

SOUTH AFRICAN RESERVE BANK

Survey of foreign transactions, liabilities and assets

Quarterly survey of foreign transactions and capital movements

Name and address of official	(Reference) (number, (name and address) of organisation):	Quarter ended:
(in capital letters):		2021-06-30
Tel:Ext		Donatale for this section
Fax:		Due date for this retum:
E-mail:		2021-07-23
Web address:		
Date:		

General guidelines

1. Purpose of survey

This survey is conducted for statistical purposes in order to compile official statements of South Africa's balance of payments and international investment position, returns of which also have to be submitted to the International Monetary Fund (IMF) in terms of section 5 of Article VIII of the Articles of Agreement of the IMF.

2. Authority

The information requested is collected in terms of the regulations published in Government Notices 702 and 703 of 20 April 1956.

3. Confidentiality

In terms of clause 4 of the regulations referred to above, all employees of the South African Reserve Bank involved in this survey are sworn to secrecy. Over and above this provision, assurance is given that no action of any kind will be taken under the Exchange Control Regulations against any organisation or person on the grounds of information furnished in this survey.

4. Penalty

Refusal or neglect to furnish the information called for is an offence subject to penalty.

5. Definitions

Please read the definitions on page 2 before completing the survey.

6. Institutional sector classification guide

To assist your organisation in completing this form (B03), the Institutional Sector Classification Guide for South Africa is available on the website of the South African Reserve Bank at http://www.reservebank.co.za/sectorguide.

7. Unit of recording

All figures should be reported in thousands of rand/foreign currency.

8. Foreign countries

Only aggregates relating to foreign countries, including Botswana, Lesotho, Namibia and Swaziland, should be reported.

9. Estimates

If accurate information is not available, best estimates should be provided.

10. Valuation

Outstanding foreign liabilities and assets denominated in foreign currency should be shown at market values. Valuation adjustments (i.e., changes in the value of assets and liabilities due to fluctuations in exchange rates or bad debts written off) that are actually effected to foreign liabilities and assets during this quarter must be shown in the column provided for this purpose.

11. Net transaction value

Net transaction value represents the net value of changes in foreign liabilities and assets due to transactions in these liabilities and assets as recorded in the books of the reporting organisation.

12. Nil returns

This form should be returned to the South African Reserve Bank, even in those cases where it contains no information about foreign transactions, liabilities and assets.

13. Duplicate of return

A copy of this return should be retained for reference purposes.

14. Postage

A reply-paid envelope is enclosed for mailing this form to the South African Reserve Bank.

15. Queries

Queries should be addressed to: Balance of Payments Division, Research Department, South African Reserve Bank, PO Box 7433, Pretoria, 0001; tel. no. 012 313-3520/3840, fax no. 012 313-4013/3759 or by sending an e-mail to SARB-DCB03@resbank.co.za.

Definition of terms

A resident of South Africa includes any individual, enterprise or other organisation ordinarily domiciled in South Africa, or who intends to stay in or to establish headquarters in South Africa for a period of 12 consecutive months or longer. South African-registered branches and incorporated subsidiaries of foreign enterprises are regarded as South African residents.

An organisation

An organisation means a company, branch, firm, estate, trust, government authority or institution.

Direct investment relationship

A direct investment relationship is established when a direct investor (i.e., an individual, enterprise or group of related enterprises) resident in one country owns 10 per cent or more of the ordinary shares or voting stock of an enterprise resident in another country. Direct investment enterprises comprise those entities that are subsidiaries (a non-resident investor owns more than 50 per cent), associates (an investor owns 50 per cent or less) and branches (wholly or jointly owned unincorporated enterprises) either directly or indirectly owned by the direct investor. It is important to note that direct investment comprises not only the initial transaction establishing the relationship between the investor and the enterprise, but also all subsequent transactions between them and among affiliated enterprises, both incorporated and unincorporated.

Securities

Securities of an organisation include marketable shares, debentures, bonds, loan stock or bearer script issued by that organisation to obtain funds for the purpose of financing its own activities.

Long term/Short term

Long term refers to liabilities and assets with an original contractual maturity of more than 12 months. Short term refers to liabilities and assets with an original contractual maturity of 12 months or less.

