168 536	21 965	784 791	Equity and investment fund shares
-	239	3 165	7 167	56 437	69 704	257	220	5 229	75 410	Debt securities
258	3 457	752 159	251 892	3 070 728	676 313	17 009	168 756	30 458	892 536	Total portfolio investment
										Financial derivatives
14	-	1 679	127	107 138	2 653	27	-	145	2 825	Banking sector
14	-	1 679	127	107 138	2 653	27	-	145	2 825	Total financial derivatives
										Other investment
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Monetary authorities
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Short-term loans
-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	General government
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Long-term loans
-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	-	Short-term loans
-	2	182	-	722	186	-	-	4	190	Public corporations
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Long-term loans
-	2	182	-	722	186	-	-	4	190	Short-term loans
781	101	9 896	9 112	405 965	45 439	2 701	4	8 140	56 284	Banking sector
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Long-term loans
-	2	682	5 059	229 742	1 182	38	4	3 490	4 714	Short-term loans
781	99	9 214	4 053	176 223	44 257	2 663	-	4 650	51 570	Deposits
82	168	621	4 466	23 001	5 526	264	120	1 112	7 022	Private non-banking sector
-	-	-	6	395	-	-	-	-	-	Long-term loans
82	168	621	4 460	22 606	5 526	264	120	1 112	7 022	Short-term loans and trade finance
863	271	10 699	13 578	429 700	51 151	2 965	124	9 256	63 496	Total other investment
										Reserve assets
-	1	-	40 598	74 121	698 367	20 778	-	-	719 145	Monetary authorities
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Monetary gold
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Special Drawing Rights
-	1	-	40 598	74 121	698 367	20 778	-	-	719 145	Other reserve assets
-	1	-	40 598	74 121	698 367	20 778	-	-	719 145	Total reserve assets
1 860	3 874	831 127	696 179	5 527 590	1 581 129	42 567	169 926	70 006	1 863 628	Total foreign assets

Foreign assets of South Africa by country, 31 December 2024 (continued)

R millions

	Africa										China
	Botswana	Lesotho	Eswatini	Namibia	Zimbabwe	Mauritius	Mozambique	Nigeria	Other	Total	
Direct investment											
Public corporations.....	-	-	-	235	-	-	5 226	-	485	5 946	-
Equity and investment fund shares	-	-	-	235	-	-	5 226	-	485	5 946	-
Debt instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banking sector	-	-	-	-	-	535	-	-	-	535	-
Equity and investment fund shares	-	-	-	-	-	535	-	-	-	535	-
Private non-banking sector	30 525	10 871	6 137	39 735	34 053	148 518	68 189	4 514	255 159	597 701	8 424
Equity and investment fund shares	29 279	8 183	5 886	38 586	32 286	123 484	40 899	4 020	243 929	526 552	8 371
Debt instruments	1 246	2 688	251	1 149	1 767	25 034	27 290	494	11 230	71 149	53
Total direct investment	30 525	10 871	6 137	39 970	34 053	149 053	73 415	4 514	255 644	604 182	8 424
Portfolio investment											
Public corporations.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity and investment fund shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Banking sector	625	-	535	17 662	177	5 463	449	2 583	9 242	36 736	1 369
Equity and investment fund shares	-	-	-	-	-	4 671	-	-	-	4 671	-
Debt securities.....	625	-	535	17 662	177	792	449	2 583	9 242	32 065	1 369
Private non-banking sector	6 632	12 876	279	36 059	5 502	27 977	806	19 492	11 604	121 227	16 961
Equity and investment fund shares	1 964	6 617	8	13 878	5	24 276	436	17 187	8 759	73 130	16 905
Debt securities.....	4 668	6 259	271	22 181	5 497	3 701	370	2 305	2 845	48 097	56
Total portfolio investment	7 257	12 876	814	53 721	5 679	33 440	1 255	22 075	20 846	157 963	18 330
Financial derivatives											
Banking sector	116	20	1	1 646	-	2 665	-	657	1 210	6 315	794
Total financial derivatives.....	116	20	1	1 646	-	2 665	-	657	1 210	6 315	794
Other investment											
Monetary authorities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term loans.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term loans.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public corporations.....	5	20	33	8	1 111	-	2 150	947	32 781	37 055	410
Long-term loans	-	11	22	6	1 007	-	2 149	947	32 608	36 750	-
Short-term loans.....	5	9	11	2	104	-	1	-	173	305	410
Banking sector	838	1 965	2 109	12 087	2 286	35 291	4 770	54 440	101 981	215 767	23 399
Long-term loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short-term loans.....	139	345	1 496	10 083	139	10 455	250	28 311	35 517	86 735	47
Deposits.....	699	1 620	613	2 004	2 147	24 836	4 520	26 129	66 464	129 032	23 352
Private non-banking sector	855	368	419	1 234	1 888	703	1 129	647	10 220	17 463	1 056
Long-term loans	-	-	-	45	-	106	30	-	866	1 047	-
Short-term loans and trade finance.....	855	368	419	1 189	1 888	597	1 099	647	9 354	16 416	1 056
Total other investment.....	1 698	2 353	2 561	13 329	5 285	35 994	8 049	56 034	144 982	270 285	24 865
Reserve assets											
Monetary authorities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73 479
Monetary gold	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Special Drawing Rights.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other reserve assets.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73 479
Total reserve assets.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73 479
Total foreign assets	39 596	26 120	9 513	108 666	45 017	221 152	82 719	83 280	422 682	1 038 745	125 892

Foreign assets of South Africa by country, 31 December 2024

R millions

Asia						Oceania			International organisa- tions ¹	Total	
India	Japan	Hong Kong	Singapore	Other	Total	Australia	Other	Total			
											Direct investment
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 665	Public corporations
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 665	Equity and investment fund shares
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Debt instruments
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	535	Banking sector
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	535	Equity and investment fund shares
2 076	1 020	4 366	14 798	101 310	131 994	105 305	935	106 240	4 709	2 871 454	Private non-banking sector
1 995	213	3 520	10 765	99 076	123 940	98 526	919	99 445	753	2 655 477	Equity and investment fund shares
81	807	846	4 033	2 234	8 054	6 779	16	6 795	3 956	215 977	Debt instruments
2 076	1 020	4 366	14 798	101 310	131 994	105 305	935	106 240	4 709	2 878 654	Total direct investment
											Portfolio investment
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Public corporations
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Equity and investment fund shares
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Debt securities
1 593	-	1 394	-	12 495	16 851	1 054	-	1 054	-	111 275	Banking sector
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11 815	Equity and investment fund shares
1 593	-	1 394	-	12 495	16 851	1 054	-	1 054	-	99 460	Debt securities
5 201	9 597	7 147	7 709	20 582	67 197	86 227	146	86 373	5 524	4 186 951	Private non-banking sector
5 198	9 455	7 078	7 111	18 162	63 909	85 977	126	86 103	2 367	4 000 292	Equity and investment fund shares
3	142	69	598	2 420	3 288	250	20	270	3 157	186 659	Debt securities
6 794	9 597	8 541	7 709	33 077	84 048	87 281	146	87 427	5 524	4 298 226	Total portfolio investment
											Financial derivatives
5	-	5	12	147	963	160	-	160	-	117 401	Banking sector
5	-	5	12	147	963	160	-	160	-	117 401	Total financial derivatives
											Other investment
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Monetary authorities
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Short-term loans
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	General government
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Long-term loans
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	Short-term loans
-	-	-	-	-	410	4	-	4	-	38 381	Public corporations
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36 750	Long-term loans
-	-	-	-	-	410	4	-	4	-	1 631	Short-term loans
3 589	1 250	1 708	6 109	35 395	71 450	3 136	2 587	5 723	379	755 568	Banking sector
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Long-term loans
1 185	4	1 328	150	13 357	16 071	42	2 468	2 510	20	339 792	Short-term loans
2 404	1 246	380	5 959	22 038	55 379	3 094	119	3 213	359	415 776	Deposits
547	499	151	202	4 202	6 657	1 188	121	1 309	183	55 635	Private non-banking sector
-	-	-	-	-	-	607	-	607	-	2 049	Long-term loans
547	499	151	202	4 202	6 657	581	121	702	183	53 586	Short-term loans and trade finance
4 136	1 749	1 859	6 311	39 597	78 517	4 328	2 708	7 036	562	849 596	Total other investment
											Reserve assets
-	1	-	-	12 473	85 953	18 216	-	18 216	329 250	1 226 685	Monetary authorities
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	197 636	197 636	Monetary gold
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	131 614	131 614	Special Drawing Rights
-	1	-	-	12 473	85 953	18 216	-	18 216	-	897 435	Other reserve assets
-	1	-	-	12 473	85 953	18 216	-	18 216	329 250	1 226 685	Total reserve assets
13 011	12 367	14 771	28 830	186 604	381 475	215 290	3 789	219 079	340 045	9 370 562	Total foreign assets

¹ Includes unidentified countries.

Foreign liabilities of South Africa by kind of economic activity, 31 December 2024

R millions

	Agriculture, forestry, hunting and fishing	Mining and quarrying	Manufacturing	Electricity, gas and water	Construction
Direct investment					
Equity and investment fund shares	3 842	446 381	466 092	4 336	1 930
Debt instruments	1 443	48 352	129 533	544	1 969
Total direct investment	5 285	494 733	595 625	4 880	3 899
Portfolio investment					
Equity and investment fund shares	6 925	355 555	269 002	-	3 585
Debt securities	-	-	-	84 139	-
Total portfolio investment	6 925	355 555	269 002	84 139	3 585
Financial derivatives	-	-	-	-	-
Other investment					
Credit and loans with the IMF	-	-	-	-	-
Special Drawing Rights	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term loans	-	12 342	935	149 505	-
Short-term loans and trade finance	232	2 477	16 528	4 267	757
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-
Total other investment	232	14 819	17 463	153 772	757
Total foreign liabilities	12 442	865 107	882 090	242 791	8 241

Foreign liabilities of South Africa by kind of economic activity, 31 December 2024

R millions

Wholesale and retail trade, catering and accommo- dation	Transport, storage and communication	Finance, insurance, real-estate and business services	Community, social and personal services	Total	
					Direct investment
84 067	158 312	536 299	28 841	1 730 100	Equity and investment fund shares
28 200	61 325	161 526	1 533	434 425	Debt instruments
112 267	219 637	697 825	30 374	2 164 525	Total direct investment
					Portfolio investment
365 469	117 488	941 094	36 989	2 096 107	Equity and investment fund shares
-	23 756	33 654	1 330 908	1 472 457	Debt securities
365 469	141 244	974 748	1 367 897	3 568 564	Total portfolio investment
-	-	107 697	-	107 697	Financial derivatives
					Other investment
-	-	-	-	-	Credit and loans with the IMF
-	-	115 155	-	115 155	Special Drawing Rights
587	51 806	187 146	164 078	566 399	Long-term loans
15 284	4 902	322 099	196	366 742	Short-term loans and trade finance
-	-	310 132	-	310 132	Deposits
15 871	56 708	934 532	164 274	1 358 428	Total other investment
493 607	417 589	2 714 802	1 562 545	7 199 214	Total foreign liabilities

Foreign debt of South Africa¹

US\$ millions

End of	Foreign-currency denominated ²					Rand-denominated			Total foreign debt
	Debt securities	Other			Total	Debt securities	Other ⁴	Total	
		Public sector	Monetary sector ³	Non-monetary private sector					
	(5505K)	(5507K)	(5508K)	(5509K)	(5510K)	(5512K)	(5513K)	(5511K)	(5514K)
2020	29 113	15 959	16 317	25 715	87 104	54 309	28 994	83 303	170 407
2021	27 785	16 267	14 655	22 810	81 517	51 892	27 104	78 996	160 513
2022	29 221	17 183	16 755	25 170	88 329	46 485	29 467	75 952	164 281
2023	27 915	18 051	18 304	25 182	89 452	43 831	24 841	68 672	158 124
2024	29 479	17 405	21 625	26 247	94 756	48 642	24 956	73 598	168 354
2023: 03	27 883	18 379	17 836	25 686	89 784	40 335	25 977	66 312	156 096
04	27 915	18 051	18 304	25 182	89 452	43 831	24 841	68 672	158 124
2024: 01	26 406	18 836	19 080	27 434	91 756	40 669	25 902	66 571	158 327
02	25 999	18 125	18 965	27 724	90 813	46 211	26 828	73 039	163 852
03	26 034	17 831	22 345	27 155	93 365	53 629	29 320	82 949	176 314
04	29 479	17 405	21 625	26 247	94 756	48 642	24 956	73 598	168 354
2025: 01	28 257	16 857	22 346	26 260	93 720	53 719	29 060	82 779	176 499
02	28 320	16 320	22 511	26 221	93 372	57 157	29 708	86 865	180 237

KB516

Foreign debt of South Africa¹

R millions

End of	Foreign-currency denominated ²					Rand-denominated			Total foreign debt (5534K)
	Debt securities (5525K)	Other			Total (5530K)	Debt securities (5532K)	Other ⁴ (5533K)	Total (5531K)	
		Public sector (5527K)	Monetary sector ³ (5528K)	Non-monetary private sector (5529K)					
2020	425 766	233 393	238 630	376 072	1 273 861	794 246	424 029	1 218 275	2 492 136
2021	441 501	258 481	232 867	362 449	1 295 298	824 558	430 683	1 255 241	2 550 539
2022	496 263	291 821	284 552	427 465	1 500 101	789 463	500 437	1 289 900	2 790 001
2023	518 733	335 434	340 136	467 947	1 662 250	814 492	461 604	1 276 096	2 938 346
2024	551 595	325 673	404 635	491 120	1 773 023	910 162	466 966	1 377 128	3 150 151
2023: 03	523 755	345 232	335 032	482 487	1 686 506	757 653	487 948	1 245 601	2 932 107
04	518 733	335 434	340 136	467 947	1 662 250	814 492	461 604	1 276 096	2 938 346
2024: 01	501 512	357 745	362 378	521 043	1 742 678	772 414	491 944	1 264 358	3 007 036
02	473 542	330 126	345 426	504 960	1 654 054	841 664	488 648	1 330 312	2 984 366
03	445 535	305 152	382 403	464 720	1 597 810	917 778	501 780	1 419 558	3 017 368
04	551 595	325 673	404 635	491 120	1 773 023	910 162	466 966	1 377 128	3 150 151
2025: 01	516 970	308 404	408 826	480 434	1 714 634	982 797	531 676	1 514 473	3 229 107
02	503 410	290 101	400 151	466 099	1 659 761	1 016 013	528 080	1 544 093	3 203 854

KB528

¹ Valued at middle rate-market exchange rate as at end of period.² Debt renegotiated (5500K) (5520K) and debt converted to long-term loans (5506K) (5526K) outside the standstill net were fully repaid in 2001 and 2004 respectively.³ Including onlending to other sectors.⁴ Including blocked and freely transferable funds, but excluding equity.

Maturity structure of foreign currency-denominated debt

US\$ millions as at the end of June 2025

	Total	Short term ¹	2025 ²	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031 ³
Debt Securities	28 320	-	2 000	1 850	1 500	3 734	2 000	1 400	15 836
General government	24 586	-	2 000	1 850	1 000	2 000	2 000	1 400	14 336
Public corporations ⁴	3 234	-	-	-	500	1 734	-	-	1 000
Central Bank ⁵	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposit-taking institutions	500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500
Non-monetary private sector	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt excluding debt securities	65 052	34 305	1 804	1 605	1 831	2 128	1 689	1 976	19 714
General government	7 627	-	581	-	-	-	-	160	6 886
Public corporations ⁴	8 693	166	1 158	551	376	152	600	473	5 217
Monetary sector	22 511	19 275	-	-	-	350	459	194	2 233
Central Bank ⁵									
Deposit-taking institutions	22 511	19 275	-	-	-	350	459	194	2 233
Non-monetary private sector	26 221	14 864	65	1 054	1 455	1 626	630	1 149	5 378
Total foreign currency-denominated debt	93 372	34 305	3 804	3 455	3 331	5 862	3 689	3 376	35 550

KB525

1 Liabilities with an original maturity of less than one year, e.g. trade finance.

These liabilities are mostly rolled over, renegotiated or replaced with new facilities.

2 1 July 2025 to 31 December 2025: Amounts falling due on long-term loans. These loans may also be partly rolled over and/or replaced by new foreign loans.

3 Maturities of the year 2031 and afterwards.

4 Excluding all deposit-taking institutions.

5 Includes the liabilities of the Reserve Bank and the CPD.

Ratios of selected data

Percentage

End of	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Total foreign debt to ¹ :								
Gross domestic product..... (5260J)	45.4	42.6	47.6	50.4	38.2	40.3	41.5	42.0
Total export earnings ² (5261J)	157.0	144.6	161.9	168.7	112.8	111.0	114.1	121.8
Interest payments to total export earnings (5262J)	6.8	7.0	7.2	7.1	6.0	5.7	6.6	7.1
Interest and dividend payments to total export earnings (5263J)	14.1	15.2	15.0	12.4	12.8	12.7	11.5	12.7

KB517

1 Ratios in US dollar terms, with foreign debt converted at year end and gross domestic product and total export earnings at the annual average US dollar per Rand exchange rate.

2 Comprising merchandise exports, net gold exports, service receipts and income receipts.

Gold and other foreign reserves of the Reserve Bank¹

Period	Amount as at end of period R millions				Changes during period R millions					Memorandum item US\$ millions	
	Gold reserves (5270M)	Special Drawing Rights ² (5271M)	Other foreign exchange reserves (5272M)	Gross gold and other foreign reserves (5273M)	Gross gold and other foreign reserves (5023M)	Net monetisa- tion(+)/demoni- tisation(-) of gold (5283M)	Valuation adjustments (5022M)	Liabilities related to reserves (5021M)	Reserve assets ³ (5020M)	International liquidity position of the Reserve Bank ^{4,5} (5277M)	Gross gold and other foreign reserves (5806M)
2019	86 104	46 605	639 400	772 109	29 776	5	4 401	-	25 370	44 897	55 058
2020	111 947	50 883	644 785	807 615	35 506	7	89 619	-	- 54 120	52 054	55 013
2021	116 469	118 502	680 453	915 424	107 809	4	40 533	-	67 272	55 309	57 589
2022	124 359	120 384	784 266	1 029 009	113 585	53	45 331	-	68 201	53 827	60 570
2023	154 410	131 888	871 284	1 157 582	128 573	35	141 814	-	- 13 276	56 900	62 518
2024	197 636	131 614	897 435	1 226 685	69 103	44	68 862	-	197	60 371	65 459
2022: Nov	120 321	118 457	775 671	1 014 449	- 64 173	4	- 62 619	-	- 1 558	53 391	59 877
Dec	124 359	120 384	784 266	1 029 009	14 560	12	9 808	-	4 740	53 827	60 570
2023: Jan	133 910	125 337	820 804	1 080 051	51 042	1	45 766	-	5 275	54 844	61 864
Feb	134 349	130 509	859 844	1 124 702	44 651	7	44 829	-	-185	54 084	61 019
Mar	141 895	127 333	829 995	1 099 223	- 25 479	6	- 18 814	-	- 6 671	55 229	61 851
Apr	146 739	131 821	854 075	1 132 635	33 412	2	38 023	-	- 4 613	55 370	61 720
May	156 510	140 135	916 504	1 213 149	80 514	4	80 470	-	40	55 045	61 296
Jun	145 571	134 546	886 405	1 166 522	- 46 627	2	- 53 645	-	7 016	54 936	61 549
Jul	140 045	127 018	836 204	1 103 267	- 63 255	3	- 61 942	-	- 1 316	55 626	62 212
Aug	147 315	133 264	883 748	1 164 327	61 060	2	59 872	-	1 186	55 444	61 998
Sep	142 114	132 355	878 033	1 152 502	- 11 825	2	- 5 649	-	- 6 178	54 980	61 131
Oct	150 861	130 370	860 071	1 141 302	- 11 200	2	1 404	-	- 12 606	55 510	60 962
Nov	154 963	133 316	875 508	1 163 787	22 485	1	22 791	-	-307	56 319	61 721
Dec	154 410	131 888	871 284	1 157 582	- 6 205	3	- 11 291	-	5 083	56 900	62 518
2024: Jan	154 099	132 427	860 655	1 147 181	- 10 401	4	9 386	-	- 19 791	56 662	61 188
Feb	157 554	135 747	894 118	1 187 419	40 238	1	31 325	-	8 912	56 652	61 653
Mar	169 535	133 791	882 303	1 185 629	- 1 790	6	1 311	-	- 3 107	57 513	62 323
Apr	174 592	131 301	851 687	1 157 580	- 28 049	14	- 11 190	-	- 16 873	57 851	61 795
May	176 663	131 600	852 498	1 160 761	3 181	-	4 928	-	- 1 747	58 287	62 087
Jun	171 281	128 355	830 360	1 129 996	- 30 765	2	- 28 928	-	- 1 839	58 437	62 100
Jul	177 883	129 883	827 633	1 135 399	5 403	-	14 603	-	- 9 200	59 165	62 269
Aug	179 011	127 357	807 610	1 113 978	- 21 421	4	- 21 636	-	211	60 141	63 205
Sep	183 053	125 197	785 006	1 093 256	- 20 722	1	- 13 054	-	- 7 669	61 029	63 633
Oct	197 488	126 227	787 360	1 111 075	17 819	9	29 327	-	- 11 517	61 197	63 028
Nov	193 871	127 630	867 634	1 189 135	78 060	1	14 464	-	63 595	60 619	65 859
Dec	197 636	131 614	897 435	1 226 685	37 550	2	38 326	-	-778	60 371	65 459
2025: Jan	210 804	130 830	885 642	1 227 276	591	-	9 344	-	- 8 753	61 329	65 876
Feb	213 154	130 749	879 539	1 223 442	- 3 834	4	- 4 162	-	324	61 733	66 263
Mar	231 195	131 706	875 868	1 238 769	15 327	3	23 962	-	- 8 638	63 167	67 450
Apr	244 906	136 035	873 766	1 254 707	15 938	14	35 430	-	- 19 506	64 318	67 585
May	237 476	131 224	849 642	1 218 342	- 36 365	6	- 38 253	-	1 882	64 804	68 116
Jun	235 344	132 148	848 691	1 216 183	- 2 159	7	-429	-	- 1 737	65 216	68 415
Jul	241 083	132 515	877 034	1 250 632	34 449	12	17 882	-	16 555	65 141	69 161
Aug	243 740	131 219	872 665	1 247 624	- 3 008	2	- 12 847	-	9 837	65 899	70 416
Sep	265 700	129 115	809 738	1 204 553	- 43 071	6	3 166	-	- 46 243	67 865	69 739
Oct	280 933	128 639	830 460	1 240 032	35 479	9	18 551	-	16 919	69 364	71 550
Nov	288 239	127 236	818 186	1 233 661	- 6 371	7	- 1 926	-	- 4 452	70 025	72 068

KB518

- 1 From 6 March 2005 the gold reserves are valued at market price taken at 14:30 on each valuation date. Other foreign reserves are valued at the middle market exchange rate applicable on a specific date.
- 2 Special Drawing Rights (SDR) on this table includes the call and equity components of SDR and is therefore different from those published in the SARB's Statement of Assets and Liabilities and Information notice on the official gold and foreign exchange reserves of the SARB on a monthly frequency.
- 3 Including both the reserve and super reserve tranche position in the International Monetary Fund.
- 4 Up to the end of February 2004 referred to as the 'net open position in foreign currency of the South African Reserve Bank'.
- 5 The SARB's gross gold and other foreign reserves minus foreign currency-denominated liabilities against both domestic and foreign counterparties plus/minus the forward position in foreign currency.

Average daily turnover in the South African foreign exchange market

US\$ millions

Period	Net turnover ¹											
	Transactions against the rand											
	Spot transactions				Forward transactions				Swap transactions			
	Monetary sector	Other residents	Non-residents	Total spot	Monetary sector	Other residents	Non-residents	Total forward	Monetary sector	Other residents	Non-residents	Total swap
	(5450M)	(5451M)	(5452M)	(5453M)	(5454M)	(5455M)	(5456M)	(5457M)	(5458M)	(5459M)	(5460M)	(5461M)
2019	125	590	1 161	1 876	74	569	434	1 077	1 596	1 033	5 031	7 660
2020	175	629	1 172	1 977	48	479	366	893	1 598	909	4 550	7 056
2021	279	813	1 165	2 257	62	558	563	1 182	1 782	1 231	5 617	8 630
2022	198	989	1 285	2 472	56	638	237	931	1 529	964	5 126	7 619
2023	197	903	1 425	2 525	49	615	233	896	1 493	897	4 986	7 375
2024	94	933	1 285	2 311	72	600	157	829	1 440	1 019	4 786	7 244
2024: Oct.....	93	912	1 185	2 190	77	526	132	735	1 066	873	4 670	6 609
Nov	77	934	1 256	2 267	33	613	165	811	1 252	1 101	5 293	7 646
Dec	79	1 045	1 241	2 365	67	621	131	819	1 059	1 125	4 079	6 263
2025: Jan.....	67	739	1 226	2 032	31	515	146	692	746	818	3 900	5 464
Feb	71	876	1 159	2 106	130	458	139	727	1 041	1 144	4 490	6 675
Mar	98	1 174	1 416	2 688	161	557	138	856	1 566	899	5 776	8 241
Apr.....	85	1 124	1 750	2 959	152	577	225	954	1 736	1 175	5 851	8 762
May.....	82	1 059	1 315	2 456	78	582	136	796	1 427	891	5 414	7 732
Jun.....	73	1 212	1 366	2 651	107	667	161	935	1 282	1 007	5 398	7 687
Jul.....	87	1 210	1 296	2 593	150	513	172	835	1 243	877	5 585	7 705
Aug.....	65	1 165	1 270	2 500	74	513	142	729	1 112	904	6 006	8 022
Sep.....	107	1 409	1 357	2 873	69	598	127	794	1 349	1 041	7 089	9 479
Oct.....	90	1 235	1 536	2 861	175	601	174	950	1 090	991	5 169	7 250

KB526

Period	Net turnover ¹								
	Transactions against the rand				Transactions in third currencies ²				Total net turnover (5478M)
	Total transactions				Total transactions				
	Monetary sector	Other residents	Non-residents	Total	Monetary sector	Other residents	Non-residents	Total	
	(5470M)	(5471M)	(5472M)	(5473M)	(5474M)	(5475M)	(5476M)	(5477M)	
2019	1 795	2 192	6 626	10 613	127	292	3 784	4 203	14 816
2020	1 821	2 017	6 088	9 926	176	272	3 207	3 655	13 581
2021	2 123	2 602	7 345	12 069	207	209	3 378	3 794	15 862
2022	1 784	2 591	6 648	11 022	127	318	2 775	3 221	14 243
2023	1 739	2 415	6 643	10 797	195	381	2 904	3 480	14 277
2024	1 606	2 551	6 228	10 385	264	331	2 963	3 559	13 944
2024: Oct.....	1 236	2 311	5 987	9 534	285	266	2 926	3 477	13 011
Nov	1 362	2 648	6 714	10 724	337	429	3 241	4 007	14 731
Dec	1 205	2 791	5 451	9 447	252	279	3 022	3 553	13 000
2025: Jan.....	844	2 072	5 272	8 188	272	243	3 112	3 627	11 815
Feb	1 242	2 478	5 788	9 508	372	344	3 129	3 845	13 353
Mar	1 825	2 630	7 330	11 785	490	489	4 092	5 071	16 856
Apr.....	1 973	2 876	7 826	12 675	476	565	4 260	5 301	17 976
May.....	1 587	2 532	6 865	10 984	427	464	3 844	4 735	15 719
Jun.....	1 462	2 886	6 925	11 273	404	512	4 314	5 230	16 503
Jul.....	1 480	2 600	7 053	11 133	434	437	3 749	4 620	15 753
Aug	1 251	2 582	7 418	11 251	415	404	3 659	4 478	15 729
Sep	1 525	3 048	8 573	13 146	430	542	4 176	5 148	18 294
Oct.....	1 355	2 827	6 879	11 061	372	547	3 967	4 886	15 947

KB527

1 Net turnover figures are gross figures adjusted for double counting arising from local interbank business.

2 Transactions in third currencies refer to transactions between any two currencies other than the South African rand.

Exchange rates¹

Middle rates in cents (R1 = 100 cents) per foreign currency unit

SA cent per	Australia	Botswana	Brazil	Canada	China	Denmark	EU	Hong Kong	IMF	India	Israel	Japan
Foreign currency unit	Dollar	Pula	Real	Dollar	Yuan	Krone	Euro ²	Dollar	SDR	Rupee	Shekel	Yen
Average for	(5310M)	(5312M)	(5306M)	(5320M)	(5323M)	(5313M)	(5315M)	(5324M)	(5317M)	(5325M)	(5326M)	(5319M)
2019	1 004.00	134.27	366.55	1 088.98	209.10	216.64	1 617.43	184.40	1 996.33	20.51	405.52	13.260
2020	1 134.27	143.52	320.74	1 226.44	238.35	251.81	1 876.95	212.22	2 286.19	22.19	478.03	15.421
2021	1 110.19	133.27	274.12	1 178.63	229.17	235.06	1 748.15	190.13	2 103.12	19.99	457.82	13.470
2022	1 133.73	132.19	316.78	1 255.84	242.81	231.19	1 719.97	208.88	2 188.47	20.79	486.77	12.474
2023	1 225.42	138.08	369.76	1 367.32	260.53	267.79	1 995.34	235.67	2 461.72	22.34	500.60	13.145
2024	1 209.32	135.15	342.19	1 338.64	254.66	265.88	1 983.17	234.90	2 432.65	21.91	495.46	12.117
2024: Nov	1 171.40	132.33	309.48	1 283.11	248.74	255.56	1 906.09	230.50	2 363.58	21.26	481.97	11.668
Dec	1 153.20	132.73	298.23	1 277.00	249.66	255.35	1 904.55	233.84	2 371.94	21.39	502.36	11.843
2025: Jan.....	1 166.45	134.26	310.69	1 301.05	256.46	259.88	1 938.92	240.51	2 436.19	21.70	517.87	11.967
Feb	1 165.39	133.60	320.88	1 293.30	254.23	258.19	1 926.01	237.68	2 419.22	21.25	518.13	12.179
Mar	1 151.73	133.63	316.89	1 273.37	252.12	264.65	1 974.18	235.21	2 427.89	21.12	500.30	12.265
Apr.....	1 187.47	136.67	327.22	1 350.12	258.92	283.65	2 117.38	243.54	2 546.29	22.08	510.71	13.085
May.....	1 165.88	133.86	319.32	1 305.27	250.92	273.74	2 042.05	231.91	2 450.16	21.24	508.05	12.510
Jun.....	1 158.85	133.28	321.28	1 303.27	248.33	275.28	2 053.47	227.25	2 433.84	20.76	512.68	12.346
Jul.....	1 161.43	131.56	321.42	1 297.73	247.58	278.14	2 075.61	226.23	2 431.12	20.62	529.76	12.091
Aug.....	1 150.69	130.34	325.28	1 284.15	247.10	276.30	2 062.22	226.53	2 422.04	20.25	521.79	12.009
Sep.....	1 151.17	129.69	324.79	1 262.75	245.09	274.45	2 048.64	224.29	2 394.34	19.78	522.54	11.811
Oct.....	1 130.89	127.08	320.88	1 235.32	242.76	269.43	2 012.10	222.32	2 357.94	19.56	525.97	11.419
Nov.....	1 121.04	127.00	322.64	1 225.97	242.39	266.72	1 991.80	221.53	2 338.94	19.40	529.69	11.106

KB520

SA cent per	Norway	Russia	South Korea	Sweden	Switzerland	Taiwan	Thailand	UK	USA	US dollar forward cover rates ³		
Foreign currency unit	Krone	Rouble	Won	Krona	Franc	NT dollar	Baht	Pound	Dollar	3 months	6 months	12 months
Average for	(5331M)	(5307M)	(5341M)	(5335M)	(5336M)	(5337M)	(5342M)	(5338M)	(5339M)	(5353M)	(5362M)	(5363M)
2019	164.18	22.33	1.239	152.78	1 454.23	46.75	46.57	1 843.70	1 444.84	1 461.46	1 478.44	1 513.78
2020	174.90	22.82	1.394	179.06	1 753.91	55.87	52.55	2 109.47	1 645.91	1 663.56	1 679.87	1 711.71
2021	171.95	20.06	1.292	172.33	1 617.28	52.91	46.27	2 032.30	1 477.87	1 496.11	1 513.78	1 549.84
2022	170.18	24.60	1.266	161.83	1 712.88	54.88	46.64	2 017.51	1 635.59	1 651.38	1 665.94	1 695.96
2023	174.66	21.84	1.412	173.94	2 054.82	59.22	53.02	2 294.37	1 845.02	1 860.18	1 875.15	1 906.27
2024	170.63	19.83	1.345	173.52	2 082.38	57.10	51.97	2 341.99	1 832.87	1 846.83	1 861.43	1 892.51
2024: Nov	162.18	17.79	1.286	164.53	2 037.15	55.39	52.04	2 285.56	1 793.09	1 807.68	1 821.50	1 850.91
Dec	162.23	17.64	1.264	165.53	2 040.70	55.78	53.23	2 300.61	1 817.73	1 832.65	1 847.29	1 876.41
2025: Jan.....	165.10	18.34	1.289	168.90	2 059.87	56.96	54.67	2 311.59	1 872.28	1 887.27	1 902.06	1 933.06
Feb	165.21	20.06	1.280	171.16	2 046.20	56.39	54.72	2 318.33	1 849.64	1 863.66	1 878.20	1 908.81
Mar	170.83	21.27	1.254	180.10	2 069.13	55.44	54.08	2 358.81	1 828.26	1 842.03	1 856.69	1 888.16
Apr.....	179.08	22.65	1.310	193.07	2 257.56	57.84	55.92	2 481.53	1 890.80	1 904.54	1 919.27	1 950.87
May.....	176.09	22.47	1.302	187.59	2 181.87	60.08	54.95	2 419.66	1 810.13	1 822.65	1 835.11	1 862.56
Jun.....	177.17	22.66	1.306	186.54	2 190.35	60.17	54.68	2 417.54	1 783.56	1 795.49	1 807.58	1 834.41
Jul.....	174.98	22.52	1.289	185.36	2 226.07	60.54	54.74	2 399.55	1 775.82	1 787.40	1 799.57	1 826.08
Aug.....	173.78	22.15	1.275	184.77	2 197.30	58.77	54.64	2 383.22	1 772.95	1 784.36	1 796.94	1 823.96
Sep.....	175.55	21.09	1.254	186.30	2 191.39	57.48	54.56	2 358.01	1 746.21	1 757.55	1 770.23	1 798.30
Oct.....	172.37	21.39	1.214	183.30	2 166.51	56.45	53.09	2 308.21	1 728.47	1 739.91	1 752.31	1 779.21
Nov.....	169.69	21.48	1.180	181.24	2 144.60	55.29	53.20	2 262.66	1 722.94	1 734.36	1 746.15	1 771.80

KB521

1 Weighted average of the banks' daily rates at approximately 10:30. Weights are based on the banks' foreign-exchange transactions.
2 On 1 January 1999 the official European Currency Unit (ECU) was replaced with the euro at a conversion rate of 1 to 1.
3 Weighted average of the banks' daily rates at approximately 10:30 (US dollar). Weights are based on the banks' foreign-exchange transactions.

Exchange rates and commodity prices

Period	Effective exchange rate of the rand ¹			Commodity prices									
	Nominal		Real	Gold (London) ²		Platinum		Palladium		Coal		Brent crude oil ³	
	Average for period (5393M)	End of period (5394M)	Average for period (5395M)	Rand (5356M)	US dollar (5357M)	Rand (5346M)	US dollar (5343M)	Rand (5347M)	US dollar (5343M)	Rand (5347M)	US dollar (5328M)	Rand (5349M)	US dollar (5344M)
2019	92.06	94.67	108.85	20 154.25	1 392.47	12 485.12	863.48	22 271.68	1 539.84	1 026.19	71.21	930.10	64.39
2020	81.72	87.23	99.81	29 177.02	1 771.43	14 479.01	884.88	36 043.32	2 197.90	1 056.71	64.93	674.68	41.77
2021	87.72	82.81	105.94	26 604.66	1 800.01	16 081.60	1 090.03	35 079.25	2 384.78	1 749.78	118.54	1 044.82	70.67
2022	85.26	82.77	107.95	29 383.93	1 801.10	15 659.50	959.14	33 529.60	2 059.47	4 334.16	265.08	1 637.24	100.45
2023	76.63	75.56	103.19	35 844.91	1 943.05	17 779.38	964.27	24 112.51	1 312.49	2 225.25	121.09	1 524.40	82.55
2024	78.68	79.11	108.40	43 658.07	2 386.65	17 471.07	953.65	17 900.57	973.25	1 928.56	104.88	1 476.67	80.48
2022: Nov.....	82.93	84.56	109.44	30 147.22	1 725.92	17 289.45	989.00	33 483.87	1 914.99	3 547.78	202.71	1 608.96	91.90
Dec.....	81.73	82.77	107.80	31 052.11	1 796.16	17 475.17	1 010.45	31 650.73	1 826.00	3 949.53	227.21	1 409.00	81.54
2023: Jan	81.24	79.47	106.19	32 474.17	1 898.17	17 948.31	1 050.42	29 591.92	1 731.91	2 931.38	171.58	1 415.14	82.80
Feb.....	78.24	76.66	103.07	33 209.40	1 856.32	17 029.92	952.17	27 492.30	1 538.07	2 574.84	143.92	1 479.23	82.66
Mar.....	77.01	78.39	101.88	34 812.78	1 910.66	17 695.62	968.81	26 116.05	1 428.37	2 423.89	132.59	1 432.88	78.21
Apr.....	76.49	75.54	101.92	36 321.64	1 999.63	19 041.30	1 049.18	27 457.02	1 509.51	2 357.57	129.58	1 542.06	84.53
May.....	73.60	71.94	98.95	37 989.29	1 990.94	20 120.04	1 055.71	24 339.83	1 279.21	1 886.26	99.26	1 450.46	76.08
Jun.....	75.38	75.04	101.27	36 407.98	1 943.26	18 182.45	968.77	25 212.01	1 346.16	1 916.11	102.16	1 402.41	74.79
Jul.....	77.09	79.13	103.74	35 436.90	1 949.21	17 207.91	946.16	23 070.22	1 268.18	1 894.00	103.95	1 451.16	79.81
Aug.....	75.67	76.15	102.19	35 967.45	1 920.45	17 350.20	923.77	23 381.76	1 246.08	2 031.34	108.09	1 611.29	86.02
Sep.....	75.77	76.90	103.37	36 409.96	1 917.61	17 404.23	916.36	22 314.68	1 178.09	2 227.61	117.51	1 773.23	93.43
Oct.....	76.06	76.94	105.19	36 397.25	1 912.98	16 952.30	889.83	21 728.35	1 140.33	2 466.14	129.46	1 738.44	91.25
Nov.....	77.17	75.58	106.46	36 792.07	1 984.51	16 792.34	905.66	18 732.62	1 010.74	2 040.34	110.08	1 543.44	83.26
Dec.....	75.95	75.56	104.04	37 920.01	2 032.92	17 627.96	944.38	19 913.36	1 073.17	1 953.49	104.82	1 453.10	77.80
2024: Jan	75.67	76.35	103.88	38 254.24	2 034.63	17 291.71	920.25	18 389.90	978.89	1 814.19	96.54	1 506.22	80.14
Feb.....	75.33	74.28	103.71	38 508.56	2 024.45	16 918.26	890.69	17 860.02	940.22	1 775.12	93.44	1 580.18	83.18
Mar.....	75.81	76.17	104.80	40 664.01	2 158.24	17 176.78	909.93	19 179.34	1 016.33	1 868.56	98.97	1 605.74	85.11
Apr.....	77.03	78.00	107.42	44 106.75	2 335.89	17 771.87	941.66	19 117.20	1 012.89	2 008.95	106.41	1 695.71	89.85
May.....	78.75	76.98	109.12	43 262.37	2 350.99	18 787.07	1 020.17	17 956.58	973.26	1 956.84	106.25	1 503.81	81.67
Jun.....	78.98	80.14	109.12	42 851.50	2 325.84	18 084.73	981.22	16 157.59	833.32	1 904.43	98.18	1 515.55	82.30
Jul.....	79.46	79.19	109.80	43 672.87	2 392.90	17 852.07	978.03	17 430.94	954.92	1 921.60	105.26	1 555.97	85.24
Aug.....	79.19	80.45	109.39	44 558.62	2 469.81	17 026.25	943.60	16 759.58	928.71	2 069.51	114.80	1 447.10	80.30
Sep.....	80.24	81.96	110.60	45 090.14	2 561.24	16 997.57	965.07	17 881.62	1 015.88	1 913.69	108.41	1 306.87	74.19
Oct.....	81.41	81.02	111.49	47 308.41	2 690.06	17 585.38	1 001.33	18 869.07	1 074.22	1 952.63	111.19	1 327.87	75.62
Nov.....	81.26	80.91	111.14	47 545.52	2 653.38	17 196.44	959.06	17 955.70	1 001.50	1 991.22	111.01	1 334.06	74.39
Dec.....	80.93	79.11	110.35	48 073.87	2 642.30	16 964.78	932.80	17 249.29	948.86	1 965.93	108.14	1 340.91	73.79
2025: Jan	79.23	79.47	108.37	50 623.31	2 706.78	17 714.45	946.05	17 801.95	950.84	1 884.53	100.64	1 486.66	79.39
Feb.....	79.75	79.80	109.33	53 547.67	2 895.70	18 027.41	974.60	17 910.65	968.18	1 790.85	96.80	1 397.28	75.54
Mar.....	79.44	79.30	108.98	54 496.06	2 983.39	17 904.30	979.09	17 521.48	958.35	1 637.93	89.47	1 332.40	72.83
Apr.....	75.78	76.15	105.03	60 620.23	3 208.55	18 047.38	955.89	17 766.73	939.60	1 691.27	89.32	1 283.99	67.83
May.....	78.37	79.20	107.94	59 414.19	3 283.69	18 501.42	1 022.40	17 616.65	973.25	1 603.56	88.58	1 165.57	64.39
June.....	78.68	78.28	108.88	59 747.10	3 351.85	22 379.34	1 254.41	18 928.67	1 059.81	1 605.06	90.02	1 273.42	71.51
Jul.....	78.65	78.24	109.70	59 386.22	3 340.36	24 583.83	1 384.37	20 304.12	1 143.41	1 613.20	90.85	1 262.67	71.09
Aug.....	79.04	78.68	110.32	59 507.19	3 359.19	23 709.87	1 337.24	20 055.16	1 130.83	1 615.81	91.12	1 208.26	68.13
Sep.....	79.85	80.78	110.87	63 783.67	3 661.64	24 997.68	1 434.03	20 620.37	1 182.46	1 496.30	85.58	1 185.74	67.94
Oct.....	81.05	81.16	...	70 083.36	4 055.78	27 919.40	1 615.19	24 556.39	1 420.48	1 420.67	82.19	1 119.45	64.77
Nov.....	81.66	81.88	...	70 341.95	4 083.78	27 076.08	1 571.51	24 357.72	1 413.71	1 470.05	85.31	1 098.86	63.77

KB522

1 The weighted average exchange rate of the rand is based on trade in, and consumption of, manufactured goods between South Africa and its most important trading partners. The weighting structure is described in an article in the June 2020 Quarterly Bulletin. As from 2 January 2015 the weighted average exchange rate of the rand is calculated against 20 currencies. The weights of the 5 major currencies are in brackets: Euro (30.68), Chinese yuan (24.53), US dollar (10.56), Japanese yen (4.95), Indian rupee (4.85). Index: 2015 = 100.

