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## Information notice on the official gold and foreign exchange reserves of the South African Reserve Bank as at 31 May 2025

This notice provides detail of the US dollar equivalent of the level of the South African Reserve Bank's (SARB) official gold and foreign exchange reserves, Special Drawing Rights (SDRs), and foreign currency deposits received from customers, published today in the SARB's Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at 31 May 2025.

	31 May 2025 (US\$ millions)	30 April 2025 (US\$ millions)	Change <sup>(1)</sup> (US\$ millions)
Gold reserves	13 277	13 192	85
SDR holdings	6 439	6 436	3
Foreign exchange reserves <sup>(2)</sup>	48 400	47 957	443
Gross reserves	68 116	67 585	531
Foreign currency deposits received <sup>(3)</sup>	(3 840)	(4 058)	218
Forward position <sup>(4)</sup>	528	791	(263)
International liquidity position (ILP)	64 804	64 318	486
Exchange rates			% change
EUR/US\$ GBP/US\$ US\$/ZAR SDR/US\$ US\$/CNY	1.1336 1.3476 17.8863 1.3567 7.1957	1.1372 1.3354 18.5649 1.3561 7.2664	(0.32) 0.91 (3.66) 0.04 (0.97)
Gold price			% change
Market (US\$) Statutory (ZAR)	3 291.29 58 869.00	3 268.19 60 673.62	0.71 (2.97)

1. Figures might not add up due to rounding.

2. Foreign exchange reserves include foreign currency deposits received (FDR).

3. FDR balances include the foreign loans and foreign exchange purchases by the National Treasury (NT), both through outright purchases and foreign exchange swaps.

4. The forward position mainly reflects outstanding foreign exchange forward transactions. These include foreign exchange swaps to sterilise foreign exchange purchases and liquidity management swaps.

 Sterilisation foreign exchange swaps refers to swaps conducted to sterilise foreign exchange purchases from foreign direct investments and other foreign exchange inflows, such as from International Finance Institutions (IFI'S).

6. Liquidity management swaps refers to foreign exchange swaps conducted in the normal course of business to manage money market liquidity.

The changes in the gross reserves and international liquidity position were mainly due to the increase in the US dollar gold price, valuation adjustments and, matured money market swaps conducted for liquidity management. These factors were partially offset by foreign exchange payments made on behalf of government.

## **NON-SENSITIVE**