Trade in services: Tables 1(c) and 1(d)

Telecommunications services

Include the transmission of sound, images, or other information by telephone, telex, telegram, radio and television cable, broadcasting, satellite, electronic mail, facsimile services and business network services.

Postal and courier services

Cover the transport and delivery of letters, newspapers, periodicals, brochures, parcels and packages. Postal services also include telegram services and Post Office counter services. Courier services include express and doorto-door delivery.

Construction services

Cover work performed on construction projects and installations outside the borders of the reporting economy. The work is generally performed in less than 12 months.

Insurance services

Cover the provision of various types of insurance services. These services are estimated or valued by the service charges included in total premiums and not the total value of the premiums.

Financial services

Cover financial intermediary and auxiliary services, except those of insurance enterprises and pension funds, conducted between residents and non-residents. Included are intermediary service fees, bankers' acceptances, lines of credit, financial leasing, and foreign exchange transactions.

Computer services

Consist of hardware- and software-related, and data-processing services. Included are software consultancy and implementation services, maintenance and repair of computers and peripheral equipment, and the provision of advice and assistance on matters related to the management of computer resources.

Information services

Include database services – database conception, data storage, and the dissemination of data and databases. Also included are direct, non-bulk subscriptions to newspapers and periodicals, whether by mail, electronic transmission or other means.

Royalties and license fees

Cover the exchange of payments and receipts for the authorised use and/or purchase/sale of intangible, non-produced, non-financial assets and propriety rights such as patents, copyrights, trademarks, industrial processes and franchises.

Operational leasing (rental)

 $Covers \quad resident \quad and \quad non-resident \quad leasing \quad (excluding \quad financial \quad leasing) \quad of \quad equipment \quad and \quad machinery, \quad chartering \quad of \quad ships, \quad leasing \quad of \quad aircraft \quad and \quad transportation \quad of \quad equipment.$

Merchanting

Covers commissions on goods and service transactions between resident merchants, commodity brokers, dealers and commission agents and non-residents.

Legal services

Include advice on, and representation in, legal, judicial and statutory procedures; the drafting of legal documentation; and consultancy services.

Accounting and auditing services

Include accounting, auditing, bookkeeping and tax consultancy services.

Management consulting services

Cover advice, guidance and operational services to businesses.

Advertising and market research

Cover the design, creation and marketing of advertisements by advertising agencies.

Research and development services

Cover basic research, applied research and experimental development of new products and processes.

Architectural, engineering and other technical services

Include transaction-related architectural design, planning and project design, and the supervision of dams, bridges, airports and other large-scale projects. Mining engineering is covered under mining services.

Agricultural, mining and other on-site processing services

Include services that are incidental to agriculture, such as the provision of agricultural machinery with crew, harvesting, treatment of crops, pest control, animal boarding, animal care and breeding services. Mining services provided at oil and gas fields include drilling, derrick building, repair and dismantling services, and oil and gaswell casing.

Audio-visual and related services

Include services and associated fees related to the production of motion pictures, radio and television programmes, and musical recordings.

Other cultural and recreational services

Cover services such as those associated with museums, libraries, archives, and other cultural, sporting and recreational activities.

Industrial classification

Identify the main economic activity of the reporting organisation by ticking only one box in both the major divisional level (first level); nos 1–10, and in the secondary divisional level (second level); nos 11–104.

Major divisions (first level)