2 Average daily fixing prices. Prices per fine ounce.

3 Price per barrel. Before 1980 the average of the prices of Dubai crude and West Texas Intermediate.

National income and production accounts of South Africa*¹**Summary of gross domestic product, expenditure and national disposable income**

At current prices

R millions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Compensation of employees (6000J)	2 500 121	2 625 166	2 745 679	2 693 856	2 863 347	3 013 872	3 190 041	3 343 209
Net operating surplus ² (6001J)	1 350 903	1 415 807	1 487 514	1 485 466	1 822 736	1 984 839	2 048 765	2 126 081
Consumption of fixed capital ³ (6002J)	654 574	686 507	721 642	750 182	792 676	874 820	952 910	1 017 156
Gross value added at factor cost..... (6003J)	4 505 598	4 727 479	4 954 835	4 929 504	5 478 759	5 873 531	6 191 716	6 486 446
Other taxes on production..... (6600J)	99 585	111 004	115 931	116 926	124 968	131 121	144 887	153 875
Less: Other subsidies on production..... (6601J)	12 733	8 880	12 600	10 555	11 176	14 078	15 385	14 742
Gross value added at basic prices..... (6645J)	4 592 450	4 829 603	5 058 166	5 035 875	5 592 551	5 990 574	6 321 218	6 625 579
Taxes on products..... (6603J)	497 822	543 934	581 205	541 960	629 903	691 930	732 829	743 025
Less: Subsidies on products..... (6604J)	12 082	10 347	14 164	15 075	15 612	15 923	16 373	16 155
Gross domestic product at market prices..... (6006J)	5 078 190	5 363 190	5 625 207	5 562 760	6 206 842	6 666 581	7 037 674	7 352 449
Final consumption expenditure by households ⁴ (6007J)	3 199 715	3 430 761	3 605 356	3 484 622	3 837 315	4 227 984	4 517 795	4 752 670
Final consumption expenditure by general government ⁵ (6008J)	976 845	1 037 897	1 101 420	1 147 060	1 186 871	1 251 688	1 349 798	1 410 827
Individual consumption expenditure..... (6605J)	412 167	449 654	473 967	512 235	539 582	555 216	621 972	646 464
Collective consumption expenditure (6606J)	564 677	588 243	627 452	634 825	647 289	696 472	727 825	764 363
Gross capital formation..... (6180J)	843 525	867 259	889 952	686 753	796 682	1 044 794	1 083 191	1 034 457
Gross fixed capital formation..... (6009J)	832 762	853 936	870 163	767 570	813 709	945 487	1 051 056	1 067 703
Change in inventories ⁶ (6010J)	10 762	13 323	19 790	-80 817	-17 027	99 307	32 134	-33 247
Gross domestic expenditure (6019J)	5 020 084	5 335 917	5 596 728	5 318 435	5 820 869	6 524 466	6 950 784	7 197 953
Residual item..... (6011J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	28 636	12 076
Gross domestic expenditure (including residual) (6012J)	5 020 084	5 335 917	5 596 728	5 318 434	5 820 869	6 524 466	6 979 420	7 210 029
Exports of goods and services..... (6013J)	1 388 381	1 474 718	1 530 176	1 533 982	1 936 014	2 235 934	2 340 295	2 337 484
Exports of goods, free on board (6608J)	1 168 011	1 249 479	1 300 417	1 394 264	1 798 932	2 025 154	2 073 532	2 042 540
Exports of services (6609J)	220 370	225 239	229 759	139 718	137 082	210 780	266 763	294 944
Less: Imports of goods and services (6014J)	1 330 275	1 447 445	1 501 698	1 289 656	1 550 041	2 093 819	2 282 041	2 195 064
Imports of goods, free on board (6610J)	1 109 045	1 223 087	1 263 772	1 105 069	1 347 291	1 792 027	1 933 945	1 828 234
Imports of services (6611J)	221 230	224 358	237 926	184 587	202 750	301 792	348 096	366 830
Expenditure on gross domestic product (including residual) (GDP at market prices)..... (6006J)	5 078 190	5 363 190	5 625 207	5 562 760	6 206 842	6 666 581	7 037 674	7 352 449
Primary income from the rest of the world..... (6612J)	80 832	104 306	123 460	128 918	167 470	185 681	217 448	196 281
Less: Primary income to the rest of the world (6613J)	221 627	254 087	263 872	221 514	286 042	324 124	312 230	340 843
Gross national income at market prices..... (6016J)	4 937 395	5 213 409	5 484 795	5 470 164	6 088 270	6 528 138	6 942 892	7 207 887
Current transfers from the rest of the world..... (6614J)	37 541	39 286	45 797	58 826	57 179	67 558	75 578	84 515
Less: Current transfers to the rest of the world (6615J)	75 088	73 870	80 367	101 022	92 943	92 821	115 474	130 364
Gross national disposable income at market prices..... (6018J)	4 899 848	5 178 825	5 450 225	5 427 968	6 052 506	6 502 875	6 902 996	7 162 038
Real gross national income (at 2015 prices)..... (6016Y)	4 445 403	4 492 844	4 565 402	4 400 075	4 670 203	4 686 651	4 687 842	4 678 330

KB601

¹ Sources: Statistics South Africa and South African Reserve Bank.

* National accounts data for the recent years are preliminary and subject to revision.

² After consumption of fixed capital and after inventory valuation adjustment.³ At replacement value.⁴ Including non-profit institutions serving households.⁵ Current expenditure on salaries and wages, and on goods and other services of a non-capital nature by the services departments (not business enterprises) of general government. General government includes central government, provincial governments and local governments.⁶ After inventory valuation adjustment.

Gross value added by kind of economic activity¹

R millions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
At current prices								
Primary sector (6630J)	394 946	408 834	424 299	494 874	630 007	662 301	617 022	649 425
Agriculture, forestry and fishing..... (6631J)	126 640	121 246	109 710	143 445	152 556	173 716	178 417	206 692
Mining and quarrying..... (6632J)	268 306	287 588	314 590	351 429	477 451	488 585	438 605	442 733
Secondary sector (6633J)	930 683	974 749	1 014 197	946 888	1 068 090	1 176 862	1 290 127	1 344 687
Manufacturing (6634J)	635 419	668 094	697 576	652 236	749 635	829 683	913 491	940 915
Electricity, gas and water..... (6635J)	135 534	143 270	150 939	156 535	176 338	196 880	219 437	244 372
Construction (contractors) (6636J)	159 730	163 385	165 682	138 117	142 118	150 299	157 199	159 399
Tertiary sector (6637J)	3 266 821	3 446 020	3 619 669	3 594 114	3 894 454	4 151 411	4 414 069	4 631 468
Wholesale and retail trade, catering and accommodation (6638J)	631 789	670 007	701 085	658 894	757 682	820 747	887 958	915 326
Transport, storage and communication..... (6639J)	397 780	406 015	417 542	374 137	407 572	459 382	497 047	518 359
Finance, insurance, real estate and business services.. (6640J)	1 068 220	1 139 110	1 206 137	1 224 768	1 313 888	1 397 454	1 477 823	1 555 513
Community, social and personal services (6642J)	1 169 032	1 230 889	1 294 905	1 336 315	1 415 312	1 473 828	1 551 241	1 642 270
General government services..... (6643J)	401 769	428 613	451 551	467 632	468 533	499 580	537 648	575 764
Other..... (6647J)	767 264	802 276	843 354	868 683	946 779	974 248	1 013 593	1 066 506
Gross value added at basic prices (6645J)	4 592 450	4 829 603	5 058 166	5 035 875	5 592 551	5 990 574	6 321 218	6 625 579
At constant 2015 prices								
Primary sector (6630Y)	336 965	335 708	326 885	317 855	348 619	336 224	329 975	319 917
Agriculture, forestry and fishing..... (6631Y)	111 545	112 095	104 785	122 870	128 983	131 771	125 747	114 792
Mining and quarrying..... (6632Y)	225 420	223 613	222 100	194 985	219 636	204 453	204 229	205 126
Secondary sector (6633Y)	812 184	819 390	806 879	708 226	741 119	734 074	731 248	726 816
Manufacturing (6634Y)	554 833	563 250	559 322	491 447	524 905	523 091	524 994	523 151
Electricity, gas and water..... (6635Y)	110 275	111 280	107 571	101 405	103 787	100 918	96 689	100 040
Construction (contractors) (6636Y)	147 076	144 861	139 986	115 374	112 427	110 065	109 565	103 625
Tertiary sector (6637Y)	2 912 094	2 972 735	3 003 120	2 871 415	2 984 149	3 090 134	3 130 176	3 165 140
Wholesale and retail trade, catering and accommodation (6638Y)	556 707	562 325	559 935	491 413	524 188	543 447	534 955	528 762
Transport, storage and communication..... (6639Y)	369 580	380 339	378 211	319 642	339 443	367 702	383 231	378 590
Finance, insurance, real estate and business services.. (6640Y)	961 364	994 663	1 016 210	1 021 809	1 047 807	1 086 089	1 101 706	1 137 339
Community, social and personal services (6642Y)	1 024 442	1 035 409	1 048 764	1 038 550	1 072 711	1 092 896	1 110 284	1 120 449
General government services..... (6643Y)	356 086	362 957	367 515	371 364	368 231	368 425	370 829	372 000
Other..... (6647Y)	668 356	672 452	681 249	667 187	704 480	724 472	739 456	748 449
Gross value added at basic prices (6645Y)	4 061 243	4 127 833	4 136 884	3 897 495	4 073 887	4 160 431	4 191 400	4 211 873

KB602

¹ Source: Statistics South Africa.

Gross value added by kind of economic activity¹
Seasonally adjusted and annualised

R millions

	2023		2024					2025		
	04	2023	01	02	03	04	2024	01	02	03
At current prices										
Primary sector (6630L)	620 761	617 022	687 676	696 404	578 346	635 273	649 425	650 538	699 868	708 533
Agriculture, forestry and fishing (6631L)	171 195	178 417	244 587	250 803	147 490	183 886	206 692	224 686	252 286	219 614
Mining and quarrying (6632L)	449 567	438 605	443 089	445 601	430 856	451 386	442 733	425 852	447 582	488 919
Secondary sector (6633L)	1 350 420	1 290 127	1 305 207	1 334 653	1 364 829	1 374 056	1 344 687	1 325 526	1 334 138	1 391 202
Manufacturing (6634L)	938 495	913 491	923 353	957 638	942 722	939 948	940 915	918 564	931 584	956 340
Electricity, gas and water (6635L)	251 390	219 437	224 143	222 189	262 501	268 654	244 372	250 686	252 679	285 407
Construction (contractors) (6636L)	160 534	157 199	157 711	154 826	159 606	165 454	159 399	156 276	149 876	149 456
Tertiary sector (6637L)	4 492 718	4 414 069	4 524 182	4 583 080	4 691 839	4 726 773	4 631 468	4 695 445	4 754 452	4 854 087
Wholesale and retail trade, catering and accommodation (6638L)	866 159	887 958	907 996	906 696	943 652	902 962	915 326	958 637	969 807	989 406
Transport, storage and communication (6639L)	506 796	497 047	500 869	525 055	516 477	531 036	518 359	516 609	541 342	546 609
Finance, insurance, real estate and business services (6640L)	1 526 853	1 477 823	1 481 695	1 520 028	1 593 898	1 626 431	1 555 513	1 552 472	1 559 912	1 626 007
Community, social and personal services .. (6642L)	1 592 909	1 551 241	1 633 622	1 631 300	1 637 812	1 666 344	1 642 270	1 667 728	1 683 391	1 692 065
General government services (6643L)	554 213	537 648	580 449	566 335	574 059	582 212	575 764	587 709	587 372	605 010
Other (6647L)	1 038 697	1 013 593	1 053 173	1 064 965	1 063 753	1 084 132	1 066 506	1 080 019	1 096 019	1 087 055
Gross value added at basic prices (6645L)	6 463 899	6 321 218	6 517 065	6 614 137	6 635 015	6 736 101	6 625 579	6 671 509	6 788 458	6 953 822
At constant 2015 prices										
Primary sector (6630D)	319 115	329 975	332 255	325 848	302 278	319 289	319 917	332 004	342 198	348 469
Agriculture, forestry and fishing (6631D)	111 202	125 747	126 746	121 768	96 753	113 900	114 792	135 124	138 524	140 024
Mining and quarrying (6632D)	207 913	204 229	205 508	204 080	205 525	205 389	205 126	196 880	203 674	208 445
Secondary sector (6633D)	732 982	731 248	723 851	728 503	731 247	723 663	726 816	706 579	713 959	713 367
Manufacturing (6634D)	528 556	524 994	522 477	524 850	525 466	519 810	523 151	509 225	516 645	518 417
Electricity, gas and water (6635D)	98 276	96 689	98 264	100 213	101 551	100 133	100 040	97 504	97 744	95 300
Construction (contractors) (6636D)	106 150	109 565	103 110	103 440	104 230	103 720	103 625	99 849	99 569	99 649
Tertiary sector (6637D)	3 148 403	3 130 176	3 149 010	3 161 934	3 170 880	3 178 736	3 165 140	3 187 364	3 208 317	3 224 157
Wholesale and retail trade, catering and accommodation (6638D)	520 718	534 955	525 677	530 241	526 191	532 940	528 762	534 743	542 064	547 671
Transport, storage and communication (6639D)	392 203	383 231	389 911	376 884	375 883	371 682	378 590	380 474	380 668	382 697
Finance, insurance, real estate and business services (6640D)	1 114 951	1 101 706	1 114 582	1 133 702	1 145 617	1 155 456	1 137 339	1 156 302	1 163 994	1 167 279
Community, social and personal services .. (6642D)	1 120 532	1 110 284	1 118 840	1 121 108	1 123 189	1 118 658	1 120 449	1 115 846	1 121 591	1 126 510
General government services (6643D)	371 501	370 829	370 913	373 196	372 561	371 331	372 000	370 466	372 811	375 390
Other (6647D)	749 030	739 456	747 928	747 912	750 628	747 328	748 449	745 380	748 780	751 120
Gross value added at basic prices (6645D)	4 200 500	4 191 400	4 205 115	4 216 285	4 204 405	4 221 689	4 211 873	4 225 947	4 264 474	4 285 993

KB603

1 Source: Statistics South Africa.

Expenditure on gross domestic product¹

R millions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
At current prices								
Final consumption expenditure (6620J)	4 176 560	4 468 658	4 706 776	4 631 682	5 024 187	5 479 673	5 867 593	6 163 497
Final consumption expenditure by households ² (6007J)	3 199 715	3 430 761	3 605 356	3 484 622	3 837 315	4 227 984	4 517 795	4 752 670
Final consumption expenditure by general government ³ (6008J)	976 845	1 037 897	1 101 420	1 147 060	1 186 871	1 251 688	1 349 798	1 410 827
Individual consumption expenditure (6605J)	412 167	449 654	473 967	512 235	539 582	555 216	621 972	646 464
Collective consumption expenditure (6606J)	564 677	588 243	627 452	634 825	647 289	696 472	727 825	764 363
Gross capital formation (6180J)	843 525	867 259	889 952	686 753	796 682	1 044 794	1 083 191	1 034 457
Gross fixed capital formation (6009J)	832 762	853 936	870 163	767 570	813 709	945 487	1 051 056	1 067 703
Change in inventories ⁴ (6010J)	10 762	13 323	19 790	-80 817	-17 027	99 307	32 134	-33 247
Gross domestic expenditure (6019J)	5 020 084	5 335 917	5 596 728	5 318 435	5 820 869	6 524 466	6 950 784	7 197 953
Residual item (6011J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	28 636	12 076
Gross domestic expenditure (including residual) (6012J)	5 020 084	5 335 917	5 596 728	5 318 434	5 820 869	6 524 466	6 979 420	7 210 029
Exports of goods and services (6013J)	1 388 381	1 474 718	1 530 176	1 533 982	1 936 014	2 235 934	2 340 295	2 337 484
Exports of goods, free on board (6608J)	1 168 011	1 249 479	1 300 417	1 394 264	1 798 932	2 025 154	2 073 532	2 042 540
Exports of services (6609J)	220 370	225 239	229 759	139 718	137 082	210 780	266 763	294 944
Less: Imports of goods and services (6014J)	1 330 275	1 447 445	1 501 698	1 289 656	1 550 041	2 093 819	2 282 041	2 195 064
Imports of goods, free on board (6610J)	1 109 045	1 223 087	1 263 772	1 105 069	1 347 291	1 792 027	1 933 945	1 828 234
Imports of services (6611J)	221 230	224 358	237 926	184 587	202 750	301 792	348 096	366 830
Expenditure on gross domestic product (including residual) (GDP at market prices) (6006J)	5 078 190	5 363 190	5 625 207	5 562 760	6 206 842	6 666 581	7 037 674	7 352 449
At constant 2015 prices								
Final consumption expenditure (6620Y)	3 736 856	3 837 308	3 891 321	3 715 080	3 890 190	3 975 993	3 999 725	4 029 358
Final consumption expenditure by households ² (6007Y)	2 883 014	2 974 191	3 012 316	2 827 886	2 997 700	3 076 920	3 083 899	3 114 243
Final consumption expenditure by general government ³ (6008Y)	853 842	863 117	879 004	887 194	892 491	899 072	915 826	915 115
Individual consumption expenditure (6605Y)	354 445	367 687	372 412	391 176	403 899	397 777	424 804	420 968
Collective consumption expenditure (6606Y)	499 396	495 430	506 593	496 018	488 592	501 295	491 022	494 147
Gross capital formation (6180Y)	777 120	767 684	766 160	568 819	615 807	726 093	713 188	647 068
Gross fixed capital formation (6009Y)	764 883	755 594	742 420	632 747	630 646	667 719	687 944	661 146
Change in inventories ⁴ (6010Y)	12 237	12 090	23 740	-63 928	-14 839	58 375	25 243	-14 078
Gross domestic expenditure (6019Y)	4 513 976	4 604 993	4 657 481	4 283 899	4 505 998	4 702 086	4 712 913	4 676 426
Residual item (6011Y)	9 367	-1 848	6 453	15 312	2 172	-16 432	-1 832	6 243
Gross domestic expenditure (including residual) (6012Y)	4 523 343	4 603 145	4 663 934	4 299 211	4 508 170	4 685 654	4 711 081	4 682 669
Exports of goods and services (6013Y)	1 226 794	1 260 509	1 218 750	1 072 450	1 176 357	1 267 591	1 332 394	1 295 694
Exports of goods, free on board (6608Y)	1 026 280	1 063 826	1 027 855	962 789	1 076 741	1 123 809	1 157 207	1 110 593
Exports of services (6609Y)	200 514	196 683	190 895	109 661	99 616	143 782	175 187	185 100
Less: Imports of goods and services (6014Y)	1 248 436	1 291 871	1 299 017	1 070 757	1 174 657	1 350 555	1 403 683	1 313 755
Imports of goods, free on board (6610Y)	1 055 148	1 106 036	1 115 019	943 034	1 037 711	1 168 094	1 219 126	1 125 574
Imports of services (6611Y)	193 287	185 835	183 998	127 723	136 945	182 461	184 557	188 182
Expenditure on gross domestic product (including residual) (GDP at market prices) (6006Y)	4 501 702	4 571 783	4 583 667	4 300 904	4 509 870	4 602 690	4 639 792	4 664 608

KB604

¹ Sources: Statistics South Africa and South African Reserve Bank.² Including non-profit institutions serving households.³ Current expenditure on salaries and wages and on goods and other services of a non-capital nature by the services departments (not business enterprises) of general government. General government includes central government, provincial government and local government.⁴ After inventory valuation adjustment.

Expenditure on gross domestic product¹

At current prices

R millions

Period	Final consumption expenditure		Gross capital formation		Gross domestic expenditure (6019K)	Exports of goods and services (6013K)	Less: Imports of goods and services (6014K)	Expenditure on gross domestic product (6045K)	Memo items		
	Households ² (6007K)	General government ³ (6008K)	Gross fixed capital formation (6009K)	Change in inventories ⁴ (6010K)					Residual item (6011K)	Expenditure on gross domestic product (including residual) (GDP at market prices) (6006K)	Gross domestic expenditure (including residual) (6012K)
2021: 04	1 043 914	312 214	216 414	-14 329	1 558 213	509 198	434 007	1 633 404	-29 003	1 604 400	1 529 210
2021	3 837 315	1 186 871	813 709	-17 027	5 820 869	1 936 014	1 550 041	6 206 842	-	6 206 842	5 820 869
2022: 01	995 683	311 415	222 835	-5 181	1 524 752	507 202	452 512	1 579 442	-2 232	1 577 210	1 522 520
02	1 025 565	308 247	225 334	35 527	1 594 673	565 990	513 194	1 647 469	30 814	1 678 282	1 625 486
03	1 063 344	312 412	244 919	61 409	1 682 084	593 816	565 388	1 710 512	-6 151	1 704 361	1 675 933
04	1 143 392	319 614	252 399	7 553	1 722 958	568 925	562 724	1 729 159	-22 431	1 706 728	1 700 527
2022	4 227 984	1 251 688	945 487	99 307	6 524 466	2 235 934	2 093 819	6 666 581	-	6 666 581	6 524 466
2023: 01	1 075 707	320 784	251 921	-2 539	1 645 873	554 774	553 105	1 647 542	31 276	1 678 818	1 677 149
02	1 102 701	326 648	259 739	45 672	1 734 760	580 158	579 246	1 735 672	25 075	1 760 747	1 759 835
03	1 129 420	346 287	269 026	7 933	1 752 666	601 797	568 657	1 785 805	-9 916	1 775 889	1 742 750
04	1 209 968	356 079	270 370	-18 932	1 817 485	603 566	581 032	1 840 019	-17 799	1 822 220	1 799 686
2023	4 517 795	1 349 798	1 051 056	32 134	6 950 784	2 340 295	2 282 041	7 009 038	28 636	7 037 674	6 979 420
2024: 01	1 125 270	348 643	263 602	-29 227	1 708 288	548 394	531 264	1 725 418	30 095	1 755 513	1 738 383
02	1 161 728	345 793	261 162	14 415	1 783 098	596 800	552 207	1 827 690	22 030	1 849 721	1 805 128
03	1 190 601	354 343	272 233	10 989	1 828 165	591 407	560 486	1 859 086	-12 040	1 847 046	1 816 125
04	1 275 071	362 048	270 706	-29 423	1 878 402	600 883	551 106	1 928 179	-28 009	1 900 170	1 850 393
2024	4 752 670	1 410 827	1 067 703	-33 247	7 197 953	2 337 484	2 195 064	7 340 373	12 076	7 352 449	7 210 029
2025: 01	1 182 829	351 436	261 319	-14 176	1 781 407	557 981	539 975	1 799 414	2 509	1 801 923	1 783 916
02	1 216 394	351 029	256 340	15 135	1 838 896	588 099	548 023	1 878 973	18 758	1 897 731	1 857 654
03	1 258 260	362 647	271 065	34 018	1 925 991	624 583	596 959	1 953 614	-14 933	1 938 681	1 911 058

KB605

Seasonally adjusted and annualised

	(6007L)	(6008L)	(6009L)	(6010L)	(6019L)	(6013L)	(6014L)	(6045L)	(6011L)	(6006L)	(6012L)
2021: 04	3 972 741	1 225 666	844 640	-1 280	6 041 768	1 987 902	1 715 906	6 313 764	3 027	6 316 791	6 044 795
2021	3 837 315	1 186 871	813 709	-17 027	5 820 869	1 936 014	1 550 041	6 206 842	-	6 206 842	5 820 869
2022: 01	4 101 067	1 247 949	895 419	26 816	6 271 251	2 170 247	1 870 406	6 571 092	-86 773	6 484 319	6 184 478
02	4 172 053	1 247 072	932 299	106 283	6 457 707	2 268 700	2 099 173	6 627 234	26 406	6 653 640	6 484 113
03	4 282 379	1 251 060	968 244	179 068	6 680 751	2 304 442	2 178 566	6 806 627	-21 195	6 785 432	6 659 556
04	4 356 439	1 260 673	985 985	85 060	6 688 157	2 200 347	2 227 133	6 661 371	81 562	6 742 932	6 769 719
2022	4 227 984	1 251 688	945 487	99 307	6 524 466	2 235 934	2 093 819	6 666 581	-	6 666 581	6 524 466
2023: 01	4 436 828	1 296 757	1 012 535	37 907	6 784 028	2 364 117	2 282 376	6 865 768	42 330	6 908 099	6 826 358
02	4 480 271	1 325 031	1 070 392	145 783	7 021 476	2 337 546	2 367 396	6 991 626	-3 534	6 988 092	7 017 942
03	4 547 775	1 385 407	1 058 254	-35 633	6 955 803	2 318 541	2 182 966	7 091 378	-17 659	7 073 718	6 938 143
04	4 606 308	1 391 995	1 063 045	-19 520	7 041 828	2 340 976	2 295 424	7 087 380	93 408	7 180 789	7 135 237
2023	4 517 795	1 349 798	1 051 056	32 134	6 950 784	2 340 295	2 282 041	7 009 038	28 636	7 037 674	6 979 420
2024: 01	4 641 204	1 404 744	1 059 613	-68 675	7 036 886	2 335 315	2 196 044	7 176 158	66 329	7 242 487	7 103 215
02	4 737 603	1 401 828	1 079 210	20 335	7 238 976	2 399 361	2 257 295	7 381 042	-42 628	7 338 413	7 196 347
03	4 785 583	1 420 684	1 072 878	-23 440	7 255 706	2 279 016	2 152 881	7 381 841	-16 413	7 365 428	7 239 293
04	4 846 290	1 416 050	1 059 113	-61 207	7 260 245	2 336 243	2 174 035	7 422 453	41 017	7 463 470	7 301 262
2024	4 752 670	1 410 827	1 067 703	-33 247	7 197 953	2 337 484	2 195 064	7 340 373	12 076	7 352 449	7 210 029
2025: 01	4 878 674	1 413 219	1 062 206	-8 460	7 345 640	2 384 096	2 233 956	7 495 780	-61 148	7 434 632	7 284 492
02	4 960 441	1 420 376	1 061 422	23 372	7 465 611	2 371 629	2 242 301	7 594 938	-47 684	7 547 254	7 417 926
03	5 073 313	1 454 428	1 066 003	69 099	7 662 842	2 402 468	2 293 042	7 772 268	-54 314	7 717 953	7 608 528

KB606

¹ Sources: Statistics South Africa and South African Reserve Bank.² Including non-profit institutions serving households.³ Current expenditure on salaries and wages and on goods and other services of a non-capital nature by the services departments (not business enterprises) of general government. General government includes central government, provincial government and local government.⁴ After inventory valuation adjustment.

Expenditure on gross domestic product¹

At constant 2015 prices

R millions

Period	Final consumption expenditure		Gross capital formation		Gross domestic expenditure (6019C)	Exports of goods and services (6013C)	Less: Imports of goods and services (6014C)	Expenditure on gross domestic product (6045C)	Memo items		
	Households ² (6007C)	General government ³ (6008C)	Gross fixed capital formation (6009C)	Change in inventories (6010C)					Residual item (6011C)	Expenditure on gross domestic product (including residual) (GDP at market prices) (6006C)	Gross domestic expenditure (including residual) (6012C)
2021: 04	802 064	227 989	163 062	-13 957	1 179 158	308 100	312 342	1 174 915	-26 340	1 148 575	1 152 818
2021	2 997 700	892 491	630 646	-14 839	4 505 998	1 176 357	1 174 657	4 507 698	2 172	4 509 870	4 508 170
2022: 01	749 708	229 680	162 814	-6 348	1 135 854	294 947	315 781	1 115 020	9 580	1 124 599	1 145 433
02	755 577	220 090	160 843	20 627	1 157 137	316 065	334 748	1 138 453	8 059	1 146 512	1 165 196
03	759 621	224 989	170 741	40 221	1 195 572	336 982	355 708	1 176 846	-2 719	1 174 127	1 192 852
04	812 014	224 313	173 321	3 874	1 213 524	319 597	344 317	1 188 804	-31 352	1 157 452	1 182 172
2022	3 076 920	899 072	667 719	58 375	4 702 086	1 267 591	1 350 555	4 619 122	-16 432	4 602 690	4 685 654
2023: 01	751 110	224 833	170 544	818	1 147 305	311 466	344 445	1 114 326	15 949	1 130 274	1 163 254
02	756 838	224 326	172 661	29 220	1 183 045	331 053	359 262	1 154 836	14 037	1 168 873	1 197 082
03	763 116	231 974	172 436	807	1 168 333	350 076	347 342	1 171 067	-6 516	1 164 551	1 161 817
04	812 835	234 694	172 304	-5 602	1 214 231	339 800	352 634	1 201 396	-25 302	1 176 094	1 188 929
2023	3 083 899	915 826	687 944	25 243	4 712 913	1 332 394	1 403 683	4 641 624	-1 832	4 639 792	4 711 081
2024: 01	746 171	230 533	165 290	-14 029	1 127 966	311 081	319 980	1 119 067	17 228	1 136 295	1 145 194
02	760 891	226 187	160 366	6 813	1 154 257	329 037	328 551	1 154 743	18 593	1 173 336	1 172 850
03	772 846	227 970	167 333	9 842	1 177 991	330 051	333 860	1 174 182	-4 645	1 169 537	1 173 346
04	834 335	230 425	168 156	-16 704	1 216 213	325 524	331 364	1 210 372	-24 933	1 185 439	1 191 279
2024	3 114 243	915 115	661 146	-14 078	4 676 426	1 295 694	1 313 755	4 658 364	6 243	4 664 608	4 682 669
2025: 01	768 107	227 949	160 344	-12 919	1 143 481	304 303	322 629	1 125 154	20 238	1 145 392	1 163 719
02	783 663	223 933	154 984	12 319	1 174 899	313 702	319 169	1 169 431	13 941	1 183 372	1 188 839
03	797 687	228 127	164 187	20 546	1 210 546	331 398	345 306	1 196 638	-3 109	1 193 529	1 207 437

KB607

Seasonally adjusted and annualised

	(6007D)	(6008D)	(6009D)	(6010D)	(6019D)	(6013D)	(6014D)	(6045D)	(6011D)	(6006D)	(6012D)
2021: 04	3 038 576	900 219	636 137	-13 577	4 561 355	1 211 327	1 231 443	4 541 238	-1 702	4 539 536	4 559 652
2021	2 997 700	892 491	630 646	-14 839	4 505 998	1 176 357	1 174 657	4 507 698	2 172	4 509 870	4 508 170
2022: 01	3 081 202	912 302	655 277	19 774	4 668 557	1 256 789	1 304 010	4 621 335	-12 747	4 608 588	4 655 810
02	3 083 231	895 330	660 768	52 426	4 691 755	1 259 893	1 368 346	4 583 302	-16 754	4 566 548	4 675 001
03	3 067 803	900 375	675 555	104 485	4 748 218	1 291 608	1 371 254	4 668 573	-17 329	4 651 244	4 730 889
04	3 075 444	888 282	679 275	56 813	4 699 814	1 262 073	1 358 609	4 603 278	-18 900	4 584 378	4 680 914
2022	3 076 920	899 072	667 719	58 375	4 702 086	1 267 591	1 350 555	4 619 122	-16 432	4 602 690	4 685 654
2023: 01	3 094 577	896 654	687 908	48 105	4 727 243	1 323 769	1 422 638	4 628 374	-12 277	4 616 098	4 714 966
02	3 087 880	915 897	711 294	86 390	4 801 461	1 324 586	1 465 458	4 660 589	-7 055	4 653 534	4 794 406
03	3 080 611	927 910	678 058	-53 249	4 633 331	1 337 128	1 336 976	4 633 483	2 262	4 635 745	4 635 593
04	3 072 529	922 844	674 517	19 727	4 689 617	1 344 093	1 389 660	4 644 050	9 742	4 653 792	4 699 359
2023	3 083 899	915 826	687 944	25 243	4 712 913	1 332 394	1 403 683	4 641 624	-1 832	4 639 792	4 711 081
2024: 01	3 072 548	917 013	666 473	-11 282	4 644 752	1 321 686	1 320 953	4 645 485	12 307	4 657 791	4 657 058
02	3 109 156	923 091	659 434	-3 487	4 688 194	1 316 062	1 341 221	4 663 034	6 698	4 669 733	4 694 892
03	3 120 840	914 050	661 060	-17 124	4 678 827	1 259 554	1 287 780	4 650 600	5 569	4 656 169	4 684 395
04	3 154 427	906 307	657 617	-24 420	4 693 931	1 285 472	1 305 066	4 674 337	400	4 674 738	4 694 332
2024	3 114 243	915 115	661 146	-14 078	4 676 426	1 295 694	1 313 755	4 658 364	6 243	4 664 608	4 682 669
2025: 01	3 170 829	904 721	647 852	-6 696	4 716 705	1 296 823	1 331 158	4 682 371	-2 497	4 679 874	4 714 208
02	3 203 326	912 423	637 441	18 711	4 771 901	1 253 696	1 303 889	4 721 708	1 459	4 723 167	4 773 360
03	3 225 073	914 941	647 540	25 742	4 813 297	1 262 062	1 332 096	4 743 263	3 434	4 746 698	4 816 731

KB608

¹ Sources: Statistics South Africa and South African Reserve Bank.² Including non-profit institutions serving households.³ Current expenditure on salaries and wages and on goods and other services of a non-capital nature by the services departments (not business enterprises) of general government. General government includes central government, provincial government and local government.

Final consumption expenditure by households¹

At current prices

R millions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Durable goods (6050J)	290 016	309 347	325 570	304 589	352 636	377 295	401 651	422 200
Furniture, household appliances etc (6051J)	61 586	65 293	69 613	65 965	72 386	71 931	77 744	85 753
Personal transport equipment..... (6052J)	129 462	138 032	147 252	135 310	171 453	199 996	215 854	224 804
Computers and related equipment (6075J)	12 101	14 176	14 386	12 569	12 723	13 182	13 451	13 375
Recreational and entertainment goods ² (6053J)	61 364	63 108	63 916	66 385	70 194	66 631	68 127	69 108
Other durable goods ³ (6054J)	25 503	28 738	30 403	24 360	25 881	25 555	26 475	29 160
Semi-durable goods (6055J)	287 923	296 844	310 422	274 885	319 833	341 716	369 039	381 261
Clothing and footwear (6056J)	164 412	165 965	171 043	147 288	177 550	195 863	212 217	216 367
Household textiles, furnishings, glassware etc. (6057J)	40 529	43 182	45 834	41 722	45 078	45 076	48 153	51 120
Motorcar tyres, parts and accessories (6058J)	48 987	50 919	55 248	52 116	59 125	65 194	72 244	74 815
Recreational and entertainment goods ⁴ (6059J)	19 189	20 901	21 477	18 328	20 499	20 314	20 676	22 724
Miscellaneous goods ⁵ (6060J)	14 806	15 877	16 821	15 430	17 580	15 269	15 750	16 236
Non-durable goods (6061J)	995 097	1 076 779	1 138 367	1 115 933	1 241 154	1 416 252	1 509 460	1 605 249
Food, beverages and tobacco (6062J)	614 269	652 271	697 224	677 332	749 828	865 061	930 503	984 456
Household fuel, power and water (6063J)	133 875	145 613	155 861	178 068	200 516	217 410	231 644	254 467
Household consumer goods..... (6064J)	65 491	70 031	73 449	69 623	76 529	89 463	97 161	105 064
Medical and pharmaceutical products (6065J)	63 681	66 570	69 996	74 392	81 804	85 494	91 053	101 538
Petroleum products (6066J)	87 687	110 048	108 791	88 322	103 028	130 488	130 722	130 635
Recreational and entertainment goods ⁶ (6067J)	30 094	32 247	33 045	28 196	29 448	28 336	28 377	29 090
Services (6068J)	1 626 679	1 747 792	1 830 997	1 789 215	1 923 693	2 092 721	2 237 645	2 343 959
Rent and other housing services ⁷ (6069J)	349 579	370 778	389 003	401 382	411 628	427 304	442 223	457 041
Household services, including domestic servants (6070J)	78 287	86 396	91 439	94 320	97 751	100 220	100 709	104 560
Medical services (6071J)	174 533	186 080	185 518	181 261	197 527	219 624	241 577	252 670
Transport and communication services..... (6072J)	338 250	359 464	376 565	360 192	399 436	458 529	499 525	518 657
Recreational, entertainment and educational services ⁸ (6073J)	246 760	267 762	284 563	278 874	296 409	307 001	330 823	357 393
Miscellaneous services ⁹ (6074J)	439 269	477 312	503 909	473 185	520 942	580 043	622 788	653 638
Total (6007J)	3 199 715	3 430 761	3 605 356	3 484 622	3 837 315	4 227 984	4 517 795	4 752 670

KB609

¹ Source: Statistics South Africa.² Comprising audio-visual, photographic and communications equipment.³ Jewellery, watches, therapeutic appliances, etc.⁴ Comprising sport and camping equipment, games, hobbies, toys, books and recording media.⁵ Electrical appliances for personal care and personal effects such as travel goods, car seats, umbrellas, etc.⁶ Comprising newspapers, magazines, stationery, pets and related products as well as garden products, plants and flowers.⁷ Including imputed rent for owner-occupied dwellings.⁸ Comprising cinema, park, museum and theatre entrance fees, subscriptions to cable television, licences and hiring of equipment.⁹ After adjustment for net expenditure of non-residents in the domestic sector.

Final consumption expenditure by households¹

At constant 2015 prices

R millions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Durable goods (6050Y)	271 668	290 352	301 259	275 783	310 831	312 989	314 909	324 992
Furniture, household appliances etc (6051Y)	56 293	59 976	61 701	56 923	60 485	54 020	54 428	58 466
Personal transport equipment..... (6052Y)	113 212	116 667	120 288	105 726	127 397	140 804	141 520	140 532
Computers and related equipment (6075Y)	12 982	15 673	15 144	13 295	13 764	13 706	13 629	14 011
Recreational and entertainment goods ² (6053Y)	65 280	70 458	74 328	76 940	84 965	80 075	80 786	85 719
Other durable goods ³ (6054Y)	23 901	27 577	29 798	22 899	24 219	24 385	24 547	26 265
Semi-durable goods (6055Y)	267 090	271 904	278 862	241 222	275 118	282 200	291 750	293 483
Clothing and footwear (6056Y)	151 361	150 011	151 473	129 255	153 688	165 832	174 873	174 745
Household textiles, furnishings, glassware etc. (6057Y)	38 269	41 141	43 016	38 975	41 680	40 093	41 547	44 031
Motorcar tyres, parts and accessories (6058Y)	45 820	46 086	48 519	41 516	44 865	45 480	46 310	44 720
Recreational and entertainment goods ⁴ (6059Y)	17 729	19 609	19 968	16 828	18 468	17 471	16 738	18 017
Miscellaneous goods ⁵ (6060Y)	13 909	15 057	15 886	14 648	16 416	13 324	12 282	11 970
Non-durable goods (6061Y)	869 021	894 879	906 443	855 597	891 902	922 081	900 272	909 603
Food, beverages and tobacco..... (6062Y)	530 547	541 972	557 981	519 282	541 522	576 885	565 336	572 291
Household fuel, power and water (6063Y)	115 825	118 139	115 481	121 883	126 081	123 218	118 156	116 111
Household consumer goods..... (6064Y)	59 524	62 762	64 556	61 692	66 950	71 140	67 612	68 581
Medical and pharmaceutical products (6065Y)	57 068	57 584	58 240	59 783	63 315	63 474	63 652	67 155
Petroleum products (6066Y)	80 049	87 691	84 258	71 943	73 168	68 973	68 716	69 399
Recreational and entertainment goods ⁶ (6067Y)	26 008	26 731	25 928	21 013	20 866	18 391	16 799	16 066
Services (6068Y)	1 475 235	1 517 057	1 525 751	1 455 283	1 519 848	1 559 650	1 576 969	1 586 165
Rent and other housing services ⁷ (6069Y)	315 702	321 326	326 766	331 846	333 193	336 039	337 353	337 847
Household services, including domestic servants (6070Y)	70 602	73 991	74 656	73 517	74 226	73 655	70 804	70 417
Medical services (6071Y)	154 736	155 625	147 504	136 930	144 270	153 422	159 995	158 759
Transport and communication services..... (6072Y)	321 088	330 723	332 171	317 463	337 220	353 219	365 722	371 325
Recreational, entertainment and educational services ⁸ (6073Y)	221 553	228 091	230 462	214 747	223 844	221 678	226 572	231 287
Miscellaneous services ⁹ (6074Y)	391 555	407 301	414 192	380 780	407 096	421 636	416 523	416 530
Total (6007Y)	2 883 014	2 974 191	3 012 316	2 827 886	2 997 700	3 076 920	3 083 899	3 114 243

KB610

¹ Source: Statistics South Africa.² Comprising audio-visual, photographic and communications equipment.³ Jewellery, watches, therapeutic appliances, etc.⁴ Comprising sport and camping equipment, games, hobbies, toys, books and recording media.⁵ Electrical appliances for personal care and personal effects such as travel goods, car seats, umbrellas, etc.⁶ Comprising newspapers, magazines, stationery, pets and related products as well as garden products, plants and flowers.⁷ Including imputed rent for owner-occupied dwellings.⁸ Comprising cinema, park, museum and theatre entrance fees, subscriptions to cable television, licences and hiring of equipment.⁹ After adjustment for net expenditure of non-residents in the domestic sector.

