

# Notes to tables

In the statistical tables of the *Quarterly Bulletin*, the Reserve Bank attempts to present information in a clear and instructive way to enable users to remain aware of the coherency and interrelatedness of economic aggregates. Care is taken to determine from time to time the relevancy of statistical information and its compliance with standards and norms laid down by international statistical bodies. It is equally important to ensure that the format in which information is presented, guides the user through the definitions and identities which underpin many of the statistical data. With these principles in mind, the statistical tables presented in this *Quarterly Bulletin* have been revised considerably. In most instances changes were made in order to add information which users may find useful or to reorganise statistical series in such a manner that standard accounting principles are accommodated or economic definitions are described clearly by the way in which the table is constructed.

## Money and banking

*Table S-13:* This is a new addition reflecting currently published as well as new data on credit card, cheque and electronic transactions at deposit-taking institutions.

*Table S-14:* This table on the liquid asset holdings of deposit-taking institutions was extended to reflect the actual holdings of the different types of liquid assets.

*Table S-15:* The liabilities and assets of the Post Office Savings Bank are now shown in this table, together with those of the mutual building societies.

*Table S-16:* The monthly liabilities of the Land and Agricultural Bank of South Africa are reported in this table.

## Capital market

*Table S-27:* This table has been revised to include more relevant information on long-term interest rates.

*Table S-28:* This new table contains information on capital market activity normally used in describing developments in the capital market in the *Quarterly Bulletin* surveys, but which has not previously been published in this way.

*Tables S-36, S-39 and S-40:* Income statements of long-term insurers and pension funds in these new tables show the cash flows of these institutions as well as the contractual saving by households with these institutions.

*Tables S-37 and S-41:* The liabilities of long-term insurers and the liabilities and assets of official pension and provident funds have been expanded in order to include more comprehensive and relevant data.

## Public finance

*Tables S-48 and S-49:* These tables replace information previously published on the State Revenue Fund with information on the finances of the general affairs administration. This new information is on a basis comparable with the information published in the annual Budget of the Central Government.

*Tables S-50 and S-51:* These tables present a more meaningful analysis of the Exchequer Account than the one published previously.

*Tables S-52 and S-53:* Information on the debt of the Government is regrouped and the outstanding balance on the Gold and Foreign Exchange Contingency Reserve Account is included under government debt. The amounts of financial guarantees by the Government in respect of loans and advances by other institutions and regional governments, are also reported.

*Tables S-59 to S-69:* These tables provide information on public sector accounts on an annual and quarterly basis. For a description of the definitions, principles and guidelines used in preparing these statistics, see the South African Reserve Bank's *Occasional Paper*, No 4 of July 1991.

## International economic relations

*Table S-75:* The items "branches" and "subsidiaries" under direct investment have been replaced by items for "share capital" and "other direct investment".

*Table S-77:* The short-term foreign liabilities of the monetary sector now also include the foreign liabilities of the Corporation for Public Deposits.

*Table S-87:* New time series have been added on the exchange rates of the rand against the Botswana pula, ECU, SDR and the New Taiwanese dollar.

*Table S-88:* New time series on the average three months' forward exchange rates have been included.

## National accounts

*Table S-89:* This table combines information contained in three separate tables in previous editions of the *Quarterly Bulletin*. It provides a summary of annual data of the gross domestic income and expenditure accounts, to explain underlying relationships between national accounting aggregates.

*Table S-91:* A new table providing a sectoral disaggregation of the more recent quarterly estimates of gross domestic product.

*Table S-98:* The classification of gross domestic fixed investment has been extended to include a "functional classification" of fixed investment by the public sector.

*Table S-109:* A new table providing information on national disposable income and its appropriation.

*Table S-112:* A time series has been included in this table on the “remuneration of employees of the general government”.

### **General economic indicators**

*Table S-114:* The series on the registered number of unemployed Whites, Coloureds and Asians and the unemployed Blacks have been replaced by a series on the total number of registered unemployed people in all population groups. In addition, a series showing real unit labour costs has also been included.

*Table S-115:* Indices of the productivity of workers in the manufacturing industry and the nominal and real unit labour costs of the manufacturing sector have been added to this table.

*Table S-117:* The table on composite business cycle indicators has been changed to show indices instead of percentage changes.

*Table S-118:* A column under the heading “other goods” has been added to ensure that the full range of consumer price index weights is reported.

### **Key information**

*Table S-121:* A new table providing information on percentage changes of certain key capital market variables.

*Tables S-122 and S-123:* Two new tables providing key statistics on government finance.

*Table S-124:* Series on the number of months of imports of goods and services covered by the foreign reserves of the country and on the import penetration ratio (the ratio of real merchandise imports to real gross domestic expenditure) have been included in this table.

*Table S-125:* Information is provided in this new table on the business cycle phases of South Africa since 1945.