Major divi	sions (first	level)							
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	2 Mining and quarrying	3 Manufacturing	Electricity, gas and water supply	5 Construction	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and household goods; hotels and restaurants	7 Transport storage and communication	Financial intermediation, insurance, real-estate and business services	Community, social and personal services	Private households, representatives of foreign governments and other activities not adequately defined
Secondary	y divisions ((second level))			_	_	_	
Agriculture, hunting and related services	21 Mining of coal and lignite	Food products, beverag es and tobacco products	Electricity, gas, steam and hot water supply	50 Construction	Wholesale and commission trade, except motor vehicles and motorcycles	71 Land transport; transport via pipelines	81 Financial inter- mediation, except insurance and pension funding	Public administration and defence activities	Private househol ds with employed persons
Forestry, logging and related services	Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas	Textilles, clothing and leather goods	Collection, purification and distribution of water		Retail trade, except motor vehicles and motor- cycles; repair of household goods	72 Water transport	82 Insurance and pension funding, except compulsory social security	92 Education	102 Exterritorial organisations
Fishing, operation of fish hatcheries and fish farms	23 Mining of gold and uranium ore	Manufacture of wood and products of wood (except furniture), paper and paper products, publishing, printing and reproduction of recorded media			63 Sale, maintenance and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles; retail trade in automotive fuel	73 Air transport	83 Activities auxiliary to financial intermediation	93 Health and social work	103 Represent atives of foreign governments
	24 Mining of metal ores except gold and uranium	Manufacture of refined petroleum products, nuclear fuel, chemicals and chemical products, rubber and plastic products			64 Hotels and restaurants	74 Supporting and auxiliary transport activities; activities of travel agencies	84 Real-estate activities	Other community, social and person al service activities	104 Other activities not adequately defined
	25 Other mining and quarrying	34 Manufacture of non-met allic mineral products				Post and telecom-munications	Renting of machinery and equipment without operator, and of personal and household goods	Activities of members hip organisations not elsewhere classified	
	Service activities incidental to mining of minerals	Manufacture of basic metals, fabricated metal products, machinery and equipment (incl. office, accounting and computing equipment)					86 Computer and related activities	96 Recreational, cultural and sporting activities	
		Manufact ur e of electrical machinery and apparat us not elsewhere classified					87 Research and development	99 Other service activities	
		Manufact ure of radio, television and communic ati on equipment, and medical, precision and optical instruments, watches and clocks					88 Other business activities		
		38 Manufact ure of transport equipment 39 Manufact ure of furniture							

Fumish a brief description of the line(s) of business of the reporting organisation, indicating major activities and/or products produced, in declining order of importance, on the basis of gross receipts from such activities or products:

Table 1: Foreign receipts and payments

	1	Receipts	s from non-residents ¹	
a) Investment income: Receipts		1st quarter 2021	2nd quarter 2021	
		1	2	For official use
		R'000	R'000	use
1. Dividends				801
2. Interest				902
3. Branch profits				1403

1. Foreign receipts, that is, funds actually received and/or funds that became due and receivable from foreigners during the relevant quarters. Note: If due but not yet received, the amount outstanding should also be reported as short-term foreign assets against item 131 of Table 8 (page 11). Likewise, when an amount due in a preceding quarter is received during the current quarter, the payment must be reported as a reduction in foreign assets and not as a current receipt from a foreigner/foreigners.

2	Pay	ments to non-residents ¹	
b) Investment income: Payments	1st quarter 2021	2nd quarter 2021	
	1	2	For official use
	R'000	R'000	use
4. Dividends			101
5. Interest			202
6. Branch profits			703

^{1.} Foreign payments, that is, payments actually made and/or that became due and payable to foreigners during the relevant quarters.

Note: If due but not yet paid, the amount outstanding should also be reported as short-term foreign liabilities against item 80 of Table 2 (b) (page 7). Likewise, when an amount due in a preceding quarter is paid during the current quarter, the payment must be reported as a reduction in foreign liabilities and not as a current payment to a foreigner/foreigners.

c) International transactions in services: Receipts	3	Receipts accruing	g from non-resident	
		1st quarter 2021	2nd quarter 2021	For officia
		R'000	R'000	use
7. Communication services (8 + 9)				8001
Telecommunications services				8102
9. Postal and courier services				8203
10. Construction services				8304
11. Insurance services (12 + 13)				8405
12. Insurance premiums				8506
13. Insurance claims				8607
14. Financial services				8708
15. Computer and information services (16 +17)				8809
16. Computer services				8910
17. Information services				9011
18. Royalties and license fees (19 + 20)				9112
19. For the use of intangible assets				9213
20. For the sale of intangible assets				9314
21. Other business services (22 to 31)				9415
22. Operation al leasing				16416
23. Merchanting				9517
24. Legal services				9618
25. Accounting and auditing services				9719
26. Management consulting services				9820
27. Advertising and market research				9921
28. Research and development services				10022
29. Architectural, engineering and other technical services				10123
30. Agricultural and mining services				10224
31. Other business services (please specify)				10325
32. Personal, cultural and recreational services (33 + 34 + 35)				10426
33. Audio-visual and related services				10527
34. Cultural and recreational services				10628
35. Other cultural and recreational services (please specify)				10729
36. Other trade in services (please specify)				10830

^{1.} Foreign receipts, that is, funds actually received and/or funds that became due and receivable from foreigners during the relevant quarters.