Final consumption expenditure by households¹

R millions

Period	At current prices					At constant 2015 prices				
	Durable goods	Semi-durable goods	Non-durable goods	Services ²	Total	Durable goods	Semi-durable goods	Non-durable goods	Services ²	Total
	(6050K)	(6055K)	(6061K)	(6068K)	(6007K)	(6050C)	(6055C)	(6061C)	(6068C)	(6007C)
2021: 04	95 647	98 346	355 408	494 512	1 043 914	83 112	84 241	249 968	384 743	802 064
2021	352 636	319 833	1 241 154	1 923 693	3 837 315	310 831	275 118	891 902	1 519 848	2 997 700
2022: 01	89 668	77 719	322 309	505 988	995 683	75 792	65 453	221 802	386 661	749 708
02	88 213	81 805	336 927	518 620	1 025 565	73 842	67 916	223 418	390 401	755 577
03	92 907	78 102	360 960	531 375	1 063 344	76 234	63 809	228 199	391 379	759 621
04	106 507	104 090	396 056	536 739	1 143 392	87 121	85 023	248 662	391 208	812 014
2022	377 295	341 716	1 416 252	2 092 721	4 227 984	312 989	282 200	922 081	1 559 650	3 076 920
2023: 01	97 685	83 598	350 795	543 629	1 075 707	77 485	66 856	216 507	390 262	751 110
02	95 980	86 890	361 254	558 577	1 102 701	75 121	68 968	218 387	394 362	756 838
03	97 164	86 687	379 003	566 566	1 129 420	75 360	67 781	222 874	397 101	763 116
04	110 822	111 865	418 408	568 872	1 209 968	86 943	88 144	242 503	395 244	812 835
2023	401 651	369 039	1 509 460	2 237 645	4 517 795	314 909	291 750	900 272	1 576 969	3 083 899
2024: 01	103 090	84 300	370 570	567 310	1 125 270	78 552	64 930	213 243	389 445	746 171
02	101 421	91 426	382 356	586 524	1 161 728	77 443	70 184	217 191	396 073	760 891
03	102 249	89 631	402 791	595 929	1 190 601	78 445	68 498	225 238	400 665	772 846
04	115 439	115 904	449 532	594 195	1 275 071	90 553	89 871	253 931	399 981	834 335
2024	422 200	381 261	1 605 249	2 343 959	4 752 670	324 992	293 483	909 603	1 586 165	3 114 243
2025: 01	107 456	89 356	393 779	592 238	1 182 829	81 162	68 042	219 756	399 147	768 107
02	106 949	97 279	401 736	610 430	1 216 394	80 837	74 189	220 837	407 801	783 663
03	111 593	94 623	427 162	624 882	1 258 260	84 189	71 718	228 201	413 580	797 687

KB611

Seasonally adjusted and annualised

	(6050L)	(6055L)	(6061L)	(6068L)	(6007L)	(6050D)	(6055D)	(6061D)	(6068D)	(6007D)
2021: 04	353 261	333 011	1 303 077	1 983 392	3 972 741	300 565	286 213	914 750	1 537 048	3 038 576
2021	352 636	319 833	1 241 154	1 923 693	3 837 315	310 831	275 118	891 902	1 519 848	2 997 700
2022: 01	363 793	344 656	1 359 370	2 033 248	4 101 067	309 941	288 151	928 866	1 554 245	3 081 202
02	367 827	338 421	1 400 778	2 065 027	4 172 053	308 568	281 339	931 170	1 562 154	3 083 231
03	382 081	332 283	1 455 915	2 112 100	4 282 379	315 158	271 738	925 381	1 555 526	3 067 803
04	395 478	351 504	1 448 946	2 160 511	4 356 439	318 291	287 573	902 908	1 566 673	3 075 444
2022	377 295	341 716	1 416 252	2 092 721	4 227 984	312 989	282 200	922 081	1 559 650	3 076 920
2023: 01	396 165	369 972	1 480 247	2 190 444	4 436 828	315 948	295 111	910 020	1 573 497	3 094 577
02	399 024	358 619	1 502 590	2 220 038	4 480 271	312 651	284 857	907 507	1 582 866	3 087 880
03	399 678	369 606	1 528 520	2 249 971	4 547 775	311 687	288 520	902 685	1 577 719	3 080 611
04	411 737	377 960	1 526 484	2 290 126	4 606 308	319 348	298 512	880 874	1 573 795	3 072 529
2023	401 651	369 039	1 509 460	2 237 645	4 517 795	314 909	291 750	900 272	1 576 969	3 083 899
2024: 01	417 387	373 737	1 565 647	2 284 433	4 641 204	321 238	286 043	896 097	1 569 169	3 072 548
02	422 381	377 828	1 590 397	2 346 997	4 737 603	322 604	290 879	904 106	1 591 566	3 109 156
03	420 069	380 738	1 617 787	2 366 989	4 785 583	324 547	292 829	911 755	1 591 709	3 120 840
04	428 963	392 743	1 647 167	2 377 418	4 846 290	331 580	304 180	926 454	1 592 214	3 154 427
2024	422 200	381 261	1 605 249	2 343 959	4 752 670	324 992	293 483	909 603	1 586 165	3 114 243
2025: 01	435 603	394 985	1 660 313	2 387 774	4 878 674	332 598	300 373	925 215	1 612 642	3 170 829
02	445 731	401 428	1 669 417	2 443 866	4 960 441	337 247	307 331	919 744	1 639 004	3 203 326
03	458 495	403 562	1 722 193	2 489 063	5 073 313	348 846	306 476	925 256	1 644 495	3 225 073

KB612

1 Source: Statistics South Africa.
2 After adjustment for net expenditure by non-residents in the domestic market.

Final consumption expenditure by households according to COICOP¹ classification²
At current prices

R millions

Period	Food and non-alcoholic beverages (6365J)	Alcoholic beverages, tobacco and narcotics (6366J)	Clothing and footwear (6367J)	Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels (6368J)	Furnishings, household equipment and household maintenance (6369J)	Health (6370J)	Transport (6371J)	Communi-cation (6372J)	Recreation and culture (6373J)	Education (6374J)	Restaurants and hotels (6375J)	Miscel-laneous goods and services (6376J)	Total (6007J)
2005	144 009	62 429	62 116	181 998	81 405	78 370	202 298	52 929	94 935	29 835	53 476	124 407	1 168 207
2006	166 259	70 308	69 450	196 076	90 280	86 762	231 905	62 822	101 413	33 498	64 229	134 911	1 307 912
2007	190 361	77 177	77 403	222 494	102 467	94 835	256 177	75 090	110 840	37 586	73 982	170 959	1 489 372
2008	216 242	85 702	83 640	248 894	107 540	105 166	269 956	86 477	122 328	42 457	89 839	188 059	1 646 301
2009	235 903	89 783	87 465	272 214	107 756	119 036	262 664	91 959	124 349	47 539	89 176	204 720	1 732 563
2010	258 566	94 686	92 144	297 624	113 390	130 061	307 308	94 614	130 302	53 364	99 764	233 884	1 905 709
2011	287 222	100 789	100 939	325 920	123 023	140 498	352 812	100 921	142 385	58 326	102 467	258 501	2 093 803
2012	315 078	109 316	111 141	350 473	133 515	155 578	398 173	108 244	158 303	64 400	112 663	276 356	2 293 240
2013	334 058	112 782	122 792	371 555	142 066	162 133	436 515	114 536	171 079	71 354	122 568	309 314	2 470 752
2014	362 242	120 564	136 394	395 821	151 962	172 244	461 202	117 070	183 620	78 416	131 513	322 079	2 633 125
2015	396 852	132 506	145 378	423 479	162 448	189 921	468 183	122 763	197 752	88 524	141 562	345 842	2 815 210
2016	438 266	144 013	157 347	454 775	175 852	208 147	473 398	126 710	215 838	95 541	154 150	367 860	3 011 897
2017	464 311	149 958	166 341	480 135	190 283	227 328	493 680	130 456	231 538	101 855	165 663	398 167	3 199 715
2018	490 259	162 012	168 926	512 949	204 506	236 797	544 224	134 144	246 083	115 057	180 361	435 443	3 430 761
2019	520 078	177 146	174 268	541 103	216 728	244 417	570 679	136 091	253 897	125 806	188 781	456 361	3 605 356
2020	543 247	134 085	150 939	575 057	211 592	242 903	510 753	142 795	233 223	131 892	111 220	496 915	3 484 622
2021	595 150	154 679	182 267	607 175	224 753	267 955	602 616	149 446	249 543	140 071	136 724	526 936	3 837 315
2022	680 639	184 422	200 748	639 834	229 207	288 139	715 819	157 096	247 419	148 957	177 049	558 655	4 227 984
2023	739 745	190 758	216 385	669 889	241 319	316 670	779 466	163 302	259 119	162 176	223 315	555 650	4 517 795
2024	789 711	194 745	221 725	707 525	255 950	341 735	807 359	167 622	274 367	175 495	243 222	573 215	4 752 670

KB635

At constant 2015 prices

	(6365Y)	(6366Y)	(6367Y)	(6368Y)	(6369Y)	(6370Y)	(6371Y)	(6372Y)	(6373Y)	(6374Y)	(6375Y)	(6376Y)	(6007Y)
2005	295 652	124 579	79 326	358 067	111 647	138 709	366 495	65 949	135 537	68 838	118 794	173 548	2 077 733
2006	321 013	131 687	93 102	381 640	126 371	148 293	401 613	72 745	153 421	70 013	125 895	191 433	2 260 081
2007	335 012	137 241	105 900	391 425	138 222	155 475	426 801	84 476	160 461	73 774	133 938	222 305	2 407 392
2008	328 545	135 482	108 968	395 199	140 442	162 793	406 661	91 390	168 072	78 144	149 491	240 497	2 436 546
2009	327 620	131 575	108 595	396 434	135 785	166 839	383 503	93 700	157 798	79 640	131 233	246 576	2 373 417
2010	354 316	131 842	112 505	402 351	140 659	169 905	416 825	95 271	157 693	81 611	136 223	309 172	2 508 374
2011	366 824	132 432	120 067	411 473	146 626	173 677	444 183	102 567	168 368	82 054	133 230	328 552	2 610 053
2012	375 921	133 994	127 532	415 490	152 865	183 006	459 917	109 457	180 693	83 213	137 913	334 256	2 694 257
2013	377 232	129 655	136 674	415 892	155 917	181 676	471 526	112 956	185 264	84 615	140 578	344 062	2 736 048
2014	380 256	130 245	143 498	418 964	159 129	182 654	468 967	115 398	191 040	85 586	139 156	340 860	2 755 751
2015	396 852	132 506	145 378	423 479	162 448	189 921	468 183	122 763	197 752	88 524	141 562	345 842	2 815 210
2016	397 746	136 282	149 558	427 824	166 919	197 507	452 126	126 669	205 299	90 532	144 944	339 019	2 834 426
2017	394 123	136 425	153 038	428 493	174 788	203 434	450 966	133 199	214 098	90 499	148 409	355 542	2 883 014
2018	402 245	139 727	152 441	436 094	184 422	202 082	469 110	137 278	222 765	95 778	154 906	377 344	2 974 191
2019	412 880	145 100	153 980	438 561	188 716	199 352	471 064	139 657	223 662	98 293	157 034	384 016	3 012 316
2020	409 997	109 286	131 559	449 877	179 373	190 398	416 726	144 544	202 575	96 668	90 305	406 580	2 827 886
2021	424 855	116 667	156 508	454 730	186 541	202 828	456 669	155 332	213 035	100 650	107 322	422 564	2 997 700
2022	445 750	131 135	168 652	454 712	177 892	209 087	474 436	161 513	202 568	102 296	131 027	417 852	3 076 920
2023	437 434	127 903	177 252	451 793	177 082	217 212	487 638	165 273	203 589	105 590	157 029	376 105	3 083 899
2024	447 358	124 933	177 584	450 244	183 023	222 504	489 522	169 937	209 480	107 440	161 862	370 355	3 114 243

KB636

1 Classification of individual consumption according to purpose.
2 Sources: Statistics South Africa and South African Reserve Bank.

Gross fixed capital formation¹

At current prices

R millions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
By kind of economic activity								
Agriculture, forestry and fishing (6080J)	32 112	33 000	32 840	43 764	47 693	57 469	61 499	60 581
Mining and quarrying (6081J)	76 022	95 354	108 005	96 349	109 418	123 552	148 339	159 878
Manufacturing (6082J)	102 912	110 985	122 354	102 005	101 248	128 455	147 562	157 971
Electricity, gas and water (6085J)	93 460	75 439	77 692	59 096	56 729	60 903	80 203	74 674
Construction (contractors) (6086J)	18 799	16 618	15 158	19 089	13 806	18 163	20 083	19 318
Wholesale and retail trade, catering and accommodation (6087J)	55 569	59 806	56 844	65 211	48 090	60 015	75 714	82 471
Transport, storage and communication (6088J)	98 361	101 065	101 745	86 944	92 659	105 600	119 468	113 880
Financial intermediation, insurance, real estate and business services ² (6091J)	185 399	193 619	192 711	145 287	184 828	211 199	208 931	202 613
Community, social and personal services (6094J)	170 129	168 050	162 814	149 826	159 238	180 130	189 259	196 317
Total fixed capital formation (6009J)	832 762	853 936	870 163	767 570	813 709	945 487	1 051 056	1 067 703
By type of organisation								
General government (6100J)	154 493	152 879	148 331	135 680	145 015	164 592	177 778	183 848
<i>Functional classification: Economic infrastructure³ ...</i> (6101J)	74 937	74 392	69 783	61 596	67 799	75 041	78 254	78 814
<i>Social infrastructure⁴</i> (6102J)	38 303	39 402	36 682	32 677	33 637	38 832	46 460	48 699
<i>Economic services⁵</i> (6103J)	41 253	39 085	41 866	41 407	43 580	50 720	53 065	56 336
Public corporations (6106J)	123 839	113 532	102 123	81 304	86 450	97 077	114 628	117 336
<i>Functional classification: Economic infrastructure³ ...</i> (6107J)	120 733	109 566	97 478	77 457	82 507	89 754	107 565	109 662
<i>Economic services⁵</i> (6108J)	3 105	3 966	4 645	3 847	3 943	7 324	7 063	7 674
Private business enterprises ² (6109J)	554 431	587 525	619 709	550 586	582 245	683 817	758 651	766 519

KB613

1 Sources: Statistics South Africa and South African Reserve Bank.

2 Including transfer costs.

3 Roads, bridges, dams, electricity and water supply, etc.

4 Schools, hospitals, etc., and administrative services.

5 Business enterprises not included in economic infrastructure.

Gross fixed capital formation¹

At constant 2015 prices

R millions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
By kind of economic activity								
Agriculture, forestry and fishing..... (6080Y)	29 341	28 392	27 795	35 022	35 700	38 151	37 300	35 207
Mining and quarrying..... (6081Y)	70 261	84 766	91 823	77 994	83 828	84 134	91 332	92 932
Manufacturing (6082Y)	95 384	99 393	104 716	82 981	78 810	89 001	92 397	93 701
Electricity, gas and water..... (6085Y)	85 395	64 988	64 601	48 114	42 291	41 422	50 288	43 182
Construction (contractors) (6086Y)	17 072	14 641	12 853	15 348	10 577	12 827	12 834	11 667
Wholesale and retail trade, catering and accommodation (6087Y)	51 054	53 186	48 548	53 253	37 813	42 817	49 571	50 849
Transport, storage and communication..... (6088Y)	91 204	92 195	89 993	74 140	77 372	81 480	85 589	78 074
Financial intermediation, insurance, real estate and business services ² (6091Y)	169 178	171 036	165 031	122 494	141 459	149 871	143 025	132 589
Community, social and personal services (6094Y)	155 993	146 997	137 060	123 399	122 797	128 016	125 609	122 945
Total fixed capital formation..... (6009Y)	764 883	755 594	742 420	632 747	630 646	667 719	687 944	661 146
By type of organisation								
General government..... (6100Y)	141 618	133 570	124 798	111 830	111 793	116 857	117 974	115 166
<i>Functional classification: Economic infrastructure³ ...</i> (6101Y)	68 346	63 729	57 748	49 940	50 194	50 570	48 845	45 126
<i>Social infrastructure⁴</i> (6102Y)	34 444	33 936	30 343	26 199	24 684	25 918	28 786	28 371
<i>Economic services⁵.....</i> (6103Y)	38 829	35 905	36 707	35 691	36 915	40 370	40 343	41 669
Public corporations..... (6106Y)	113 971	100 930	87 705	68 235	69 000	71 627	78 481	75 310
<i>Functional classification: Economic infrastructure³ ...</i> (6107Y)	111 052	97 367	83 613	64 931	65 427	65 873	73 147	70 008
<i>Economic services⁵.....</i> (6108Y)	2 894	3 641	4 052	3 373	3 573	5 754	5 334	5 302
Private business enterprises ² (6109Y)	509 294	521 094	529 917	452 681	449 853	479 234	491 490	470 670

KB614

¹ Sources: Statistics South Africa and South African Reserve Bank.² Including transfer costs.³ Roads, bridges, dams, electricity and water supply, etc.⁴ Schools, hospitals, etc., and administrative services.⁵ Business enterprises not included in economic infrastructure.

Gross fixed capital formation by type of organisation¹

R millions

Period	At current prices				At constant 2015 prices			
	General government (6100K)	Public corporations (6106K)	Private business enterprises ² (6109K)	Total (6009K)	General government (6100C)	Public corporations (6106C)	Private business enterprises ² (6109C)	Total (6009C)
2016: 04	39 386	32 737	139 415	211 538	37 165	30 899	130 148	198 212
2016	164 523	130 501	535 114	830 138	157 355	124 661	498 742	780 757
2017: 01	39 253	31 020	136 826	207 099	36 600	28 873	126 541	192 014
02	38 046	31 079	127 245	196 370	35 170	28 767	117 680	181 617
03	37 695	30 777	142 166	210 639	34 551	28 350	130 871	193 771
04	39 498	30 962	148 194	218 654	35 298	27 981	134 202	197 481
2017	154 493	123 839	554 431	832 762	141 618	113 971	509 294	764 883
2018: 01	38 578	28 554	146 092	213 224	34 411	25 716	131 693	191 821
02	37 563	28 771	137 988	204 322	33 399	25 967	124 991	184 357
03	36 541	28 762	153 550	218 853	31 630	25 393	134 940	191 962
04	40 197	27 445	149 894	217 537	34 131	23 854	129 469	187 454
2018	152 879	113 532	587 525	853 936	133 570	100 930	521 094	755 594
2019: 01	39 429	25 288	151 256	215 973	33 602	21 960	130 234	185 795
02	37 642	25 743	146 169	209 554	31 732	22 166	125 371	179 269
03	34 398	26 521	164 437	225 356	28 765	22 665	140 332	191 762
04	36 861	24 571	157 846	219 279	30 699	20 914	133 981	185 594
2019	148 331	102 123	619 709	870 163	124 798	87 705	529 917	742 420
2020: 01	33 830	22 783	151 666	208 279	28 329	19 309	127 137	174 775
02	32 814	17 524	108 996	159 334	27 383	14 955	91 669	134 007
03	32 232	20 226	142 181	194 638	26 296	16 753	114 693	157 743
04	36 804	20 771	147 743	205 318	29 822	17 217	119 182	166 222
2020	135 680	81 304	550 586	767 570	111 830	68 235	452 681	632 747
2021: 01	36 330	20 841	138 830	196 001	28 963	17 033	110 512	156 508
02	35 816	21 560	137 612	194 987	27 915	17 232	107 468	152 615
03	34 234	21 966	150 107	206 307	26 023	17 354	115 084	158 461
04	38 635	22 083	155 696	216 414	28 892	17 381	116 788	163 062
2021	145 015	86 450	582 245	813 709	111 793	69 000	449 853	630 646
2022: 01	40 119	22 102	160 613	222 835	29 254	16 781	116 779	162 814
02	40 767	23 411	161 156	225 334	28 916	17 434	114 493	160 843
03	39 047	25 603	180 270	244 919	27 380	18 741	124 620	170 741
04	44 659	25 962	181 778	252 399	31 307	18 672	123 342	173 321
2022	164 592	97 077	683 817	945 487	116 857	71 627	479 234	667 719
2023: 01	46 223	26 623	179 075	251 921	31 695	18 927	119 922	170 544
02	44 592	29 137	186 010	259 739	29 920	20 435	122 306	172 661
03	42 683	28 870	197 473	269 026	27 900	19 291	125 245	172 436
04	44 281	29 997	196 092	270 370	28 459	19 828	124 017	172 304
2023	177 778	114 628	758 651	1 051 056	117 974	78 481	491 490	687 944
2024: 01	45 997	29 871	187 734	263 602	29 073	19 383	116 835	165 290
02	45 525	29 530	186 107	261 162	28 408	18 727	113 231	160 366
03	45 093	29 886	197 254	272 233	28 176	19 113	120 044	167 333
04	47 233	28 050	195 423	270 706	29 508	18 088	120 561	168 156
2024	183 848	117 336	766 519	1 067 703	115 166	75 310	470 670	661 146
2025: 01	46 574	34 369	180 377	261 319	29 225	21 851	109 267	160 344
02	44 739	27 605	183 996	256 340	27 668	17 323	109 993	154 984
03	44 870	28 957	197 238	271 065	27 576	18 303	118 307	164 187

KB615

1 Source: Statistics South Africa.
2 Including transfer costs.

Gross fixed capital formation by type of organisation¹

Seasonally adjusted and annualised

R millions

Period	At current prices				At constant 2015 prices			
	General government (6100L)	Public corporations (6106L)	Private business enterprises ² (6109L)	Total (6009L)	General government (6100D)	Public corporations (6106D)	Private business enterprises ² (6109D)	Total (6009D)
2016: 04.....	151 189	128 789	546 905	826 882	143 365	121 734	509 316	774 415
2016	164 523	130 501	535 114	830 138	157 355	124 661	498 742	780 757
2017: 01.....	151 823	128 884	548 799	829 505	142 108	119 674	509 871	771 653
02.....	153 221	124 442	535 590	813 253	141 060	115 101	495 024	751 186
03.....	160 914	120 082	551 421	832 417	147 337	110 614	506 044	763 995
04.....	152 012	121 947	581 915	855 875	135 967	110 495	526 238	772 700
2017	154 493	123 839	554 431	832 762	141 618	113 971	509 294	764 883
2018: 01.....	150 477	118 667	585 569	854 712	134 275	106 882	528 218	769 375
02.....	151 535	114 717	580 209	846 461	134 065	103 369	523 848	761 282
03.....	154 979	112 547	594 771	862 297	134 385	99 361	523 128	756 875
04.....	154 525	108 197	589 552	852 275	131 555	94 107	509 182	734 844
2018	152 879	113 532	587 525	853 936	133 570	100 930	521 094	755 594
2019: 01.....	154 137	104 516	607 603	866 255	131 213	90 987	524 952	747 152
02.....	152 311	102 989	610 513	865 813	127 515	88 624	523 491	739 629
03.....	145 402	103 218	638 196	886 816	122 516	88 505	544 478	755 499
04.....	141 472	97 769	622 524	861 766	117 947	82 702	526 749	727 399
2019	148 331	102 123	619 709	870 163	124 798	87 705	529 917	742 420
2020: 01.....	132 215	93 579	611 078	836 873	111 003	79 289	515 442	705 734
02.....	131 837	70 037	455 050	656 924	110 141	59 567	382 549	552 257
03.....	136 487	78 559	551 756	766 802	112 136	65 425	444 251	621 812
04.....	142 182	83 040	584 459	809 680	114 041	68 660	468 482	651 183
2020	135 680	81 304	550 586	767 570	111 830	68 235	452 681	632 747
2021: 01.....	141 968	86 073	563 103	791 144	112 782	70 448	448 760	631 990
02.....	143 719	85 811	575 076	804 606	111 990	68 669	446 336	626 995
03.....	144 755	86 235	583 458	814 448	111 624	68 005	447 833	627 462
04.....	149 618	87 679	607 343	844 640	110 775	68 879	456 483	636 137
2021	145 015	86 450	582 245	813 709	111 793	69 000	449 853	630 646
2022: 01.....	156 941	90 908	647 570	895 419	114 297	69 386	471 594	655 277
02.....	163 961	94 857	673 482	932 299	115 806	70 842	474 120	660 768
03.....	165 391	99 869	702 985	968 244	117 513	73 598	484 444	675 555
04.....	172 077	102 676	711 233	985 985	119 814	72 683	486 778	679 275
2022	164 592	97 077	683 817	945 487	116 857	71 627	479 234	667 719
2023: 01.....	180 409	109 711	722 414	1 012 535	123 956	77 807	486 144	687 908
02.....	178 835	117 171	774 386	1 070 392	119 737	82 629	508 929	711 294
03.....	181 555	112 761	763 937	1 058 254	119 212	75 643	483 203	678 058
04.....	170 312	118 868	773 865	1 063 045	108 992	77 842	487 683	674 517
2023	177 778	114 628	758 651	1 051 056	117 974	78 481	491 490	687 944
2024: 01.....	179 561	123 496	756 555	1 059 613	113 430	80 560	472 482	666 473
02.....	182 678	118 789	777 743	1 079 210	113 621	75 364	470 449	659 434
03.....	191 189	116 350	765 340	1 072 878	120 527	74 378	466 155	661 060
04.....	181 966	110 710	766 437	1 059 113	113 083	70 939	473 595	657 617
2024	183 848	117 336	766 519	1 067 703	115 166	75 310	470 670	661 146
2025: 01.....	181 931	141 630	738 645	1 062 206	113 853	90 236	443 764	647 852
02.....	179 609	111 089	770 724	1 061 422	110 727	69 683	457 031	637 441
03.....	190 382	114 167	761 454	1 066 003	118 064	72 108	457 368	647 540

KB616

¹ Source: Statistics South Africa.² Including transfer costs.

Gross fixed capital formation by type of asset¹

At current prices

R millions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Residential buildings (6110J)	118 861	122 964	129 733	101 853	121 324	134 070	132 751	127 502
General government..... (6111J)	2 075	1 529	2 460	1 642	3 231	4 094	4 133	4 553
Public corporations..... (6112J)	28	27	334	191	93	104	132	128
Private business enterprises..... (6113J)	116 759	121 408	126 938	100 020	118 001	129 872	128 486	122 821
Non-residential buildings (6114J)	68 388	75 068	70 549	77 397	56 273	60 178	63 987	66 272
General government..... (6115J)	34 342	33 212	29 005	26 354	27 533	30 566	36 009	37 966
Public corporations..... (6116J)	3 319	3 321	2 238	1 700	2 039	2 829	2 898	2 831
Private business enterprises..... (6117J)	30 727	38 535	39 306	49 344	26 702	26 782	25 079	25 475
Construction works (6118J)	187 647	185 639	176 832	149 807	166 236	178 803	189 505	193 481
General government..... (6119J)	74 937	74 392	69 783	61 596	67 799	75 041	78 254	78 814
Public corporations..... (6120J)	82 442	71 935	56 771	43 153	48 542	49 603	61 150	65 427
Private business enterprises..... (6121J)	30 268	39 312	50 278	45 058	49 896	54 159	50 102	49 241
Transport equipment (6122J)	107 175	106 100	101 476	81 313	93 947	98 412	118 069	118 713
General government..... (6123J)	6 903	7 722	7 874	8 209	6 916	8 475	9 745	10 292
Public corporations..... (6124J)	19 550	19 241	18 856	10 421	9 672	10 191	15 926	15 012
Private business enterprises..... (6125J)	80 722	79 137	74 746	62 684	77 358	79 746	92 398	93 410
Information, computer and telecommunications equipment (6099J)	24 714	22 984	24 394	21 890	23 972	27 698	29 289	26 801
General government..... (6137J)	3 678	3 134	3 528	3 309	4 443	5 723	6 776	7 521
Public corporations..... (6138J)	7 440	10 491	7 462	7 308	8 613	10 931	11 797	10 659
Private business enterprises..... (6139J)	13 597	9 359	13 405	11 273	10 916	11 044	10 716	8 621
Machinery and other equipment (6126J)	247 698	259 479	283 878	257 283	259 128	339 562	408 814	421 450
General government..... (6127J)	13 834	14 897	16 746	15 137	14 818	17 221	19 539	20 242
Public corporations..... (6128J)	5 105	3 022	10 538	13 374	12 316	17 588	16 907	17 443
Private business enterprises..... (6129J)	228 759	241 560	256 594	228 772	231 994	304 753	372 368	383 765
Research and development (6191J)	36 189	34 035	31 554	29 740	37 770	40 388	40 403	41 975
General government..... (6192J)	15 804	15 406	16 470	17 058	17 944	21 012	20 527	21 422
Public corporations..... (6193J)	4 280	4 002	3 948	3 790	4 235	4 437	4 172	4 315
Private business enterprises..... (6194J)	16 105	14 627	11 136	8 892	15 591	14 939	15 704	16 237
Computer software (6195J)	18 958	23 713	26 861	24 444	24 820	32 635	36 108	34 855
General government..... (6196J)	2 889	2 560	2 441	2 352	2 292	2 415	2 748	3 009
Public corporations..... (6197J)	1 606	1 202	1 661	1 256	899	1 353	1 585	1 440
Private business enterprises..... (6198J)	14 462	19 950	22 758	20 836	21 629	28 868	31 776	30 406
Mineral exploration and evaluation² (6199J)	1 756	1 883	1 895	1 488	1 359	1 323	1 352	1 361
Cultivated biological resources^{3,4} (6159J)	6 787	7 397	8 054	8 697	9 618	10 633	11 561	12 614
Transfer costs² (6130J)	14 590	14 674	14 937	13 657	19 262	21 785	19 218	22 678
Total fixed capital formation (6009J)	832 762	853 936	870 163	767 570	813 709	945 487	1 051 056	1 067 703

KB619

1 Source: Statistics South Africa.

2 Private business enterprises.

3 Including animal resources yielding repeat products; and tree, crop and plant resources yielding repeat products.

4 Private business enterprises and general government.

Gross fixed capital formation by type of asset¹

At constant 2015 prices

R millions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Residential buildings (6110Y)	106 278	105 570	106 793	81 680	88 024	89 623	83 649	76 229
General government..... (6111Y)	1 858	1 308	2 025	1 316	2 330	2 741	2 600	2 723
Public corporations..... (6112Y)	25	23	275	153	67	69	83	76
Private business enterprises..... (6113Y)	104 396	104 240	104 492	80 210	85 627	86 814	80 965	73 429
Non-residential buildings (6114Y)	61 280	64 031	57 750	61 861	40 884	39 942	39 795	38 656
General government..... (6115Y)	30 762	28 345	23 741	21 064	19 941	20 297	22 387	22 147
Public corporations..... (6116Y)	2 975	2 831	1 832	1 358	1 486	1 877	1 803	1 651
Private business enterprises..... (6117Y)	27 543	32 855	32 178	39 439	19 458	17 769	15 604	14 858
Construction works (6118Y)	171 143	159 133	146 344	121 487	123 042	120 459	118 125	110 796
General government..... (6119Y)	68 346	63 729	57 748	49 940	50 194	50 570	48 845	45 126
Public corporations..... (6120Y)	75 192	61 690	46 985	35 001	35 923	33 410	38 080	37 470
Private business enterprises..... (6121Y)	27 606	33 713	41 611	36 546	36 925	36 479	31 200	28 200
Transport equipment (6122Y)	94 726	91 158	83 779	63 791	70 657	69 032	76 464	73 231
General government..... (6123Y)	6 080	6 608	6 457	6 436	5 183	5 977	6 384	6 418
Public corporations..... (6124Y)	17 284	16 536	15 576	8 176	7 277	7 145	10 303	9 251
Private business enterprises..... (6125Y)	71 363	68 013	61 746	49 179	58 197	55 910	59 776	57 562
Information, computer and telecommunications equipment (6099Y)	26 891	26 480	28 602	24 158	28 236	30 795	32 385	30 380
General government..... (6137Y)	3 997	3 640	4 173	3 665	5 235	6 355	7 494	8 524
Public corporations..... (6138Y)	8 097	12 071	8 736	8 060	10 144	12 156	13 043	12 083
Private business enterprises..... (6139Y)	14 798	10 769	15 694	12 433	12 857	12 283	11 849	9 773
Machinery and other equipment (6126Y)	230 364	234 181	244 216	208 532	201 510	231 283	249 771	244 216
General government..... (6127Y)	12 870	13 438	14 408	12 277	11 534	11 730	11 972	11 738
Public corporations..... (6128Y)	4 748	2 727	9 066	10 839	9 577	11 979	10 328	10 107
Private business enterprises..... (6129Y)	212 746	218 016	220 743	185 415	180 399	207 574	227 472	222 371
Research and development (6191Y)	33 963	30 914	26 440	25 584	31 141	31 831	30 228	29 801
General government..... (6192Y)	14 829	13 988	13 788	14 676	14 798	16 558	15 356	15 209
Public corporations..... (6193Y)	4 017	3 636	3 311	3 260	3 491	3 498	3 122	3 064
Private business enterprises..... (6194Y)	15 117	13 290	9 340	7 648	12 852	11 775	11 750	11 528
Computer software (6195Y)	18 574	22 983	26 875	25 252	27 736	35 311	38 272	37 786
General government..... (6196Y)	2 853	2 494	2 438	2 437	2 552	2 604	2 910	3 265
Public corporations..... (6197Y)	1 572	1 165	1 663	1 297	1 005	1 464	1 680	1 561
Private business enterprises..... (6198Y)	14 150	19 325	22 775	21 518	24 180	31 242	33 683	32 960
Mineral exploration and evaluation² (6199Y)	1 601	1 615	1 568	1 207	1 006	892	843	780
Cultivated biological resources^{3,4} (6159Y)	6 122	5 689	6 836	6 792	6 465	5 992	6 168	6 837
Transfer costs² (6130Y)	13 940	13 839	13 216	12 401	11 945	12 559	12 244	12 434
Total fixed capital formation (6009Y)	764 883	755 594	742 420	632 747	630 646	667 719	687 944	661 146

KB620

1 Source: Statistics South Africa.

2 Private business enterprises.

3 Including animal resources yielding repeat products; and tree, crop and plant resources yielding repeat products.

4 Private business enterprises and general government.

Gross fixed capital formation by type of asset¹

R millions

Period	At current prices						At constant 2015 prices					
	Residential buildings	Non-residential buildings	Construction works	Transport equipment	Machinery and other equipment	Transfer costs	Residential buildings	Non-residential buildings	Construction works	Transport equipment	Machinery and other equipment	Transfer costs
	(6110K)	(6114K)	(6118K)	(6122K)	(6126K)	(6130K)	(6110C)	(6114C)	(6118C)	(6122C)	(6126C)	(6130C)
2021: 04	33 275	13 332	42 233	22 764	70 149	4 976	23 277	9 302	30 292	16 708	52 456	3 030
2021	121 324	56 273	166 236	93 947	259 128	19 262	88 024	40 884	123 042	70 657	201 510	11 945
2022: 01	32 746	13 401	42 254	22 129	80 661	5 044	22 416	9 115	29 353	15 989	57 824	2 503
02	31 380	14 879	44 643	19 879	81 942	5 508	20 888	9 821	29 978	14 106	56 558	3 154
03	34 671	14 948	45 315	25 285	89 095	5 972	22 879	9 809	30 068	17 676	59 600	3 379
04	35 272	16 951	46 591	31 119	87 865	5 261	23 440	11 197	31 060	21 262	57 300	3 524
2022	134 070	60 178	178 803	98 412	339 562	21 785	89 623	39 942	120 459	69 032	231 283	12 559
2023: 01	34 951	17 010	46 642	30 007	90 420	4 690	22 610	10 936	30 355	20 102	57 606	2 687
02	32 334	15 623	47 756	29 501	100 021	4 932	20 514	9 799	30 263	19 279	61 888	3 082
03	32 692	15 402	46 609	29 193	112 117	4 865	20 390	9 442	28 525	18 603	67 167	3 216
04	32 773	15 952	48 498	29 369	106 256	4 732	20 135	9 617	28 981	18 480	63 110	3 259
2023	132 751	63 987	189 505	118 069	408 814	19 218	83 649	39 795	118 125	76 464	249 771	12 244
2024: 01	31 434	16 481	47 260	28 923	105 698	5 047	19 001	9 727	27 484	18 101	62 005	2 690
02	31 533	17 031	47 883	28 346	104 116	5 902	18 788	9 884	27 284	17 519	59 455	3 379
03	32 583	16 075	48 204	31 130	109 503	5 558	19 372	9 339	27 556	19 163	63 055	2 968
04	31 952	16 685	50 134	30 315	102 134	6 171	19 069	9 706	28 473	18 449	59 701	3 398
2024	127 502	66 272	193 481	118 713	421 450	22 678	76 229	38 656	110 796	73 231	244 216	12 434
2025: 01	29 520	16 560	47 067	28 389	104 098	6 895	17 411	9 553	26 591	17 162	60 053	2 911
02	28 136	15 901	48 568	28 517	100 659	7 079	16 510	9 095	27 189	17 076	57 387	3 054
03	28 971	16 074	48 137	33 317	107 584	6 620	16 841	9 119	26 728	19 939	61 426	3 307

KB621

Seasonally adjusted and annualised

	(6110L)	(6114L)	(6118L)	(6122L)	(6126L)	(6130L)	(6110D)	(6114D)	(6118D)	(6122D)	(6126D)	(6130D)
2021: 04	129 181	51 579	168 001	88 267	279 015	19 903	90 435	35 762	119 886	65 499	209 442	10 800
2021	121 324	56 273	166 236	93 947	259 128	19 262	88 024	40 884	123 042	70 657	201 510	11 945
2022: 01	129 419	53 232	170 487	92 475	316 931	20 175	88 394	36 351	118 012	67 436	226 526	11 300
02	131 054	60 134	178 118	84 568	341 876	22 031	87 198	39 460	119 722	60 412	233 083	12 178
03	139 643	61 746	182 896	95 848	347 101	23 889	92 106	40 842	122 130	66 892	231 822	13 334
04	136 166	65 600	183 710	120 758	352 339	21 045	90 796	43 117	121 971	81 389	233 699	13 424
2022	134 070	60 178	178 803	98 412	339 562	21 785	89 623	39 942	120 459	69 032	231 283	12 559
2023: 01	137 302	67 568	188 661	121 953	357 517	18 760	88 795	43 448	123 223	82 388	227 650	12 251
02	134 907	63 173	189 040	123 491	416 063	19 727	85 538	39 593	120 647	80 574	258 586	11 990
03	131 566	63 659	189 275	111 388	432 267	19 459	82 053	39 253	115 771	70 784	257 945	12 719
04	127 228	61 547	191 044	115 443	429 409	18 927	78 207	36 887	112 858	72 111	254 903	12 018
2023	132 751	63 987	189 505	118 069	408 814	19 218	83 649	39 795	118 125	76 464	249 771	12 244
2024: 01	123 760	65 407	192 455	119 140	416 599	20 187	75 053	38 636	111 293	74 598	244 597	12 234
02	131 722	68 816	189 894	119 551	433 757	23 606	78 801	39 855	108 291	72 888	246 480	13 210
03	131 253	66 465	194 325	118 448	424 276	22 234	78 087	38 754	111 708	73 265	244 104	11 747
04	123 272	64 399	197 252	117 713	411 168	24 686	72 976	37 380	111 890	72 174	241 684	12 546
2024	127 502	66 272	193 481	118 713	421 450	22 678	76 229	38 656	110 796	73 231	244 216	12 434
2025: 01	117 220	65 764	191 487	117 216	419 986	27 578	68 741	37 913	107 792	71 286	236 884	13 270
02	117 202	64 196	193 430	119 609	421 123	28 317	68 665	36 715	108 072	71 199	238 453	11 871
03	116 272	66 697	193 691	126 250	415 703	26 479	67 947	37 723	108 330	75 880	237 663	13 045

KB622

1 Source: Statistics South Africa.

Fixed capital stock

At constant 2015 prices

R millions

As at 31 December	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
By kind of economic activity								
Agriculture, forestry and fishing..... (6140Y)	283 586	286 856	288 625	296 627	303 941	312 531	319 029	322 409
Mining and quarrying..... (6141Y)	515 745	523 411	536 628	535 028	539 687	544 052	554 181	563 512
Manufacturing (6142Y)	732 398	734 108	740 566	726 606	711 740	708 371	708 481	708 722
Electricity, gas and water..... (6143Y)	906 808	933 772	959 866	969 129	972 878	975 969	987 855	992 790
Construction (contractors) (6144Y)	72 643	72 656	71 282	73 090	70 815	71 172	71 370	70 607
Wholesale and retail trade, catering and accommodation (6145Y)	354 092	363 794	368 075	376 941	371 117	370 890	376 822	382 621
Transport, storage and communication..... (6146Y)	855 405	858 921	859 549	846 040	837 106	832 147	830 178	820 874
Financial intermediation, insurance, real estate and business services ¹ (6147Y)	2 576 939	2 617 539	2 650 528	2 634 659	2 642 705	2 657 232	2 663 366	2 658 935
Community, social and personal services (6148Y)	2 166 680	2 207 193	2 236 344	2 251 088	2 264 873	2 283 004	2 297 143	2 307 709
Total fixed capital stock (6149Y)	8 464 295	8 598 250	8 711 462	8 709 209	8 714 860	8 755 368	8 808 425	8 828 179
By type of organisation								
General government..... (6150Y)	2 238 082	2 270 669	2 293 341	2 302 439	2 311 119	2 324 158	2 336 763	2 345 405
<i>Functional classification: Economic infrastructure</i> ² ... (6132Y)	1 351 745	1 380 432	1 402 496	1 416 373	1 430 172	1 444 039	1 455 856	1 463 765
<i>Social infrastructure</i> ³ (6133Y)	539 104	548 142	553 147	553 733	552 869	553 240	556 226	558 533
<i>Economic services</i> ⁴ (6134Y)	347 233	342 095	337 699	332 333	328 077	326 879	324 681	323 107
Public corporations..... (6153Y)	1 438 767	1 467 301	1 481 697	1 476 951	1 473 138	1 471 449	1 475 518	1 475 915
<i>Functional classification: Economic infrastructure</i> ² ... (6135Y)	1 354 661	1 386 171	1 402 803	1 400 725	1 399 408	1 398 188	1 403 346	1 404 723
<i>Economic services</i> ⁴ (6136Y)	84 106	81 130	78 894	76 227	73 729	73 261	72 172	71 192
Private business enterprises ¹ (6154Y)	4 787 446	4 860 279	4 936 423	4 929 819	4 930 604	4 959 761	4 996 144	5 006 859

KB623

¹ Including transfer costs.² Roads, bridges, dams, electricity and water supply, etc.³ Schools, hospitals, etc., and administrative services.⁴ Business enterprises not included in economic infrastructure.

Change in inventories¹

At current prices

R millions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
By kind of economic activity								
Agriculture, forestry and fishing (6160J)	767	-483	806	947	592	-264	-310	-348
Mining and quarrying (6161J)	1 923	4 478	10 059	9 844	-27 705	32 740	14 482	-21 993
Manufacturing (6162J)	14 251	-6 739	18 261	-35 701	12 325	10 510	1 453	-20 288
Electricity, gas and water (6165J)	1 114	3 231	8 442	-1 723	-1 160	-9 580	3 431	-812
Construction (contractors) (6166J)	-230	66	154	294	-572	462	-192	609
Wholesale and retail trade, catering and accommodation (6167J)	-4 851	17 047	-5 690	-63 075	4 157	56 561	19 751	8 464
Transport, storage and communication (6170J)	-1 532	-2 536	-7 167	2 897	275	1 602	-3 158	1 991
Financial intermediation, insurance, real estate and business services (6171J)	-648	-1 239	-4 127	4 784	-3 183	7 665	-2 404	-635
Community, social and personal services (6172J)	-32	-503	-949	917	-1 756	-390	-919	-235
Total change in inventories² (6010J)	10 762	13 323	19 790	-80 817	-17 027	99 307	32 134	-33 247
By type of organisation								
General government (6175J)	35	137	-122	-72	218	95	-26	78
Public corporations (6176J)	340	-1 979	3 109	6 978	-4 092	-10 095	7 896	-1 751
Private business enterprises (6177J)	10 387	15 166	16 803	-87 723	-13 153	109 307	24 264	-31 573

KB624

1 Source: Statistics South Africa.

2 After inventory valuation adjustment.

Change in inventories¹

At constant 2015 prices

R millions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
By kind of economic activity								
Agriculture, forestry and fishing..... (6160Y)	480	-328	755	-154	346	-160	-184	-226
Mining and quarrying..... (6161Y)	309	2 512	9 290	1 298	-20 469	10 199	5 645	-9 889
Manufacturing (6162Y)	13 307	-4 461	17 682	-20 344	8 048	5 424	49	-11 134
Electricity, gas and water..... (6165Y)	1 055	2 772	9 185	-2 883	-318	-5 498	731	359
Construction (contractors) (6166Y)	-218	64	130	253	-539	301	-176	489
Wholesale and retail trade, catering and accommodation (6167Y)	-763	15 281	-4 400	-48 543	1 451	41 138	22 353	5 473
Transport, storage and communication..... (6170Y)	-1 413	-2 271	-4 980	2 179	156	1 118	-1 861	1 354
Financial intermediation, insurance, real estate and business services (6171Y)	-476	-1 049	-3 181	3 566	-2 139	6 138	-955	-279
Community, social and personal services (6172Y)	-43	-430	-739	702	-1 375	-285	-359	-224
Total change in inventories²..... (6010Y)	12 237	12 090	23 740	-63 928	-14 839	58 375	25 243	-14 078
By type of organisation								
General government..... (6175Y)	27	105	-94	-55	168	73	-20	60
Public corporations..... (6176Y)	603	-1 548	2 248	5 109	-2 816	-5 677	3 975	-364
Private business enterprises (6177Y)	11 606	13 534	21 587	-68 981	-12 190	63 979	21 288	-13 774

KB625

1 Source: Statistics South Africa.

2 After inventory valuation adjustment.

Gross and net capital formation by type of organisation¹

At current prices

R millions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Gross capital formation² (6180J)	843 525	867 259	889 952	686 753	796 682	1 044 794	1 083 191	1 034 457
General government..... (6181J)	154 528	153 016	148 208	135 608	145 233	164 687	177 752	183 926
Public corporations..... (6182J)	124 179	111 553	105 232	88 282	82 357	86 982	122 524	115 585
Private business enterprises..... (6183J)	564 818	602 691	636 512	462 863	569 092	793 125	782 915	734 945
Consumption of fixed capital³ (6002J)	654 574	686 507	721 642	750 182	792 676	874 820	952 910	1 017 156
General government..... (6184J)	108 213	114 676	120 867	124 291	133 919	147 123	159 617	170 977
Public corporations..... (6185J)	65 337	69 653	72 995	75 047	79 212	86 075	92 986	99 464
Private business enterprises..... (6186J)	481 023	502 179	527 780	550 844	579 545	641 622	700 307	746 716
Net capital formation (6187J)	188 951	180 752	168 310	-63 429	4 006	169 974	130 281	17 300
General government..... (6188J)	46 315	38 340	27 341	11 318	11 314	17 564	18 135	12 950
Public corporations..... (6189J)	58 842	41 900	32 237	13 235	3 146	907	29 538	16 121
Private business enterprises..... (6190J)	83 795	100 512	108 732	-87 981	-10 453	151 503	82 608	-11 770

KB626

¹ Sources: Statistics South Africa and South African Reserve Bank.² After inventory valuation adjustment.³ At replacement value.**Financing of gross capital formation**

At current prices

R millions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Saving by households ¹ (6200J)	-3 392	-10 609	-20 339	29 847	45 168	8 274	-31 623	-46 907
Corporate saving ¹ (6201J)	188 653	164 076	202 479	496 918	466 377	391 957	436 225	365 899
Saving of general government ¹ (6202J)	-116 546	-129 807	-160 333	-480 660	-275 902	-251 848	-350 745	-349 682
Consumption of fixed capital ² (6002J)	654 574	686 507	721 642	750 182	792 676	874 820	952 910	1 017 156
Gross saving³ (6203J)	723 288	710 168	743 449	796 287	1 028 319	1 023 202	1 006 767	986 466
Foreign investment (6206J)	120 236	157 092	146 504	-109 534	-231 637	21 591	76 424	47 991
Net capital inflow from rest of the world..... (6204J)	145 761	168 429	171 874	-163 654	-164 365	89 792	63 148	48 188
Change in gold and other foreign reserves ⁴ (6205J)	-25 525	-11 337	-25 370	54 120	-67 272	-68 201	13 276	-197
Gross capital formation (6180J)	843 525	867 259	889 952	686 753	796 682	1 044 794	1 083 191	1 034 457

KB627

¹ After consumption of fixed capital and inventory valuation adjustment.² At replacement value.³ After inventory valuation adjustment.⁴ Increase – ; decrease +.