*Tables S-126 to S-128:* These tables were expanded to incorporate estimates of the value of some important national accounting aggregates per head of the population. Ratios of the major national accounting aggregates relative to gross domestic product have now been calculated by using estimates of aggregates at current prices instead of at constant prices.

*Table S-129:* A new table providing information on the percentage changes in the composite business cycle indicators of South Africa and of its major trading partner countries.

*Table S-130:* A new table providing information on the percentage changes in employment of non-agricultural sectors, remuneration per worker, labour productivity and unit labour costs. The table providing information on percentage changes in price indices has been revised to show changes over periods of twelve months as well as quarterly changes.

# Opmerkings oor tabelle

Die Reserwebank poog om in die statistiese tabelle van die *Kwartaalblad* die gegewens op 'n duidelike en leersame wyse beskikbaar te stel, om gebruikers te help om van die samehang en onderlinge verwantskap van die ekonomiese totale bewus te bly. Moeite word gedoen om van tyd tot tyd die toepaslikheid van statistiese inligting te bepaal en om te verseker dat dit voldoen aan die standaarde en norme wat deur internasionale statistiese liggame neergelê word. Dit is eweneens belangrik om te verseker dat die formaat waarin die inligting weergegee word die gebruiker in staat stel om groter begrip te kry van die definisies en identiteite wat onderliggend is aan heelwat van die statistiese gegewens. Die statistiese tabelle wat in hierdie *Kwartaalblad* gepubliseer word, is met inagneming van hierdie beginsels heelwat hersien. Veranderings is in die meeste gevalle aangebring om bykomende inligting vry te stel wat vir gebruikers van moontlike nut sal wees, of om die statistiese reekse op so 'n wyse te herorganiseer dat vir standaard rekeningkundige beginsels voorsiening gemaak word, of om ekonomiese definisies te verduidelik.

## Geld- en bankwese

*Tabel S-13:* Hierdie is 'n nuwe byvoeging waarin onlangs gepubliseerde asook nuwe gegewens van kredietkaart-, tjek- en elektroniese transaksies by depositonemende instellings aangetoon word.

*Tabel S-14:* Hierdie tabel oor die besit van likwiede bates deur die depositonemende instellings is uitgebrei om die werklike besit van die verskillende soorte likwiede bates weer te gee.

*Tabel S-15:* Die bates en laste van die Posspaarbank word in hierdie tabel saam met die bates en laste van die onderlinge bouverenigings aangetoon.

*Tabel S-16:* Die maandelikse laste van die Land- en Landboubank van Suid-Afrika word in hierdie tabel gerapporteer.

## Kapitaalmark

*Tabel S-27:* Hierdie tabel is hersien om meer toepaslike gegewens oor langtermynrentekoerse in te sluit.

*Tabel S-28:* Hierdie nuwe tabel bevat gegewens oor die bedrywighede op die kapitaalmark wat gewoonlik gebruik word om ontwikkelings in die kapitaalmark in die *Kwartaalbladoorsigte* te beskryf, maar wat tot nou toe nie op hierdie wyse gepubliseer is nie.

*Tabel S-36, S-39 en S-40:* Inkomstestate van die langtermynversekeraars en pensioenfondse in hierdie nuwe tabelle toon die kontantvloei van hierdie instellings sowel as die kontraktele besparing deur huishoudings by hierdie instellings.

*Tabel S-37 en S-41:* Die laste van langtermynversekeraars en die bates en laste van amptelike pensioen- en voorsorgfondse is uitgebrei om meer omvattende en toepaslike gegewens in te sluit.

## Openbare finansies

*Tabel S-48 en S-49:* Gegewens wat vroeër oor die Staatsinkomstefonds gepubliseer is, word in hierdie tabelle met gegewens oor die finansies van die administrasie vir algemene sake vervang. Hierdie nuwe inligting is op 'n grondslag wat vergelykbaar is met die inligting wat in die jaarlikse Begroting van die Sentrale Regering gepubliseer word.

*Tabel S-50 en S-51:* Hierdie tabelle stel 'n meer betekenisvolle ontleding van die Skatkisrekening voor as die een wat vroeër gepubliseer is.

*Tabel S-52 en S-53:* Inligting oor die skuld van die Sentrale Regering is hier herraanskik en die uitstaande saldo op die Goud-en-buitelandse-valuta-gebeurlikhedsreserwerekening word by die staatskuld ingesluit. Gegewens oor die bedrae van finansiële waarborgs deur die owerheid ten opsigte van lenings en voorskotte aangegaan deur ander instellings en streeksregerings word ook hier verstrek.