Note: If due but not yet received, the amount outstanding should also be reported as short-term foreign assets against item 131 of Table 8 (page 11). Likewise, when an amount due in a preceding quarter is received during the current quarter, the payment must be reported as a reduction in foreign assets and not as a current receipt from a foreigner/foreigners.

d)	nternational transactions in services: Payments	4	Payments accru	ing to non-residents ¹	
ω,	memational transactions in services. Faymonts		1st quarter 2021	2nd quarter 2021	Forofficial
			1	2	use
			R'000	R'000	10001
37.	Communication services (38 + 39)				10901
	38. Telecommunications services				11002
	39. Postal and courier services				11103
40.	Construction services				11204
41.	Insurance services (42 + 43)				11305
	42. Insurance premiums				11406
	43. Insurance claims				11507
44.	Financial services				11608
45.	Computer and information services (46 + 47)				11709
	46. Computer services				11810
	47. Information services				11911
48.	Royalties and license fees (49 + 50)				12012
	49. For the use of intangible assets				12113
	50. For the purchase of intangible assets				12214
51.	Other business services (52 to 61)				12315
	52. Operation al leasing				16516
	53. Merchanting				12417
	54. Legal services				12518
	55. Accounting and auditing services				12619
	56. Management consulting services				12720
	57. Advertising and market research				12821
	58. Research and development services				12922
	59. Architectural, engineering and other technical services				13023
	60. Agricultural and mining services				13124
	61. Other business services (please specify)				13225
62.	Personal, cultural and recreational services (63 + 64 + 65)				13326
	63. Audiovisual and related services				13427
	64. Cultural and recreational services				13528
	65. Other cultural and recreational services (please specify)				13629
66.	Other trade in services (please specify)				13730

^{1.} Foreign payments, that is, payments actually made and/or that became due and payable to foreigners during the relevant quarters.

Note: If due but not yet paid, the amount outstanding should also be reported as short-term foreign liabilities against item 80 of Table 2 (b) (page 7). Likewise, when an amount due in a preceding quarter is paid during the current quarter, the payment must be reported as a reduction in foreign liabilities and not as a current payment to a foreigner/foreigners.

Table 2: Foreign liabilities

	5	1s	t quarter 20	021	2no	d quarter 20	021]
a) Securities ¹ Transactions in securities of listed and non-listed		Total	Direct ²	Other	Total	Direct ²	Other	
organisations not concluded through the JSE Limited		1	2	3	4	5	6	For
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	official use
67. Amounts received, in cash or otherwise, in respect of new securities issued to foreigners:								400
68. Shares								1501
69. Other securities								13802
70. Amounts repaid, in cash or otherwise, to foreigners for the redemption of securities:								
71. Shares								1603
72. Other securities								13904

^{1.} Securities include marketable share debentures, bonds, loan stock or bearer script issued to obtain funds for the purpose of financing the company's own activities.

b) Other foreign liabilities (i.e., long- and short-term financing negotiated directly with foreigners)¹

b) Other foreign liabilities (i.e., long-	o) Other foreign liabilities (i.e., long- and short-term financing negotiated directly with foreigners)									
	6	Balance at the		uarter 2021	1	Balance at the				
		end of the 1st	Liabilities to n	on-residents	Valuation	end of the 2nd				
		quarter of 2021	Increase [Inflow (+)]	Decrease [Outflow (-)]	adjustmen ts (+/-)	quarter of 2021				
		1	2	3	4	5	For			
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	official use			
73. Long-term loans (74+75)							1901			
74. Direct ²							3702			
75. Other							3803			
76. Short term: Total (77 + 80)							2004			
77. Trade financing ³ (78 + 79)							4205			
78. Direct ²							4306			
79. Other							4407			
80. Other short term (81 + 82)							4508			
81. Direct ²							4609			
82. Other							4710			

 $[\]mbox{1.} \quad \mbox{Excludes} \quad \mbox{on-lending} \quad \mbox{from South African banks}.$

^{2.} Refers to flows between two enterprises in a direct investment relationship (see definition on page 2).