Production, distribution and accumulation accounts of South Africa

Financial corporations

At current prices

R millions

		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Production account	Output at basic prices (6700J)	578 128	617 031	656 069	665 961	694 068	757 164	827 871	867 760
	Less: Intermediate consumption (6701J)	264 082	284 218	307 728	319 073	327 933	348 313	374 942	396 639
Generation of income account	Gross value added at basic prices..... (6702J)	314 045	332 813	348 341	346 888	366 135	408 851	452 929	471 121
	Less: Compensation of employees (6703J)	178 301	187 972	197 748	196 081	211 006	224 920	246 396	263 015
	Less: Other taxes on production (6704J)	3 163	3 358	3 421	3 683	3 693	3 956	4 156	4 311
	Other subsidies on production (6705J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allocation of primary income account	Gross operating surplus (6706J)	132 580	141 483	147 172	147 124	151 436	179 975	202 377	203 795
	Property income received (6707J)	690 226	736 911	736 901	668 618	640 161	789 325	1 010 517	1 094 953
	Interest (6708J)	587 338	620 125	617 240	555 898	518 323	635 115	857 215	942 587
	Dividends (6709J)	101 942	115 787	118 606	111 659	121 087	153 529	152 746	151 884
	Property income attributed to insurance policy holders and pension fund members..... (6732J)	946	999	1 055	1 061	751	681	556	482
	Less: Property income paid (6710J)	668 461	704 467	702 775	624 293	601 900	765 089	965 341	1 050 536
	Interest (6711J)	330 329	346 740	377 081	315 633	274 636	364 229	546 167	601 542
	Dividends (6712J)	81 665	91 191	80 089	71 467	81 742	110 856	98 742	111 891
	Property income attributed to insurance policy holders and pension fund members..... (6713J)	256 467	266 536	245 605	237 193	245 522	290 004	320 432	337 103
	Gross balance of primary income (6714J)	154 346	173 927	181 298	191 449	189 697	204 211	247 553	248 212
Secondary distribution of income account	Social contributions received (6715J)	377 683	416 114	411 153	406 121	419 545	459 087	481 296	499 773
	Other current transfers received..... (6716J)	242 323	256 725	286 321	292 738	321 034	305 037	271 547	258 093
	Net non-life insurance premiums (6733J)	220 872	234 749	259 855	260 610	280 305	262 330	232 628	220 089
	Non-life insurance claims..... (6734J)	21 451	21 976	26 466	32 128	40 729	42 707	38 919	38 004
	Less: Current taxes on income and wealth..... (6717J)	49 298	45 903	49 883	34 446	53 170	56 336	62 415	66 206
	Less: Social benefits paid..... (6718J)	307 295	319 002	334 952	376 362	389 055	406 559	395 298	448 769
	Less: Other current transfers paid (6719J)	249 177	264 640	295 516	301 725	331 531	316 013	282 186	272 441
	Net non-life insurance premiums (6735J)	21 451	21 976	26 466	32 128	40 729	42 707	38 919	38 004
	Non-life insurance claims..... (6720J)	220 872	234 749	259 855	260 610	280 305	262 330	232 628	220 089
	Miscellaneous current transfers (6721J)	6 854	7 915	9 195	8 987	10 497	10 976	10 639	14 348
Use of disposable income account	Gross disposable income (6722J)	168 583	217 221	198 421	177 775	156 520	189 427	260 497	218 662
	Less: Adjustment for the change in pension entitlements (6723J)	71 012	97 703	77 046	30 454	31 159	53 111	86 678	51 662
	Less: Residual ¹ (6724J)	1	-	1	1	-	-	2 477	1 041
	Gross saving (6725J)	97 570	119 518	121 374	147 320	125 361	136 316	171 342	165 959
	Less: Consumption of fixed capital ² (6726J)	19 251	19 745	20 945	20 991	19 775	20 536	22 434	24 494
Capital account	Net saving (6727J)	78 319	99 773	100 429	126 329	105 586	115 780	148 908	141 465
	Gross saving (6725J)	97 570	119 518	121 374	147 320	125 361	136 316	171 342	165 959
	Capital transfers, receivable..... (6728J)	-	-	-	-	-	22 032	5 520	-
	Less: Gross capital formation..... (6729J)	19 564	21 850	22 134	16 984	17 335	20 481	25 877	31 639
	Gross fixed capital formation (6730J)	19 430	22 074	22 159	16 719	17 426	20 419	25 939	31 673
	Change in inventories ³ (6736J)	134	-224	-25	265	-91	62	-62	-34
	Net lending (+)/net borrowing (-)..... (6731J)	78 006	97 668	99 240	130 336	108 026	137 867	150 985	134 320

KB638

1 Statistical discrepancy between the expenditure components and gross domestic product.

2 At replacement value.

3 After inventory valuation adjustment.

Production, distribution and accumulation accounts of South Africa

Non-financial corporations

At current prices

R millions

		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Production account	Output at basic prices (6740J)	6 765 105	7 209 264	7 588 283	7 464 409	8 452 515	9 197 478	9 707 976	10 123 208
	Less: Intermediate consumption (6741J)	4 093 568	4 401 553	4 659 406	4 595 408	5 120 870	5 621 356	5 962 946	6 218 070
Generation of income account	Gross value added at basic prices (6742J)	2 671 537	2 807 711	2 928 877	2 869 001	3 331 645	3 576 122	3 745 030	3 905 138
	Less: Compensation of employees (6743J)	1 375 993	1 428 204	1 484 199	1 416 505	1 546 590	1 639 898	1 734 744	1 805 696
	Less: Other taxes on production (6744J)	63 993	72 837	76 047	73 916	83 204	87 336	95 176	100 935
	Other subsidies on production (6745J)	12 397	8 534	12 181	10 390	10 755	13 592	14 854	14 234
	Gross operating surplus (6746J)	1 243 948	1 315 204	1 380 812	1 388 970	1 712 606	1 862 480	1 929 964	2 012 741
Allocation of primary income account	Property income received (6747J)	207 803	146 198	223 631	241 079	290 581	312 262	273 173	270 354
	Interest (6748J)	181 596	116 468	193 894	210 630	250 033	263 756	195 408	205 131
	Dividends (6749J)	18 972	21 921	21 365	21 645	32 979	40 743	70 709	58 408
	Property income attributed to insurance policy holders and pension fund members (6750J)	3 897	4 103	4 337	4 368	2 940	2 744	2 056	1 535
	Rent ¹ (6751J)	3 338	3 706	4 035	4 436	4 629	5 019	5 000	5 280
	Less: Property income paid (6752J)	706 001	724 380	810 141	557 865	815 511	983 656	954 943	1 067 291
	Interest (6753J)	225 153	191 062	221 286	182 138	188 253	165 151	120 751	148 763
	Dividends (6754J)	468 417	518 846	570 437	355 257	591 867	785 475	809 869	899 333
	Rent ¹ (6755J)	12 431	14 472	18 418	20 470	35 391	33 030	24 323	19 195
	Gross balance of primary income (6756J)	745 749	737 022	794 302	1 072 184	1 187 676	1 191 086	1 248 194	1 215 804
Secondary distribution of income account	Other current transfers received								
	Non-life insurance claims (6757J)	30 691	31 806	33 291	27 514	32 603	27 162	23 192	21 153
	Less: Current taxes on income and wealth (6758J)	190 086	204 229	197 372	187 075	293 142	322 729	287 495	287 414
	Less: Social contributions paid (6759J)	18 320	20 132	21 190	19 327	22 028	24 556	27 500	28 823
	Less: Other current transfers paid (6760J)	37 788	38 364	40 186	36 007	40 572	35 193	31 658	29 746
	Net non-life insurance premiums (6761J)	30 691	31 806	33 291	27 514	32 603	27 162	23 192	21 153
	Miscellaneous current transfers (6762J)	7 097	6 558	6 895	8 493	7 969	8 031	8 466	8 593
Use of disposable income account	Gross disposable income (6763J)	530 246	506 103	568 845	857 289	864 537	835 770	924 733	890 974
	Less: Residual ² (6764J)	-	-	-1	-2	-1	-	20 478	8 625
	Gross saving (6765J)	530 246	506 103	568 846	857 291	864 538	835 770	904 255	882 349
	Less: Consumption of fixed capital ³ (6766J)	419 912	441 802	466 796	486 703	503 749	559 592	616 939	657 910
	Net saving (6767J)	110 334	64 301	102 050	370 588	360 789	276 178	287 316	224 439
Capital account	Gross saving (6765J)	530 246	506 103	568 846	857 291	864 538	835 770	904 255	882 349
	Capital transfers, receivable (6768J)	37 666	12 974	81 421	79 109	114 402	36 326	43 292	1 938
	Capital transfers, payable (6769J)	-59	-65	-60	-46	-37	-10 377	-27	-24
	Less: Gross capital formation (6770J)	523 597	542 946	568 664	421 960	488 499	692 406	717 237	668 165
	Gross fixed capital formation (6771J)	513 453	529 423	549 263	502 765	505 891	593 572	684 988	701 119
	Change in inventories ⁴ (6772J)	10 144	13 523	19 401	-80 805	-17 392	98 834	32 249	-32 954
	Net lending (+)/net borrowing (-) (6773J)	44 256	-23 934	81 543	514 394	490 404	169 313	230 283	216 098

KB639

1 Rent on land and subsoil assets.

2 Statistical discrepancy between the expenditure components and gross domestic product.

3 At replacement value.

4 After inventory valuation adjustment.

Production, distribution and accumulation accounts of South Africa

General government¹

At current prices

R millions

		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Production account	Output at basic prices (6780J)	1 182 237	1 247 310	1 332 703	1 381 083	1 407 375	1 500 397	1 585 637	1 655 581
	Less: Intermediate consumption (6781J)	371 409	386 405	418 283	416 134	429 868	482 357	501 459	497 578
	Gross value added at basic prices..... (6782J)	810 828	860 905	914 420	964 949	977 507	1 018 040	1 084 178	1 158 003
Generation of income account	Less: Compensation of employees (6783J)	682 814	730 674	781 138	823 562	836 030	864 395	913 176	970 406
	Less: Other taxes on production (6784J)	9 539	8 939	9 009	9 853	7 535	7 870	8 694	9 232
	Other subsidies on production (6785J)	335	346	419	165	421	486	530	508
	Gross operating surplus (6786J)	118 811	121 638	124 692	131 699	134 363	146 261	162 838	178 873
Allocation of primary income account	Taxes on products (6603J)	497 822	543 934	581 205	541 960	629 903	691 930	732 829	743 025
	Other taxes on production (6600J)	99 585	111 004	115 931	116 926	124 968	131 121	144 887	153 875
	Less: Subsidies on products (6604J)	12 082	10 347	14 164	15 075	15 612	15 923	16 373	16 155
	Less: Other subsidies on production (6601J)	12 733	8 880	12 600	10 555	11 176	14 078	15 385	14 742
	Property income received (6787J)	52 823	56 365	71 071	61 433	76 001	87 086	95 493	95 108
	Interest (6788J)	41 314	43 274	54 242	44 905	45 564	58 442	75 910	80 078
	Dividends (6789J)	3 125	3 664	4 323	1 628	1 380	2 234	2 063	2 941
	Property income attributed to insurance policy holders and pension fund members (6808J)	58	62	66	66	47	43	35	30
	Rent ² (6790J)	8 326	9 365	12 440	14 834	29 010	26 367	17 485	12 059
	Less: Property income paid (6791J)	211 328	229 796	254 633	296 106	346 816	430 663	460 724	485 957
	Interest ³ (6792J)	211 328	229 796	254 633	296 106	346 816	430 663	460 724	485 957
	Gross balance of primary income (6793J)	532 898	583 918	611 502	530 282	591 631	595 734	643 565	654 027
	Current taxes on income and wealth (6251J)	705 184	743 001	773 852	722 216	889 295	973 516	992 930	1 071 769
	Social contributions received (6794J)	25 898	26 842	28 254	25 769	29 373	32 741	36 667	38 431
	Other current transfers received (6795J)	11 463	13 977	16 377	14 858	16 430	15 778	18 077	21 922
Secondary distribution of income account	Non-life insurance claims (6809J)	130	548	596	560	560	541	462	433
	Current international co-operation (6796J)	1 285	1 234	968	1 560	1 652	756	1 842	2 895
	Miscellaneous current transfers (6797J)	10 048	12 195	14 813	12 738	14 218	14 481	15 773	18 594
	Less: Social benefits paid (6798J)	202 940	222 418	227 215	339 927	327 204	306 628	314 713	342 291
	Less: Other current transfers paid (6799J)	103 992	122 554	140 816	162 507	154 635	164 178	217 856	211 736
	Net non-life insurance premiums (6810J)	130	548	596	560	560	541	462	433
	Current international co-operation (6800J)	51 690	50 204	49 782	60 117	50 325	44 255	70 780	87 360
	Miscellaneous current transfers ⁴ (6801J)	52 172	71 802	90 438	101 830	103 750	119 382	146 614	123 943
	Gross disposable income (6802J)	968 511	1 022 766	1 061 954	790 691	1 044 890	1 146 963	1 158 670	1 232 122
	Less: Final consumption expenditure ⁵ (6008J)	976 845	1 037 897	1 101 420	1 147 060	1 186 871	1 251 688	1 349 798	1 410 827
	Individual consumption expenditure (6605J)	412 167	449 654	473 967	512 235	539 582	555 216	621 972	646 464
	Collective consumption expenditure (6606J)	564 677	588 243	627 452	634 825	647 289	696 472	727 825	764 363
	Gross saving (6803J)	-8 333	-15 131	-39 466	-356 369	-141 983	-104 725	-191 128	-178 705
	Less: Consumption of fixed capital ⁶ (6184J)	108 213	114 676	120 867	124 291	133 919	147 123	159 617	170 977
	Net saving (6202J)	-116 546	-129 807	-160 333	-480 660	-275 902	-251 848	-350 745	-349 682
Use of disposable income account	Gross saving (6803J)	-8 333	-15 131	-39 466	-356 369	-141 983	-104 725	-191 128	-178 705
	Capital transfers, receivable (6804J)	32 540	42 699	42 897	46 281	32 602	42 403	55 333	53 816
	Capital transfers, payable (6805J)	-89 586	-70 478	-140 958	-139 154	-159 844	-113 328	-114 141	-67 685
	Less: Gross capital formation (6806J)	154 528	153 016	148 208	135 608	145 233	164 687	177 752	183 926
	Gross fixed capital formation (6100J)	154 493	152 879	148 331	135 680	145 015	164 592	177 778	183 848
	Change in inventories ⁷ (6175J)	35	137	-122	-72	218	95	-26	78
	Net lending (+)/net borrowing (-) (6807J)	-219 907	-195 926	-285 735	-584 851	-414 458	-340 337	-427 688	-376 501
Capital account									

KB640

1 Sources: Statistics South Africa and South African Reserve Bank.

2 Rent on land and subsoil assets.

3 Amortised discount included.

4 Including current transfers in the form of membership dues, subscriptions, voluntary donations, transfers in kind, etc., to households and NPISHs, payments of compensation for injury or damage to property and current transfers in cash or kind to the rest of the world but excluding transfers to provincial extra budgetary institutions.

5 Current expenditure on salaries and wages, and on goods and other services of a non-capital nature by the services departments (not business enterprises) of general government. General government includes central government, provincial government and local government.

6 At replacement value.

7 After inventory valuation adjustment.

Production, distribution and accumulation accounts of South Africa

Households and non-profit institutions serving households¹

At current prices

R millions

		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Production account	Output at basic prices (6820J)	1 395 246	1 404 352	1 470 121	1 459 298	1 562 038	1 683 732	1 765 186	1 869 555
	Less: Intermediate consumption (6821J)	599 206	576 178	603 593	604 260	644 775	696 171	726 105	778 236
Generation of income account	Gross value added at basic prices (6822J)	796 040	828 174	866 528	855 038	917 263	987 561	1 039 081	1 091 319
	Less: Compensation of employees (6823J)	263 013	278 316	282 594	257 707	269 721	284 659	295 726	304 092
	Less: Other taxes on production (6824J)	22 890	25 870	27 455	29 474	30 535	31 959	36 862	39 396
	Other subsidies on production (6825J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allocation of primary income account	Gross operating surplus/mixed income (6826J)	510 137	523 988	556 479	567 857	617 007	670 943	706 493	747 831
	Compensation of employees (6240J)	2 497 986	2 622 906	2 743 329	2 692 057	2 861 280	3 011 602	3 187 661	3 340 685
	Property income received (6827J)	726 737	797 867	839 709	634 532	846 188	1 095 909	1 235 113	1 354 383
	Interest (6828J)	107 950	127 708	138 535	114 803	111 739	150 685	231 727	254 248
	Dividends (6829J)	365 290	405 987	457 433	285 239	489 116	655 157	681 843	761 235
	Property income attributed to insurance policy holders and pension fund members (6830J)	251 563	261 353	240 148	231 697	241 784	286 536	317 785	335 057
	Rent ² (6831J)	1 934	2 819	3 593	2 793	3 549	3 531	3 758	3 843
	Less: Property income paid (6832J)	230 459	226 221	241 825	218 197	205 209	241 349	325 687	353 049
	Interest (6833J)	229 292	224 802	240 174	216 604	203 412	239 462	323 767	351 062
	Rent ² (6834J)	1 167	1 419	1 651	1 593	1 797	1 887	1 920	1 987
	Gross balance of primary income (6835J)	3 504 401	3 718 540	3 897 692	3 676 249	4 119 266	4 537 105	4 803 580	5 089 850
	Social benefits received (6836J)	510 235	541 420	562 167	716 289	716 259	713 187	710 011	791 060
Secondary distribution of income account	Other current transfers received (6837J)	268 935	299 775	344 208	370 256	385 458	395 555	407 326	378 113
	Non-life insurance claims (6838J)	174 272	183 311	202 271	202 014	217 372	200 312	178 133	163 503
	Miscellaneous current transfers ³ (6839J)	94 663	116 464	141 937	168 242	168 086	195 243	229 193	214 610
	Less: Current taxes on income and wealth (6245J)	465 800	492 869	526 597	500 695	542 983	594 451	643 020	718 149
	Less: Social contributions paid (6840J)	385 261	422 824	418 217	412 563	426 890	467 272	490 463	509 381
	Less: Other current transfers paid (6841J)	200 002	211 309	238 249	247 322	264 551	253 410	228 338	211 207
	Net non-life insurance premiums (6842J)	174 272	183 311	202 271	202 014	217 372	200 312	178 133	163 503
	Miscellaneous current transfers (6843J)	25 730	27 998	35 978	45 308	47 179	53 098	50 205	47 704
	Gross disposable income (6844J)	3 232 508	3 432 733	3 621 004	3 602 214	3 986 559	4 330 714	4 559 096	4 820 286
	Adjustment for the change in pension entitlements (6845J)	71 012	97 703	77 046	30 454	31 159	53 111	86 678	51 662
Use of disposable income account	Less: Residual ⁴ (6846J)	-1	-	-1	1	1	-	5 681	2 410
	Total available households resources ⁵ (6847J)	3 303 521	3 530 436	3 698 051	3 632 667	4 017 717	4 383 825	4 640 093	4 869 538
	Less: Final consumption expenditure (6007J)	3 199 715	3 430 761	3 605 356	3 484 622	3 837 315	4 227 984	4 517 795	4 752 670
	Gross saving (6848J)	103 805	99 675	92 695	148 046	180 402	155 841	122 298	116 868
	Less: Consumption of fixed capital ⁶ (6849J)	107 198	110 284	113 034	118 197	135 233	147 568	153 921	163 775
	Net saving (6200J)	-3 392	-10 609	-20 339	29 847	45 168	8 274	-31 623	-46 907
	Gross saving (6848J)	103 805	99 675	92 695	148 046	180 402	155 841	122 298	116 868
Capital account	Capital transfers, receivable (6850J)	19 791	17 963	19 832	17 080	16 685	17 104	14 703	16 984
	Capital transfers, payable (6851J)	-107	-2 857	-2 888	-3 036	-3 583	-23 095	-4 445	-4 784
	Less: Gross capital formation (6852J)	145 835	149 447	150 946	112 201	145 616	167 220	162 324	150 726
	Gross fixed capital formation (6853J)	145 386	149 560	150 410	112 406	145 378	166 904	162 351	151 063
	Change in inventories ⁷ (6854J)	449	-113	536	-205	238	316	-27	-337
	Net lending (+)/net borrowing (-) (6855J)	-22 346	-34 666	-41 307	49 889	47 888	-17 370	-29 768	-21 658

KB641

1 Sources: Statistics South Africa and South African Reserve Bank.

2 Rent on land and subsoil assets.

3 Including current transfers in the form of membership dues, subscriptions, voluntary donations, transfers in kind in the form of gifts of food, blankets, medicines, etc. and current transfers between households and payments of compensation for injury or damage to property (excluding non-life insurance claims).

4 Statistical discrepancy between expenditure components and gross domestic product.

5 After adjustment for the change in pension entitlements and residual.

6 At replacement value.

7 After inventory valuation adjustment.

Production, distribution and accumulation accounts of South Africa

Total domestic economy¹

At current prices

R millions

		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Production account	Output at basic prices ² (6870J)	9 920 716	10 477 957	11 047 176	10 970 751	12 115 996	13 138 771	13 886 670	14 516 104
	Less: Intermediate consumption..... (6871J)	5 328 266	5 648 354	5 989 010	5 934 875	6 523 446	7 148 197	7 565 452	7 890 523
	Gross value added at basic prices (6645J)	4 592 450	4 829 603	5 058 166	5 035 875	5 592 551	5 990 574	6 321 218	6 625 579
	Taxes on products..... (6603J)	497 822	543 934	581 205	541 960	629 903	691 930	732 829	743 025
	Less: Subsidies on products..... (6604J)	12 082	10 347	14 164	15 075	15 612	15 923	16 373	16 155
Generation of income account	Gross domestic product at market prices (6006J)	5 078 190	5 363 190	5 625 207	5 562 760	6 206 842	6 666 581	7 037 674	7 352 449
	Less: Compensation of employees..... (6000J)	2 500 121	2 625 166	2 745 679	2 693 856	2 863 347	3 013 872	3 190 041	3 343 209
	Less: Taxes on production and imports..... (6004J)	597 407	654 938	697 136	658 886	754 871	823 051	877 716	896 900
	Subsidies..... (6005J)	24 815	19 227	26 764	25 630	26 788	30 001	31 758	30 897
	Gross operating surplus/mixed income (6212J)	2 005 477	2 102 314	2 209 156	2 235 648	2 615 412	2 859 659	3 001 676	3 143 238
Allocation of primary income account	Compensation of employees ³ (6240J)	2 497 986	2 622 906	2 743 329	2 692 057	2 861 280	3 011 602	3 187 661	3 340 685
	Taxes on production and imports..... (6004J)	597 407	654 938	697 136	658 886	754 871	823 051	877 716	896 900
	Less: Subsidies..... (6005J)	24 815	19 227	26 764	25 630	26 788	30 001	31 758	30 897
	Property income received..... (6872J)	1 677 589	1 737 341	1 871 312	1 605 662	1 852 931	2 284 582	2 614 296	2 814 798
	Interest ⁴ (6873J)	1 174 662	1 174 092	1 249 517	1 163 428	1 171 181	1 398 002	1 680 692	1 819 148
	Dividends..... (6874J)	489 329	547 359	601 727	420 171	644 562	851 663	907 361	974 468
	Rent ⁵ (6875J)	13 598	15 890	20 068	22 063	37 188	34 917	26 243	21 182
	Less: Property income paid..... (6876J)	1 816 249	1 884 864	2 009 374	1 696 461	1 969 436	2 420 757	2 706 695	2 956 833
	Interest ⁴ (6877J)	1 252 569	1 258 936	1 338 779	1 247 674	1 258 639	1 489 509	1 771 841	1 924 427
	Dividends..... (6878J)	550 082	610 037	650 526	426 724	673 609	896 331	908 611	1 011 224
	Rent ⁵ (6879J)	13 598	15 891	20 069	22 063	37 188	34 917	26 243	21 182
	Gross national income (6016J)	4 937 395	5 213 409	5 484 795	5 470 164	6 088 270	6 528 138	6 942 892	7 207 887
	Other current transfers received..... (6880J)	105 996	129 893	157 718	182 540	183 956	210 480	246 808	236 099
	Current international co-operation..... (6881J)	1 285	1 234	968	1 560	1 652	756	1 842	2 895
	Miscellaneous current transfers..... (6882J)	104 711	128 659	156 750	180 980	182 304	209 724	244 966	233 204
Secondary distribution of income account	Less: Other current transfers paid..... (6883J)	143 543	164 477	192 288	224 735	219 720	235 742	286 704	281 948
	Current international co-operation..... (6884J)	51 690	50 204	49 782	60 117	50 325	44 255	70 780	87 360
	Miscellaneous current transfers..... (6885J)	91 853	114 273	142 506	164 618	169 395	191 487	215 924	194 588
	Gross disposable income (6018J)	4 899 848	5 178 825	5 450 225	5 427 968	6 052 506	6 502 875	6 902 996	7 162 038
	Less: Final consumption expenditure..... (6620J)	4 176 560	4 468 658	4 706 776	4 631 682	5 024 187	5 479 673	5 867 593	6 163 497
Use of disposable income account	Individual consumption expenditure..... (6886J)	3 611 882	3 880 415	4 079 323	3 996 857	4 376 898	4 783 200	5 139 767	5 399 134
	Collective consumption expenditure..... (6606J)	564 677	588 243	627 452	634 825	647 289	696 472	727 825	764 363
	Less: Residual ⁶ (6011J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	28 636	12 076
	Gross saving (6203J)	723 288	710 168	743 449	796 287	1 028 319	1 023 202	1 006 767	986 466
	Less: Consumption of fixed capital ⁷ (6002J)	654 574	686 507	721 642	750 182	792 676	874 820	952 910	1 017 156
Capital account	Net saving (6887J)	68 715	23 660	21 807	46 105	235 643	148 383	53 857	-30 691
	Gross saving (6203J)	723 288	710 168	743 449	796 287	1 028 319	1 023 202	1 006 767	986 466
	Capital transfers, receivable..... (6888J)	89 997	73 636	144 150	142 470	163 689	117 865	118 848	72 738
	Capital transfers, payable..... (6889J)	-89 752	-73 400	-143 906	-142 236	-163 464	-146 800	-118 613	-72 493
	Less: Gross capital formation..... (6180J)	843 525	867 259	889 952	686 753	796 682	1 044 794	1 083 191	1 034 457
Capital account	Gross fixed capital formation..... (6009J)	832 762	853 936	870 163	767 570	813 709	945 487	1 051 056	1 067 703
	Change in inventories ⁸ (6010J)	10 762	13 323	19 790	-80 817	-17 027	99 307	32 134	-33 247
	Net lending (+)/net borrowing (-) (6672J)	-119 990	-156 856	-146 260	109 768	231 862	-50 527	-76 188	-47 746

KB642

1 Sources: Statistics South Africa and South African Reserve Bank.

2 The institutional division of the production and generation of income account was harmonised by the South African Reserve Bank and Statistics South Africa.

3 Adjusted for net compensation to non-residents.

4 Including property income attributed to insurance policy holders and pension fund members.

5 Rent on land and subsoil assets.

6 Statistical discrepancy between the expenditure components and gross domestic product.

7 At replacement value.

8 After inventory valuation adjustment.

Production, distribution and accumulation accounts of South Africa

Rest of the world¹

At current prices

R millions

		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
External account of goods and services	Imports of goods and services..... (6014J)	1 330 275	1 447 445	1 501 698	1 289 656	1 550 041	2 093 819	2 282 041	2 195 064
	Imports of goods (6610J)	1 109 045	1 223 087	1 263 772	1 105 069	1 347 291	1 792 027	1 933 945	1 828 234
	Imports of services (6611J)	221 230	224 358	237 926	184 587	202 750	301 792	348 096	366 830
	Less: Exports of goods and services (6013J)	1 388 381	1 474 718	1 530 176	1 533 982	1 936 014	2 235 934	2 340 295	2 337 484
	Exports of goods (6608J)	1 168 011	1 249 479	1 300 417	1 394 264	1 798 932	2 025 154	2 073 532	2 042 540
	Exports of services (6609J)	220 370	225 239	229 759	139 718	137 082	210 780	266 763	294 944
	External balance of goods and services..... (6900J)	-58 106	-27 273	-28 478	-244 326	-385 973	-142 115	-58 254	-142 420
Primary and secondary income account	Less: Compensation of South African residents working abroad (6208J)	11 644	12 240	12 858	13 288	13 685	14 234	14 820	15 665
	Compensation of non-residents working in South Africa..... (6207J)	13 779	14 500	15 208	15 087	15 752	16 504	17 200	18 189
	Property income received (6901J)	207 848	239 587	248 664	206 428	270 290	307 621	295 030	322 654
	Interest ² (6902J)	100 208	110 195	119 454	118 303	125 446	137 502	168 141	179 749
	Dividends (6903J)	107 640	129 392	129 210	88 125	144 844	170 119	126 889	142 905
	Less: Property income paid (6904J)	69 188	92 066	110 602	115 630	153 785	171 447	202 629	180 616
	Interest (6905J)	22 301	25 352	30 191	34 058	37 988	45 995	76 991	74 469
	Dividends..... (6906J)	46 887	66 714	80 411	81 572	115 797	125 452	125 638	106 147
	Other current transfers received..... (6907J)	87 358	85 515	95 296	121 727	112 747	118 453	138 343	148 252
	Net non-life insurance premium (6918J)	9 162	7 268	8 848	11 156	15 381	17 012	15 474	10 446
	Non-life insurance claims (6919J)	3 108	4 377	6 081	9 549	4 423	8 620	7 395	7 442
	Current international co-operation..... (6908J)	51 690	50 204	49 782	60 117	50 325	44 255	70 780	87 360
	Miscellaneous current transfers..... (6909J)	23 398	23 666	30 585	40 905	42 618	48 566	44 694	43 004
	Less: Other current transfers paid..... (6910J)	49 811	50 931	60 726	79 532	76 983	93 191	98 447	102 403
	Net non-life insurance premium (6934J)	3 108	4 377	6 081	9 549	4 423	8 620	7 395	7 442
	Non-life insurance claims (6935J)	9 162	7 268	8 848	11 156	15 381	17 012	15 474	10 446
	Current international co-operation..... (6911J)	1 285	1 234	968	1 560	1 652	756	1 842	2 895
	Miscellaneous current transfers..... (6912J)	36 256	38 052	44 829	57 267	55 527	66 803	73 736	81 620
Capital account	Current external balance (balance on current account) (6913J)	120 236	157 092	146 504	-109 534	-231 637	21 591	76 423	47 991
	Capital transfers, payable (6914J)	-412	-418	-412	-363	-330	-312	-312	-313
	Capital transfers, receivable (6915J)	166	182	168	129	105	29 248	76	68
	Net lending (+)/net borrowing (-)..... (6916J)	119 990	156 856	146 260	-109 768	-231 862	50 527	76 187	47 746

KB643

1 Sources: Statistics South Africa and South African Reserve Bank.

2 Including property income attributed to insurance policy holders.

Household¹ balance sheet

Selected household assets and liabilities at year-end²

R billions

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Non-financial assets (6920J)	4 485	4 761	5 012	5 190	5 583	5 860	6 037	6 146
Residential buildings (6921J)	2 561	2 717	2 857	2 939	3 143	3 269	3 331	3 367
Other non-financial assets (6922J)	1 924	2 044	2 155	2 251	2 441	2 591	2 706	2 779
Financial assets (6923J)	10 624	10 331	10 918	11 871	13 832	13 902	15 107	16 321
Assets with monetary institutions (6924J)	1 166	1 254	1 363	1 516	1 646	1 742	1 871	2 001
Interest in pension funds and insurers (6925J)	5 493	5 435	5 657	5 939	6 813	6 780	7 494	8 155
Other financial assets..... (6926J)	3 965	3 641	3 898	4 416	5 373	5 380	5 742	6 165
Total household assets (6927J)	15 109	15 092	15 930	17 061	19 415	19 762	21 144	22 467
Total household liabilities (6928J)	2 034	2 161	2 261	2 360	2 496	2 715	2 888	2 990
Mortgage advances..... (6929J)	964	1 003	1 053	1 092	1 165	1 249	1 290	1 318
Other debt..... (6930J)	1 070	1 158	1 208	1 268	1 331	1 466	1 597	1 672
Net wealth (6931J)	13 075	12 931	13 669	14 701	16 919	17 047	18 256	19 477
Total liabilities and net wealth (6932J)	15 109	15 092	15 930	17 061	19 415	19 762	21 144	22 467
Memo item: Net wealth including durable consumer goods (6933J)	13 994	13 895	14 681	15 732	18 006	18 199	19 480	20 775

KB644

1 The data in this table refer to private households, non-incorporated business enterprises and non-profit institutions (e.g., churches, welfare organisations and sport clubs) that render social and community services to households.

2 Data for past years may be subject to revision.

Current income and saving

Selected items

National income and saving

R millions

	2023		2024					2025		
	04	2023	01	02	03	04	2024	01	02	03
Gross national income at market prices..... (6016K)	1 809 430	6 942 892	1 703 545	1 838 150	1 791 981	1 874 212	7 207 887	1 747 568	1 873 498	1 883 330
Real gross national income (at 2015 prices)..... (6016C)	1 194 414	4 687 842	1 124 127	1 191 056	1 158 964	1 204 183	4 678 330	1 142 001	1 197 290	1 191 398
Gross saving..... (6203K)	250 476	1 006 767	188 319	295 399	247 024	255 723	986 466	198 591	280 130	269 951
Seasonally adjusted and annualised										
Gross national income at market prices..... (6016L)	7 049 694	6 942 892	7 087 195	7 221 036	7 223 900	7 299 419	7 207 887	7 286 063	7 374 337	7 580 785
Real gross national income (at 2015 prices)..... (6016D)	4 646 740	4 687 842	4 644 542	4 706 120	4 672 494	4 690 165	4 678 330	4 701 268	4 748 013	4 800 615
Gross saving..... (6203L)	915 240	1 006 767	929 485	1 071 558	986 183	958 637	986 466	1 005 913	1 012 571	1 078 078

KB634

General government

R millions

	2023		2024					2025		
	04	2023	01	02	03	04	2024	01	02	03
Taxes on production and imports..... (6004K)	227 324	877 716	224 275	210 682	229 261	232 682	896 900	238 424	222 990	240 839
Current taxes on income and wealth..... (6251K)	264 070	992 930	282 499	268 285	237 677	283 308	1 071 769	316 740	287 046	264 810
Net saving ³ (6202K)	-38 481	-350 745	-111 599	-39 941	-176 546	-21 596	-349 682	-97 227	-34 013	-161 917
Seasonally adjusted and annualised										
Taxes on production and imports..... (6004L)	880 367	877 716	894 077	888 294	903 392	901 837	896 900	945 401	946 180	954 162
Current taxes on income and wealth..... (6251L)	1 014 094	992 930	1 052 643	1 045 121	1 097 418	1 091 894	1 071 769	1 185 900	1 119 457	1 222 147
Net saving ³ (6202L)	-368 788	-350 745	-395 893	-303 313	-388 068	-311 454	-349 682	-316 579	-284 803	-315 077

KB633

Households and non-profit institutions serving households¹

R millions

	2023		2024					2025		
	04	2023	01	02	03	04	2024	01	02	03
Compensation of employees ² (6240K)	837 285	3 187 661	798 334	829 098	841 062	872 191	3 340 685	832 502	860 194	868 673
Disposable income..... (6246K)	1 159 664	4 486 172	1 095 885	1 123 961	1 272 511	1 213 406	4 705 762	1 133 923	1 197 817	1 325 651
Net saving ³ (6200K)	-50 304	-31 623	-29 386	-37 767	81 910	-61 665	-46 907	-48 906	-18 577	67 391
Seasonally adjusted and annualised										
Compensation of employees ² (6240L)	3 239 237	3 187 661	3 311 762	3 322 726	3 346 820	3 381 433	3 340 685	3 445 446	3 454 046	3 468 701
Disposable income..... (6246L)	4 563 841	4 486 172	4 600 959	4 689 908	4 740 001	4 792 181	4 705 762	4 821 583	4 904 765	5 014 296
Net saving ³ (6200L)	-42 466	-31 623	-40 245	-47 695	-45 581	-54 109	-46 907	-57 092	-55 676	-59 017

KB631

¹ The data in this table refer to private households (including interest in pension funds and insurers), non-incorporated business enterprises and non-profit institutions (e.g., churches, welfare organisations and sport clubs) that render social and community services to households.

² After adjustment for net compensation paid to non-residents.

³ Gross saving after consumption of fixed capital and inventory valuation adjustment.

Labour: Employment in the non-agricultural sectors^{1,6,7}

Seasonally adjusted

Indices: 2015 = 100

Period	Public sector			Private sector						Grand total (7009L)
	General government ² (7000L)	Business enterprises ³ (7001L)	Total (7002L)	Mining (7003L)	Manufacturing (7004L)	Construction (7005L)	Trade ⁴ (7006L)	Finance ⁵ (7007L)	Total (7008L)	
Number in 2015	2 121 134	128 109	2 249 234	478 514	1 320 856	746 212	2 118 000	2 416 421	8 104 038	10 353 281
2017	99.4	84.3	98.6	96.8	99.3	99.7	103.4	101.2	101.3	100.8
2018	100.6	83.5	99.6	95.2	99.0	97.0	105.1	102.5	102.0	101.5
2019	101.9	81.2	100.7	95.8	98.3	93.1	107.5	104.4	102.9	102.4
2020	102.5	77.9	101.1	94.8	91.6	80.7	101.6	99.0	96.5	97.4
2021	106.1	76.6	104.5	96.1	89.1	75.9	100.4	97.4	94.6	96.6
2022	106.7	73.8	104.9	98.1	90.2	71.5	102.2	97.5	94.9	96.9
2023	111.9	68.8	109.5	100.1	91.2	68.1	102.9	97.3	95.0	97.9
2024	106.5	64.7	104.1	98.9	91.3	67.2	103.5	96.9	94.8	96.7
2018: 01.....	102.9	82.1	101.7	94.7	99.0	97.6	104.1	101.6	101.4	101.5
02.....	100.0	83.9	99.1	95.9	98.8	98.1	104.8	102.2	101.9	101.3
03.....	99.9	84.1	99.0	94.9	99.2	96.6	105.7	102.8	102.2	101.5
04.....	99.6	84.0	98.7	95.2	99.2	95.7	105.9	103.6	102.5	101.7
2019: 01.....	100.5	81.8	99.5	95.6	99.2	95.1	107.6	104.4	103.2	102.5
02.....	102.7	82.2	101.6	95.8	98.6	93.9	107.5	104.5	103.1	102.8
03.....	102.4	80.4	101.1	96.6	98.0	91.8	107.6	104.4	102.7	102.4
04.....	102.0	80.3	100.8	95.1	97.4	91.7	107.3	104.2	102.5	102.1
2020: 01.....	102.7	79.6	101.4	95.6	96.7	88.3	107.7	104.8	102.3	102.1
02.....	101.3	76.4	99.9	93.9	90.2	77.1	98.7	97.5	94.4	95.5
03.....	102.1	77.8	100.7	94.3	90.5	79.6	99.8	97.0	94.7	96.0
04.....	103.9	77.9	102.5	95.4	89.0	77.7	100.3	96.8	94.5	96.1
2021: 01.....	106.5	78.2	104.9	95.9	89.1	76.4	100.4	96.9	94.4	96.6
02.....	103.9	77.2	102.4	95.4	88.9	75.9	100.8	97.1	94.6	96.2
03.....	106.1	76.8	104.5	97.0	88.9	76.1	99.9	98.0	94.6	96.6
04.....	108.0	74.1	106.1	96.1	89.6	75.0	100.6	97.6	94.8	97.1
2022: 01.....	111.5	73.2	109.3	96.3	89.9	73.2	101.5	97.1	94.6	97.6
02.....	107.9	75.1	106.0	99.0	90.1	71.8	102.3	97.0	94.8	97.1
03.....	104.0	74.4	102.3	97.8	90.1	70.7	102.5	97.7	94.9	96.4
04.....	103.6	72.4	101.8	99.2	90.8	70.2	102.5	98.1	95.2	96.5
2023: 01.....	109.3	70.4	107.1	99.7	90.6	69.5	102.6	97.3	94.9	97.4
02.....	114.7	68.7	112.1	99.4	91.1	68.8	102.7	98.0	95.2	98.6
03.....	116.6	68.2	113.9	100.4	91.5	67.8	102.9	97.3	95.0	98.9
04.....	107.1	67.7	104.8	101.1	91.4	66.4	103.4	96.5	94.8	96.9
2024: 01.....	105.9	67.8	103.7	99.9	91.9	66.6	103.1	97.0	94.9	96.7
02.....	111.1	65.0	108.5	99.1	91.6	66.6	103.2	96.9	94.8	97.6
03.....	105.0	63.1	102.6	98.4	91.3	67.9	103.8	96.6	94.8	96.4
04.....	104.0	62.8	101.6	98.4	90.3	67.5	103.7	97.2	94.8	96.2
2025: 01.....	103.1	62.6	100.8	97.9	90.3	67.2	103.4	97.8	94.8	96.0
02.....	101.6	63.6	99.5	97.1	90.4	66.7	103.2	97.8	94.4	95.5

KB701

1 Source of basic data: Statistics South Africa.

2 National departments, local authorities, provinces and statutory bodies.

3 Transnet, Sapo, Telkom and SABC.

4 Including catering and accommodation services.

5 Banking institutions, building societies and insurance companies. From the third quarter of 2002, also inclusive of real-estate and business services.

6 From the first quarter of 1998 basic data originate from the *Survey of Employment and Earnings* in selected industries by Statistics South Africa, and are not strictly comparable with earlier data.7 From the third quarter of 2002 basic data originate from a new expanded *Survey of Employment and Earnings* and from the fourth quarter of 2004 from the *Quarterly Employment Statistics (QES)* survey by Statistics South Africa. From 2013 and in selected years thereafter, the QES survey was expanded through sample refreshes, resulting in level shifts in certain subsectors during the second quarters. The data were statistically linked to compensate for these structural breaks.

