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SOUTH AFRICAN RESERVE BANK

Financial Markets Department

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Information notice on the official gold and foreign exchange reserves of the South African Reserve Bank as at 31 March 2024

This notice provides detail of the US dollar equivalent of the level of the South African Reserve Bank's (SARB) official gold and foreign exchange reserves, Special Drawing Rights (SDRs), and foreign currency deposits received from customers, published today in the SARB's Statement of Assets and Liabilities as at 31 March 2024.

	31 March 2024 (US\$ millions)	29 February 2024 (US\$ millions)	Change ⁽¹⁾ (US\$ millions)
Gold reserves	8 912	8 180	732
SDR holdings	6 213	6 225	(12)
Foreign exchange reserves(2)	47 198	47 248	(50)
Gross reserves	62 323	61 653	670
Foreign currency deposits received ⁽³⁾	(5 318)	(5 510)	192
Forward position ⁽⁴⁾	508	509	(1)
International liquidity position (ILP)	57 513	56 652	861
Exchange rates			% change
EUR/US\$ GBP/US\$ US\$/ZAR SDR/US\$ US\$/CNY	1.0787 1.2619 19.0238 1.3234 7.2292	1.0829 1.2640 19.2597 1.3276 7.1953	(0.39) (0.17) (1.22) (0.32) 0.47
Gold price			% change
Market (US\$) Statutory (ZAR)	2 209.84 42 039.55	2 028.59 39 070.03	8.93 7.60

^{1.} Figures might not add up due to rounding.

The increases in the gross reserves and international liquidity position were mainly due to the increase in the US dollar gold price, asset price movements and a foreign currency loan received on behalf of government amounting to CAD 120 million. These factors were partially offset by the valuation adjustments due to the appreciation of the US dollar and foreign exchange payments made on behalf of government.

Foreign exchange reserves include foreign currency deposits received (FDR).

FDR balances include the foreign loans and foreign exchange purchases by the National Treasury (NT), both through outright purchases and foreign exchange swaps.

^{4.} The forward position mainly reflects outstanding foreign exchange forward transactions. These include foreign exchange swaps to sterilise foreign exchange purchases and liquidity management swaps.

^{5.} Sterilisation foreign exchange swaps refers to swaps conducted to sterilise foreign exchange purchases from foreign direct investments and other foreign exchange inflows, such as from International Finance Institutions (IFI'S).

^{6.} Liquidity management swaps refers to foreign exchange swaps conducted in the normal course of business to manage money market liquidity.