^{3.} Trade financing consists of claims and liabilities arising from the direct extension of credit by suppliers for transactions in goods and services, and advance payments for work in progress (or to be undertaken) that are associated with such transactions.

c) Breakdown by country of inward foreign direct investment flows during the second quarter of 2021

	7	Countries – indicate names]	
		Total					Oth er ¹	
		Code						For
		1	2	3	4	5	6	official
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	use
83.	Shares (84 + 85)							14001
	84. Increase(= Table 2a, item 68, column 5)							14102
	85. Decrease(= Table 2a, item 71, column 5)							14203
86.	Other securities (87 + 88)							14304
	87. Increase(= Table 2a, item 69, column 5)							14405
	88. Decrease(= Table 2a, item 72, column 5)							14506
89.	Long-term loans (90 + 91)							14607
	90. Increase (= Table 2b, item 74, column 2)							14708
	91. Decrease (= Table 2b, item 74, column 3)							14809
92.	Short-term financing (93 + 96)							14910
	93. Trade financing (94 + 95)							15011
	94. Increase (= Table 2b, item 78, column 2)							15112
	95. Decrease (= Table 2b, item 78, column 3)							15213
	96. Other short-term financing (97 + 98)							15314
	97. Increase (= Table 2b, item 81, column 2)							15415
	98. Decrease (= Table 2b, item 81, column 3)							15516

Table 3: Shareholders of the reporting organisation¹

	Country of	Shareholding in the	reporting organisation
Name of registered shareholder	registered address of shareholder	Paid-up (nominal value)	Percentage of total voting rights represented by shareholding %
		Rand	%
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
Other			
Total			100,00

^{1.} Furnish the following information in respect of each registered shareholder owning vote-bearing shares representing at least 10 per cent of the total voting rights of the reporting organisation as at 30 June 2021.

^{1.} A change in direct foreign liabilities (by country) representing less than 5 per cent of the total change (transaction flow) per investment category may be consolidated under the heading "Other".

Table 4: Estimate of foreign trade in the second quarter of 2021¹

	8	April 2021	May 2021	June 2021	For
		1	2	3	official
Actual figures		R'000	R'000	R'000	use
Based on customs clearance documents					15601
99. Merchandise imports, c.i.f. ²					15601
100. Merchandise imports, f.o.b.3					15702
101. Merchandise exports, f.o.b.3					15803
		July 2021	August 2021	September 2021	
Estimate		R'000	R'000	R'000	
Based on orders that are to be cleared by customs					15904
102. Merchandise imports, c.i.f. ²					
					16005
103. Merchandise imports, f.o.b.3					
104. Merchandise exports, f.o.b.3					16106

c.i.f. - cost, insurance and freight

f.o.b. - free on board

Note: Merchandise imports (c.i.f.) should be equal to merchandise imports (f.o.b.) plus freight and insurance costs. Both the c.i.f. and f.o.b. values should be reported.

- 1. Actual figures in respect of the reporting organisation's imports and exports of capital, intermediate and consumer goods during April, May and June 2021, and estimates of imports and exports of such goods during July, August and September 2021 should be reported. Note that the information required should be based on customs clearance documents and not on payments that are made in a particular month.
- 2. C.i.f. value is the f.o.b. value at the final point of dispatch from the exporting country, plus all freight and insurance up to the customs frontier of South Africa.
- 3. F.o.b. value is the price charged by the exporter in respect of goods, plus all the costs (including agents' commission) and charges incidental to the sale in question and the placing of such goods on board a ship or on any vehicle ready for exportation at the final point of dispatch.