Labour: Labour costs in the non-agricultural sectors^{1,3,4}

Seasonally adjusted

Indices: 2015 = 100

Period	Remuneration per worker						Labour productivity (7014L)	Nominal unit labour cost (7015L)
	At current prices			At constant prices ²				
	Public sector (7011L)	Private sector (7012L)	Total (7013L)	Public sector (7011D)	Private sector (7012D)	Total (7013D)		
2017	118.4	110.9	112.5	104.8	98.1	99.5	100.9	111.5
2018	124.8	116.2	118.1	106.4	99.2	100.7	101.9	115.9
2019	132.8	120.0	122.8	108.2	97.8	100.1	101.4	121.2
2020	136.0	119.6	123.7	105.0	92.3	95.4	99.7	124.2
2021	140.0	130.1	132.9	101.5	94.3	96.4	105.1	126.4
2022	140.2	137.1	138.2	97.1	95.0	95.8	107.0	129.1
2023	142.4	144.5	144.5	94.2	95.6	95.6	106.9	135.1
2024	155.4	150.4	152.0	99.2	96.0	97.0	109.1	139.3
2018: 01.....	117.3	114.9	115.5	102.2	100.1	100.6	101.3	114.0
02.....	121.2	115.8	117.0	103.8	99.2	100.2	101.4	115.3
03.....	130.9	116.6	119.7	110.8	98.6	101.3	102.1	117.2
04.....	129.7	117.7	120.3	108.8	98.7	100.9	102.6	117.2
2019: 01.....	129.9	117.2	119.9	108.3	97.6	99.9	101.1	118.6
02.....	131.9	119.3	122.2	108.0	97.8	100.1	101.1	120.8
03.....	133.2	120.7	123.5	107.7	97.6	99.8	101.5	121.7
04.....	136.3	122.7	125.8	109.0	98.1	100.5	101.8	123.6
2020: 01.....	136.6	122.0	125.3	107.8	96.2	98.8	101.5	123.5
02.....	136.7	112.1	118.2	106.6	87.4	92.2	90.5	130.6
03.....	135.3	119.3	123.4	104.2	91.8	95.0	102.4	120.5
04.....	135.5	124.9	127.8	101.6	93.6	95.8	104.6	122.2
2021: 01.....	135.2	127.5	129.8	99.8	94.1	95.8	104.6	124.1
02.....	139.7	129.0	131.9	101.7	93.9	96.0	106.1	124.3
03.....	143.2	131.9	135.1	102.2	94.2	96.5	104.6	129.2
04.....	141.7	131.9	134.8	102.3	95.1	97.3	105.3	128.0
2022: 01.....	134.0	134.8	135.1	95.6	96.1	96.4	106.5	126.9
02.....	137.2	136.6	137.2	94.9	94.5	94.9	106.5	128.8
03.....	140.5	137.6	138.6	95.9	94.0	94.6	108.3	127.9
04.....	149.2	139.5	142.1	101.9	95.3	97.1	106.8	133.0
2023: 01.....	142.4	142.1	142.7	95.6	95.4	95.8	106.7	133.7
02.....	138.8	143.0	142.6	93.2	96.0	95.7	106.1	134.3
03.....	139.7	145.5	144.7	91.5	95.3	94.8	106.1	136.4
04.....	148.6	147.2	148.0	96.6	95.7	96.2	108.7	136.1
2024: 01.....	151.9	148.7	149.9	98.8	96.7	97.5	108.6	138.0
02.....	150.5	149.9	150.7	96.9	96.5	97.0	108.1	139.4
03.....	158.2	150.6	152.8	100.2	95.4	96.8	109.7	139.3
04.....	160.8	152.4	154.7	100.8	95.5	97.0	110.0	140.6
2025: 01.....	164.2	153.3	156.2	104.2	97.3	99.1	109.7	142.3
02.....	170.1	154.2	158.3	107.4	97.4	99.9	111.3	142.2

KB702

1 Source of basic data: Statistics South Africa.

2 Deflated by the non-agricultural gross domestic product deflator.

3 From the first quarter of 1998 basic data originate from the Survey of Employment and Earnings in selected industries by Statistics South Africa, and are not strictly comparable with earlier data.

4 From the third quarter of 2002 basic data originate from a new expanded *Survey of Employment and Earnings* and from the fourth quarter of 2004 from the *Quarterly Employment Statistics (QES)* survey by Statistics South Africa. From 2013 and in selected years thereafter, the QES survey was expanded through sample refreshes, resulting in level shifts in certain subsectors during the second quarters. The data were statistically linked to compensate for these structural breaks.

Manufacturing: Production, sales and utilisation of production capacity¹

Seasonally adjusted

Period	Sales ² (Index: 2019 = 100) (7082T)	Volume of production ² Indices: 2019 = 100			Percentage utilisation of production capacity ^{4,5,6}			Labour ^{3,5} productivity (Index: 2015 = 100) (7079L)	Nominal ^{3,5} unit labour cost (Index: 2015 = 100) (7080L)
		Durable goods (7083N)	Non-durable goods (7084N)	Total (7085N)	Durable goods (7076L)	Non-durable goods (7077L)	Total (7078L)		
2017	99.7	101.9	100.1	100.2	79.7	82.3	81.3	100.9	109.5
2018	100.5	102.7	100.5	101.1	79.2	82.2	81.0	102.0	113.5
2019	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	77.8	82.3	80.5	101.6	119.0
2020	85.7	83.8	89.7	87.3	67.0	74.2	71.4	95.3	127.9
2021	90.5	97.2	90.4	93.1	76.0	78.5	77.5	104.3	126.1
2022	88.7	98.4	89.8	93.3	77.3	78.9	78.3	103.3	135.2
2023	91.9	99.5	89.8	93.7	77.2	78.9	78.3	102.7	144.3
2024	92.2	94.8	91.8	93.2	77.7	78.8	78.4	102.1	149.7
2022: Dec.....	89.1	98.3	87.9	92.0	78.2	78.7	78.5	101.0	143.9
2023: Jan	88.9	96.6	90.1	92.9					
Feb.....	89.4	96.0	87.9	91.2					
Mar.....	93.1	100.3	91.3	95.0	77.5	79.1	78.5	102.6	142.6
Apr	91.2	99.0	92.0	94.9					
May	90.7	102.7	89.1	94.6					
Jun	89.9	102.7	89.5	94.9	76.1	78.9	77.8	104.0	141.7
Jul	92.0	98.9	88.9	92.9					
Aug.....	93.5	101.7	88.2	93.6					
Sep.....	91.1	99.3	90.0	93.7	77.2	78.7	78.1	101.9	145.6
Oct	93.1	99.8	88.9	93.2					
Nov.....	94.2	100.9	89.8	94.2					
Dec.....	95.2	96.4	91.6	93.6	78.0	79.1	78.7	102.4	147.4
2024: Jan	93.5	96.0	93.2	94.4					
Feb.....	94.3	96.3	91.5	93.5					
Mar.....	87.4	90.4	91.6	91.4	78.7	78.5	78.6	101.3	148.8
Apr	95.4	99.8	93.3	96.1					
May	92.2	93.4	91.5	92.4					
Jun	90.0	92.9	91.2	92.0	76.4	79.2	78.1	102.0	148.9
Jul	94.5	97.0	91.5	93.9					
Aug.....	91.4	95.3	91.9	93.5					
Sep.....	88.4	95.2	91.3	93.1	78.1	79.1	78.7	102.3	148.6
Oct	96.9	97.4	91.7	94.2					
Nov.....	90.7	95.7	90.9	93.0					
Dec.....	91.4	88.2	92.5	91.1	77.5	78.6	78.2	102.8	152.2
2025: Jan	90.0	94.3	89.7	91.7					
Feb.....	89.7	93.2	90.6	91.9					
Mar.....	86.9	89.8	89.2	89.7	75.9	76.9	76.5	100.9	156.3
Apr	87.5	94.1	88.6	90.9					
May	91.0	94.0	92.1	93.1					
Jun	91.9	93.0	92.8	93.1	77.2	79.1	78.3	102.1	154.1
Jul	90.1	94.9	90.5	92.4					
Aug.....	89.3	93.7	92.0	92.8					
Sep.....	90.6	95.8	91.0	93.1	75.5	79.2	77.8	...	...
Oct	89.5	97.3	91.5	94.0					

KB706

1 Source of basic data: Statistics South Africa.

2 Since January 1995 information of the former TBVC states has been included.

3 From the third quarter of 2002 basic data originate from a new expanded *Survey of Employment and Earnings* and from the fourth quarter of 2004 from the *Quarterly Employment Statistics* survey by Statistics South Africa.

4 Comparability break from December 2003 due to a new survey based on Statistics South Africa's new business register.

5 These statistics are published on a quarterly basis.

6 Although these statistics are published quarterly, the reference period is one month, and data are collected for the months of February, May, August, and November.

Indicators of real economic activity¹

Seasonally adjusted

Indices: 2019 = 100

Period	Mining production ²			Building plans passed ⁴	Buildings completed ⁴	Trade			Electric current generated ⁵
	Gold (7060N)	Other (7061N)	Total (7062N)			Retail sales ^{4,7} (7086T)	Wholesale sales ^{4,6} (7087T)	Number of new vehicles sold ³ (7067N)	
2017	130.5	98.1	102.6	114.7	89.7	96.3	102.1	103.9	101.1
2018	111.7	99.3	101.0	113.1	85.9	98.5	101.3	102.9	101.5
2019	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2020	90.8	89.0	89.3	67.5	53.3	93.0	93.0	70.9	94.9
2021	99.4	101.1	100.9	87.1	57.9	99.0	100.0	86.6	96.7
2022	85.2	94.0	93.1	86.0	60.4	100.5	99.8	99.8	93.0
2023	92.0	93.2	93.0	70.5	49.5	98.9	96.9	99.1	88.9
2024	85.8	94.3	93.4	67.6	42.7	101.2	91.5	96.2	93.3
2022: Dec.....	90.8	90.9	90.9	76.4	50.8	97.9	97.1	102.5	86.7
2023: Jan	95.6	93.6	93.8	61.0	49.7	100.4	98.2	98.3	88.5
Feb	92.6	86.6	87.2	77.5	43.0	99.6	100.8	99.1	87.6
Mar	94.3	94.3	94.3	73.0	49.4	99.4	99.8	101.9	91.1
Apr	92.6	96.8	96.4	77.3	49.2	98.8	100.4	97.2	87.1
May	95.3	91.9	92.3	74.6	57.8	98.1	97.7	102.2	86.5
Jun	94.8	93.7	93.8	103.0	45.7	98.4	95.6	106.2	89.0
Jul	90.7	92.9	92.7	63.2	47.5	99.0	96.5	98.7	87.5
Aug.....	89.5	93.7	93.3	67.2	44.5	99.4	100.2	99.5	88.8
Sep.....	87.6	92.4	91.9	61.4	52.9	99.8	95.2	96.6	88.2
Oct	90.8	93.6	93.3	58.4	52.8	96.6	89.4	96.2	92.3
Nov.....	91.3	96.4	95.9	67.7	55.6	97.7	96.6	94.4	89.3
Dec.....	88.6	92.0	91.6	61.3	46.2	100.2	92.0	98.9	90.6
2024: Jan	83.2	93.1	92.1	51.5	45.2	97.9	91.7	95.4	89.3
Feb	88.9	96.7	95.9	69.6	39.0	98.5	93.5	97.5	91.4
Mar	90.2	93.2	92.9	66.5	34.1	100.0	90.3	92.6	91.3
Apr	90.1	96.5	95.8	73.9	44.3	100.1	94.9	96.5	92.4
May	86.3	93.9	93.1	61.5	39.7	100.3	91.3	88.6	91.6
Jun	83.3	93.2	92.2	69.7	34.6	102.1	91.2	91.6	93.8
Jul	87.3	90.5	90.2	71.5	51.0	100.8	90.5	100.4	95.0
Aug.....	86.2	94.5	93.6	67.7	44.7	102.3	87.8	95.2	94.5
Sep.....	84.3	98.8	97.3	73.5	47.8	101.6	91.1	92.8	96.0
Oct	87.2	94.2	93.5	75.0	40.7	102.9	93.6	101.4	95.0
Nov.....	80.9	96.0	94.4	63.5	45.9	104.0	90.2	101.8	95.4
Dec.....	81.6	91.0	90.0	67.1	45.0	103.8	92.2	100.4	93.9
2025: Jan	83.9	90.9	90.2	63.9	41.2	104.5	91.8	105.0	94.4
Feb	82.4	88.6	87.9	61.6	40.6	103.6	90.1	104.2	91.7
Mar	80.3	91.9	90.7	60.4	36.1	103.4	89.8	103.2	92.5
Apr	87.3	91.2	90.8	58.2	40.4	105.0	91.1	109.7	92.6
May	87.2	95.0	94.2	69.2	48.5	104.3	89.5	109.0	93.9
Jun	85.9	95.2	94.2	60.0	38.5	104.2	90.0	109.1	92.5
Jul	86.7	96.5	95.5	66.6	57.4	106.6	90.3	115.6	92.6
Aug.....	83.7	95.8	94.5	70.1	38.7	104.9	91.1	113.2	91.6
Sep.....	89.1	97.9	97.0	71.5	38.2	104.8	90.2	115.4	90.4
Oct	85.8	100.5	99.0	67.4	35.8	105.7	90.0	117.0	90.0
Nov.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	114.4	...

KB705

1 Source of basic data: Statistics South Africa, unless otherwise indicated.

2 Since January 1990 information of the former TBVC states has been included.

3 Source of basic data: naamsa | The Automotive Business Council.

4 Since January 1995 information of the former TBVC states has been included.

5 Since January 1989 information of the former TBVC states has been included.

6 At constant 2019 prices. Seasonally adjusted by Statistics South Africa from January 1998.

7 At constant 2019 prices. Seasonally adjusted by Statistics South Africa from January 2002.

Consumer prices: All urban areas¹**Goods****Seasonally adjusted⁴**

Indices: 2024/12 = 100

Period	Food and non-alcoholic beverages (7145N)	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco (7146N)	Clothing and footwear (7147N)	Housing and utilities ³ (7148N)	Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance ³ (7149N)	Health (7150N)	Transport (7151N)	Information and communication ³ (7152N)	Recreation, sport and culture ³ (7153N)	Personal care and miscellaneous goods ³ (7154N)	Total goods ⁵ (7155N)
Weights²	18.23	4.64	3.90	5.54	1.80	0.90	9.91	0.94	1.01	1.48	48.37
2018	68.3	74.0	89.0	53.7	96.5	75.9	71.9	183.6	82.8	78.2	71.5
2019	70.7	78.2	90.8	58.4	96.8	79.0	74.0	166.9	84.2	79.0	74.1
2020	73.8	80.8	91.6	63.1	96.4	81.7	73.4	160.5	86.3	78.6	76.0
2021	78.4	84.5	92.9	69.2	96.7	84.9	81.2	146.6	89.3	79.3	80.8
2022	85.6	89.4	95.0	76.6	99.7	88.5	95.9	130.2	92.8	84.2	88.8
2023	94.7	94.7	97.5	85.1	102.5	94.0	100.2	124.3	97.9	94.2	95.5
2024	99.0	98.9	99.5	95.3	101.4	99.3	102.6	107.4	100.5	100.0	99.7
2022: Nov.....	89.6	91.0	95.9	79.2	100.9	89.6	99.1	129.6	94.0	87.5	91.9
Dec.....	90.0	91.2	96.1	79.5	101.6	90.0	100.0	127.4	94.7	87.8	92.2
2023: Jan	91.4	91.6	96.3	79.8	102.1	90.2	95.8	126.4	94.5	88.9	92.0
Feb.....	92.3	92.1	96.8	80.2	102.5	90.6	96.4	133.0	94.4	89.9	92.6
Mar.....	93.2	92.8	96.7	80.6	103.6	91.1	98.4	132.3	97.0	90.9	93.8
Apr.....	93.8	93.4	96.9	80.9	103.1	91.3	98.8	129.3	97.7	92.1	94.3
May.....	94.0	93.7	97.3	81.2	102.4	92.9	99.4	126.6	97.6	92.9	94.6
Jun.....	94.5	94.1	97.4	81.4	100.8	94.0	98.2	124.3	98.8	93.7	94.6
Jul.....	94.8	94.8	97.7	88.6	102.2	94.0	98.7	122.7	98.9	94.8	95.8
Aug.....	95.0	94.7	97.7	89.4	102.3	94.4	99.8	122.3	99.5	94.9	96.1
Sep.....	95.5	94.5	97.9	89.6	102.4	94.8	103.1	121.8	99.3	95.5	97.1
Oct.....	96.5	95.1	98.0	90.0	102.8	95.6	106.6	121.4	99.1	96.4	98.7
Nov.....	97.6	95.4	98.2	90.3	102.2	96.2	104.2	118.9	99.5	97.1	98.4
Dec.....	97.6	95.9	98.3	90.6	101.9	96.7	103.0	115.8	98.9	97.7	98.2
2024: Jan	97.8	96.4	98.6	90.8	101.7	97.1	101.1	117.2	99.4	98.2	98.0
Feb.....	97.9	96.5	98.8	91.2	101.7	97.8	102.5	113.8	99.5	98.7	98.3
Mar.....	98.1	96.9	99.1	91.5	101.6	98.1	104.9	112.2	99.9	99.1	99.2
Apr.....	98.1	97.3	99.2	91.8	101.6	98.5	106.0	115.1	101.1	99.1	99.7
May.....	98.5	97.8	99.2	92.0	101.5	98.2	106.6	109.3	101.4	99.5	100.0
Jun.....	98.9	98.2	99.3	92.3	101.6	98.6	104.5	108.1	101.1	99.5	99.7
Jul.....	99.1	98.4	99.6	98.4	101.5	98.8	103.0	107.1	101.1	99.9	100.3
Aug.....	99.5	98.8	99.5	98.9	101.0	99.3	102.7	104.7	100.8	100.0	100.3
Sep.....	99.9	99.0	99.6	99.2	101.0	99.8	101.1	101.8	100.8	100.3	100.3
Oct.....	99.9	99.4	99.8	99.4	100.8	99.7	98.9	101.6	100.6	100.4	100.1
Nov.....	99.8	99.7	99.9	99.7	100.5	99.9	99.5	100.7	99.9	100.0	100.0
Dec.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2025: Jan	100.1	100.4	100.1	100.6	100.5	100.4	100.6	99.0	99.4	100.2	100.4
Feb.....	100.7	100.7	100.2	100.9	99.7	100.5	102.4	98.8	100.2	100.6	100.9
Mar.....	100.7	100.9	100.4	101.2	100.0	101.5	102.2	97.8	100.8	100.0	101.2
Apr.....	102.2	101.9	100.4	101.3	99.6	101.8	100.9	97.8	100.8	100.1	101.4
May.....	103.2	102.0	100.5	101.6	99.9	101.9	100.6	97.3	100.4	99.9	101.8
Jun.....	103.9	102.5	100.6	101.6	99.6	102.3	100.4	95.9	100.3	100.3	102.0
Jul.....	104.7	102.9	100.7	107.5	98.9	102.8	101.5	94.6	100.4	100.8	103.5
Aug.....	104.7	103.1	100.7	107.6	99.0	103.2	101.2	93.3	101.8	100.8	103.4
Sep.....	104.4	103.2	100.8	107.5	99.2	104.0	101.0	91.8	101.6	101.3	103.2
Oct.....	103.8	103.9	100.9	107.8	98.3	104.1	101.1	90.4	102.2	101.1	103.2

KB703

¹ Source: Statistics South Africa (Stats SA). Published according to the updated COICOP 18 classification.² Weights based on expenditure patterns in the 2022/23 *Income and Expenditure Survey (IES)* were applied to data from January 2025, with the latest weight structure shown in the table. As the SARB provides disaggregated consumer price indices for some goods and services categories, the weights of these subcategories may not add to the totals due to more decimals used by the SARB during aggregation.³ According to the updated COICOP 18 classification applied by Stats SA. Some historical data are not available.⁴ Seasonally adjusted by the South African Reserve Bank.⁵ The consumer price index for all urban areas, based on the COICOP 18 classification and published by Stats SA from January 2025 onwards, was statistically linked to the historical consumer price index for urban areas, which was based on the 1999 COICOP classification that Stats SA discontinued after December 2024. Similarly, the consumer price index for all urban areas, based on the COICOP classification and published by Stats SA from January 2008 onwards, was statistically linked to the historical consumer price index for metropolitan areas, which was based on the ITC classification that Stats SA discontinued after December 2007.

Consumer prices: All urban areas¹

Services and total

Seasonally adjusted⁴

Indices: 2024/12 = 100

Period	Housing and utilities ³ (7160N)	Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance ³ (7161N)	Health (7162N)	Transport (7163N)	Information and communication ³ (7164N)	Recreation, sport and culture ³ (7165N)	Education (7166N)	Restaurants and accommodation services ³ (7167N)	Insurance and financial services ³ (7199N)	Personal care and miscellaneous services ³ (7168N)	Total services ⁵ (7169N)	Total CPI ⁵ (7170N)
Weights²	18.56	1.52	0.88	3.97	4.53	1.92	2.41	6.12	10.41	1.32	51.63	100.00
2018	82.4	77.9	74.6	71.5	98.3	92.1	71.4	76.8	...	83.6	78.1	74.7
2019	85.6	81.7	78.7	76.0	99.2	92.7	76.1	79.4	...	86.2	81.7	77.8
2020	87.9	85.1	82.6	76.6	99.2	93.0	81.0	79.9	...	90.6	84.9	80.4
2021	89.3	87.0	85.5	80.5	99.1	93.6	84.6	81.7	...	94.5	87.4	84.0
2022	92.0	89.8	89.7	91.5	99.2	95.0	88.3	87.1	...	96.1	90.8	89.8
2023	95.1	94.1	94.7	97.7	99.2	97.3	93.2	92.3	...	97.8	94.7	95.1
2024	98.6	97.9	99.5	99.5	99.8	99.2	99.0	98.3	...	99.6	99.0	99.3
2022: Nov.....	93.2	91.5	90.1	97.3	98.6	96.0	88.9	89.8	...	96.3	92.2	91.8
Dec.....	93.4	92.1	90.1	97.2	98.6	96.4	88.9	89.8	...	96.6	92.5	92.3
2023: Jan	93.7	92.5	90.2	97.5	99.0	96.5	88.9	89.0	...	97.1	92.7	92.4
Feb.....	93.9	92.8	95.0	97.5	99.0	96.5	88.9	90.6	...	97.5	92.9	92.7
Mar.....	94.1	93.1	95.0	98.1	99.0	96.4	94.0	91.0	...	94.5	93.2	93.2
Apr.....	94.4	93.4	95.2	98.1	99.3	96.5	94.0	90.3	...	94.9	93.6	93.7
May.....	94.6	93.8	95.2	97.7	99.3	96.6	94.0	91.8	...	95.2	93.9	93.9
Jun.....	95.0	94.1	95.2	97.6	99.3	96.7	94.0	91.6	...	95.6	94.3	94.1
Jul.....	95.3	94.4	95.2	97.3	99.3	97.0	94.0	91.8	...	96.4	94.3	94.5
Aug.....	95.9	94.7	95.2	97.6	99.3	97.1	94.0	92.7	...	96.7	94.7	95.0
Sep.....	96.0	95.1	95.2	97.9	99.3	97.9	94.0	92.6	...	97.1	95.1	95.7
Oct.....	96.2	95.4	95.2	98.2	99.3	98.0	94.0	95.2	...	97.7	95.4	96.8
Nov.....	96.5	95.8	95.2	98.8	99.3	98.2	94.0	95.5	...	98.0	95.7	96.9
Dec.....	97.1	96.1	95.2	98.6	99.3	98.3	94.0	96.0	...	98.4	96.0	97.0
2024: Jan	97.3	96.4	95.2	99.0	99.3	98.5	94.0	96.1	...	98.7	96.4	97.4
Feb.....	97.6	96.8	99.7	100.2	99.3	98.5	94.0	96.6	...	99.1	97.5	97.9
Mar.....	98.0	96.5	99.7	99.0	99.3	98.7	100.0	96.3	...	96.4	97.9	98.3
Apr.....	98.3	96.8	100.0	98.6	100.0	98.7	100.0	97.0	...	97.0	98.1	98.4
May.....	98.5	97.1	100.0	100.2	100.0	98.8	100.0	97.8	...	97.4	98.4	98.8
Jun.....	98.6	97.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	98.8	100.0	98.5	...	97.7	98.6	98.9
Jul.....	98.9	98.1	100.0	100.8	100.0	98.9	100.0	98.3	...	98.2	98.8	99.0
Aug.....	99.2	98.4	100.0	99.9	100.0	99.2	100.0	98.8	...	98.5	99.0	99.1
Sep.....	99.4	99.0	100.0	99.7	100.0	99.2	100.0	99.3	...	98.9	99.2	99.3
Oct.....	99.6	99.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	99.3	100.0	100.8	...	99.3	99.5	99.5
Nov.....	99.8	99.7	100.0	99.8	100.0	99.6	100.0	101.2	...	99.6	99.8	99.7
Dec.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2025: Jan	100.2	100.3	100.0	99.9	100.1	100.8	100.0	100.8	100.9	100.4	100.3	100.5
Feb.....	100.4	100.7	105.0	98.8	100.0	101.4	100.0	101.0	107.0	100.7	101.2	101.0
Mar.....	101.0	101.2	105.1	98.1	100.0	101.9	104.5	100.4	107.0	98.2	101.3	100.8
Apr.....	101.2	101.5	105.1	98.5	102.4	101.5	104.5	100.0	107.1	99.1	101.7	101.3
May.....	101.5	101.8	105.2	99.5	102.4	101.9	104.5	99.5	107.1	99.5	101.9	101.5
Jun.....	101.8	101.7	105.4	99.1	102.8	102.3	104.5	100.5	107.0	99.8	102.2	101.8
Jul.....	102.2	102.0	105.4	99.0	102.8	103.1	104.5	101.2	107.1	101.5	102.4	102.5
Aug.....	102.4	102.3	105.4	99.6	102.8	103.1	104.5	101.4	107.1	102.4	102.6	102.4
Sep.....	103.0	102.7	105.6	99.9	102.8	103.3	104.5	102.3	107.1	102.7	103.2	102.8
Oct.....	103.2	103.0	105.6	99.5	102.8	103.7	104.5	102.9	107.1	103.4	103.5	103.0

KB709

1 Source: Statistics South Africa (Stats SA). Published according to the updated COICOP 18 classification.

2 Weights based on expenditure patterns in the 2022/23 *Income and Expenditure Survey (IES)* were applied to data from January 2025, with the latest weight structure shown in the table. As the SARB provides disaggregated consumer price indices for some goods and services categories, the weights of these subcategories may not add to the totals due to more decimals used by the SARB during aggregation.

3 According to the updated COICOP 18 classification applied by Stats SA. Some historical data are not available.

4 Seasonally adjusted by the South African Reserve Bank.

5 The consumer price index for all urban areas, based on the COICOP 18 classification and published by Stats SA from January 2025 onwards, was statistically linked to the historical consumer price index for urban areas, which was based on the 1999 COICOP classification that Stats SA discontinued after December 2024. Similarly, the consumer price index for all urban areas, based on the COICOP classification and published by Stats SA from January 2008 onwards, was statistically linked to the historical consumer price index for metropolitan areas, which was based on the ITC classification that Stats SA discontinued after December 2007.

Consumer prices: All urban areas¹

Goods

Percentage change

Period	Food and non-alcoholic beverages (7145A)	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco (7146A)	Clothing and footwear (7147A)	Housing and utilities ³ (7148A)	Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance ³ (7149A)	Health (7150A)	Transport (7151A)	Information and communication ³ (7152A)	Recreation, sport and culture ³ (7153A)	Personal care and miscellaneous goods ³ (7154A)	Total goods ⁴ (7155A)
Weights²	18.23	4.64	3.90	5.54	1.80	0.90	9.91	0.94	1.01	1.48	48.37
2019	3.4	5.6	2.0	8.8	0.3	4.0	2.9	-9.1	1.8	1.0	3.6
2020	4.5	3.4	0.9	8.1	-0.3	3.5	-0.9	-3.9	2.5	-0.5	2.6
2021	6.1	4.6	1.4	9.6	0.3	3.9	10.7	-8.6	3.5	0.9	6.3
2022	9.2	5.9	2.2	10.6	3.1	4.3	18.1	-11.2	3.9	6.1	9.9
2023	10.7	5.9	2.7	11.2	2.9	6.2	4.5	-4.5	5.5	11.9	7.6
2024	4.5	4.5	2.0	12.0	-1.1	5.7	2.4	-13.6	2.6	6.2	4.3
2022: Nov.....	12.4	6.5	2.7	8.3	7.8	4.5	14.8	-6.0	3.7	9.5	10.4
Dec.....	12.4	6.2	2.8	8.3	8.7	4.4	13.8	-6.1	4.2	9.7	10.1
2023: Jan	13.4	6.5	2.7	8.4	8.8	4.3	9.9	-4.5	3.9	10.4	9.5
Feb.....	13.6	6.2	3.2	8.3	8.8	4.5	8.8	1.5	3.5	11.8	9.5
Mar.....	14.0	6.2	2.9	8.3	9.4	4.7	7.7	1.9	6.0	12.5	9.4
Apr.....	13.9	6.4	3.0	8.3	8.4	4.8	6.3	-0.1	5.9	13.0	9.0
May.....	11.8	5.9	3.2	8.1	6.2	5.8	5.7	-3.5	5.5	12.4	8.0
Jun.....	11.0	6.1	3.0	7.9	3.9	6.3	0.1	-9.9	6.2	12.7	6.3
Jul.....	9.9	6.8	2.9	13.9	3.8	6.9	-4.1	-6.0	6.2	13.6	5.5
Aug.....	8.0	6.2	2.4	14.2	3.3	6.9	-1.2	-6.5	6.6	12.6	5.6
Sep.....	8.1	5.2	2.2	14.0	3.2	7.5	5.2	-5.3	6.2	10.7	6.8
Oct.....	8.7	5.2	2.3	14.0	3.1	7.4	9.3	-4.1	5.8	10.6	8.1
Nov.....	9.0	4.9	2.4	13.9	2.0	7.5	5.1	-8.1	5.8	10.9	7.1
Dec.....	8.5	5.1	2.3	13.9	1.1	7.6	3.0	-9.0	4.5	11.3	6.4
2024: Jan	7.2	5.2	2.4	13.8	0.4	7.7	5.5	-7.2	5.2	10.4	6.6
Feb.....	6.1	4.8	2.0	13.8	0.1	8.1	6.3	-14.4	5.4	10.1	6.2
Mar.....	5.1	4.5	2.4	13.7	-0.8	7.7	6.6	-15.2	3.0	8.8	5.7
Apr.....	4.7	4.3	2.3	13.6	-0.8	7.7	7.2	-11.0	3.6	7.7	5.7
May.....	4.7	4.4	2.0	13.5	-0.6	5.8	7.3	-13.7	3.9	7.1	5.7
Jun.....	4.6	4.3	1.9	13.6	0.6	4.9	6.3	-13.1	2.4	6.5	5.5
Jul.....	4.5	3.8	1.9	11.0	-0.3	5.1	4.4	-12.8	2.2	5.3	4.6
Aug.....	4.7	4.3	1.9	10.4	-0.7	5.1	2.9	-14.4	1.3	5.5	4.4
Sep.....	4.7	4.7	1.8	10.4	-0.5	5.3	-2.0	-16.4	1.6	5.0	3.3
Oct.....	3.6	4.5	1.8	10.4	-1.4	4.2	-7.2	-16.3	1.5	4.2	1.4
Nov.....	2.3	4.5	1.7	10.4	-1.3	3.9	-4.5	-15.3	0.4	3.0	1.6
Dec.....	2.5	4.3	1.7	10.4	-2.0	3.3	-2.9	-13.6	1.1	2.2	1.9
2025: Jan	2.4	4.2	1.5	10.7	-1.3	3.4	-0.4	-15.5	0.1	2.0	2.4
Feb.....	2.8	4.3	1.4	10.7	-1.9	2.8	-0.1	-13.2	0.7	1.7	2.5
Mar.....	2.7	4.1	1.3	10.7	-1.6	3.4	-2.6	-12.8	0.8	1.2	2.0
Apr.....	4.0	4.7	1.2	10.4	-2.0	3.3	-4.8	-15.0	-0.3	0.7	1.7
May.....	4.8	4.3	1.3	10.5	-1.6	3.7	-5.7	-11.0	-1.0	0.6	1.8
Jun.....	5.1	4.4	1.3	10.2	-2.0	3.7	-3.9	-11.3	-0.8	0.7	2.3
Jul.....	5.7	4.6	1.2	9.0	-2.5	3.9	-1.4	-11.8	-0.7	0.9	3.2
Aug.....	5.2	4.3	1.2	8.7	-2.0	4.0	-1.5	-11.0	1.0	0.8	3.1
Sep.....	4.5	4.2	1.2	8.3	-1.8	4.3	-0.1	-9.8	0.8	1.0	2.9
Oct.....	3.9	4.5	1.1	8.3	-2.5	4.4	2.2	-11.0	1.6	0.7	3.1

KB708

1 Source: Statistics South Africa (Stats SA). Published according to the updated COICOP 18 classification.

2 Weights based on expenditure patterns in the 2022/23 *Income and Expenditure Survey (IES)* were applied to data from January 2025, with the latest weight structure shown in the table. As the SARB provides disaggregated consumer price indices for some goods and services categories, the weights of these subcategories may not add to the totals due to more decimals used by the SARB during aggregation.

3 According to the updated COICOP 18 classification applied by Stats SA. Some historical data are not available.

4 The consumer price index for all urban areas, based on the COICOP 18 classification and published by Stats SA from January 2025 onwards, was statistically linked to the historical consumer price index for urban areas, which was based on the 1999 COICOP classification that Stats SA discontinued after December 2024. Similarly, the consumer price index for all urban areas, based on the COICOP classification and published by Stats SA from January 2008 onwards, was statistically linked to the historical consumer price index for metropolitan areas, which was based on the ITC classification that Stats SA discontinued after December 2007.

Consumer prices: All urban areas¹

Services and total

Percentage change

Period	Housing and utilities ³ (7160A)	Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance ³ (7161A)	Health (7162A)	Transport (7163A)	Information and communi- cation ³ (7164A)	Recreation, sport and culture ³ (7165A)	Education (7166A)	Restaurants and accommo- dation services ³ (7167A)	Insurance and financial services ³ (7199A)	Personal care and miscellaneous services ³ (7168A)	Total services ⁴ (7169A)	Total CPI ⁴ (7170A)
Weights²	18.56	1.52	0.88	3.97	4.53	1.92	2.41	6.12	10.41	1.32	51.63	100.00
2018	4.8	5.2	6.1	3.8	1.8	1.0	6.8	4.0	...	4.2	5.1	4.7
2019	3.9	4.8	5.5	6.3	0.9	0.6	6.7	3.3	...	3.1	4.6	4.1
2020	2.6	4.1	4.9	0.8	0.0	0.4	6.4	0.6	...	5.1	3.9	3.3
2021	1.6	2.2	3.5	5.0	-0.1	0.6	4.5	2.3	...	4.2	2.9	4.5
2022	3.0	3.3	5.0	13.7	0.1	1.6	4.3	6.7	...	1.7	3.9	6.9
2023	3.4	4.8	5.6	6.7	0.1	2.3	5.5	5.9	...	1.8	4.2	6.0
2024	3.7	3.9	5.1	1.9	0.6	1.9	6.2	6.6	...	1.9	4.5	4.4
2022: Nov.....	3.5	3.8	5.0	16.8	-0.5	2.5	4.4	7.9	...	2.1	4.5	7.4
Dec.....	3.2	4.2	5.0	14.2	-0.5	3.0	4.4	7.8	...	2.1	4.3	7.2
2023: Jan	3.2	4.2	5.2	15.6	-0.1	2.8	4.4	5.5	...	2.2	4.3	6.9
Feb.....	3.2	4.2	5.5	14.0	-0.1	2.8	4.4	6.8	...	2.2	4.6	7.0
Mar.....	3.1	5.2	5.5	13.1	-0.1	2.6	5.8	6.5	...	2.0	4.5	7.1
Apr.....	3.1	5.2	5.7	12.6	0.2	3.1	5.7	5.1	...	1.6	4.7	6.8
May.....	3.1	5.2	5.7	12.0	0.0	2.9	5.7	6.4	...	1.6	4.6	6.3
Jun.....	3.3	5.1	5.7	8.6	0.0	2.9	5.7	5.6	...	1.6	4.5	5.4
Jul.....	3.3	5.1	5.7	3.0	0.0	1.4	5.7	5.2	...	1.6	4.0	4.7
Aug.....	3.7	5.1	5.7	0.8	-0.2	1.5	5.7	6.4	...	1.6	4.0	4.8
Sep.....	3.6	4.7	5.7	0.8	-0.1	2.4	5.7	4.2	...	1.6	4.0	5.4
Oct.....	3.6	4.7	5.7	0.7	-0.1	2.4	5.7	6.3	...	1.8	3.8	5.9
Nov.....	3.6	4.7	5.7	1.6	0.7	2.2	5.7	6.3	...	1.8	3.8	5.5
Dec.....	3.9	4.3	5.7	1.3	0.7	1.9	5.7	7.0	...	1.8	3.8	5.1
2024: Jan	4.0	4.3	5.5	1.6	0.4	2.1	5.7	8.0	...	1.7	4.0	5.3
Feb.....	3.9	4.3	5.0	2.8	0.3	2.1	5.7	6.6	...	1.7	4.9	5.6
Mar.....	4.2	3.6	5.0	1.0	0.3	2.4	6.3	5.7	...	2.0	5.0	5.3
Apr.....	4.2	3.6	5.0	0.7	0.7	2.3	6.3	7.5	...	2.2	4.6	5.2
May.....	4.1	3.6	5.0	2.7	0.7	2.3	6.3	6.5	...	2.2	4.7	5.2
Jun.....	3.8	3.9	5.0	2.5	0.7	2.2	6.3	7.5	...	2.2	4.6	5.1
Jul.....	3.8	3.9	5.0	3.6	0.7	2.0	6.3	7.1	...	1.8	4.7	4.6
Aug.....	3.4	3.9	5.0	2.2	0.7	2.2	6.3	6.6	...	1.8	4.5	4.4
Sep.....	3.5	4.1	5.0	1.7	0.7	1.3	6.3	7.4	...	1.8	4.4	3.8
Oct.....	3.5	4.1	5.0	1.8	0.7	1.3	6.3	5.9	...	1.7	4.4	2.8
Nov.....	3.4	4.1	5.0	1.1	0.7	1.5	6.3	5.9	...	1.7	4.3	2.9
Dec.....	3.0	4.0	5.0	1.4	0.7	1.8	6.4	4.2	...	1.7	4.2	3.0
2025: Jan	3.0	4.0	5.0	0.9	0.8	2.3	6.3	4.9	...	1.7	4.0	3.2
Feb.....	2.9	4.0	5.3	-1.4	0.7	2.9	6.3	4.6	...	1.7	3.8	3.2
Mar.....	3.0	4.9	5.4	-0.8	0.7	3.3	4.5	4.2	...	1.8	3.5	2.7
Apr.....	3.0	4.9	5.1	-0.1	2.4	2.9	4.5	3.0	...	2.1	3.8	2.8
May.....	3.1	4.9	5.2	-0.7	2.4	3.1	4.5	1.8	...	2.1	3.6	2.8
Jun.....	3.2	4.0	5.4	-0.9	2.8	3.6	4.5	2.0	...	2.1	3.7	3.0
Jul.....	3.3	4.0	5.4	-1.8	2.8	4.2	4.5	3.0	...	3.3	3.6	3.5
Aug.....	3.3	4.0	5.4	-0.4	2.8	3.9	4.5	2.6	...	3.9	3.6	3.3
Sep.....	3.6	3.7	5.6	0.1	2.8	4.1	4.5	3.0	...	3.9	3.9	3.4
Oct.....	3.6	3.7	5.6	-0.5	2.8	4.4	4.5	2.1	...	4.1	4.0	3.6

KB710

1 Source: Statistics South Africa (Stats SA). Published according to the updated COICOP 18 classification.

2 Weights based on expenditure patterns in the 2022/23 *Income and Expenditure Survey (IES)* were applied to data from January 2025, with the latest weight structure shown in the table. As the SARB provides disaggregated consumer price indices for some goods and services categories, the weights of these subcategories may not add to the totals due to more decimals used by the SARB during aggregation.

3 According to the updated COICOP 18 classification applied by Stats SA. Some historical data are not available.

4 The consumer price index for all urban areas, based on the COICOP 18 classification and published by Stats SA from January 2025 onwards, was statistically linked to the historical consumer price index for urban areas, which was based on the 1999 COICOP classification that Stats SA discontinued after December 2024. Similarly, the consumer price index for all urban areas, based on the COICOP classification and published by Stats SA from January 2008 onwards, was statistically linked to the historical consumer price index for metropolitan areas, which was based on the ITC classification that Stats SA discontinued after December 2007.

Producer prices
 Seasonally adjusted^{1,4}

Indices: 2023/12 = 100

Period	Agriculture, forestry and fishing		Mining	Electricity and water	Intermediate manufactured goods	Final manufactured goods							
	Agriculture (7180N)	Total (7181N)	Total (7182N)	Total (7183N)	Total (7184N)	Food products, beverages and tobacco (7185N)	Textiles, clothing and footwear (7186N)	Paper and printed products (7193N)	Coke, petroleum, chemical, rubber and plastic products (7188N)	Metals, machinery, equipment and computing equipment (7189N)	Electrical machinery, communication and metering equipment (7194N)	Transport equipment (7191N)	Total ² (7192N)
Weights³	87.42	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	29.15	5.63	8.48	22.39	15.39	3.45	8.36	100.00
2019	67.1	68.2	58.2	61.2	73.1	76.8	79.5	74.5	65.8	73.3	79.8	74.4	73.3
2020	70.2	71.4	77.1	67.5	74.9	79.8	82.3	77.2	64.2	75.0	81.5	80.2	75.2
2021	78.5	78.0	86.4	76.1	87.1	84.6	85.7	80.3	72.3	81.4	86.5	83.8	80.5
2022	90.2	89.4	102.0	83.9	99.7	92.7	90.2	88.8	94.5	91.2	91.5	89.8	92.1
2023	96.4	96.7	106.5	96.4	101.0	98.8	97.2	99.1	98.0	98.4	95.4	98.4	98.3
2024	102.2	102.0	101.2	107.6	104.2	102.6	103.7	101.0	98.8	102.8	99.6	99.3	101.3
2022: Nov.....	94.8	94.0	104.9	85.4	101.8	95.4	92.0	95.6	100.9	93.4	92.2	92.8	96.2
Dec.....	94.0	93.6	108.3	87.0	102.2	95.6	92.3	96.6	100.0	93.6	91.2	93.7	96.2
2023: Jan	91.5	91.8	106.9	88.5	100.5	96.1	93.6	96.8	95.0	96.0	93.6	95.1	95.6
Feb	93.7	93.8	110.8	89.9	100.5	96.3	94.6	98.2	95.3	96.4	88.3	96.2	96.3
Mar	93.6	94.0	113.3	90.6	100.9	97.3	94.9	96.6	97.1	96.6	91.3	99.1	97.2
Apr	94.0	94.5	109.8	93.4	102.2	98.8	95.4	98.8	95.8	95.7	91.8	98.8	97.2
May	94.0	94.9	110.0	95.1	104.2	99.0	95.4	98.7	96.2	96.9	92.9	98.7	97.8
Jun	94.7	95.4	107.1	103.2	102.8	99.1	95.7	99.8	94.7	97.1	93.5	98.4	97.5
Jul	95.6	96.1	105.0	99.9	100.8	99.5	96.7	98.7	94.8	98.3	94.2	98.3	97.7
Aug.....	95.7	96.4	104.9	104.3	101.0	99.4	97.9	100.2	97.0	99.5	95.6	98.9	98.7
Sep.....	98.9	98.8	104.3	96.2	100.4	99.7	98.0	100.1	102.0	99.3	99.3	98.6	100.2
Oct	103.6	102.8	105.6	97.4	99.3	100.3	98.5	100.1	105.2	99.4	98.0	97.7	101.2
Nov.....	102.1	101.5	100.9	98.3	99.5	99.8	99.7	100.4	103.3	99.8	99.4	96.8	100.6
Dec.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2024: Jan	97.7	98.2	100.6	101.8	100.7	99.9	102.0	101.0	97.6	101.5	96.3	102.0	100.1
Feb	96.0	96.6	100.8	104.3	101.5	100.4	101.7	101.0	99.1	101.4	95.9	101.6	100.6
Mar	101.5	101.3	98.9	103.6	102.6	101.6	101.8	100.9	101.6	101.8	96.2	102.5	101.7
Apr	104.0	103.5	103.8	105.3	104.0	102.0	101.6	102.1	102.4	101.8	95.3	103.1	102.2
May	103.2	102.8	103.0	106.0	104.6	102.8	101.6	101.9	103.2	102.3	98.5	98.2	102.3
Jun	104.4	103.8	102.8	114.1	105.2	103.1	101.8	101.4	101.0	102.7	101.8	97.9	102.0
Jul	100.6	100.8	102.8	112.0	105.0	103.0	102.6	102.8	99.5	103.1	99.4	97.4	101.8
Aug.....	102.6	102.3	103.1	113.3	105.2	103.0	103.9	102.4	99.0	102.9	100.4	97.2	101.5
Sep.....	102.5	102.2	99.3	105.3	105.2	103.5	103.9	102.4	96.9	102.7	99.9	97.5	101.2
Oct	102.7	102.4	100.5	107.7	104.8	103.9	105.4	98.6	94.6	102.5	101.7	96.8	100.5
Nov.....	105.8	105.2	100.7	109.0	105.2	103.8	105.5	98.5	94.9	102.5	101.1	96.8	100.5
Dec.....	105.0	104.8	98.5	109.4	105.8	104.2	105.8	98.6	95.3	102.4	101.1	96.7	100.7
2025: Jan	106.0	105.8	101.3	111.6	108.1	104.3	107.2	97.9	95.8	102.9	101.3	97.1	101.2
Feb	103.9	103.4	103.3	114.4	110.1	104.6	106.9	98.2	97.3	102.6	100.0	96.7	101.6
Mar	98.6	100.8	104.7	112.8	110.2	105.8	107.9	98.5	97.4	103.1	99.3	97.1	102.2
Apr	104.5	105.4	108.1	116.2	112.8	106.8	108.6	98.5	96.8	102.8	98.4	98.6	102.7
May	108.9	105.6	105.9	116.5	111.8	106.6	107.8	98.9	96.6	102.7	97.8	98.2	102.4
Jun	106.9	105.9	107.7	127.8	111.0	107.2	108.0	98.8	96.3	102.9	99.6	98.3	102.6
Jul	103.0	104.6	110.5	118.9	111.7	107.0	108.5	101.2	97.6	103.1	99.7	99.0	103.3
Aug.....	103.7	102.1	111.9	119.8	112.0	107.4	108.1	101.9	98.0	104.1	98.8	99.1	103.6
Sep.....	99.6	99.9	115.2	120.8	113.2	107.4	108.1	103.2	97.4	103.7	98.0	98.3	103.5
Oct	102.1	102.2	119.0	124.2	116.2	107.1	108.7	103.0	97.0	103.5	96.0	99.0	103.4

KB704

1 Source: Statistics South Africa

2 Weights of final manufactured goods do not add up, as non-metallic mineral products (2.88) and furniture and other manufacturing (4.27) are omitted.