*Tabel S-59 tot S-69:* Hierdie tabelle bevat gegewens oor die rekeninge van die openbare sektor op 'n jaarlikse en kwartaallikse grondslag. 'n Beskrywing van die definisies, beginsels en riglyne wat in die samestelling van hierdie inligting toegepas is, is in die Reserwebank se "Geleenthedspublikasie", nr 4 van Julie 1991 gepubliseer.

## Internasionale ekonomiese verhoudinge

*Tabel S-75:* Die poste "takke" en "filiale" onder regstreekse belegging is vervang met poste vir "aandelekapitaal" en "ander regstreekse belegging".

*Tabel S-77:* Die buitelandse korttermynverpligtinge van die monetêre sektor sluit nou ook die buitelandse verpligtinge van die Korporasie vir Openbare Deposito's in.

*Tabel S-87:* Nuwe tydreekse oor die wisselkoerse van die rand teenoor die Botswana pula, EGE, STR en die Nuwe Taiwanese dollar is in hierdie tabel bygevoeg.

*Tabel S-88:* Nuwe tydreekse oor die gemiddelde termynwisselkoerse van drie maande word nou ingesluit.

## Nasionale rekening

*Tabel S-89:* Gegewens wat in drie afsonderlike tabelle in vorige uitgawes van die *Kwartaalblad* gepubliseer is, word in hierdie tabel saamgevat. Dit bied 'n opsomming van jaarlikse gegewens van die bruto binnelandse inkome- en uitgawerekenings en verduidelik die onderliggende verwantskappe tussen nasionale rekeningkundige totale.

*Tabel S-91:* 'n Nuwe tabel wat 'n verdeling volgens sektore van die jongste kwartaallikse ramings van die bruto binnelandse produk bied.

*Tabel S-98:* Die klassifikasie van die bruto binnelandse vaste investering is uitgebrei om 'n "funksionele verdeling" van die vaste investering deur die openbare sektor in te sluit.

*Tabel S-109:* 'n Nuwe tabel wat inligting oor die nasionale beskikbare inkomme en die verdeling daarvan verstrek.

*Tabel S-112:* 'n Tydreeks oor die "vergoeding van werknemers van die algemene owerheid" is in hierdie tabel ingesluit.

### **Algemene ekonomiese aanwysers**

*Tabel S-114:* Die reeks oor die geregistreerde getal werklose Blankes, Kleurlinge en Asiërs en die werklose Swartes is vervang met 'n reeks oor die totale getal geregistreerde werklose mense in alle bevolkingsgroepe. Daarbenewens is 'n reeks oor die reële arbeidskoste per fisiese eenheid van produksie ook ingesluit.

*Tabel S-115:* Indekse oor die produktiwiteit van werkers in die fabriekswese en die nominale en reële arbeidseenheidskoste van die fabriekswese is in hierdie tabel bygevoeg.

*Tabel S-117:* Die tabel oor die saamgestelde konjunkturaanwysers is gewysig ten einde indekse in plaas van persentasieveranderings te toon.

*Tabel S-118:* 'n Kolom onder die opskrif "ander goedere" is bygevoeg om te verseker dat die volle stel gewigte van die verbruikersprysindeks getoon word.

### **Kerngegewens**

*Tabel S-121:* 'n Nuwe tabel wat inligting oor die persentasieveranderings van sekere belangrike veranderlikes ten opsigte van die kapitaalmark bevat.

*Tabel S-122 en S-123:* Twee nuwe tabelle met kerngegewens oor die staatsfinansies.

*Tabel S-124:* Reekse oor die aantal maande se invoer van goedere en dienste wat deur die land se buitelandse reserwes gedek word en oor die invoerpenetrasieverhouding (die verhouding van die reële goedere-invoer tot die reële bruto binneilandse besteding) word in hierdie tabel ingesluit.

*Tabel S-125:* Gegewens oor die konjunkturfases in Suid-Afrika sedert 1945 word in hierdie tabel verstrek.

*Tabel S-126 tot S-128:* Hierdie tabelle is uitgebrei om ramings van die waarde van etlike belangrike nasionale rekeningkundige totale per hoof van die bevolking in te sluit. Verhoudings van die belangrikste nasionale rekeningkundige totale tot die bruto binnelandse produk word nou bereken deur 'n raming van die totale teen heersende prys te gebruik in plaas van konstante prys.

*Tabel S-129:* 'n Nuwe tabel met gegewens oor die persentasieveranderings in die saamgestelde konjunkturaanwysers van Suid-Afrika en sy vernaamste handelsvennootlande.

*Tabel S-130:* 'n Nuwe tabel met gegewens oor die

persentasieveranderings in werkverskaffing deur die sektore buite die landbou, vergoeding per werker, arbeidsproduktiwiteit en arbeidseenheidskoste. Die tabel met inligting oor die persentasieveranderings van die prysindekse is hersien om veranderings oor tydperke van twaalf maande en kwartaallikse veranderings te toon.