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Financial Markets Department

Information notice on the official gold and foreign exchange reserves of the South African Reserve Bank as at 31 October 2024

This notice provides detail of the US dollar equivalent of the level of the South African Reserve Bank's (SARB) official gold and foreign exchange reserves, Special Drawing Rights (SDRs), and foreign currency deposits received from customers, published today in the SARB's Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at 31 October 2024.

	31 October 2024 (US\$ millions)	30 September 2024 (US\$ millions)	Change ⁽¹⁾ (US\$ millions)
Gold reserves	11 203	10 655	548
SDR holdings	6 310	6 427	(117)
Foreign exchange reserves ⁽²⁾	45 515	46 551	(1 036)
Gross reserves	63 028	63 633	(605)
Foreign currency deposits received ⁽³⁾	(2 369)	(3 138)	769
Forward position ⁽⁴⁾	538	534	4
International liquidity position (ILP)	61 197	61 029	168
Exchange rates			% change
EUR/US\$ GBP/US\$ US\$/ZAR SDR/US\$ US\$/CNY	1.0871 1.2978 17.6283 1.3316 7.1198	1.1196 1.3399 17.1807 1.3564 7.0125	(2.90) (3.14) 2.61 (1.83) 1.53
Gold price			% change
Market (US\$) Statutory (ZAR)	2 777.51 48 962.78	2 641.69 45 386.08	5.14 7.88

^{1.} Figures might not add up due to rounding.

The changes in the gross reserves and international liquidity position were mainly due to the increase in the US dollar gold price, valuation adjustments and foreign exchange payments made on behalf of government. The latter included the partial repayment of the foreign exchange loan to the International Monetary Fund amounting to US\$ 506,8 million.

Figures might not add up due to rounding.
 Foreign exchange reserves include foreign currency deposits received (FDR).

^{3.} FDR balances include the foreign loans and foreign exchange purchases by the National Treasury (NT), both through outright purchases and foreign exchange swaps.

^{4.} The forward position mainly reflects outstanding foreign exchange forward transactions. These include foreign exchange swaps to sterilise foreign exchange purchases and liquidity management swaps.

^{5.} Sterilisation foreign exchange swaps refers to swaps conducted to sterilise foreign exchange purchases from foreign direct investments and other foreign exchange inflows, such as from International Finance Institutions (IFI'S).

^{6.} Liquidity management swaps refers to foreign exchange swaps conducted in the normal course of business to manage money market liquidity.