3 Weights are at industry level, based on 2020 value-added in the national accounts and will be updated each year from the national accounts data.

4 Seasonally adjusted by the South African Reserve Bank.

Supply chain pressure indicators

Period	Delivery periods of orders received in manufacturing ¹ (7195M)	Tonnage handled at harbours and docks ² (7196M)	Twenty-foot equivalent units (TEU's) handled ³ (7197M)	Absa Purchasing Managers' Index prices component ⁴ (7198M)	Intermediate manufacturing producer price index ⁵ (7184A)	Baltic Dry index ⁶ (7201M)	Shanghai export containerized index ⁶ (7200M)	Ratio of inventories to sales in manufacturing and trade ⁷ (7202M)	Stocks of finished goods in relation to demand in manufacturing ¹ (7204M)	Shortage of raw materials as a constraint to current manufacturing activity ⁸ (7203M)	Composite supply chain pressure index (2015=100) ⁹ (7205M)
2017	-11.5	227 858	4 635	69.4	4.0	1 153	829	29.1	9.0	34.2	100.2
2018	-10.1	227 795	4 883	73.5	3.4	1 348	835	29.2	9.3	37.6	100.3
2019	-9.3	232 662	4 528	70.0	2.6	1 341	812	30.2	8.8	34.7	100.3
2020	11.3	222 423	4 076	73.0	2.5	1 056	1 242	32.1	10.2	44.8	101.5
2021	21.6	217 714	4 379	85.1	16.2	2 931	3 769	28.0	-6.9	63.0	103.2
2022	22.3	211 124	4 225	83.8	14.5	1 930	3 446	29.4	-2.2	62.5	103.1
2023	7.1	205 616	4 141	69.5	1.3	1 398	1 004	31.5	-0.8	46.7	101.5
2024	3.1	210 858	4 304	65.6	3.1	1 747	2 496	32.2	11.6	48.3	101.4
2022: Dec.....	14.7	16 933	360	64.4	8.0	1 453	1 130	31.2	-0.7	56.7	102.1
2023: Jan	10.3	16 763	330	69.3	5.6	909	1 041	30.8	-2.3	53.3	101.9
Feb.....	6.0	18 708	277	78.6	5.0	658	981	30.7	-4.0	50.0	101.7
Mar.....	4.7	16 062	377	78.1	5.0	1 410	916	30.7	-4.0	47.7	101.5
Apr.....	3.3	14 509	351	75.0	4.6	1 480	1 007	31.2	-4.0	45.3	101.5
May.....	2.0	13 163	362	77.0	4.4	1 416	984	31.9	-4.0	43.0	101.4
Jun.....	3.7	19 697	354	71.3	2.3	1 082	964	32.0	-1.7	42.3	101.2
Jul.....	5.3	18 581	375	64.8	0.0	1 040	977	31.5	0.7	41.7	101.2
Aug.....	7.0	18 485	371	65.9	-0.5	1 150	1 032	30.7	3.0	41.0	101.2
Sep.....	8.7	16 904	304	67.2	-2.9	1 393	956	31.8	2.7	44.3	101.5
Oct.....	10.3	16 687	327	62.9	-2.9	1 868	941	33.0	2.3	47.7	101.6
Nov.....	12.0	17 328	353	61.5	-2.3	1 832	1 023	32.2	2.0	51.0	101.7
Dec.....	12.0	18 730	361	62.1	-2.2	2 538	1 230	32.2	-0.3	53.3	101.8
2024: Jan	12.0	16 834	356	67.5	0.2	1 617	2 130	32.6	-2.7	55.7	102.1
Feb.....	12.0	18 204	383	72.2	1.0	1 650	2 165	32.2	-5.0	58.0	102.1
Mar.....	9.0	17 674	392	74.6	1.7	2 233	1 820	33.1	0.3	53.3	101.8
Apr.....	6.0	15 625	315	72.4	1.8	1 731	1 803	31.9	5.7	48.7	101.7
May.....	3.0	17 565	385	66.9	0.4	1 895	2 644	32.6	11.0	44.0	101.2
Jun.....	1.7	18 430	368	64.5	2.3	1 922	3 439	32.5	13.7	44.7	101.2
Jul.....	0.3	16 507	331	63.1	4.2	1 925	3 600	32.2	16.3	45.3	101.2
Aug.....	-1.0	16 826	349	63.3	4.2	1 716	3 186	32.5	19.0	46.0	101.1
Sep.....	-1.3	19 276	385	61.0	4.8	1 965	2 435	32.6	20.0	46.0	100.9
Oct.....	-1.7	15 908	343	60.0	5.5	1 667	2 103	31.3	21.0	46.0	101.0
Nov.....	-2.0	19 126	348	61.7	5.7	1 540	2 256	32.0	22.0	46.0	100.9
Dec.....	-0.7	18 883	351	60.4	5.8	1 099	2 373	31.6	17.3	45.7	101.0
2025: Jan	0.7	18 714	362	68.2	7.3	930	2 243	31.4	12.7	45.3	101.1
Feb.....	2.0	17 989	342	70.4	8.5	892	1 692	31.5	8.0	45.0	101.2
Mar.....	3.3	21 214	397	64.5	7.4	1 532	1 351	32.0	13.0	46.0	101.1
Apr.....	4.7	16 427	314	68.3	8.5	1 363	1 369	31.7	18.0	47.0	101.3
May.....	6.0	17 638	356	60.4	6.9	1 342	1 621	31.8	23.0	48.0	101.2
Jun.....	3.3	18 633	349	58.1	5.5	1 686	2 015	32.0	20.0	45.0	101.1
Jul.....	0.7	17 089	439	59.3	6.4	1 819	1 684	32.2	17.0	42.0	100.9
Aug.....	-2.0	17 907	379	58.5	6.5	2 000	1 472	32.7	14.0	39.0	100.7
Sep.....	-4.7	22 630	429	61.7	7.6	2 124	1 289	...	9.3	40.3	100.6
Oct.....	-7.3	15 425	364	61.9	10.9	1 996	1 160	...	4.7	41.7	100.8
Nov.....	-10.0	...	...	54.5	...	2 184	...	...	0.0	43.0	...

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1 Net balance. Source: Bureau for Economic Research (BER).

2 Metric tons (thousands). Source: Transnet.

3 Number (thousands). Seasonally adjusted. Source: Transnet.

4 Index. Source: BER.

5 Percentage change over 12 months. Source: Statistics South Africa (Stats SA).

6 Source: Bloomberg.

7 Source: Stats SA and SARB.

8 Source: BER.

9 For more detail on the compilation of this index, see 'Note on supply chain pressures in South Africa' in the March 2022 edition of the *Quarterly Bulletin*, available at <https://www.resbank.co.za/en/home/publications/publication-detail-pages/quarterly-bulletins/articles-and-notes/2022/NoteonsupplychainpressuresinSouthAfrica>. Source: SARB.

Composite business cycle indicators

Seasonally adjusted

Indices: 2019 = 100

Period	South Africa			Trading-partner countries ¹					
	Leading indicator (7090N)	Coincident indicator (7091N)	Lagging indicator (7092N)	Leading indicator			Coincident indicator		
				US ² (7093N)	Other countries ³ (7094N)	Total (7095N)	US ² (7096N)	Other countries ³ (7097N)	Total (7098N)
2017	99.4	97.9	98.6	92.1	97.7	95.9	96.3	96.2	96.3
2018	101.2	99.1	97.7	98.4	99.6	99.2	98.8	98.5	98.6
2019	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2020	102.9	88.1	99.6	95.7	99.9	98.5	96.4	97.9	97.3
2021	120.8	93.3	93.8	102.5	103.6	103.2	100.5	99.9	100.1
2022	118.6	95.4	100.0	102.9	104.6	104.0	102.7	103.1	103.0
2023	111.1	96.7	108.2	95.3	105.1	101.9	104.7	104.2	104.4
2024	112.4	96.2	108.9	90.7	106.1	101.0	106.5	104.9	105.5
2022: Nov.....	115.7	95.0	104.2	100.0	104.6	103.1	103.3	103.7	103.5
Dec.....	114.0	95.0	105.2	99.1	104.6	102.8	103.3	103.7	103.6
2023: Jan	113.5	95.5	105.4	98.9	104.8	102.9	103.9	103.8	103.9
Feb.....	113.6	95.7	105.0	98.5	105.0	102.8	103.9	104.0	104.0
Mar.....	111.6	96.3	106.4	97.3	105.0	102.4	103.9	104.0	104.0
Apr.....	110.6	96.6	107.3	96.6	105.0	102.2	104.1	104.1	104.1
May.....	109.3	96.6	108.6	95.8	105.1	102.0	104.4	104.3	104.4
Jun.....	109.3	97.0	109.0	95.1	105.2	101.9	104.3	104.3	104.3
Jul.....	108.9	97.1	109.8	94.9	105.2	101.8	104.8	104.2	104.4
Aug.....	109.9	97.5	109.2	94.4	105.2	101.7	104.9	104.2	104.5
Sep.....	111.0	97.5	109.4	93.8	105.3	101.5	105.2	104.3	104.6
Oct.....	112.0	97.0	109.8	92.9	105.2	101.2	105.2	104.3	104.6
Nov.....	112.0	97.2	109.6	92.5	105.3	101.1	105.5	104.3	104.8
Dec.....	111.0	96.4	109.1	92.4	105.4	101.1	105.7	104.4	104.9
2024: Jan	110.6	96.2	110.0	92.0	105.4	101.0	105.6	104.3	104.8
Feb.....	111.4	96.3	109.4	92.1	105.6	101.1	106.0	104.5	105.1
Mar.....	110.9	95.9	109.0	91.9	105.9	101.2	106.1	104.6	105.2
Apr.....	112.8	96.5	109.7	91.4	105.9	101.1	105.9	104.7	105.2
May.....	112.1	95.9	109.8	91.0	106.2	101.2	106.4	104.8	105.4
Jun.....	112.3	96.2	108.9	90.8	106.2	101.1	106.5	104.8	105.5
Jul.....	112.3	96.3	109.2	90.4	106.2	101.0	106.6	105.0	105.6
Aug.....	111.4	96.4	108.8	90.1	106.3	100.9	106.7	105.2	105.7
Sep.....	112.9	96.4	108.4	89.8	106.4	100.9	106.9	105.2	105.8
Oct.....	114.2	96.5	107.8	89.5	106.4	100.8	106.9	105.2	105.8
Nov.....	114.6	96.1	108.3	89.8	106.4	100.9	107.0	105.3	105.9
Dec.....	112.9	95.6	107.9	89.7	106.6	101.0	107.5	105.4	106.2
2025: Jan	112.8	95.3	107.3	89.5	106.7	101.0	107.2	105.5	106.2
Feb.....	112.1	94.8	106.7	89.3	106.9	101.1	107.6	105.6	106.4
Mar.....	113.5	95.0	107.1	88.6	107.1	101.0	108.0	105.7	106.6
Apr.....	113.1	95.5	107.1	87.5	107.1	100.6	108.1	105.7	106.6
May.....	112.1	95.9	107.8	87.5	107.2	100.7	107.9	105.7	106.5
Jun.....	112.6	95.7	107.3	87.2	107.4	100.7	108.0	105.8	106.6
Jul.....	113.6	95.9	107.1	87.3	107.4	100.8	108.1	105.9	106.7
Aug.....	115.5	96.0	106.2	86.8	107.6	100.8	108.3	105.9	106.8
Sep.....	114.2	...	...	...	107.8	...	...	105.9	...
Oct.....	...	...	...	...	108.0	...	...	...	...

KB707

¹ Including, apart from the United States of America, also the United Kingdom, Germany, France, Italy, Canada and Japan.² Source of basic data: The Conference Board. New York. United States of America.³ Source of basic data: Foundation for International Business and Economic Research. New York. United States of America.

Money and Banking
Selected data

Period	Percentage changes ¹							Income velocity of circulation of money ⁶			
	Monetary aggregates ²				Credit ³						
	M1(A) (1370A)	M1 (1371A)	M2 (1373A)	M3 (1374A)	Private sector		Total domestic credit extension (1368A)	V1(A) (1420K)	V1 (1421K)	V2 (1422K)	V3 (1423K)
					Total loans and advances ⁴ (1369A)	Total claims ⁵ (1347A)					
2019	2.92	3.22	4.81	6.15	5.52	6.05	5.51	6.39	3.14	1.91	1.52
2020	18.97	19.29	15.00	9.43	1.23	3.56	3.83	5.56	2.72	1.69	1.38
2021	5.67	5.79	5.11	5.69	4.45	2.36	4.24	5.65	2.77	1.77	1.48
2022	2.37	4.24	6.48	8.60	9.23	7.69	9.52	5.74	2.79	1.78	1.47
2023	7.61	6.85	7.96	7.64	4.77	5.02	8.56	5.86	2.77	1.74	1.43
2024	1.85	4.91	6.08	6.71	4.17	3.84	4.60	5.84	2.75	1.71	1.4
2022: Aug	3.82	6.60	7.04	8.12	9.46	7.86	9.96	...	...	...	...
Sep	5.73	6.12	7.55	8.77	10.46	9.74	11.30	5.84	2.82	1.80	1.49
Oct	4.23	8.08	8.67	9.82	9.82	9.34	10.93	...	...	...	...
Nov	1.57	5.49	6.84	8.76	9.22	8.30	10.48	...	...	...	...
Dec	2.37	4.24	6.48	8.60	9.23	7.69	9.52	5.76	2.76	1.75	1.43
2023: Jan	1.86	7.45	7.62	9.59	9.68	8.42	10.29	...	...	...	...
Feb	2.68	9.69	9.92	10.83	9.88	8.29	9.82	...	...	...	...
Mar	1.45	3.95	7.76	8.91	9.53	7.23	9.15	5.84	2.77	1.75	1.43
Apr	6.12	7.81	8.98	10.15	8.84	7.07	10.37	...	...	...	...
May	4.50	7.66	8.89	10.32	7.18	6.85	8.89	...	...	...	...
Jun	6.46	6.99	10.59	11.17	7.38	6.25	9.44	5.76	2.75	1.74	1.42
Jul	3.72	7.40	8.21	9.31	6.57	5.99	8.93	...	...	...	...
Aug	2.66	6.72	7.34	8.54	4.98	4.48	6.89	...	...	...	...
Sep	1.75	5.08	6.95	7.68	5.38	4.68	7.41	5.90	2.77	1.74	1.42
Oct	1.97	4.70	6.15	6.09	4.78	4.03	7.39	...	...	...	...
Nov	2.96	4.90	6.32	5.47	4.43	3.93	6.26	...	...	...	...
Dec	7.61	6.85	7.96	7.64	4.77	5.02	8.56	5.94	2.80	1.75	1.43
2024: Jan	4.76	4.80	6.60	6.61	3.43	2.93	5.76	...	...	...	...
Feb	3.02	3.99	5.64	5.71	3.55	3.05	5.50	...	...	...	...
Mar	4.54	4.79	7.14	6.85	4.79	4.89	6.06	5.85	2.77	1.72	1.41
Apr	1.12	3.50	5.90	5.75	3.21	3.66	6.63	...	...	...	...
May	3.83	1.09	4.83	4.72	4.89	3.98	7.34	...	...	...	...
Jun	4.35	8.59	4.52	4.19	4.51	4.27	8.09	5.88	2.78	1.73	1.42
Jul	4.06	6.45	5.81	5.88	3.76	3.50	6.59	...	...	...	...
Aug	9.04	2.34	6.78	6.11	4.76	4.95	7.84	...	...	...	...
Sep	6.97	10.10	7.24	7.25	4.47	4.63	7.23	5.78	2.72	1.71	1.40
Oct	6.57	9.29	7.10	7.81	4.38	4.26	6.83	...	...	...	...
Nov	6.54	3.57	7.07	7.77	4.26	4.16	5.90	...	...	...	...
Dec	1.85	4.91	6.08	6.71	4.17	3.84	4.60	5.83	2.72	1.70	1.38
2025: Jan	4.39	2.90	6.75	7.10	4.06	4.56	6.17	...	...	...	...
Feb	5.22	2.83	5.23	6.05	3.90	3.65	5.64	...	...	...	...
Mar	3.00	9.91	4.71	5.76	4.24	3.44	6.36	5.78	2.72	1.67	1.36
Apr	5.93	5.88	5.79	6.12	5.20	4.53	6.37	...	...	...	...
May	4.42	6.20	7.18	6.86	5.40	4.94	6.49	...	...	...	...
Jun	4.16	6.50	7.53	7.27	5.58	4.94	5.56	5.78	2.69	1.67	1.37
Jul	5.15	6.78	7.91	6.75	6.48	5.84	6.90	...	...	...	...
Aug	4.86	10.82	6.85	6.18	6.36	5.86	5.33	...	...	...	...
Sep	6.35	6.48	6.90	6.07	6.54	6.03	7.14	5.76	2.64	1.66	1.37

KB800

1 Measured over a 12-month period.
2 Based on the consolidated liabilities of the monetary sector (as defined in footnote 1 on pages S–18 and S–19).
3 Domestic credit extended by all monetary institutions.
4 Total of instalment sale credit, leasing finance, mortgage advances, and other loans and advances.
5 Total of investments, bills discounted, instalment sale credit, leasing finance, mortgage advances, and other loans and advances.
6 The ratio of the gross domestic product at current prices, seasonally adjusted, to the average value of the relevant seasonally adjusted monetary aggregate.

Capital market

Selected data

End of	Percentage change ^{1, 2}								
	Real estate	Total value of shares traded ³	Total nominal value of bonds traded ⁶	Total value of derivatives contracts traded ^{3, 5}	Share prices				
	Transfer duty ⁴				Gold mining	Resources	Financial	Industrial	All shares
	(2072A)	(2039A)	(2042A)	(2047A)	(2073A)	(2074A)	(2075A)	(2076A)	(2077A)
2017	0.3	56.3	44.5	10.1	-7.5	16.8	12.2	24.7	21.1
2018	-16.3	-43.9	16.4	-22.2	-3.0	-1.0	-9.2	-25.7	-17.5
2019	0.0	20.5	2.9	15.2	106.5	16.2	-1.2	7.4	7.1
2020	54.0	6.1	-6.2	-2.5	39.3	15.3	-25.2	13.6	6.9
2021	-5.9	-1.3	27.1	-3.0	4.7	8.2	20.0	19.0	20.9
2022	11.5	-5.9	-0.2	12.1	4.1	18.0	2.6	2.0	7.5
2023	-23.3	-6.6	16.2	-6.6	37.0	-8.1	7.2	3.9	0.2
2024	29.2	19.2	-1.9	6.1	12.3	-15.0	23.5	10.1	2.6
2022: Oct	3.7	3.9	11.6	13.3	-2.3	9.0	-1.9	-8.5	-2.0
Nov	2.5	9.6	-6.2	22.1	-3.3	15.1	7.4	-6.4	2.0
Dec	11.5	-5.9	-0.2	12.1	4.1	18.0	2.6	2.0	7.5
2023: Jan	-6.0	15.1	18.9	10.1	22.0	13.1	-0.2	5.1	7.5
Feb	-4.7	-6.7	16.7	6.3	0.4	4.7	-0.2	13.7	8.7
Mar	-9.6	-22.4	8.4	6.7	-7.7	-9.0	-7.8	26.9	7.9
Apr	-15.0	-19.4	10.7	-13.9	29.8	-6.7	-9.2	33.6	11.5
May	-11.9	-1.9	25.3	-7.2	66.9	-0.6	-7.7	34.4	15.0
Jun	-13.9	12.9	4.9	12.3	75.7	4.8	-0.2	26.0	14.6
Jul	-34.8	-13.8	20.1	18.4	68.1	13.6	7.9	14.4	13.3
Aug	-21.8	2.3	20.0	7.8	45.5	1.6	5.5	14.6	8.9
Sep	-29.5	-27.6	41.3	-10.4	60.1	5.7	10.1	21.4	14.5
Oct	-13.1	-16.2	1.5	7.2	57.0	1.8	6.6	15.3	9.7
Nov	-14.5	-12.5	11.9	-11.3	34.2	-4.8	1.4	12.0	4.7
Dec	-23.3	-6.6	16.2	-6.6	37.0	-8.1	7.2	3.9	0.2
2024: Jan	-7.6	-20.5	2.6	3.7	12.7	-13.0	5.8	-2.1	-4.9
Feb	0.8	-22.8	6.8	-11.8	29.3	-15.7	3.2	-1.8	-6.2
Mar	-7.1	-30.2	-15.6	-16.7	31.2	-9.4	6.8	-1.7	-3.3
Apr	32.6	32.2	44.5	38.1	17.2	9.5	2.7	-5.9	0.9
May	5.6	-14.0	-15.1	-3.5	4.6	-2.1	12.0	1.1	1.3
Jun	4.9	-3.5	0.6	3.8	7.4	-6.5	13.7	3.2	1.2
Jul	18.8	18.0	12.8	-7.7	28.0	-3.8	14.7	2.5	2.0
Aug	9.2	0.1	13.7	-9.8	46.7	-5.9	17.5	5.0	3.0
Sep	17.1	23.9	10.4	12.8	37.8	-9.4	24.0	4.6	2.2
Oct	27.3	39.0	21.4	0.8	41.8	-2.0	30.3	18.8	12.6
Nov	12.8	5.3	9.2	7.5	28.0	-8.8	26.7	9.4	5.2
Dec	29.2	19.2	-1.9	6.1	12.3	-15.0	23.5	10.1	2.6
2025: Jan	27.4	33.2	21.5	3.4	38.1	-11.9	16.8	10.1	3.0
Feb	17.6	49.5	4.5	16.8	55.1	-5.4	17.5	17.5	9.4
Mar	30.4	38.4	14.8	8.8	47.7	-6.2	20.1	21.8	11.6
Apr	1.7	26.4	6.5	33.8	51.4	-28.0	19.0	20.5	0.6
May	19.8	11.3	16.6	3.5	51.5	-16.0	23.0	21.6	8.0
Jun	19.5	15.2	11.9	-2.9	72.9	-10.1	17.9	26.4	12.2
Jul	23.9	30.4	9.8	7.9	54.9	-5.1	13.1	27.3	13.7
Aug	12.6	37.1	-7.4	0.6	79.3	4.7	9.9	26.2	16.4
Sep	21.8	60.5	1.9	24.5	127.6	15.1	5.8	25.5	18.8
Oct	6.2	32.3	-2.1	21.7	128.5	15.5	7.7	24.3	18.6
Nov	10.5	25.7	16.3	-3.3	157.1	20.6	11.2	39.3	28.3

KB801

1 Measured over a 12-month period.

2 Annual figures reflect the values as at December.

3 Source: The JSE Limited.

4 As from 1 April 2025, the threshold for transfer duty exemption changed.

5 Including futures and options contracts on equity, commodity, warrants, interest rate and currency products.

6 Source: Strate Limited. Including debt-securities traded on the JSE and Cape Town Stock Exchange.

Public finance¹
Selected data

End of	Percentage change ²											
	National Revenue account ³										National government finances, cash flow adjusted	
	Taxes on income, profits and capital gains (4573E)	Taxes on property (4577E)	Taxes on goods and services				Taxes on international trade and transactions (4592E)	Non-tax revenue (4596E)	Total revenue (4597E)	Total expenditure (4601E)		
			Value added tax ⁴ (4578E)	Excise duties		Total (4582E)						
				Fuel levy (4579E)	Other excise duties (4580E)							
											Revenue (4045E)	Expenditure (4049E)
Budget ⁵												
2024/25	7.6	6.2	6.5	4.7	6.8	6.1	6.5	-32.0	5.3	4.4	...	...
2025/26	7.5	6.3	5.3	12.5	7.3	6.5	5.5	-11.0	7.9	7.8	...	...
31 March												
2020	4.6	-82.8	6.8	5.2	10.7	9.6	-0.8	8.3	5.3	12.3	5.5	11.2
2021	-7.1	11.4	-4.5	-6.2	-28.8	-7.3	-15.3	30.3	-8.0	5.8	-7.9	7.1
2022	27.1	29.4	18.0	18.2	48.6	21.1	25.6	-12.4	26.3	5.5	26.3	4.1
2023	8.3	16.1	10.1	-9.5	-2.3	5.1	27.0	52.3	9.5	6.5	8.8	8.2
2024	2.0	-1.2	4.0	13.7	14.4	5.8	-2.9	10.7	1.5	1.9	1.3	0.4
2025	9.1	19.5	2.3	-6.1	9.2	2.2	8.1	-42.8	4.2	4.7	10.5	10.0
31 December												
2019	4.2	-65.0	1.4	5.2	13.9	5.6	3.1	16.6	4.3	12.6	3.6	11.5
2020	-6.7	-47.9	1.2	-3.7	-24.1	-2.2	-18.0	48.8	-5.6	8.5	-5.0	7.3
2021	23.6	19.0	12.4	13.9	34.6	15.4	17.8	-11.4	20.9	3.9	20.8	3.3
2022	9.4	20.2	12.5	-8.5	4.2	7.9	30.4	11.5	10.4	5.1	9.9	8.2
2023	2.0	4.1	4.5	15.4	9.9	5.9	3.5	28.4	2.8	9.3	2.3	6.7
2024	7.9	7.8	2.5	-7.0	8.6	1.8	3.2	-21.9	3.7	-1.1	10.4	3.9
2020: 04.....	0.9	15.7	12.3	11.2	9.8	11.0	-15.5	107.5	5.6	6.4	6.3	3.6
2021: 01.....	0.8	-4.5	-2.2	-4.8	-9.3	-2.6	2.5	-31.0	-2.5	2.7	-2.9	8.8
02.....	46.7	57.5	59.8	105.8	298.1	77.2	53.5	39.2	60.8	11.7	62.7	3.1
03.....	30.7	-3.1	9.4	-1.7	59.3	12.7	8.9	-41.3	24.3	0.8	22.8	3.0
04.....	24.0	40.2	4.3	0.6	13.4	4.4	26.5	-18.5	16.4	2.2	16.4	-1.7
2022: 01.....	12.8	35.4	16.5	10.4	21.8	16.1	26.6	-45.5	15.0	8.8	15.0	11.7
02.....	13.0	16.7	12.1	-24.6	-13.4	2.7	33.5	17.2	10.8	1.1	11.8	10.4
03.....	3.8	58.5	10.7	-17.7	45.7	7.0	47.0	18.3	7.5	3.9	6.9	4.2
04.....	7.3	-16.7	10.7	-0.5	-16.4	5.3	18.7	36.8	8.4	6.1	6.0	7.0
2023: 01.....	8.2	16.1	7.5	4.7	-1.7	5.3	17.1	275.7	10.9	13.4	10.1	11.3
02.....	-4.5	7.5	0.3	27.4	19.1	5.0	8.1	-21.8	-4.1	9.9	-6.0	1.5
03.....	5.5	-19.2	8.9	37.0	12.8	11.8	-7.4	25.2	5.2	8.7	4.8	8.1
04.....	0.2	20.9	0.9	0.7	14.9	2.0	-2.5	24.5	-0.1	4.6	0.8	4.9
2024: 01.....	7.9	-5.3	5.6	-0.8	12.0	5.0	-5.7	29.4	5.2	-11.8	6.1	-11.0
02.....	5.1	-4.0	0.4	-2.1	2.7	0.3	1.4	-18.7	2.0	3.7	2.4	2.1
03.....	12.2	26.7	-0.1	-5.5	8.8	0.3	7.3	-26.0	6.2	4.2	34.2	22.1
04.....	7.3	14.8	3.4	-19.4	9.9	1.2	11.7	-60.7	1.4	1.2	2.3	1.7
2025: 01.....	12.2	40.0	4.8	2.5	13.6	6.2	10.0	-47.9	7.1	9.5	6.5	11.3
02.....	7.0	32.0	12.2	12.6	1.0	11.1	9.6	-30.1	8.6	2.1	11.0	3.6
03.....	11.5	-4.5	10.9	3.7	3.7	9.2	4.8	71.3	12.7	8.6	-11.6	-7.7

KB802

1 Before April 2000 the basis of reporting revenue and expenditure was bank statement transactions, whereas the current reporting relies on cash book transactions as reported in the *Statement of National Government's Revenue, Expenditure and Borrowing* and is therefore not strictly comparable with data prior to April 2000. Total revenue includes amounts in transit before April 2000.

2 Compared with the corresponding period of the preceding fiscal year.

3 The information on this page is an analysis of the National Revenue Fund.

4 Sales duty is included before 1983 and general sales tax before October 1991.

5 Compared with the actual outcome of previous fiscal years.

Public finance

Selected data

End of	Percentage of GDP						Percentage of total revenue							
	National government finance			Primary balance ¹	Non-financial public sector borrowing requirement	Total gross loan debt ²	Taxes on income, profits and capital gains			Taxes on property ⁵	Taxes on goods and services			Taxes on international trade and transactions
	Revenue	Expenditure	Deficit (-)/ Surplus (+)				Payable by persons and individuals	Payable by companies ³	Total ⁴		Value-added tax (net) ⁶	Excise duties		
												Fuel levy	Other	
	(4433K)	(4434K)	(4420K)	(4419K)	(4432K)	(4116K)	(4429K)	(4430K)	(4425K)	(4439K)	(4431K)	(4437K)	(4435K)	(4438K)
Budget														
2024/25	24.4	28.7	-4.3	0.8	4.5	74.1	40.7	16.7	59.8	0.3	26.3	5.3	2.3	4.3
2025/26	24.8	29.4	-4.6	0.8	5.9	77.4	40.7	17.4	60.3	0.3	24.7	5.0	3.4	4.3
31 March														
2020	23.5	29.6	-6.1	-2.5	5.0	57.1	39.4	18.1	57.5	0.2	25.8	6.0	4.0	4.2
2021	22.0	31.9	-9.8	-5.7	9.5	70.1	39.5	18.6	58.1	0.2	26.8	6.1	3.1	3.9
2022	24.7	29.9	-5.2	-0.9	4.4	67.7	35.6	22.9	58.5	0.2	25.0	5.7	3.6	3.8
2023	25.3	29.7	-4.4	0.1	3.3	70.4	35.2	22.6	57.8	0.3	25.2	4.7	3.2	4.5
2024	24.4	28.8	-4.4	0.6	4.0	73.9	37.6	20.6	58.2	0.2	25.8	5.3	3.6	4.3
2025	24.4	29.0	-4.6	0.7	3.8	77.0	40.6	20.3	60.9	0.3	25.3	4.8	3.8	4.4
31 December														
2019	23.5	29.1	-5.6	-2.2	4.7	56.1	39.5	18.7	58.2	0.4	25.0	6.0	3.9	4.4
2020	22.4	31.9	-9.5	-5.5	8.2	68.9	39.7	17.8	57.5	0.2	26.8	6.1	3.2	3.8
2021	24.3	29.7	-5.4	-1.4	5.6	68.8	35.8	23.0	58.8	0.2	24.9	5.8	3.5	3.7
2022	24.9	29.1	-4.1	0.3	3.4	70.7	35.5	22.8	58.2	0.3	25.4	4.8	3.3	4.4
2023	24.3	30.1	-5.8	-1.0	4.8	73.2	37.3	20.5	57.8	0.3	25.8	5.4	3.6	4.4
2024	24.1	28.5	-4.4	0.6	3.7	77.1	40.2	19.9	60.2	0.3	25.5	4.8	3.7	4.4
2020: 04.....	23.8	28.2	-4.4	-2.5	4.0	68.9	34.0	20.9	54.9	0.2	27.0	6.4	4.1	3.6
2021: 01.....	25.1	33.2	-8.1	-2.2	10.4	70.1	40.0	18.1	58.1	0.2	26.7	5.5	4.1	4.3
02.....	24.4	25.8	-1.4	0.6	3.8	67.8	33.3	27.8	61.1	0.2	21.8	6.0	3.6	2.6
03.....	21.6	33.1	-11.6	-5.3	7.1	68.0	38.9	18.3	57.2	0.2	27.3	6.2	2.3	4.0
04.....	26.0	27.1	-1.0	1.1	1.6	68.8	31.9	26.6	58.5	0.3	24.2	5.5	4.0	4.0
2022: 01.....	26.8	33.5	-6.8	-0.2	5.4	67.7	38.7	18.3	57.0	0.2	27.0	5.3	4.3	4.7
02.....	25.5	24.6	0.9	3.0	0.2	69.5	33.3	29.0	62.3	0.2	22.0	4.1	2.8	3.1
03.....	21.2	31.5	-10.3	-3.7	7.4	70.9	37.8	17.5	55.2	0.4	28.2	4.7	3.2	5.5
04.....	26.5	27.0	-0.5	1.9	1.0	70.7	32.6	25.3	58.0	0.2	24.7	5.0	3.1	4.3
2023: 01.....	27.9	35.7	-7.8	-0.7	4.7	70.4	37.5	18.1	55.6	0.2	26.2	5.0	3.8	5.0
02.....	23.3	25.8	-2.5	0.1	4.7	72.2	38.1	24.0	62.1	0.3	23.0	5.4	3.5	3.5
03.....	21.4	32.8	-11.4	-4.2	7.3	73.4	38.2	17.2	55.4	0.3	29.1	6.2	3.4	4.8
04.....	24.8	26.4	-1.6	1.0	2.4	73.2	35.7	22.4	58.1	0.2	25.0	5.1	3.5	4.2
2024: 01.....	28.1	30.1	-2.1	5.7	1.9	73.9	38.4	18.7	57.1	0.2	26.3	4.7	4.1	4.5
02.....	22.6	25.4	-2.8	-0.5	2.8	74.4	41.6	22.3	63.9	0.2	22.7	5.2	3.5	3.5
03.....	21.8	32.9	-11.0	-3.1	8.6	74.9	40.3	18.2	58.5	0.3	27.4	5.5	3.5	4.9
04.....	24.1	25.7	-1.5	0.7	1.5	77.1	40.8	20.7	61.5	0.3	25.5	4.0	3.8	4.7
2025: 01.....	29.3	32.1	-2.9	5.6	2.4	77.0	39.7	20.1	59.8	0.3	25.7	4.5	4.3	4.6
02.....	23.9	25.3	-1.4	1.0	2.3	78.1	41.4	21.6	63.0	0.3	23.4	5.4	3.3	3.5
03.....	23.5	34.0	-10.6	-2.3	5.9	78.9	39.0	18.9	57.9	0.3	27.0	5.0	3.2	4.5

KB803

1 The deficit/surplus recalculated by excluding interest payments from total expenditure.

2 As at end of the period.

3 Companies include corporations and other enterprises. Including secondary tax on companies and tax on retirement funds.

4 Including other taxes on income and profits not divisible between individuals and companies.

5 Taxes on property are taxes payable on the use, ownership or transfer of wealth. From 1 April 2019, this series was revised to exclude taxes on financial and capital transactions (security transfer tax, demutualisation levy and transfer duties), which are now included as part of taxes on goods and services.

6 Sales duty is included before 1983 and general sales tax before October 1991.

Balance of payments

Percentage changes in selected data¹

Period	Merchandise exports, free on board			Net gold exports			Services receipts	Income receipts	Merchandise imports, free on board			Services payments	Income payments
	Value (5000Q)	Prices (5372Q)	Volume ² (5373S)	Value (5001Q)	Prices (5370Q)	Volume ² (5371S)	Value (5002Q)	Value (5680Q)	Value (5003Q)	Prices (5374Q)	Volume ² (5375S)	Value (5004Q)	Value (5681Q)
2019	4.7	6.4	-1.6	-6.2	33.4	-29.7	2.0	18.4	3.3	2.5	0.8	6.0	3.9
2020	4.3	12.6	-7.3	60.4	39.6	14.9	-39.2	4.4	-12.6	3.3	-15.4	-22.4	-16.1
2021	31.3	17.0	12.1	1.6	-3.3	5.1	-1.9	29.9	21.9	10.8	10.0	9.8	29.1
2022	14.8	8.1	6.3	-21.4	9.6	-28.3	53.8	10.9	33.0	18.2	12.6	48.8	13.3
2023	1.0	-1.6	2.6	34.6	19.4	12.7	26.6	17.1	7.9	3.4	4.4	15.3	-3.7
2024	-3.3	1.1	-4.4	29.3	23.6	4.6	10.6	-9.7	-5.5	2.4	-7.7	5.4	9.2
2023: 04.....	0.4	0.4	-0.1	-4.0	6.6	-9.9	7.7	-6.2	5.4	1.3	4.0	4.0	11.0
2024: 01.....	0.4	1.7	-1.3	-7.6	5.6	-12.5	-1.3	-12.2	-4.3	0.3	-4.6	-4.3	-0.9
02.....	1.2	2.4	-1.2	34.0	11.2	20.5	0.9	-0.2	2.4	1.2	1.2	5.0	-10.9
03.....	-6.2	-1.4	-4.9	-7.8	1.3	-9.0	4.7	-0.9	-5.6	-0.6	-5.0	0.4	7.1
04.....	-0.6	-1.3	0.7	41.2	8.1	30.7	3.5	1.8	1.0	0.1	0.9	0.9	7.8
2025: 01.....	4.5	1.8	2.7	-17.1	9.3	-24.1	-0.4	2.7	3.6	0.6	2.9	-1.2	-2.8
02.....	-2.1	2.7	-4.7	9.2	15.1	-5.1	4.0	1.8	-0.1	2.5	-2.5	2.5	8.0
03.....	2.8	1.3	1.4	-16.4	0.2	-16.6	2.6	5.8	1.7	0.2	1.5	5.1	-6.3

KB804

1 Compared with the preceding period. Quarterly changes based on seasonally adjusted data.
2 At constant 2015 prices.

Ratios of selected data

Percentage

Period	Balance on current account to GDP ¹ (5380K)	Imports of goods, services and income covered by reserves ⁵ (5381K)	Real merchandise exports to GDP ² (5382K)	Real merchandise imports to GDE ⁴ (5383K)	Exports of goods (including gold) and services to GDP ¹ (5384K)	Imports of goods and services to GDP ¹ (5385K)	Yield on ³	
							Foreign liabilities (5386K)	Foreign assets (5387K)
2019	-2.6	5.1	21.4	23.9	27.2	26.7	3.8	1.6
2020	2.0	7.2	21.1	21.9	27.6	23.2	3.2	1.5
2021	3.7	5.4	22.6	23.0	31.2	25.0	4.0	1.8
2022	-0.3	4.8	23.5	24.9	33.5	31.4	4.2	1.9
2023	-1.1	5.3	24.0	25.9	33.3	32.4	4.1	2.3
2024	-0.7	5.5	22.8	24.0	31.8	29.9	4.6	2.0
2023: 04.....	-1.8	5.2	23.9	25.5	32.6	32.0	...	...
2024: 01.....	-0.8	5.5	23.6	24.5	32.2	30.3	...	...
02.....	-0.4	5.4	23.2	24.6	32.7	30.8	...	...
03.....	-0.9	5.4	22.1	23.4	30.9	29.2	...	...
04.....	-0.5	5.6	22.2	23.6	31.3	29.1	...	...
2025: 01.....	-0.6	5.7	22.8	24.2	32.1	30.0	...	...
02.....	-1.0	5.6	21.5	23.3	31.4	29.7	...	...
03.....	-0.7	5.6	21.7	23.4	31.1	29.7	...	...

KB805

1 Gross domestic product at market prices.
2 Gross domestic product at constant 2015 prices.
3 Interest, dividends and other income on investments as percentage of the average outstanding investments at the beginning and end of the period.
4 Gross domestic expenditure at constant 2015 prices.
5 Number of months, **average** for the period.