Table 5: Breakdown by foreign currency of the amounts due to non-residents as at 30 June 20211

Table 3. Breakdown by	1010	ight currency of the	amounts auc to	o non residents	as at 50 banc 2	.021	
	9	Curren cy	US dollar	UK pound	Japanese yen	Swiss franc	For
		Code	0300	0010	1200	0160	official
			Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	use
Amounts outstanding as at 30 June 2021							16201
		-					•

	Canadian dollar	SA rand	Euro	Specify:	Specify:	For
	0310	1350	0280			official
	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	Thousands	use
Amounts outstanding as at 30 June 2021						16201

Amounts due refer to the total of short-term financing. Table 2(b), items 77 and 80. Outstanding balances should be reported in thousands of foreign currency and not in thousands of South African rand, except where the outstanding balance is rand-denominated.

Table 6: Reinvested earnings of reporting enterprise¹

This table covers the profits of the reporting enterprise retained, but ultimately attributable to, foreign direct investors. It should only be completed by enterprises that have foreign direct investors.

	10	Total for all shareholders	Country	n vesto r(s)	Forofficial	
		Country				use
105.	Net income before tax during the 2nd quarter of 2021					6801
106.	Taxes on profits due for payment during The 2nd quarter of 2021					6902
107.	Dividends paid or profits remitted during The 2nd quarter of 2021					7003
						7104
108.	Retain ed earnings (= 105 - 106 - 107)					
109.	Percentage of equity owned by foreign direct investors at the end of the					7205
	2nd quarter of 2021					
110.	Retain ed earnings attributable to foreign direct investor(s) (item 108 x item 109) ÷ 100					7306

^{1.} With the exception of item 109, all items should be reported in thousands of South African rand.

Table 7: Reinvested earnings in foreign direct investment enterprise¹

This table covers the profits of non-resident enterprises in which the reporting South African enterprise has an interest of more than 10 per cent.

1	Total for all shareholders	Country of residence of foreign direct investor(s)				Forofficial
	Country					use
111. Net income before tax during the 2nd quarter of 2021						7401
112. Taxes on profits due for payment during the 2nd quarter of 2021						7502
113. Dividends paid or profits remitted during 2nd quarter of 2021						7603
114. Retained earnings (= 111 - 112 - 113)						7704
115. Percentage of equity owned by reporting enterprise at the end of the 2nd quarter of 2021						7805
116. Retained earnings attributable to reporting enterprise (item 114 x item 115) ÷ 100						7906

 $^{1. \}hspace{0.5cm} \text{With the exception of item 115, all items should be reported in thousands of South African rand.} \\$

Table 8: Foreign assets (i.e., long- and short-term financing provided to foreigners)

12	Balance at 2nd quarter 2021 Bal					
	the end of the 1st	Claims on non-residents		Valuation	the end of	
	quarter of 2021	Decrease [Inflow (-)]	In crease [Outflo w (+)]	adjustments (+/-)	the 2nd quarter of 2021	ļ
	1	2	3	4	5	For
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	official use
117. Long-term loans (118 + 119)						4801
118. Direct ¹						4902
119. Other						5003
120. Short term (121 + 122 + 125 + 128 + 131)						5704
121. Cash in hand and deposits with a bank in a foreign country						2605
122. Bills receivable (123 + 124)						2706
123. Direct ¹						5807
124. Other						5908
125. Open accounts (126 + 127)						2809
126. Direct ¹						6010
127. Other						6111
128. Advance payments (129 + 130)						2912
129. Direct ¹						6213
130. Other						6314
131. Other short-term claims (132 + 133)						3015
132. Direct ¹						6416
133. Other						6517

^{1.} Refers to flows between two enterprises in a direct investment relationship (see definition on page 2).

Table 9: Investments in foreign securities

1	13	Balance at the	2nd quarter 2021		Balance at the end of the 2nd quarter of 2021	
		end of the 1st quarter of 2021	Net transaction value	Valuation adjustmen ts		
		1	2	3	4	For
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	official use
134. Investments in securities of foreign enterprises (at market prices) (135 + 136)						16301
135. Direct ¹						2302
136. Other						6603

^{1.} Refers to flows between two enterprises in a direct investment relationship (see definition on page 2).

Thank you for completing this return.