Terms of trade and exchange rates of the rand

Percentage changes¹

Period	Terms of trade ¹		Nominal effective exchange rate ^{2,3} (5393Q)	Real effective exchange rate ^{2,3} (5395Q)	Exchange rates ³			
	Including gold (5037Q)	Excluding gold (5036Q)			US dollar (5339Q)	British pound (5338Q)	Euro (5322Q)	Japanese yen (5319Q)
2019	4.0	2.9	-5.1	-0.2	-8.9	-4.5	-3.8	-9.9
2020	9.3	7.5	-11.3	-8.3	-11.8	-12.4	-13.4	-13.6
2021	5.3	6.8	7.5	6.1	10.9	3.5	6.9	14.0
2022	-8.7	-8.6	-2.7	1.9	-9.4	0.8	1.7	8.0
2023	-5.3	-6.2	-10.2	-4.4	-11.6	-12.0	-13.8	-5.1
2024	-0.1	-1.3	2.7	5.1	0.6	-2.2	0.6	8.5
2016: 04.....	3.5	4.5	3.9	3.4	1.2	7.0	4.6	8.0
2017: 01.....	2.1	2.4	5.7	4.4	5.1	5.4	6.5	9.3
02.....	-1.8	-2.2	-1.7	-0.4	0.2	-3.0	-3.0	-2.1
03.....	1.3	1.2	-2.9	-2.1	0.3	-1.9	-6.1	0.2
04.....	-1.3	-1.5	-3.5	-2.8	-3.4	-4.9	-3.7	-1.7
2018: 01.....	-0.3	0.4	10.3	10.7	14.1	8.8	9.3	9.4
02.....	1.7	1.9	-3.6	-2.9	-5.3	-3.2	-2.4	-4.6
03.....	-2.3	-1.9	-7.1	-5.6	-10.4	-6.3	-8.0	-8.4
04.....	-2.9	-3.2	0.3	2.4	-1.3	0.0	0.6	-0.1
2019: 01.....	5.3	4.6	0.9	1.3	1.7	0.5	2.2	-0.7
02.....	1.3	1.3	-1.7	0.4	-2.6	-1.3	-1.6	-2.8
03.....	1.4	0.8	-0.7	0.4	-1.9	2.3	-0.8	-4.2
04.....	0.3	0.0	-0.1	-0.2	-0.3	-4.6	0.1	0.9
2020: 01.....	4.9	4.5	-3.4	-3.0	-3.8	-3.4	-3.4	-3.5
02.....	4.6	3.7	-13.3	-11.5	-14.7	-11.9	-14.6	-15.9
03.....	-0.4	-0.9	2.7	3.6	6.1	1.9	-0.1	4.7
04.....	-1.1	-0.6	6.0	6.2	8.3	5.9	6.1	6.6
2021: 01.....	5.4	6.7	3.3	2.1	4.4	0.0	3.3	5.9
02.....	4.1	4.8	5.8	4.3	5.9	4.4	5.9	9.3
03.....	-3.1	-3.2	-2.4	-2.9	-3.4	-2.0	-1.2	-2.8
04.....	-6.8	-7.4	-4.0	-3.7	-5.1	-3.0	-2.2	-2.0
2022: 01.....	2.2	2.8	1.9	2.7	1.2	1.6	3.1	3.5
02.....	-2.5	-2.5	1.9	4.2	-2.0	4.5	3.1	9.2
03.....	-4.3	-4.3	-4.9	-0.6	-8.7	-2.4	-3.4	-2.6
04.....	-5.3	-5.5	-2.4	-0.9	-3.4	-3.1	-4.6	-1.2
2023: 01.....	4.7	4.1	-3.9	-4.0	-0.6	-4.1	-5.6	-7.0
02.....	-1.9	-1.9	-4.7	-2.9	-4.9	-7.7	-6.3	-1.4
03.....	-2.8	-3.1	1.4	2.4	0.1	-1.1	0.1	5.3
04.....	-0.7	-0.8	0.3	2.1	-0.6	1.4	0.6	1.7
2024: 01.....	0.8	0.8	-1.0	-1.0	-0.7	-2.9	-1.6	-0.4
02.....	1.9	1.0	3.5	4.2	1.7	2.2	2.6	6.8
03.....	-0.1	-0.1	1.8	1.3	3.4	0.3	1.3	-1.2
04.....	0.8	-0.7	2.0	1.0	0.4	1.9	3.4	2.6
2025: 01.....	0.4	1.0	-2.1	-1.9	-3.3	-1.6	-1.9	-3.2
02.....	0.4	-0.4	-2.3	-1.5	1.3	-4.5	-6.0	-4.0
03.....	0.5	1.4	2.0	2.8	3.5	2.5	0.4	5.6

KB806

1 Change compared with preceding period.

2 Weighted average exchange rate against most important currencies.

3 Percentage changes of averages.

National accounts¹Percentage changes in selected data at constant 2015 prices²

Period	Gross domestic product (6006Z)	Gross value added excluding agriculture ³ (6626Z)	Gross national income (6016Z)	Gross domestic expenditure (including residual) (6012Z)	Final consumption expenditure by households (6007Z)	Final consumption expenditure by general government (6008Z)	Gross fixed capital formation (6009Z)	Exports of goods and services (6013Z)	Imports of goods and services (6014Z)	Disposable income of households ⁴ (6246Z)
2007	5.4	5.5	4.8	5.8	6.5	6.2	13.8	7.8	9.4	6.0
2008	3.2	2.9	4.1	3.6	1.2	7.7	12.8	1.5	2.8	2.3
2009	-1.5	-1.4	0.9	-1.4	-2.6	1.8	-6.7	-17.0	-17.7	-2.1
2010	3.0	3.0	4.6	3.7	5.7	-0.3	-3.9	7.7	10.8	3.3
2011	3.2	3.1	4.6	5.5	4.1	4.1	6.8	3.0	11.8	3.8
2012	2.4	2.3	1.0	3.1	3.2	4.8	1.8	1.1	3.9	2.6
2013	2.5	2.5	2.1	2.6	1.6	3.2	5.4	3.7	4.0	1.4
2014	1.4	1.3	0.8	0.2	0.7	1.9	-1.3	3.6	-0.7	1.2
2015	1.3	1.3	2.0	1.9	2.2	-1.0	1.3	3.1	5.0	3.0
2016	0.7	1.0	0.8	-0.6	0.7	2.0	-1.9	0.4	-4.1	0.8
2017	1.2	0.7	2.1	1.7	1.7	-0.3	-2.0	-0.3	1.5	2.6
2018	1.6	1.7	1.1	1.8	3.2	1.1	-1.2	2.7	3.5	2.9
2019	0.3	0.4	1.6	1.3	1.3	1.8	-1.7	-3.3	0.6	1.0
2020	-6.2	-6.4	-3.6	-7.8	-6.1	0.9	-14.8	-12.0	-17.6	-4.8
2021	4.9	4.5	6.1	4.9	6.0	0.6	-0.3	9.7	9.7	6.4
2022	2.1	2.1	0.4	3.9	2.6	0.7	5.9	7.8	15.0	1.6
2023	0.8	0.9	0.0	0.5	0.2	1.9	3.0	5.1	3.9	-0.7
2024	0.5	0.8	-0.2	-0.6	1.0	-0.1	-3.9	-2.8	-6.4	0.7

KB808

Seasonally adjusted and annualised

	(6006S)	(6626S)	(6016S)	(6012S)	(6007S)	(6008S)	(6009S)	(6013S)	(6014S)	(6246S)
2020: 04.....	11.5	9.6	8.8	17.7	13.6	0.7	20.3	21.2	53.1	12.2
2021: 01.....	2.3	1.9	10.5	6.4	1.8	-1.8	-11.3	10.7	29.5	2.0
02.....	5.7	4.4	3.1	3.3	8.1	2.6	-3.1	8.6	-0.5	6.7
03.....	-6.8	-3.9	-7.2	-2.7	-9.5	3.3	0.3	-24.3	-10.8	-7.9
04.....	6.6	4.7	2.2	7.1	12.0	1.6	5.6	37.3	39.4	9.6
2022: 01.....	6.2	7.0	10.9	8.7	5.7	5.5	12.6	15.9	25.7	3.9
02.....	-3.6	-2.0	-12.3	1.7	0.3	-7.2	3.4	1.0	21.2	-0.6
03.....	7.6	4.0	10.3	4.9	-2.0	2.3	9.3	10.5	0.9	-2.8
04.....	-5.6	-5.0	-10.0	-4.2	1.0	-5.3	2.2	-8.8	-3.6	0.4
2023: 01.....	2.8	3.3	8.8	2.9	2.5	3.8	5.2	21.0	20.2	1.3
02.....	3.3	2.7	1.3	6.9	-0.9	8.9	14.3	0.2	12.6	-1.9
03.....	-1.5	0.8	-4.9	-12.6	-0.9	5.4	-17.4	3.8	-30.7	-1.6
04.....	1.6	1.7	-1.7	5.6	-1.0	-2.2	-2.1	2.1	16.7	-1.5
2024: 01.....	0.3	-1.1	-0.2	-3.6	0.0	-2.5	-4.7	-6.5	-18.4	0.2
02.....	1.0	1.6	5.4	3.3	4.9	2.7	-4.2	-1.7	6.3	4.3
03.....	-1.2	1.3	-2.8	-0.9	1.5	-3.9	1.0	-16.1	-15.0	1.7
04.....	1.6	0.0	1.5	0.9	4.4	-3.3	-2.1	8.5	5.5	3.7
2025: 01.....	0.4	-1.6	1.0	1.7	2.1	-0.7	-5.8	3.6	8.2	2.0
02.....	3.8	3.5	4.0	5.1	4.2	3.4	-6.3	-12.7	-7.9	4.4
03.....	2.0	2.0	4.5	3.7	2.7	1.1	6.5	2.7	8.9	2.6

KB809

¹ Sources: Statistics South Africa and South African Reserve Bank.² Compared with preceding period. Quarterly changes reflect annual rates based on seasonally adjusted data.³ At basic prices.⁴ Households refer to private households (including interest in pension funds and insurers), non-incorporated business enterprises and non-profit institutions (e.g., churches, welfare organisations and sport clubs) that render social and community services to households.

National accounts¹

Quarter-to-quarter percentage changes in selected data at constant 2015 prices, seasonally adjusted but not annualised rates

Period	Gross domestic product (6006N)	Gross value added excluding agriculture ² (6626N)	Gross national income (6016N)	Gross domestic expenditure (including residual) (6012N)	Final consumption expenditure by households (6007N)	Final consumption expenditure by general government (6008N)	Gross fixed capital formation (6009N)	Exports of goods and services (6013N)	Imports of goods and services (6014N)	Disposable income of households ³ (6246N)
2020: 04.....	2.8	2.3	2.1	4.2	3.2	0.2	4.7	4.9	11.2	2.9
2021: 01.....	0.6	0.5	2.5	1.6	0.5	-0.5	-2.9	2.6	6.7	0.5
02.....	1.4	1.1	0.8	0.8	2.0	0.6	-0.8	2.1	-0.1	1.6
03.....	-1.7	-1.0	-1.9	-0.7	-2.5	0.8	0.1	-6.7	-2.8	-2.0
04.....	1.6	1.1	0.5	1.7	2.9	0.4	1.4	8.3	8.7	2.3
2022: 01.....	1.5	1.7	2.6	2.1	1.4	1.3	3.0	3.8	5.9	1.0
02.....	-0.9	-0.5	-3.2	0.4	0.1	-1.9	0.8	0.2	4.9	-0.1
03.....	1.9	1.0	2.5	1.2	-0.5	0.6	2.2	2.5	0.2	-0.7
04.....	-1.4	-1.3	-2.6	-1.1	0.2	-1.3	0.6	-2.3	-0.9	0.1
2023: 01.....	0.7	0.8	2.1	0.7	0.6	0.9	1.3	4.9	4.7	0.3
02.....	0.8	0.7	0.3	1.7	-0.2	2.1	3.4	0.1	3.0	-0.5
03.....	-0.4	0.2	-1.3	-3.3	-0.2	1.3	-4.7	0.9	-8.8	-0.4
04.....	0.4	0.4	-0.4	1.4	-0.3	-0.5	-0.5	0.5	3.9	-0.4
2024: 01.....	0.1	-0.3	0.0	-0.9	0.0	-0.6	-1.2	-1.7	-4.9	0.1
02.....	0.3	0.4	1.3	0.8	1.2	0.7	-1.1	-0.4	1.5	1.0
03.....	-0.3	0.3	-0.7	-0.2	0.4	-1.0	0.2	-4.3	-4.0	0.4
04.....	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.2	1.1	-0.8	-0.5	2.1	1.3	0.9
2025: 01.....	0.1	-0.4	0.2	0.4	0.5	-0.2	-1.5	0.9	2.0	0.5
02.....	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.3	1.0	0.9	-1.6	-3.3	-2.0	1.1
03.....	0.5	0.5	1.1	0.9	0.7	0.3	1.6	0.7	2.2	0.6

KB807

1 Sources: Statistics South Africa and South African Reserve Bank.

2 At basic prices.

3 Households refer to private households (including interest in pension funds and insurers), non-incorporated business enterprises and non-profit institutions (e.g., churches, welfare organisations and sport clubs) that render social and community services to households.

National accounts

Selected data

Period	Current			At constant 2015 prices								
	Rand			Rand			Percentage change			Rand		
	Gross domestic product per capita	Gross national income per capita	Disposable income per capita of households ¹	Gross domestic product per capita	Gross national income per capita	Disposable income per capita of households ¹	Gross domestic product per capita	Gross national income per capita	Disposable income per capita of households ¹	Average capital output ratio	Average output labour ratio ²	Average capital labour ratio ²
	(6270J)	(6271J)	(6272J)	(6270Y)	(6271Y)	(6272Y)	(6270Z)	(6271Z)	(6272Z)	(6273Y)	(6274Y)	(6275Y)
2007	47 789	46 388	29 465	77 299	72 231	48 694	4.0	3.5	4.7	1.8	190 186	349 126
2008	52 481	50 996	32 644	78 709	74 184	49 163	1.8	2.7	1.0	1.9	194 332	359 806
2009	55 360	54 247	34 011	76 407	73 811	47 457	-2.9	-0.5	-3.5	2.0	189 634	371 167
2010	59 645	58 483	36 690	77 568	76 068	48 289	1.5	3.1	1.8	2.0	193 343	377 689
2011	63 957	62 461	39 607	78 811	78 368	49 365	1.6	3.0	2.2	1.9	197 452	383 898
2012	67 509	65 818	42 465	79 464	77 904	49 895	0.8	-0.6	1.1	2.0	200 067	391 227
2013	72 108	70 365	44 980	80 191	78 314	49 800	0.9	0.5	-0.2	2.0	203 058	398 147
2014	75 870	73 988	47 425	80 077	77 749	49 622	-0.1	-0.7	-0.4	2.0	203 996	405 497
2015	79 917	78 086	50 353	79 917	78 086	50 353	-0.2	0.4	1.5	2.0	204 057	411 235
2016	84 775	82 603	53 157	79 264	77 585	50 008	-0.8	-0.6	-0.7	2.0	203 345	416 654
2017	89 103	86 633	56 083	78 988	78 000	50 527	-0.3	0.5	1.0	2.1	204 700	422 424
2018	92 696	90 107	59 113	79 017	77 653	51 236	0.0	-0.4	1.4	2.1	203 713	420 999
2019	95 799	93 407	61 054	78 061	77 750	50 999	-1.2	0.1	-0.5	2.1	199 898	417 949
2020	93 473	91 917	59 055	72 269	73 936	47 917	-7.4	-4.9	-6.0	2.2	197 112	439 950
2021	103 221	101 249	64 566	75 000	77 666	50 435	3.8	5.0	5.3	2.1	201 718	431 047
2022	109 764	107 485	69 749	75 783	77 165	50 745	1.0	-0.6	0.6	2.1	203 703	427 219
2023	114 774	113 228	73 163	75 668	76 452	49 934	-0.2	-0.9	-1.6	2.1	203 101	425 559
2024	118 709	116 375	75 977	75 312	75 534	49 774	-0.5	-1.2	-0.3	2.1	201 747	422 173

KB810

1 Households refer to private households (including interest in pension funds and insurers), non-incorporated business enterprises and non-profit institutions (e.g., churches, welfare organisations and sport clubs) that render social and community services to households.

2 Derived from mid-year estimates of the economically active population.

National accounts

Ratios of selected data

At current prices

Period	Final consumption expenditure by households to GDP ¹ (6280J)	Final consumption expenditure by general government to GDP ¹ (6281J)	Gross fixed capital formation to GDP ¹ (6282J)	Public sector expenditure ² to GDP ¹ (6283J)	Industrial and commercial inventories to GDP ³ (6284J)	Compensation of employees to GDP ⁴ (6295J)	Gross savings to GDP ¹ (6286J)	Saving by households to disposable income ⁵ of households ⁶ (6287J)	Household debt to disposable income ⁵ of households ^{6,7} (6525J)	Household net wealth to disposable income ⁵ of households ^{6,7} (6288J)	Debt-service cost ⁸ to disposable income ⁵ of households ⁶ (6289J)
2008	63.0	17.1	21.6	24.0	14.1	49.6	16.3	-1.3	75.8	353.9	12.4
2009	62.0	17.8	19.5	24.8	11.9	49.8	16.3	-0.9	74.8	340.9	10.6
2010	62.4	18.0	17.6	24.0	10.7	50.7	16.3	-1.4	71.7	348.2	9.0
2011	62.9	18.2	17.8	24.7	10.1	51.7	16.8	-1.6	69.3	341.9	8.6
2012	64.3	18.8	17.9	25.2	10.2	53.0	13.9	-2.2	69.4	346.6	8.6
2013	63.9	19.1	18.6	25.7	9.9	53.9	13.8	-2.4	69.2	364.7	8.6
2014	63.7	19.3	18.3	25.8	9.5	54.7	13.7	-1.9	67.6	382.7	8.7
2015	63.7	19.0	18.0	25.6	9.3	55.7	14.3	-1.1	65.7	389.7	8.7
2016	63.3	19.3	17.4	25.5	8.3	55.6	14.3	-0.9	63.9	390.4	8.9
2017	63.0	19.2	16.4	24.7	7.9	55.5	14.2	-0.1	62.4	390.3	8.6
2018	64.0	19.4	15.9	24.3	7.6	55.5	13.2	-0.3	61.3	382.3	8.4
2019	64.1	19.6	15.5	24.1	7.6	55.4	13.2	-0.6	61.6	378.7	8.5
2020	62.6	20.6	13.8	24.6	6.8	54.6	14.3	0.8	65.5	393.1	7.9
2021	61.8	19.1	13.1	22.8	5.6	52.3	16.6	1.2	63.3	414.2	6.9
2022	63.4	18.8	14.2	22.6	5.8	51.3	15.3	0.2	61.9	392.1	7.3
2023	64.2	19.2	14.9	23.4	6.1	51.5	14.3	-0.7	62.9	397.0	9.0
2024	64.6	19.2	14.5	23.3	5.8	51.5	13.4	-1.0	62.6	403.1	9.2

KB811

Seasonally adjusted and annualised

	(6280L)	(6281L)	(6282L)	(6283L)	(6284L)	(6295L)	(6286L)	(6287L)	(6525L)	(6288L)	(6289L)
2020: 04	61.4	19.5	13.6	23.1	5.5	52.9	14.0	1.3	63.6	396.9	7.2
2021: 01	61.6	19.3	13.1	22.9	5.8	52.3	16.7	1.3	64.0	412.9	7.0
02	61.3	18.6	12.8	22.2	5.6	51.4	17.1	1.0	63.1	407.3	6.9
03	61.5	19.3	13.1	22.9	5.5	52.9	17.0	1.4	64.0	414.0	6.8
04	62.9	19.4	13.4	23.2	5.5	52.5	15.5	0.9	62.2	422.3	6.7
2022: 01	63.2	19.2	13.8	22.9	5.5	52.7	16.8	0.5	61.6	410.5	6.7
02	62.7	18.7	14.0	22.5	5.7	51.1	13.9	0.3	61.9	388.2	7.0
03	63.1	18.4	14.3	22.1	6.0	50.6	16.7	0.1	61.9	378.7	7.4
04	64.6	18.7	14.6	22.8	6.2	50.9	14.0	-0.1	62.3	391.6	8.0
2023: 01	64.2	18.8	14.7	23.1	6.0	51.6	14.9	-0.4	62.4	397.4	8.5
02	64.1	19.0	15.3	23.3	6.2	51.5	15.1	-0.7	63.3	399.4	9.0
03	64.3	19.6	15.0	23.7	6.0	51.8	14.6	-0.8	62.6	391.3	9.1
04	64.1	19.4	14.8	23.7	6.0	51.2	12.7	-0.9	63.2	400.0	9.3
2024: 01	64.1	19.4	14.6	23.7	5.9	51.9	12.8	-0.9	63.6	396.7	9.4
02	64.6	19.1	14.7	23.3	6.0	51.3	14.6	-1.0	62.1	398.6	9.2
03	65.0	19.3	14.6	23.2	5.7	51.6	13.4	-1.0	62.5	410.1	9.2
04	64.9	19.0	14.2	22.9	5.7	51.4	12.8	-1.1	62.3	406.5	9.0
2025: 01	65.6	19.0	14.3	23.5	5.5	52.9	13.5	-1.2	62.6	412.2	8.9
02	65.7	18.8	14.1	22.7	5.6	52.1	13.4	-1.1	62.1	426.2	8.7
03	65.7	18.8	13.8	23.0	5.8	50.9	14.0	-1.2	61.6	439.6	8.5

KB812

1 Gross domestic product at market prices.

2 Final consumption expenditure by general government plus gross capital formation by public authorities and public corporations.

3 Gross domestic product excluding agriculture at market prices.

4 Gross domestic product at factor cost.

5 Net disposable income of households.

6 Households (including interest in pension funds and insurers), non-incorporated business enterprises and non-profit institutions (e.g. churches, welfare organisations and sport clubs) that render social and community services to households.

7 Annual ratios derived from average seasonally adjusted data.

8 Interest payments on housing and personal debt.

Composite business cycle indicators

Percentage change¹

Period	South Africa			Trading-partner countries					
	Leading indicator (7090B)	Coincident indicator (7091B)	Lagging indicator (7092B)	Leading indicator			Coincident indicator		
				US (7093B)	Other countries (7094B)	Total (7095B)	US (7096B)	Other countries (7097B)	Total (7098B)
2017	3.4	0.4	1.0	4.3	4.5	4.4	2.3	4.0	3.4
2018	1.9	1.3	-0.9	6.8	2.0	3.5	2.5	2.5	2.4
2019	-1.2	0.9	2.4	1.6	0.4	0.8	1.3	1.5	1.4
2020	2.9	-11.9	-0.4	-4.3	-0.1	-1.5	-3.6	-2.1	-2.7
2021	17.4	5.9	-5.8	7.1	3.8	4.8	4.3	2.1	2.9
2022	-1.8	2.3	6.6	0.4	0.9	0.8	2.2	3.2	2.8
2023	-6.3	1.4	8.2	-7.5	0.5	-2.1	1.9	1.0	1.4
2024	1.2	-0.5	0.7	-4.8	0.9	-0.8	1.8	0.7	1.1
2022: Nov.....	-2.9	1.0	8.6	-5.1	0.0	-1.7	1.2	2.1	1.8
Dec.....	-4.2	0.8	9.7	-6.6	0.0	-2.2	1.2	1.8	1.6
2023: Jan	-6.1	0.2	10.4	-6.0	0.1	-1.9	1.8	1.6	1.7
Feb.....	-5.2	0.1	8.7	-6.6	0.3	-2.0	1.7	1.6	1.6
Mar.....	-8.3	0.3	8.6	-7.7	0.4	-2.3	1.6	1.4	1.5
Apr.....	-9.0	1.5	9.0	-8.0	0.4	-2.4	1.7	1.2	1.4
May.....	-9.2	1.3	9.5	-8.0	0.3	-2.4	2.1	1.2	1.5
Jun.....	-9.3	1.9	9.8	-7.9	0.6	-2.2	2.1	1.1	1.5
Jul.....	-8.2	1.8	10.5	-7.6	0.6	-2.1	2.0	0.9	1.3
Aug.....	-6.0	2.0	9.2	-7.7	0.6	-2.1	1.6	0.9	1.2
Sep.....	-4.9	1.9	8.0	-7.7	0.9	-1.9	1.7	0.7	1.1
Oct.....	-3.3	2.0	6.7	-8.0	0.7	-2.1	1.6	0.7	1.1
Nov.....	-3.2	2.3	5.2	-7.5	0.6	-2.0	2.2	0.6	1.2
Dec.....	-2.7	1.5	3.6	-6.8	0.7	-1.7	2.4	0.6	1.3
2024: Jan	-2.6	0.8	4.4	-7.0	0.6	-1.8	1.6	0.5	0.9
Feb.....	-1.9	0.7	4.2	-6.5	0.6	-1.7	2.0	0.5	1.0
Mar.....	-0.6	-0.4	2.5	-5.5	0.9	-1.1	2.1	0.5	1.1
Apr.....	2.0	-0.1	2.2	-5.4	0.8	-1.1	1.7	0.6	1.0
May.....	2.5	-0.7	1.1	-5.0	1.1	-0.8	1.9	0.5	1.0
Jun.....	2.7	-0.9	-0.1	-4.5	0.9	-0.7	2.1	0.5	1.1
Jul.....	3.1	-0.8	-0.6	-4.7	1.0	-0.8	1.7	0.7	1.1
Aug.....	1.4	-1.2	-0.3	-4.6	1.0	-0.7	1.7	0.9	1.2
Sep.....	1.7	-1.1	-1.0	-4.3	1.0	-0.6	1.6	0.9	1.2
Oct.....	2.0	-0.5	-1.8	-3.7	1.1	-0.3	1.6	0.9	1.1
Nov.....	2.3	-1.2	-1.1	-3.0	1.1	-0.1	1.3	0.9	1.1
Dec.....	1.7	-0.8	-1.0	-3.0	1.1	-0.1	1.7	1.0	1.3
2025: Jan	2.0	-1.0	-2.5	-2.7	1.2	0.0	1.5	1.1	1.3
Feb.....	0.6	-1.6	-2.5	-3.0	1.3	0.0	1.5	1.1	1.2
Mar.....	2.4	-0.9	-1.8	-3.6	1.2	-0.2	1.8	1.1	1.3
Apr.....	0.2	-1.1	-2.3	-4.3	1.1	-0.5	2.0	1.0	1.4
May.....	0.0	-0.1	-1.8	-3.9	1.0	-0.5	1.4	0.8	1.1
Jun.....	0.3	-0.5	-1.5	-4.0	1.2	-0.4	1.4	0.9	1.1
Jul.....	1.2	-0.5	-1.9	-3.4	1.2	-0.2	1.4	0.9	1.1
Aug.....	3.7	-0.4	-2.5	-3.6	1.3	-0.2	1.5	0.7	1.0
Sep.....	1.1	...	...	...	1.3	...	...	0.6	...
Oct.....	...	...	...	...	1.5	...	...	...	...

KB813

1 Percentage change over 12 months.

Labour in the non-agricultural sector⁶ and unemployment rate

Percentage changes unless otherwise indicated

Period	Employment ¹			Unemployment rate ²		Remuneration per worker ⁴						Labour pro- ductivity ⁴	Nominal unit labour cost ⁴
	Public sector (7002Q)	Private sector (7008Q)	Total (7009Q)	Official (7019K)	Seasonally adjusted ³ (7019L)	At current prices			At constant prices ⁵				
						Public sector (7011P)	Private sector (7012P)	Total (7013P)	Public sector (7011R)	Private sector (7012R)	Total (7013R)		
2021	3.3	-1.9	-0.8	34.3	34.3	2.9	8.8	7.4	-3.3	2.2	1.0	5.4	1.8
2022	0.4	0.3	0.3	33.5	33.5	0.2	5.4	4.0	-4.3	0.7	-0.6	1.8	2.2
2023	4.4	0.1	1.1	32.4	32.4	1.6	5.4	4.5	-2.9	0.7	-0.1	-0.1	4.6
2024	-4.9	-0.2	-1.3	32.6	32.6	9.1	4.1	5.2	5.2	0.4	1.5	2.1	3.1
2023: 04.....	-28.2	-1.0	-8.0	32.1	32.1	-0.4	5.6	4.2	-5.2	0.4	-0.9	1.8	2.3
2024: 01.....	-4.2	0.5	-0.6	32.9	32.9	6.7	4.6	5.1	3.3	1.3	1.7	1.8	3.2
02.....	19.8	-0.7	3.6	33.5	33.2	8.5	4.8	5.7	4.0	0.5	1.3	1.8	3.8
03.....	-20.0	0.3	-4.6	32.1	32.2	13.3	3.6	5.6	9.4	0.1	2.1	3.4	2.1
04.....	-3.8	-0.4	-1.1	31.9	32.1	8.2	3.5	4.5	4.4	-0.2	0.9	1.2	3.3
2025: 01.....	-3.1	0.0	-0.6	32.9	32.7	8.1	3.1	4.2	5.5	0.6	1.7	1.0	3.1
02.....	-5.3	-1.4	-2.2	33.2	32.8	13.0	2.9	5.1	10.9	0.9	3.1	3.0	2.0
03.....	...	...	...	31.9	32.2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

KB814

1 Compared with the preceding period. Quarterly changes at seasonally adjusted annualised rates.

2 Per cent. Source: Statistics South Africa (Stats SA), *Quarterly Labour Force Survey*.

3 Seasonally adjusted by the South African Reserve Bank.

4 Compared with the same period in the previous year.

5 Deflated by the non-agricultural gross domestic product deflator.

6 From the third quarter of 2002 basic data originate from a new expanded *Survey of Employment and Earnings* and from the fourth quarter of 2004 from the *Quarterly Employment Statistics (QES)* survey by Stats SA. From the second quarters of 2013, and in selected years thereafter, the QES survey was expanded through sample refreshes, resulting in level shifts in certain subsectors. The data were statistically linked to compensate for these structural breaks.

Prices

Percentage change¹

Period	Consumer prices ²								Producer prices				
	Services		Goods		Total CPI ⁶	Administered prices ³	CPI excluding food and non- alcoholic beverages, fuel and electricity ⁵	Memoran- dum item: Official target ⁴	Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining	Electricity and water	Intermediate manufac- tured goods	Final manufac- tured goods
	Housing and utilities	Total ⁶	Food and non- alcoholic beverages ⁶	Total ⁶									
(7160A)	(7169A)	(7145A)	(7155A)	(7170A)	(7171A)	(7177A)	(7173A)	(7181A)	(7182A)	(7183A)	(7184A)	(7192A)	
2022	3.0	3.9	9.2	9.9	6.9	14.0	4.3	6.9	14.6	18.1	10.3	14.5	14.4
2023	3.4	4.2	10.7	7.6	6.0	4.8	4.8	5.9	8.2	4.5	14.9	1.3	6.8
2024	3.7	4.5	4.5	4.3	4.4	5.2	4.3	4.4	5.5	-5.0	11.6	3.1	3.0
2024: 04.....	2.6	3.0	1.4	-1.1	2.4	-0.8	2.8	2.4	9.6	-7.0	-5.6	0.5	-3.6
2025: 01.....	3.0	4.8	2.5	3.2	4.3	8.7	4.0	4.3	-2.9	13.4	16.6	16.9	4.4
02.....	3.9	4.2	10.9	3.6	3.2	-3.8	2.4	3.2	8.9	17.0	28.3	9.1	3.6
2025: Apr.....	4.2	2.9	5.9	6.6	3.9	12.7	3.2	3.9	-12.3	21.3	-1.2	1.6	3.6
May	3.1	3.6	4.8	1.8	2.8	-0.3	3.0	2.8	6.0	2.8	10.8	6.9	0.1
Jun	3.2	3.7	5.1	2.3	3.0	0.9	2.9	3.0	5.0	4.8	10.7	5.5	0.6
Jul	3.3	3.6	5.7	3.2	3.5	3.7	3.0	3.5	6.5	7.5	4.9	6.4	1.5
Aug.....	3.3	3.6	5.2	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.1	3.3	3.0	8.5	4.6	6.5	2.1
Sep.....	3.6	3.9	4.5	2.9	3.4	4.5	3.2	3.4	-1.1	16.0	14.9	7.6	2.3
Oct	3.6	4.0	3.9	3.1	3.6	6.0	3.1	3.6	-1.8	18.4	16.1	10.9	2.9

KB815

1 Quarterly: Compared with the preceding period. Seasonally adjusted annualised rates (seasonally adjusted by the South African Reserve Bank).

Monthly: Compared with the same month of the previous year.

2 Source: Stats SA. Published according to the updated COICOP 18 classification.

3 An administered price is defined by Stats SA as the price of a product that is deliberately set by an individual producer or group of producers and/or any price that can be determined or influenced by government, either directly or through one of its agencies/institutions, without considering market forces.

4 CPIX for metropolitan and other urban areas up to December 2008. Headline CPI for all urban areas from January 2009 onwards.

5 This is the SARB's preferred measure of core inflation. Up to December 2016, fuel included only petrol. From January 2017, fuel has included petrol and diesel.

6 The consumer price index for all urban areas, based on the COICOP 18 classification and published by Stats SA from January 2025 onwards, was statistically linked to the historical consumer price index for urban areas, which was based on the 1999 COICOP classification that Stats SA discontinued after December 2024. Similarly, the consumer price index for all urban areas, based on the COICOP classification and published by Stats SA from January 2008 onwards, was statistically linked to the historical consumer price index for metropolitan areas, which was based on the ITC classification that Stats SA discontinued after December 2007.

Inflation expectations¹

Per cent

		Quarter during which expectations were surveyed						
		2024/02	2024/03	2024/04	2025/01	2025/02	2025/03	2025/04
Financial analysts								
Current year	(7100F)	5.0	4.8	4.5	3.9	3.4	3.4	3.3
One year ahead	(7101F)	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.1	3.9	3.5
Two years ahead	(7102F)	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.4	4.2	3.7	3.4
Five years ahead.....	(7103F)	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.0	3.6	3.3
Business representatives								
Current year	(7200F)	5.6	5.4	4.8	4.6	4.3	4.2	3.9
One year ahead	(7201F)	5.4	5.3	4.8	4.8	4.4	4.4	3.9
Two years ahead	(7202F)	5.3	5.2	4.8	4.8	4.5	4.5	4.0
Five years ahead.....	(7203F)	5.1	5.0	4.8	4.9	4.5	4.5	4.1
Trade union representatives								
Current year	(7300F)	5.3	5.0	4.5	4.5	4.0	3.8	3.8
One year ahead	(7301F)	5.0	4.7	4.5	4.8	4.3	4.2	3.9
Two years ahead	(7302F)	4.8	4.6	4.3	5.0	4.7	4.2	3.8
Five years ahead.....	(7303F)	5.2	4.9	4.6	5.0	4.7	4.3	3.8
All surveyed participants								
Current year	(7000F)	5.3	5.1	4.6	4.4	3.9	3.8	3.7
One year ahead	(7001F)	5.0	4.8	4.5	4.6	4.3	4.2	3.8
Two years ahead	(7002F)	4.9	4.8	4.6	4.7	4.5	4.2	3.7
Five years ahead.....	(7003F)	4.9	4.8	4.6	4.7	4.4	4.2	3.7

KB816

1 Source: Bureau for Economic Research, Stellenbosch University. In each instance the expected average inflation rate for the calendar year was surveyed.

Business cycle phases of South Africa since 1945

Upward phase			Duration in months	Downward phase			Duration in months
Post war	–	July 1946	7	August 1946	–	April 1947	9
May 1947	–	November 1948	19	December 1948	–	February 1950	15
March 1950	–	December 1951	22	January 1952	–	March 1953	15
April 1953	–	April 1955	25	May 1955	–	September 1956	17
October 1956	–	January 1958	16	February 1958	–	March 1959	14
April 1959	–	April 1960	13	May 1960	–	August 1961	16
September 1961	–	April 1965	44	May 1965	–	December 1965	8
January 1966	–	May 1967	17	June 1967	–	December 1967	7
January 1968	–	December 1970	36	January 1971	–	August 1972	20
September 1972	–	August 1974	24	September 1974	–	December 1977	40
January 1978	–	August 1981	44	September 1981	–	March 1983	19
April 1983	–	June 1984	15	July 1984	–	March 1986	21
April 1986	–	February 1989	35	March 1989	–	May 1993	51
June 1993	–	November 1996	42	December 1996	–	August 1999	33
September 1999	–	November 2007	99	December 2007	–	August 2009	21
September 2009	–	November 2013	51	December 2013	–	April 2017	41
May 2017	–	June 2019	26	July 2019	–	April 2020	10
May 2020	–	March 2022	23	April 2022	–		

Experimental tables

Experimental tables

Page E

Integrated economic accounts

Current and capital account: Selected items by institutional sector for the quarter ended 30 June 2025	2
Current and capital account: Selected items by institutional sector	3
Current and capital account: Selected ratios by institutional sector	4
Non-financial asset stock positions by institutional sector as at 30 June 2025	5
Produced fixed asset accumulation accounts for the second quarter of 2025	6
Financial assets and liabilities stock positions by institutional sector as at 30 June 2025.....	7
Financial assets and accumulation accounts by institutional sector for the second quarter of 2025	8
Liabilities and accumulation accounts by institutional sector for the second quarter of 2025	9
Financial assets and liabilities stock positions	10
From-whom-to-whom market value positions of total financial assets and liabilities between resident institutional sectors and the rest of the world as at 30 June 2025	11
Composition of institutional sector wealth as at 30 June 2025	12

Public sector debt

Gross public sector debt by institutional sector	13
Gross public sector debt by financial instrument	14

Capital markets

Outstanding rand-denominated debt securities issued in the domestic market (at nominal value)	15
Outstanding rand-denominated debt securities issued in the domestic market (at market value)	16

Balance of payments

Trade account of the balance of payments by stage of production	17

Current and capital account: Selected items¹ by institutional sector for the quarter ended 30 June 2025

R millions

	Non-financial corporations	Financial corporations	General government	Households ²	Total domestic economy	Rest of the world
Output (resource).....	2 602 512	224 033	422 551	528 484	3 777 580	-
Gross value added/gross domestic product³.....	1 010 240	120 093	295 292	292 321	1 897 731	-
Compensation of employees (use).....	463 460	70 976	247 457	78 685	860 578	4 440
Gross operating surplus/mixed income⁴.....	525 051	47 879	45 606	203 284	821 820	-
Compensation of employees (resource).....	-	-	-	860 194	860 194	4 824
Gross balance of primary income/gross national income.....	326 900	53 090	203 115	1 290 393	1 873 498	-
Current taxes on income and wealth (use) ⁵	82 276	15 754	-	189 016	287 046	-
Gross disposable income.....	228 946	51 006	361 019	1 225 340	1 866 311	-
Gross saving (resource).....	215 547	30 655	9 990	23 938	280 130	-
Consumption of fixed capital (use).....	168 345	6 595	44 003	42 515	261 458	-
Net saving/Current external balance⁶.....	47 202	24 060	-34 013	-18 577	18 672	-8 656
Capital transfers receivable (resource).....	3 689	-	1 408	3 311	8 408	18
Capital transfers payable (resource, indicated with (-)).....	-5	-	-6 974	-1 367	-8 346	-80
Gross capital formation (use).....	186 701	6 095	44 704	33 974	271 474	-
Gross fixed capital formation (use).....	171 579	6 094	44 739	33 928	256 340	-
Change in inventories (use).....	15 123	0	-34	46	15 135	-
Net lending (+)/borrowing (-).....	32 528	24 560	-40 279	-8 091	8 718	-8 718
Net lending (+)/borrowing (-) as percentage of GDP.....	1.7	1.3	-2.1	-0.4	0.5	-0.5

Resource = receipts

Use = expenditure

KB901

1 Current and capital account balancing items in bold

2 Including non-profit institutions serving households

3 Applicable to the total domestic economy

4 Applicable to the household sector

5 Reflecting current tax payments by sectors to general government

6 Applicable to the rest of the world

Current and capital account: Selected items by institutional sector**Current prices**

R millions

		2023		2024					2025	
		04	Year	01	02	03	04	Year	01	02
Gross value added/Gross domestic product¹ (6006K)		1 822 220	7 037 674	1 755 513	1 849 721	1 847 046	1 900 170	7 352 450	1 801 923	1 897 731
Non-financial corporations.....	(9001K)	979 639	3 745 031	904 527	988 879	987 320	1 024 412	3 905 138	926 546	1 010 240
Financial corporations.....	(9002K)	114 464	452 929	114 243	119 342	119 150	118 386	471 121	114 473	120 093
General government.....	(9003K)	282 305	1 084 177	285 447	285 126	292 787	294 641	1 158 001	286 975	295 292
Households ²	(9004K)	258 398	1 039 081	266 592	283 496	268 892	272 339	1 091 319	278 254	292 321
Gross operating surplus/mixed income³	(6212K)	765 217	3 001 675	741 288	816 629	783 864	801 457	3 143 238	738 089	821 820
Non-financial corporations.....	(9006K)	499 823	1 929 966	457 779	521 746	508 737	524 478	2 012 740	455 032	525 051
Financial corporations.....	(9007K)	50 170	202 376	52 762	52 820	48 863	49 351	203 796	46 357	47 879
General government.....	(9008K)	41 135	162 839	46 715	43 744	45 560	42 853	178 872	44 623	45 606
Households ²	(9009K)	174 089	706 494	184 033	198 319	180 704	184 775	747 831	192 077	203 284
Gross disposable income	(6018K)	1 798 724	6 902 996	1 692 328	1 824 951	1 779 928	1 864 832	7 162 039	1 735 365	1 866 311
Non-financial corporations.....	(9011K)	202 427	924 738	222 649	261 273	214 672	192 378	890 972	219 543	228 946
Financial corporations.....	(9012K)	63 685	260 496	68 564	64 493	43 879	41 724	218 660	50 135	51 006
General government.....	(9013K)	358 830	1 158 667	279 209	348 733	220 681	383 499	1 232 122	297 625	361 019
Households ²	(9014K)	1 173 782	4 559 095	1 121 906	1 150 452	1 300 696	1 247 231	4 820 285	1 168 062	1 225 340
Gross saving⁴.....	(6203K)	250 476	1 006 767	188 319	295 399	247 024	255 723	986 465	198 591	280 130
Non-financial corporations.....	(9015K)	215 154	904 255	201 156	245 537	223 271	212 382	882 346	217 751	215 547
Financial corporations.....	(9016K)	43 862	171 341	45 087	43 821	34 346	42 704	165 958	40 631	30 655
General government.....	(9017K)	2 752	-191 128	-69 436	2 940	-133 662	21 452	-178 706	-53 811	9 990
Households ²	(9018K)	-11 292	122 299	11 512	3 101	123 069	-20 815	116 867	-5 980	23 938
Gross capital formation	(6180K)	251 438	1 083 191	234 375	275 577	283 222	241 283	1 034 457	247 143	271 474
Non-financial corporations.....	(9020K)	157 798	717 237	147 144	184 488	191 798	144 736	668 166	162 938	186 701
Financial corporations.....	(9021K)	7 879	25 877	5 961	8 776	6 995	9 907	31 639	5 591	6 095
General government.....	(9022K)	44 307	177 753	46 075	45 491	45 055	47 304	183 925	46 616	44 704
Households ²	(9023K)	41 454	162 324	35 195	36 822	39 374	39 336	150 727	31 998	33 974
Net lending (+)/net borrowing (-).....	(6672K)	-904	-76 188	-45 998	19 883	-36 134	14 504	-47 745	-48 493	8 718
Non-financial corporations.....	(9025K)	59 437	230 289	55 572	61 102	31 592	67 828	216 094	55 087	32 528
Financial corporations.....	(9026K)	35 983	150 983	39 126	35 045	27 351	32 797	134 319	35 040	24 560
General government.....	(9027K)	-46 577	-427 691	-120 441	-45 124	-181 802	-29 132	-376 499	-103 341	-40 279
Households ²	(9028K)	-49 747	-29 769	-20 255	-31 140	86 725	-56 989	-21 659	-35 279	-8 091

KB905

1 Applicable to the total domestic economy

2 Including non-profit institutions serving households

3 Applicable to the household sector

4 A negative value represents gross dissaving

Current and capital account: Selected ratios by institutional sector

At current prices

Percentage

Selected items as percentage of total economy		2023			2024					2025	
		03	04	Year	01	02	03	04	Year	01	02
Gross value added at basic prices											
Non-financial corporations.....	(6450K)	59.3	59.9	59.2	57.6	59.0	59.2	59.9	58.9	57.7	58.8
Financial corporations.....	(6451K)	7.2	7.0	7.2	7.3	7.1	7.1	6.9	7.1	7.1	7.0
General government.....	(6452K)	17.3	17.3	17.2	18.2	17.0	17.6	17.2	17.5	17.9	17.2
Households ¹	(6453K)	16.2	15.8	16.4	17.0	16.9	16.1	15.9	16.5	17.3	17.0
Gross operating surplus/mixed income²											
Non-financial corporations.....	(6454K)	64.7	65.3	64.3	61.8	63.9	64.9	65.4	64.0	61.7	63.9
Financial corporations.....	(6455K)	6.7	6.6	6.7	7.1	6.5	6.2	6.2	6.5	6.3	5.8
General government.....	(6456K)	5.5	5.4	5.4	6.3	5.4	5.8	5.3	5.7	6.0	5.5
Households ¹	(6457K)	23.1	22.8	23.5	24.8	24.3	23.1	23.1	23.8	26.0	24.7
Gross disposable income											
Non-financial corporations.....	(6458K)	13.5	11.3	13.4	13.2	14.3	12.1	10.3	12.4	12.7	12.3
Financial corporations.....	(6459K)	4.5	3.5	3.8	4.1	3.5	2.5	2.2	3.1	2.9	2.7
General government.....	(6460K)	12.1	19.9	16.8	16.5	19.1	12.4	20.6	17.2	17.2	19.3
Households ¹	(6461K)	69.9	65.3	66.0	66.3	63.0	73.1	66.9	67.3	67.3	65.7
Gross saving³											
Non-financial corporations.....	(6462K)	92.8	85.9	89.8	106.8	83.1	90.4	83.1	89.4	109.6	76.9
Financial corporations.....	(6463K)	19.6	17.5	17.0	23.9	14.8	13.9	16.7	16.8	20.5	10.9
General government.....	(6464K)	-53.1	1.1	-19.0	-36.9	1.0	-54.1	8.4	-18.1	-27.1	3.6
Households ¹	(6465K)	40.7	-4.5	12.1	6.1	1.0	49.8	-8.1	11.8	-3.0	8.5
Gross capital formation											
Non-financial corporations.....	(6466K)	67.8	62.8	66.2	62.8	66.9	67.7	60.0	64.6	65.9	68.8
Financial corporations.....	(6467K)	2.2	3.1	2.4	2.5	3.2	2.5	4.1	3.1	2.3	2.2
General government.....	(6468K)	15.4	17.6	16.4	19.7	16.5	15.9	19.6	17.8	18.9	16.5
Households ¹	(6469K)	14.6	16.5	15.0	15.0	13.4	13.9	16.3	14.6	12.9	12.5
Net lending (+)/net borrowing (-) as percentage of GDP											
Non-financial corporations.....	(6470K)	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.3	1.7	3.6	2.9	3.1	1.7
Financial corporations.....	(6471K)	2.5	2.0	2.1	2.2	1.9	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.3
General government.....	(6472K)	-10.5	-2.6	-6.1	-6.9	-2.4	-9.8	-1.5	-5.1	-5.7	-2.1
Households ¹	(6473K)	3.8	-2.7	-0.4	-1.2	-1.7	4.7	-3.0	-0.3	-2.0	-0.4
Total	(6474K)	-1.0	0.0	-1.1	-2.6	1.1	-2.0	0.8	-0.6	-2.7	0.5

KB912

1 Including non-profit institutions serving households

2 Applicable to the household sector

3 A negative value represents gross dissaving

Non-financial asset stock positions by institutional sector as at 30 June 2025

R millions

	Non-financial corporations	Financial corporations	General government	Households ¹	Total domestic economy
Dwellings.....	146 300	9 438	234 499	3 436 738	3 826 974
Buildings other than dwellings	677 244	73 619	505 311	67 126	1 323 300
Other structures.....	2 392 318	43 488	2 631 417	77 530	5 144 753
Machinery and equipment	2 689 525	32 179	241 688	88 328	3 051 721
Transport equipment.....	789 648	6 954	77 638	16 754	890 995
ICT equipment.....	32 169	11 363	15 363	219	59 114
Other machinery and equipment.....	1 867 708	13 861	148 687	71 356	2 101 612
Cultivated biological resources.....	33 783	-	1 359	32 080	67 222
Intellectual property	221 193	17 400	110 591	58	349 241
Total fixed assets.....	6 160 362	176 123	3 724 866	3 701 861	13 763 212
Inventories.....	1 067 055	307	2 277	32 021	1 101 659
Total produced assets.....	7 227 417	176 430	3 727 143	3 733 882	14 864 871
Land underlying dwellings.....	139 439	14 603	224 722	2 246 527	2 625 291
Land underlying buildings other than dwellings	238 985	26 103	181 371	23 044	469 502
Land underlying other structures.....	930 093	7 005	990 723	12 860	1 940 681
Farmland.....	157 271	-	-	282 141	439 412
Total land.....	1 465 788	47 711	1 396 815	2 564 572	5 474 886
Total non-produced assets.....	1 465 788	47 711	1 396 815	2 564 572	5 474 886
Total non-financial assets.....	8 693 204	224 141	5 123 958	6 298 454	20 339 757
<i>Memo items: Real estate²</i>					
Dwellings.....	285 739	24 040	459 221	5 683 265	6 452 265
Buildings other than dwellings	916 228	99 722	686 682	90 170	1 792 802
Other structures.....	3 322 411	50 493	3 622 140	90 391	7 085 435
Total real estate.....	4 524 378	174 256	4 768 042	5 863 826	15 330 502

KB902

¹ Including non-profit institutions serving households² Real estate is property consisting of land and the buildings on it.
Components may not add up to totals due to rounding off.

Produced fixed asset accumulation accounts for the second quarter of 2025

R millions

	Opening stock ¹ 1 April 2025	Fixed capital formation	Consumption of fixed capital	Revaluation	Closing stock 30 June 2025
Dwellings	3 781 740	35 215	38 933	48 952	3 826 974
Buildings other than dwellings	1 335 190	15 901	22 937	-4 854	1 323 300
Other structures.....	5 092 160	48 454	52 240	56 380	5 144 753
Machinery and equipment	3 027 554	135 845	134 716	23 038	3 051 721
Transport equipment	892 818	28 517	29 864	-476	890 995
ICT equipment.....	58 098	6 669	6 643	991	59 114
Other machinery and equipment.....	2 076 638	100 659	98 209	22 524	2 101 612
Cultivated biological resources.....	63 233	1 195	3 293	6 087	67 222
Intellectual property	341 810	19 616	20 369	8 185	349 241
Total produced fixed assets	13 641 686	256 226	272 488	137 788	13 763 212

KB909

1 The opening stock for a specific period equates to the closing stock of the previous period.

Financial assets and liabilities stock positions by institutional sector as at 30 June 2025

R millions

	Non-financial corporations	Financial corporations	General government	Households ¹	Total domestic economy	Rest of the world	Total
Monetary gold ² and Special Drawing Rights	-	344 101	-	-	344 101	107 816	451 917
Currency and deposits.....	1 659 197	2 581 759	827 074	2 055 245	7 123 275	342 790	7 466 066
Debt securities.....	50 354	7 076 043	201 478	55 128	7 383 004	1 451 369	8 834 373
Loans	277 758	6 029 106	373 210	230	6 680 303	1 206 028	7 886 331
Equity and investment fund shares/units.....	3 242 261	10 101 647	775 796	6 590 854	20 710 559	3 884 135	24 594 694
Insurance, pension and standardised guarantee schemes....	90 814	2 693 757	336 435	9 047 679	12 168 685	342 914	12 511 598
Financial derivatives and employee stock options	38 663	472 719	-	-	511 382	140 865	652 247
Other accounts receivable	797 915	697 729	842 587	205 661	2 543 891	163 924	2 707 815
Total financial assets.....	6 156 962	29 996 860	3 356 580	17 954 797	57 465 199	7 639 842	65 105 041
Special Drawing Rights.....	-	-	107 816	-	107 816	108 758	216 573
Currency and deposits.....	-	6 729 617	-	-	6 729 617	736 449	7 466 066
Debt securities.....	588 185	2 109 785	5 143 071	-	7 841 041	993 332	8 834 373
Loans	2 864 981	1 741 831	254 909	2 565 387	7 427 109	459 222	7 886 331
Equity and investment fund shares/units.....	8 070 344	9 132 363	84 042	-	17 286 748	7 307 945	24 594 694
Insurance, pension and standardised guarantee schemes....	109	11 680 531	339 197	-	12 019 837	491 761	12 511 598
Financial derivatives and employee stock options	38 976	483 681	294	-	522 951	129 296	652 247
Other accounts payable.....	672 905	802 233	637 973	474 802	2 587 913	119 902	2 707 815
Total liabilities	12 235 500	32 680 041	6 567 301	3 040 189	54 523 032	10 346 666	64 869 697

KB903

¹ Including non-profit institutions serving households² Monetary gold has no corresponding liability in the financial balance sheets, which results in the difference between the assets and liabilities.

Financial assets and accumulation accounts by institutional sector for the second quarter 2025

R millions

	Non-financial corporations	Financial corporations	General government	Households ¹	Total domestic economy	Rest of the world	Total
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights.....	-	339 795	-	-	339 795	107 717	447 512
Currency and deposits.....	1 656 901	2 455 517	742 429	2 017 789	6 872 635	351 188	7 223 823
Debt securities.....	48 378	6 853 526	194 491	55 194	7 151 589	1 380 209	8 531 798
Loans	282 139	5 960 321	388 765	232	6 631 457	1 227 982	7 859 439
Equity and investment fund shares/units.....	3 085 887	9 426 746	787 635	6 099 939	19 400 207	3 678 586	23 078 793
Insurance, pension and standardised guarantee schemes....	87 631	2 567 081	317 233	8 583 775	11 555 719	326 349	11 882 068
Financial derivatives and employee stock options	40 697	403 322	-	-	444 019	116 708	560 727
Other accounts receivable	833 713	696 545	800 052	210 574	2 540 885	170 149	2 711 034
Closing balance sheet (31 March 2025)²	6 035 345	28 702 853	3 230 605	16 967 503	54 936 306	7 358 888	62 295 194
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights.....	-	4 306	-	-	4 306	99	4 405
Currency and deposits.....	2 296	126 242	84 645	37 456	250 640	-8 398	242 243
Debt securities.....	1 976	222 517	6 987	-66	231 415	71 160	302 575
Loans	-4 381	68 785	-15 555	-2	48 846	-21 954	26 892
Equity and investment fund shares/units.....	156 374	674 901	-11 839	490 915	1 310 352	205 549	1 515 901
Insurance, pension and standardised guarantee schemes....	3 183	126 676	19 202	463 904	612 966	16 565	629 530
Financial derivatives and employee stock options	-2 034	69 397	-	-	67 363	24 157	91 520
Other accounts receivable	-35 798	1 184	42 535	-4 913	3 006	- 6 225	-3 219
Accumulation accounts³	121 617	1 294 007	125 975	987 294	2 528 893	280 954	2 809 847
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights.....	-	344 101	-	-	344 101	107 816	451 917
Currency and deposits.....	1 659 197	2 581 759	827 074	2 055 245	7 123 275	342 790	7 466 066
Debt securities.....	50 354	7 076 043	201 478	55 128	7 383 004	1 451 369	8 834 373
Loans	277 758	6 029 106	373 210	230	6 680 303	1 206 028	7 886 331
Equity and investment fund shares/units.....	3 242 261	10 101 647	775 796	6 590 854	20 710 559	3 884 135	24 594 694
Insurance, pension and standardised guarantee schemes....	90 814	2 693 757	336 435	9 047 679	12 168 685	342 914	12 511 598
Financial derivatives and employee stock options	38 663	472 719	-	-	511 382	140 865	652 247
Other accounts receivable	797 915	697 729	842 587	205 661	2 543 891	163 924	2 707 815
Closing balance sheet (30 June 2025)	6 156 962	29 996 860	3 356 580	17 954 797	57 465 199	7 639 842	65 105 041

KB910

¹ Including non-profit institutions serving households² The closing stock for a specific period equates to the opening stock of the following period.³ Accumulation accounts comprises transactions, other volume changes, and revaluations between opening and closing positions.

Liabilities and accumulation accounts by institutional sector for the second quarter of 2025

R millions

	Non-financial corporations	Financial corporations	General government	Households ¹	Total domestic economy	Rest of the world	Total
Special Drawing Rights.....	-	-	107 717	-	107 717	108 600	216 317
Currency and deposits.....	-	6 488 651	-	-	6 488 651	735 172	7 223 823
Debt securities.....	591 005	2 093 495	4 869 802	-	7 554 302	977 496	8 531 798
Loans	2 873 997	1 703 409	249 634	2 548 293	7 375 332	484 107	7 859 439
Equity and investment fund shares/units.....	7 591 683	8 626 342	4 292	-	16 222 317	6 856 476	23 078 793
Insurance, pension and standardised guarantee schemes....	110	11 112 148	323 164	-	11 435 422	446 646	11 882 068
Financial derivatives and employee stock options	30 409	419 831	155	-	450 395	110 331	560 727
Other accounts payable.....	671 851	830 858	609 836	471 020	2 583 565	127 469	2 711 034
Closing balance sheet (31 March 2025)²	11 759 055	31 274 734	6 164 601	3 019 312	52 217 702	9 846 298	62 064 000
Special Drawing Rights.....	-	-	99	-	99	158	256
Currency and deposits.....	-	240 966	-	-	240 966	1 277	242 243
Debt securities.....	-2 820	16 290	273 269	-	286 739	15 836	302 575
Loans	- 9 016	38 422	5 275	17 094	51 777	-24 885	26 892
Equity and investment fund shares/units.....	478 661	506 021	79 750	-	1 064 431	451 469	1 515 901
Insurance, pension and standardised guarantee schemes....	- 1	568 383	16 033	-	584 415	45 115	629 530
Financial derivatives and employee stock options	8 567	63 850	139	-	72 556	18 965	91 520
Other accounts payable.....	1 054	-28 625	28 137	3 782	4 348	-7 567	-3 219
Accumulation accounts³	476 445	1 405 307	402 700	20 877	2 305 330	500 368	2 805 697
Special Drawing Rights.....	-	-	107 816	-	107 816	108 758	216 573
Currency and deposits.....	-	6 729 617	-	-	6 729 617	736 449	7 466 066
Debt securities.....	588 185	2 109 785	5 143 071	-	7 841 041	993 332	8 834 373
Loans	2 864 981	1 741 831	254 909	2 565 387	7 427 109	459 222	7 886 331
Equity and investment fund shares/units.....	8 070 344	9 132 363	84 042	-	17 286 748	7 307 945	24 594 694
Insurance, pension and standardised guarantee schemes....	109	11 680 531	339 197	-	12 019 837	491 761	12 511 598
Financial derivatives and employee stock options	38 976	483 681	294	-	522 951	129 296	652 247
Other accounts payable.....	672 905	802 233	637 973	474 802	2 587 913	119 902	2 707 815
Closing balance sheet (30 June 2025)	12 235 500	32 680 041	6 567 301	3 040 189	54 523 032	10 346 666	64 869 697

KB911

¹ Including non-profit institutions serving households² The closing stock for a specific period equates to the opening stock of the following period.³ Accumulation accounts comprises transactions, other volume changes, and revaluations between opening and closing positions.

Financial assets and liabilities stock positions

R millions

		2023		2024				2025	
		03	04	01	02	03	04	01	02
Monetary gold ¹ and Special Drawing Rights.....	(9501K)	361 410	373 357	391 429	383 190	389 898	414 215	447 512	451 917
Monetary gold.....	(9502K)	142 114	154 410	169 535	171 281	183 507	197 636	231 195	235 344
Special Drawing Rights	(9503K)	219 297	218 946	221 894	211 909	206 391	216 579	216 317	216 573
Currency and deposits	(9504K)	6 419 742	6 487 134	6 605 473	6 616 057	6 972 280	7 259 065	7 223 823	7 466 066
Currency.....	(9506K)	171 554	181 805	170 955	168 648	171 678	182 292	169 087	170 940
Deposits	(9507K)	6 248 188	6 305 328	6 434 517	6 447 409	6 800 602	7 076 773	7 054 736	7 295 125
Debt securities	(9511K)	7 683 907	7 932 303	7 790 746	8 033 550	8 398 839	8 632 644	8 531 798	8 834 373
Short-term securities.....	(9513K)	1 509 050	1 534 235	1 498 694	1 501 740	1 512 751	1 514 671	1 476 709	1 519 964
Long-term securities	(9514K)	6 174 857	6 398 068	6 292 052	6 531 810	6 886 087	7 117 973	7 055 089	7 314 409
Loans.....	(9515K)	7 590 900	7 584 647	7 881 689	7 706 663	7 628 825	7 765 339	7 859 439	7 886 331
Short-term loans.....	(9517K)	1 618 979	1 544 786	1 643 701	1 544 723	1 689 920	1 684 369	1 691 428	1 679 477
Long-term loans	(9518K)	5 971 921	6 039 861	6 237 988	6 161 940	5 938 905	6 080 970	6 168 011	6 206 854
Equity and investment fund shares/units.....	(9519K)	20 001 244	20 774 643	20 616 933	21 247 545	22 404 002	22 486 913	23 078 793	24 594 694
Equity	(9520K)	14 086 651	14 559 735	14 181 436	14 722 597	15 674 781	15 484 051	15 988 190	17 046 576
Investment fund shares/units	(9524K)	5 914 593	6 214 908	6 435 497	6 524 948	6 729 221	7 002 862	7 090 604	7 548 117
Insurance, pension and standardised guarantee schemes.....	(9527K)	9 987 147	10 509 791	10 669 295	11 215 232	11 686 613	11 720 786	11 882 068	12 511 598
Non-life insurance technical reserves	(9528K)	211 721	211 073	198 865	207 822	210 164	210 522	202 713	208 892
Life insurance and annuity entitlements.....	(9529K)	3 887 144	4 161 217	4 259 140	4 550 439	4 729 691	4 767 490	4 774 782	5 063 571
Retirement entitlements	(9530K)	5 888 282	6 137 502	6 211 289	6 456 970	6 746 757	6 742 774	6 904 573	7 239 135
Financial derivatives and employee stock options.....	(9536K)	650 314	571 201	555 665	557 397	642 490	574 651	560 727	652 247
Other accounts receivable	(9540K)	2 380 589	2 289 597	2 459 974	2 513 915	2 692 331	2 513 624	2 711 034	2 707 815
Trade credits and advances	(9542K)	220 850	192 392	218 686	202 682	217 303	200 470	235 016	221 942
Other accounts receivable, excluding trade credits and advances.....	(9543K)	2 159 739	2 097 206	2 241 287	2 311 234	2 475 027	2 313 154	2 476 018	2 485 873
Total financial assets.....	(9500K)	55 075 255	56 522 673	56 971 202	58 273 549	60 815 277	61 367 236	62 295 194	65 105 041
Special Drawing Rights.....	(9603K)	219 297	218 946	221 894	211 909	206 391	216 579	216 317	216 573
Currency and deposits	(9604K)	6 419 742	6 487 134	6 605 473	6 616 057	6 972 280	7 259 065	7 223 823	7 466 066
Currency.....	(9606K)	171 554	181 805	170 955	168 648	171 678	182 292	169 087	170 940
Deposits	(9607K)	6 248 188	6 305 328	6 434 517	6 447 409	6 800 602	7 076 773	7 054 736	7 295 125
Debt securities	(9611K)	7 683 907	7 932 303	7 790 746	8 033 550	8 398 839	8 632 644	8 531 798	8 834 373
Short-term securities.....	(9613K)	1 509 050	1 534 235	1 498 694	1 501 740	1 512 751	1 514 671	1 476 709	1 519 964
Long-term securities	(9614K)	6 174 857	6 398 068	6 292 052	6 531 810	6 886 087	7 117 973	7 055 089	7 314 409
Loans.....	(9615K)	7 590 900	7 584 647	7 881 689	7 706 663	7 628 825	7 765 339	7 859 439	7 886 331
Short-term loans.....	(9617K)	1 618 979	1 544 786	1 643 701	1 544 723	1 689 920	1 684 369	1 691 428	1 679 477
Long-term loans	(9618K)	5 971 921	6 039 861	6 237 988	6 161 940	5 938 905	6 080 970	6 168 011	6 206 854
Equity and investment fund shares/units.....	(9619K)	20 001 244	20 774 643	20 616 933	21 247 545	22 404 002	22 486 913	23 078 793	24 594 694
Equity	(9620K)	14 086 651	14 559 735	14 181 436	14 722 597	15 674 781	15 484 051	15 988 190	17 046 576
Investment fund shares/units	(9624K)	5 914 593	6 214 908	6 435 497	6 524 948	6 729 221	7 002 862	7 090 604	7 548 117
Insurance, pension and standardised guarantee schemes.....	(9627K)	9 987 147	10 509 791	10 669 295	11 215 232	11 686 613	11 720 786	11 882 068	12 511 598
Non-life insurance technical reserves	(9628K)	211 721	211 073	198 865	207 822	210 164	210 522	202 713	208 892
Life insurance and annuity entitlements.....	(9629K)	3 887 144	4 161 217	4 259 140	4 550 439	4 729 691	4 767 490	4 774 782	5 063 571
Retirement entitlements	(9630K)	5 888 282	6 137 502	6 211 289	6 456 970	6 746 757	6 742 774	6 904 573	7 239 135
Financial derivatives and employee stock options...	(9636K)	650 314	571 201	555 665	557 397	642 490	574 651	560 727	652 247
Other accounts payable	(9640K)	2 380 589	2 289 597	2 459 974	2 513 915	2 692 331	2 513 624	2 711 034	2 707 815
Trade credits and advances	(9642K)	220 850	192 392	218 686	202 682	217 303	200 470	235 016	221 942
Other accounts payable, excluding trade credits and advances	(9643K)	2 159 739	2 097 206	2 241 287	2 311 234	2 475 027	2 313 154	2 476 018	2 485 873
Total liabilities	(9600K)	54 933 141	56 368 263	56 801 668	58 102 268	60 631 770	61 169 599	62 064 000	64 869 697

KB906

1 Monetary gold has no corresponding liability in the financial balance sheets, which results in the difference between the assets and liabilities.

From-whom-to-whom market value positions of total financial assets and liabilities between resident institutional sectors and the rest of the world as at 30 June 2025

R millions

Institutional sectors		Liabilities by institutional sector (vertical)					Total assets	Total
		Non-financial corporations	Financial corporations	General government	Households ¹	Rest of the world		
Financial assets by institutional sector (horizontal)	Non-financial corporations	199 291	2 459 345	286 968	84 924	3 126 434	6 156 962	65 105 041
	Financial corporations.....	4 899 982	11 616 465	3 765 180	2 603 255	6 876 634	29 996 860	
	General government	537 227	1 956 739	483 370	351 872	27 373	3 356 580	
	Households ¹	3 301 330	13 932 995	404 109	138	316 225	17 954 797	
	Rest of the world	3 297 670	2 714 498	1 627 674	-	-	7 639 842	
Total liabilities		12 235 500	32 680 041	6 567 301	3 040 189	10 346 666	2 706 824²	
Total		64 869 697						235 344³

KB904

1 Including non-profit institutions serving households

2 This value is an approximation to the net international investment position excluding monetary gold, which has no corresponding liability in the financial balance sheets.

3 This is the value of the monetary gold held by the SARB as at 30 June 2025; it equates to the difference between the balanced assets and liabilities because monetary gold has no corresponding liability in the financial balance sheets.

Components may not add up to totals due to rounding off.

Composition of institutional sector wealth as at 30 June 2025

	Non-financial corporations	Financial corporations	General government	Households ¹	Total domestic economy	Rest of the world
R millions						
Net financial wealth ²	-6 078 538	-2 683 181	-3 210 721	14 914 608	2 942 167	-2 706 824
Financial assets.....	6 156 962	29 996 860	3 356 580	17 954 797	57 465 199	7 639 842
Liabilities.....	12 235 500	32 680 041	6 567 301	3 040 189	54 523 032	10 346 666
Non-financial assets.....	8 693 204	224 141	5 123 958	6 298 454	20 339 757	-
Produced assets.....	7 227 417	176 430	3 727 143	3 733 882	14 864 871	-
Non-produced assets.....	1 465 788	47 711	1 396 815	2 564 572	5 474 886	-
Net worth ³	2 614 666	-2 459 040	1 913 237	21 213 062	23 281 924	-2 706 824
Change in net worth ⁴	-601 863	-498 807	-169 297	1 014 049	-255 919	-260 690
As a percentage of GDP						
Net financial wealth.....	-80.5	-35.6	-42.5	197.6	39.0	-35.9
Financial assets.....	81.6	397.5	44.5	237.9	761.4	101.2
Liabilities.....	162.1	433.0	87.0	40.3	722.4	137.1
Non-financial assets.....	115.2	3.0	67.9	83.5	269.5	-
Produced assets.....	95.8	2.3	49.4	49.5	197.0	-
Non-produced assets.....	19.4	0.6	18.5	34.0	72.5	-
Net worth.....	34.6	-32.6	25.4	281.1	308.5	-35.9
Change in net worth.....	-8.0	-6.6	-2.2	13.4	-3.4	-3.5

KB913

1 Including non-profit institutions serving households.

2 Total financial assets *minus* total liabilities.3 Total financial and non-financial assets *minus* total liabilities.

4 Quarter-to-quarter change.

Gross public sector debt by institutional sector¹

R millions

End of	Total consolidated public sector debt ²										
	General government							Public corporations			Consolidated public sector ⁴
	Central government				Provincial government ⁵	Local government ³	Consolidated general government ⁴	Non-financial ³	Financial ^{3, 6}	Financial: excluding monetary institutions pension funds and selected institutions	
	National government ³	Extra-budgetary institutions ³	Social security funds ³	Consolidated central government ⁴							
31 March											
2019	2 755 654	76 979	232 739	2 941 133	28 913	206 775	3 121 371	953 273	2 973 932	137 193	6 027 933
2020	2 883 920	82 587	217 998	3 053 334	31 472	275 697	3 298 296	953 049	3 057 917	143 258	6 093 021
2021	3 713 602	76 886	198 116	3 877 813	34 015	279 168	4 131 420	864 483	3 320 694	142 531	7 166 808
2022	4 121 516	91 544	212 078	4 270 604	35 636	265 996	4 505 392	778 580	3 612 813	124 727	7 745 952
2023	4 398 360	76 223	234 936	4 521 158	33 803	260 490	4 767 694	915 991	3 765 870	120 695	8 162 145
2024	4 636 681	76 816	260 340	4 789 241	32 737	285 529	5 053 650	870 912	3 990 842	114 742	8 510 211
2025	5 285 569	98 296	304 169	5 468 873	38 500	300 499	5 748 063	947 532	4 250 816	123 448	9 465 132
31 December											
2019	3 100 058	84 485	244 264	3 290 489	30 533	267 769	3 527 643	961 629	3 064 550	136 946	6 471 250
2020	3 733 272	79 030	190 026	3 890 295	32 844	280 122	4 142 663	916 440	3 249 304	139 525	7 177 631
2021	4 212 032	93 676	210 996	4 368 510	34 291	271 814	4 610 441	812 359	3 625 846	129 648	7 818 897
2022	4 274 437	75 034	228 185	4 407 716	33 887	265 065	4 651 734	886 632	3 757 897	116 856	8 017 384
2023	4 749 782	70 500	259 749	4 880 510	33 220	274 635	5 137 423	848 340	3 994 449	118 464	8 584 666
2024	5 366 114	96 944	300 557	5 503 414	38 076	300 982	5 782 111	942 354	4 217 225	122 448	9 461 811
2019: 03.....	3 039 589	88 903	243 355	3 242 896	29 371	264 408	3 476 592	965 661	3 124 502	140 630	6 409 675
04.....	3 100 058	84 485	244 264	3 290 489	30 533	267 769	3 527 643	961 629	3 064 550	136 946	6 471 250
2020: 01.....	2 883 920	82 587	217 998	3 053 334	31 472	275 697	3 298 296	953 049	3 057 917	143 258	6 093 021
02.....	3 253 262	84 194	200 735	3 438 471	31 247	290 771	3 697 838	970 907	3 255 087	150 209	6 637 841
03.....	3 466 578	77 637	188 749	3 628 462	32 047	282 579	3 881 479	937 568	3 269 036	153 060	6 846 466
04.....	3 733 272	79 030	190 026	3 890 295	32 844	280 122	4 142 663	916 440	3 249 304	139 525	7 177 631
2021: 01.....	3 713 602	76 886	198 116	3 877 813	34 015	279 168	4 131 420	864 483	3 320 694	142 531	7 166 808
02.....	3 960 989	78 438	206 211	4 122 011	32 344	267 299	4 363 084	850 081	3 367 516	139 855	7 437 054
03.....	4 037 190	86 349	206 495	4 194 838	33 318	270 890	4 437 550	813 843	3 491 927	131 538	7 519 216
04.....	4 212 032	93 676	210 996	4 368 510	34 291	271 814	4 610 441	812 359	3 625 846	129 648	7 818 897
2022: 01.....	4 121 516	91 544	212 078	4 270 604	35 636	265 996	4 505 392	778 580	3 612 813	124 727	7 745 952
02.....	4 153 764	81 567	211 189	4 287 241	34 069	274 459	4 527 988	821 590	3 602 314	125 088	7 680 896
03.....	4 200 026	81 759	220 690	4 340 085	33 996	264 872	4 577 560	849 166	3 657 282	127 405	7 804 379
04.....	4 274 437	75 034	228 185	4 407 716	33 887	265 065	4 651 734	886 632	3 757 897	116 856	8 017 384
2023: 01.....	4 398 360	76 223	234 936	4 521 158	33 803	260 490	4 767 694	915 991	3 765 870	120 695	8 162 145
02.....	4 482 595	73 322	237 495	4 603 050	34 025	249 653	4 840 470	892 261	3 973 504	124 408	8 285 718
03.....	4 459 553	74 056	243 883	4 582 876	33 682	257 708	4 826 066	877 358	3 886 564	119 929	8 229 443
04.....	4 749 782	70 500	259 749	4 880 510	33 220	274 635	5 137 423	848 340	3 994 449	118 464	8 584 666
2024: 01.....	4 636 681	76 816	260 340	4 789 241	32 737	285 529	5 053 650	870 912	3 990 842	114 742	8 510 211
02.....	4 881 697	95 783	272 864	5 040 201	32 774	295 066	5 311 991	898 121	4 051 225	114 133	8 766 414
03.....	5 197 159	96 956	299 837	5 374 099	39 946	306 197	5 658 246	936 414	4 054 671	115 152	9 374 959
04.....	5 366 114	96 944	300 557	5 503 414	38 076	300 982	5 782 111	942 354	4 217 225	122 448	9 461 811
2025: 01.....	5 285 569	98 296	304 169	5 468 873	38 500	300 499	5 748 063	947 532	4 250 816	123 448	9 465 132
02.....	5 558 520	93 324	317 708	5 747 050	38 541	304 217	6 030 232	909 747	4 405 847	122 740	9 849 027

KB907

¹ Statistics for the past two years are preliminary and subject to revision.² Comprises Special Drawing Rights (SDRs); currency and deposits; debt securities; loans; insurance pension and standardised guarantee schemes; and accounts payable. Foreign debt valued at 10:30 foreign exchange rates as at the end of each period.³ Unconsolidated subsectors.⁴ Statistics are consolidated (debtor-creditor relationships among the units in the same sector are eliminated); the subsectors presented in this table therefore do not add up to the totals.⁵ Including provincial departments as well as provincial extra-budgetary institutions.⁶ Including monetary institutions such as the South African Reserve Bank (SARB) the Corporation for Public Deposits (CPD) the Landbank Postbank and Public Investment Corporation (PIC) as well as public insurers and public pension funds such as the Government Employees Pension Fund (GEPPF).

Gross public sector debt by financial instrument¹

R millions

End of	Total consolidated public sector debt ²							Total consolidated public sector gross debt as % of GDP	Total consolidated public sector net debt as % of GDP ³
	Special Drawing Rights	Currency and deposits	Debt securities	Loans	Insurance, pension and standardised guarantee schemes	Accounts payable	Total		
31 March									
2019	29 959	287 755	2 986 607	418 870	1 958 135	346 607	6 027 933	111.1	79.4
2020	36 362	344 669	3 098 243	448 155	1 800 118	365 474	6 093 021	106.7	71.5
2021	31 234	278 767	3 855 519	445 268	2 166 620	389 400	7 166 808	127.7	93.5
2022	88 946	327 530	4 081 389	470 196	2 362 403	415 488	7 745 952	122.6	92.0
2023	105 533	430 464	4 239 068	575 397	2 406 907	404 776	8 162 145	120.6	87.3
2024	111 134	424 130	4 371 288	607 293	2 494 221	502 145	8 510 211	119.6	86.2
2025	107 717	519 591	4 987 616	575 981	2 826 977	447 249	9 465 132	127.9	95.1
31 December									
2019	28 889	298 011	3 320 155	409 373	2 035 488	379 334	6 471 250	115.0	82.8
2020	31 499	325 416	3 882 717	474 866	2 075 749	387 383	7 177 631	129.0	94.2
2021	98 205	338 913	4 181 754	480 062	2 314 638	405 324	7 818 897	126.0	92.6
2022	99 846	405 808	4 142 326	557 314	2 346 912	465 177	8 017 384	120.3	87.7
2023	109 692	416 964	4 489 873	588 910	2 507 423	471 804	8 584 666	122.0	89.0
2024	107 878	531 992	5 060 307	558 145	2 753 051	450 437	9 461 811	128.7	95.4
2019: 03.....	30 886	284 586	3 272 229	433 093	2 017 387	371 495	6 409 675	115.3	82.4
04.....	28 889	298 011	3 320 155	409 373	2 035 488	379 334	6 471 250	115.0	82.8
2020: 01.....	36 362	344 669	3 098 243	448 155	1 800 118	365 474	6 093 021	106.7	71.5
02.....	35 625	296 971	3 461 781	479 822	1 981 405	382 237	6 637 841	120.1	85.2
03.....	35 311	326 083	3 598 544	529 740	1 971 837	384 951	6 846 466	124.1	87.7
04.....	31 499	325 416	3 882 717	474 866	2 075 749	387 383	7 177 631	129.0	94.2
2021: 01.....	31 234	278 767	3 855 519	445 268	2 166 620	389 400	7 166 808	127.7	93.5
02.....	30 366	322 415	4 057 591	452 161	2 180 861	393 659	7 437 054	124.5	91.7
03.....	94 284	319 933	4 036 318	451 224	2 212 523	404 933	7 519 216	123.1	90.8
04.....	98 205	338 913	4 181 754	480 062	2 314 638	405 324	7 818 897	126.0	92.6
2022: 01.....	88 946	327 530	4 081 389	470 196	2 362 403	415 488	7 745 952	122.6	92.0
02.....	95 882	334 494	4 068 194	511 799	2 237 576	432 952	7 680 896	119.7	86.5
03.....	101 577	393 975	4 064 118	570 008	2 212 223	462 478	7 804 379	118.9	85.5
04.....	99 846	405 808	4 142 326	557 314	2 346 912	465 177	8 017 384	120.3	87.7
2023: 01.....	105 533	430 464	4 239 068	575 397	2 406 907	404 776	8 162 145	120.6	87.3
02.....	111 274	411 034	4 261 922	608 683	2 420 086	472 719	8 285 718	120.9	85.9
03.....	109 433	420 015	4 232 763	598 840	2 379 116	489 276	8 229 443	118.9	85.1
04.....	109 692	416 964	4 489 873	588 910	2 507 423	471 804	8 584 666	122.0	89.0
2024: 01.....	111 134	424 130	4 371 288	607 293	2 494 221	502 145	8 510 211	119.6	86.2
02.....	105 651	402 767	4 622 476	558 686	2 612 763	464 071	8 766 414	121.7	90.4
03.....	102 865	529 213	4 961 031	544 768	2 773 392	463 689	9 374 959	128.9	97.7
04.....	107 878	531 992	5 060 307	558 145	2 753 051	450 437	9 461 811	128.7	95.4
2025: 01.....	107 717	519 591	4 987 616	575 981	2 826 977	447 249	9 465 132	127.9	95.1
02.....	107 816	528 904	5 255 053	540 629	2 989 507	427 119	9 849 027	132.3	99.3

KB908

¹ Statistics for the past two years are preliminary and subject to revision.² The debtor-creditor relationships among public sector units are eliminated.³ Net debt is calculated as gross debt minus corresponding financial assets.

Outstanding rand-denominated debt securities issued in the domestic market^{1,2}

At nominal value

R millions

		2021	2022	2023	2024	Jul 2025	Aug 2025	Sep 2025	Oct 2025
By original maturity									
Residents	(2899J)	5 799 338	6 344 115	6 706 824	7 244 972	7 500 104	7 556 493	7 598 991	7 678 967
General government ³	(2900J)	3 869 987	4 214 163	4 581 656	5 054 011	5 299 294	5 346 364	5 383 435	5 437 059
Short term ⁴	(2901J)	447 754	422 279	517 184	539 193	569 903	572 658	576 713	580 448
Long term ⁵	(2902J)	3 422 232	3 791 884	4 064 472	4 514 818	4 729 391	4 773 706	4 806 723	4 856 611
Financial corporations ⁶	(2903J)	1 634 827	1 816 960	1 818 912	1 873 956	1 875 967	1 880 410	1 888 011	1 915 901
Short term	(2904J)	234 251	377 159	344 505	217 964	190 463	186 877	183 628	183 933
Long term	(2905J)	1 400 575	1 439 801	1 474 407	1 655 992	1 685 504	1 693 533	1 704 383	1 731 968
Non-financial corporations ⁷	(2906J)	294 525	312 992	306 256	317 005	324 843	329 719	327 545	326 007
Short term	(2907J)	2 733	4 018	10 721	3 773	9 601	9 889	9 764	2 662
Long term	(2908J)	291 792	308 974	295 535	313 232	315 242	319 830	317 781	323 345
Non-residents	(2909J)	7 476	4 224	14 903	15 704	15 800	16 586	16 586	16 586
Short term	(2910J)	1 800	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long term	(2911J)	5 676	4 219	14 903	15 704	15 800	16 586	16 586	16 586
Total	(2912J)	5 806 814	6 348 339	6 721 727	7 260 676	7 515 904	7 573 079	7 615 577	7 695 553
By interest rate									
Residents	(2899J)	5 799 338	6 344 115	6 706 824	7 244 972	7 500 104	7 556 493	7 598 991	7 678 967
General government ³	(2900J)	3 869 987	4 214 163	4 581 656	5 054 011	5 299 294	5 346 364	5 383 435	5 437 059
Fixed rate	(2915J)	2 976 670	3 192 767	3 478 605	3 763 988	3 944 941	3 973 691	3 995 445	4 027 366
Variable rate	(2916J)	5 237	51 225	97 950	165 840	233 185	242 455	248 280	253 485
Inflation linked	(2917J)	888 080	970 170	1 005 100	1 124 183	1 121 168	1 130 218	1 139 710	1 156 208
Financial corporations ⁶	(2903J)	1 634 827	1 816 960	1 818 912	1 873 956	1 875 967	1 880 410	1 888 011	1 915 901
Fixed rate	(2919J)	507 575	632 637	672 597	583 657	543 733	537 290	537 907	543 299
Variable rate	(2920J)	1 098 262	1 158 617	1 126 338	1 267 672	1 311 697	1 322 683	1 329 667	1 352 165
Inflation linked	(2921J)	28 989	25 706	19 978	22 627	20 537	20 437	20 437	20 437
Non-financial corporations ⁷	(2906J)	294 525	312 992	306 256	317 005	324 843	329 719	327 545	326 007
Fixed rate	(2923J)	178 992	171 517	143 508	138 140	142 697	139 205	139 196	133 172
Variable rate	(2924J)	80 431	94 343	104 809	120 926	124 207	132 575	130 410	134 896
Inflation linked	(2925J)	35 102	47 132	57 939	57 939	57 939	57 939	57 939	57 939
Non-residents	(2909J)	7 476	4 224	14 903	15 704	15 800	16 586	16 586	16 586
Fixed rate	(2927J)	3 252	1 892	1 735	1 800	2 176	2 962	2 962	2 962
Variable rate	(2928J)	4 224	2 332	13 168	13 904	13 624	13 624	13 624	13 624
Inflation linked	(2929J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	(2912J)	5 806 814	6 348 339	6 721 727	7 260 676	7 515 904	7 573 079	7 615 577	7 695 553

KB256

1 Sources: Banks, Cape Town Stock Exchange (CTSE), JSE Limited (JSE), National Treasury, The Integrated Exchange (from December 2023) and the South African Reserve Bank (SARB). Listed and unlisted debt securities issuances are included.

2 Annual figures are as at the end of the year.

3 Comprising national government, extra-budgetary institutions and local governments.

4 Short term is one year and less.

5 Long term is more than one year.

6 Including the SARB, banks, insurance corporations and other financial corporations.

7 Including both public and private non-financial corporations.

Outstanding rand-denominated debt securities issued in the domestic market^{1,2}

At market value

R millions

		2021	2022	2023	2024	Jul 2025	Aug 2025	Sep 2025	Oct 2025
By original maturity									
Residents	(2931J)	5 494 661	5 804 447	6 014 971	6 663 945	6 982 542	7 020 682	7 159 351	7 547 079
General government ³	(2932J)	3 598 355	3 715 152	3 965 438	4 534 523	4 824 887	4 855 135	4 980 566	5 339 020
Short term ⁴	(2933J)	438 127	408 996	498 724	522 302	552 700	556 050	560 407	563 750
Long term ⁵	(2934J)	3 160 229	3 306 156	3 466 714	4 012 221	4 272 187	4 299 085	4 420 160	4 775 270
Financial corporations ⁶	(2935J)	1 601 558	1 779 067	1 742 323	1 800 707	1 815 470	1 816 986	1 831 027	1 859 709
Short term	(2936J)	210 460	355 903	312 959	201 552	179 645	174 092	171 914	169 255
Long term	(2937J)	1 391 099	1 423 164	1 429 364	1 599 155	1 635 826	1 642 894	1 659 113	1 690 453
Non-financial corporations ⁷	(2938J)	294 747	310 228	307 210	328 715	342 185	348 562	347 757	348 350
Short term	(2939J)	2 724	4 008	10 664	3 777	9 560	9 842	9 718	2 619
Long term	(2940J)	292 024	306 220	296 546	324 939	332 625	338 720	338 039	345 731
Non-residents	(2941J)	7 519	4 093	14 953	15 723	15 724	16 378	16 490	16 579
Short term	(2942J)	1 808	5	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long term	(2943J)	5 711	4 088	14 953	15 723	15 724	16 378	16 490	16 579
Total	(2944J)	5 502 179	5 808 540	6 029 925	6 679 668	6 998 266	7 037 060	7 175 841	7 563 658
By interest rate									
Residents	(2931J)	5 494 661	5 804 447	6 014 971	6 663 945	6 982 542	7 020 682	7 159 351	7 547 079
General government ³	(2932J)	3 598 355	3 715 152	3 965 438	4 534 523	4 824 887	4 855 135	4 980 566	5 339 020
Fixed rate	(2947J)	2 777 146	2 835 401	3 058 297	3 476 934	3 724 787	3 727 148	3 821 899	4 155 446
Variable rate	(2948J)	5 165	52 230	98 035	166 317	236 713	247 967	251 292	258 620
Inflation linked	(2949J)	816 044	827 522	809 107	891 273	863 386	880 020	907 375	924 954
Financial corporations ⁶	(2935J)	1 601 558	1 779 067	1 742 323	1 800 707	1 815 470	1 816 986	1 831 027	1 859 709
Fixed rate	(2951J)	449 425	573 127	589 344	499 698	466 826	457 409	467 631	473 901
Variable rate	(2952J)	1 096 053	1 154 313	1 119 363	1 262 311	1 313 127	1 323 755	1 327 118	1 349 139
Inflation linked	(2953J)	56 080	51 627	33 616	38 697	35 518	35 821	36 278	36 669
Non-financial corporations ⁷	(2938J)	294 747	310 228	307 210	328 715	342 185	348 562	347 757	348 350
Fixed rate	(2955J)	169 700	156 327	127 638	128 352	136 845	133 844	133 772	128 753
Variable rate	(2956J)	81 081	95 494	105 949	122 252	125 861	134 207	131 987	136 774
Inflation linked	(2957J)	43 966	58 406	73 624	78 111	79 479	80 511	81 998	82 823
Non-residents	(2941J)	7 519	4 093	14 953	15 723	15 724	16 378	16 490	16 579
Fixed rate	(2959J)	3 276	1 742	1 640	1 642	1 845	2 660	2 695	2 705
Variable rate	(2960J)	4 243	2 350	13 314	14 081	13 880	13 718	13 795	13 874
Inflation linked	(2961J)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	(2944J)	5 502 179	5 808 540	6 029 925	6 679 668	6 998 266	7 037 060	7 175 841	7 563 658

KB257

1 Sources: Banks, Cape Town Stock Exchange (CTSE), JSE Limited (JSE), National Treasury, The Integrated Exchange (from December 2023) and the South African Reserve Bank (SARB). Listed and unlisted debt securities issuances are included.

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3 Comprising national government, extra-budgetary institutions and local governments.

4 Short term is one year and less.

5 Long term is more than one year.

6 Including the SARB, banks, insurance corporations and other financial corporations.

7 Including both public and private non-financial corporations.

Trade account of the balance of payments by stage of production

Current prices

R millions

	2023		2024					2025		
	Q4	2023	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	2024	Q1	Q2	Q3
Merchandise and net gold exports										
Capital goods (5899K)	61 256	222 724	45 076	50 732	52 947	55 185	203 940	47 019	56 801	57 440
Consumption goods (5898K)	109 396	431 986	108 634	120 067	126 867	101 448	457 017	107 669	115 461	138 403
Intermediate goods..... (5897K)	353 221	1 402 690	319 595	355 851	335 887	358 611	1 369 944	320 514	336 483	343 803
Other ¹ (5896K)	4 348	16 132	1 952	2 613	2 354	4 720	11 640	3 568	3 233	3 930
Total merchandise and net gold exports² (5927K)	528 221	2 073 532	475 257	529 263	518 056	519 964	2 042 540	478 770	511 978	543 577
Merchandise imports										
Capital goods (5895K)	75 347	308 449	68 885	69 090	71 773	73 047	282 795	74 618	73 235	81 451
Consumption goods..... (5894K)	166 361	633 398	138 889	148 653	149 435	150 630	587 607	151 251	143 292	162 653
Intermediate goods..... (5893K)	244 170	989 763	238 336	241 870	244 269	230 086	954 561	224 325	236 214	250 778
Other ¹ (5892K)	700	2 336	811	841	825	795	3 272	972	1 089	961
Total merchandise imports² (5003K)	486 577	1 933 945	446 919	460 454	466 302	454 559	1 828 234	451 166	453 829	495 843
Percentage of total										
Merchandise and net gold exports										
Capital goods (5891Q)	11.6	10.7	9.5	9.6	10.2	10.6	10.0	9.8	11.1	10.6
Consumption goods..... (5890Q)	20.7	20.8	22.9	22.7	24.5	19.5	22.4	22.5	22.6	25.5
Intermediate goods..... (5889Q)	66.9	67.6	67.2	67.2	64.8	69.0	67.1	66.9	65.7	63.2
Other ¹ (5888Q)	0.8	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7
Merchandise imports										
Capital goods (5887Q)	15.5	15.9	15.4	15.0	15.4	16.1	15.5	16.5	16.1	16.4
Consumption goods..... (5886Q)	34.2	32.8	31.1	32.3	32.0	33.1	32.1	33.5	31.6	32.8
Intermediate goods..... (5885Q)	50.2	51.2	53.3	52.5	52.4	50.6	52.2	49.7	52.0	50.6
Other ¹ (5884Q)	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2

KB536

1 This category includes balance of payments adjustments.

2 Components may not add up to totals due to rounding off.